



Top quark (+X) cross-section measurements with the ATLAS detector



Outline

The following top quark + X measurements from ATLAS experiment with full Run 2 dataset, will be discussed today

- [NEW] WbWb differential cross-section measurement in eµ channel [arXiv:2506.14700]
- ttbar + b(b) differential cross-section measurement in eµ channel [JHEP 01 (2025) 068]
- ttbar + c(c) cross-section measurement in 1 and 2 lepton channels [Phys. Lett. B 860 (2025) 139177]
- [NEW] ttbar+2 photon: cross-section + $\sigma(ttyy)/\sigma(tty)$ measurement in 1lepton channel [arXiv:2506.05018]





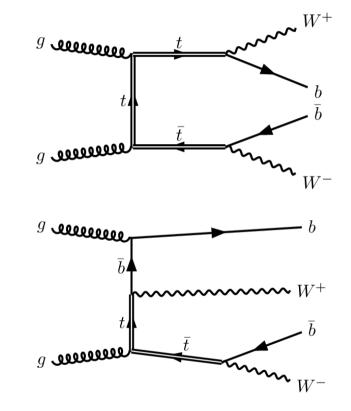
WbWb differential cross-section measurement: Introduction

arXiv:2506.14700

The issue of interference between ttbar and tW (single-top) processes is well known

Target of this **NEW** analysis: measurements of

- 1. differential cross-section for interference sensitive observable
- 2. differential cross-section in several kinematic observables in inclusive regions to help WbWb modelling







WbWb differential cross-section measurement: Analysis details

Event selection targeting WbWb final state with:

- 2 leptons with pT>28 GeV (eµ, opposite signs)
- >=2 b-tagged jets (pT>25 GeV) using 70% WP

N(b-jets) provide two interesting regions:

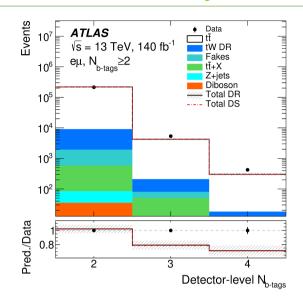
- **N(b-jets)=2**, additionally vetoing extra jets with 85% WP → sensitive to interference
- **N(b-jets)>=2**, inclusive region for all differential crosssection measurements

Samples:

Signal made from sum of ttbar and tW processes,

- using Powheg+Pythia8,
- tW with DR (diagram removal) scheme is used as nominal

Backgrounds include ttbar+W/Z/H, Z+jets, Diboson and also fake/non-prompt leptons (from ttbar,tW,Wjets)



Analysis steps:

- Cut & count analysis
- Detector level distributions unfolded to particle level with similar phase spaces (b-jets using b-hadron ghost association matching)
- using iterative Bayesian unfolding (IBU)





WbWb differential cross-section measurement: interference in 2b-exclusive

arXiv:2506.14700

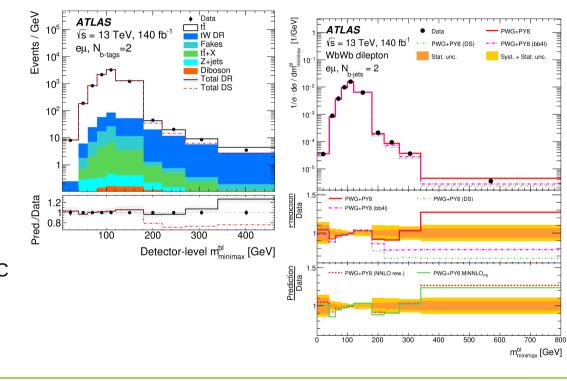
$$m_{\mathrm{minimax}}^{bl} \equiv \min \left\{ \max \left(m^{b_1 l_1}, m^{b_2 l_2} \right), \max \left(m^{b_1 l_2}, m^{b_2 l_1} \right) \right\}$$

Magic of minimax:

- for ttbar this is bound to m(top) ~ 180 GeV
- sensitive to interference above 180 GeV
- N(b-jets)>2 would reduce sensitivity,
 → N(b-jets)=2 exclusive region used
- **DR vs DS** (diagram subtraction) **sensitivity can be observed** in both detector level and unfolded results

Unfolded results also compared with other MC models:

- bb4l sample: underestimates in the tail!
- DS: least compatible
- NNLO vs nominal







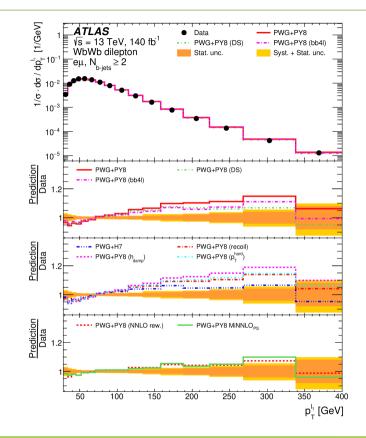
WbWb differential cross-section measurement: 2b inclusive results

Differential cross-section for 11 observables are obtained in the 2b-inclusive region:

- pT of jets, leptons
- pT and mass of bb4l and bbll systems
- pT of bb system
- number of jets

Compatibility (via chi2, p-values):

- most of the predictions are not able to describe simultaneously all observables, trend found in previous measurements
- e.g. PWG+H7 compatible for leading lepton pT
- PWG+Py8 (NNLO reweighted) describes well all observables simultaneously







WbWb differential cross-section measurement: integrated cross-section

Integrated fiducial cross-section:

2b-exclusive region $\sigma_{\text{fid}} = 5.77 \pm 0.01 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.05 \text{ (lumi.)}_{-0.29}^{+0.27} \text{ (syst.) pb;}$

2*b***-inclusive region** $\sigma_{\text{fid}} = 5.97 \pm 0.01 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.05 \text{ (lumi.)}^{+0.27}_{-0.30} \text{ (syst.) pb.}$

Phase space	$e\mu$, $N_{b ext{-jets}} = 2$	$e\mu$, $N_{b ext{-jets}} \ge 2$
Fiducial cross-section [pb]	5.77	5.97
Total Uncertainty [%]	+4.6 -5.1	+4.5 -5.0
Statistical [%]	±0.2	±0.2
Systematic [%]	+4.5 -5.1	+4.5 -5.0
Jets [%]	+1.6 -1.8	+1.8 -1.9
Pile-up [%]	±0.6	+0.5 -0.6
Flavour tagging [%]	±2.9	±3.0
Background [%]	±0.3	±0.3
Leptons and $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ [%]	±1.8	±1.8
Luminosity [%]	±0.8	±0.8
tW modelling [%]	±0.1	±0.1
Generator parameters [%]	+1.9 -2.9	+1.7 -2.7
Parton shower [%]	±1.0	±0.8
Hard scattering [%]	±0.7	±0.7





ttbar+b(b): introduction

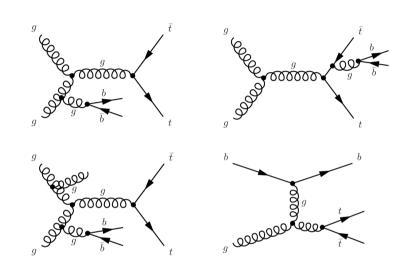
Motivation:

- ttbar in association with b-jets is challenging to model
- irreducible background of ttH(bb), 4tops, etc.

Analysis targets:

- measurement of cross-sections in eµ channel at particle-level fiducial regions:
 - $-e\mu + >= 3b, e\mu + >= 3b >= 1 light/c$
 - $-e\mu + >=4b, e\mu + >=4b >=1$ light/c
- integrated fiducial cross-sections
- normalized differential cross-sections for many observables
 - differential cross-section measurement across large
 - number of observables will benefit future MC modelling
 some b-jet observables are assigned to top quark
 decay or additional jet using permutation based algorithm
- Event selection:

 ttbar eµ channel selection with additional b-tagged jets using 77% WP



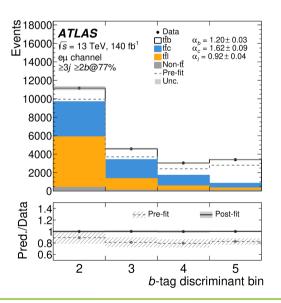




ttbar+b(b): integrated fiducial cross-section

Analysis strategy:

- Fits performed based on b-tagging discriminant bin
- 3rd highest b-tagging discriminant score among selected jets correspond to b-tagging efficiencies: 85%–77%, 77%–70%, 70%–60%, and < 60%, respectively
- Observable distributions unfolded using iterative bayesian unfolding

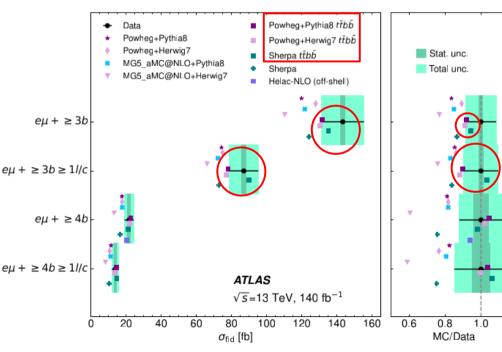




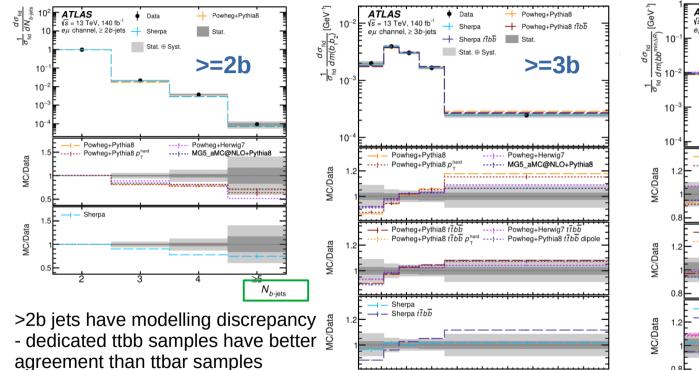


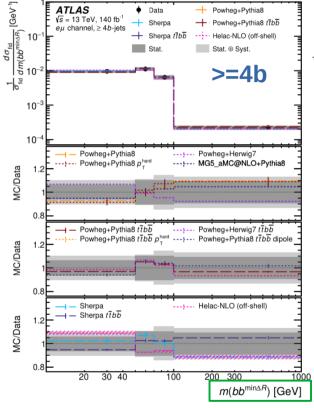
<u>Integrated fiducial cross-sections:</u>

- dedicated ttbb samples have better agreement than ttbar samples
- disagreements present in >=3b regions
- less disagreements in >=4b regions



ttbar+b(b): normalized differential fiducial cross-sections







- full list of observables is in backup



500 600

700 800 900

 $m(b_1b_2)$ [GeV]

untagged

 $\exp(-D_b)$

b@60%

b@70%

Phys. Lett. B 860 (2025) 139177

ATLAS Simulation

c@22%

light iets

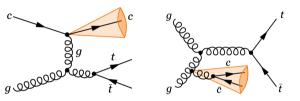
 $1/(1 + \exp(-D_c))$

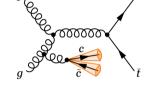
 $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$

ttbar+c(c): introduction

Motivation+Analysis goals:

- Similar to ttbar+b(b)
- 1st in ATLAS, inclusive cross-section measurements in **ttbar+1c** and **ttbar+>=2c** separately

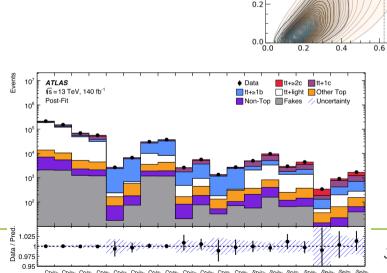




- in both 1 lepton and 2 lepton channels

Analysis strategy:

- using a custom flavour tagging algorithm to simultaneously tag b-jets and c-jets
- several control and signal regions defined for
- 1 lepton and 2 lepton channels
- a simultaneous combined fit is performed







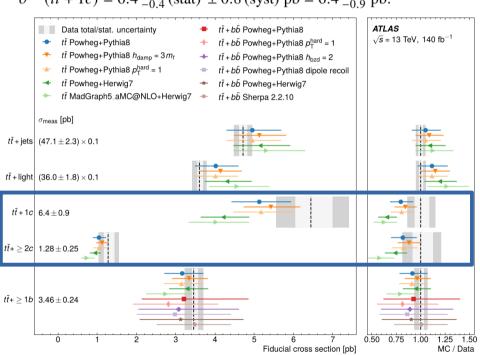
c@11%

ttbar+c(c): results

The fitted cross-section for the two regions are:

$$\sigma^{\text{fid}}(t\bar{t} + \ge 2c) = 1.28^{+0.16}_{-0.10} \text{ (stat)}^{+0.21}_{-0.22} \text{ (syst) pb} = 1.28^{+0.27}_{-0.24} \text{ pb},$$

 $\sigma^{\text{fid}}(t\bar{t} + 1c) = 6.4^{+0.5}_{-0.4} \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.8 \text{ (syst) pb} = 6.4^{+1.0}_{-0.9} \text{ pb}.$

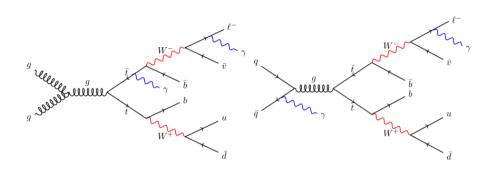


- The predictions of various MCs are consistent with the observed value but under-predict
- The measurements are limited by background modelling, b/c tagger calibration and statistics





ttbar+2 photon: Introduction



ttyy: ttbar production in association with two photons coming from production or decay of top quarks

- \rightarrow irreducible background to ttH(H \rightarrow yy)
- → sensitive to the top-photon coupling

Objectives:

- 1. (1st) Measurement of ttyy process in 1 lepton channel
 - → at particle level fiducial region
- 2. Measurement of $R=\sigma(ttyy)/\sigma(tty)$
 - → possibility to constrain top-photon coupling
 - → using the fit workspace of tty cross-section measurement (JHEP10(2024)191)





ttbar+2 photon: Event Selection and samples

Event selection of semileptonic decays using

1 e/mu, >=4 jets >=1 b-jet (with DL1r 70% WP)

&

2 tight+isolated photon with pT>20 GeV

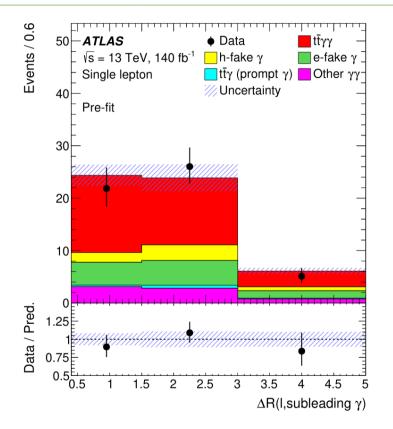
Samples:

Signal: using ttyy $2 \rightarrow 8$ LO sample with MG5+Py8, with k-factor calculated from $2 \rightarrow 4$ NLO/LO samples

Backgrounds:

tty, single top+y(y), W/Z+y(y), VV+y(y), ttH(yy), ttW/Z(+yy) contributing as

- electron faked as photon
 - → e-fake y (data-driven estimate)
- hadron faked as photon/photon from hadron decay
 - → h-fake y (data-driven estimate)
- Other yy → background processes with 2 prompt photon tty(prompt y) → tty events passing overlap removal







ttbar+2 photon: BDT output as fit variable

BDT with 19 input variables



Photon conversion type (converted or unconverted) of the leading photon

 ΔR between the leading and subleading photons

 η of the subleading photon

Invariant mass of the subleading photon and lepton

Diphoton invariant mass

 p_T of the leading jet ΔR between the subleading photon and lepton

 η of the leading photon

 $p_{\rm T}$ of the subleading jet

 ΔR between the leading photon and lepton

Pseudo-continuous b-tagging distribution of the jet with the highest score Invariant mass of all jets, the lepton and the photons

Invariant mass of all jets, the lepton and the photons E_{τ}^{miss}

Invariant mass of the leading photon and closest b-jet

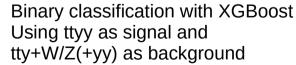
Invariant mass of the leading photon and lepton

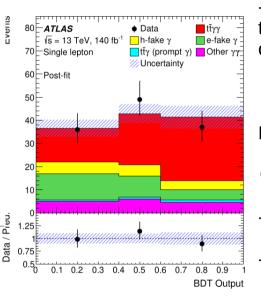
 $p_{\rm T}$ of the leading photon

Invariant mass of the subleading photon and closest b-jet

 $p_{\rm T}$ of the subleading photon

Number of *b*-tagged jets (70% working point)





Profile likelihood fit on BDT output

- Fiducial phase-space defined as similar to the event selection and applying standard overlap removal procedure

Fiducial ttyy cross-section measured,

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}\gamma\gamma} = 2.42^{+0.58}_{-0.53} \text{ fb} = 2.42^{+0.46}_{-0.38} \text{ (stat)} ^{+0.35}_{-0.38} \text{ (syst) fb}.$$

- total relative uncertainty of 23% (17% stat)
- **observed** with significance 5.2σ





ttbar+2 photon: ttyy/tty ratio measurement

Reusing the fit workspace (4 regions) of tty (production+decay) cross-section measurement in 1 lepton

[JHEP10(2024)191]

- along with ttyy BDT;
- tty normalization floated;
- simultaneous fit with all common uncertainties correlated

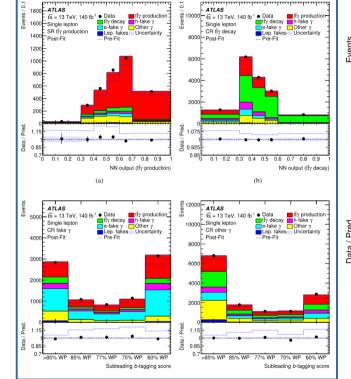
Measurement of ttyy/tty ratio,

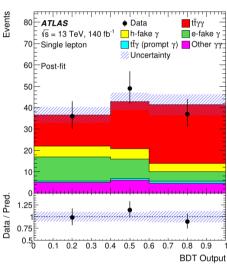
$$R_{t\bar{t}\gamma\gamma/t\bar{t}\gamma} = (3.30^{+0.70}_{-0.65}) \times 10^{-3}$$

= $(3.30^{+0.63}_{-0.55} \text{ (stat)}^{+0.32}_{-0.34} \text{ (syst)}) \times 10^{-3}$.

With total uncertainty of 20% (stat 18%)











ttbar+2 photon: uncertainties

Source	$\Delta \sigma_{t\bar{t}\gamma\gamma}/\sigma_{t\bar{t}\gamma\gamma}$ [%]	$\Delta R_{t\bar{t}\gamma\gamma/t\bar{t}\gamma}/R_{t\bar{t}\gamma\gamma/t\bar{t}\gamma}$ [%]
$t\bar{t}\gamma\gamma$ modelling	1.4	1.3
Prompt-photon background norm. & modelling	4.4	5.8
Fake-photon background estimates	6.5	0.5
Fake-lepton background estimate	_	0.9
Jet	9.7	5.9
Photon	6.5	4.0
b-tagging	3.4	1.0
Leptons	1.5	0.3
Luminosity	1.4	0.1
$E_{ m T}^{ m miss}$	0.4	1.1
Pile-up	1.6	1.4
MC statistical uncertainties	2.5	2.8
Total systematic uncertainty	15.0	10.0

Effect of correlated systematic uncertainties in ratio measurement w.r.t. ttyy cross-section measurement:

- reduction in jet, photon, b-tagging, lepton, luminosity
- reduction in data-driven fake-photon background estimations
- larger effect of prompt-photon background modelling uncertainties





Summary and outlook

Four recent measurements of cross-sections of ttbar and ttbar associated production processes [WbWb, ttbar+b(b)/c(c), ttbar+2photon] are presented

These measurements are crucial for future improvements of the MC modelling

Improvement on some experimental uncertainties (e.g. flavour tagging) and higher data statistics would be useful for future iterations of some of these measurements





Extra materials





ttbar+2 photon: X, Xy, Xyy overlap removal

Overlap events (among prompt photon events only) if photon @parton level have pT>15 GeV and dR(I,y)>0.2

X: no ME photons, if any PS photon in overlap \rightarrow remove event Xy: 1 ME photon, 1 PS photon: if BOTH photons in overlap \rightarrow remove event Xyy: two photons from ME \rightarrow event kept





ttbar+2 photon: significance

Observed significance w.r.t. background only hypothesis: 5.2σ

expected (assessed with toys):

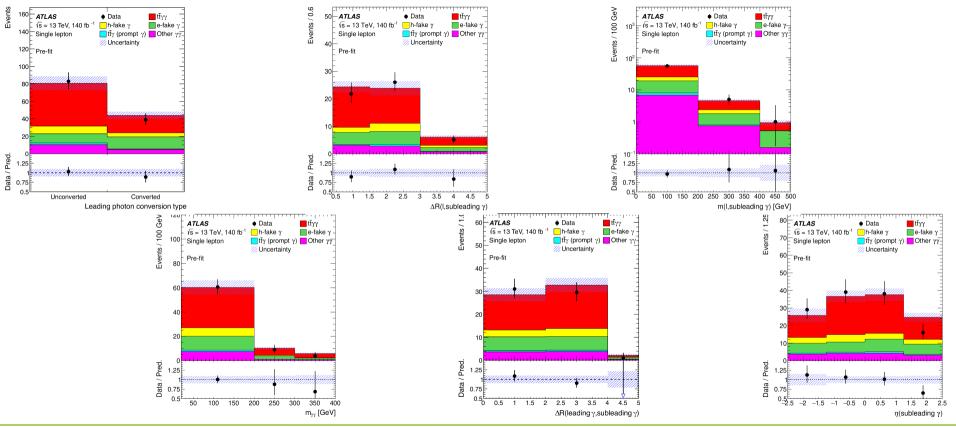
5.7σ, with ttyy k-factor

3.8σ, without k-factor for ttyy, i.e. at LO





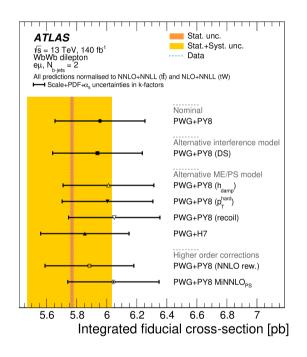
Ttyy: BDT input variables

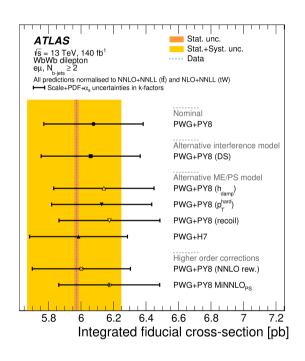






WbWb: more results









WbWb: improvements

Improvements w.r.t. previous ATLAS analysis (arXiv:1806.04667, 36 fb-1):

- differential cross-sections of several more observables
- improved modelling uncertainty prescriptions
- Full Run 2 dataset and updated object calibrations





ttbar+b(b): all measured observables

-	Observable	Description		F	hase space	es	
			≥ 2 <i>b</i>	≥ 3 <i>b</i>	$\geq 3b$	$\geq 4b$	≥ 4b
				_	≥ 1 <i>l</i> / <i>c</i>		≥ 1 <i>l</i> /
	$\sigma^{ m fid}$	Fiducial total cross-section		/	√	/	/
	$N_{b ext{-jets}}$	Number of b-jets	/	/			
	$N_{l/c\text{-jets}}$	Number of light- or c-jets		/		✓	
	$H_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{had}}$	Scalar sum of $p_{\rm T}$ of all jets		/		✓	
	$H_{ m T}^{ m all}$	Scalar sum of $p_{\rm T}$ of charged leptons, jet and missing $E_{\rm T}$		/		✓	
	$\Delta R_{\mathrm{avg}}^{^{1}bb}$	Average angular distance in ΔR of b-jet pairs		/		✓	
	$\Delta \eta_{\max}^{"j"}$	Maximum absolute difference in η between any pair of jets		/		/	
	$p_{\mathrm{T}}(b_1)$	$p_{\rm T}$ of the hardest b -jet		✓		✓	
	$p_{\mathrm{T}}(b_2)$	$p_{\rm T}$ of second-hardest b -jet		✓		✓	
	$p_{\mathrm{T}}(b_3)$	$p_{\rm T}$ of third-hardest b-jet		✓		✓	
	$p_{\mathrm{T}}(b_4)$	$p_{\rm T}$ of fourth-hardest b -jet				✓	
	$\eta(b_1)$	η of hardest b-jet		✓		✓	
	$\eta(b_2)$	η of second-hardest b-jet		✓		✓	
	$\eta(b_3)$	η of third-hardest b-jet		✓		✓	
	$\eta(b_4)$	η of fourth-hardest b -jet				✓	
	$p_{\mathrm{T}}(l/c\text{-jet}_{1})$	$p_{\rm T}$ of the hardest light- or c -jet			✓		✓
	$\eta(l/c\text{-jet}_1)$	η of the hardest light- or c -jet			✓		✓
	$m(b_1b_2)$	Invariant mass of two hardest b -jets in p_T		✓		✓	
	$\Delta R(b_1, b_2)$	ΔR between two hardest b-jets		✓		✓	
	$p_{\mathrm{T}}(b_1b_2)$	$p_{\rm T}$ of two hardest b -jets		✓		✓	
	$m(bb^{\min\Delta R})$	Invariant mass of two closest b-jets in ΔR				✓	
	$p_{\mathrm{T}}(bb^{\min\Delta R})$	$p_{\rm T}$ of the closest b-jets pair				✓	
	$\min \Delta R(bb)$	Closest angular distance in ΔR among b -jets				✓	
	$m(e\mu b_1b_2)$	Invariant mass of electron, muon and two hardest b-jets		✓		✓	
	$p_{\mathrm{T}}(b_{1}^{\mathrm{top}})$	$p_{\rm T}$ of the hardest b-jet assigned to top quark		√		√	
	$p_{\mathrm{T}}(b_2^{\mathrm{top}})$	$p_{\rm T}$ of the second-hardest b-jet assigned to top quark		/		✓	
	$p_{\rm T}(b_1^{\rm add})$	$p_{\rm T}$ of the hardest additional b -jet		✓		✓	
	$p_{\mathrm{T}}(b_{2}^{\mathrm{add}})$	$p_{\rm T}$ of the second-hardest additional b -jet				✓	
	$\eta(b_1^{t\tilde{0}p})$	η of the hardest b-jet assigned to top quark		✓		✓	
	$\eta(b_2^{\text{top}})$	η of the second-hardest b-jet assigned to top quark		✓		✓	
	$\eta(b_1^{\tilde{\text{add}}})$	η of the hardest additional b-jet		✓		✓	
	$\eta(b_2^{\text{add}})$	η of the second-hardest additional b-jet				✓	
	$m(b\bar{b}^{\mathrm{top}})$	Invariant mass of a pair of b-jets assigned to top quarks		✓		✓	
	$p_{\mathrm{T}}(bb^{\mathrm{top}})$	$p_{\rm T}$ of a pair of b-jets assigned to top quarks		✓		✓	
	$m(bb^{\mathrm{add}})$	Invariant mass of a pair of additional b-jets				✓	
	$p_{\rm T}(bb^{\rm add})$	$p_{\rm T}$ of a pair of additional b -jets				✓	
	$m(e\mu b b^{\text{top}})$	Invariant mass of $e\mu$ and the b -jets pair assigned to top quarks		✓		✓	
_	$\Delta R(e\mu bb^{\text{top}}, b_1^{\text{add}})$	ΔR between the direction of the system of $e\mu$		✓		✓	
>	•	and b -jet pair assigned to top and the direction of the hardest additional b -jet					
1	$\Delta R(e\mu bb^{\text{top}}, l/c\text{-jet}_1)$	ΔR between the direction of the system of $e\mu$					
6		and b -jet pair assigned to top and the direction of the hardest light- or c -jet			✓		✓
•	$p_{\mathrm{T}}(l/c\text{-jet}_1) - p_{\mathrm{T}}(b_1^{\mathrm{add}})$	Difference in p_T between the hardest l/c -jet and the additional b -jet			✓		✓





ttbar+c(c): regions

	$ CR_1^{1\ell}$	$CR_2^{l\ell}$	$CR_3^{1\ell}$	$SR_{loose}^{l\ell}$	SR ^{1ℓ} tight	$CR_1^{2\ell}$	$CR_2^{2\ell}$	$CR_3^{2\ell}$	$SR_{loose}^{2\ell}$	SR ^{2ℓ} _{tight}
$N_{ m jets}$			= 5 or	≥ 6			= 3	$or \ge 4$		≥ 4
b@70%	2	_	_	2	2	2	_	≥ 3	2	2
b@60%	_	≥ 3	3	_	_	_	≥ 3	≤ 2	_	_
c@22%	1	0	1	≥ 2	-	0	_	_	1	≥ 2
c@11%	1	-	1	1	≥ 2	_	_	_	_	_





ttbar+c(c): uncertainties

Uncertainty group	Fractional uncertainty [%] on				
	$\sigma^{\text{fid}}(t\bar{t} + \ge 2c)$	$\sigma^{\rm fid}(t\bar{t}+1c)$			
$t\bar{t} + \ge 1c \text{ modeling}$	9	8			
Background modeling:					
$t\bar{t} + \ge 1b$	4	4			
$t\bar{t}$ + light	6	4			
Others	2.5	1.7			
Instrumental:					
b-tagging	2.2	1.8			
c-tagging	9	4			
light mis-tagging	2.2	3.4			
JES/JER	6	3.5			
Others	1.3	0.9			
MC statistics	3.1	2.5			
Total systematic uncertainty	17	12			
Data statistical uncertainty	11	7			
Total	20	14			



