



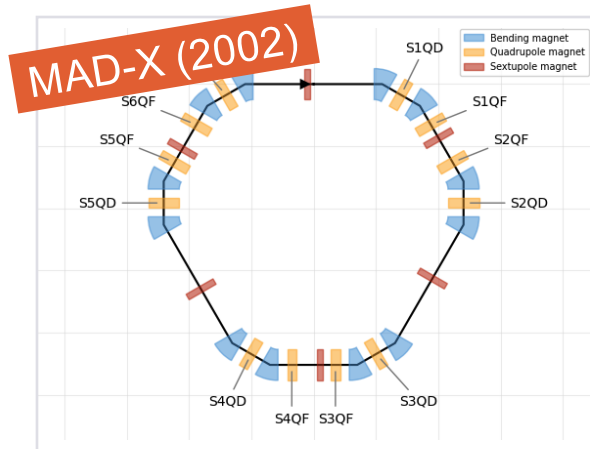
Xsuite: A Modular Accelerator Simulation Framework

Riccardo De Maria, Giovanni Iadarola, Szymon Łopaciuk, Frederik F. Van der Veken, CERN, Geneva, Switzerland

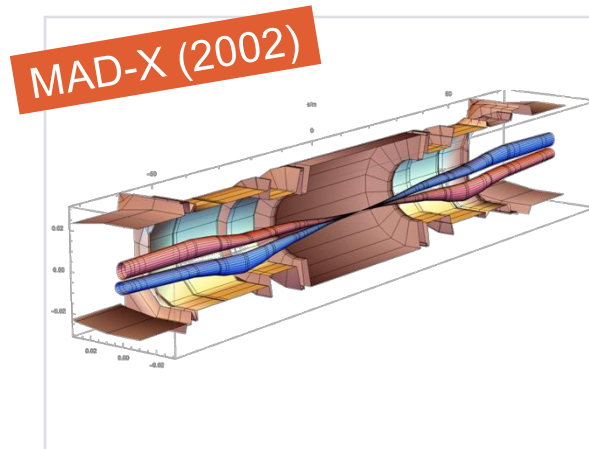
We sincerely thank the Xsuite users and contributors for their enthusiasm and invaluable input.

Beam dynamics software landscape at CERN

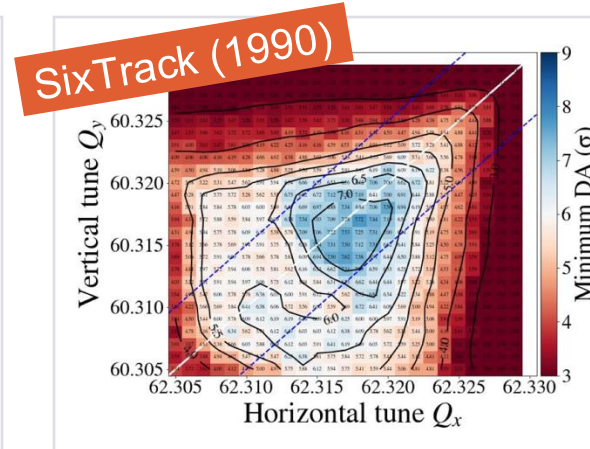
CERN has a long history of **powerful software tools for beam physics** applications, typical examples:



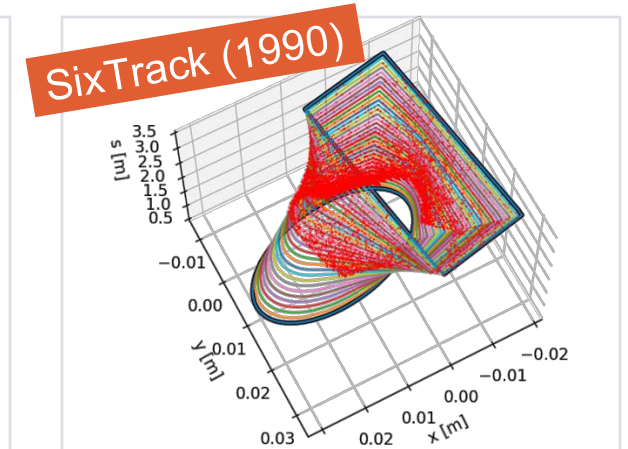
Lattice Design



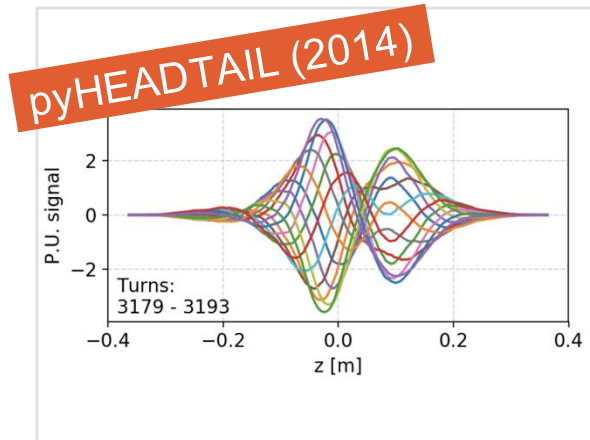
Optics (calculation & design)



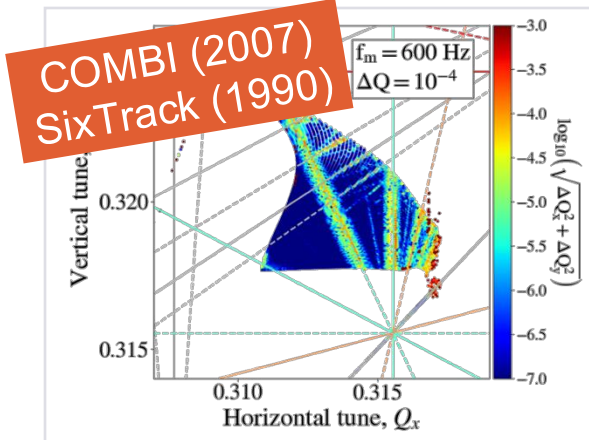
Tracking (dynamic aperture)



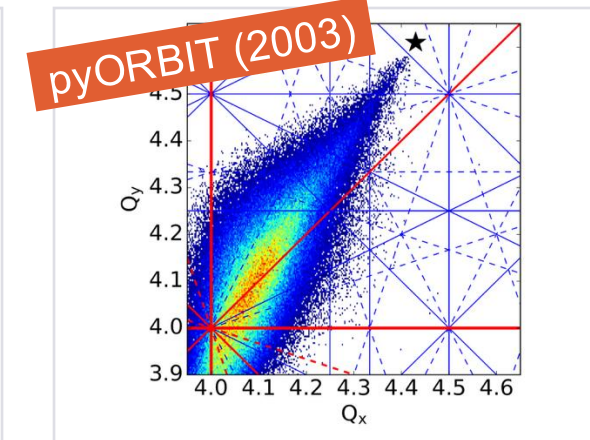
Collimation



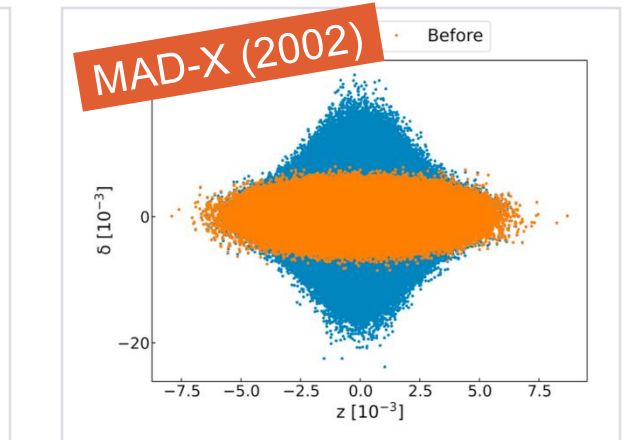
Impedances



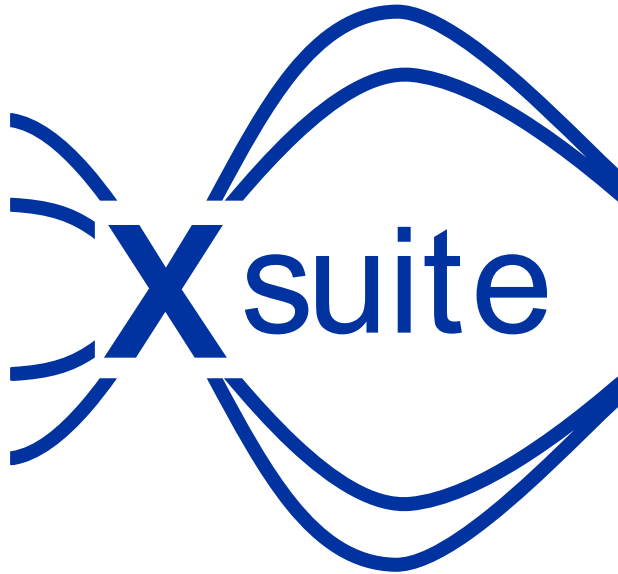
Beam-Beam Effects



Space Charge



Intra-Beam Scattering



Requirements:

- One toolkit for many applications: from **low-energy hadron rings** to **high-energy lepton colliders**.
- **Heterogeneous simulations** made natural, as opposed to having to deal with ad-hoc scripts or model translations between tools.
- **Extendable by default**, while legacy tools are much harder to extend. They weren't designed for that. Lack of expertise to do so anymore.
- **Modern user-interface**: Python, with its ecosystem of scientific computing tools. No need to maintain own plotting tools, or scripting languages anymore – saves effort, less complexity.
- **GPU support built-in**, in addition to single- and **multi-threaded CPU**.

Xsuite project launched in 2021 to address issues arising from the fragmented landscape, using the know-how acquired in development of the earlier tools.

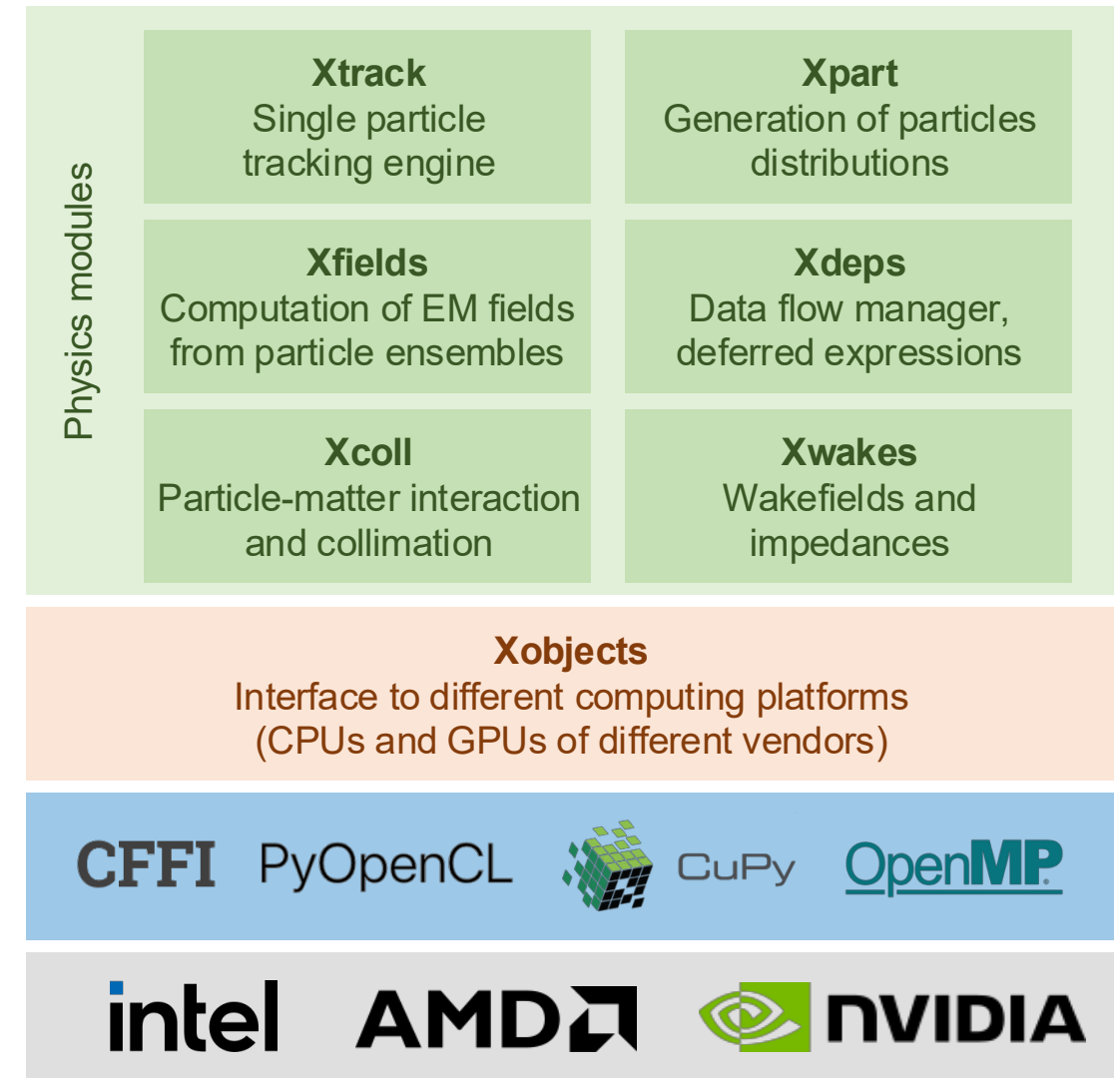
Goals: 1st class Python, 1st class collective, 1st class GPU.

References for a full list of features:

- Documentation: xsuite.web.cern.ch.
- [*“Xsuite: a multiplatform toolbox for optics design, fast tracking, collimation and collective effects,” ICAP’24.*](#)
- [*“Xsuite: a multiplatform Python toolkit for beam dynamics,” ATS Seminar \(2025\).*](#)
- [*“Empowering a broad and diverse community in beam dynamics simulations with Xsuite.” IPAC’25.*](#)

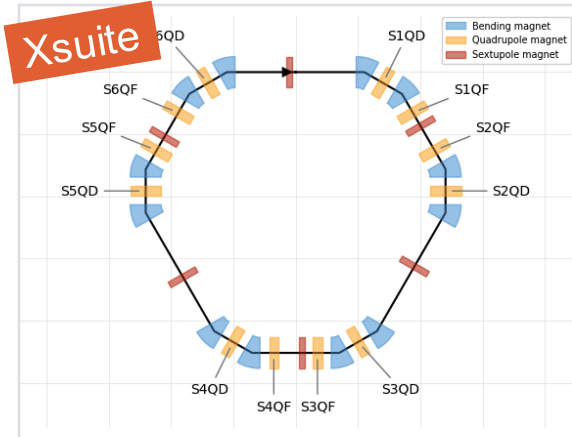
Development approach

- **Orthogonal architecture:** split the software into independent functional blocks at all levels.
 - ⇒ Well-defined, cleaner interfaces
 - ⇒ Lower codebase complexity
 - ⇒ Better scaling, easier to understand
 - ⇒ Lower learning curve for users & developers
 - ⇒ Users can (and do!) become developers.
- **Agile development:**
 - From the beginning big effort to support users: **user feedback and involvement** visibly increases the quality of the package.
 - Thanks to investment in **continuous testing**, we can afford a **fast release cycle** with new versions coming out multiple times a month, incorporating modifications/extensions based on user feedback.

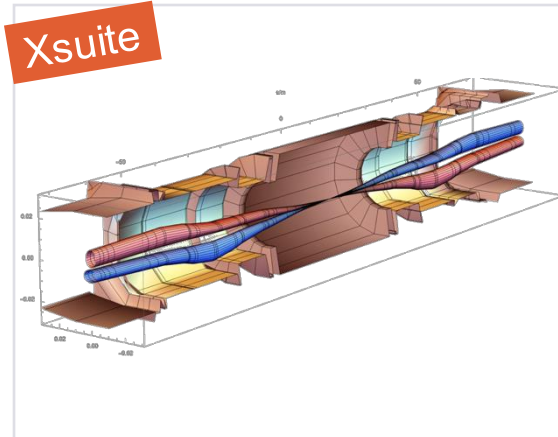


Adoption

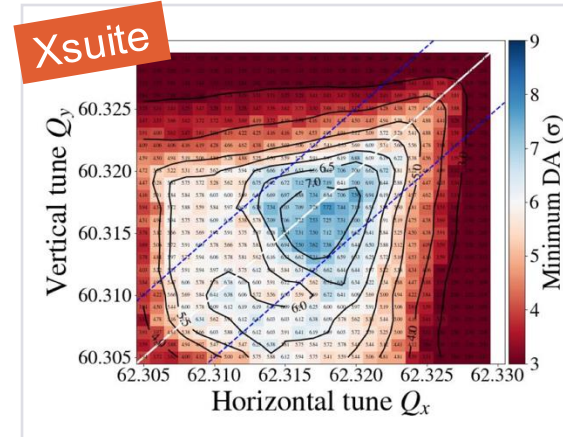
By now Xsuite became a **production tool** for many beam dynamics studies, allowing development discontinuation for many legacy tools.



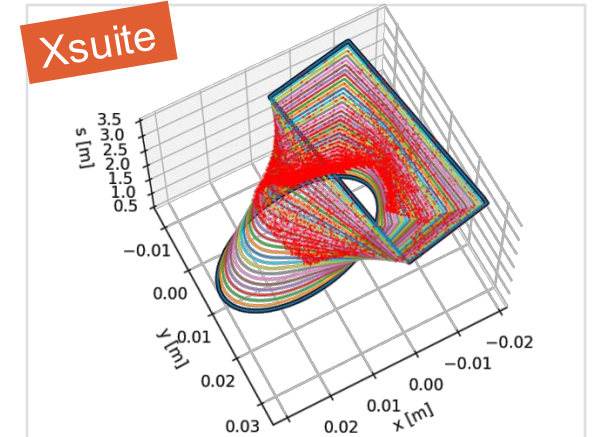
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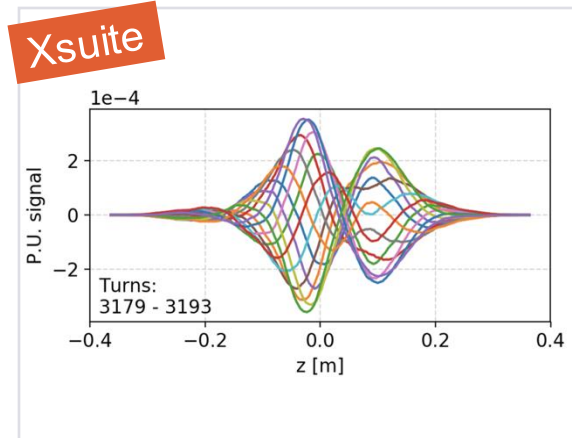
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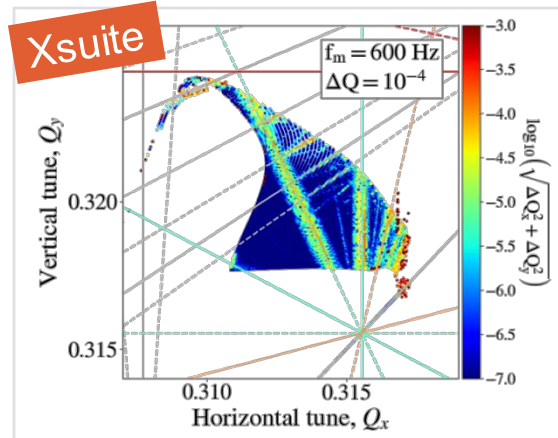
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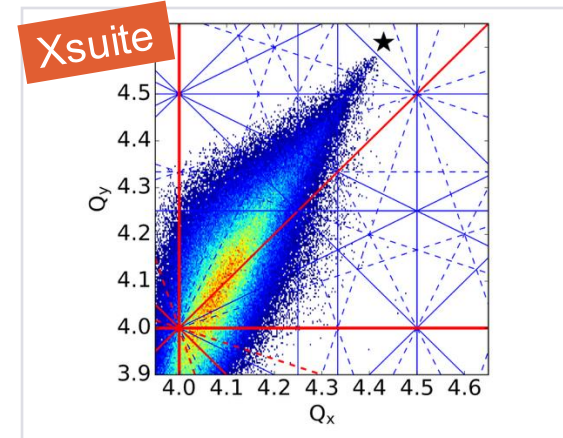
Collimation



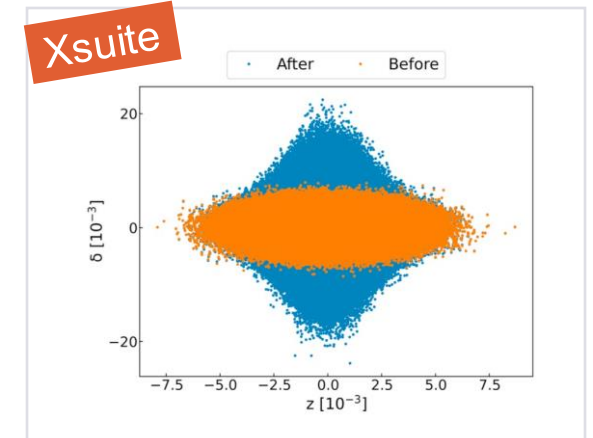
Impedances



Beam-Beam Effects



Space Charge



Intra-Beam Scattering

Lively user base

Users' and developers' response well beyond our expectations!

>30 contributors
>150 active users worldwide
>10% of all IPAC25 proceedings mention Xsuite
Accelerator schools (USPAS, CAS, JUAS) now use Xsuite in tutorials.

A lively community providing mutual support, advice, and lots of feedback to developers!

CERN

- AD
- ELENA
- LEIR
- PSB
- PS
- SPS, TI2, TI8
- LHC
- FCC-ee, FCC-hh
- Muon Collider

Fermilab

- Main injector
- Recycler
- Booster
- IOTA

GSI

- SIS-18
- SIS-100

BNL

- RHIC
- Booster
- EIC

J-PARC

- Main Ring
- KEK
- SuperKEKB

Medical facilities

- HIT (Heidelberg)
- MEDAUSTRON
- PIMMS
- NIMMS

Light sources/damping rings:

- PETRA
- DESY injector ring
- ELETTRA
- BESSY III
- PSI SLS 2.0
- Canadian Light Source
- CLIC-DR

and more...

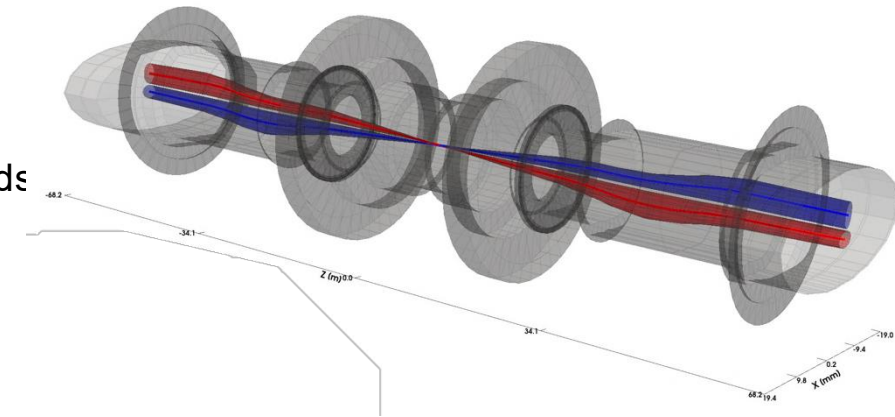
Xsuite capabilities overview

- Lattice design, optics design and calculation
- Field imperfections and misalignments
- Fringe fields, combined function-magnets, solenoids with overlapping multipolar fields
- Orbit and trajectory correction
- MAD-NG interface: compute **non-linear maps**, **normal forms**, **RDTs**
- RF-Track interface: track through **field maps**

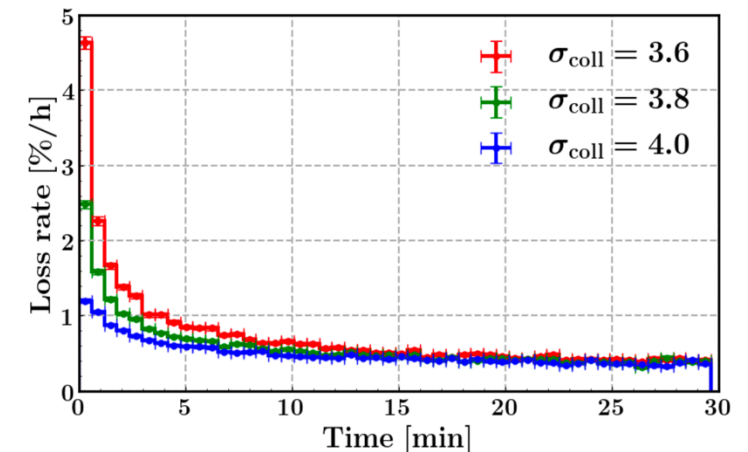
- **Particle-matter interaction** (internal Everest engine + interfaces to FLUKA & GEANT4)
- **Synchrotron Radiation**: mean & stochastic models
- **Spin tracking and polarisation estimates**

- **Space charge**: frozen and self-consistent PIC
- **Wakefields**: di- and quadrupolar, single- & multi bunch, multi-turn effects
- **Beam-beam effects**: weak- & strong-strong, analytic or PIC (new!), Beamstrahlung, Bhabha scattering
- **Intra-Beam Scattering**

LHC Beam Envelopes at IP1 (Atlas) (3σ , $\beta^*=30\text{cm}$)

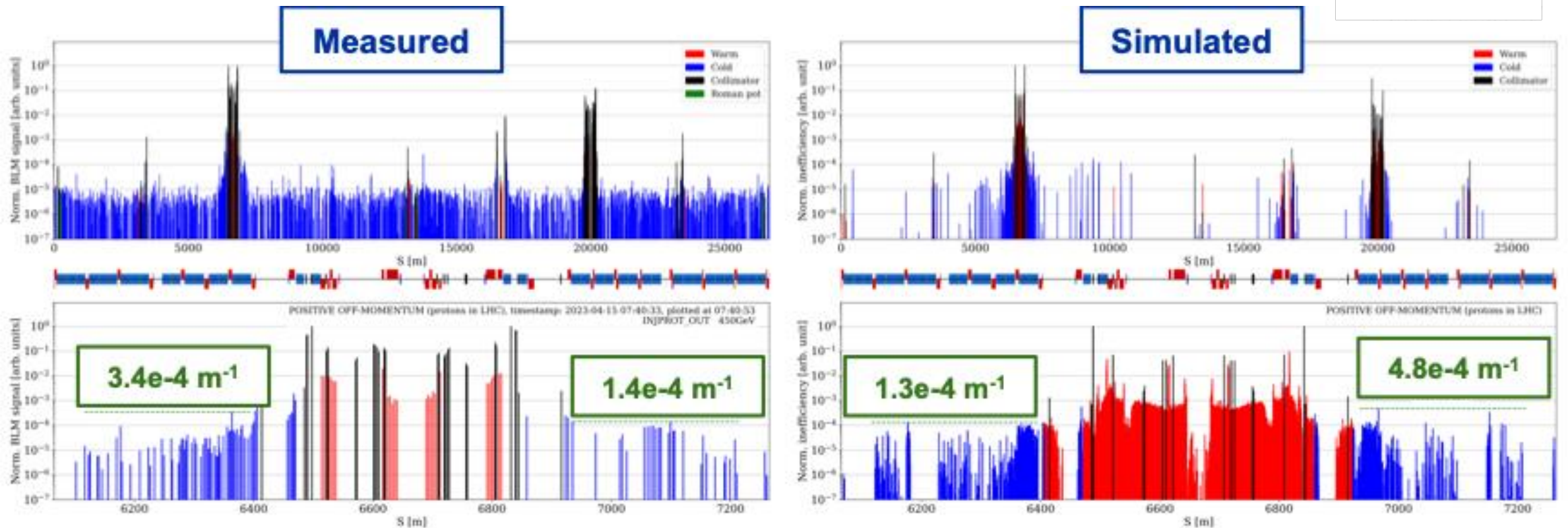


Element-by-element simulation of the full LHC for 20 M turns:
under 3 days simulation time on GPUs



Example: Off-momentum loss map in the LHC

- **Loss maps** are performed regularly in the LHC to assess **the efficiency of the collimation system**
- **Off-momentum** loss maps are a special type, where the frequency of the RF cavities is swept
- Outcome is a **longitudinal distribution of losses** along the ring
- The simulation needs to **combine many things**: particle tracking through the lattice, while the RF frequency is **dynamically adapted**, taking care of **particle-matter interactions** whenever a particle hits a collimator



Demo 1 – Lattice Design

In addition to being feature-complete, Xsuite's major benefit is its user-friendly interface.

To showcase this, we have prepared a set of demos.

These demo files are adapted from https://github.com/xsuite/tutorial_cern_seminar and are based on the PIMMS lattice (see [CERN-PS-99-010-DI](#)).



▼ Lattice design with Xsuite



We will use as example the PIMM lattice developed by the TERA collaboration for proton and ion therapy ([CERN/PS 99-010](#)) and implemented in the CNAO and MEDAUSTRON synchrotrons.

```
[ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import xtrack as xt
import numpy as np
```

Build Xsuite environment and define a reference particle

```
[ ]: env = xt.Environment()
env.particle_ref = xt.Particles(kinetic_energy0=200e6)
env.vars.default_to_zero = True # Undefined variables in env are automatically
                                # set to zero.
```

Define elements

```
[ ]: # Element geometry
n_bends = 16
env['ang_mb'] = 2 * np.pi / n_bends
env['l_mb'] = 1.65
env['l_mq'] = 0.35

env.new('mb', xt.RBend, length='l_mb', angle='ang_mb', k0_from_h=True)
env.new('mq', xt.Quadrupole, length='l_mq');
```

```
[ ]: # Quadrupole families with different strengths
env.new('qfa', 'mq', k1='kqfa')
env.new('qfb', 'mq', k1='kqfb')
env.new('qd', 'mq', k1='kqd');
```



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Define elements

```
[3]: # Element geometry
n_bends = 16
env['ang_mb'] = 2 * np.pi / n_bends
env['l_mb'] = 1.65
env['l_mq'] = 0.35

env.new('mb', xt.RBend, length='l_mb', angle='ang_mb', k0_from_h=True)
env.new('mq', xt.Quadrupole, length='l_mq');
```

```
[ ]: # Quadrupole families with different strengths
env.new('qfa', 'mq', k1='kqfa')
env.new('qfb', 'mq', k1='kqfb')
env.new('qd', 'mq', k1='kqd');
```

Build lattice cells

```
[ ]: cell_a = env.new_line(length=7.405, components=[
    env.place('qfa', at=0.3875),
    env.place('mb', at=1.8125),
    env.place('qd', at=3.2925),
    env.place('mb', at=5.0475),
    env.place('qfa', at=6.3275),
])
cell_a.survey().plot()
```

```
[ ]: cell_b = env.new_line(name='cell_b', length=8.405, components=[
    env.place('qfb', at=1.2725),
    env.place('mb', at=2.7275),
    env.place('qd', at=4.8575),
    env.place('mb', at=6.5125),
    env.place('qfb', at=7.7925),
])
cell_b.survey().plot()
```

Build an arc

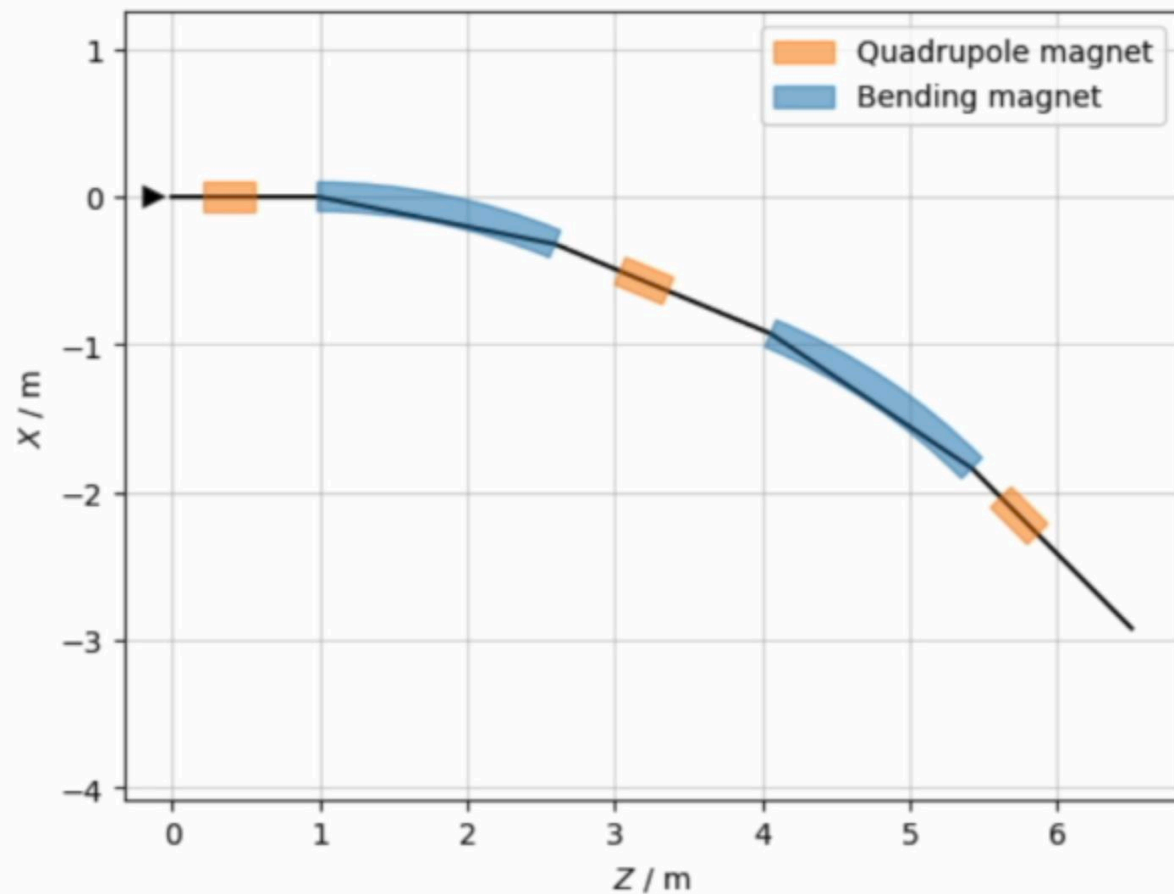
```
[ ]: # Concatenate the two cells
arc = cell_a + cell_b
arc.survey().plot()
```

Build straight sections

```
[ ]: long_straight = env.new_line(length=2., components=[
    env.new('mid.lss', xt.Marker, at=1.)
])
short_straight = env.new_line(length=1., components=[
    env.new('mid.sss', xt.Marker, at=0.5)
])
```

Build lattice cells

```
[5]: cell_a = env.new_line(length=7.405, components=[
    env.place('qfa', at=0.3875),
    env.place('mb', at=1.8125),
    env.place('qd', at=3.2925),
    env.place('mb', at=5.0475),
    env.place('qfa', at=6.3275),
])
cell_a.survey().plot()
```



```
[ ]: cell_b = env.new_line(name='cell_b', length=8.405, components=[
    env.place('qfb', at=1.2725)
```



```
[ ]: cell_b = env.new_line(name='cell_b', length=8.405, components=[
    env.place('qfb', at=1.2725),
    env.place('mb', at= 2.7275),
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    env.place('mb', at=6.5125),
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])
cell_b.survey().plot()
```

Build an arc

```
[ ]: # Concatenate the two cells
arc = cell_a + cell_b
arc.survey().plot()
```

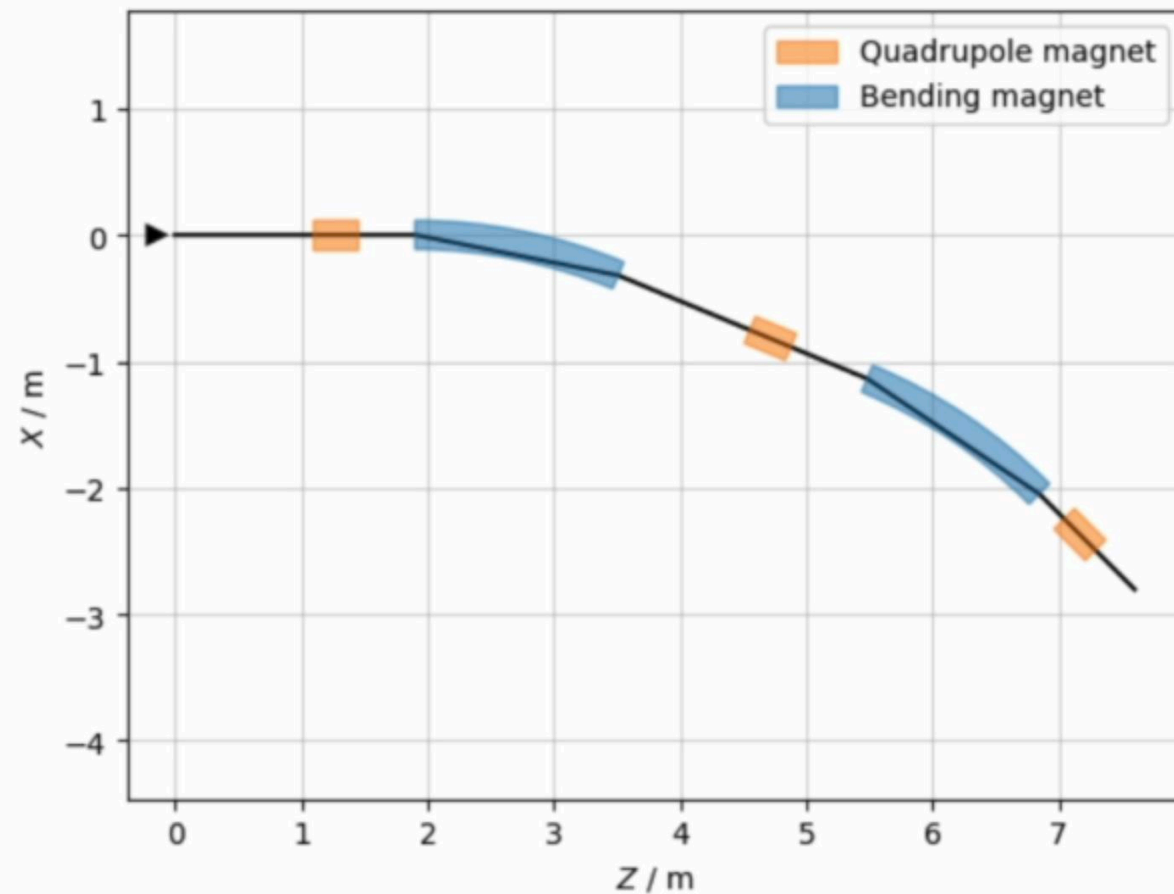
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])
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    env.new('mid.sss', xt.Marker, at=0.5)
])
```

Assemble the ring

```
[ ]: half_ring = (
    long_straight
    + arc
    + short_straight
    - arc # mirror symmetric lattice
)
half_ring.survey().plot()
```

```
[6]: cell_b = env.new_line(name='cell_b', length=8.405, components=[
    env.place('qfb', at=1.2725),
    env.place('mb', at= 2.7275),
    env.place('qd', at=4.8575),
    env.place('mb', at=6.5125),
    env.place('qfb', at=7.7925),
])
cell_b.survey().plot()
```



Build an arc

```
[ ]: # Concatenate the two cells
arc = cell_a + cell_b
arc.survey().plot()
```



Build straight sections

```
[ ]: long_straight = env.new_line(length=2., components=[
    env.new('mid.lss', xt.Marker, at=1.)
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short_straight = env.new_line(length=1., components=[
    env.new('mid.sss', xt.Marker, at=0.5)
])
```

Assemble the ring

```
[ ]: half_ring = (
    long_straight
    + arc
    + short_straight
    - arc # mirror symmetric lattice
)
half_ring.survey().plot()
```

```
[ ]: ring = 2 * half_ring
ring.survey().plot()
```

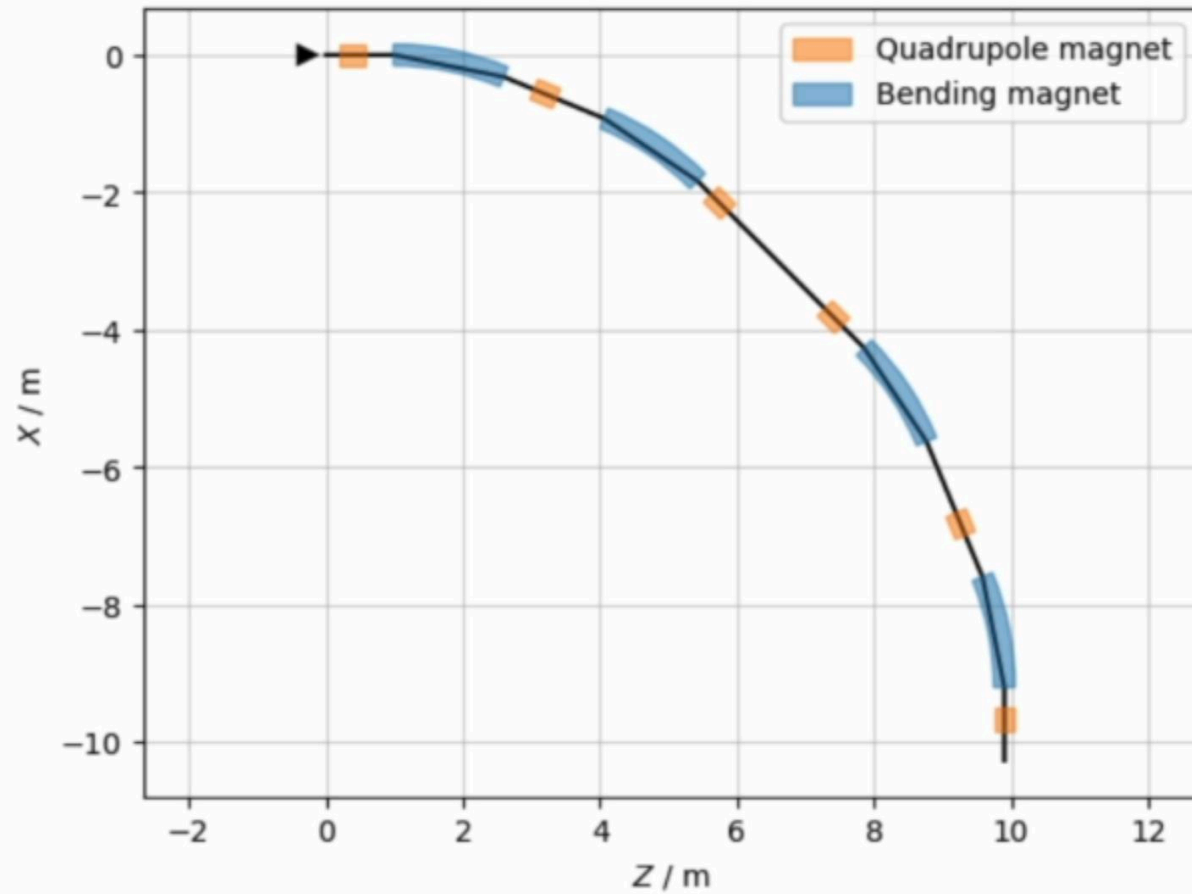
Replace repeated elements

```
[ ]: ring.replace_all_repeated_elements() # give all elements unique names
```



Build an arc

```
[7]: # Concatenate the two cells  
arc = cell_a + cell_b  
arc.survey().plot()
```

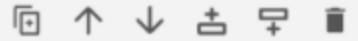


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Build straight sections

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])
```



Assemble the ring

```
[ ]: half_ring = (
    long_straight
    + arc
    + short_straight
    - arc # mirror symmetric lattice
)
half_ring.survey().plot()
```

```
[ ]: ring = 2 * half_ring
ring.survey().plot()
```

Replace repeated elements

```
[ ]: ring.replace_all_repeated_elements() # give all elements unique names
```

Inspect beamline table

```
[ ]: tt = ring.get_table()
tt.cols['element_type s_start s_center s_end']
```

```
[ ]: # Inspect all quadrupoles
tt.quad = tt.rows[tt.element_type=='Quadrupole']
```



Build straight sections

```
[8]: long_straight = env.new_line(length=2., components=[
      env.new('mid.lss', xt.Marker, at=1.)
    ])
short_straight = env.new_line(length=1., components=[
      env.new('mid.sss', xt.Marker, at=0.5)
    ])
```

Assemble the ring

```
[ ]: half_ring = (
      long_straight
      + arc
      + short_straight
      - arc # mirror symmetric lattice
    )
half_ring.survey().plot()
```

```
[ ]: ring = 2 * half_ring
ring.survey().plot()
```

Replace repeated elements

```
[ ]: ring.replace_all_repeated_elements() # give all elements unique names
```

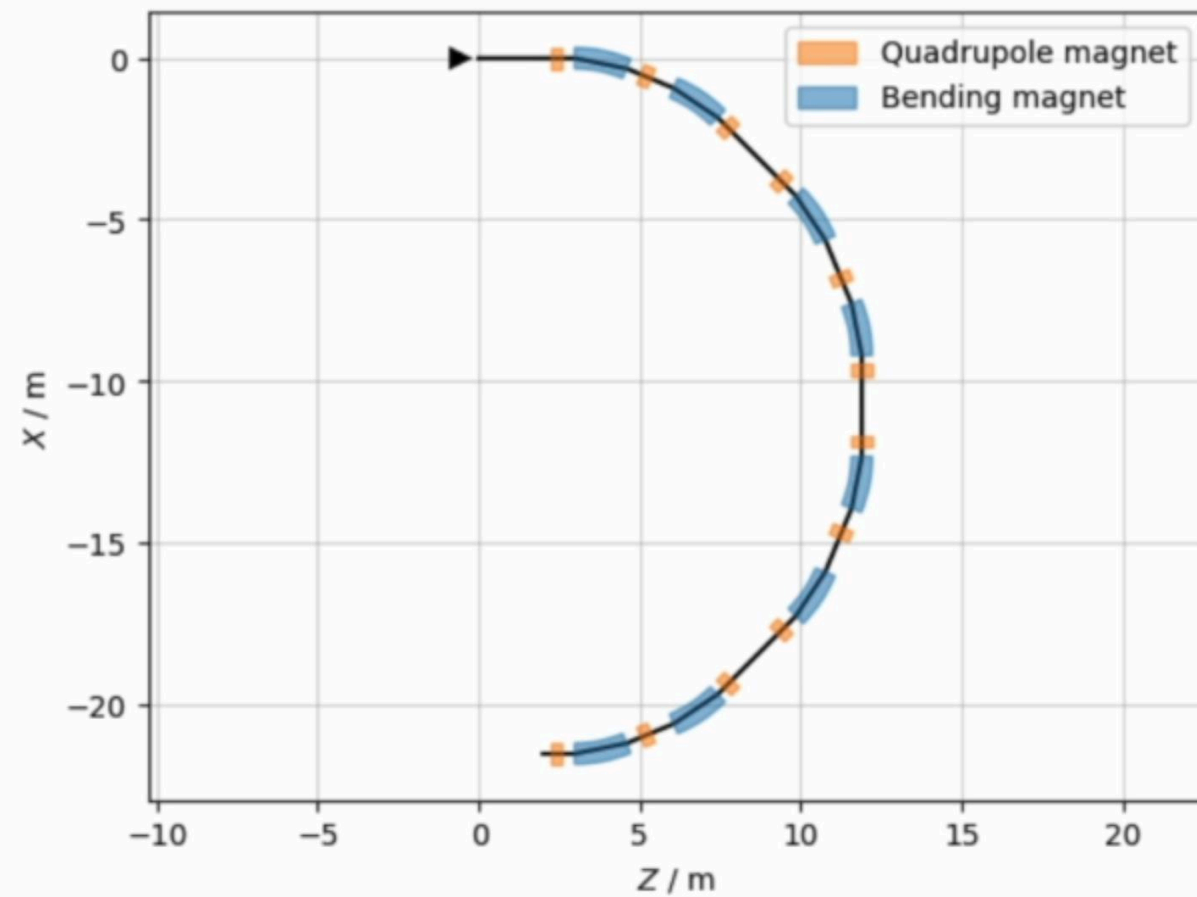
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```



```
)  
half_ring.survey().plot()
```



```
[ ]: ring = 2 * half_ring  
ring.survey().plot()
```



Replace repeated elements

```
[ ]: ring.replace_all_repeated_elements() # give all elements unique names
```

Inspect beamline table



```
[ ]: ring = 2 * half_ring
ring.survey().plot()
```



Replace repeated elements

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[ ]: ring.replace_all_repeated_elements() # give all elements unique names
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Inspect beamline table

```
[ ]: tt = ring.get_table()
tt.cols['element_type s_start s_center s_end']
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```
[ ]: # Inspect all quadrupoles
tt_quad = tt.rows[tt.element_type=='Quadrupole']
tt_quad.cols['s_start s_center s_end']
```

```
[ ]: # Tag all quadrupoles in survey plot
sv = ring.survey()
sv.plot(labels=tt_quad.name);
```

Define and install sextupoles

```
[ ]: # Magnet type
env.new('ms', xt.Sextupole, length=0.2)
```

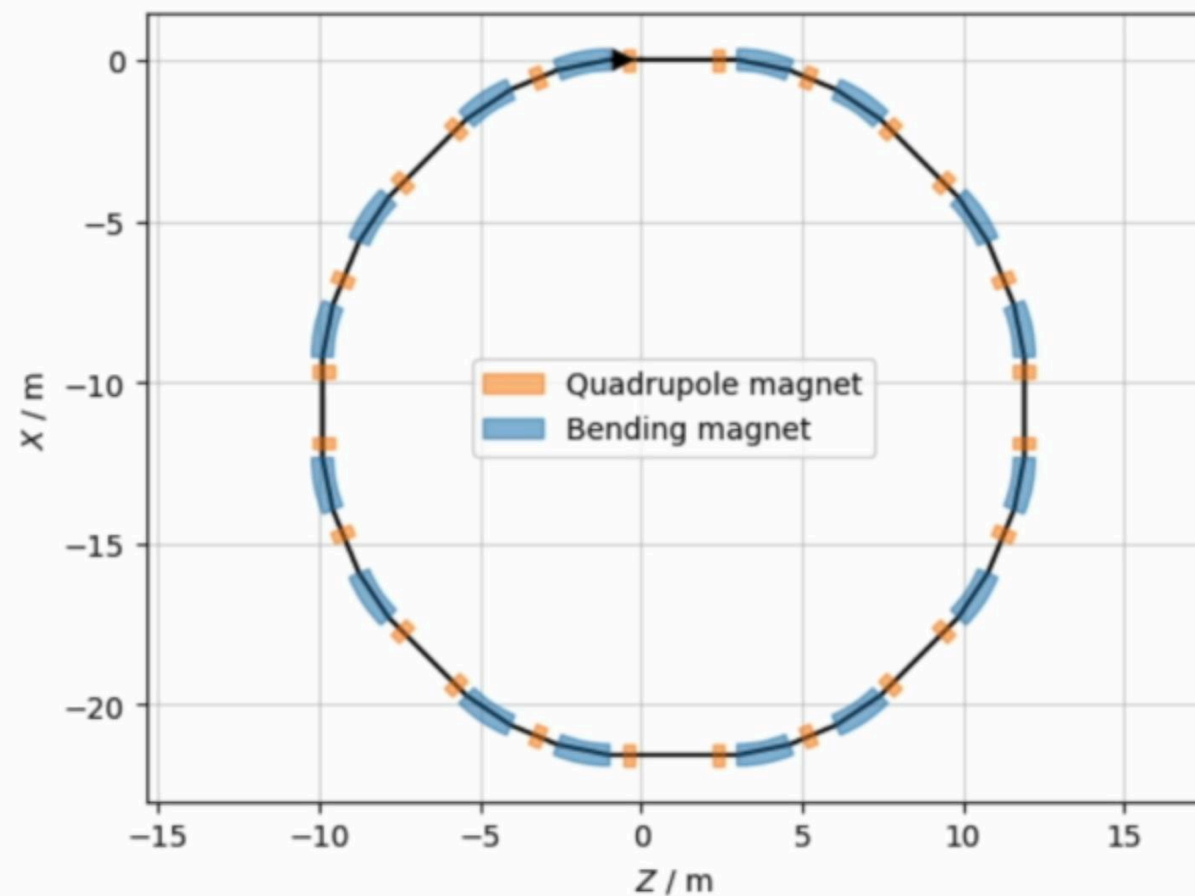
Magnet instances

```
env.new('msf.1', 'ms', k2='ksf')
env.new('msf.2', 'ms', k2='ksf')
env.new('msd.1', 'ms', k2='ksd')
env.new('msd.2', 'ms', k2='ksd')
env.new('mse', 'ms', k2='kse');
```

```
[ ]: ring.insert([
    env.place('msf.1', at=-0.2, from='afb.0@start'),
```



```
[10]: ring = 2 * half_ring  
ring.survey().plot()
```



▼ Replace repeated elements

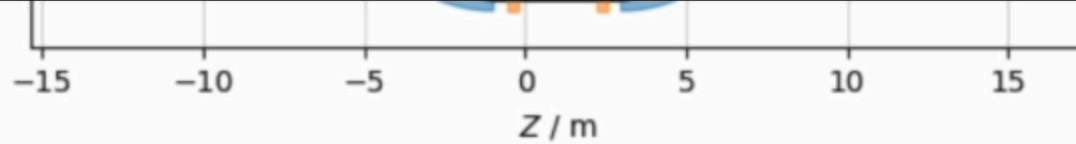


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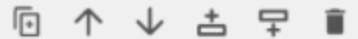
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```

```
[ ]: # Inspect all quadrupoles
tt_quad = tt.rows[tt.element_type=='Quadrupole']
tt_quad.cols['s_start s_center s_end']
```

```
[ ]: # Tag all quadrupoles in survey plot
sv = ring.survey()
sv.plot(labels=tt_quad.name);
```

Define and install sextupoles

```
[ ]: # Magnet type
env.new('ms', xt.Sextupole, length=0.2)

# Magnet instances
env.new('msf.1', 'ms', k2='ksf')
env.new('msf.2', 'ms', k2='ksf')
env.new('msd.1', 'ms', k2='ksd')
env.new('msd.2', 'ms', k2='ksd')
env.new('mse', 'ms', k2='kse');
```



```
[11]: ring.replace_all_repeated_elements() # give all elements unique names
```

Inspect beamline table

```
[ ]: tt = ring.get_table()  
tt.cols['element_type s_start s_center s_end']
```

```
[ ]: # Inspect all quadrupoles  
tt_quad = tt.rows[tt.element_type=='Quadrupole']  
tt_quad.cols['s_start s_center s_end']
```

```
[ ]: # Tag all quadrupoles in survey plot  
sv = ring.survey()  
sv.plot(labels=tt_quad.name);
```

Define and install sextupoles

```
[ ]: # Magnet type  
env.new('ms', xt.Sextupole, length=0.2)
```

Magnet instances

```
env.new('msf.1', 'ms', k2='ksf')  
env.new('msf.2', 'ms', k2='ksf')  
env.new('msd.1', 'ms', k2='ksd')  
env.new('msd.2', 'ms', k2='ksd')  
env.new('mse', 'ms', k2='kse');
```

```
[ ]: ring.insert([  
    env.place('msf.1', at=-0.2, from_='qfb.0@start'),  
    env.place('msf.2', at=-0.2, from_='qfb.4@start'),  
    env.place('msd.1', at=0.3, from_='qd.2@end'),  
    env.place('msd.2', at=0.3, from_='qd.6@end'),  
    env.place('mse', at=-0.3, from_='qfa.4@start')  
])
```

```
[11]: ring.replace_all_repeated_elements() # give all elements unique names
```

Inspect beamline table

```
[*]: tt = ring.get_table()  
tt.cols['element_type s_start s_center s_end']
```

```
[ ]: # Inspect all quadrupoles  
tt_quad = tt.rows[tt.element_type=='Quadrupole']  
tt_quad.cols['s_start s_center s_end']
```

```
[ ]: # Tag all quadrupoles in survey plot  
sv = ring.survey()  
sv.plot(labels=tt_quad.name);
```

Define and install sextupoles

```
[ ]: # Magnet type  
env.new('ms', xt.Sextupole, length=0.2)
```

Magnet instances

```
env.new('msf.1', 'ms', k2='ksf')  
env.new('msf.2', 'ms', k2='ksf')  
env.new('msd.1', 'ms', k2='ksd')  
env.new('msd.2', 'ms', k2='ksd')  
env.new('mse', 'ms', k2='kse');
```

```
[ ]: ring.insert([  
    env.place('msf.1', at=-0.2, from_='qfb.0@start'),  
    env.place('msf.2', at=-0.2, from_='qfb.4@start'),  
    env.place('msd.1', at=0.3, from_='qd.2@end'),  
    env.place('msd.2', at=0.3, from_='qd.6@end'),  
    env.place('mse', at=-0.3, from_='qfa.4@start')  
])
```



```
[ ]: # Inspect all quadrupoles
tt_quad = tt.rows[tt.element_type=='Quadrupole']
tt_quad.cols['s_start s_center s_end']
```

```
[ ]: # Tag all quadrupoles in survey plot
sv = ring.survey()
sv.plot(labels=tt_quad.name);
```

Define and install sextupoles

```
[ ]: # Magnet type
env.new('ms', xt.Sextupole, length=0.2)
```

Magnet instances

```
env.new('msf.1', 'ms', k2='ksf')
env.new('msf.2', 'ms', k2='ksf')
env.new('msd.1', 'ms', k2='ksd')
env.new('msd.2', 'ms', k2='ksd')
env.new('mse', 'ms', k2='kse');
```

```
[ ]: ring.insert([
    env.place('msf.1', at=-0.2, from_='qfb.0@start'),
    env.place('msf.2', at=-0.2, from_='qfb.4@start'),
    env.place('msd.1', at=0.3, from_='qd.2@end'),
    env.place('msd.2', at=0.3, from_='qd.6@end'),
    env.place('mse', at=-0.3, from_='qfa.4@start')
])
```

```
[ ]: # Inspect sextupoles in the survey
sv = ring.survey()
sv.plot(labels=['msf.1', 'msf.2', 'msd.1', 'msd.2', 'mse'])
```

Inspect circuit structure

```
[13]: # Inspect all quadrupoles
tt_quad = tt.rows[tt.element_type=='Quadrupole']
tt_quad.cols['s_start s_center s_end']
```

[13]: Table: 24 rows, 4 cols

name	s_start	s_center	s_end
qfa.0	2.2125	2.3875	2.5625
qd.0	5.1175	5.2925	5.4675
qfa.1	8.1525	8.3275	8.5025
qfb.0	10.5025	10.6775	10.8525
qd.1	14.0875	14.2625	14.4375
qfb.1	17.0225	17.1975	17.3725
qfb.2	19.2475	19.4225	19.5975
qd.2	22.1825	22.3575	22.5325
qfb.3	25.7675	25.9425	26.1175
qfa.2	28.1175	28.2925	28.4675
qd.3	31.1525	31.3275	31.5025
qfa.3	34.0575	34.2325	34.4075
qfa.4	36.8325	37.0075	37.1825
qd.4	39.7375	39.9125	40.0875
qfa.5	42.7725	42.9475	43.1225
qfb.4	45.1225	45.2975	45.4725
qd.5	48.7075	48.8825	49.0575
qfb.5	51.6425	51.8175	51.9925
qfb.6	53.8675	54.0425	54.2175
qd.6	56.8025	56.9775	57.1525
qfb.7	60.3875	60.5625	60.7375
qfa.6	62.7375	62.9125	63.0875
qd.7	65.7725	65.9475	66.1225
qfa.7	68.6775	68.8525	69.0275

```
[ ]: # Tag all quadrupoles in survey plot
sv = ring.survey()
sv.plot(labels=tt_quad.name);
```

Define and install sextupoles

```
[ ]: # Tag all quadrupoles in survey plot
sv = ring.survey()
sv.plot(labels=tt_quad.name);
```



Define and install sextupoles

```
[ ]: # Magnet type
env.new('ms', xt.Sextupole, length=0.2)
```

Magnet instances

```
env.new('msf.1', 'ms', k2='ksf')
env.new('msf.2', 'ms', k2='ksf')
env.new('msd.1', 'ms', k2='ksd')
env.new('msd.2', 'ms', k2='ksd')
env.new('mse', 'ms', k2='kse');
```

```
[ ]: ring.insert([
    env.place('msf.1', at=-0.2, from_='qfb.0@start'),
    env.place('msf.2', at=-0.2, from_='qfb.4@start'),
    env.place('msd.1', at=0.3, from_='qd.2@end'),
    env.place('msd.2', at=0.3, from_='qd.6@end'),
    env.place('mse', at=-0.3, from_='qfa.4@start')
])
```

```
[ ]: # Inspect sextupoles in the survey
sv = ring.survey()
sv.plot(labels=['msf.1', 'msf.2', 'msd.1', 'msd.2', 'mse'])
```

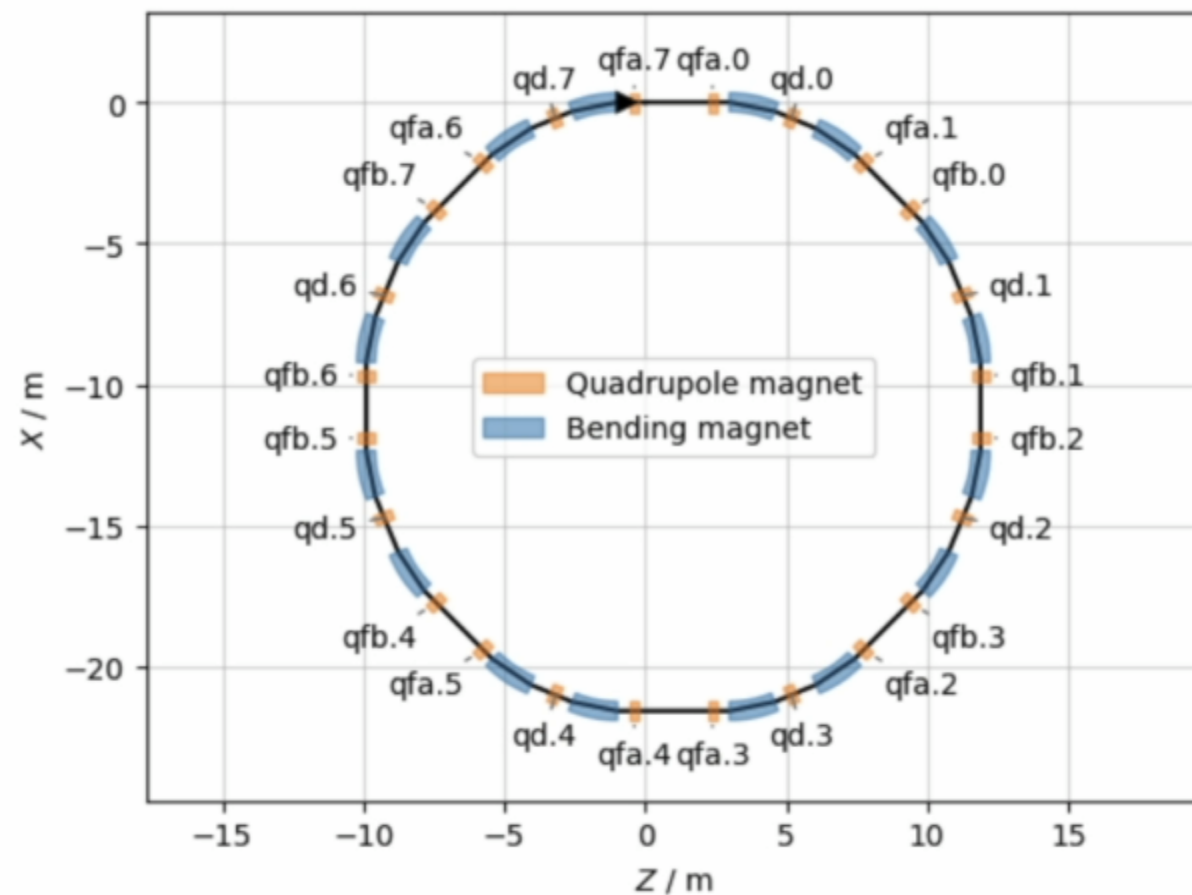
Inspect circuit structure

```
[ ]: # Entities controlled by one knob
env.info('ksf')
```



qfa.7 68.6775 68.8525 69.0275

```
[14]: # Tag all quadrupoles in survey plot
sv = ring.survey()
sv.plot(labels=tt_quad.name);
```



Define and install sextupoles

```
[ ]: # Magnet type
env.new('ms', xt.Sextupole, length=0.2)
```

```
# Magnet instances
```


Define and install sextupoles

```
[ ]: # Magnet type
env.new('ms', xt.Sextupole, length=0.2)
```

```
# Magnet instances
```

```
env.new('msf.1', 'ms', k2='ksf')
env.new('msf.2', 'ms', k2='ksf')
env.new('msd.1', 'ms', k2='ksd')
env.new('msd.2', 'ms', k2='ksd')
env.new('mse', 'ms', k2='kse');
```

```
[ ]: ring.insert([
    env.place('msf.1', at=-0.2, from_='qfb.0@start'),
    env.place('msf.2', at=-0.2, from_='qfb.4@start'),
    env.place('msd.1', at=0.3, from_='qd.2@end'),
    env.place('msd.2', at=0.3, from_='qd.6@end'),
    env.place('mse', at=-0.3, from_='qfa.4@start')
])
```

```
[ ]: # Inspect sextupoles in the survey
sv = ring.survey()
sv.plot(labels=['msf.1', 'msf.2', 'msd.1', 'msd.2', 'mse'])
```

Inspect circuit structure

```
[ ]: # Entities controlled by one knob
env.info('ksf')
```

```
[ ]: # Inspect knob controlling one magnet
env.info('msf.1')
```

Install RF cavity

Define and install sextupoles

```
[15]: # Magnet type
env.new('ms', xt.Sextupole, length=0.2)
```

```
# Magnet instances
```

```
env.new('msf.1', 'ms', k2='ksf')
env.new('msf.2', 'ms', k2='ksf')
env.new('msd.1', 'ms', k2='ksd')
env.new('msd.2', 'ms', k2='ksd')
env.new('mse', 'ms', k2='kse');
```

```
[ ]: ring.insert([
    env.place('msf.1', at=-0.2, from_='qfb.0@start'),
    env.place('msf.2', at=-0.2, from_='qfb.4@start'),
    env.place('msd.1', at=0.3, from_='qd.2@end'),
    env.place('msd.2', at=0.3, from_='qd.6@end'),
    env.place('mse', at=-0.3, from_='qfa.4@start')
])
```

```
[ ]: # Inspect sextupoles in the survey
sv = ring.survey()
sv.plot(labels=['msf.1', 'msf.2', 'msd.1', 'msd.2', 'mse'])
```

Inspect circuit structure

```
[ ]: # Entities controlled by one knob
env.info('ksf')
```

```
[ ]: # Inspect knob controlling one magnet
env.info('msf.1')
```

Install RF cavity

Define and install sextupoles

```
[15]: # Magnet type
env.new('ms', xt.Sextupole, length=0.2)

# Magnet instances
env.new('msf.1', 'ms', k2='ksf')
env.new('msf.2', 'ms', k2='ksf')
env.new('msd.1', 'ms', k2='ksd')
env.new('msd.2', 'ms', k2='ksd')
env.new('mse', 'ms', k2='kse');

[16]: ring.insert([
    env.place('msf.1', at=-0.2, from_='qfb.0@start'),
    env.place('msf.2', at=-0.2, from_='qfb.4@start'),
    env.place('msd.1', at=0.3, from_='qd.2@end'),
    env.place('msd.2', at=0.3, from_='qd.6@end'),
    env.place('mse', at=-0.3, from_='qfa.4@start')
])
```

Slicing line: 100%  100/100 [00:00<00:00, 10277.64it/s]

```
[ ]: # Inspect sextupoles in the survey
sv = ring.survey()
sv.plot(labels=['msf.1', 'msf.2', 'msd.1', 'msd.2', 'mse'])
```



Inspect circuit structure

```
[ ]: # Entities controlled by one knob
env.info('ksf')

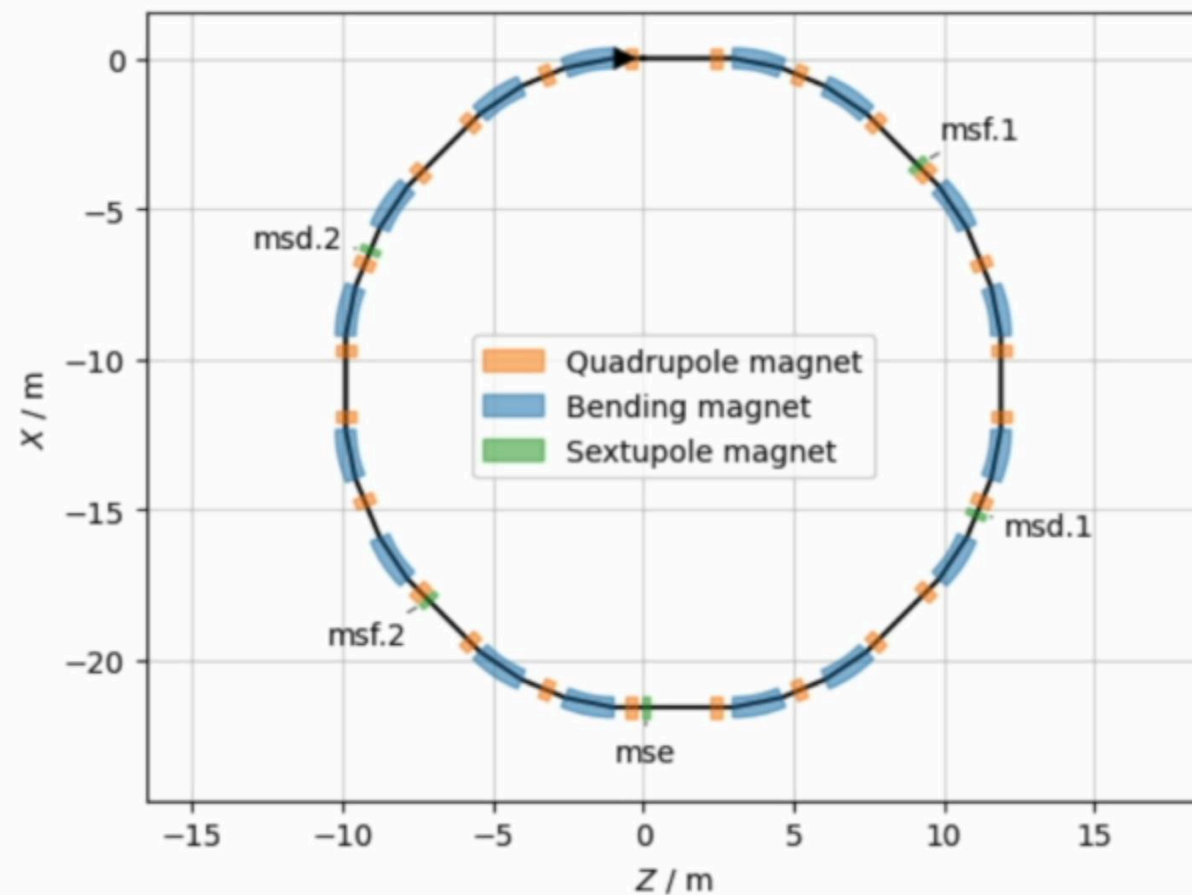
[ ]: # Inspect knob controlling one magnet
env.info('msf.1')
```



Slicing line: 100%

100/100 [00:00<00:00, 10277.64it/s]

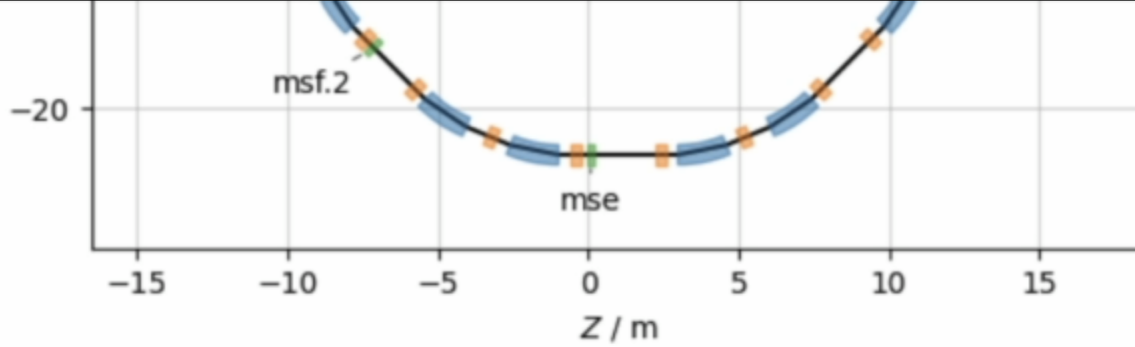
```
[17]: # Inspect sextupoles in the survey
sv = ring.survey()
sv.plot(labels=['msf.1', 'msf.2', 'msd.1', 'msd.2', 'mse'])
```



Inspect circuit structure



```
[ ]: # Entities controlled by one knob
env.info('ksf')
```



Inspect circuit structure

```
[ ]: # Entities controlled by one knob  
env.info('ksf')
```

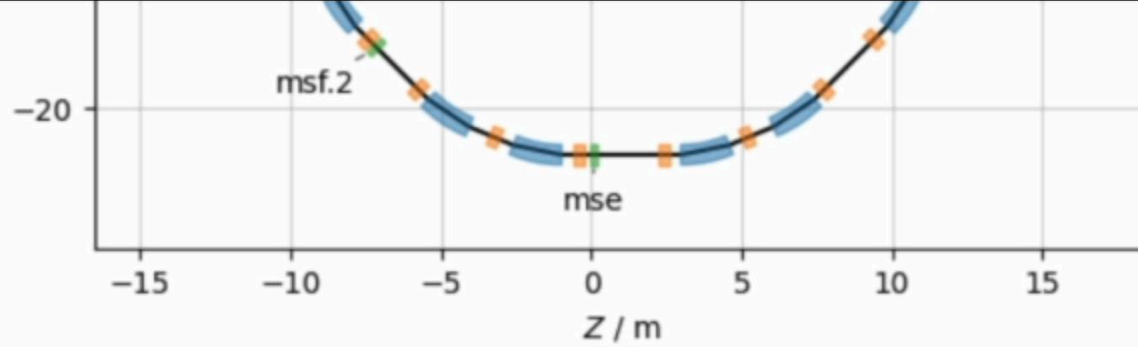
```
[ ]: # Inspect knob controlling one magnet  
env.info('msf.1')
```

Install RF cavity

```
[ ]: env.new('rf1', xt.Cavity, voltage='vrf', frequency='frf')  
ring.insert('rf1', at=0.5, from_='qfa.3@start')  
sv = ring.survey()  
sv.plot(labels=['rf1'])
```

Save lattice to json file

```
[ ]: env['ring'] = ring  
env.to_json('pimm.json')
```



Inspect circuit structure

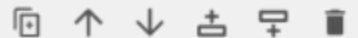
```
[18]: # Entities controlled by one knob
env.info('ksf')

# vars['ksf']._get_value()
# vars['ksf'] = 0.0

# vars['ksf']._expr is None

# vars['ksf']._find_dependant_targets()
# element_refs['msf.2'].k2
# element_refs['msf.1'].k2
```

```
[ ]: # Inspect knob controlling one magnet
env.info('msf.1')
```



Install RF cavity

```
[ ]: env.new('rf1', xt.Cavity, voltage='vrf', frequency='frf')
ring.insert('rf1', at=0.5, from_='qfa.3@start')
sv = ring.survey()
sv.plot(labels=['rf1'])
```




```
[18]: # Entities controlled by one knob
env.info('ksf')

# vars['ksf']._get_value()
# vars['ksf'] = 0.0

# vars['ksf']._expr is None

# vars['ksf']._find_dependant_targets()
# element_refs['msf.2'].k2
# element_refs['msf.1'].k2
```

```
[19]: # Inspect knob controlling one magnet
env.info('msf.1')
```

```
Element of type: Sextupole
name      value      expr
k2         0.0      vars['ksf']
k2s        0.0      None
length     0.2      None
order      5        None
inv_factorial_order 0.008333333333333333 None
knl        [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.] None
ksl        [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.] None
edge_entry_active 0      None
edge_exit_active  0      None
num_multipole_kicks 0      None
model      adaptive  None
integrator  adaptive  None
radiation_flag 0      None
delta_taper 0.0      None
_sin_rot_s  -999.0    None
_cos_rot_s  -999.0    None
_shift_x    0.0      None
_shift_y    0.0      None
_shift_s    0.0      None
_internal_record_id RecordIdentifier(buffer_id=np.int64(0), offset=np.int64(0)) None
```

name	value	exp
k2	0.0	vars['ksf']
k2s	0.0	None
length	0.2	None
order	5	None
inv_factorial_order	0.008333333333333333	None
kn1	[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]	None
ks1	[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]	None
edge_entry_active	0	None
edge_exit_active	0	None
num_multipole_kicks	0	None
model	adaptive	None
integrator	adaptive	None
radiation_flag	0	None
delta_taper	0.0	None
_sin_rot_s	-999.0	None
_cos_rot_s	-999.0	None
_shift_x	0.0	None
_shift_y	0.0	None
_shift_s	0.0	None
_internal_record_id	RecordIdentifier(buffer_id=np.int64(0), offset=np.int64(0))	None

Install RF cavity

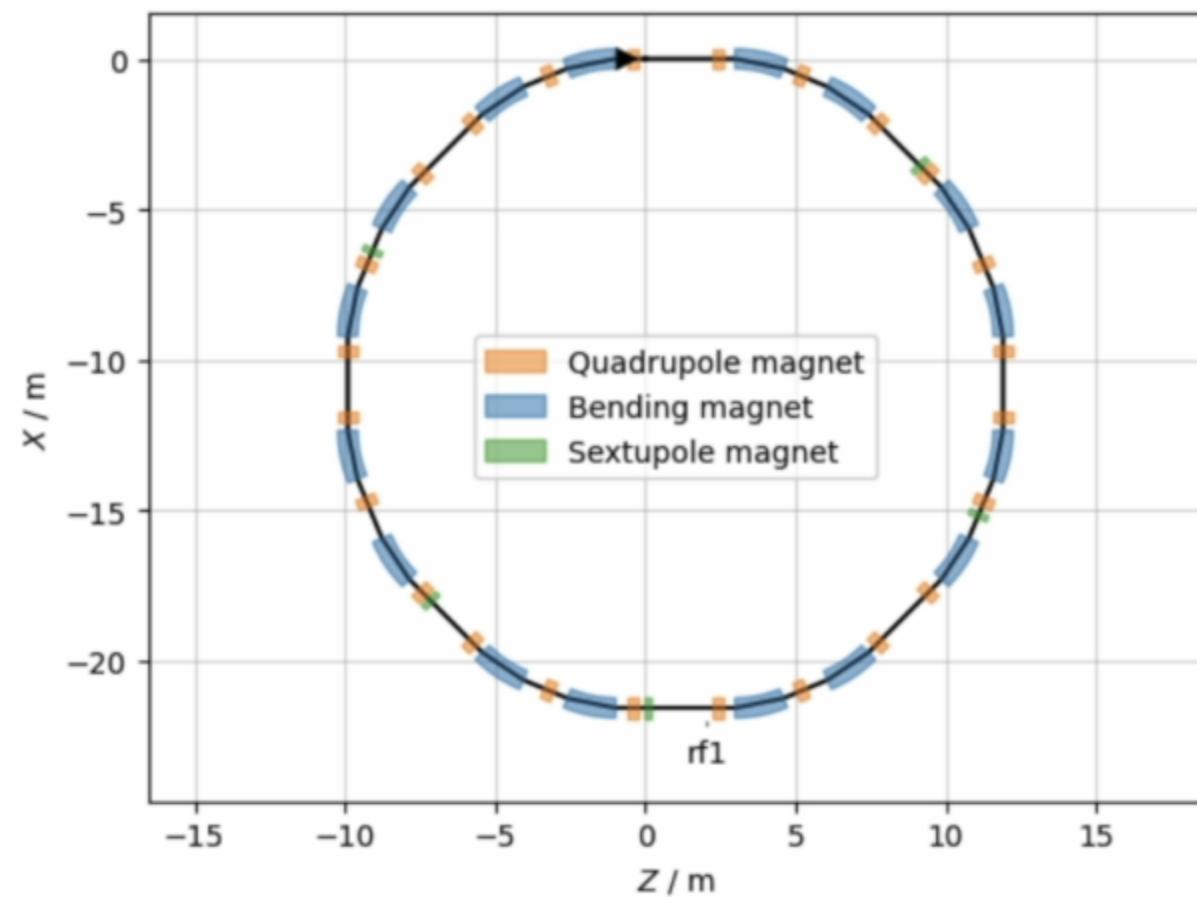
```
[ ]: env.new('rf1', xt.Cavity, voltage='vrf', frequency='frf')
ring.insert('rf1', at=0.5, from_='qfa.3@start')
sv = ring.survey()
sv.plot(labels=['rf1'])
```

Save lattice to json file

```
[ ]: env['ring'] = ring
env.to_json('pimm.json')
```

```
sv = ring.survey()  
sv.plot(labels=['rf1'])
```

Slicing line: 100% 109/109 [00:00<00:00, 16174.17it/s]



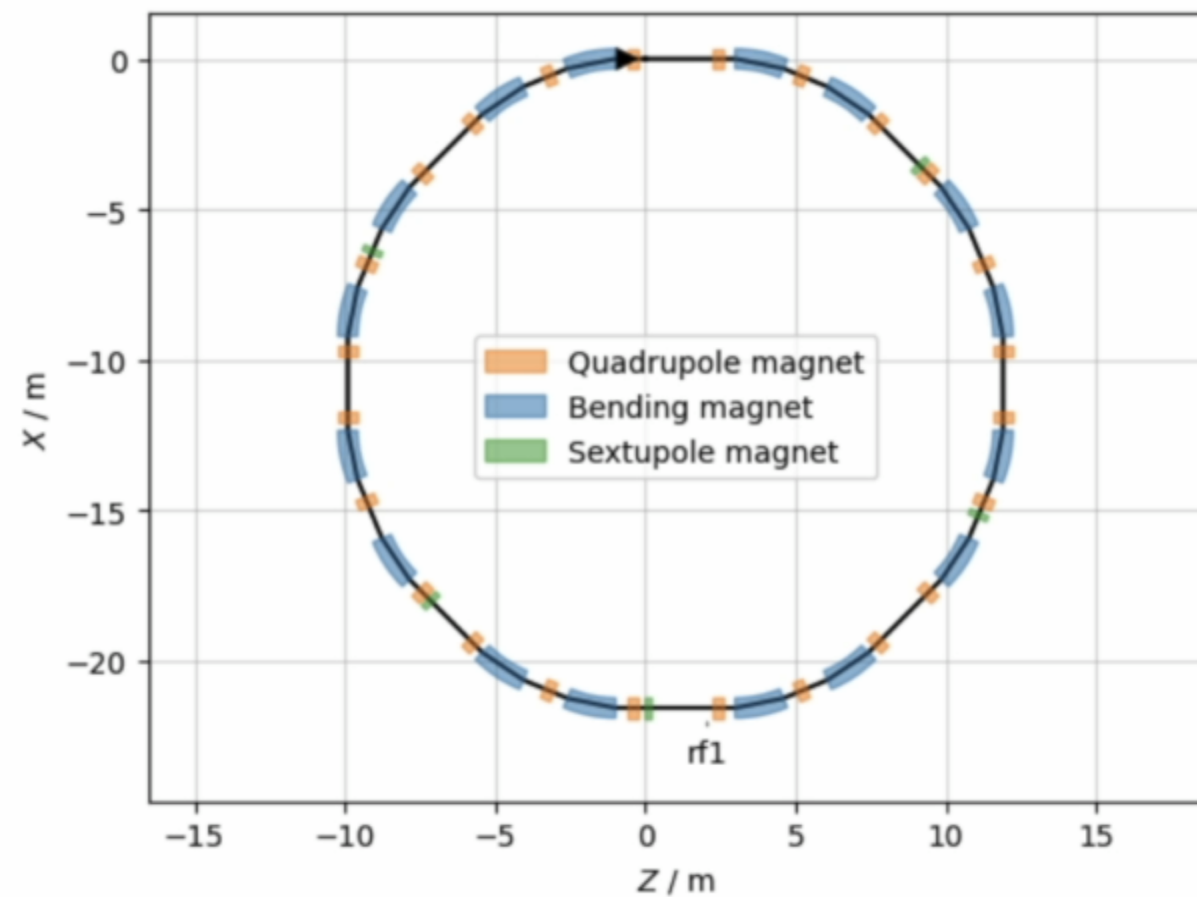
▼ Save lattice to json file



```
[ ]: env['ring'] = ring  
env.to_json('pimm.json')
```

```
sv = ring.survey()  
sv.plot(labels=['rf1'])
```

Slicing line: 100% 109/109 [00:00<00:00, 16174.17it/s]



Save lattice to json file

```
[21]: env['ring'] = ring  
env.to_json('pimm.json')
```

[]:

Demo 2 – Optics for slow extraction

These demo files are adapted from https://github.com/xsuite/tutorial_cern_seminar.



Optics matching & slow extraction



```
[ ]: import xtrack as xt
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Load model

```
[ ]: env = xt.Environment.from_json('./pimm.json')
ring = env['ring']
```

Set some initial strengths to get a first twiss

```
[ ]: env['kqfa'] = 0.1
env['kqfb'] = 0.1
env['kqd'] = -0.2

[ ]: tw = ring.twiss4d(compute_chromatic_properties=False)
tw.plot()
```

Match the tunes and dispersion in the straight sections

```
[ ]: opt_tune = ring.match(
    solve=False, # <- prepare the match without running it
    compute_chromatic_properties=False,
    method='4d',
    vary=[
        xt.Vary('kqfa', limits=(0, 10), step=1e-5),
        xt.Vary('kqfb', limits=(0, 10), step=1e-5),
        xt.Vary('kqd', limits=(-10, 0), step=1e-5),
    ],
```

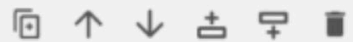


Optics matching & slow extraction

```
[1]: import xtrack as xt
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Load model

```
[ ]: env = xt.Environment.from_json('./pimm.json')
ring = env['ring']
```



Set some initial strengths to get a first twiss

```
[ ]: env['kqfa'] = 0.1
env['kqfb'] = 0.1
env['kqd'] = -0.2
```

```
[ ]: tw = ring.twiss4d(compute_chromatic_properties=False)
tw.plot()
```

Match the tunes and dispersion in the straight sections

```
[ ]: opt_tune = ring.match(
    solve=False, # <- prepare the match without running it
    compute_chromatic_properties=False,
    method='4d',
    vary=[
        xt.Vary('kqfa', limits=(0, 10), step=1e-5),
        xt.Vary('kqfb', limits=(0, 10), step=1e-5),
        xt.Vary('kqd', limits=(-10, 0), step=1e-5),
    ],
```



Optics matching & slow extraction

```
[1]: import xtrack as xt
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Load model

```
[2]: env = xt.Environment.from_json('./pimm.json')
     ring = env['ring']
```

```
Loading line from dict: 100% ██████████ 148/148 [00:00<00:00, 9707.67it/s]
Done loading line from dict.
```

Set some initial strengths to get a first twiss

```
[ ]: env['kqfa'] = 0.1
      env['kqfb'] = 0.1
      env['kqd'] = -0.2
```

```
[ ]: tw = ring.twiss4d(compute_chromatic_properties=False)
tw.plot()
```

Match the tunes and dispersion in the straight sections

```
[ ]: opt_tune = ring.match(  
    solve=False, # <- prepare the match without running it  
    compute_chromatic_properties=False,  
    method='4d',  
    vary=[  
        xt.Vary('kqfa', limits=(0, 10), step=1e-5),
```

Optics matching & slow extraction

```
[1]: import xtrack as xt
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Load model

```
[2]: env = xt.Environment.from_json('./pimm.json')
ring = env['ring']
```

Loading line from dict: 100%  148/148 [00:00<00:00, 9707.67it/s]
Done loading line from dict.

Set some initial strengths to get a first twiss

```
[3]: env['kqfa'] = 0.1
env['kqfb'] = 0.1
env['kqd'] = -0.2
```

```
[ ]: tw = ring.twiss4d(compute_chromatic_properties=False)
tw.plot()
```



Match the tunes and dispersion in the straight sections

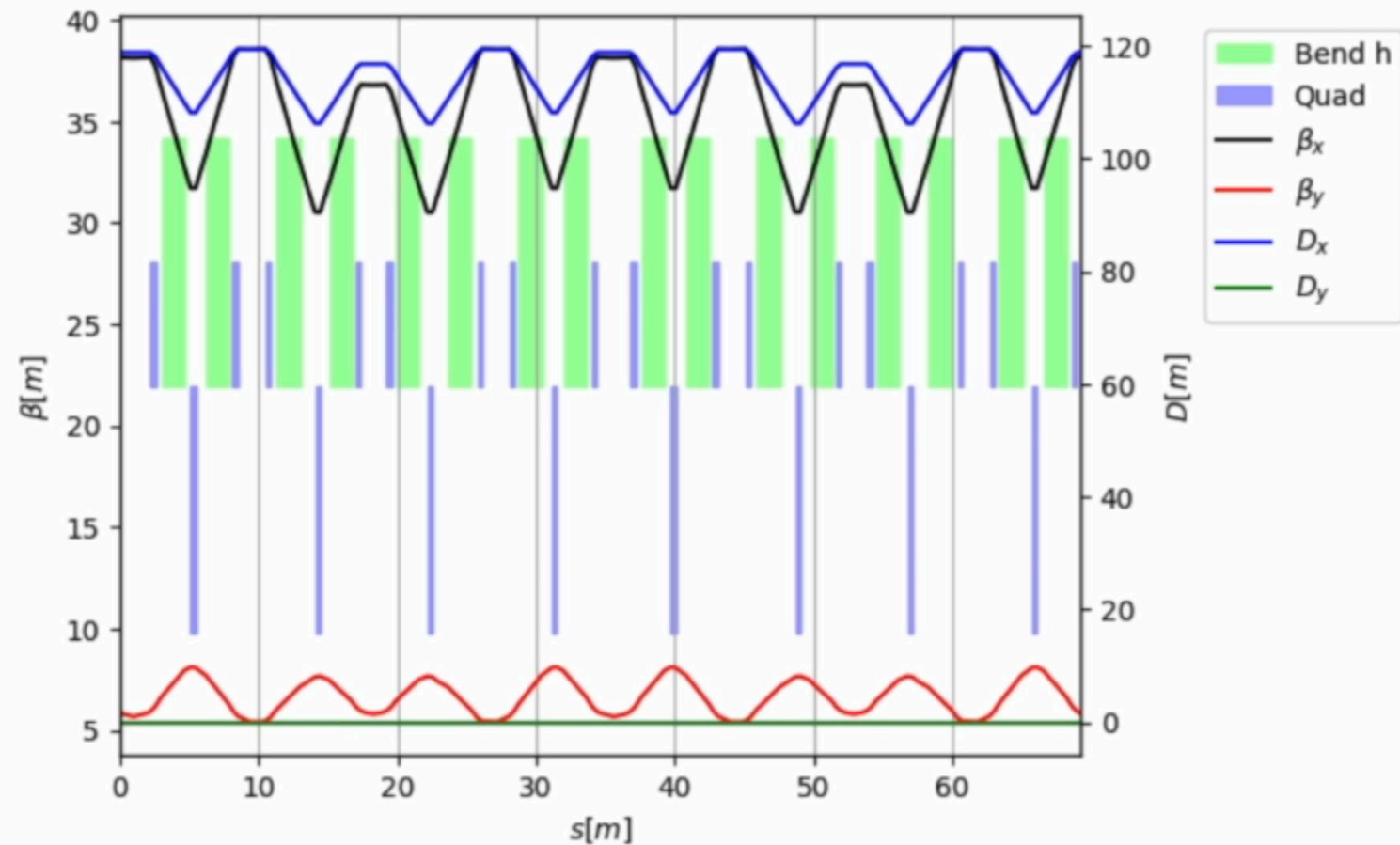
```
[ ]: opt_tune = ring.match(
    solve=False, # <- prepare the match without running it
    compute_chromatic_properties=False,
    method='4d',
    vary=[
        xt.Vary('kqfa', limits=(0, 10), step=1e-5),
        xt.Vary('kqfb', limits=(0, 10), step=1e-5),
        xt.Vary('kqd', limits=(-10, 10), step=1e-5),
    ]
)
```



```
[3]: env['kqfa'] = 0.1  
     env['kqfb'] = 0.1  
     env['kqd'] = -0.2
```

```
[4]: tw = ring.twiss4d(compute_chromatic_properties=False)  
     tw.plot()
```

```
[4]: <xtrack.twissplot.TwissPlot object at 0x14daf3da0>
```



▼ Match the tunes and dispersion in the straight sections

Match the tunes and dispersion in the straight sections

```
[ ]: opt_tune = ring.match(  
    solve=False, # <- prepare the match without running it  
    compute_chromatic_properties=False,  
    method='4d',  
    vary=[  
        xt.Vary('kqfa', limits=(0, 10), step=1e-5),  
        xt.Vary('kqfb', limits=(0, 10), step=1e-5),  
        xt.Vary('kqd', limits=(-10, 0), step=1e-5),  
    ],  
    targets=[  
        # Horizontal tune close to 3rd order resonance  
        xt.TargetSet(qx=1.665, qy=1.72, tol=1e-4),  
        # Set horizontal dispersion to zero in the middle  
        # of the long straight sections  
        xt.TargetSet(dx=0, at='mid.lss.0'),  
        xt.TargetSet(dx=0, at='mid.lss.1'),  
    ]  
)
```

```
[ ]: opt_tune.target_status()
```

```
[ ]: opt_tune.run_jacobian(20)
```

```
[ ]: opt_tune.target_status()
```

```
[ ]: opt_tune.vary_status()
```

```
[ ]: tw = ring.twiss4d()  
    pl = tw.plot()  
    pl.ylim(left_hi=40, right_lo=-20, right_hi=20, lattice_hi=1.5, lattice_lo=-7)
```

Correct chromaticity

Match the tunes and dispersion in the straight sections

```
[5]: opt_tune = ring.match(  
    solve=False, # <- prepare the match without running it  
    compute_chromatic_properties=False,  
    method='4d',  
    vary=[  
        xt.Vary('kqfa', limits=(0, 10), step=1e-5),  
        xt.Vary('kqfb', limits=(0, 10), step=1e-5),  
        xt.Vary('kqd', limits=(-10, 0), step=1e-5),  
    ],  
    targets=[  
        # Horizontal tune close to 3rd order resonance  
        xt.TargetSet(qx=1.665, qy=1.72, tol=1e-4),  
        # Set horizontal dispersion to zero in the middle  
        # of the long straight sections  
        xt.TargetSet(dx=0, at='mid.lss.0'),  
        xt.TargetSet(dx=0, at='mid.lss.1'),  
    ]  
)
```

```
[ ]: opt_tune.target_status()
```



```
[ ]: opt_tune.run_jacobian(20)
```

```
[ ]: opt_tune.target_status()
```

```
[ ]: opt_tune.vary_status()
```

```
[ ]: tw = ring.twiss4d()  
    pl = tw.plot()  
    pl.ylim(left_hi=40, right_lo=-20, right_hi=20, lattice_hi=1.5, lattice_lo=-7)
```

Correct chromaticity



Match the tunes and dispersion in the straight sections

```
[5]: opt_tune = ring.match(
    solve=False, # <- prepare the match without running it
    compute_chromatic_properties=False,
    method='4d',
    vary=[
        xt.Vary('kqfa', limits=(0, 10), step=1e-5),
        xt.Vary('kqfb', limits=(0, 10), step=1e-5),
        xt.Vary('kqd', limits=(-10, 0), step=1e-5),
    ],
    targets=[
        # Horizontal tune close to 3rd order resonance
        xt.TargetSet(qx=1.665, qy=1.72, tol=1e-4),
        # Set horizontal dispersion to zero in the middle
        # of the long straight sections
        xt.TargetSet(dx=0, at='mid.lss.0'),
        xt.TargetSet(dx=0, at='mid.lss.1'),
    ]
)
```

```
[6]: opt_tune.target_status()
```

```
Target status:          alty = 1.6806e+03
id state tag          tol_met      residue      current_val      target_val description
0  ON   qx             False       -1.35461         0.310395         1.665 'qx', val=1.665, tol=0.0001, weight=10
1  ON   qy             False       -0.0237697       1.69623          1.72 'qy', val=1.72, tol=0.0001, weight=10
2  ON   mid.lss.0_dx    False       118.83           118.83           0 ('dx', 'mid.lss.0'), val=0, tol=1e-09, w ...
3  ON   mid.lss.1_dx    False       118.83           118.83           0 ('dx', 'mid.lss.1'), val=0, tol=1e-09, w ...
```

```
[ ]: opt_tune.run_jacobian(20)
```

📄 ↑ ↓ ⚙ ⚙ 🗑

```
[ ]: opt_tune.target_status()
```

```
[ ]: opt_tune.vary_status()
```

```
[ ]: opt_tune.vary_status()
```



Match the tunes and dispersion in the straight sections

```
[5]: opt_tune = ring.match(
    solve=False, # <- prepare the match without running it
    compute_chromatic_properties=False,
    method='4d',
    vary=[
        xt.Vary('kqfa', limits=(0, 10), step=1e-5),
        xt.Vary('kqfb', limits=(0, 10), step=1e-5),
        xt.Vary('kqd', limits=(-10, 0), step=1e-5),
    ],
    targets=[
        # Horizontal tune close to 3rd order resonance
        xt.TargetSet(qx=1.665, qy=1.72, tol=1e-4),
        # Set horizontal dispersion to zero in the middle
        # of the long straight sections
        xt.TargetSet(dx=0, at='mid.lss.0'),
        xt.TargetSet(dx=0, at='mid.lss.1'),
    ]
)
```

```
[6]: opt_tune.target_status()
```

Target status:						alty = 1.6806e+03
id	state	tag	tol_met	residue	current_val	target_val description
0	ON	qx	False	-1.35461	0.310395	1.665 'qx', val=1.665, tol=0.0001, weight=10
1	ON	qy	False	-0.0237697	1.69623	1.72 'qy', val=1.72, tol=0.0001, weight=10
2	ON	mid.lss.0_dx	False	118.83	118.83	0 ('dx', 'mid.lss.0'), val=0, tol=1e-09, w ...
3	ON	mid.lss.1_dx	False	118.83	118.83	0 ('dx', 'mid.lss.1'), val=0, tol=1e-09, w ...

```
[7]: opt_tune.run_jacobian(20)
```

```
Optimize - start penalty: 1681
Matching: model call n. 69 penalty = 6.6246e-10
Optimize - end penalty: 6.62464e-10
```

```
[1]: opt_tune.target_status()
```

```
[ ]: opt_tune.target_status()
```



```
[ ]: opt_tune.vary_status()
```

```
[ ]: tw = ring.twiss4d()
pl = tw.plot()
pl.ylim(left_hi=40, right_lo=-20, right_hi=20, lattice_hi=1.5, lattice_lo=-7)
```

Correct chromaticity

```
[ ]: opt_chrom = ring.match(
    solve=False,
    method='4d',
    vary=xt.VaryList(['ksf', 'ksd'], step=1e-3),
    targets=xt.TargetSet(dqx=-0.01, dqy=-0.01, tol=1e-3))
```

```
[ ]: opt_chrom.run_ls_dogbox(30)
```

```
[ ]: opt_chrom.target_status()
```

Observe deformation of phase space when exciting the resonance

```
[ ]: # Generate 20 particles on the x axis
x_gen = np.linspace(0, 0.5e-2, 20)
p0 = ring.build_particles(x=x_gen, px=0, y=0, py=0, zeta=0, delta=0)
```

```
[ ]: # Set extraction sextupole
env['kse'] = 0

# Track 1000 turns
ring.track(p0.copy(), num_turns=1000, turn_by_turn_monitor=True)
rec = ring.record_last_track
```



```
optimize = end_penalty: 6.6246e-10
```

```
[8]: opt_tune.target_status()
```

```
Target status:          nalty = 6.6246e-10
id state tag          tol_met      residue  current_val  target_val description
0  ON   qx             True  -1.88027e-12      1.665      1.665 'qx', val=1.665, tol=0.0001, weight=10
1  ON   qy             True   -2.085e-13      1.72      1.72 'qy', val=1.72, tol=0.0001, weight=10
2  ON  mid.lss.0_dx     True   4.38136e-11   4.38136e-11      0 ('dx', 'mid.lss.0'), val=0, tol=1e-09, w ...
3  ON  mid.lss.1_dx     True   4.96525e-11   4.96525e-11      0 ('dx', 'mid.lss.1'), val=0, tol=1e-09, w ...
```

```
[ ]: opt_tune.vary_status()
```



```
[ ]: tw = ring.twiss4d()
pl = tw.plot()
pl.ylim(left_hi=40, right_lo=-20, right_hi=20, lattice_hi=1.5, lattice_lo=-7)
```

Correct chromaticity

```
[ ]: opt_chrom = ring.match(
    solve=False,
    method='4d',
    vary=xt.VaryList(['ksf', 'ksd'], step=1e-3),
    targets=xt.TargetSet(dqx=-0.01, dqy=-0.01, tol=1e-3))
```

```
[ ]: opt_chrom.run_ls_dogbox(30)
```

```
[ ]: opt_chrom.target_status()
```

Observe deformation of phase space when exciting the resonance

```
[ ]: # Generate 20 particles on the x axis
x_gen = np.linspace(0, 0.5e-2, 20)
p0 = ring.build_particles(x=x_gen, px=0, y=0, py=0, zeta=0, delta=0)
```

```
[ ]: # Set extraction sextupole
```



```
[8]: opt_tune.target_status()
```

```
Target status:          nalty = 6.6246e-10
id state tag          tol_met      residue  current_val  target_val description
0  ON   qx             True  -1.88027e-12      1.665      1.665 'qx', val=1.665, tol=0.0001, weight=10
1  ON   qy             True   -2.085e-13      1.72      1.72 'qy', val=1.72, tol=0.0001, weight=10
2  ON  mid.lss.0_dx    True   4.38136e-11   4.38136e-11      0 ('dx', 'mid.lss.0'), val=0, tol=1e-09, w ...
3  ON  mid.lss.1_dx    True   4.96525e-11   4.96525e-11      0 ('dx', 'mid.lss.1'), val=0, tol=1e-09, w ...
```

```
[ ]: opt_tune.vary_status()
```



```
[ ]: tw = ring.twiss4d()
pl = tw.plot()
pl.ylim(left_hi=40, right_lo=-20, right_hi=20, lattice_hi=1.5, lattice_lo=-7)
```

Correct chromaticity

```
[ ]: opt_chrom = ring.match(
    solve=False,
    method='4d',
    vary=xt.VaryList(['ksf', 'ksd'], step=1e-3),
    targets=xt.TargetSet(dqx=-0.01, dqy=-0.01, tol=1e-3))
```

```
[ ]: opt_chrom.run_ls_dogbox(30)
```

```
[ ]: opt_chrom.target_status()
```

Observe deformation of phase space when exciting the resonance

```
[ ]: # Generate 20 particles on the x axis
x_gen = np.linspace(0, 0.5e-2, 20)
p0 = ring.build_particles(x=x_gen, px=0, y=0, py=0, zeta=0, delta=0)
```

```
[ ]: # Set extraction sextupole
```




```
[8]: opt_tune.target_status()
```

```
Target status:          nalty = 6.6246e-10
id state tag          tol_met      residue      current_val      target_val description
0  ON    qx            True    -1.88027e-12      1.665      1.665 'qx', val=1.665, tol=0.0001, weight=10
1  ON    qy            True    -2.085e-13      1.72      1.72 'qy', val=1.72, tol=0.0001, weight=10
2  ON    mid.lss.0_dx    True    4.38136e-11    4.38136e-11    0 ('dx', 'mid.lss.0'), val=0, tol=1e-09, w ...
3  ON    mid.lss.1_dx    True    4.96525e-11    4.96525e-11    0 ('dx', 'mid.lss.1'), val=0, tol=1e-09, w ...
```

```
[9]: opt_tune.vary_status()
```

```
Vary status:
id state tag met name lower_limit      current_val upper_limit val_at_iter_0      step      weight
0  ON      OK  kqfa      0      0.347931      10      0.1      1e-05      1
1  ON      OK  kqfb      0      0.547781      10      0.1      1e-05      1
2  ON      OK  kqd     -10     -0.592287      0     -0.2      1e-05      1
```

```
[ ]: tw = ring.twiss4d()
pl = tw.plot()
pl.ylim(left_hi=40, right_lo=-20, right_hi=20, lattice_hi=1.5, lattice_lo=-7)
```



Correct chromaticity

```
[ ]: opt_chrom = ring.match(
    solve=False,
    method='4d',
    vary=xt.VaryList(['ksf', 'ksd'], step=1e-3),
    targets=xt.TargetSet(dqx=-0.01, dqy=-0.01, tol=1e-3))
```

```
[ ]: opt_chrom.run_ls_dogbox(30)
```

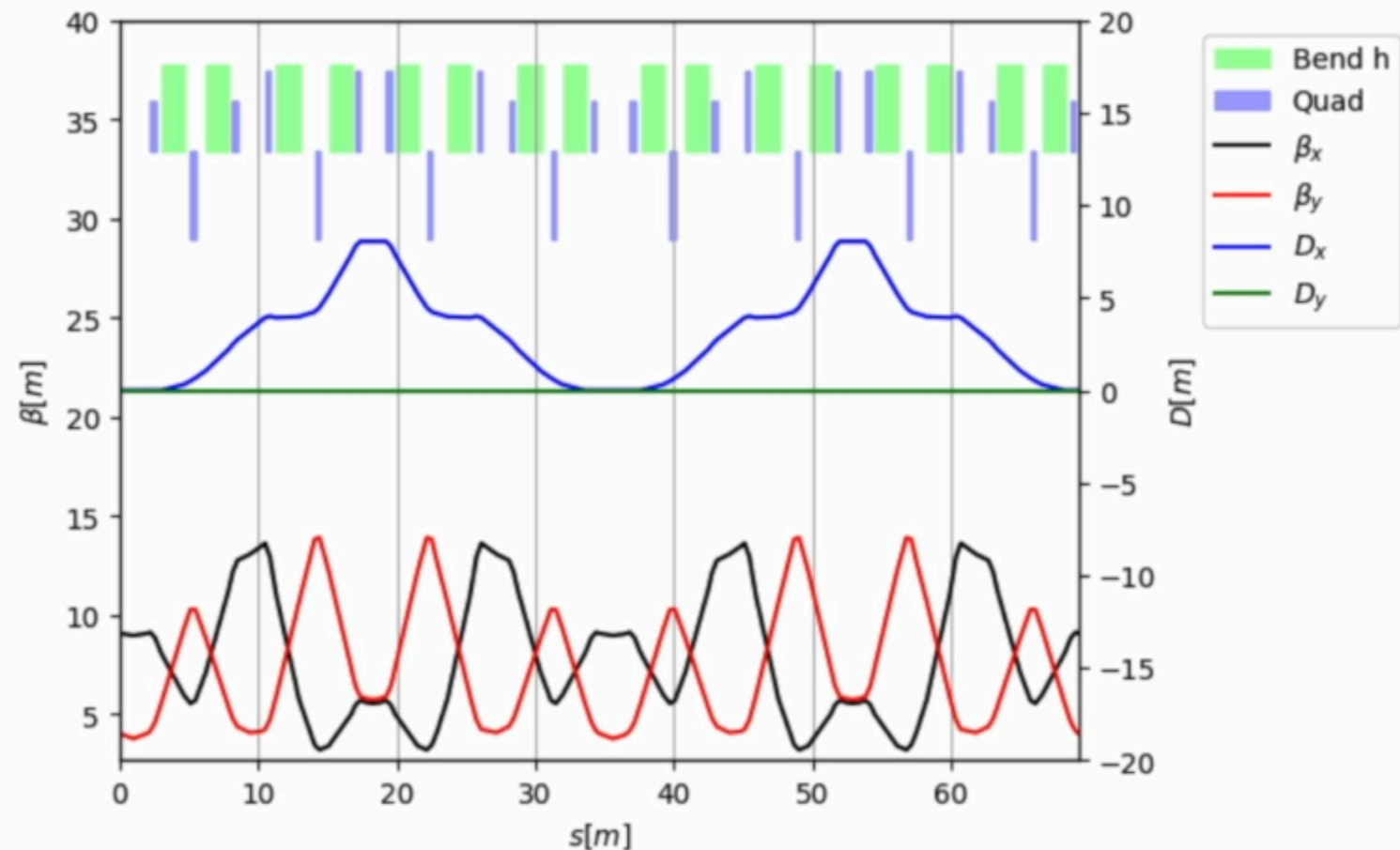
```
[ ]: opt_chrom.target_status()
```

Observe deformation of phase space when exciting the resonance




```
[10]: tw = ring.twiss4d()  
pl = tw.plot()  
pl.ylim(left_hi=40, right_lo=-20, right_hi=20, lattice_hi=1.5, lattice_lo=-7)
```

```
[10]: <xtrack.twissplot.TwissPlot object at 0x14da3b470>
```



▼ Correct chromaticity

```
[ ]: opt_chrom = ring.match(  
    solve=False,
```

Correct chromaticity

```
[ ]: opt_chrom = ring.match(  
    solve=False,  
    method='4d',  
    vary=xt.VaryList(['ksf', 'ksd'], step=1e-3),  
    targets=xt.TargetSet(dqx=-0.01, dqy=-0.01, tol=1e-3))
```

```
[ ]: opt_chrom.run_ls_dogbox(30)
```

```
[ ]: opt_chrom.target_status()
```

Observe deformation of phase space when exciting the resonance

```
[ ]: # Generate 20 particles on the x axis  
x_gen = np.linspace(0, 0.5e-2, 20)  
p0 = ring.build_particles(x=x_gen, px=0, y=0, py=0, zeta=0, delta=0)
```

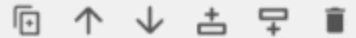
```
[ ]: # Set extraction sextupole  
env['kse'] = 0  
  
# Track 1000 turns  
ring.track(p0.copy(), num_turns=1000, turn_by_turn_monitor=True)  
rec = ring.record_last_track  
  
# Plot turn-by-turn data  
plt.figure()  
plt.plot(rec.x.T, rec.px.T, '.', markersize=1, color='C0')  
plt.xlabel(r'$x$ [m]'); plt.ylabel(r'$p_x$'), plt.xlim(-2e-2, 2e-2); plt.ylim(-2e-3, 2e-3)  
plt.subplots_adjust(left=.15)
```

```
[ ]:
```

Correct chromaticity

```
[11]: opt_chrom = ring.match(  
    solve=False,  
    method='4d',  
    vary=xt.VaryList(['ksf', 'ksd'], step=1e-3),  
    targets=xt.TargetSet(dqx=-0.01, dqy=-0.01, tol=1e-3))
```

```
[ ]: opt_chrom.run_ls_dogbox(30)
```



```
[ ]: opt_chrom.target_status()
```

Observe deformation of phase space when exciting the resonance

```
[ ]: # Generate 20 particles on the x axis  
x_gen = np.linspace(0, 0.5e-2, 20)  
p0 = ring.build_particles(x=x_gen, px=0, y=0, py=0, zeta=0, delta=0)
```

```
[ ]: # Set extraction sextupole  
env['kse'] = 0  
  
# Track 1000 turns  
ring.track(p0.copy(), num_turns=1000, turn_by_turn_monitor=True)  
rec = ring.record_last_track  
  
# Plot turn-by-turn data  
plt.figure()  
plt.plot(rec.x.T, rec.px.T, '.', markersize=1, color='C0')  
plt.xlabel(r'$x$ [m]'); plt.ylabel(r'$p_x$'), plt.xlim(-2e-2, 2e-2); plt.ylim(-2e-3, 2e-3)  
plt.subplots_adjust(left=.15)
```

```
[ ]:
```



Correct chromaticity

```
[11]: opt_chrom = ring.match(  
      solve=False,  
      method='4d',  
      vary=xt.VaryList(['ksf', 'ksd'], step=1e-3),  
      targets=xt.TargetSet(dqx=-0.01, dqy=-0.01, tol=1e-3))
```

```
[12]: opt_chrom.run_ls_dogbox(30)
```

Matching: model call n. 22 penalty = 7.9208e-11

```
[ ]: opt_chrom.target_status()
```



Observe deformation of phase space when exciting the resonance

```
[ ]: # Generate 20 particles on the x axis  
x_gen = np.linspace(0, 0.5e-2, 20)  
p0 = ring.build_particles(x=x_gen, px=0, y=0, py=0, zeta=0, delta=0)
```

```
[ ]: # Set extraction sextupole  
env['kse'] = 0  
  
# Track 1000 turns  
ring.track(p0.copy(), num_turns=1000, turn_by_turn_monitor=True)  
rec = ring.record_last_track  
  
# Plot turn-by-turn data  
plt.figure()  
plt.plot(rec.x.T, rec.px.T, '.', markersize=1, color='C0')  
plt.xlabel(r'$x$ [m]'); plt.ylabel(r'$p_x$'), plt.xlim(-2e-2, 2e-2); plt.ylim(-2e-3, 2e-3)  
plt.subplots_adjust(left=.15)
```

```
[ ]:
```



```
targets=xt.targetSet(dqx=-0.01, dqy=-0.01, tol=1e-3))
```

```
[12]: opt_chrom.run_ls_dogbox(30)
```

```
Matching: model call n. 22 penalty = 7.9208e-11
```

```
[13]: opt_chrom.target_status()
```

```
Target status:          nalty = 7.9208e-11
id state tag tol_met      residue    current_val    target_val description
0  ON   dqx   True   7.85383e-11      -0.01      -0.01 'dqx', val=-0.01, tol=0.001, weight=1
1  ON   dqy   True  -1.02796e-11      -0.01      -0.01 'dqy', val=-0.01, tol=0.001, weight=1
```

Observe deformation of phase space when exciting the resonance

```
[ ]: # Generate 20 particles on the x axis
x_gen = np.linspace(0, 0.5e-2, 20)
p0 = ring.build_particles(x=x_gen, px=0, y=0, py=0, zeta=0, delta=0)
```

```
[ ]: # Set extraction sextupole
env['kse'] = 0

# Track 1000 turns
ring.track(p0.copy(), num_turns=1000, turn_by_turn_monitor=True)
rec = ring.record_last_track

# Plot turn-by-turn data
plt.figure()
plt.plot(rec.x.T, rec.px.T, '.', markersize=1, color='C0')
plt.xlabel(r'$x$ [m]'); plt.ylabel(r'$p_x$'), plt.xlim(-2e-2, 2e-2); plt.ylim(-2e-3, 2e-3)
plt.subplots_adjust(left=.15)
```

```
[ ]:
```

```
targets=xt.targetSet(dqx=-0.01, dqy=-0.01, tol=1e-3))
```

```
[12]: opt_chrom.run_ls_dogbox(30)
```

Matching: model call n. 22 penalty = 7.9208e-11

```
[13]: opt_chrom.target_status()
```

Target status: nalty = 7.9208e-11

id	state	tag	tol_met	residue	current_val	target_val	description
0	ON	dx	True	7.85383e-11	-0.01	-0.01	'dx', val=-0.01, tol=0.001, weight=1
1	ON	dy	True	-1.02796e-11	-0.01	-0.01	'dy', val=-0.01, tol=0.001, weight=1

Observe deformation of phase space when exciting the resonance

```
[14]: # Generate 20 particles on the x axis
```

```
x_gen = np.linspace(0, 0.5e-2, 20)
```

```
p0 = ring.build_particles(x=x_gen, px=0, y=0, py=0, zeta=0, delta=0)
```

```
[ ]: # Set extraction sextupole
```

```
env['kse'] = 0
```

```
# Track 1000 turns
```

```
ring.track(p0.copy(), num_turns=1000, turn_by_turn_monitor=True)
```

```
rec = ring.record_last_track
```

```
# Plot turn-by-turn data
```

```
plt.figure()
```

```
plt.plot(rec.x.T, rec.px.T, '.', markersize=1, color='C0')
```

```
plt.xlabel(r'$x$ [m]'); plt.ylabel(r'$p_x$'), plt.xlim(-2e-2, 2e-2); plt.ylim(-2e-3, 2e-3)
```

```
plt.subplots_adjust(left=.15)
```

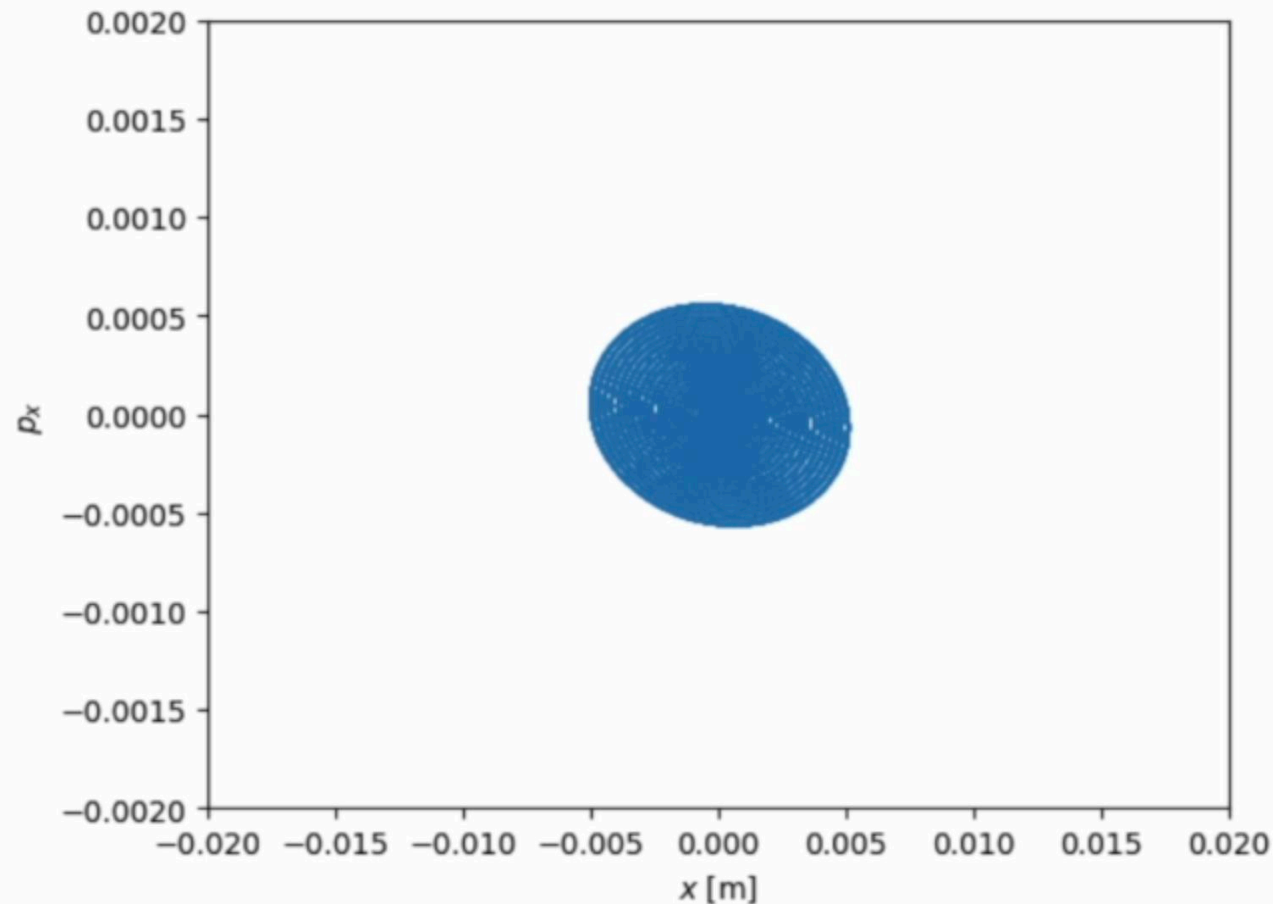
```
[ ]:
```



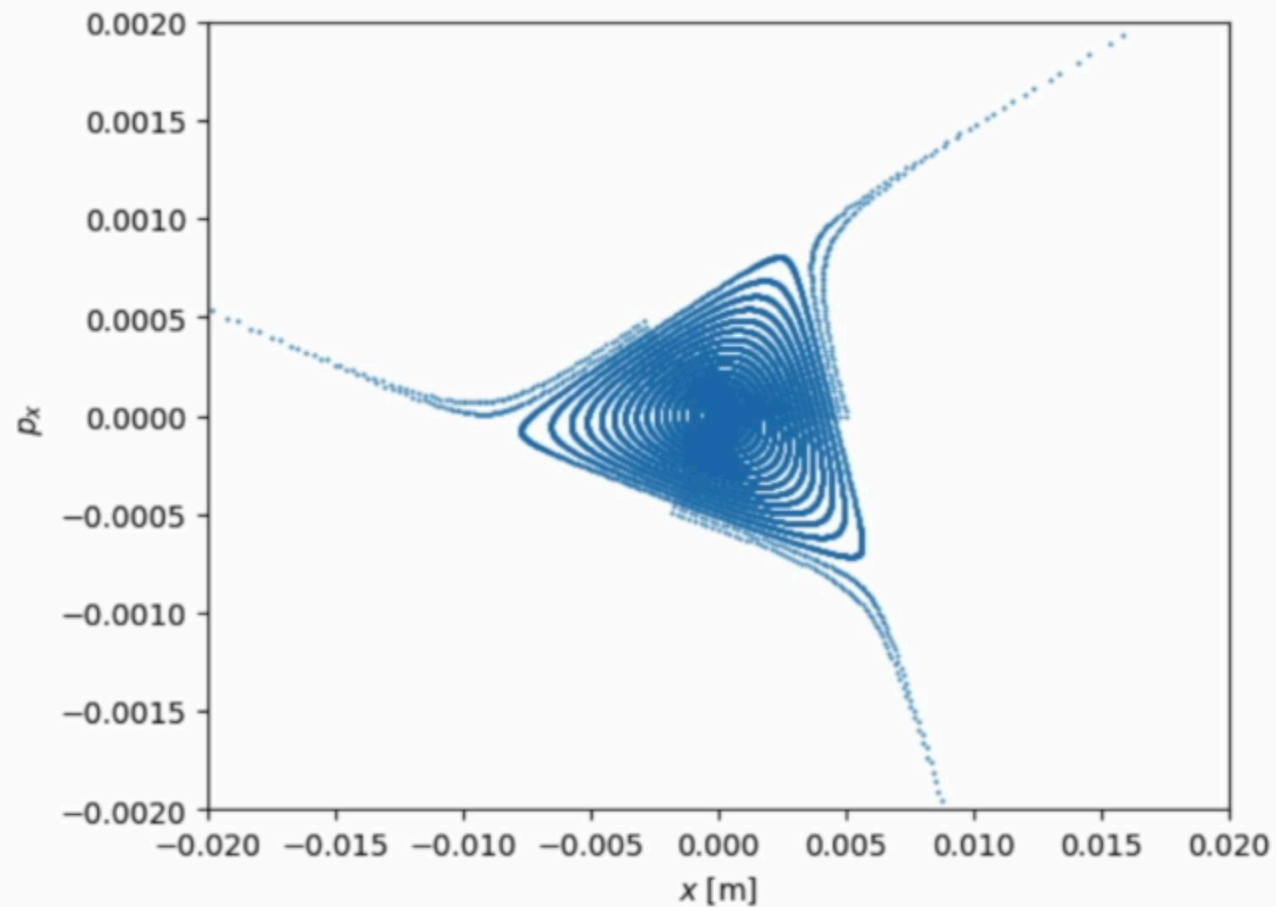

```
[15]: # Set extraction sextupole
env['kse'] = 0

# Track 1000 turns
ring.track(p0.copy(), num_turns=1000, turn_by_turn_monitor=True)
rec = ring.record_last_track

# Plot turn-by-turn data
plt.figure()
plt.plot(rec.x.T, rec.px.T, '.', markersize=1, color='C0')
plt.xlabel(r'$x$ [m]'); plt.ylabel(r'$p_x$'); plt.xlim(-2e-2, 2e-2); plt.ylim(-2e-3, 2e-3)
plt.subplots_adjust(left=.15)
```



```
# Plot turn-by-turn data
plt.figure()
plt.plot(rec.x.T, rec.px.T, '.', markersize=1, color='C0')
plt.xlabel(r'$x$ [m]'); plt.ylabel(r'$p_x$'); plt.xlim(-2e-2, 2e-2); plt.ylim(-2e-3, 2e-3)
plt.subplots_adjust(left=.15)
```



[]:



Demo 3 – Instability

These demo files are adapted from https://github.com/xsuite/tutorial_cern_seminar.



▼ Instability simulation



```
[ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import xtrack as xt
import xpart as xp
import xwakes as xw
```

Import machine and twiss

```
[ ]: # Import PIMM injection model (7 MeV; RF configured)
env = xt.Environment.from_json('./pimm.json')
env.vars.load_json('./pimm_strengths.json')
```

```
line = env.ring
line.configure_bend_model(num_multipole_kicks=5)
```

```
tw = line.twiss(method='4d')
```

```
# Enable RF
```

```
line['vrf'] = 10e3 # V
line['frf'] = 1 / tw.T_rev0
```

```
[ ]: # Insert aperture limitation to see losses
line.discard_tracker()
line.append_element(name='aperture', element=xt.LimitRect(min_y=-0.03, max_y=0.03))
```

Install transverse wakefields

```
[ ]: wf = xw.WakeResonator(kind='dipolar_y',
                           r=200e6, # Shunt impedance [Ohm/m]
                           f_r=1.3e6,
```



Instability simulation

```
[1]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import xtrack as xt
import xpart as xp
import xwakes as xw
```

Import machine and twiss

```
[ ]: # Import PIMM injection model (7 MeV; RF configured)
env = xt.Environment.from_json('./pimm.json')
env.vars.load_json('./pimm_strengths.json')

line = env.ring
line.configure_bend_model(num_multipole_kicks=5)

tw = line.twiss(method='4d')

# Enable RF
line['vrf'] = 10e3 # V
line['frf'] = 1 / tw.T_rev0
```

```
[ ]: # Insert aperture limitation to see losses
line.discard_tracker()
line.append_element(name='aperture', element=xt.LimitRect(min_y=-0.03, max_y=0.03))
```

Install transverse wakefields

```
[ ]: wf = xw.WakeResonator(kind='dipolar_y',
                           r=200e6, # Shunt impedance [Ohm/m]
                           f_r=1.3e6,
```

Instability simulation

```
[1]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import xtrack as xt
import xpart as xp
import xwakes as xw
```

Import machine and twiss

```
[2]: # Import PIMM injection model (7 MeV; RF configured)
env = xt.Environment.from_json('./pimm.json')
env.vars.load_json('./pimm_strengths.json')

line = env.ring
line.configure_bend_model(num_multipole_kicks=5)

tw = line.twiss(method='4d')

# Enable RF
line['vrf'] = 10e3 # V
line['frf'] = 1 / tw.T_rev0
```

Loading line from dict: 100%  148/148 [00:00<00:00, 7572.33it/s]
Done loading line from dict.

```
[ ]: # Insert aperture limitation to see losses
line.discard_tracker()
line.append_element(name='aperture', element=xt.LimitRect(min_y=-0.03, max_y=0.03))
```



Install transverse wakefields



Install transverse wakefields

```
[ ]: wf = xw.WakeResonator(kind='dipolar_y',  
                           r=200e6, # Shunt impedance [Ohm/m]  
                           f_r=1.3e6,  
                           q=1.)  
wf.configure_for_tracking(zeta_range=(-20, 20), num_slices=20)
```

```
[ ]: # Install wakefield in the Xsuite ring  
line.append('wf', obj=wf)
```

Generate a bunch matched to the bucket and to the optics

```
[ ]: %%capture  
line.build_tracker()  
  
bunch = xp.generate_matched_gaussian_bunch(line=line, num_particles=1000,  
      total_intensity_particles=1e11, nemitt_x=1e-6, nemitt_y=1e-6, sigma_z=10.)  
  
# Initial kick of 1 mm  
bunch.y += 1e-3  
  
# Keep initial state  
bunch0 = bunch.copy()
```

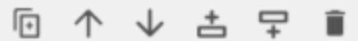
Simulate 1000 turns

```
[ ]: # Define quantities to be logged during tracking  
def compute_y_mean(line, particles):  
    bunch.hide_lost_particles()  
    y_ave = np.mean(particles.y)  
    bunch.unhide_lost_particles()  
    return y_ave
```

Install transverse wakefields

```
[4]: wf = xw.WakeResonator(kind='dipolar_y',  
                             r=200e6, # Shunt impedance [Ohm/m]  
                             f_r=1.3e6,  
                             q=1.)  
wf.configure_for_tracking(zeta_range=(-20, 20), num_slices=20)
```

```
[ ]: # Install wakefield in the Xsuite ring  
line.append('wf', obj=wf)
```



Generate a bunch matched to the bucket and to the optics

```
[ ]: %%capture  
line.build_tracker()  
  
bunch = xp.generate_matched_gaussian_bunch(line=line, num_particles=1000,  
      total_intensity_particles=1e11, nemitt_x=1e-6, nemitt_y=1e-6, sigma_z=10.)  
  
# Initial kick of 1 mm  
bunch.y += 1e-3  
  
# Keep initial state  
bunch0 = bunch.copy()
```

Simulate 1000 turns

```
[ ]: # Define quantities to be logged during tracking  
def compute_y_mean(line, particles):  
    bunch.hide_lost_particles()  
    y_ave = np.mean(particles.y)  
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    return y_ave
```



Install transverse wakefields

```
[4]: wf = xw.WakeResonator(kind='dipolar_y',
                             r=200e6, # Shunt impedance [Ohm/m]
                             f_r=1.3e6,
                             q=1.)
wf.configure_for_tracking(zeta_range=(-20, 20), num_slices=20)

[5]: # Install wakefield in the Xsuite ring
line.append('wf', obj=wf)
```

Generate a bunch matched to the bucket and to the optics

```
[ ]: %%capture
line.build_tracker()

bunch = xp.generate_matched_gaussian_bunch(line=line, num_particles=1000,
      total_intensity_particles=1e11, nemitt_x=1e-6, nemitt_y=1e-6, sigma_z=10.)

# Initial kick of 1 mm
bunch.y += 1e-3

# Keep initial state
bunch0 = bunch.copy()
```

Simulate 1000 turns

```
[ ]: # Define quantities to be logged during tracking
def compute_y_mean(line, particles):
    bunch.hide_lost_particles()
    y_ave = np.mean(particles.y)
    bunch.unhide_lost_particles()
    return y_ave
```

Simulate 1000 turns

```
[ ]: # Define quantities to be logged during tracking
def compute_y_mean(line, particles):
    bunch.hide_lost_particles()
    y_ave = np.mean(particles.y)
    bunch.unhide_lost_particles()
    return y_ave

def compute_intensity(line, particles):
    bunch.hide_lost_particles()
    inten = np.sum(particles.weight)
    bunch.unhide_lost_particles()
    return inten

track_log = xt.Log(y_mean=compute_y_mean, intensity=compute_intensity)
```

```
[ ]: # Track!
line.track(bunch, log=track_log, num_turns=1000, with_progress=10)
```

```
[ ]: # Plot logged data
y_mean = line.log_last_track['y_mean']
intensity = line.log_last_track['intensity']

plt.figure()
ax1 = plt.subplot(2,1,1)
plt.ylabel(r'$y_{\text{centroid}}$')
plt.plot(y_mean)
ax2 = plt.subplot(2,1,2, sharex=ax1)
plt.plot(intensity)
plt.ylim(bottom=0)
plt.ylabel('Bunch intensity')
plt.xlabel('Turn')

plt.subplots_adjust(left=0.2, hspace=0.3, top=0.9)
```

Simulate 1000 turns

```
[7]: # Define quantities to be logged during tracking
def compute_y_mean(line, particles):
    bunch.hide_lost_particles()
    y_ave = np.mean(particles.y)
    bunch.unhide_lost_particles()
    return y_ave

def compute_intensity(line, particles):
    bunch.hide_lost_particles()
    inten = np.sum(particles.weight)
    bunch.unhide_lost_particles()
    return inten

track_log = xt.Log(y_mean=compute_y_mean, intensity=compute_intensity)
```

```
[ ]: # Track!
line.track(bunch, log=track_log, num_turns=1000, with_progress=10)
```

```
[ ]: # Plot logged data
y_mean = line.log_last_track['y_mean']
intensity = line.log_last_track['intensity']

plt.figure()
ax1 = plt.subplot(2,1,1)
plt.ylabel(r'$y_{\text{centroid}}$')
plt.plot(y_mean)
ax2 = plt.subplot(2,1,2, sharex=ax1)
plt.plot(intensity)
plt.ylim(bottom=0)
plt.ylabel('Bunch intensity')
plt.xlabel('Turn')

plt.subplots_adjust(left=0.2, hspace=0.3, top=0.9)
```

```
[ ]: # Plot logged data
y_mean = line.log_last_track['y_mean']
intensity = line.log_last_track['intensity']

plt.figure()
ax1 = plt.subplot(2,1,1)
plt.ylabel(r'$y_{\text{centroid}}$')
plt.plot(y_mean)
ax2 = plt.subplot(2,1,2, sharex=ax1)
plt.plot(intensity)
plt.ylim(bottom=0)
plt.ylabel('Bunch intensity')
plt.xlabel('Turn')

plt.subplots_adjust(left=0.2, hspace=0.3, top=0.9)
```

Adjust the sextupoles to change the chromaticity

```
[ ]: %%capture
opt = line.match(
    solve=False,
    method='4d',
    vary=xt.VaryList(['ksf', 'ksd'], step=1e-3),
    targets=xt.TargetSet(dqx=-6., dqy=-6., tol=1e-3, tag="chrom")
)
opt.solve()
```

Repeat the simulation

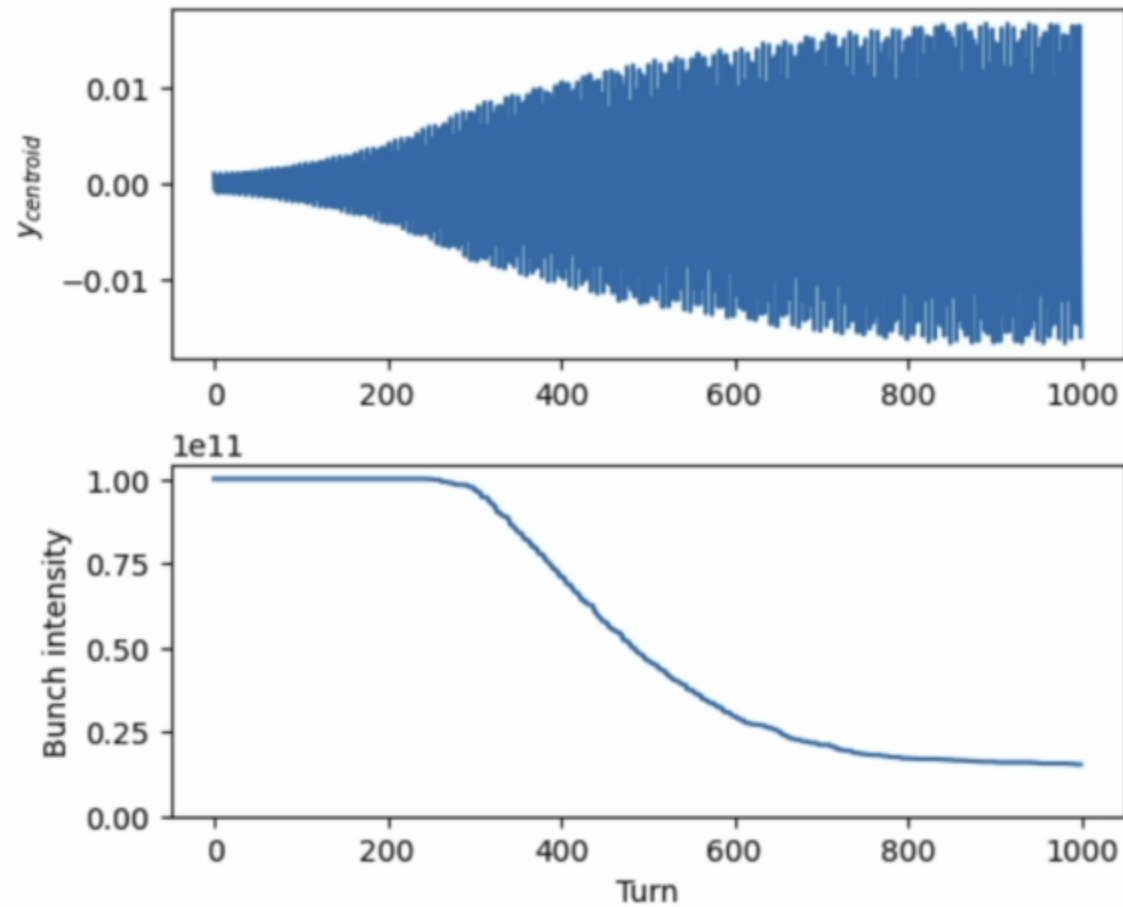
```
[ ]: bunch = bunch0.copy()
bunch.x += 1e-3

[ ]: line.track(bunch, log=track_log, num_turns=1000, with_progress=10)
```



```
plt.ylabel('y_centroid')
plt.plot(y_mean)
ax2 = plt.subplot(2,1,2, sharex=ax1)
plt.plot(intensity)
plt.ylim(bottom=0)
plt.ylabel('Bunch intensity')
plt.xlabel('Turn')

plt.subplots_adjust(left=0.2, hspace=0.3, top=0.9)
```



Adjust the sextupoles to change the chromaticity

```
[ ]: %%capture
opt = line.match(
    solve=False,
    method='4d',
    vary=xt.VaryList(['ksf', 'ksd'], step=1e-3),
    targets=xt.TargetSet(dqx=-6., dqy=-6., tol=1e-3, tag="chrom")
)
opt.solve()
```

Repeat the simulation

```
[ ]: bunch = bunch0.copy()
bunch.x += 1e-3
```

```
[ ]: line.track(bunch, log=track_log, num_turns=1000, with_progress=10)
```

```
[ ]: # Plot logged data
y_mean_high_chroma = line.log_last_track['y_mean']
intensity_high_chroma = line.log_last_track['intensity']

plt.figure()
ax1 = plt.subplot(2,1,1)
plt.ylabel(r'$y_{\text{centroid}}$')
plt.plot(y_mean, label="Q' = -0.1")
plt.plot(y_mean_high_chroma, label="Q' = -2.0")
ax2 = plt.subplot(2,1,2, sharex=ax1)
plt.plot(intensity, label="Q' = -0.1")
plt.plot(intensity_high_chroma, label="Q' = -2.0")
plt.ylim(bottom=0)
plt.ylabel('Bunch intensity')
plt.xlabel('Turn')
plt.legend()
```

Adjust the sextupoles to change the chromaticity

```
[10]: %%capture
      opt = line.match(
          solve=False,
          method='4d',
          vary=xt.VaryList(['ksf', 'ksd'], step=1e-3),
          targets=xt.TargetSet(dqx=-6., dqy=-6., tol=1e-3, tag="chrom")
      )
      opt.solve()
```

Repeat the simulation

```
[ ]: bunch = bunch0.copy()
      bunch.x += 1e-3
```

```
[ ]: line.track(bunch, log=track_log, num_turns=1000, with_progress=10)
```

```
[ ]: # Plot logged data
      y_mean_high_chroma = line.log_last_track['y_mean']
      intensity_high_chroma = line.log_last_track['intensity']

      plt.figure()
      ax1 = plt.subplot(2,1,1)
      plt.ylabel(r'$y_{\text{centroid}}$')
      plt.plot(y_mean, label="Q' = -0.1")
      plt.plot(y_mean_high_chroma, label="Q' = -2.0")
      ax2 = plt.subplot(2,1,2, sharex=ax1)
      plt.plot(intensity, label="Q' = -0.1")
      plt.plot(intensity_high_chroma, label="Q' = -2.0")
      plt.ylim(bottom=0)
      plt.ylabel('Bunch intensity')
      plt.xlabel('Turn')
      plt.legend()
```

Adjust the sextupoles to change the chromaticity

```
[10]: %%capture
      opt = line.match(
          solve=False,
          method='4d',
          vary=xt.VaryList(['ksf', 'ksd'], step=1e-3),
          targets=xt.TargetSet(dqx=-6., dqy=-6., tol=1e-3, tag="chrom")
      )
      opt.solve()
```

Repeat the simulation

```
[11]: bunch = bunch0.copy()
      bunch.x += 1e-3
```

```
[ ]: line.track(bunch, log=track_log, num_turns=1000, with_progress=10)
```

```
[ ]: # Plot logged data
      y_mean_high_chroma = line.log_last_track['y_mean']
      intensity_high_chroma = line.log_last_track['intensity']

      plt.figure()
      ax1 = plt.subplot(2,1,1)
      plt.ylabel(r'$y_{\text{centroid}}$')
      plt.plot(y_mean, label="Q' = -0.1")
      plt.plot(y_mean_high_chroma, label="Q' = -2.0")
      ax2 = plt.subplot(2,1,2, sharex=ax1)
      plt.plot(intensity, label="Q' = -0.1")
      plt.plot(intensity_high_chroma, label="Q' = -2.0")
      plt.ylim(bottom=0)
      plt.ylabel('Bunch intensity')
      plt.xlabel('Turn')
      plt.legend()
```

Adjust the sextupoles to change the chromaticity

```
[10]: %%capture
      opt = line.match(
          solve=False,
          method='4d',
          vary=xt.VaryList(['ksf', 'ksd'], step=1e-3),
          targets=xt.TargetSet(dqx=-6., dqy=-6., tol=1e-3, tag="chrom")
      )
      opt.solve()
```

Repeat the simulation

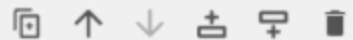
```
[11]: bunch = bunch0.copy()
      bunch.x += 1e-3
```

```
[12]: line.track(bunch, log=track_log, num_turns=1000, with_progress=10)
```

Tracking: 100%  1000/1000 [00:18<00:00, 52.96it/s]

```
[ ]: # Plot logged data
      y_mean_high_chroma = line.log_last_track['y_mean']
      intensity_high_chroma = line.log_last_track['intensity']

      plt.figure()
      ax1 = plt.subplot(2,1,1)
      plt.ylabel(r'$y_{\text{centroid}}$')
      plt.plot(y_mean, label="Q' = -0.1")
      plt.plot(y_mean_high_chroma, label="Q' = -2.0")
      ax2 = plt.subplot(2,1,2, sharex=ax1)
      plt.plot(intensity, label="Q' = -0.1")
      plt.plot(intensity_high_chroma, label="Q' = -2.0")
      plt.ylim(bottom=0)
      plt.ylabel('Bunch intensity')
```



```
    targets=xt.TargetSet(dqx=-6., dqy=-6., tol=1e-3, tag="chrom")
)
opt.solve()
```

Repeat the simulation

```
[11]: bunch = bunch0.copy()
      bunch.x += 1e-3
```

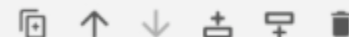
```
[12]: line.track(bunch, log=track_log, num_turns=1000, with_progress=10)
```

Tracking: 100%  1000/1000 [00:18<00:00, 52.96it/s]

```
[ ]: # Plot logged data
      y_mean_high_chroma = line.log_last_track['y_mean']
      intensity_high_chroma = line.log_last_track['intensity']

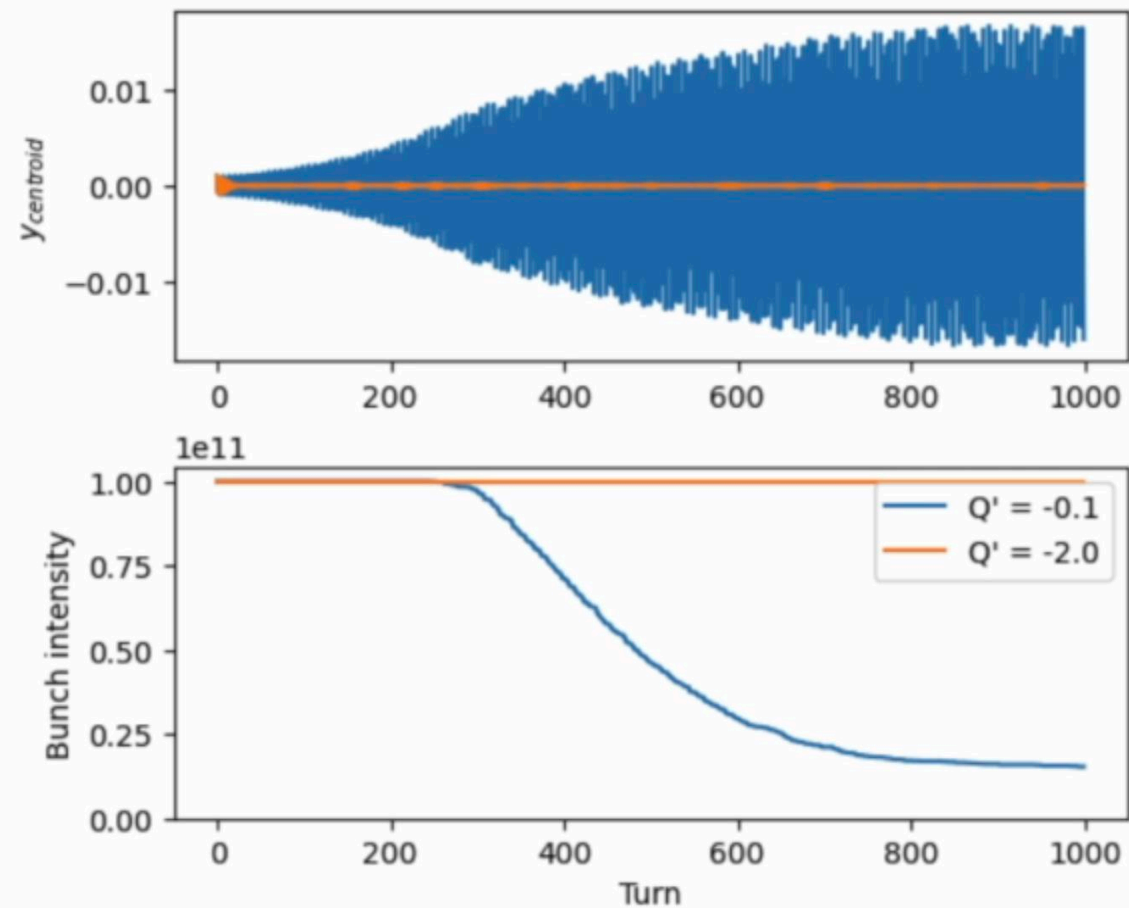
      plt.figure()
      ax1 = plt.subplot(2,1,1)
      plt.ylabel(r'$y_{\text{centroid}}$')
      plt.plot(y_mean, label="Q' = -0.1")
      plt.plot(y_mean_high_chroma, label="Q' = -2.0")
      ax2 = plt.subplot(2,1,2, sharex=ax1)
      plt.plot(intensity, label="Q' = -0.1")
      plt.plot(intensity_high_chroma, label="Q' = -2.0")
      plt.ylim(bottom=0)
      plt.ylabel('Bunch intensity')
      plt.xlabel('Turn')
      plt.legend()

      plt.subplots_adjust(left=0.2, hspace=0.3, top=0.9)
```




```
plt.plot(intensity, label="Q' = -0.1")
plt.plot(intensity_high_chroma, label="Q' = -2.0")
plt.ylim(bottom=0)
plt.ylabel('Bunch intensity')
plt.xlabel('Turn')
plt.legend()

plt.subplots_adjust(left=0.2, hspace=0.3, top=0.9)
```



[]:



Thank you!



xsuite.web.cern.ch