

# The MC generator Whizard for future collider studies

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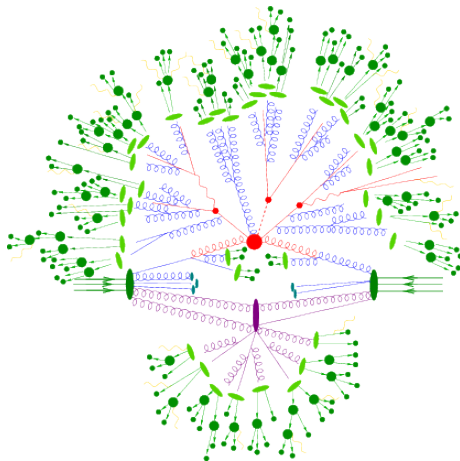
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EPS-HEP 2025

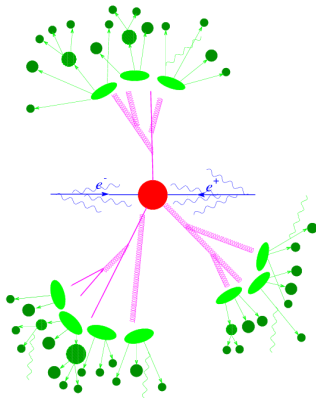
11.07.2025

# Monte Carlo generators: $pp$ collisions



Credits: SHERPA

# Monte Carlo generators: $e^+e^-$ collisions



Credits: SHERPA

# WHIZARD: overview

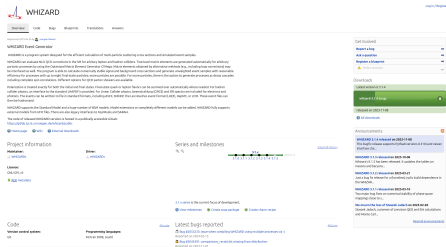
- WHIZARD 3: released on 27.04.2021
- complete MC tool for high-energy colliders (LHC, FCC, LCF, MuC...)
- hard interactions at LO internal: O'Mega
- hard interactions at NLO external: OpenLoops, Recola, GoSam...
- parton shower internal (QCD only) or external (Pythia6/8)
- external hadronisation
- lepton collider beam setups
  - Gaussian spread/beam spectra
  - beam polarisation (any combination)
  - ISR, EPA, EVA
  - crossing angle, asymmetric beams
- BSM via internal models and UFO interface

# WHIZARD: User support

- manual: <https://whizard.hepforge.org/manual.pdf>
- LaunchPad: <https://launchpad.net/whizard>
- contact: [whizard@desy.de](mailto:whizard@desy.de)



- Contents
  - Chapter 1. Introduction
    - 1.1. Overview
    - 1.2. Overview
    - 1.3. Introduction to the manual
    - 1.4. About the manual in this manual
  - Chapter 2. Installation
    - 2.1. Prerequisites
    - 2.2. Prerequisites
    - 2.3. Installation
  - Chapter 3. Using Whizard
    - 3.1. Overview
    - 3.2. A Simple Calculator
    - 3.3. WHIZARD in a Computing Environment
    - 3.4. Troubleshooting
  - Chapter 4. Using WHIZARD in a Computing Environment
    - 4.1. The conventional language for WHIZARD
    - 4.2. Input and output
    - 4.3. Errors
    - 4.4. Settings
    - 4.5. Control Structures
    - 4.6. Examples
    - 4.7. Whizard



- a variety of internal models (SM, MSSM, THDM, Littlest Higgs, ...); full support for UFO models (LO)
- spin 0, 1/2, 1, 3/2 and 2 supported
- Majorana-fermion statistics available
- arbitrary Lorentz structure supported
- 5-, 6-, 7-, 8-, ... point vertices (optimisation pending)
- arbitrary  $SU(N)$  supported, complicated colour structures (sextets, decuplets, ...) available

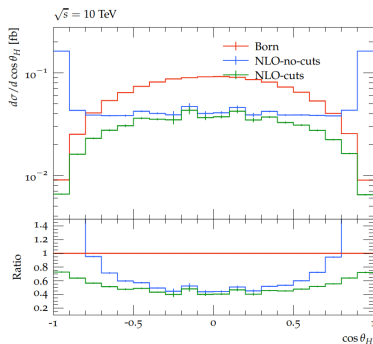
[1206.3700], [2403.04685]

- Suggestions from users taken into account

# NLO SM automation

- NLO SM automation for lepton/hadron colliders completed in 2022
- FKS subtraction (also resonance-aware), NLO matrix elements from external providers
- setup for automatic differential fixed-order results
- loop-induced processes supported

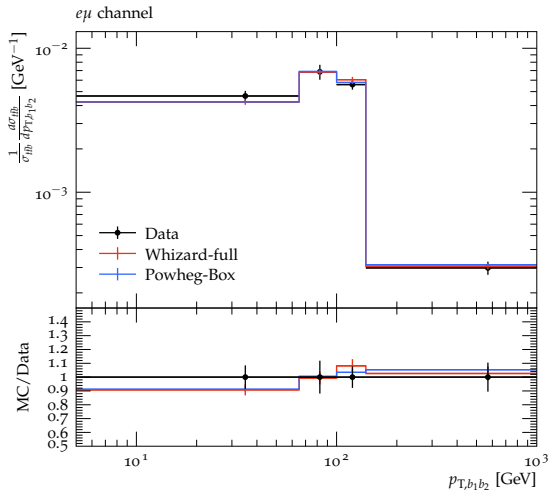
| $\mu^+\mu^- \rightarrow X, \sqrt{s} = 3 \text{ TeV}$ | $\sigma_{\text{LO}}^{\text{incl}} [\text{fb}]$ | $\sigma_{\text{NLO}}^{\text{incl}} [\text{fb}]$ | $\delta_{\text{EW}} [\%]$ |
|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| $W^+W^-$                                             | $4.6591(2) \cdot 10^2$                         | $4.847(7) \cdot 10^2$                           | +4.0(2)                   |
| $ZZ$                                                 | $2.5988(1) \cdot 10^1$                         | $2.656(2) \cdot 10^1$                           | +2.19(6)                  |
| $HZ$                                                 | $1.3719(1) \cdot 10^0$                         | $1.3512(5) \cdot 10^0$                          | -1.51(4)                  |
| $HH$                                                 | $1.60216(7) \cdot 10^{-7}$                     | $5.66(1) \cdot 10^{-7} *$                       |                           |
| $W^+W^-Z$                                            | $3.330(2) \cdot 10^1$                          | $2.568(8) \cdot 10^1$                           | -22.9(2)                  |
| $W^+W^-H$                                            | $1.1253(5) \cdot 10^0$                         | $0.895(2) \cdot 10^0$                           | -20.5(2)                  |
| $ZZZ$                                                | $3.598(2) \cdot 10^{-1}$                       | $2.68(1) \cdot 10^{-1}$                         | -25.5(3)                  |
| $HZZ$                                                | $8.199(4) \cdot 10^{-2}$                       | $6.60(3) \cdot 10^{-2}$                         | -19.6(3)                  |
| $HHZ$                                                | $3.277(1) \cdot 10^{-2}$                       | $2.451(5) \cdot 10^{-2}$                        | -25.2(1)                  |
| $HHH$                                                | $2.9699(6) \cdot 10^{-8}$                      | $0.86(7) \cdot 10^{-8} *$                       |                           |
| $W^+W^-W^+W^-$                                       | $1.484(1) \cdot 10^0$                          | $0.993(6) \cdot 10^0$                           | -33.1(4)                  |
| $W^+W^-ZZ$                                           | $1.209(1) \cdot 10^0$                          | $0.699(7) \cdot 10^0$                           | -42.2(6)                  |
| $W^+W^-HZ$                                           | $8.754(8) \cdot 10^{-2}$                       | $6.05(4) \cdot 10^{-2}$                         | -30.9(5)                  |
| $W^+W^-HH$                                           | $1.058(1) \cdot 10^{-2}$                       | $0.655(5) \cdot 10^{-2}$                        | -38.1(4)                  |
| $ZZZZ$                                               | $3.114(2) \cdot 10^{-3}$                       | $1.799(7) \cdot 10^{-3}$                        | -42.2(2)                  |
| $HZZZ$                                               | $2.693(2) \cdot 10^{-3}$                       | $1.766(6) \cdot 10^{-3}$                        | -34.4(2)                  |
| $HHZZ$                                               | $9.828(7) \cdot 10^{-4}$                       | $6.24(2) \cdot 10^{-4}$                         | -36.5(2)                  |
| $HHHZ$                                               | $1.568(1) \cdot 10^{-4}$                       | $1.165(4) \cdot 10^{-4}$                        | -25.7(2)                  |



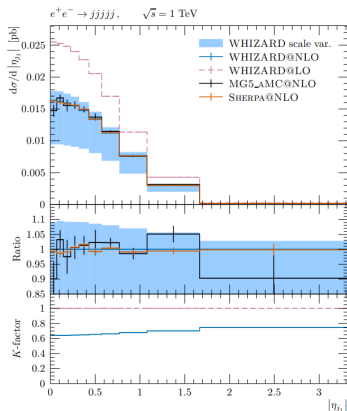
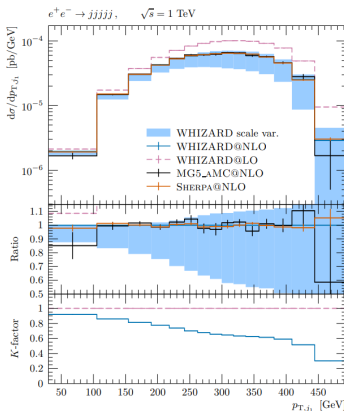
[2208.09438]

# NLO SM automation

Validation:  $p_{T,b_1b_2}$  in  $pp \rightarrow e\mu\nu\nu bb$  compared to ATLAS Run-2 data from 2018 [NLO QCD]



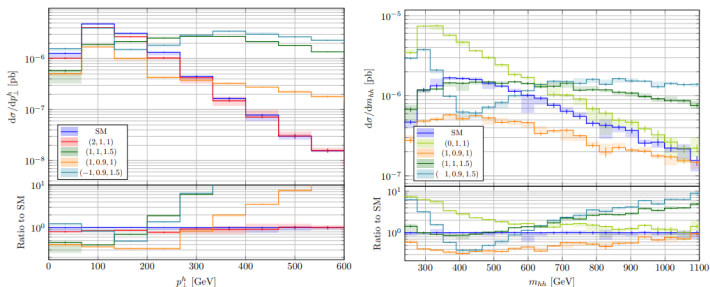
# NLO SM automation



[2104.11141]

# NLO BSM automation

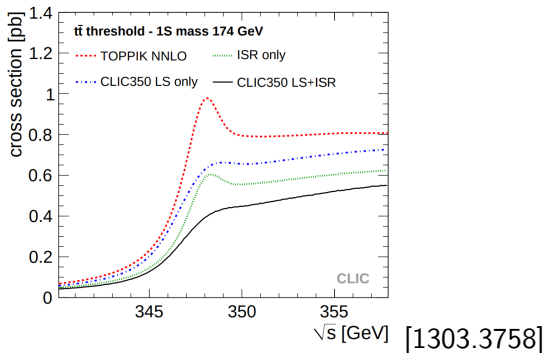
- NLO QCD available for BSM with GoSam
- e.g.  $pp \rightarrow jjHH$  NLO QCD in HEFT [2502.09132]



**Figure 5:** Transverse momentum distribution of (any of) the Higgs bosons (left) and invariant-mass distribution of the di-Higgs system (right) for selected benchmark points in  $(c_\lambda, c_V, c_{2V})$ -space of table 1 at NLO.

# Beam spectra

- To achieve high luminosity, bunches are squeezed strongly which creates strong electromagnetic fields.
- Each beam feels the electromagnetic field of the opposite beam.
- Deflected beams emit beamstrahlung, in addition to the ISR from the hard scattering process.
- As a result, beam energies are smeared; the effect is non-negligible.



- CIRCE2 acts as a bridge between beam simulation and event generation.
- It is available as a part of WHIZARD and as a separate package, also for generating smooth distributions from your own Guinea-Pig and CAIN outputs.



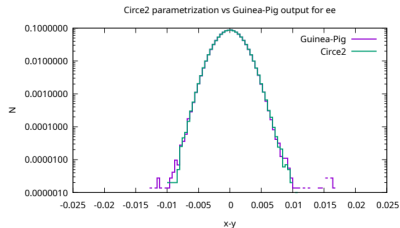
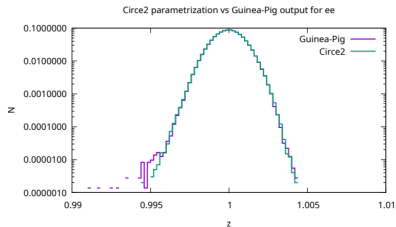
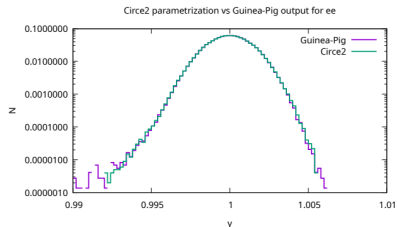
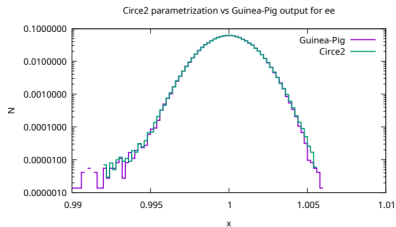
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|  TESLA/           | 2016-07-29 13:22 | -    |             |
|  XCC/             | 2025-04-15 15:37 | -    |             |

# Example: FCC-ee beams

Fitting  $e^+e^-$  spectrum at tt

[Thorsten Ohl, 2024/25]

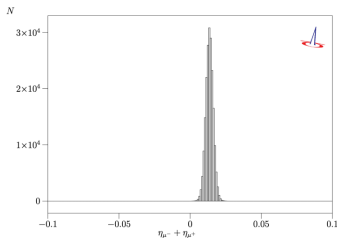


# FCC-ee beam spectrum

- New development: FCC-ee beam spectra based on the most recent 2025 machine design
- Five different interaction regions: PA, PJ, PD, PG and a fictitious symmetric interaction point, PB
- Four different energy runs: Z pole (91 GeV), WW threshold (161 GeV), ZH threshold (240 GeV), tt threshold (365 GeV)

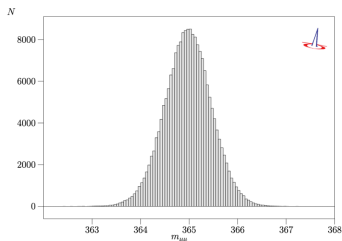
**37 Rapidity (asymmetric energy loss)**

$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$  at FCC<sub>ee</sub> in  $t\bar{t}$ -threshold mode at interaction point PD.



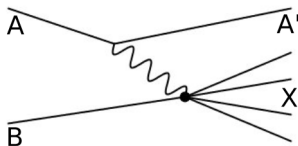
**38 Invariant mass (energy spread)**

$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$  at FCC<sub>ee</sub> in  $t\bar{t}$ -threshold mode at interaction point PD.

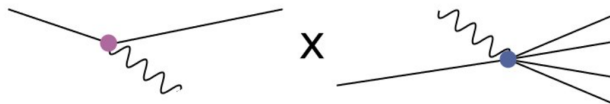


# Electroweak factorisation

- At multi-TeV lepton colliders, vector-boson-fusion processes are often significant, compared to s-channel annihilation, as VBF is enhanced by soft/collinear logs.
- Let us consider a certain vector-boson-initiated process:



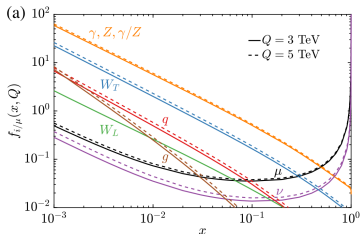
- Ideally, we would like to *factorise* the process into a universal structure function describing the boson emission and a hard-process cross section:



$$\sigma(f_A f_B \rightarrow f'_A X) = \sum_{\lambda_V} \int_{x_{min}}^1 dx F_{\lambda_V}(x, \mu_F) \times \hat{\sigma}(f_B V_{\lambda_V} \rightarrow X)$$

# EW PDFs

- The structure function  $F_{\lambda_V}(x, \mu_F)$  can be computed analytically in the collinear limit at leading order (*Effective W/Z Approximation*).
- At very high energies, collinear logs are large. They can be resummed in a PDF-like way (*Electroweak PDFs*).
- Above the electroweak scale, multiple emissions can occur and all SM particles have to be taken into account in the PDF.
- Polarisation effects become important even for unpolarised beams!
- First LHAPDF-like EW PDF sets available  $\rightarrow$  [LePDF]
- Implementation far from trivial: multiple scales, lower cut-off scale, polarisation, interference, beam remnants...

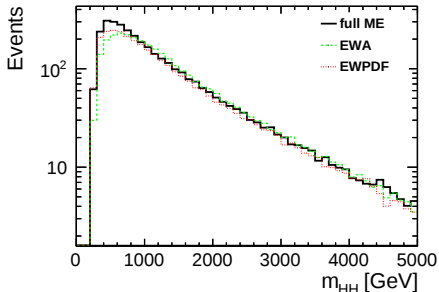
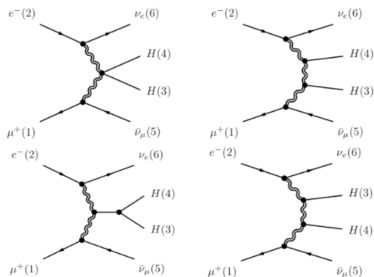


[2007.14300]

# Double Higgs production

Both EWA and EW PDFs (with some limitations) implemented in Whizard; *soon* to become public

PRELIMINARY



$$e^- \mu^+ \rightarrow HH + X$$

# Conclusions and Outlook

- Whizard is an efficient tool for physics studies and analyses at HEP experiments: LHC, Belle II, ILC/CLIC/FCC/CEPC, MuC, ...
- Any SM (NLO) and a vast set of BSM processes can be handled, limited mainly by external programs and CPU time.
- Specific support for future colliders is one of the highest priorities of our collaboration.



## The WHIZARD 3 Team

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**DESY:** Jürgen Reuter, Krzysztof Mękała

**U. Würzburg:** Thorsten Ohl

**U. Warsaw (exp.):** Filip Żarnecki

**KIT:** Marius Höfer

## Links

- **Reference:** Kilian/Ohl/Reuter, EPJ C71 (2011) 1742
- **WHIZARD Portal:** <https://whizard.hepforge.org/>
- **Launchpad Page:** <https://launchpad.net/whizard>
- **gitlab repo:**  
<https://gitlab.tp.nt.uni-siegen.de/whizard/public>

# BACKUP

# Technical Remarks

- Language: Fortran (2018, object-oriented/modular) with OCaml
- Development: gitlab with automated test suite and CI
- Installation: `configure && make && make install`
- Numerics: Support for extended and quadruple precision (if needed)
- Running: Options
  - ❶ Stand-alone with input script: `whizard <input>.sin` (optional workspace transfer for cluster operation)
  - ❷ As a library, callable from: Fortran, C, C++, Python
- BSM: Predefined (many models) and UFO (everything else)
- Script: SINDARIN (input, parameters, cuts, workflow, result aggregation, output control, ...)
- Parallel: OpenMP (multi-core), MPI (HPC cluster)