

OSCARS Consolidation and Terminology Workshop: Services and Data Sources Portfolio @ ESCAPE



Giovanni Guerrieri, Frederic Gillardo, Marion Pierre for the ESCAPE cluster

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Funded by the European Union

ESCAPE: European Science Cluster of Astronomy and Particle Physics 🔅 OSCARS



Consortium of 31 members, including:

- 10 ESFRI projects & landmarks: CTA, EST, FAIR, HL-LHC, KM3NeT, SKA, LSST, VIRGO, ESO, JIVE
- 2 pan-European International Organizations: CERN
 and ESO
- 2 European Research Infrastructures: EGO and JIV-ERIC
- 4 supporting European consortia: APPEC, ASTRONET, ECFA and NuPECC

Budget: 15.98 M€

Duration: 48 months (1/2/2019 - 31/1/2023)



Portfolio status



https://projectescape.eu/services

Distributed Data Management:

- <u>Rucio</u> is a high level data management system catering for the needs of modern scientific experiments.
 - Exabyte-scale data, multi-billion file namespaces, diverse storage software providers across hundreds of sites.
- <u>FTS3</u> is the service responsible for globally distributing exabytes of scientific data across the WLCG sites every year.
 - Low level data movement third-party orchestrator, responsible for reliable bulk transfer of files across sites.
 - Able to interact with diverse storage system solutions.







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Distributed Data Management (ctd):

- Content Delivery and Latency Hiding mechanisms are software-managed disk storage caching layers
 - Enhance file reusability and hide latency, allowing efficient CPU use by streaming data from the local cache.
 - Bridge scientific data present in the data lake with non-standard resources (e.g., via Edge Services, commercial clouds, HPCs, opportunistic resources).



• <u>HiPS</u> is an IVOA standard for the description, storage and access of large sky survey data across multiple international nodes.



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Analysis Frameworks for Scientific Computing:

- The ESFRI Science Analysis Platform (ESAP) is a platform-service for data analysis
 - Find data, services, and resources across heterogeneous infrastructures.
- The <u>Virtual Research Environment</u> (VRE) is an analysis platform aiming to facilitate the development of end-to-end physics workflows,
 - Manage, access and preserve data and analyses in compliance with FAIR principles.







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Interoperability Frameworks for Data and Services:

- The <u>Virtual Observatory</u> is an international astronomical community-based initiative.
 - Global electronic access to the available astronomical data archives of space and ground-based observatories and other sky survey databases.





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Preservation and re-interpretation of analysis workflows and results:

- <u>Zenodo</u> is a general-purpose open repository
 - Deposit research papers, data sets, research software, and any other digital artefacts, and provides them with a persistent identifier (PID) such as a Digital Object Identifier (DOI).
- The <u>Open-source Scientific Software and Service Repository</u> (OSSR) is an open-access repository for collaborative software development, uptake, and reuse.
 - Share and find software and services developed during the ESCAPE project.
- **<u>REANA</u>** is a reusable and reproducible research data analysis platform.
 - Structure their input data, analysis code, containerised environments and computational workflows so that the analysis can be instantiated, run and preserved on remote compute clouds.



• • • • **ESCAPE** • • • • **OSSR** | Open-source Scientific Software • • • • **OSSR** | and Service Repository

reana



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Widening scientific participation:

- The <u>ESCAPE Citizen Science</u> (CS) is an astronomy and astroparticle physics programme of crowdsourced data mining.
 - Train and educate both the scientific community and the wider science-inclined public.





Composability





Composability is a system design principle that deals with the inter-relationships of components. (source)

A highly composable system provides components that can be selected and assembled in various combinations to satisfy specific user requirements.

Analysis Facility: the infrastructure and services that provide *integrated* data, software and computational resources to execute one or more elements of an analysis workflow. (<u>source</u>)

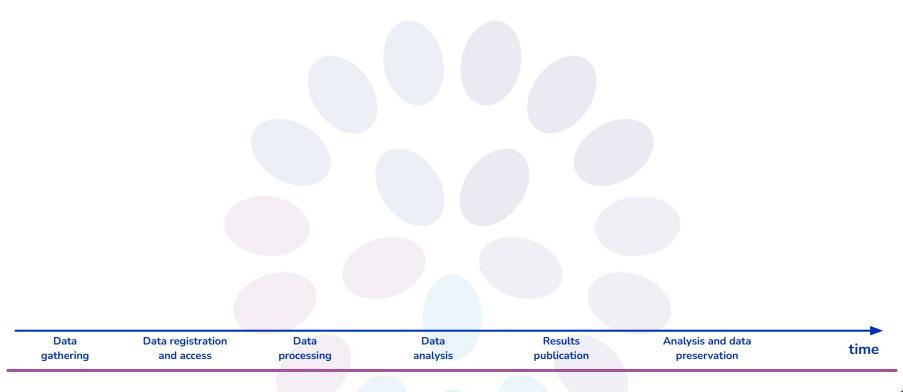
Our use case for composable services:







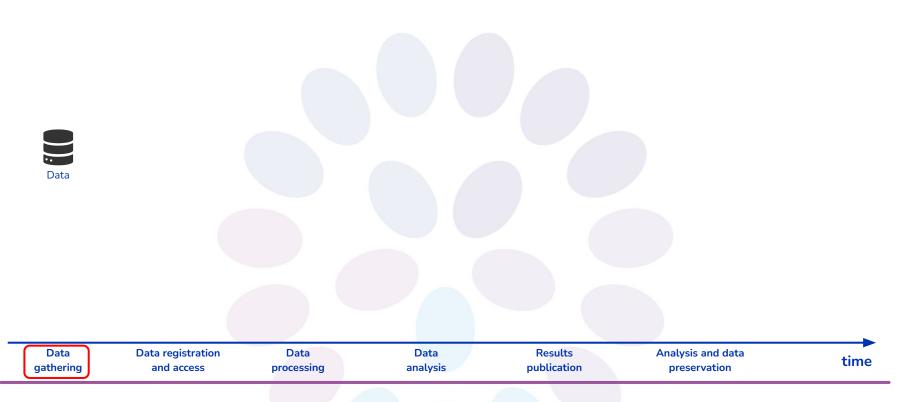
An analysis lifecycle







An analysis lifecycle





FTS

Rucio



Data

Data

gathering



- Interactions

Results

publication

Analysis and data

preservation

Giovanni Guerrieri - CERN - 30/09/2024 - OSCARS WP2 Workshop

Cache

Data registration

and access

Data

processing

Data

analysis

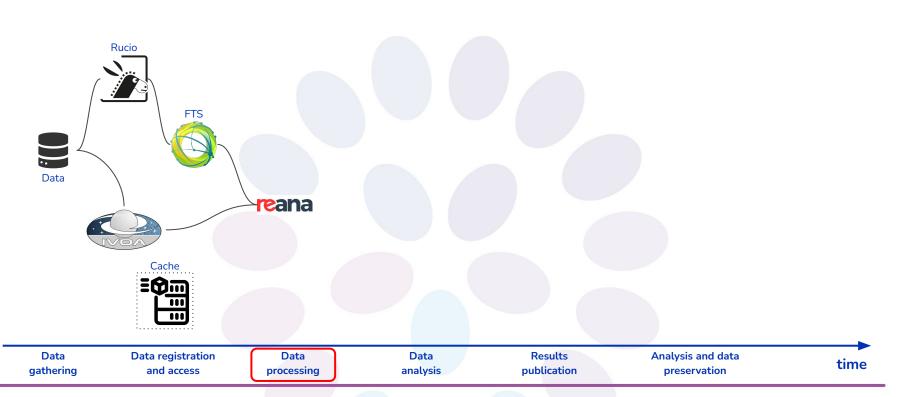
time



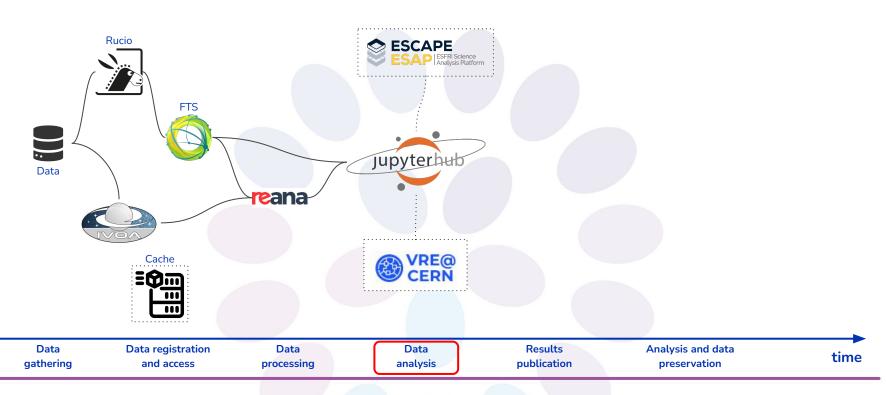




- Interactions

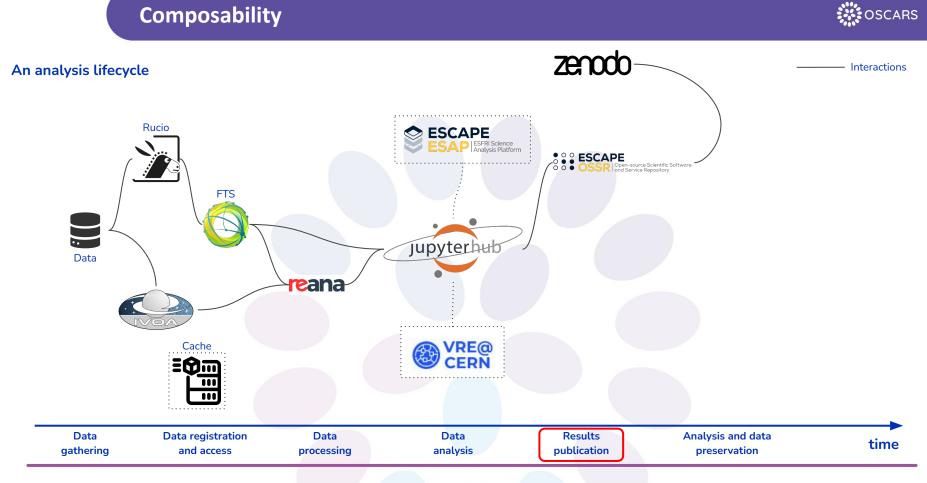


An analysis lifecycle



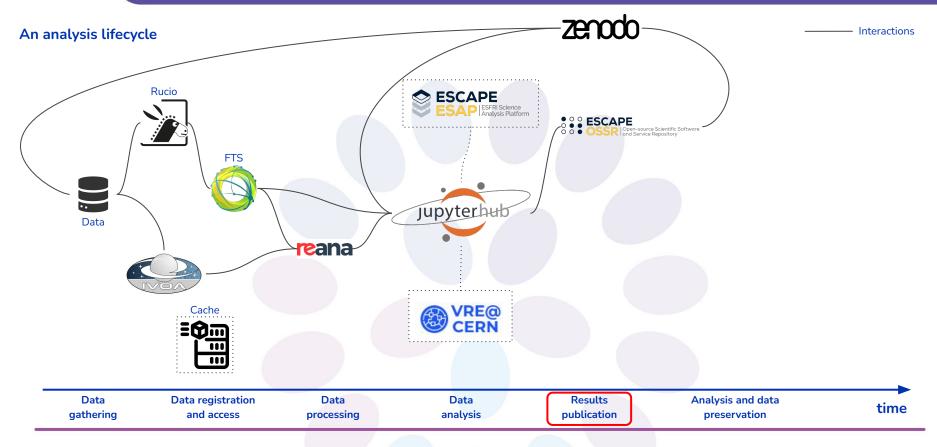


Interactions



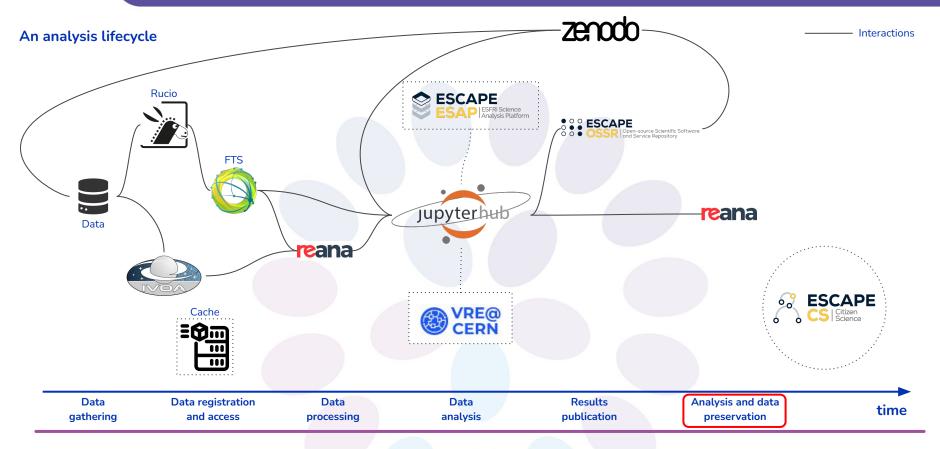
Composability





Composability







Demonstrators

Demonstrators



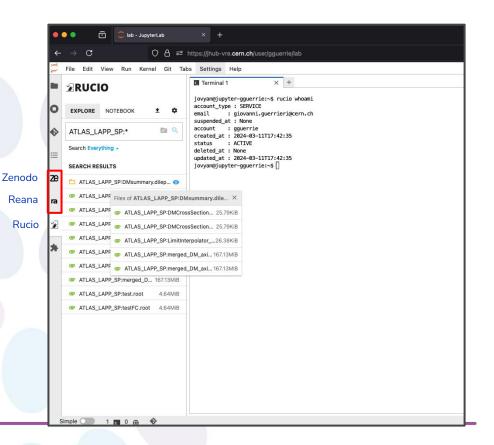
EOS The CERN VRE: an overview CEPHFS cymfs 77777 N 777 / / 777 N CERN DBOD CEPHFS - Manila Drivers EOS - Drivers / Client CVMFS - Drivers / Client 0 RUCIO DB / Client P E N CRIC RUCIO JupyterHub REANA S DASK RSE 1 RUCIO-CRIC Т implemented) (NO) Α Each user: CORE & CORE & Demons С Rucio JupyterLab Scheduler Scheduler RSE 2 Extension + K EOS fuse mount K Servers COMPUTING NODES 8 RSE i S Ŵ RUCIO noise per RSE_i WebUI CRONJOBS WebUI CRONJOBS 1 1 IAM JupHub login - token/x509/ < 5 / DaskHub IAM RUCIO IAM REANA exchange sync sync ESCAPE INDIGO IAM

Demonstrators



The CERN VRE: an overview

- Modularity
 - Integrates software, tools and packages.
 - Can be configured to connect to remote storage and computing resources.
- Flexibility
 - Ad-hoc workflows can be created via easily editable declarative files.
 - Can be installed on different machines independent of CERN restrictions.
- Reproducibility
 - Deployment is kept simple and documented to be used as a blueprint for other research infrastructures.
 - Allows analysis preservation.
- Features recently implemented
 - Reana extension to manage and create workflows.
 - <u>Zenodo extension</u> to download and upload data, software, publications.



Summary

- The participating ESFRIs in the ESCAPE cluster commissioned the usage of common tools for Data Management and Data Analysis in joint Data Challenges at scale
 - Demonstrated adequacy and integration for different sciences: from raw data recording to standard analysis workflows.
 - Composability is achievable (not only) in Jupyter-based analysis facilities.
- The standing ESCAPE collaboration is supporting integration of new sciences through dedicated working groups, providing demonstrators platforms and pilot projects together with first hand expertise
 - Developed and tested throughout the ESCAPE project.
 - Expanding reach towards ESCAPE-external use cases (e.g. HEP Open Data, interTwin).

Challenges and future steps

- Unprecedented Data Management requirements of new ESFRIs are hinting to a need of paradigm shift in the way computing is organized across a large diversity of scientific activities
 - Favoring economies of scale: personpower, knowledge transfer and resources usage. Towards an scalable and unified systems.
 - Capable of seamlessly cater with multi-<u>exabyte</u> scale data lifecycle needs: data and metadata management, data access and analysis at large, identity management and access policies.
- Analysis frameworks need flexibility
 - Facilitate streamlined access to data and software.
 - Accelerate the research process.
 - Need to build a shared community of developers and operators.
- Different users need the same authentication
 - Secure and seamless access to shared resources.
 - Ensure the integrity of identities across diverse platforms.