

The Ricochet experiment

Ricochet is an international collaboration involving more than 15 research institutes and about 50 scientists. This cryogenic experiment aims at detecting the **CE ν NS** process (**C**oherent **E**lastic ν -**N**ucleus **S**cattering) in the sub-keV range at the ILL (Institut Laue-Langevin) research nuclear reactor (Fig. 1).

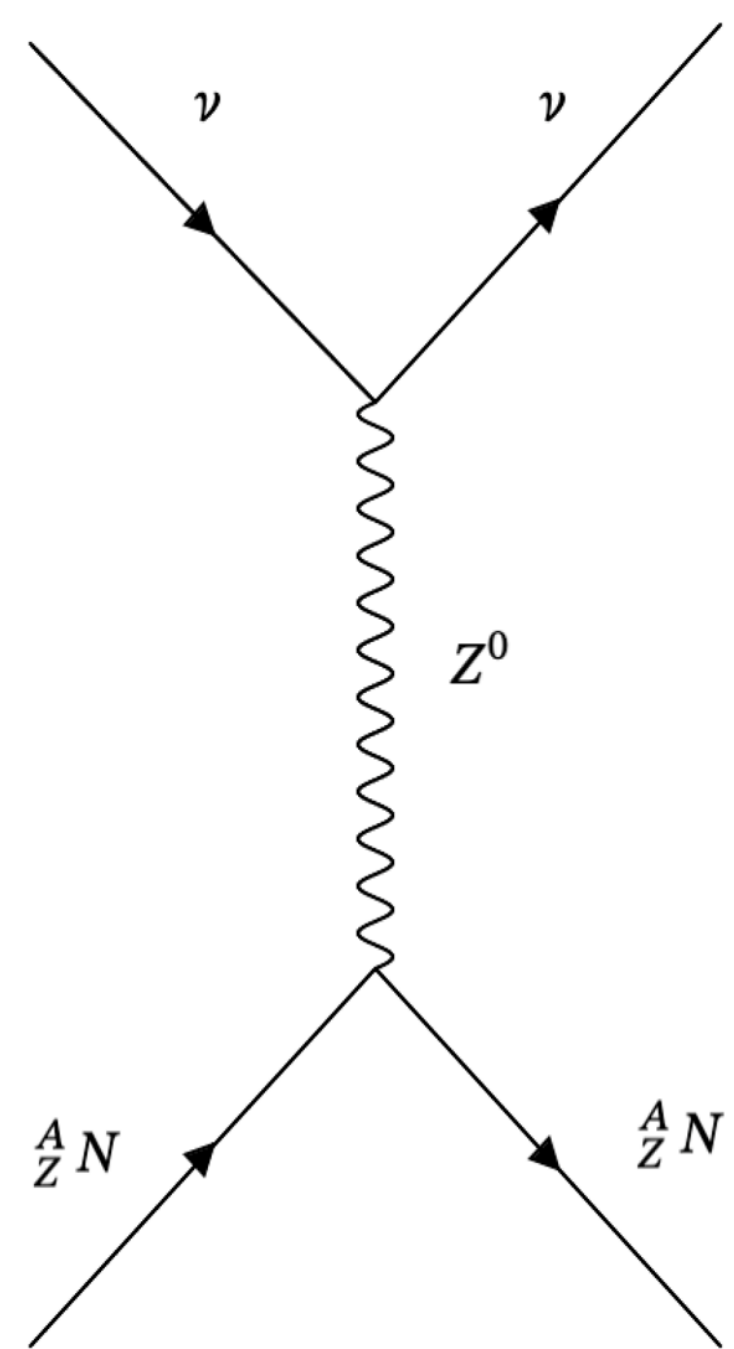


Figure 1: Diagram of CE ν NS

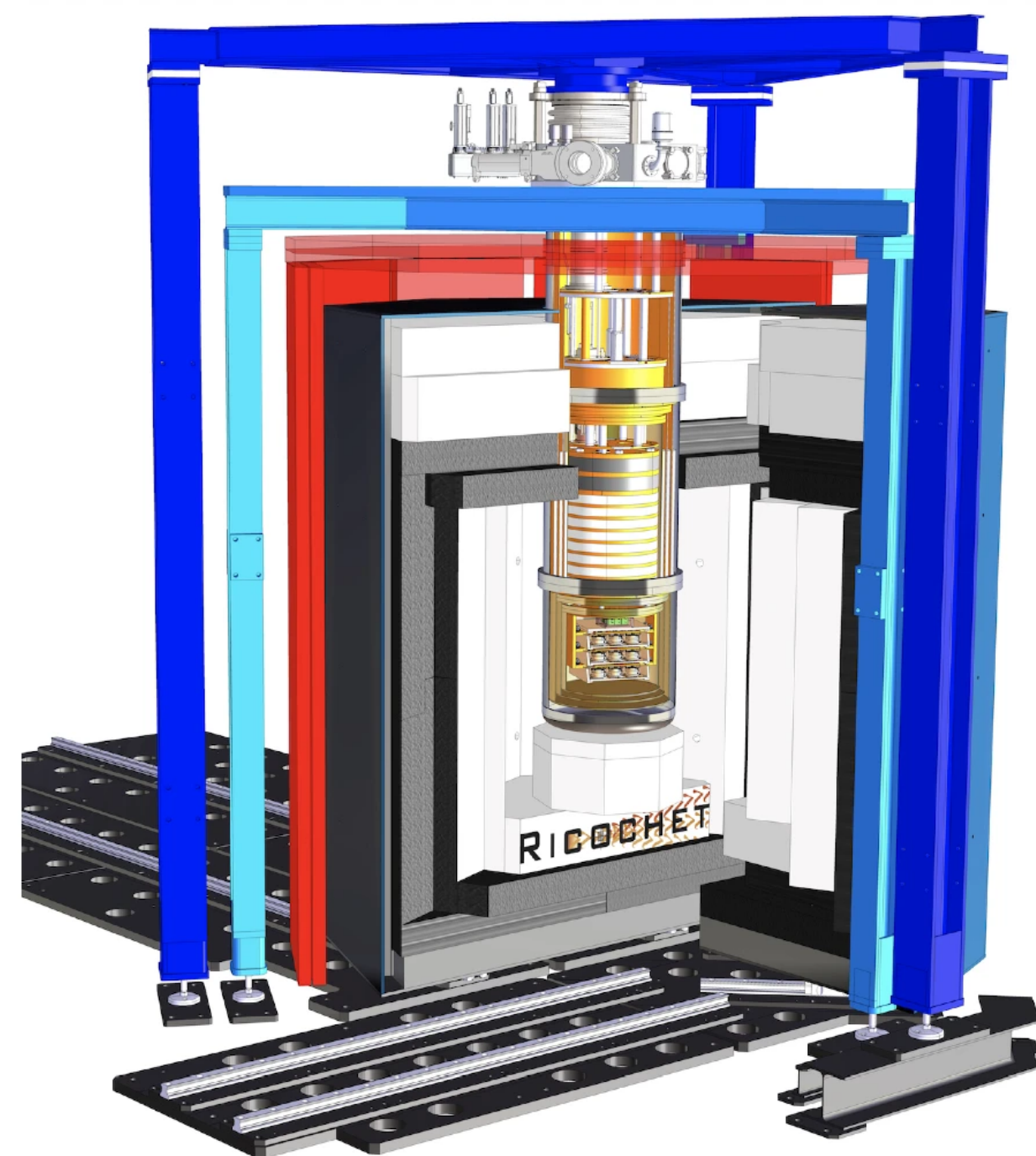


Figure 2: Ricochet shielding & cryostat [1]

CE ν NS = rare event physics $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{theorized in 1974 by D. Z. Freedman [2]} \\ \text{first measured in 2017 by COHERENT [3]} \end{array} \right.$

Cross section predicted by the Standard Model (Eq. 1) and proportional to neutron number squared of target nuclei but brings into play low recoil energy:

$$\frac{d\sigma_{\nu/N}}{dE_{\text{recoil}}} = \frac{G_{\text{f}}^2}{4\pi} Q_{\text{w}}^2 m_{\text{N}} \left(1 - \frac{m_{\text{N}} E_{\text{recoil}}}{2 E_{\nu}^2} \right) F^2(E_{\text{recoil}}) \sim N^2 \quad (1)$$

Sensitive to new physics (Fig. 3):

- non-standard ν - q interaction
- neutrino magnetic moment μ_ν
- new mediator boson Z'

Background for Dark Matter:

- solar neutrinos
- same signature as DM
- threshold " ν -floor"

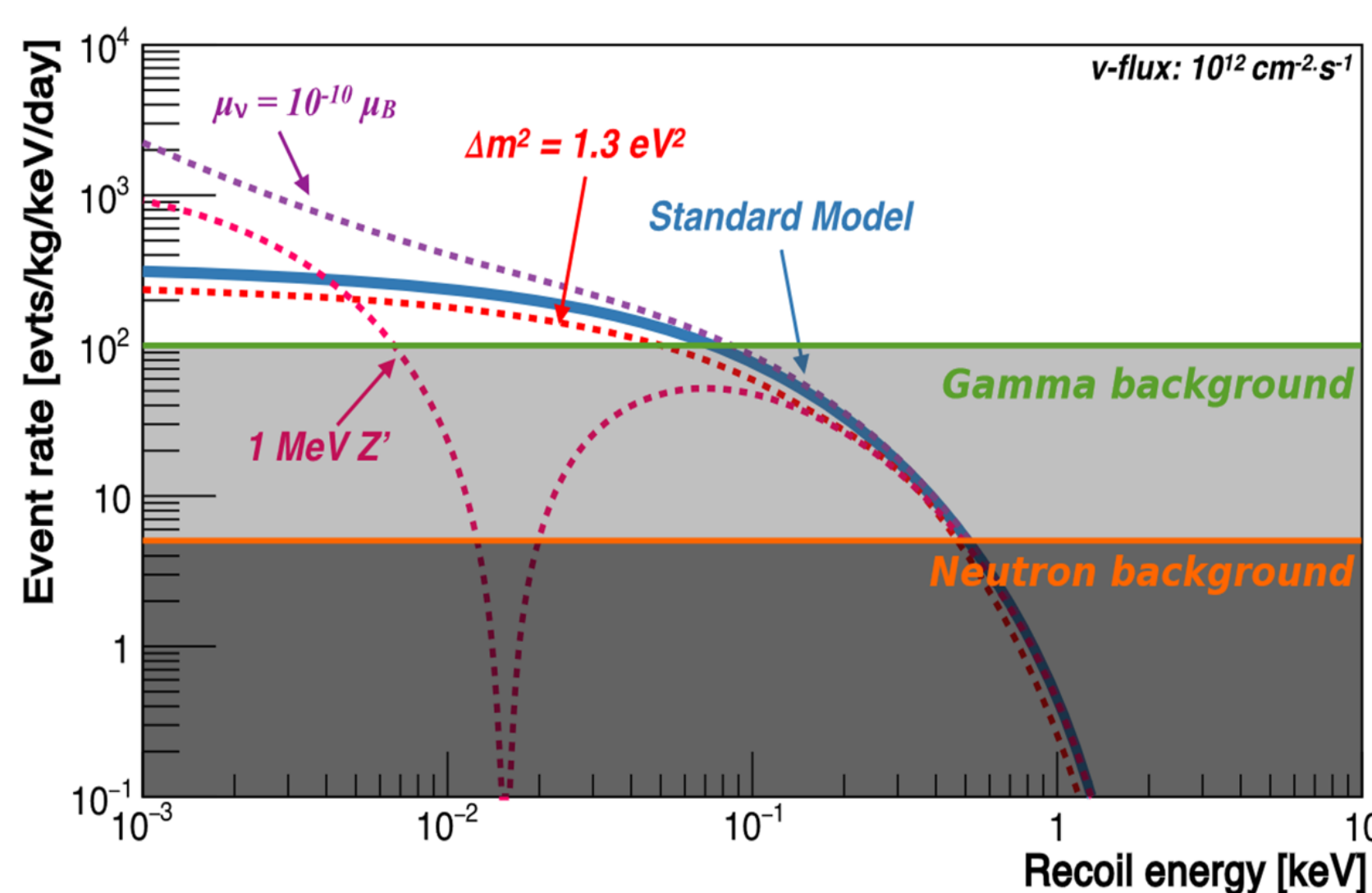


Figure 3: Theoretical expected event rate [4]

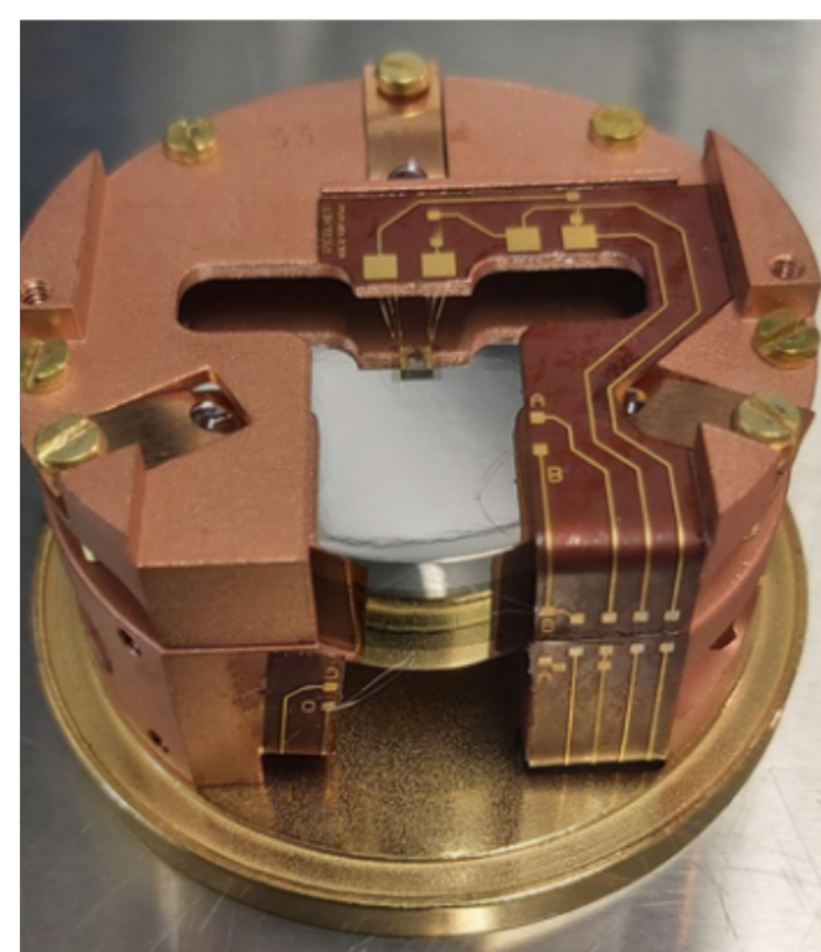


Figure 4: Ricochet bolometer [5]

Ricochet is composed of 18 cryogenic detectors (Fig. 4) cooled down to 10 mK and forming the **CryoCube**. The NTD sensor and aluminum electrodes provide a dual measurement of heat (E_{heat}) and ionization (E_{ion}) energies:

- **goal:** 20 eV resolution in ionization & heat channels
- signal discrimination with ionization yield or **quenching** factor (Eq. 2)

$$Q = \frac{E_{\text{ion}}}{E_{\text{recoil}}} = \frac{E_{\text{ion}}}{E_{\text{heat}} - q \times \frac{E_{\text{ion}} \Delta V}{\epsilon}} \begin{cases} = 1 & \text{for electronic recoil (ER)} \\ < 1 & \text{for nuclear recoil (NR)} \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

Background sources and shielding

The Ricochet experiment is subject to three types of background (Fig. 2):

- **cosmogenic:** cosmic particles (muons) \Leftrightarrow veto panels & 15 m.w.e
 - **reactogenic:** fast neutrons & capture gammas
 - **radiogenic:** natural radioactivity of the environment
- } 20 t of lead
2 t of HDPE

Analysis and GEANT4 simulations

Radiogenic: from shielding (HDPE & Pb) and concrete transfert channel with 5 identified sources (^{232}Th & $^{235/238}\text{U}$ chains, and ^{40}K & ^{60}Co isotopes). Characterized using an ORTEC-GEM60 [6] HPGe (High Purity Germanium) detector (Fig. 6) and the Cubix spectroscopy software [7].

$$\chi^2 = \sum_{i=1}^{N_{\text{bin}}} \left[\frac{S_i^{\text{exp.}} - f \times S_i^{\text{sim. stat.}} (s_k^{\text{mat.}}, a_k)}{\sqrt{\sigma_{i^{\text{exp.}}}^2 + \sigma_{i^{\text{sim. stat.}}}^2}} \right]^2 + \left(\frac{f - 1}{\sigma_f^{\text{sim. sys.}}} \right)^2 \quad (3)$$

The aim is to find the a_k coefficients by combining the GEANT4 [8] simulated spectra to reproduce experimental data of the radiogenic background using a χ^2 algorithm with a tuning factor f and a simulation uncertainty σ_f (Eq. 3).

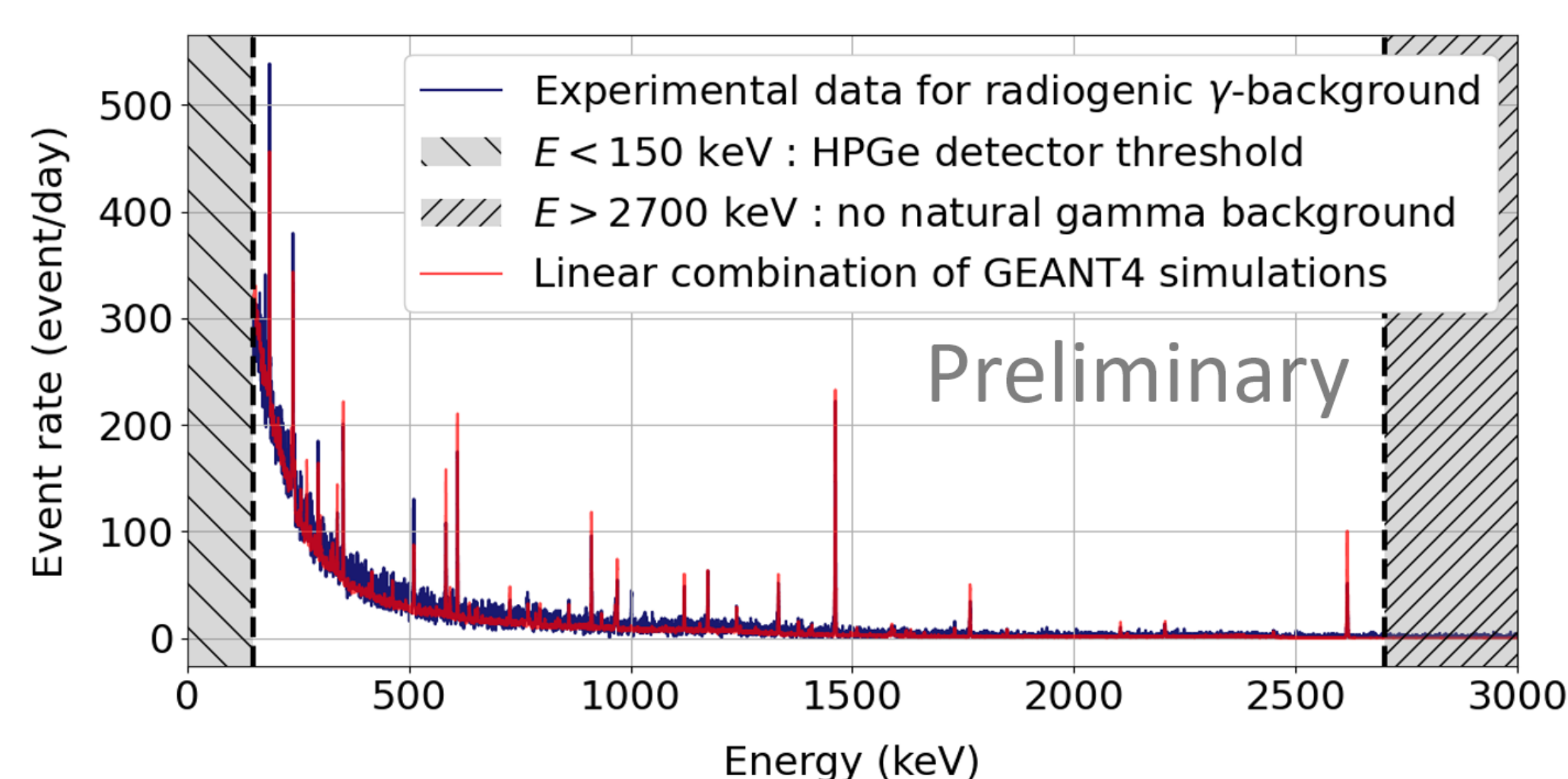


Figure 5: Radiogenic γ -background



Figure 6: HPGe detector

Reactogenic: from the neutron capture on ^{41}Ar in the ambient air and diffusion in the HDPE shielding. Characterized during the commissioning phase RUN014 using two Ricochet bolometers: RED167 & RED237. The aim is to predict the experimental event rate in the energy range from 2 to 7 keV, in event per kg, day and keV (DRU).

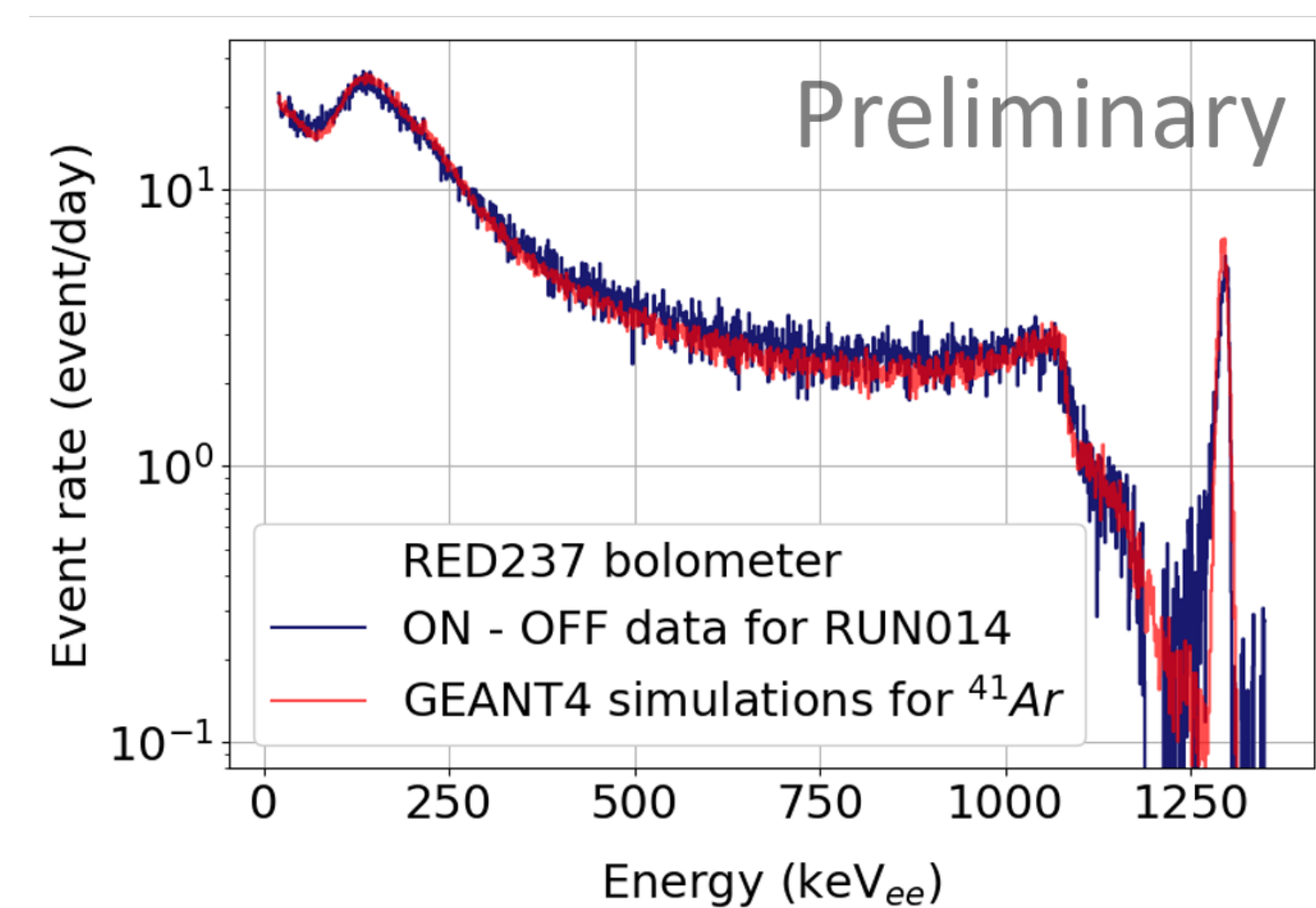


Figure 7: Reactogenic γ -background

	RED167	RED237
RUN014 reactor ON data	985 ± 152	1096 ± 168
RUN014 reactor OFF data	137 ± 21	129 ± 20
⁴¹ Ar simulation (stat. error)	787 ± 39	711 ± 33

Table 1: RUN014 and GEANT4 event rates in DRU

Conclusion

Radiogenic: adjusting individual simulated spectra and using existing radiopurity measurements, the radiogenic spectrum is well reproduced (Fig. 5).

Reactogenic: event rates (Fig. 7 & Tab. 1) compatible with experimental data [9] but improvements needed to take into account other sources (capture γ).

REFERENCES

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Ricochet COLLABORATION



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