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on behalf of the ATLAS Outreach group

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The importance of outreach



- A good physicist has at least 3 missions:
 - research
 - teaching especially in academic settings
 - o **outreach**, engaging with the outer public
- Communicate our work to others is essential for several reasons:
 - spark interest in Particle Physics
 - meet the growing expectations of national governments and science funders
 - satisfy public curiosity about major experiments like those ones at the LHC
 - contribute to improve public scientific literacy over the long term
 - provide learning resources and transferable skills in programming and data analysis
 - support teachers with real data and tools for modern physics education

ATLAS outreach programme

Wide ATLAS Outreach programme

- Public website
- Communications and social media
- Printables
- Lego model
- Open Data





Public website

ATLAS Experiment.

Description and the distributions.

- Our main gateway to the world: https://atlas.cern/
- Structure:
 - <u>Latest news</u> → physics briefings
 - Discover the ATLAS Experiment
 - The Detector
 - The Physics
 - The Collaboration
 - Learn about LHC Run 3
- Audience:
 - General public
 - Resources devoted to specific public:
 - Primary students
 - Secondary students
 - University students
 - Teachers
 - Citizen scientists



Learn about LHC Run 3



Public website - briefings

- Continuous flow of physics briefings: https://atlas.cern/Updates/Briefing
 - attention to high impact analyses
 - submitted papers on new searches
 - results from recent conferences
 - new ATLAS management appointments
 - celebration of thesis awards



ATLAS sets record limits on Higgs self-interaction using Run 3 data

A new study of the Higgs boson marks the first ATLAS measurement based on over 300 fb⁻¹ of proton-proton collision data, achieving an expected sensitivity comparable to that of the full Run 2 combination across all Higgs boson pair production channels.

Physics Briefing | 22 May 2025



Studying the Higgs boson across the scales

Using the full LHC Run 2 dataset (collected 2015 to 2018) and early Run 3 data (collected in 2022 and 2023), ATLAS physicists performed detailed measurements of Higgs-boson decays to W and Z boson pairs.

Physics Briefing | 16 May 2025



Shedding light with jets from the dark side

Researchers at the ATLAS Experiment are searching for a hidden "dark sector", a realm of new sets of particles and forces that interact very weakly with the known matter, potentially producing elusive and puzzling signatures. In two new results, ATLAS physicists hunted for dark-sector physics using these distinctive jet signatures.

Physics Briefing | 15 May 2025



Exploring the W boson at extreme mass scales

ATLAS physicists have measured the cross section for W bosons with transverse masses between 200 GeV and 5 TeV.

Physics Briefing | 15 April 2025



ATLAS probes the Higgs mechanism in the scattering of W boson

The ATLAS Collaboration reported the first evidence – with 3.3 or significance – of vector boson scattering involving longitudinally polarised, same-sign W bosons

Physics Briefing | 4 April 2025



Displaced but not unnoticed: ATLAS in pursuit of Long-Lived Particles

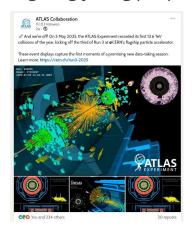
In a new study submitted to Physical Review D, scientists at the ATLAS experiment leveraged the muon spectrometer's size and precision tracking capabilities to search for neutral LLPs by identifying displaced decay vertices.

Physics Briefing | 1 April 2025

Social media

- ATLAS is quite active in several social media
 - o Instagram \rightarrow 70.7 k followers
 - \circ **Facebook** \rightarrow 44.4 k followers
 - **X (Twitter)** \rightarrow 95 k followers
 - Youtube → 10 k followers
 - \rightarrow Linkedin \rightarrow 10 k followers
 - TikTok → 50 k followers
 - \circ Threads \rightarrow 15 k followers
- Preferred way to quickly reach out to the general public, especially targeting young people









Printables

status as of 26/6/2

- Wide range of educational materials for all ages and levels of expertise
 - o available for download on the <u>ATLAS Resources page</u>

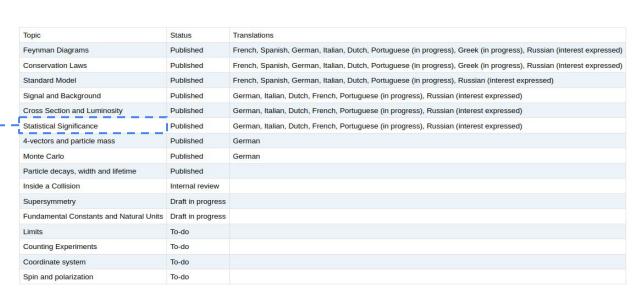
Resource type	Target audience	Number of resources	Available languages
colouring books	children	2	up to 22
activity sheets	children	6	up to 7
cheat sheets	beginners in particle physics	9	up to 6
fact sheets	beginners in particle physics	10	up to 8
parent/teacher guide	parents/teachers	1	2: Portuguese, English
seasonal activities	anyone	7	1: English

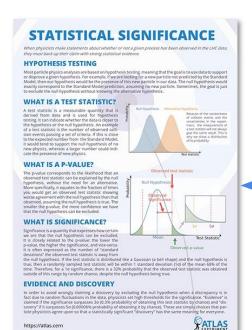
SIGNAL AND BACKGROUND The processes that particle physicists are interested in are often very rare, which makes them difficult to observe. Researchers must sift through large amounts of data to find only a few possible occurrences of the process of interest, making it similar to looking for a needle in a haystack. Fortunately, ATLAS physicists have developed strategies to help with this task WHAT IS SIGNAL? The word "signal" is used to designate the process of interest in a given analysis. There are two main types of analyses; searches and measurements. For searches, the signal is a sign of some new typics of pennemon, for example a new particle not predicted by the Standard Model (SM). For a measurement, the signal is a SM process that we The word "background" is used to describe anything that mimics a signal, leaving a similar signature in the detector. It could come from a known Standard Model process, or other sources. Note that what is considered a signal for one analysis could be a background for another. **EVENT SELECTION** One of the main goals of a search or measurement is to increase the signal-to-background ratio. This is done by applying selection criteria to the particle-collision events that favour the signal. For example, one could require a minimum momentum threshold for certain objects, or a specific number of leptons or photons. This filters out events that are most likely to be background and therefore makes If the collision data agree with the combined MACHINE LEARNING TECHNIQUES Many analyses today use machine learning techniques to better separate signal and background, instead of selecting only a few discriminating verbides, machine learning algorithms can use information from any different variables to make a decision about whether a given event looks more like signal or background. This can lead to large improvements in precision. ATLAS https://atlas.cem

Printables - Cheat sheets

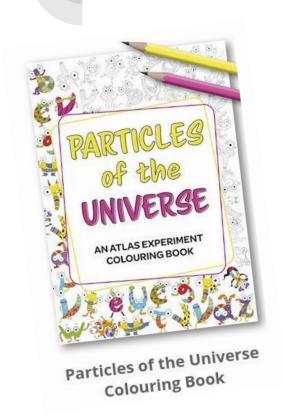
Realisation procedure

- proposal
- draft submission to CDS (CERN Document Server)
- revised version approved and published
- \circ translations \to cross-checked by at least one other native speaker other than the translator





Printables - Colouring books & activity sheets



• Target: children, middle schools students

Colouring Books:

Title	Status	Translations
ATLAS Experiment Colouring Book	Published	22 languages (see here r for full list)
Particles of the Universe	Published	12 languages (see here r for full list)

Activity Sheets

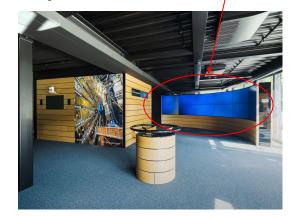
Title	Status	Translations
Particles vs. Antiparticles	Published	French, Spanish, German, Italian, Portuguese, Chinese
Follow particle decays through a maze	Published	French, Spanish, German, Italian, Portuguese, Chinese
Label the detector	Published	French, Spanish, German, Italian, Portuguese, Chinese
Make your own Standard Model	Published	French, Spanish, German, Italian, Portuguese, Chinese
Spot the Differences	Published	French, Spanish, German, Italian, Portuguese, Chinese
Word Search	Published	French

ATLAS Visitor Centre



- Permanent exhibit with interactive screens outside the Control Room at
 LHC Point 1 → become transparent, so that visitors can see what's behind!
 - <u>3D movie</u> to explain how the detector works
 - (normal) movie about Higgs Boson discovery and how the Collaboration pursues its physics research
 - LEGO model of the detector
 - exposition of real pieces of the detector
- / Available for guided and private tours
 - open every day 9:00-17:00 (only with reservation)







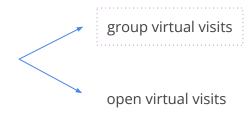
Virtual visit programme

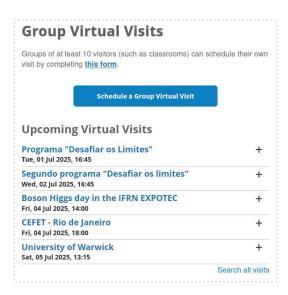
- One of the most successful ATLAS Outreach initiatives
 - o much exploited during the pandemic
 - o overcome the impossibility to access to the ATLAS Visitor Centre or to the cavern
- Target:
 - school and university students
 - general public
 - funding agencies
 - o any generic group of at least 10 visitors
 - typically not open for individuals
- Full information in the website:

https://atlas.cern/Discover/Visit/Virtual-Visit

- o directly bookable from there via this form
- full list of visits
- Languages:
 - English
 - French
 - Italian
 - German
 - Portuguese
 - Arabic
 - Greek

ightarrow additional languages depending on the availability of guides







Open virtual visits

- Very popular virtual visits with live streaming
 - period: Extended Year-End Technical Stop (EYETS) 2024-2025, from December 2024 to March 2025
 - aim to re-propose it next year
 - o live views: between 500 and 2000 per video
 - languages: English, Greek, Spanish, Portuguese, German, French
 - platforms: YouTube, TikTok



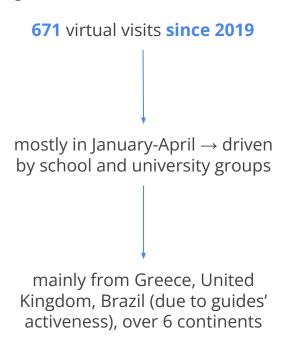




Virtual visits - statistics

- Statistics to be collected in an ATLAS paper for the first time!
 - foreseen in late 2025
- For more details, please checkout <u>Alberto Carnelli's talk</u>: "ATLAS on the Air! Measuring the Success of the ATLAS Virtual Visit Programme"

Year	Number of (booked) virtual visits
2019	74
2020	34
2021	155
2022	121
2023	88
2024	122
2025	77



Lego ATLAS model



Lego model of ATLAS designed for the first time by Sascha Mehlhase (Munich) in 2011

- o approximately 1:50 scale
- \circ size: ~1 x 0.5 x 0.5 (in meters)
- around 9500 bricks, built at institutes around the world

Required **upgrade**:

- o fragile: fine if left on display in AVC, nearly impossible to transport
- inaccuracies:
 - Barrel slightly elongated
 - no muon chambers suspended between toroid coils
 - no outer muon layer!
 - inaccurate muon wheels



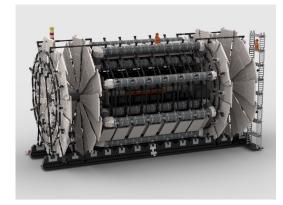


- over 21400 Lego pieces
- hyper-accurate 1:50 scale
- over 100 cm long

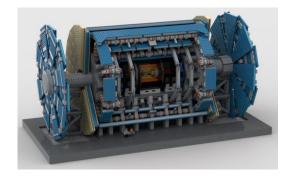
 \rightarrow talk at EPS-HEP 2025

University of Sheffield

- crafted over the last 2.5 years
- fully modular removable ITk, calorimeters, toroids, muon chambers









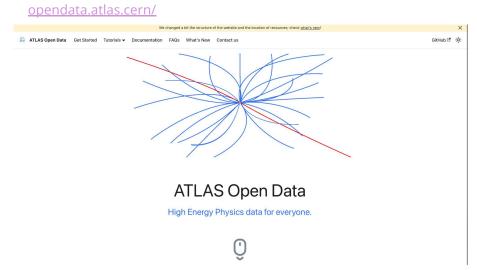
ATLAS Open Data project

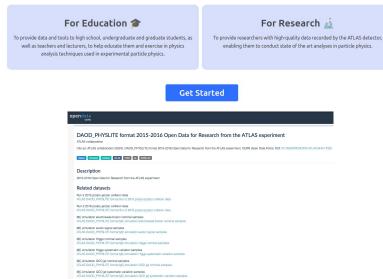
- **Education**: two *pp* datasets 8 TeV (2016) and 13 TeV (2020); one *PbPb* dataset 5 TeV (2024)
- **Research**: one *pp* dataset 13 TeV (2024, 65 TB)
 - available in the <u>CERN Open Data Portal</u>
 - download from the website or with the <u>cernopendata client</u>





- detector data (10 kB per event) with accompanied Monte Carlo datasets (12 kB per event)
 - Standard Model nominal samples, and alternatives for systematic variations
 - Beyond the Standard Model signal samples
 High Energy Physics data for everyone.



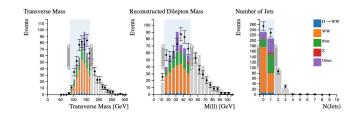


ATLAS Open Data - infrastructure and tools

- Information, tutorials and instructions on the website
- Histogram analysers: interactive and intuitive web-based tool for fast, cut-based analysis of data, and for online visualization

↑ > Tutorials for Research > Phoenix for Event Visualisation

- Interactive analysis with <u>Jupyter notebooks</u>
- Languages:
 - o C++
 - o Python
 - RDataFrame
 - Uproot/Coffea





Application for visualizing High Energy Physics data.







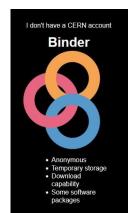




· Complete scientific

software suite

 Integrated with CERN services



Conclusion

- ATLAS is hugely involved in outreach activities
 - big success of many of the initiatives
 - o growing interest in the HL-LHC ATLAS Lego model
 - great tradition of the Open Data project for education and research → extended to LHC heavy-ions data as well
- Virtual and live events are very important tools
 - profit from our experience of the pandemic years to make the organisation of such events very smooth
- New online material helps to reach more people, e.g. from remote geographical areas and from different social backgrounds
 - Several languages available
- Huge thanks to everyone who is actively involved in outreach activities within the Collaboration!



