

Striving for precision in lattice QCD

Martin Lüscher

CERN Theoretical Physics Department and AEC University of Bern

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“Confinement of quarks”

Phys. Rev. D10 (1974) 2445



Kenneth G. Wilson

“Continuum limit and improved action in lattice theories”

Nucl. Phys. B226 (1983) 187 & 205

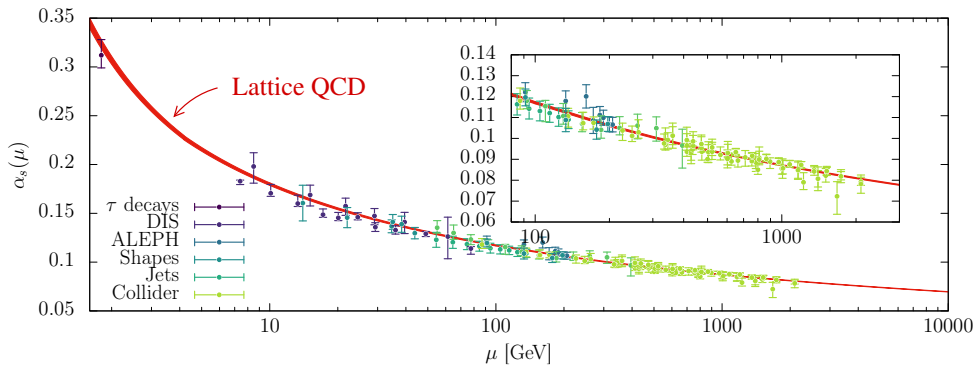
⇒ Understanding of how the continuum limit is reached



Kurt Symanzik

First step towards controlling the errors in lattice QCD computations

Dalla Brida et al. (ALPHA Collaboration), arXiv:2501.06633

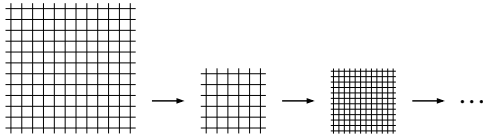


$$\underbrace{\frac{1}{3}(2f_K + f_\pi), M_\pi, M_K, M_D, M_B}_{\text{physics input}} \longrightarrow \alpha_s(M_Z) = 0.11873(56)$$

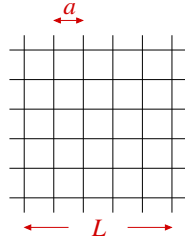
“A numerical method to compute the running coupling in asymptotically free theories”

M. Lüscher, P. Weisz & U. Wolff, Nucl. Phys. B359 (1991) 221

1. Choose a [fm] and find $g(a), m_u(a), m_d(a), \dots$ where $f_\pi, M_\pi, \dots$ assume their physical values
2. Compute the evolution of a non-perturbatively defined $\alpha(\mu)$ from $\mu \sim 0.4 \text{ GeV} \rightarrow M_Z$

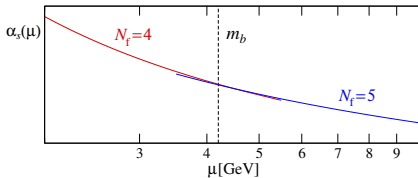


3. At $\mu = M_Z$ compute $\alpha_s = \alpha + c_1 \alpha^2 + c_2 \alpha^3 + \dots$



Achieving high precision required ...

- *Efficient simulation algorithms* 1987, 2001–05, ...
HMC algorithm, quark determinant factorisation, ...
- *Understanding & estimating lattice-spacing effects* 1983–85, 1996, ...
Symanzik continuum-limit improvement, ...
- *Developing new ways to probe QCD* 1992, 2010
Schrödinger functional, Yang–Mills gradient flow
- *Control over the heavy-quark thresholds* 2019–22



Thanks again for the prize and thanks for your attention!