

Overview of particle production in inelastic photonuclear interactions with ALICE

Creighton
UNIVERSITY



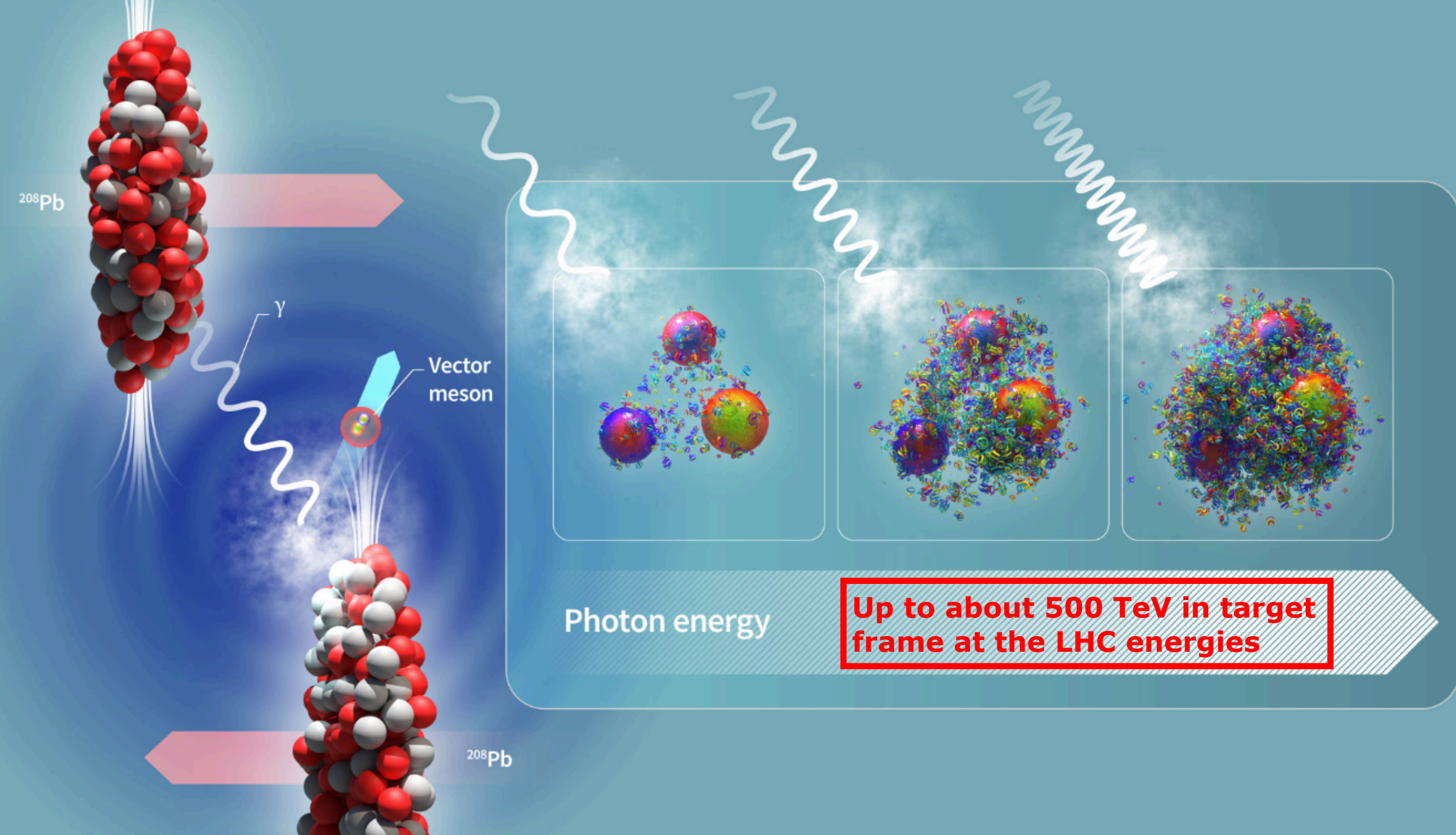
ALICE



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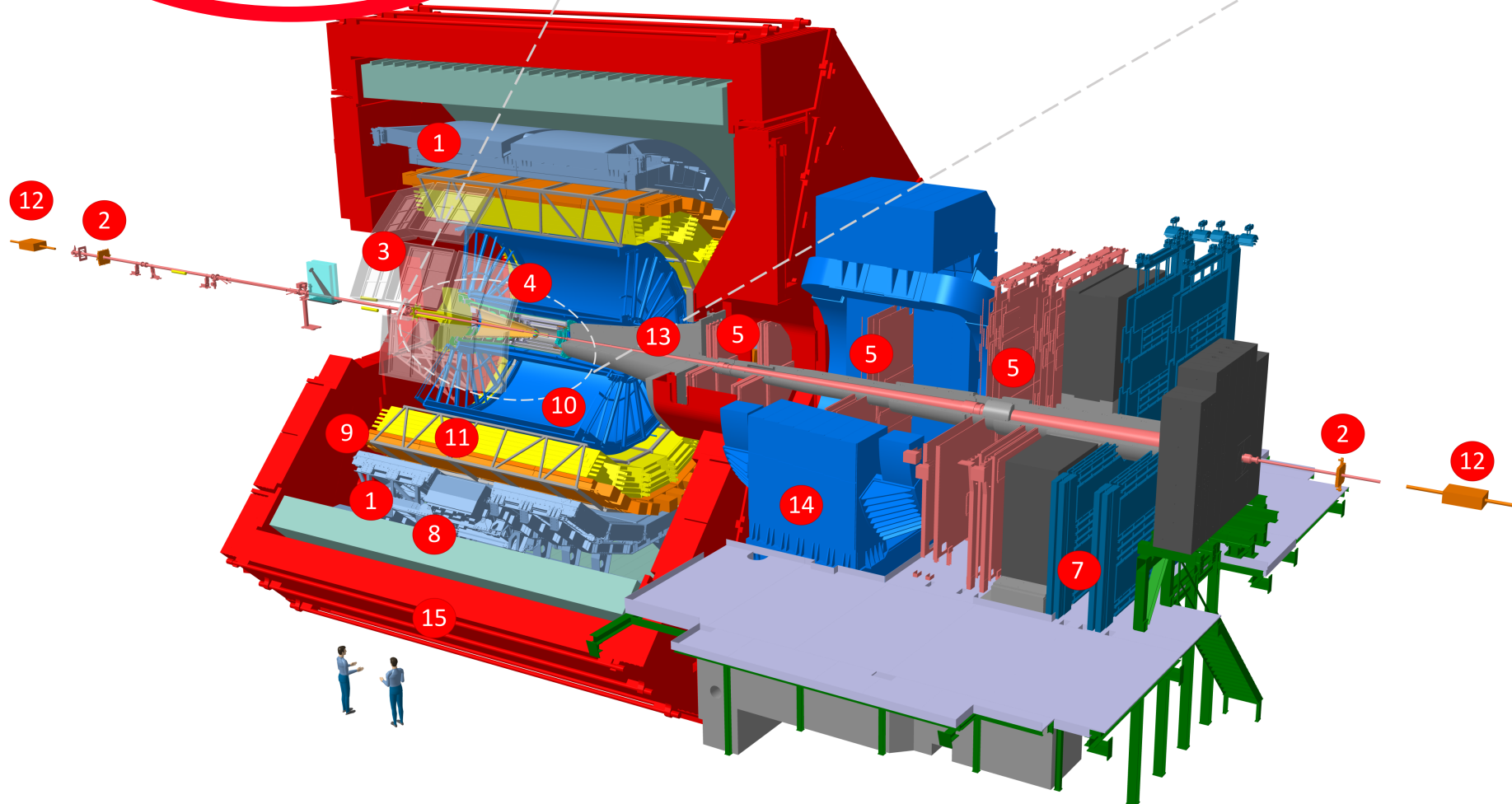
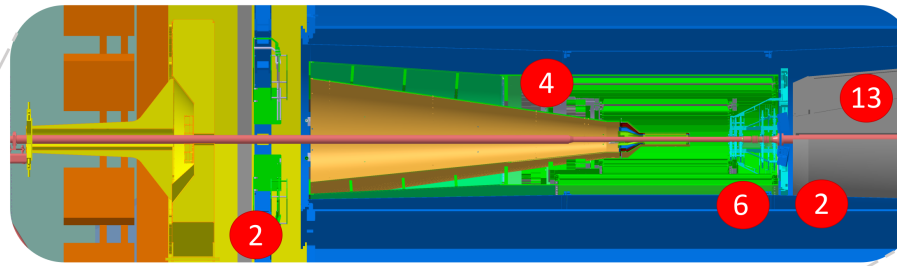
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Simone Ragoni,
on behalf of the ALICE collaboration
Creighton University, USA



ALICE in Run 3

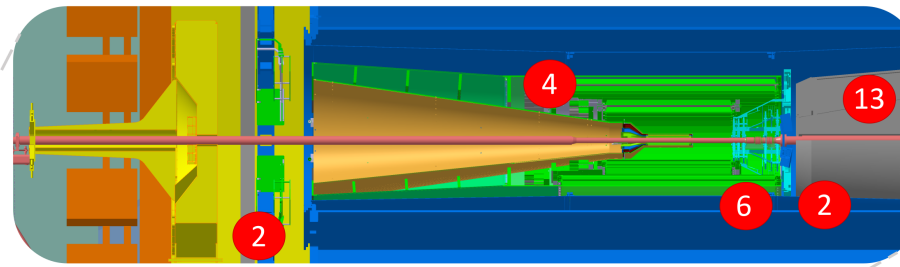
ITS 2: 7 layers of silicon pixel detectors with reduced material budget



- 1 **EMCAL** | Electromagnetic Calorimeter
- 2 **FIT** | Fast Interaction Trigger
- 3 **HMPID** | High Momentum Particle Identification Detector
- 4 **ITS** | Inner Tracking System
- 5 **MCH** | Muon Tracking Chambers
- 6 **MFT** | Muon Forward Tracker
- 7 **MID** | Muon Identifier
- 8 **PHOS/CPV** | Photon Spectrometer
- 9 **TOF** | Time Of Flight
- 10 **TPC** | Time Projection Chamber
- 11 **TRD** | Transition Radiation Detector
- 12 **ZDC** | Zero Degree Calorimeter
- 13 **Absorber**
- 14 **Dipole Magnet**
- 15 **L3 Magnet**

ALICE in Run 3

ITS 2: 7 layers of silicon pixel detectors with reduced material budget



TPC upgrade: MWPC replaced with GEMs to allow for continuous readout @50 kHz in Pb-Pb

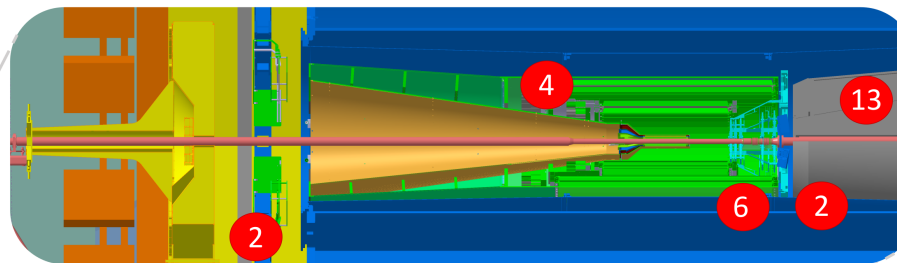
New FIT detector

TOF

ZDC

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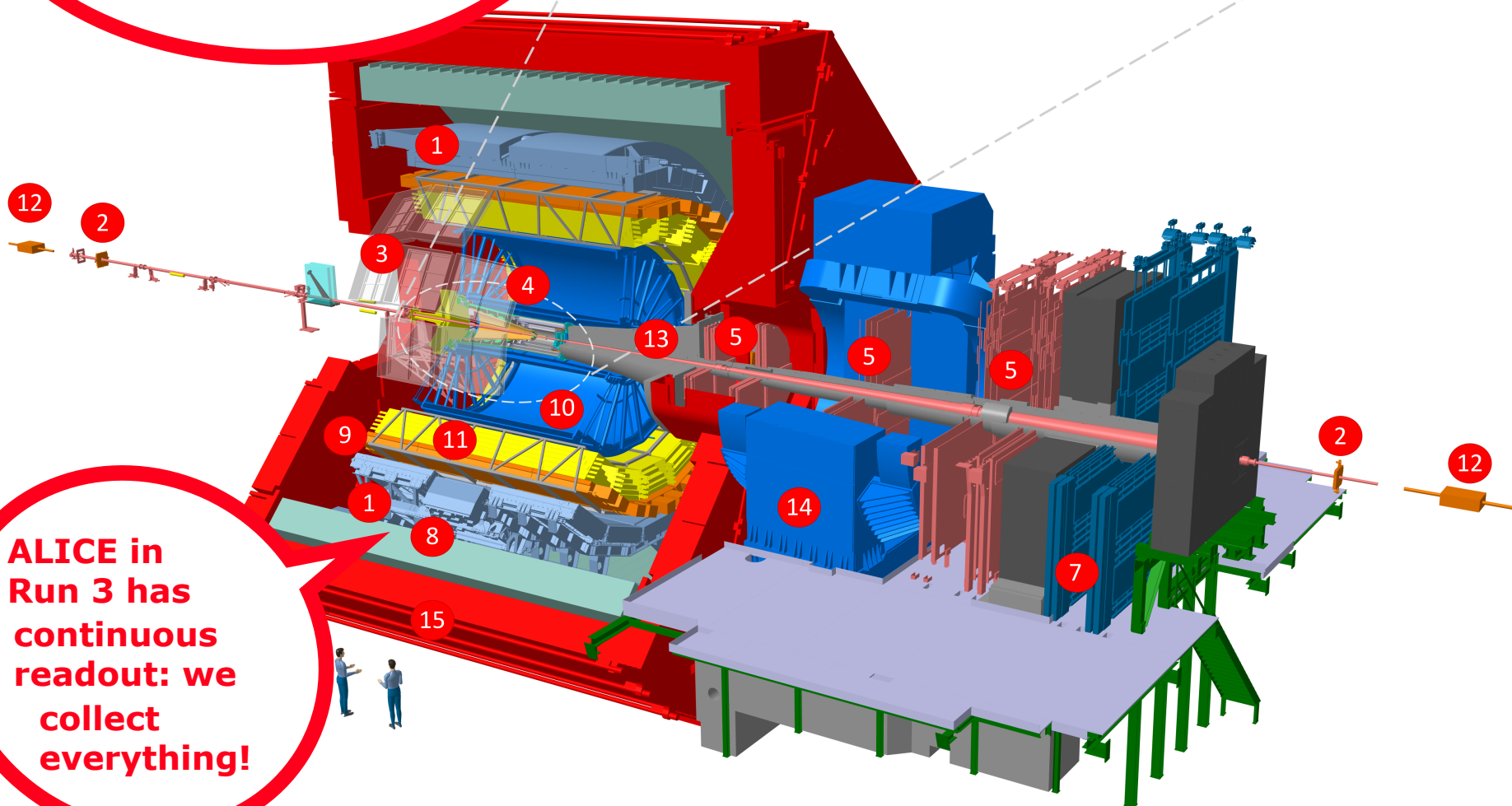
ALICE in Run 2 was triggered and our trigger was optimised for exclusive vector meson production



ALICE in Run 3

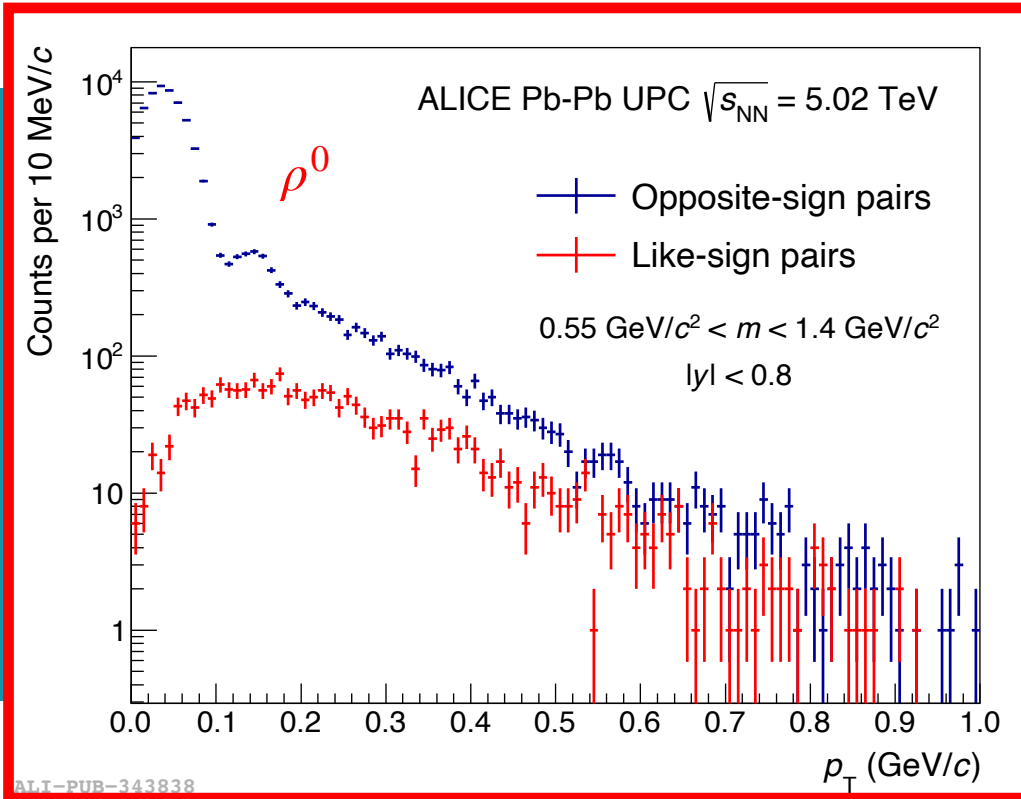
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ALICE in Run 3 has continuous readout: we collect everything!



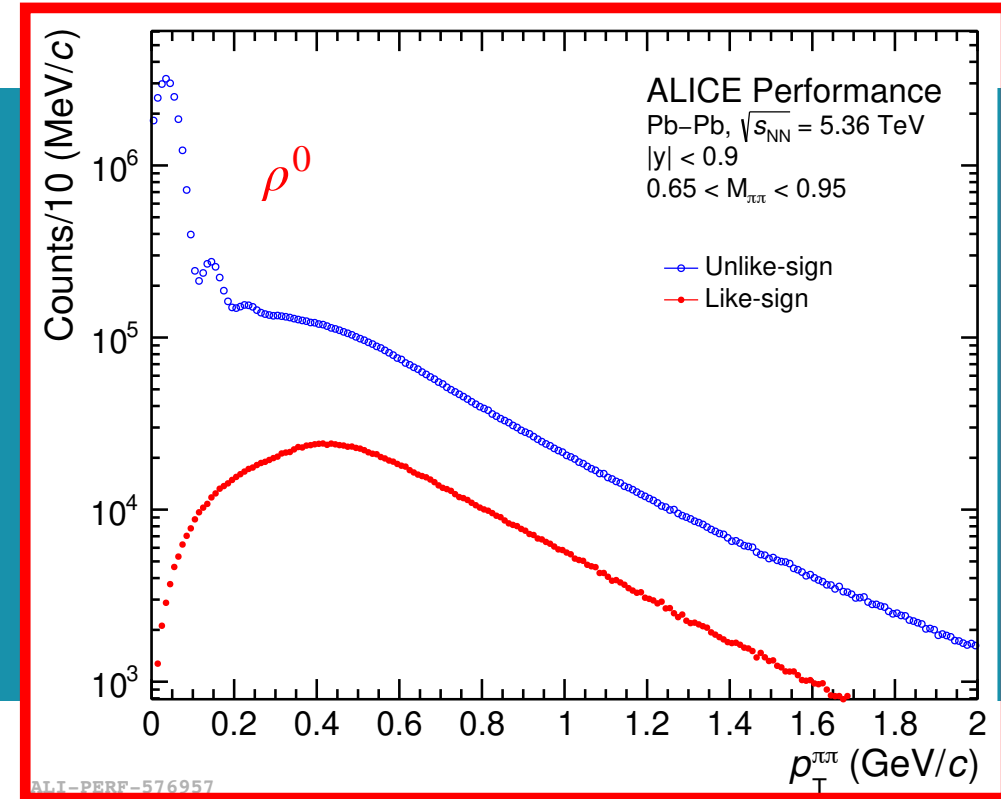
Data then...

ALICE, JHEP 06 (2020) 035



- About 50k raw ρ^0 in Run 2
 - Angular measurements limited by statistics
- ALICE, Phys.Lett.B 858 (2024) 139017

...and now



- Millions of raw ρ^0 with only 2023 Pb-Pb data! More incoming

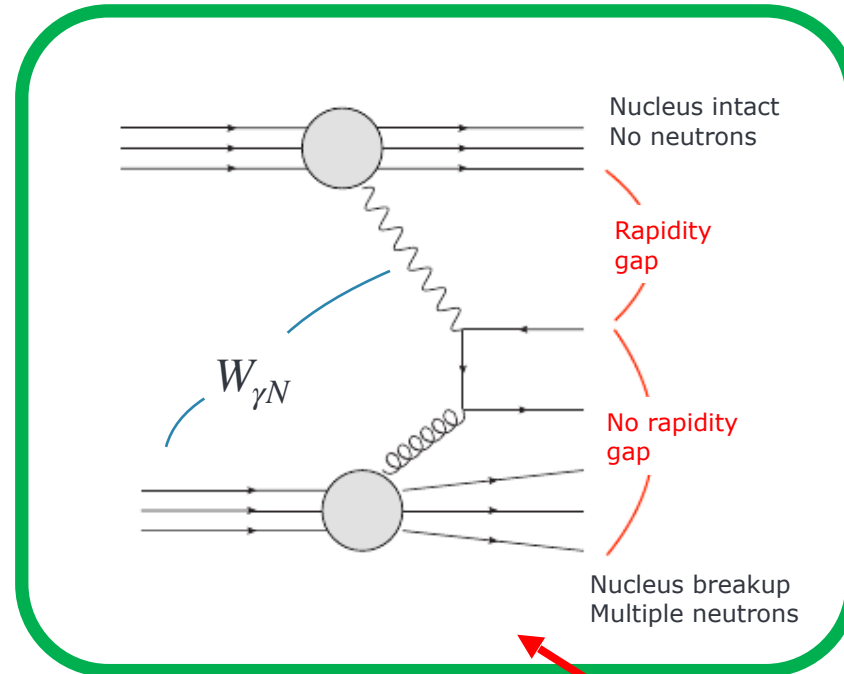
The image shows a vast, complex industrial interior, likely a particle accelerator tunnel. The structure is dominated by large, red-painted steel beams and supports. A dense network of cables, many bundled together, runs along the length of the tunnel. Several workers in safety gear (hard hats, blue and green uniforms) are visible, working on the infrastructure. The lighting is a mix of cool blue and warm yellow. The overall impression is one of a massive, intricate engineering project.

A NEW VENUE

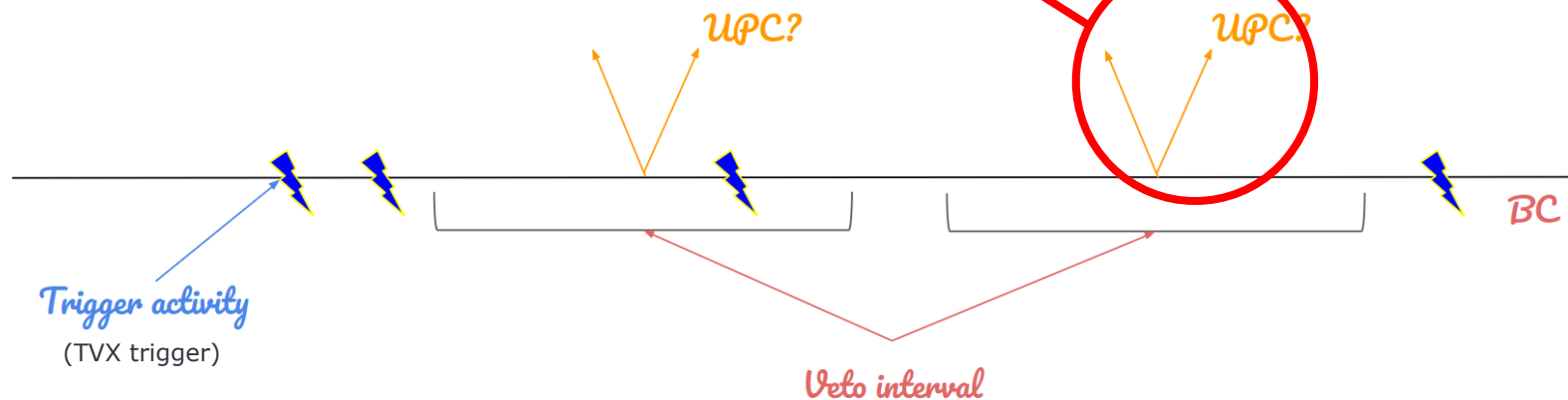
INELASTIC UPC

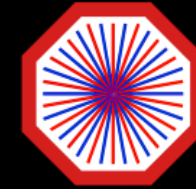
Inelastic UPCs

- Rapidity gap only on one side of the detector
- Multiplicity focused at forward rapidity



- $E_{\gamma} \sim 1 \rightarrow 100 \text{ GeV}$
- $E_N = 2680 \text{ GeV}$
- $40 \lesssim W_{\gamma N} \lesssim 900 \text{ GeV}$





ALICE

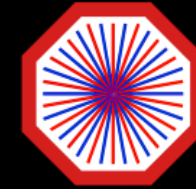
ALICE UPC inclusive measurements

π, K, p p_T -spectra in UPCs



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ALICE

π, K, p
roadmap

Selecting photonuclear events in ALICE

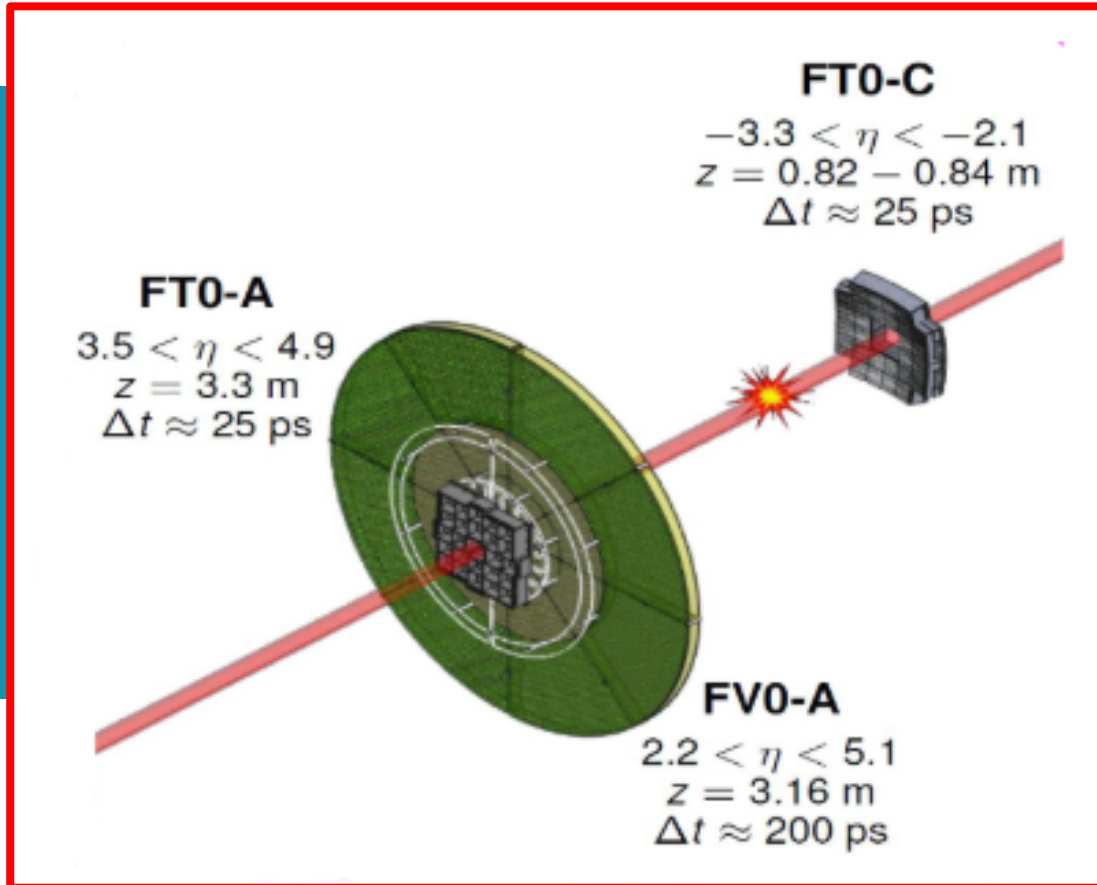


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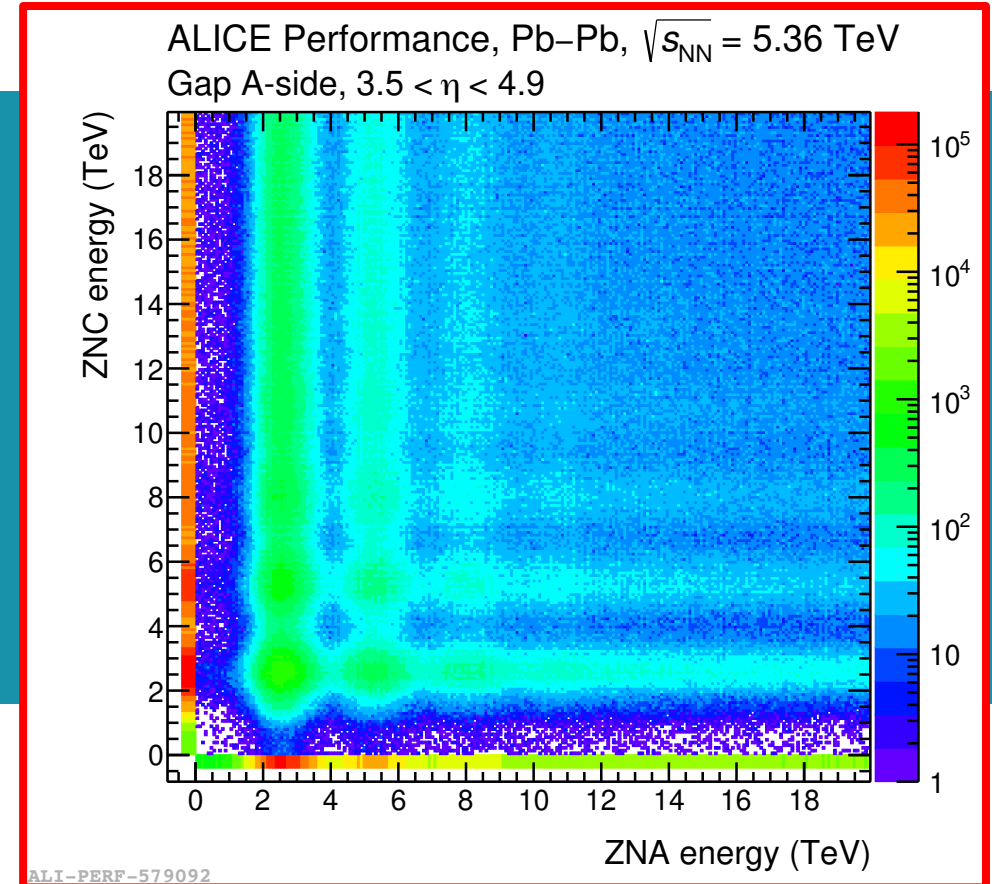
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How to select a rapidity

gap in ALICE

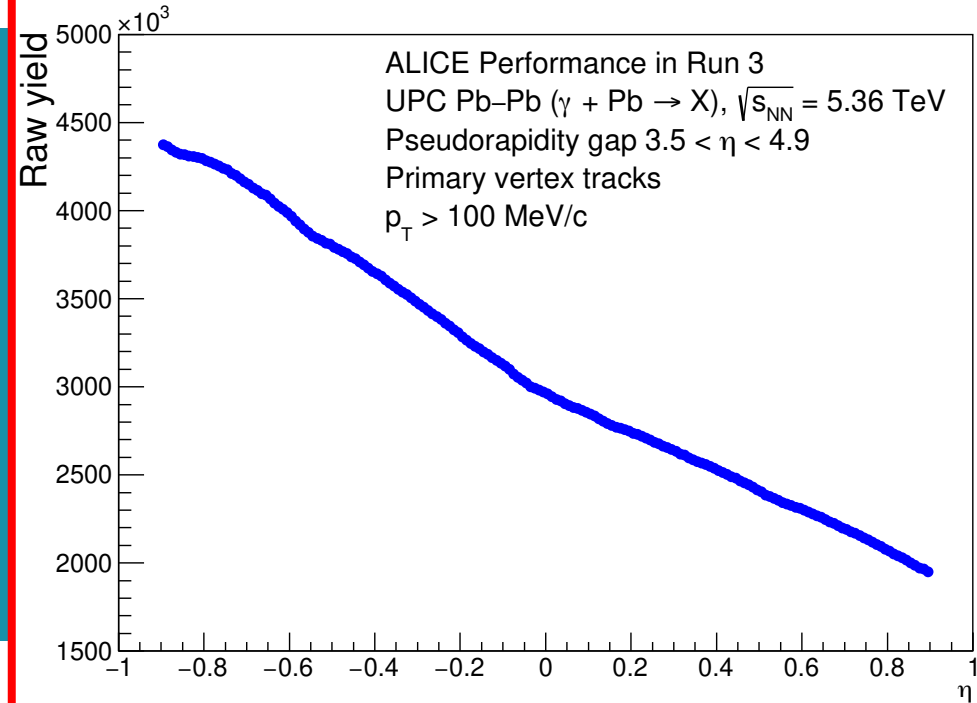


Inclusive photonuclear reactions selected using the new FIT (Fast Interaction Trigger) detector

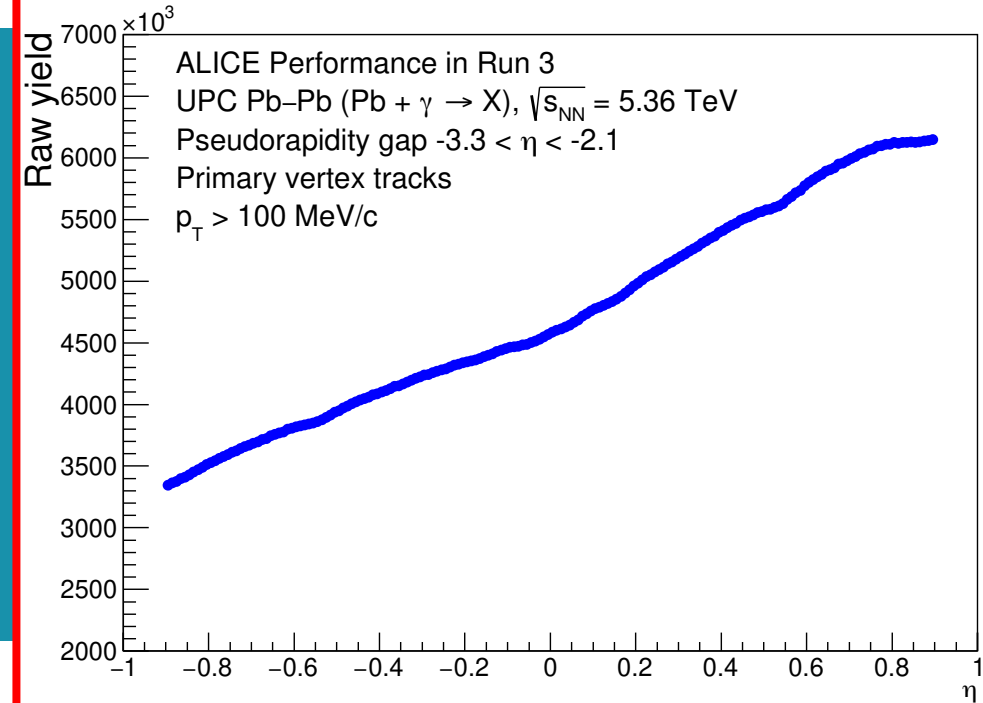


And by checking the activity on our neutron ZDC (no activity on the side of the gap)

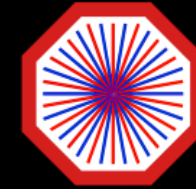
Asymmetric distributions



ALI-PERF-578356



ALI-PERF-578360



ALICE

π, K, p roadmap

Selecting photonuclear events in ALICE

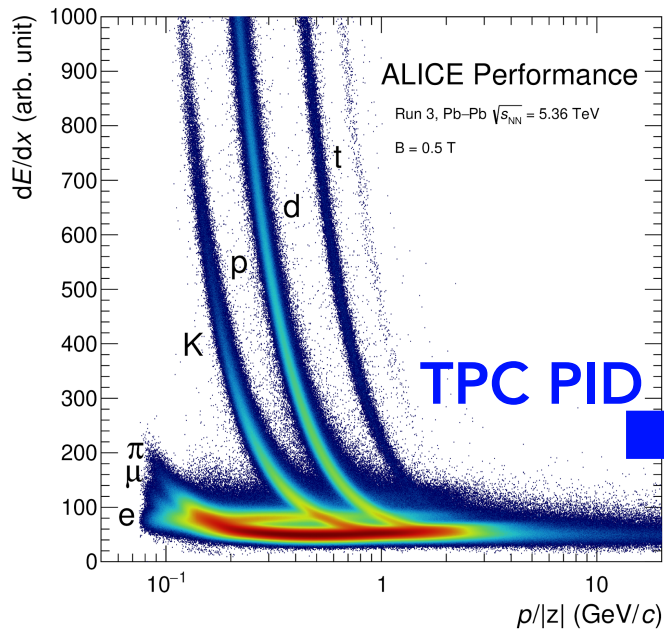
The p_T -spectra of π, K, p



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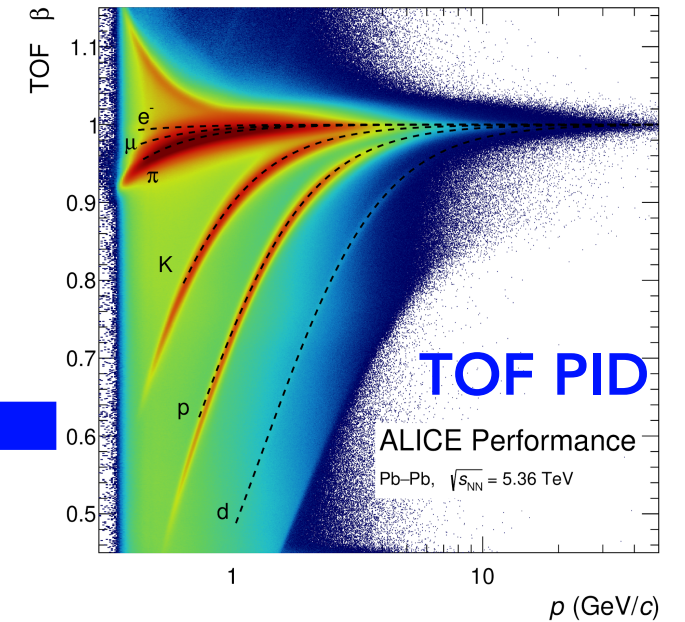
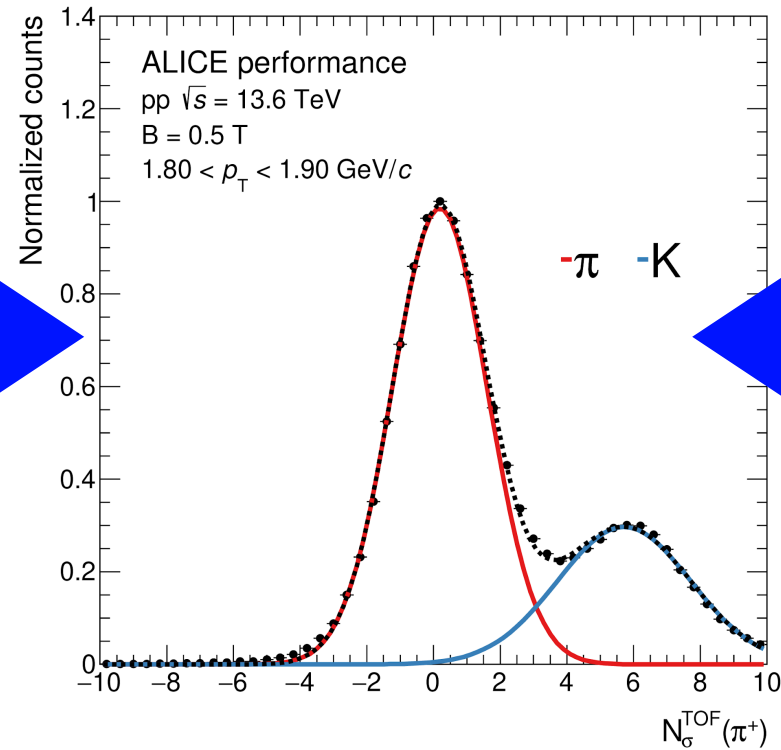
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PID in ALICE



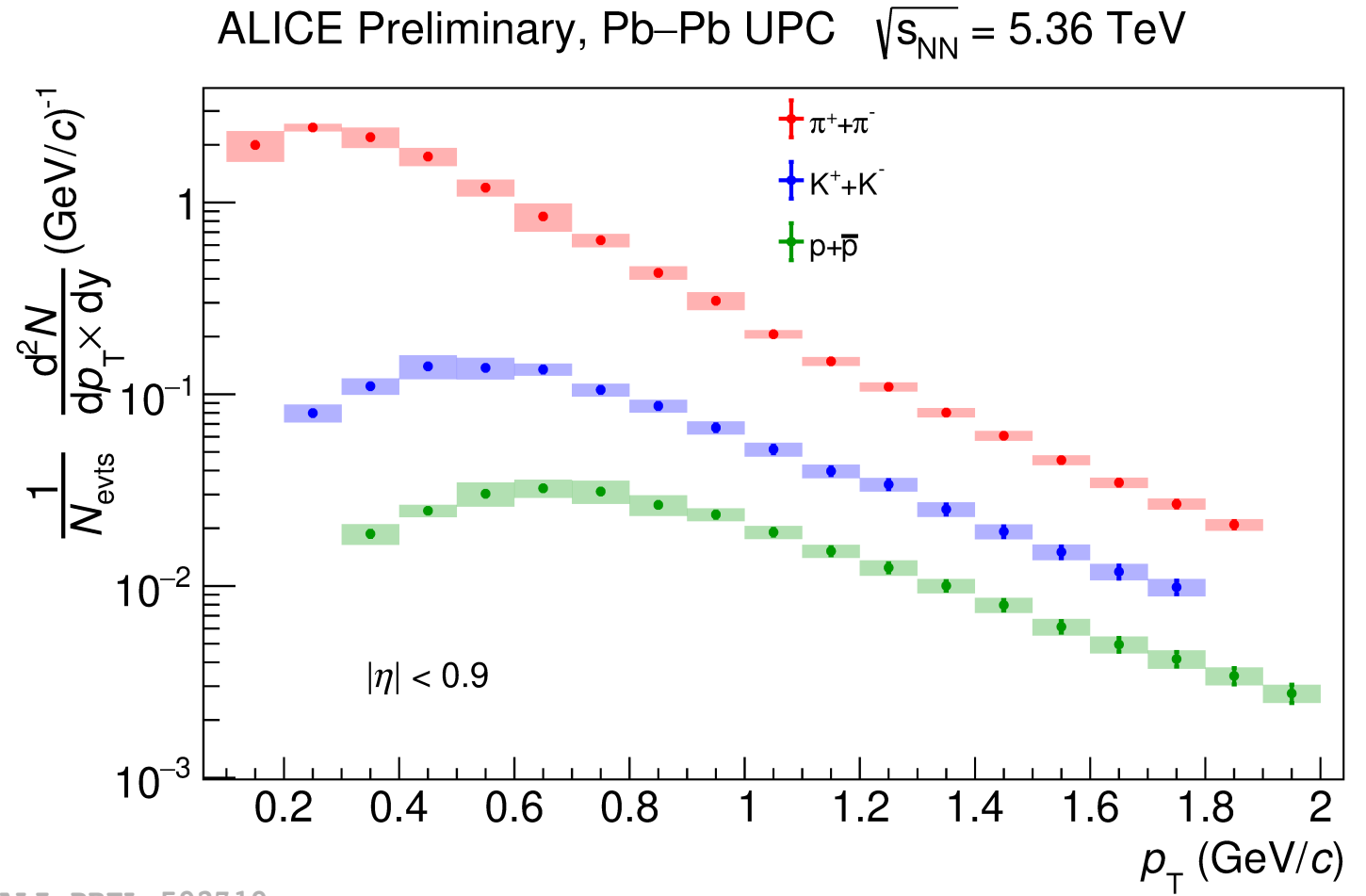
Signal extraction:

- Particle yields extracted using fits to the signal distributions in slices of p_T



Fully corrected yields...

- Spectra measured up to $p_T \sim 2$ GeV

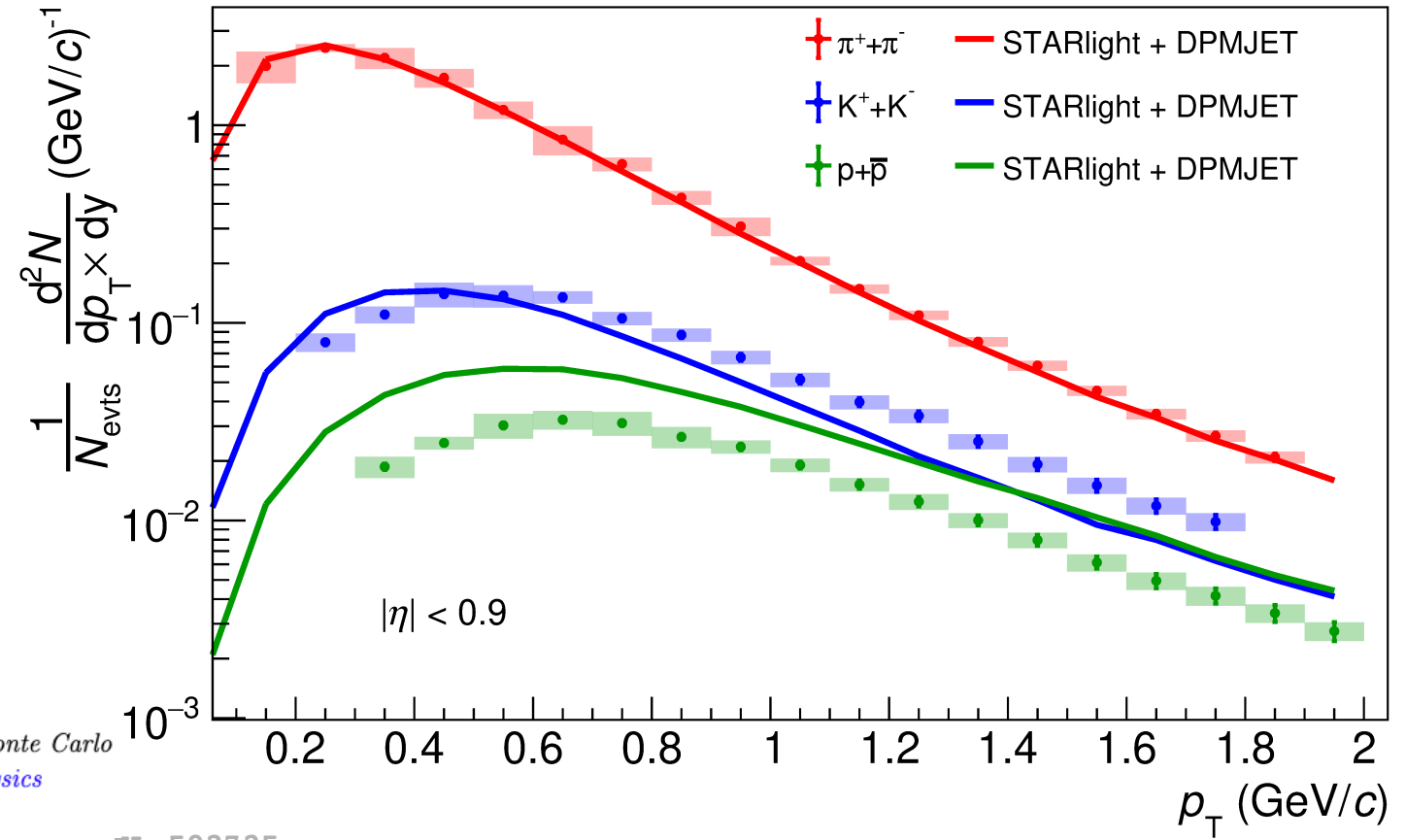


ALI-PREL-592719

...with predictions too

- STARlight+DPMJET
- 1 • STARlight contributes with the photon flux
- 2 • DPMJET handles the nuclear break up
- Very good agreement in the pion sector
- Kaons and protons are a bit off in both normalisation and shape

ALICE Preliminary, Pb–Pb UPC $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.36$ TeV



1 S. Klein, J. Nystrand, J. Seger, Y. Gorbunov and J. Butterworth, *STARlight: A Monte Carlo simulation program for ultra-peripheral collisions of relativistic ions*, *Computer Physics Communications* **212** (2017) 258.

2 O. Djuvsland and J. Nystrand, *Single and Double Photonuclear Excitations in Pb+Pb Collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$ TeV at the CERN Large Hadron Collider*, *Phys. Rev. C* **83** (2011) 041901 [1011.4908].

EL-592725



ALICE

π, K, p roadmap

Selecting photonuclear events in ALICE

The p_T -spectra of π, K, p

Comparisons of $\langle p_T \rangle$



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TCM

Significant
expo
contribution
only in π

Also
observed
in pp and
Pb-Pb

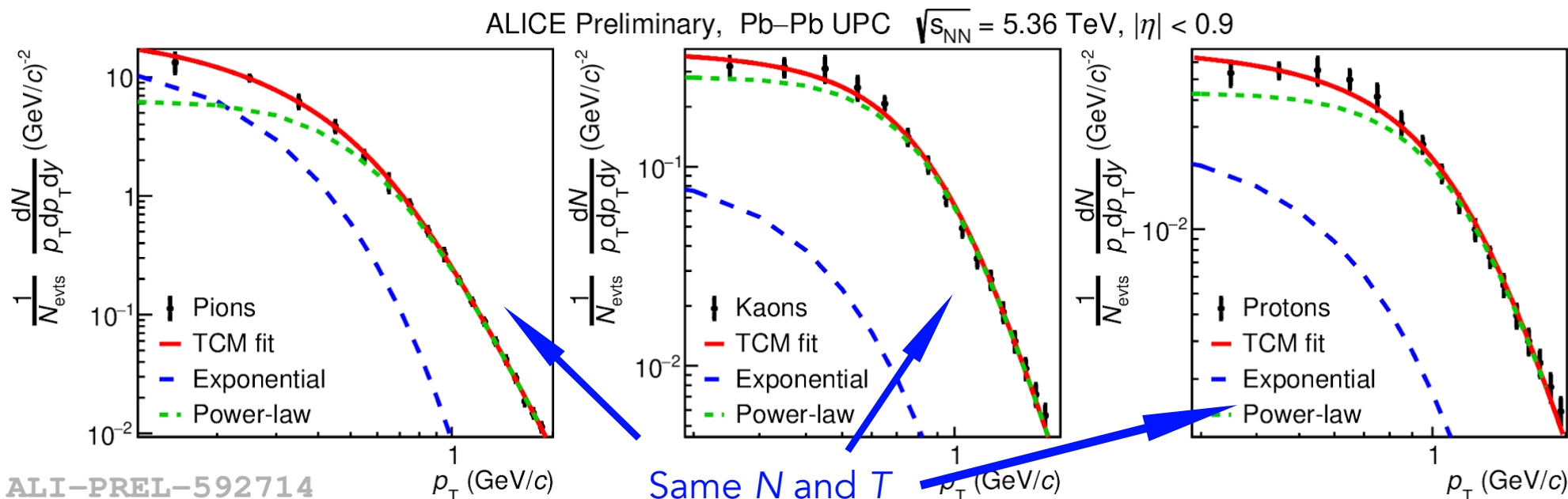


ALICE

Description of the p_T -spectra:

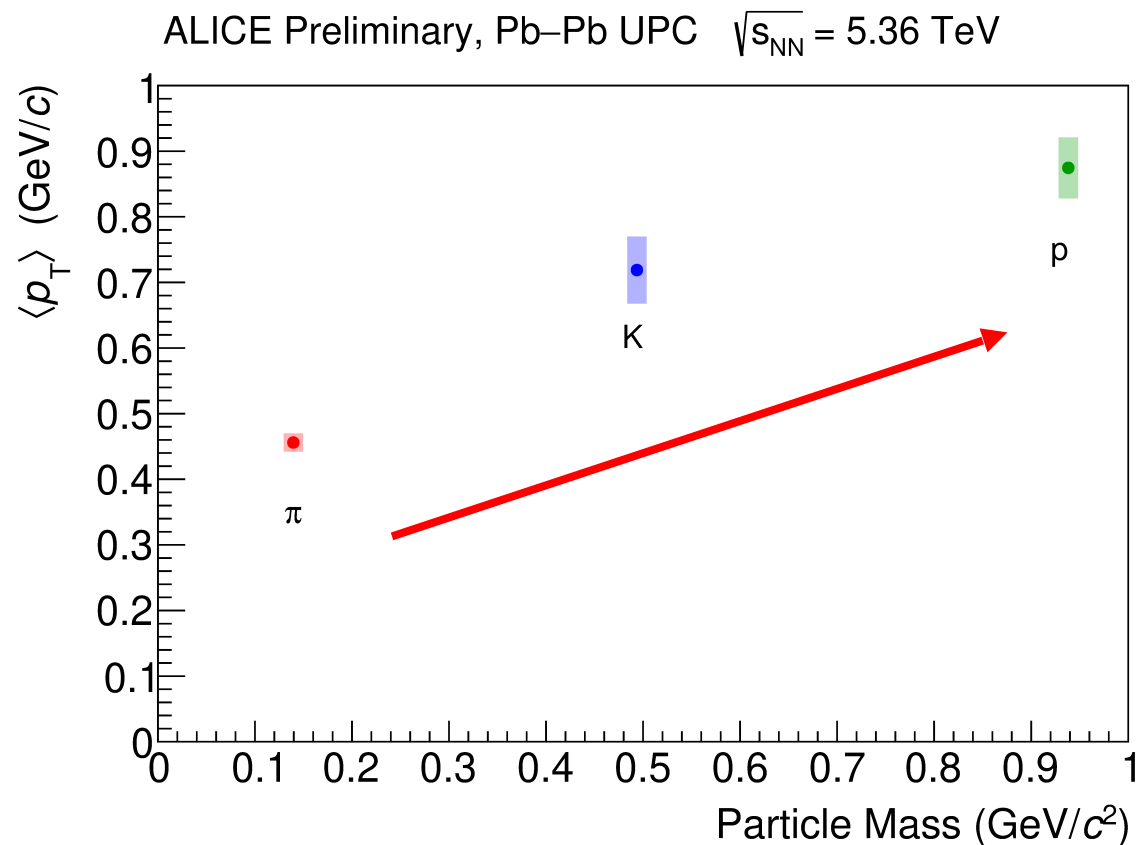
- Integrated yields and $\langle p_T \rangle$ require a functional description for $p_T \rightarrow 0, +\infty$
- **Two-Component Model (TCM)** fits work quite well

$$\frac{1}{N_{ev}} \frac{d^2N}{p_T dp_T dy} = A_1 \cdot \exp(-E_{T_{kin}}/T_e) + \frac{A_2}{\left(1 + \frac{p_T^2}{T^2 N}\right)^N}$$

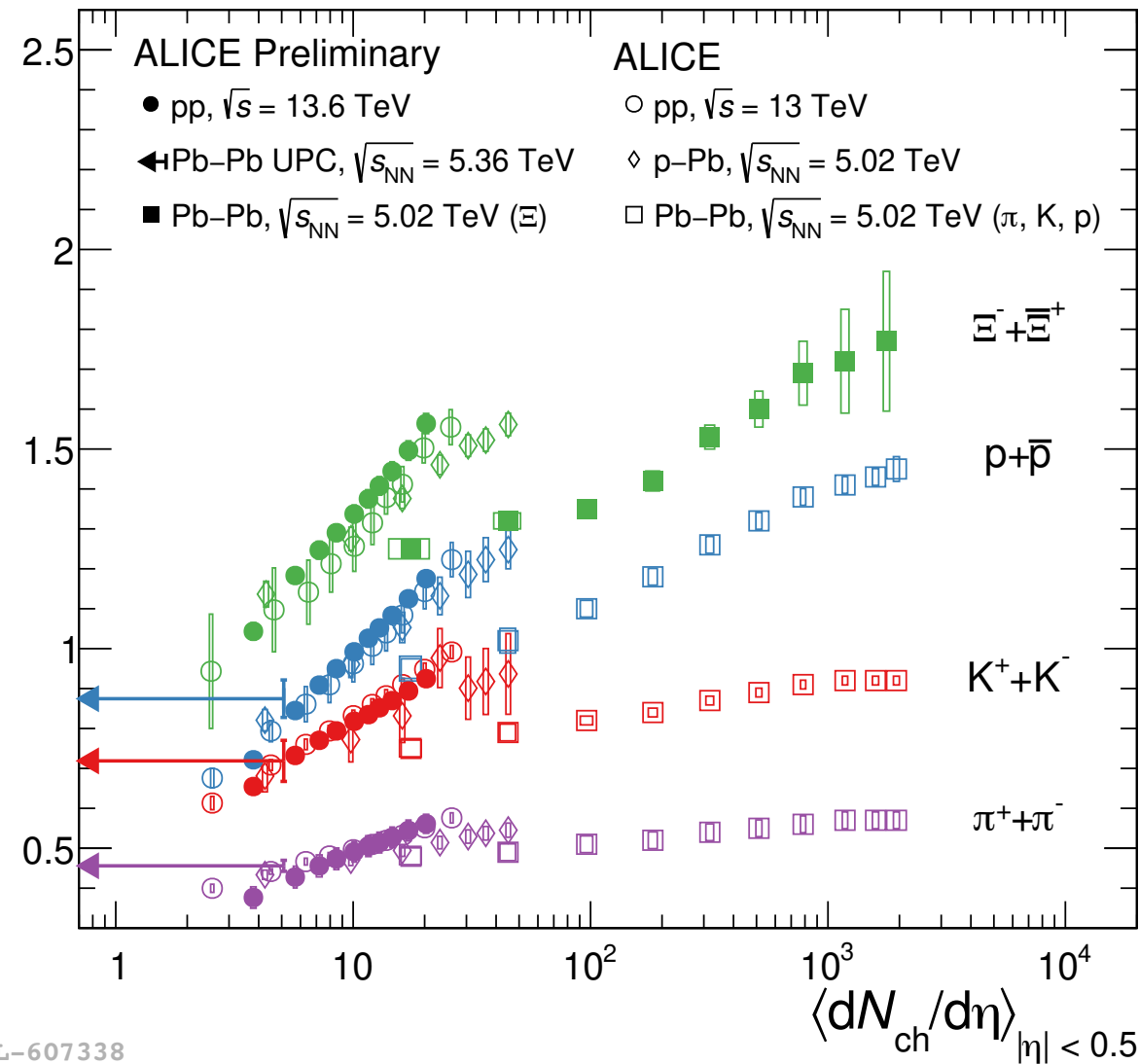


What about the $\langle p_T \rangle$?

- Values agree well with pp and Pb-Pb data



$\langle p_T \rangle$ (GeV/c)

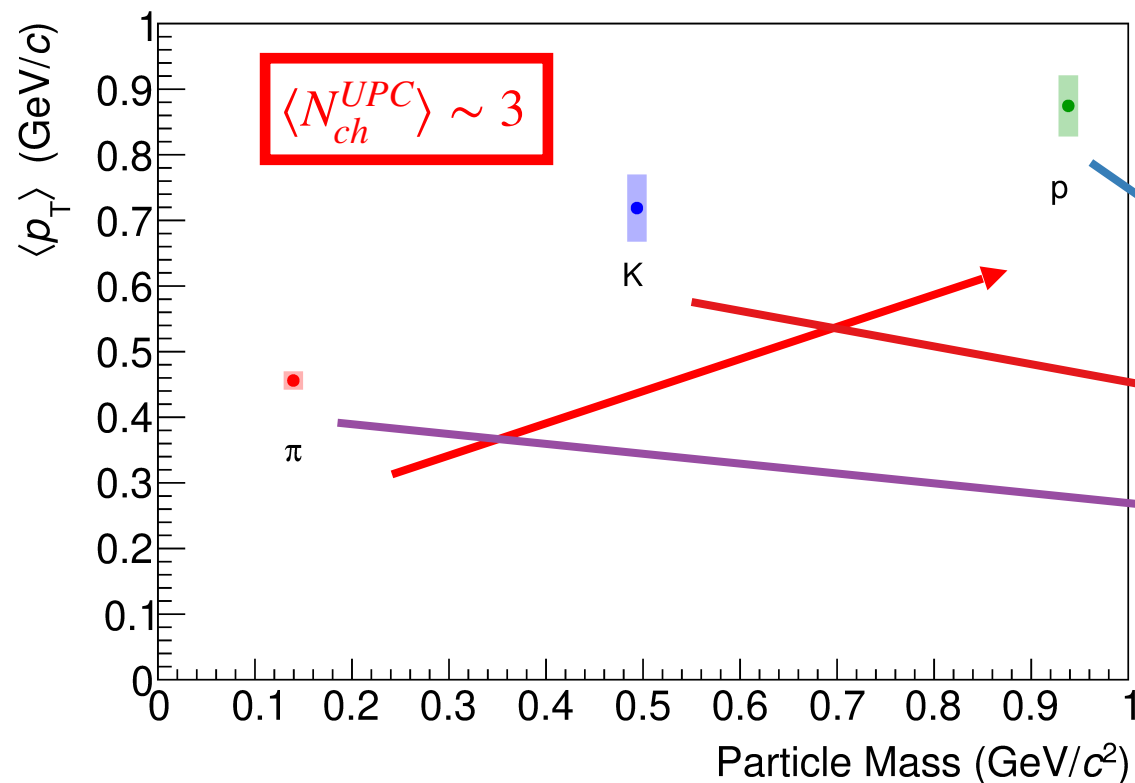


ALI-PREL-607338

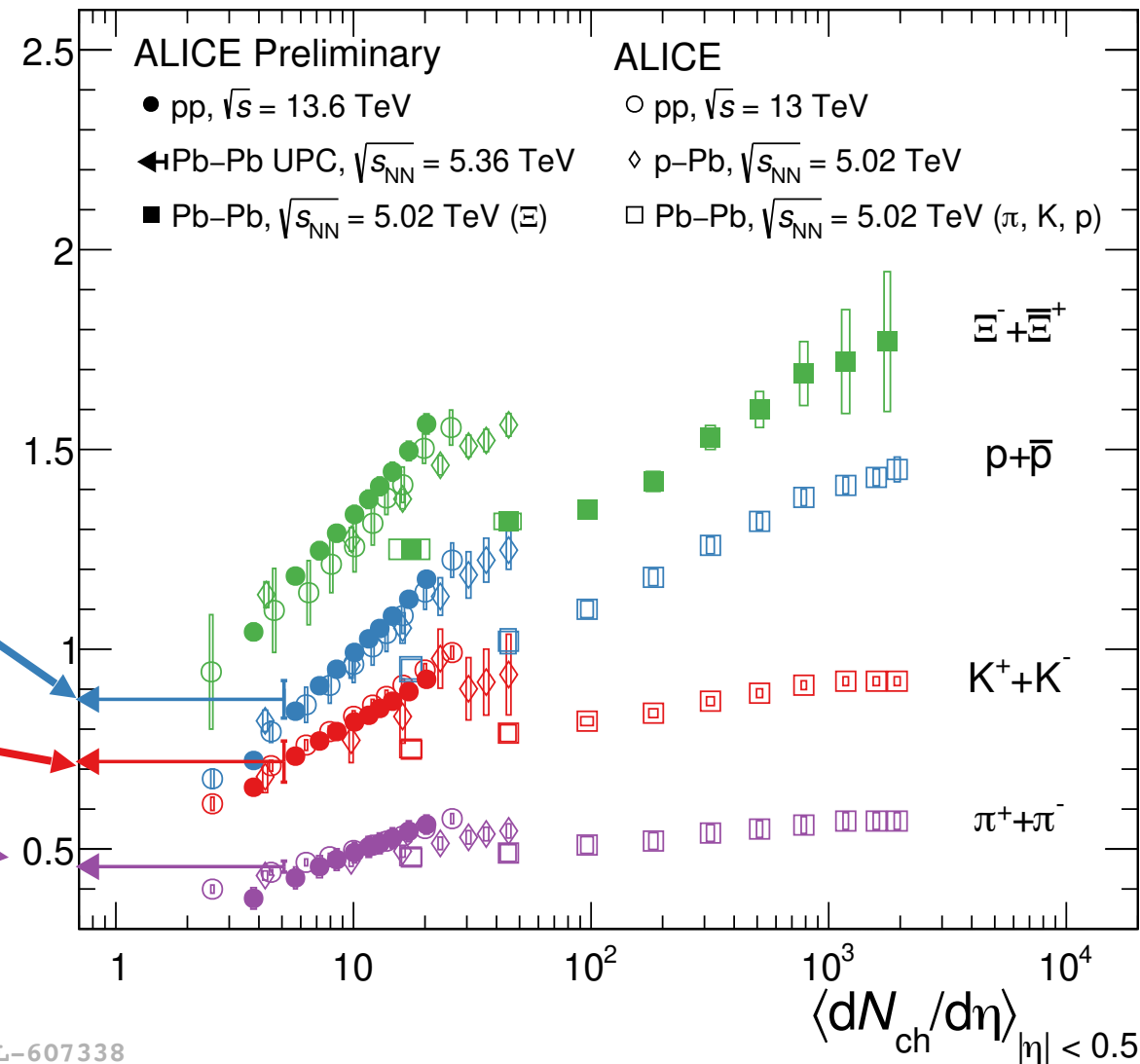
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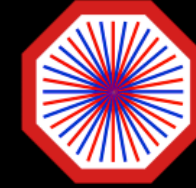
ALICE Preliminary, Pb-Pb UPC $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.36$ TeV



$\langle p_T \rangle$ (GeV/c)



ALI-PREL-607338



ALICE

π, K, p roadmap

Selecting photonuclear events in ALICE

The p_T -spectra of π, K, p

Comparisons of $\langle p_T \rangle$

Discussion on yield ratios

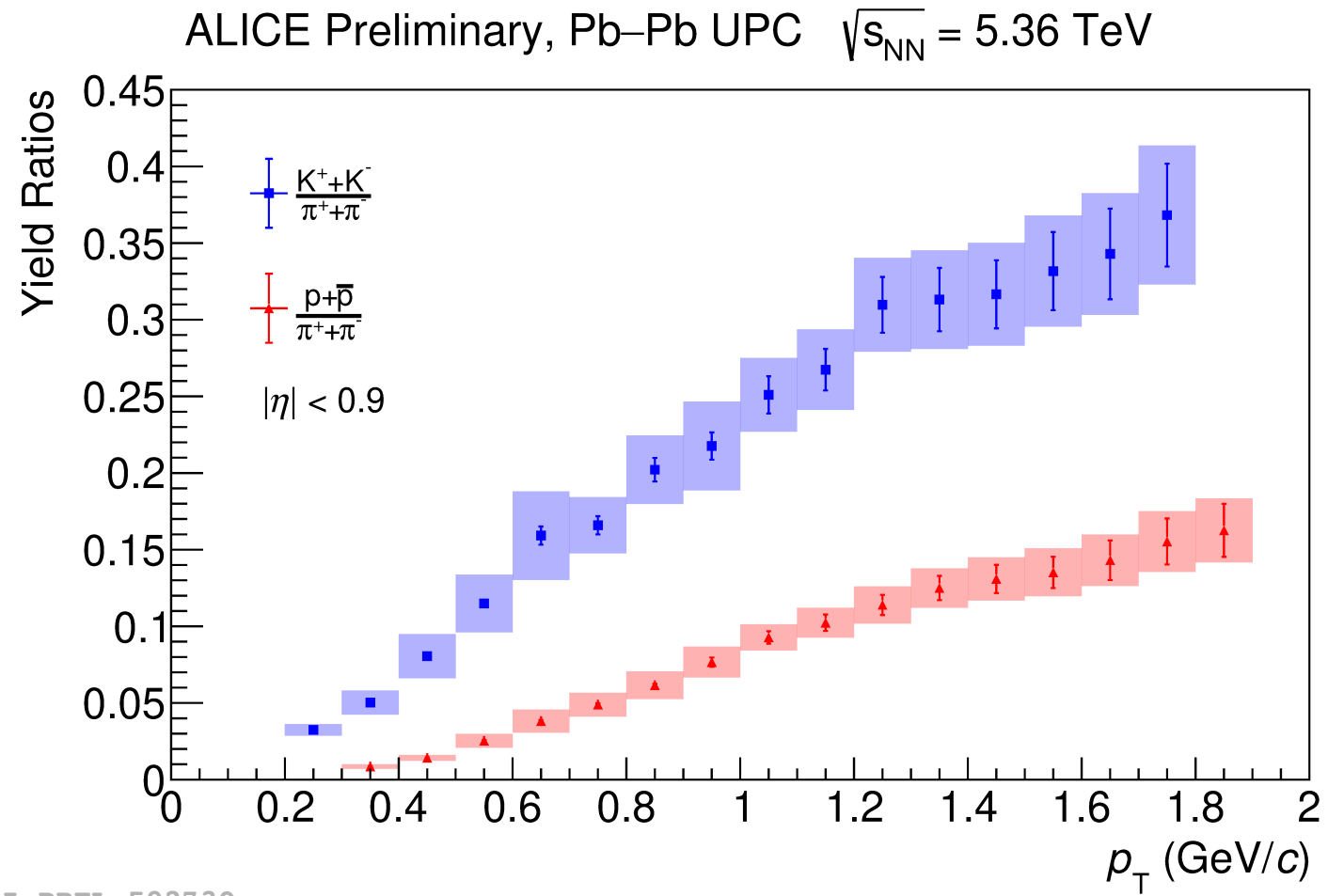


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Yield ratios

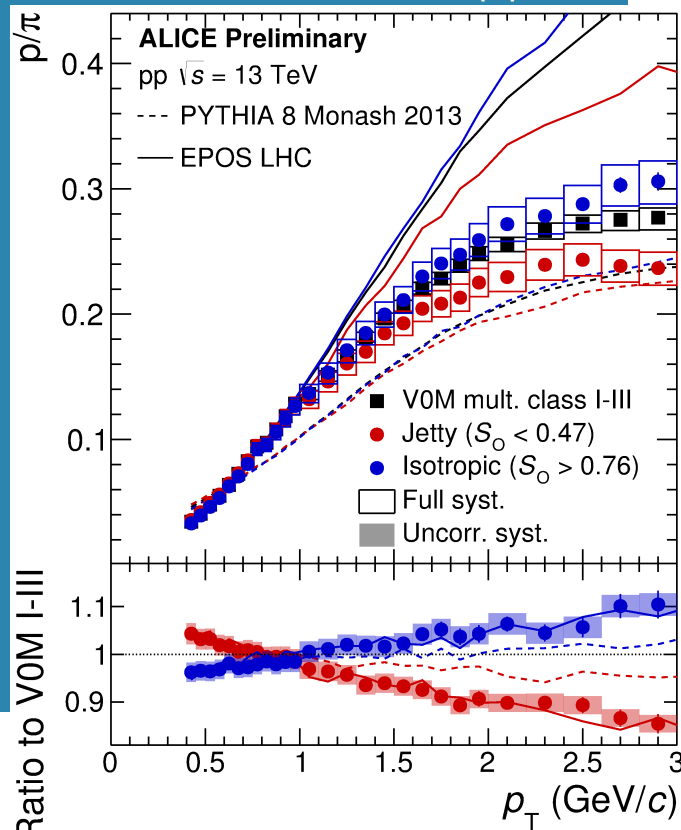
- Ratios of K/π and p/π up to $p_T \sim 2 \text{ GeV}/c$



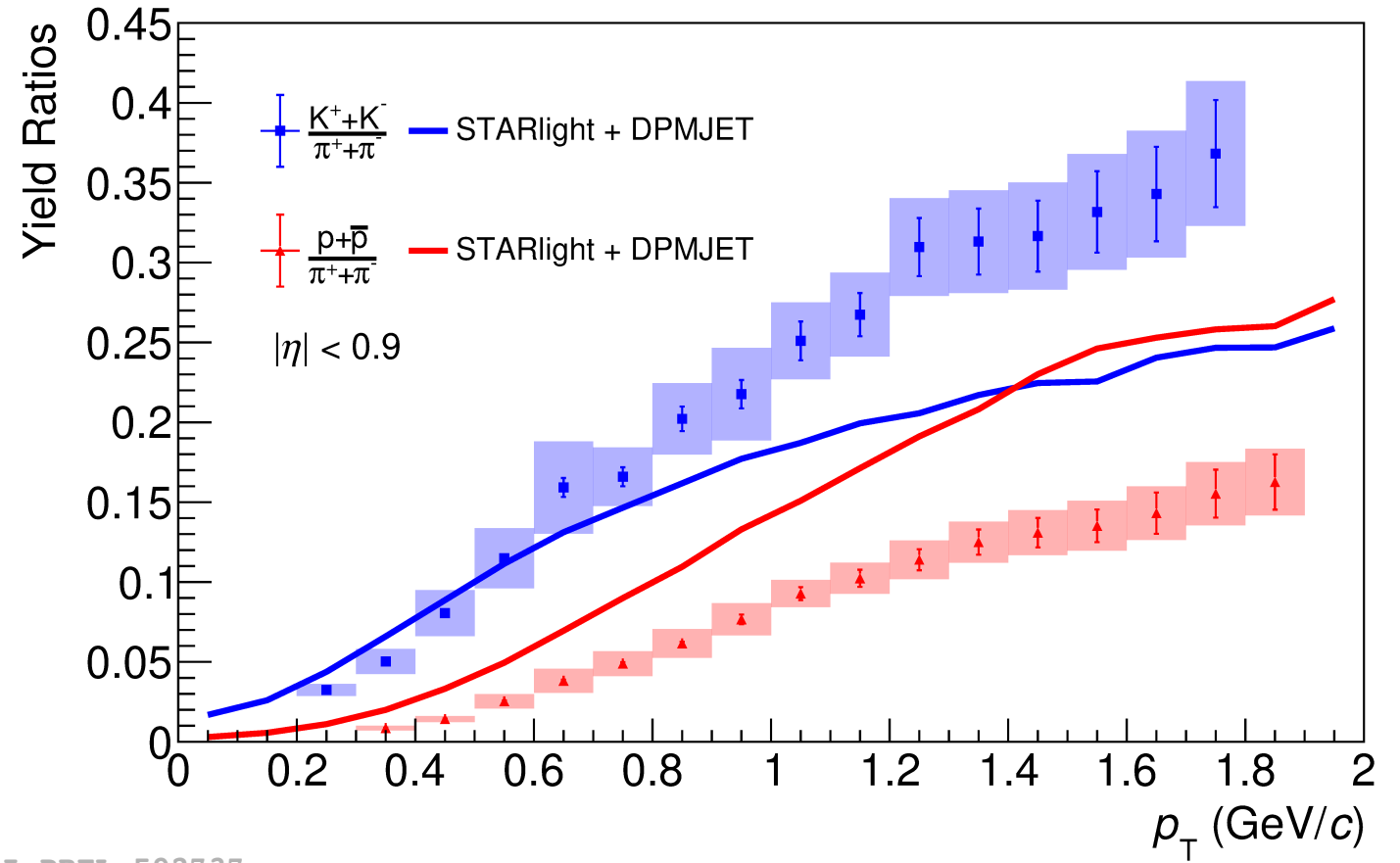
ALI-PREL-592730

Yield ratios

- Ratios of K/π and p/π up to $p_T \sim 2 \text{ GeV}/c$
- Monte Carlo models often fail to describe yield ratios also in e.g. pp collisions



ALICE Preliminary, Pb-Pb UPC $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.36 \text{ TeV}$

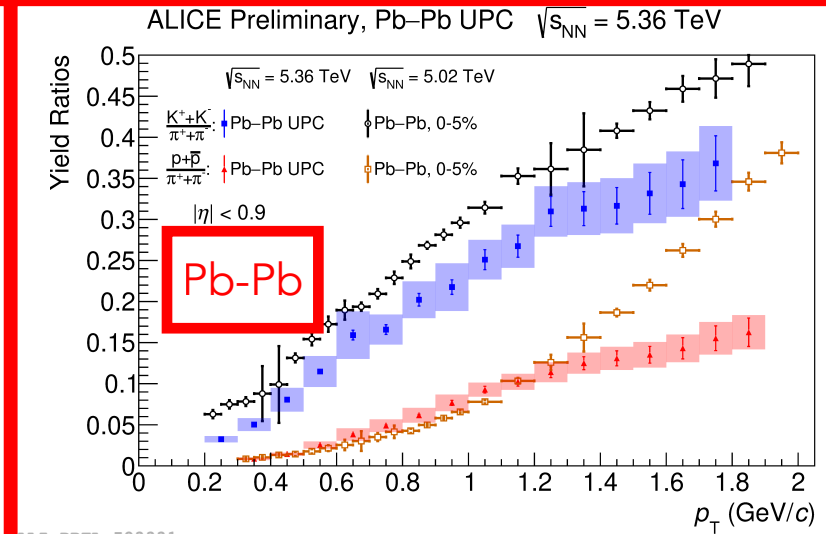
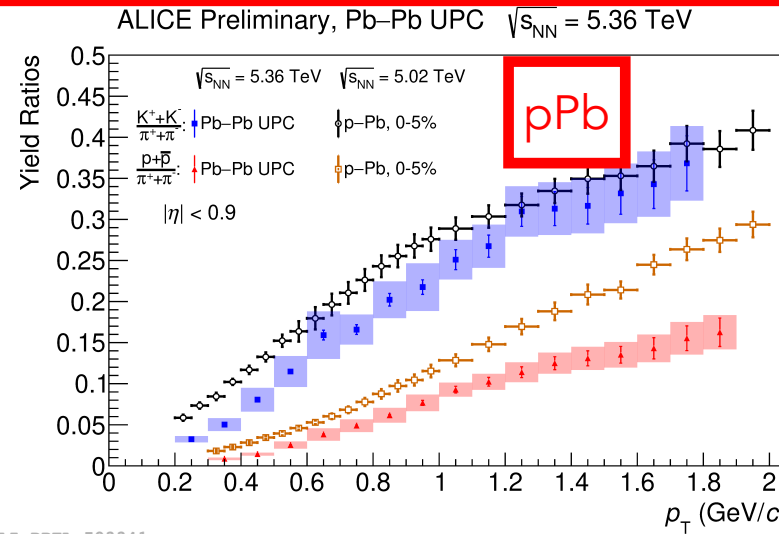
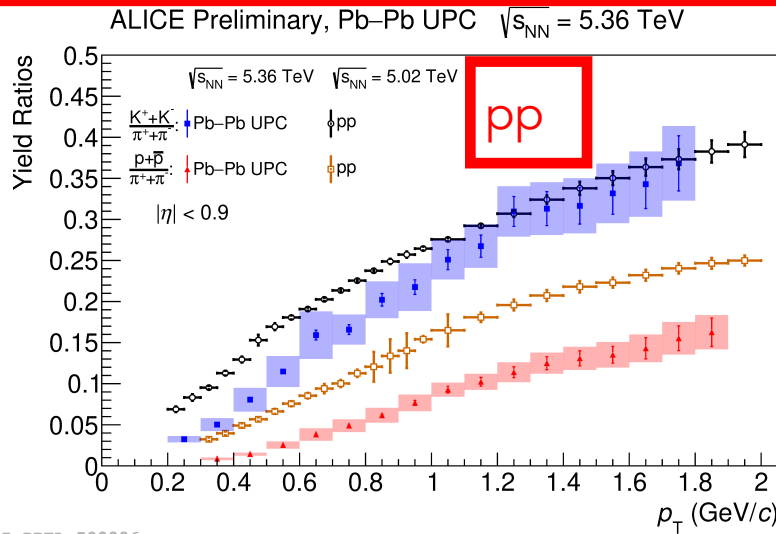


ALICE-PREL-592737

ALICE-PREL-143401

Yield ratios

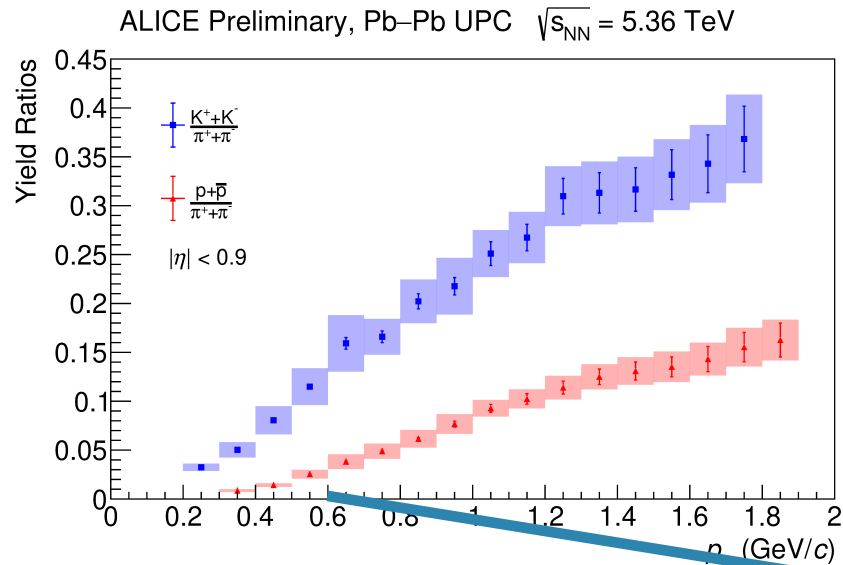
Very boosted high-multiplicity
event - asymmetric rapidity
distributions from slide 13



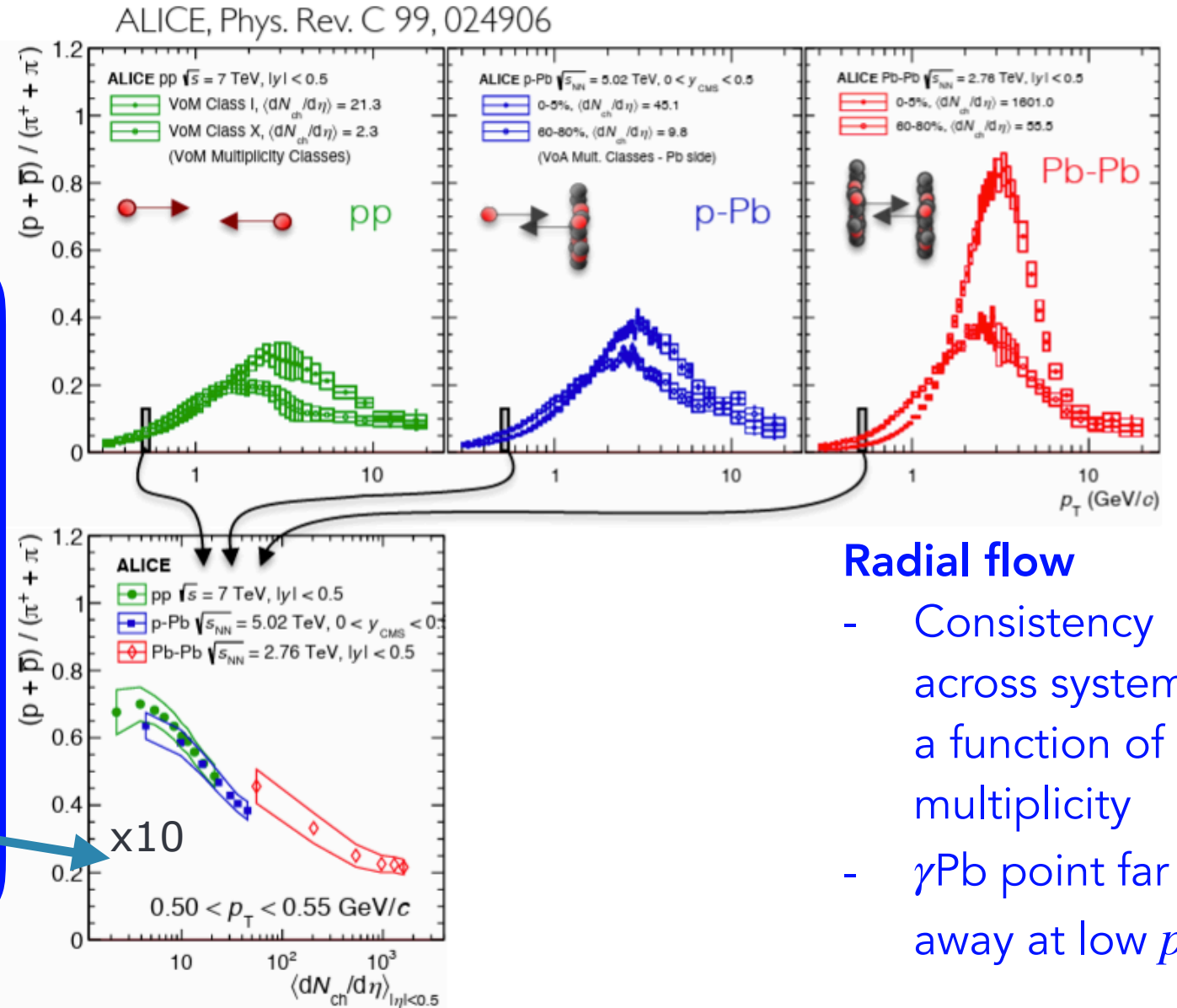
K/π : slightly lower value at low- p_T in γ Pb than in the other systems, i.e. pp, pPb, and Pb-Pb, shape agrees with pPb and Pb-Pb

p/π : baryon-to-meson suppression from small to larger systems, shape agrees better with pp and pPb

p/π ratios



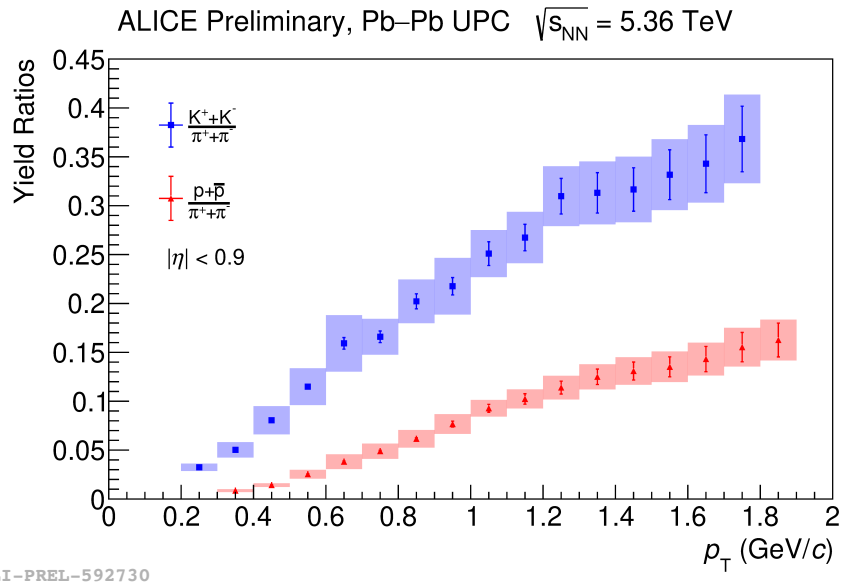
Talk by R. Schotter 10/7: System size dependence of light-flavor hadron production: from the smallest to the largest collision system at the LHC with ALICE



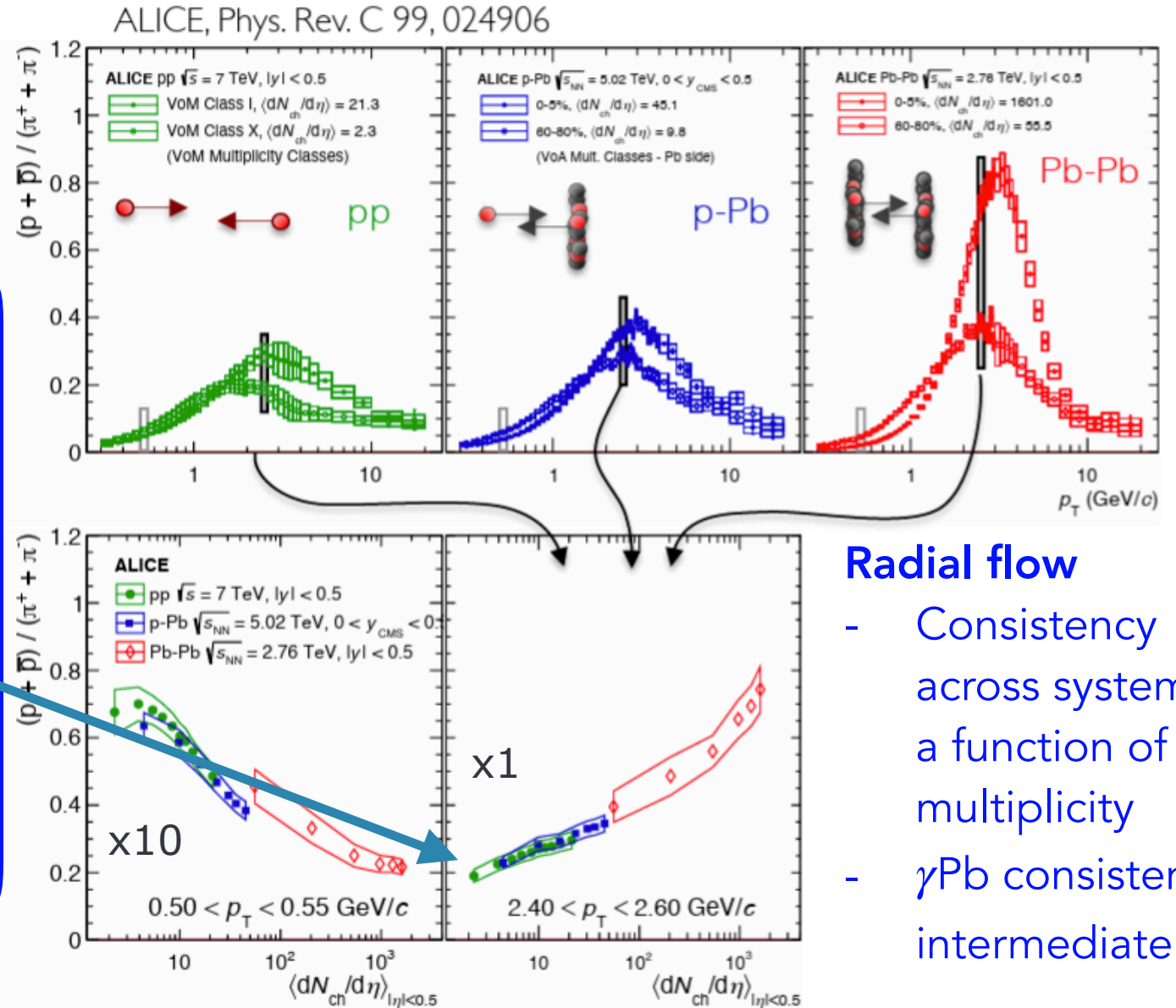
Radial flow

- Consistency across systems as a function of multiplicity
- γ Pb point far away at low p_T

p/π ratios



Talk by R. Schotter 10/7: System size dependence of light-flavor hadron production: from the smallest to the largest collision system at the LHC with ALICE



Radial flow

- Consistency across systems as a function of multiplicity
- γ Pb consistent at intermediate p_T



ALICE

ALICE UPC inclusive measurements

π , K , p p_T -spectra in UPCs

Strangeness in UPCs



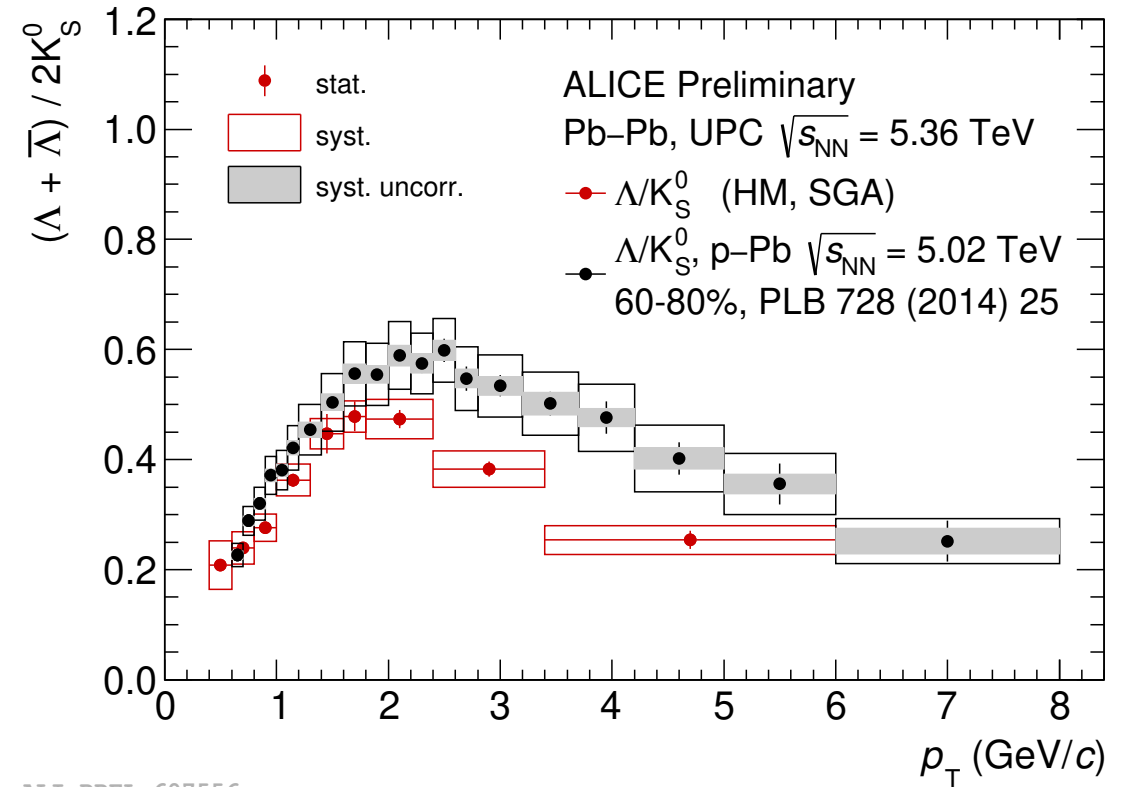
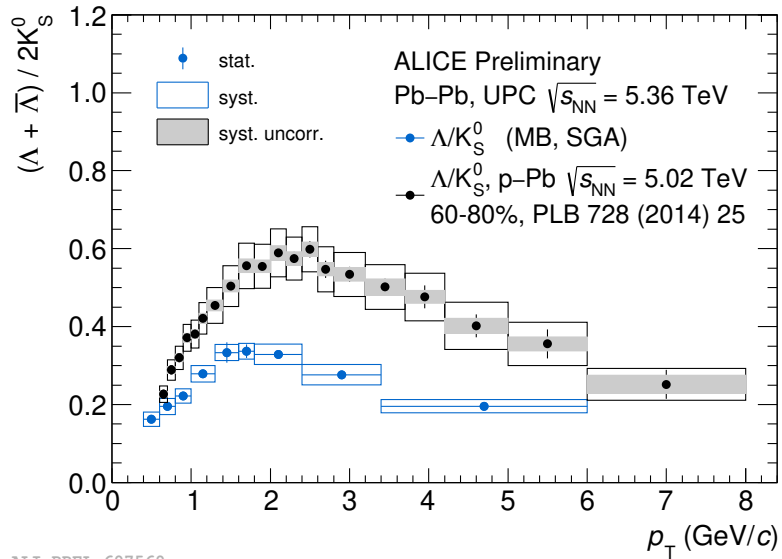
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Baryon-to-meson

Radial flow

- Consistent with the ATLAS results *Phys.Rev.C* 111 (2025) 6, 064908
- γ Pb dominated by vector dominance model, similar to ρ Pb





ALICE

ALICE UPC inclusive measurements

π , K , p p_T -spectra in UPCs

Strangeness in UPCs

Open charm in UPCs

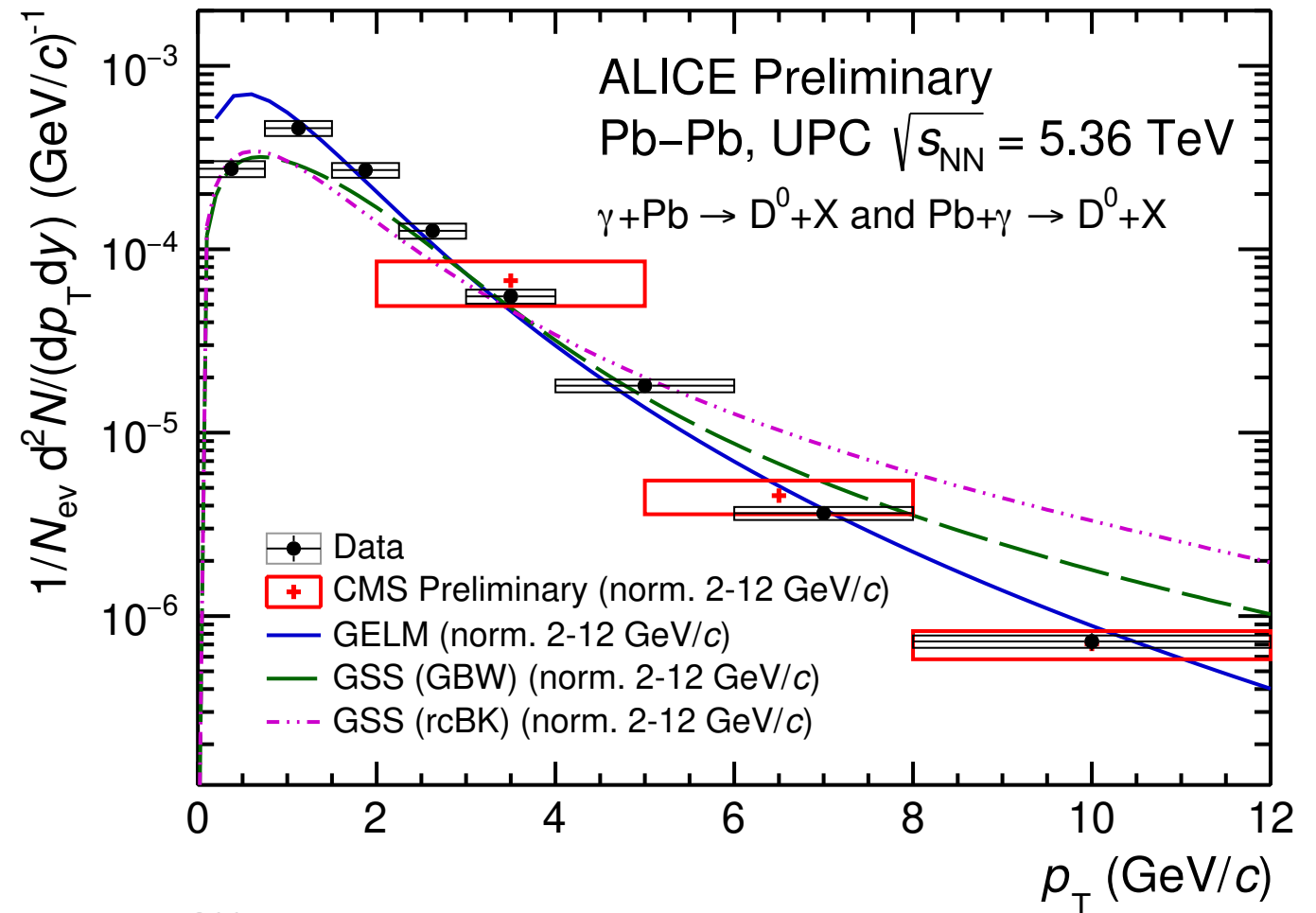


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Open charm photoproduction

- $\langle p_T \rangle$ not properly reproduced by models
- Only spectra from ALICE for now
- CMS cross sections are normalised in the 2-12 GeV/c region
- Only partial systematics from ALICE, so uncertainties between ALICE and CMS not directly compatible
- Measuring charm hadrons will give access to nPDFs at $x \sim 10^{-4}$
- p-Pb collisions expected for Run 4 will provide the reference for γp for nuclear effects



ALI-PREL-603110

The image shows a vast, complex industrial interior, likely a particle accelerator tunnel. The structure is dominated by large, red-painted steel beams and supports. A dense network of black, yellow, and blue cables is organized into bundles and runs along the length of the facility. Several workers in hard hats and safety gear are visible, working on the infrastructure. The lighting is a mix of cool blue and warm red tones. A semi-transparent dark red banner is overlaid on the upper portion of the image, containing white and yellow text.

OUR UPC PHYSICS PROGRAM
IS THE FORERUNNER OF EIC

Thank you!



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- New wealth of data from continuous readout and Run 3!
- Exciting opportunities for inclusive UPCs!
- A new venue for the smallest of collision systems
 - Open charm for nPDFs
 - Exploring collectivity in small systems
 - Tuning models