



Light DM search with TESSERACT

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DM Candidates



Motivations

DM search range



TESSERACT : Extending the Dark Matter mass search window from meV to GeV with ultra-low threshold cryogenic detectors with multiple targets and particle identification capabilities

TESSERACT : Proposal experiment at LSM

Transition Edge Sensor with Sub-Ev Resolution And Cryogenic Targets



- DOE Funding for R&D and project development began in June 2020 (Dark Matter New Initiative)
- One experimental design, and different target materials with complementary DM sensitivity, all using TES
- Include SPICE (Al₂O₃ and GaAs) and HeRALD (LHe)
- ~ 40 people from 8 institutions





- RI2 Project TES4DM
- Benefit from EDELWEISS, Ricochet, CUPID Ge bolometer expertise and low-background cryogenic setup experience to :
 - Add the French semiconductor Ge bolometer technology to the TESSERACT science program
 - Deploy the future TESSERACT experiment at LSM
- Achieve leading light DM sensitivities on short time scales
- Benefit from exchange of technologies with US partners



Low-mass NRDM state of the art

Why 100 eV-scale cryogenic DM experiments aren't leading the sub-GeV search region?



Low Energy Excess

- Currently, all cryogenic experiment which have reached sub eV threshold are seeing such an excess limiting their DM search
- LEE characteristics : time dependant, non ionising ("Heat Only"), mostly independent of sites, dependance with holder/vibrations (?)
- Design driver of TESSERACT :
 - \circ find the origin of the LEE to mitigate it
 - develop technologies that can reject it



CRESST collaboration, SciPost Phys.Proc. 12 (2023) 013



_____ 45/1 nm Et - 405 nm Fit - 450 nm

- 405 nm

TESSERACT : New generation TES phonon sensors



TESSERACT technologies : SPICE

Sub-eV Polar Interaction Cryogenic Experiment :







- Look for ERDM
- mass range : 100 meV MeV
- LEE mitigation method : use of two TES (pulse shape discrimination)
- No particle identification
- Single Photon sensitivity



• ERDM and NRDM

GaAs:

- mass range : eV MeV and MeV GeV
- LEE mitigation method : photon / phonon coïncidence in two separate sensors (~ eV scale)
- Particle identification with dual Photon -Phonon readout (~ 10 eV scale)

TESSERACT technologies : HeRALD

Helium Roton Apparatus for Light Dark matter

- Target : Liquid He
- NRDM
- Mass range : MeV GeV
- LEE mitigation method : multiple ⁴He/photon detectors
- Particle identification : Pulse shape discrimination





R. Anthony-Petersen et al., arXiv:2307.11877







RI2 project: TES4DM

Transition Edge Sensor for Dark Matter - French CNRS contribution to TESSERACT

Based on EDELWEISS, RICOCHET and CUPID expertise on Ge/Si bolometers, low background experiments, and rare event searches





Dual heat and ionization readout :





Dual heat and ionization readout :



Charge/Phonon sensors



Dual heat and ionization readout :



h+ Ge/Si

TESSERACT : Ge/Si semiconductors





High-Voltage approach for optimal ERDM sensitivity



First observation of a single-electron sensitivity in a massive (40g) Ge cryogenic detector !

• Low-imp. TES and SQUID readout : 0.1 electron/hole (RMS)

For TESSERACT :

- High control of IR backgrounds and charge leakage
- LEE discrimination down to single e/h pair
- Exquisite sensitivities to ERDM with LEE discrimination

ANR-CRYOSEL detector R&D :

- 40 g HP-Ge crystal
- Point contact geometry with Luke amplification
- TES for Luke charge read-out
- NTD-Ge sensor for optimal LEE rejection and calibration



High-Voltage approach for optimal ERDM sensitivity





- In 2020 EDELWEISS-III achieved one of the best ERDM sensitivity with sub-electron energy resolution with a 33 g Ge crystal operated at 78 V
- The single-electron technology in TESSERACT will allow to achieve orders of magnitude improved sensitivities

TESSERACT back. model = 10 DRU gamma + other backgrounds from EDW-III

TESSERACT : From RICOCHET to TES4DM

Low-Voltage approach for optimal NRDM sensitivity

Going beyond the Ricochet CryoCube technology

Mini-Cryocube

- Phonon sensor : NTD-Ge
- Total capacitance ~45 pF
- σ_{ion} ~30 40 eVee
- Payload: 3 x **40 g**
- σ_{heat} ~40 eV

Ricochet Coll., Eur. Phys. J. C 84 (2024) 2, 186



TES4DM

- Phonon sensor : NTD-Ge ⇒ TES
- Total capacitance ~5 pF
- σ_{ion} ~**10 eVee**
- Payload: 4 x **5.35 g**
- $\sigma_{heat} \sim 10 \text{ eV} \Rightarrow < 1 \text{ eV}$







FRAMA

cnrs

TESSERACT : From RICOCHET to TES4DM



Low-Voltage approach for optimal NRDM sensitivity



Ricochet @ IP2I Ricochet Coll., Eur. Phys. J. C 83 (2023) 1, 20

- Mini-CryoCube : 3 bolometers @ 10 mK with HEMT preamplifiers @ 1K only 5 cm above
- Achieved 40eVee and 70 eVph ionization and phonon resolution, respectively
- DM exposure of 200 g.days and neutron calibration with AmBe source

- Expected TES4DM DM sensitivity : Proof of concept with Ricochet at IP2I
- Processing and analysis pipeline for TES4DM being developed using Ricochet framework
- DM Limit calculation ongoing with RICOCHET @ IP2I data
- Next step: estimate the NRDM sensitivity of the future TESSERACT-LV technology with targeted performance



TESSERACT : From RICOCHET to TES4DM



Low-Voltage approach for optimal NRDM sensitivity



The LV technology in TESSERACT will allow to vastly extend the NRDM searches down to 100 MeV with particle ID and LEE rejection in a region of the parameter space inaccessible to non cryogenic experiment

TESSERACT : Proposal for an installation in the *Laboratoire Souterrain de Modane* (LSM)



TESSERACT Integration at LSM

- Two copies of the setup, for enabling both:
 - underground R&D and detector optimisation
 - DM science data taking in parallel
- Targeted background levels of 1 DRU gamma with the possibility to add an active cryogenic veto to further lower the gamma background levels.
- Each detector technologies is designed to achieve major breakthrough in short time scales (few months) hence allowing fast turnarounds
- The two setups will be in LSM between 2027 and 2028

TESSERACT @ LSM

Aim to expand the Dark Matter mass search window from meV to GeV with several different technologies.



Thank you for your attention





Back-up

TESSERACT : HeRALD



Helium Roton Apparatus for Light Dark matter





• Well kinetically matched to GeV-scale DM

- Easy to purify, intrinsically radio pure
- Monolithic and scalable
- LHe cell operated at 20-50 mK with wafer-like cryogenic detector with TES suspended in vacuum
 - UV/IR photons and He atoms from qp induced evaporation
- First evidence of ER/NR discrimination at 10 keV
- Already achieved 170 eV threshold on He recoils (300 MeV DM)



He atom

excimer

3.0

24

phonon/

roton

LHe





TESSERACT : HeRALD



Helium Roton Apparatus for Light Dark matter

⁴He is unique in two ways :

1. Target material (4He) close to a macroscopic quantum ground state, with no defects, stress ... Superfluid ⁴He is nearly unique among bulk target materials in this regard

2. Quantum evaporation allows for robust coincidence-based selection of target events at sub-eV scales

Events in calorimetry : Events in ⁴He : single-channel (vacuum gaps mean no shared phonons) always multiple channel (evaporated atoms have large angular spread)

⇒ Near-term HeRALD plans all involve multi-channel evaporation readout and testing the above strategy



4-Channel Array for HeRALD v0.2 @LBNL (4x 1cm²)











Low-Voltage approach for optimal particle identification (Ricochet style bolometer)





- Incomplete charge coll. < 10 %
- Fiducial volume : 96 %
- Surface event rejection : NO
- Total capacitance : 15 pF

FID 38



- Incomplete charge coll. < 1%
- Fiducial volume : 62 %
- Surface event rejection : YES
- Total capacitance : 18 pF



TESSERACT : Proposal for an installation in the *Laboratoire Souterrain de Modane* (LSM)





