



Physics on the Infinity Canvas

A new tool for popularization and pedagogy

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On behalf of

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<https://infinity-canvas.in2p3.fr/en/>



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The project and the tool

- The tool is based on **sets of printed cards** with texts and illustrations.
 - ▶ The **Science** set: Theoretical and experimental discoveries across centuries (70 cards in 7 **thematic packs**).
 - ▶ Other sets: **Open questions** (6 cards), **Scientists** (41 cards), **Technologies** (26 cards), **Scientific instruments** (27 cards), and **Sci-fi “technologies”** (5 cards).

- The tool can be used to explore **major physics discoveries** and **connections** between them.
 - ▶ The cards cover physics from ancient Greece to modern times along a **time dimension**.
 - ▶ The cards cover physics from the infinitely small to the infinitely large along a **scale dimension**.
 - ▶ The connections can highlight **explanations**, **confirmations**, **refutations**, **unifications**...
 - ▶ The text on each card suggests (quite clearly) these connections.

- **Inclusive approach**: Scientist cards actively highlight women's contributions to physics.
(15 cards for women out of 41)
With the help of *Petit dictionnaire illustré des femmes scientifiques*, by Adeline Crépieux (CPT), 2023.

Who did it?

- Created by a **collective of scientists and communicators** from **CPPM** and **CPT**.
(CPPM = Centre de Physique des Particules de Marseille; CPT = Centre de Physique Théorique)

- **Current Team Members:**

- ▶ Jérôme Charles (CNRS researcher, CPT)
- ▶ William Gillard (AMU teacher-researcher, CPPM)
- ▶ Yohann Lebouazda (AMU PhD student, CPT)
- ▶ Thierry Masson (CNRS researcher, CPT; Project Coordinator)
- ▶ Elisabeth Petit (CNRS researcher, CPPM; Gender Parity Referent)
- ▶ Simon Rouvet (AMU PhD student, CPT)
- ▶ Magali Damoiseaux (CNRS engineer, CPPM; Project Coordinator)
- ▶ Paola Bertelli (CNRS engineer, CPPM; International Relations)

- **Graphic design:**

- ▶ Camille Combes (Agence Ouvreboîte)

Some cards: Science set

1933 21 → 23

The First Clues of Dark Matter



6 - THE INFINITELY LARGE

Physics on the Infinity Canvas

Fernando Pena, CC-BY 2.0, via Wikimedia Commons

1933 21 → 23

In 1933, Fritz Zwicky observed gravitational anomalies in a cluster of galaxies. These anomalies were inexplicable by the presence of visible matter alone within the framework of **General Relativity**. To explain these observations, he proposed the existence of invisible matter, thus anticipating the concept of **Dark Matter**.

Later, other clues of Dark Matter would be observed in the rotation speeds of galaxies.

The gravitational anomaly detected by Zwicky concerns the velocity dispersion of 7 galaxies in the Coma cluster. This dispersion depends on the mass distribution according to a law similar to the 3rd law of Kepler.

OBSERVATION

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from 1930 to 1950 -18 → -10

Quantum Electrodynamics



5 - THE INFINITELY SMALL

Physics on the Infinity Canvas

Phys. Rev. Lett. 109, 111807

from 1930 to 1950 -18 → -10

Quantum Electrodynamics describes how light and matter interact together. Developed in the 1940s, it combines a quantum version of **Maxwell's Electromagnetic Theory** and the **Relativistic Wave Equation of Dirac**. This theory describes electromagnetic interactions with great precision.

Quantum electrodynamics is now integrated into the **Standard Model of Elementary Particles**.

In 2007, Quantum Electrodynamics agreed with the measurement of the anomalous magnetic moment of the electron to within 10^{-8} .

THEORY

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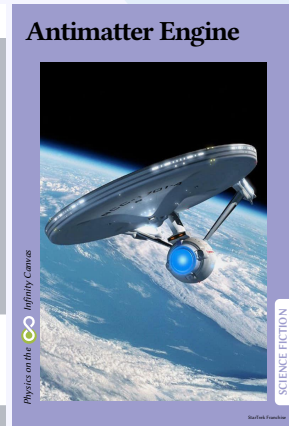
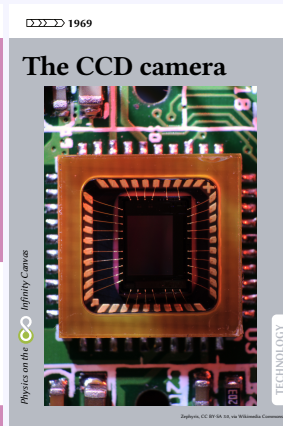
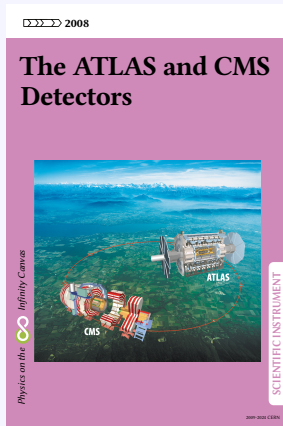
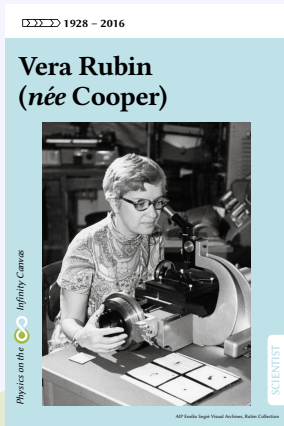
■ Time (dates) and Scales (lengths in meters in powers of 10) are provided on cards.

■  = Main text

 = Supporting link information (Optional)

 = Further details (Optional).

Some cards: Other sets



- Different colors for sets.
- No “time” information for sci-fi cards



We hold the cards, now what?

Animation of the “full game” version

■ A workshop lasting about 3 hours:

- ▶ Can be integrated into some outreach or educational program (e.g., summer camp, integration week).
- ▶ A **facilitator** who is familiar with the physics in the cards (but not an expert).
- ▶ A **group of participants** (between 5 and 10).
- ▶ Divided into **two distinct phases**.

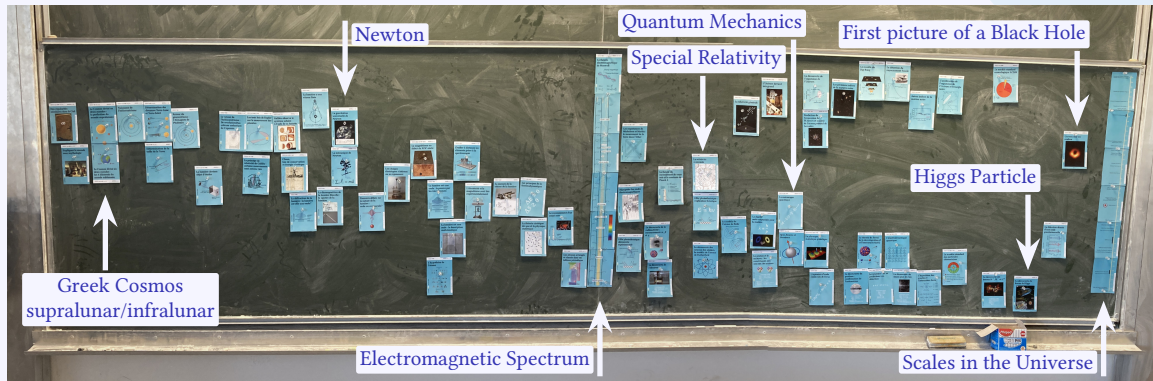
■ The mapping phase (1h30):

- ▶ Participants collaboratively arrange the **Science** cards onto a **large “canvas”** (e.g., a blackboard with magnets).
 - **Time** along horizontal axis (from ancient Greece to modern times).
 - **Scale** along the vertical axis (from the infinitely small to the infinitely large).
 - The facilitator introduces **thematic card packs** one by one ➡ The canvas is built **step by step** by the group.
- ▶ The mapping is driven by **group collective intelligence**: exchanges, discussions, decisions...
- ▶ The facilitator acts as a **guide** to encourage collaborative learning but **not as a lecturer**.
 - Information provided in the card texts are sufficient to build the canvas.

■ The debriefing phase (1h30):

- ▶ Use the canvas created as a support to spark an **interest in physics** or motive **activities in physics**.
- ▶ The facilitator is **free to chose how to manage discussions**, using the **thematic card sets** or her **own material**. (e.g. Scientists, Technologies, Scientific instruments)

The mapping phase on a blackboard



- Links between cards are not drawn here (*mapping phase* not yet complete).
- Some cards assemble into a unique larger panel.
Greek Cosmos (2 cards), Electromagnetic Spectrum (5+1 cards), Scales in the Universe (6 cards)

Animation of the “quiz game” version

- **Drop-in interactive session** for passing public (e.g., a science festival).
- Based on a smaller set of **pre-arranged cards** on a portable display.
- The facilitator interacts with the public to stimulate the discovery of relations between cards.



- Featured in the main hall of the conference, with animations on Tuesday and Wednesday (in French).

Our target audience

- **Initial Focus:** High school level and above.
 - ▶ We are in the process of establishing contacts with teachers to reach **lower educational levels**.

- **General Public:** Positive feedback from the quiz version at the 2024 *Fête de la science* in Marseille (literally “French Science Festival”, pictures on previous slide).

- **Education:** Well-received by teachers in schools and universities.
 - ▶ **Secondary School Teachers:** Discussions are initiated with some **pedagogical specialists**.
 - ▶ **University Students:** Discussions are initiated with **academic program directors** (Bachelor’s and Master’s).
 - ▶ Need for a set of cards on “jobs in physics” (color already attributed, need only to write the cards...).

How is it produced?

<https://infinity-canvas.in2p3.fr/en/>

■ $\text{\LaTeX}$ (with TikZ) + Python

- ▶ Cards are written in $\text{\LaTeX}$ (TikZ's externalization library).
- ▶ Many illustrations are produced using TikZ (migration in progress for others illustrations).
- ▶ Python scripts automate the production of print-ready PDF files.
- ▶ (Compile) Print (Cut) & Play!

■ Open-source project

- ▶ Creative Commons License CC-BY-NC-ND.
- ▶ Git repository for collaborative work.
- ▶ Does not depend on proprietary software or resources (e.g., we use *Libertinus* fonts).
- ▶ The cards can be freely downloaded from the Git repo.

■ Translation process implemented

- ▶ Python script helps to get an *initial translation* from any Large Language Model (LLM, generative AI tool).
- ▶ English translation completed, German translation currently underway.
- ▶ Future languages to be developed (you are welcome).

How can you get involved?

<https://infinity-canvas.in2p3.fr/en/>

- **Become an Ambassador:** Promote the workshop within universities, schools, and outreach events.
- **Become a Facilitator:** Receive (short) training to lead workshops.
- **Become a Developer:** Contribute to the technical evolution of the tools ($\text{\LaTeX}$, Python...).
- **Become a Content Creator:** Contribute to improving existing cards or creating new ones.
- **Become a Translator:** Help adapt the tool into new languages.

The future

■ Establish a Scientific Council

- ▶ It will ensure a quality control of the **scientific and societal content**.
- ▶ It will include researchers, research support staff, and secondary school teachers.
- ▶ It will be open to international collaborators for broader diffusion.

■ Develop the dedicated website

- ▶ Central hub for community contributions and exchange.
- ▶ Multiple entries: large public, facilitators, teachers, and content creators.
- ▶ Available in several languages.
- ▶ Create complementary materials for the cards: wiki-style articles, video capsules...

■ Develop scientific content and scope

- ▶ Develop new **animation methods**.
- ▶ Expand the content to include physics at intermediate scales.
- ▶ Explore the adaptation of the tool for other scientific disciplines (e.g., Mathematicians already interested).

Thank you!

