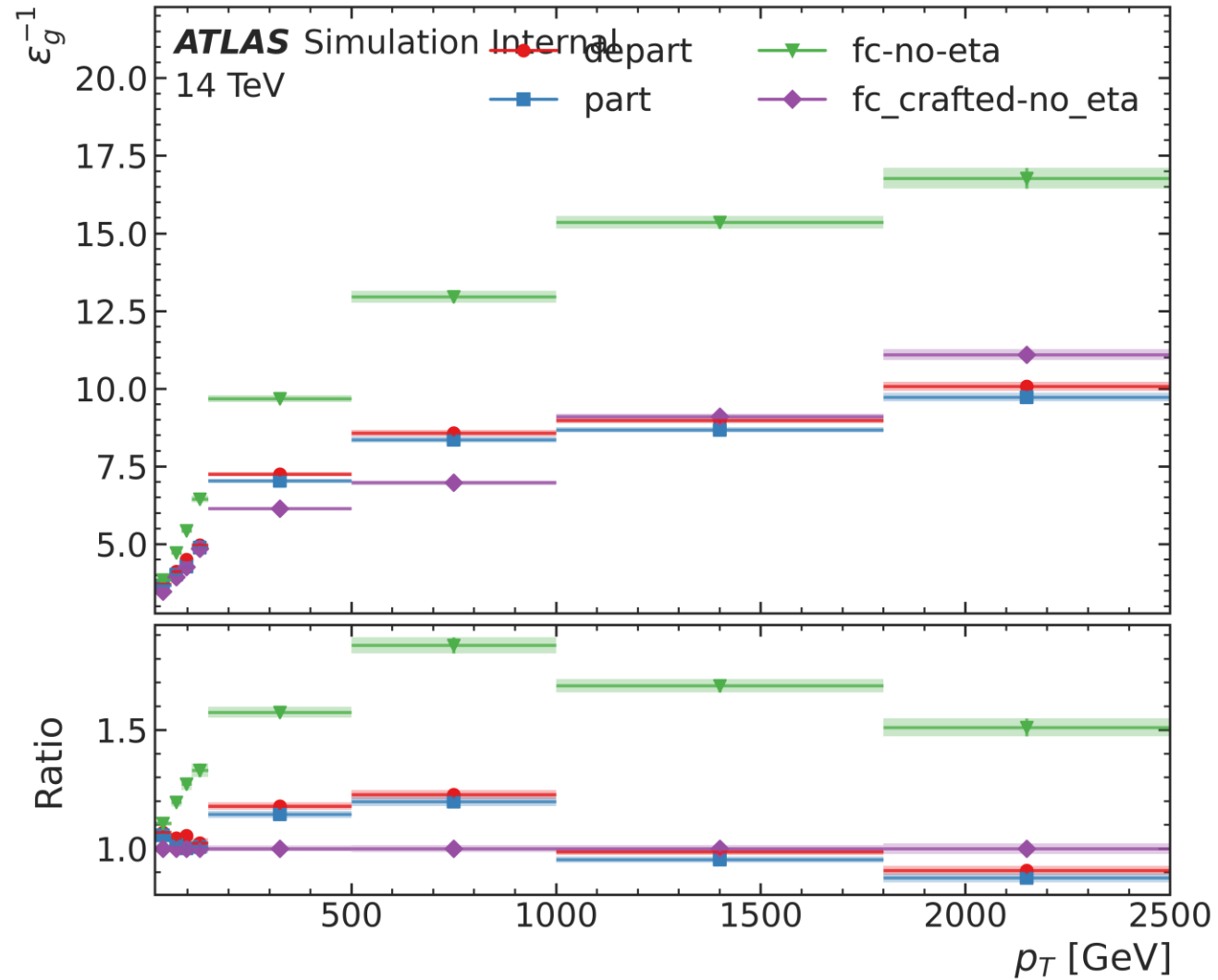


Comparison. Central Region



Bug in kT

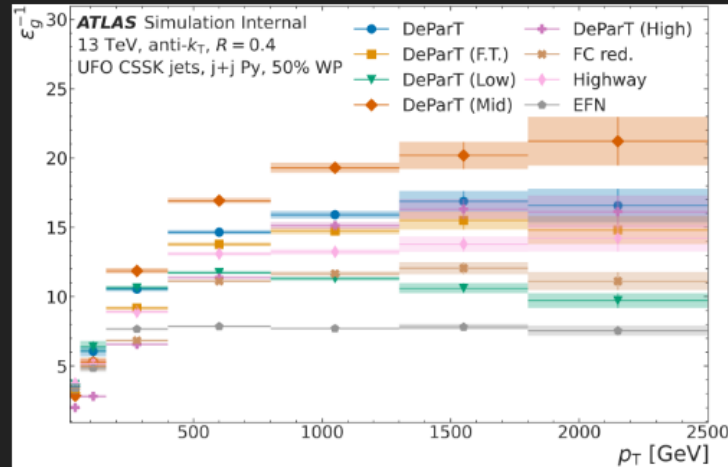
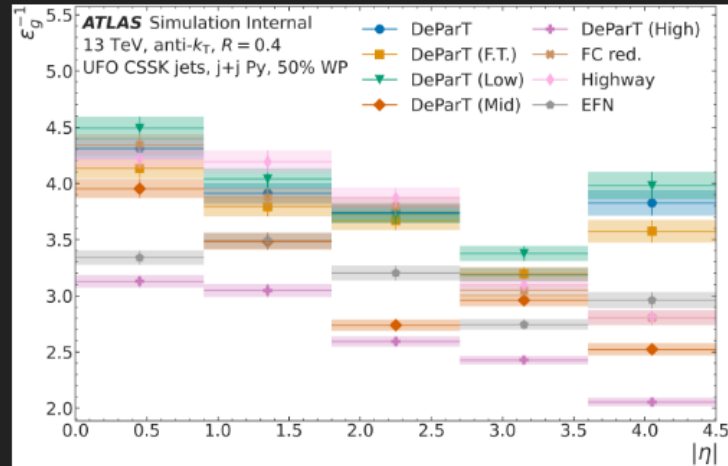
slides from
Samuel

Merged in my
repository:

<https://gitlab.cern.ch/fcastill/quarkgluontagger>

RESULTS AFTER BUG REMOVAL

OLD



Constituent Interaction Variables

$$\log \Delta^{ab} = \log \sqrt{(\eta^a - \eta^b)^2 + (\phi^a - \phi^b)^2}$$

$$\log k_T^{ab} = \log (\min(p_T^a, p_T^b) \Delta^{ab})$$

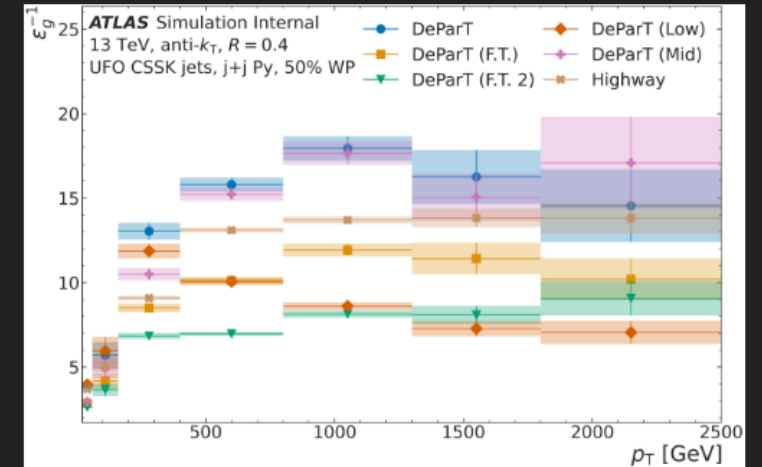
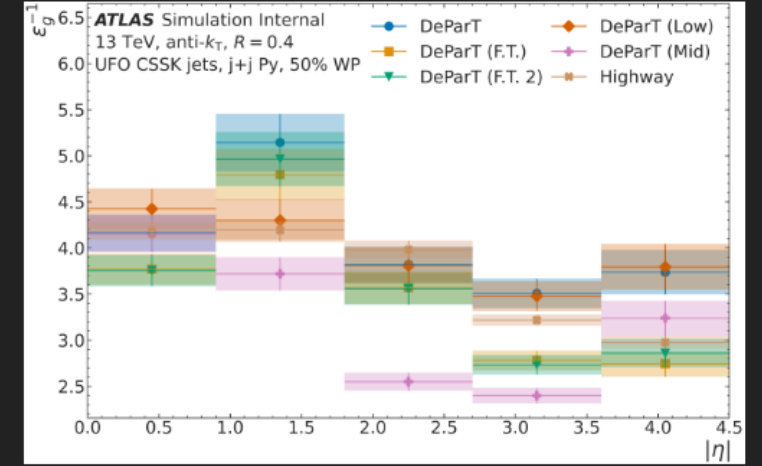
$$z^{ab} = \min(p_T^a, p_T^b) / (p_T^a + p_T^b)$$

$$\log m^{2,ab} = \log (p^{\mu,a} + p^{\mu,b})^2$$

kT variable was built from log Delta
and not pure Delta

27

NEW

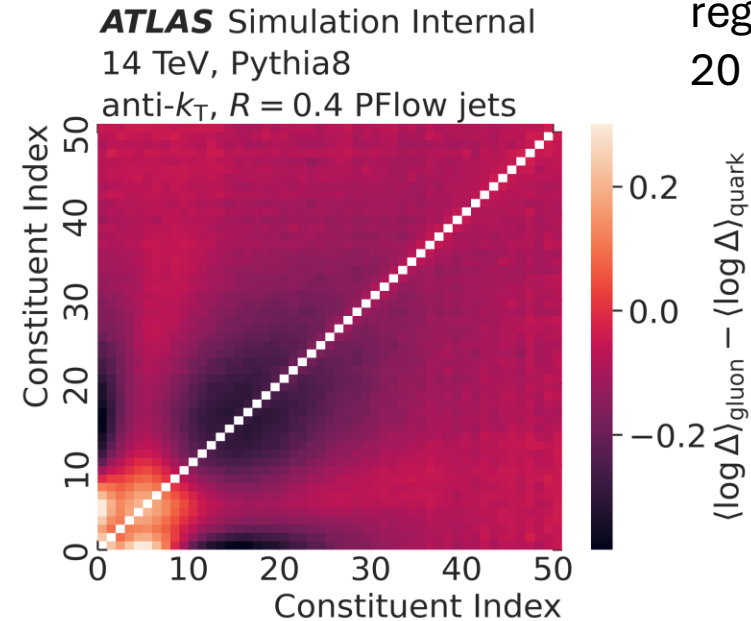
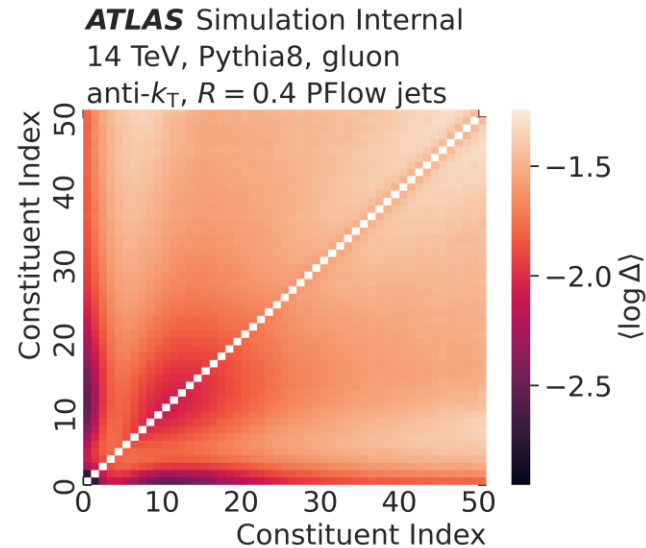
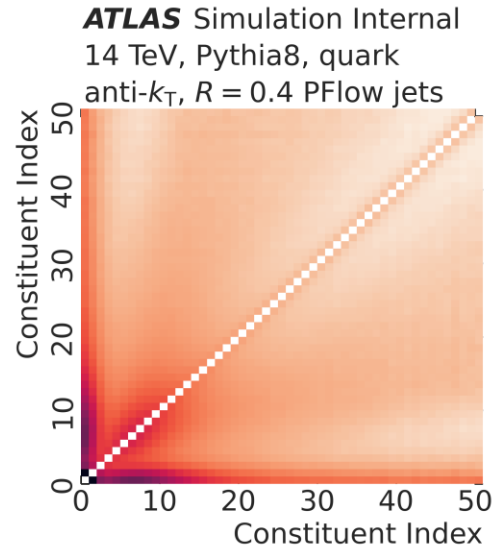


Constituent variables

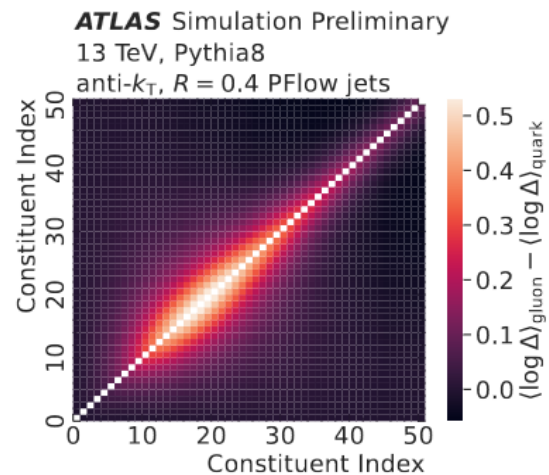
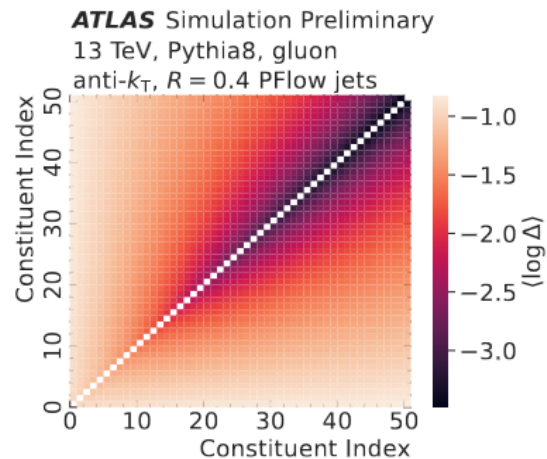
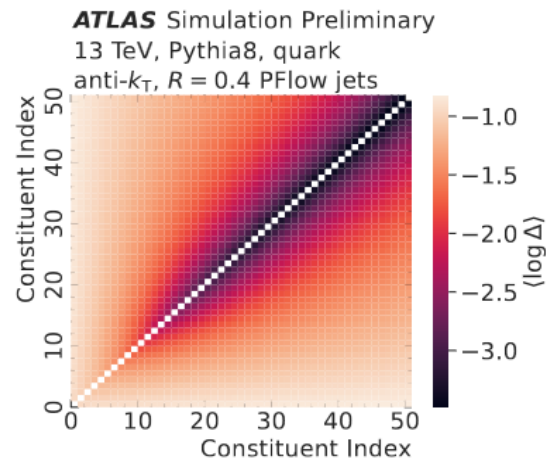
Constituent Interaction Variables

$$\log \Delta = \log \sqrt{(\eta^a - \eta^b)^2 + (\phi^a - \phi^b)^2}$$

Looking to
central
region and $p_T >$
20 GeV



Around 20 const
Quark jets are
wider?!!



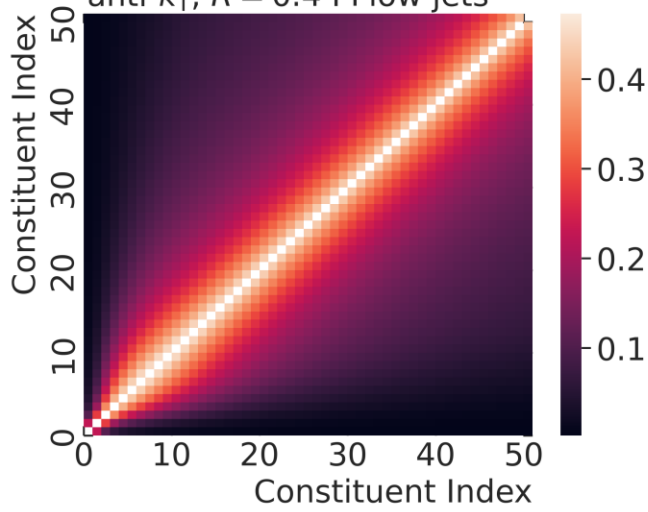
Run 2 results
gluon-initiated jets are
known to have higher jet
wider

Constituent variables

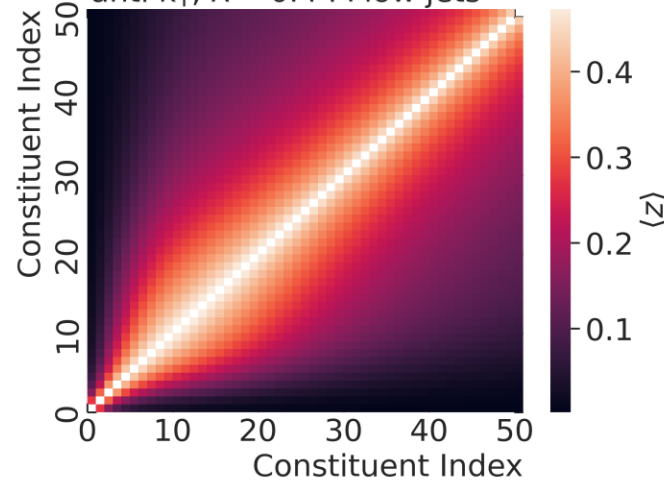
$$z = \min(p_T^a, p_T^b) / (p_T^a + p_T^b)$$

Looking to central region and $p_T > 20$ GeV

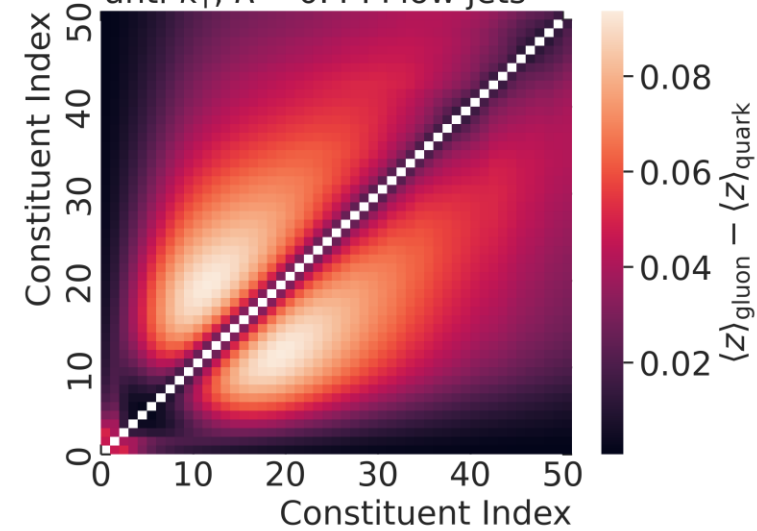
ATLAS Simulation Internal
14 TeV, Pythia8, quark
anti- k_T , $R = 0.4$ PFlow jets



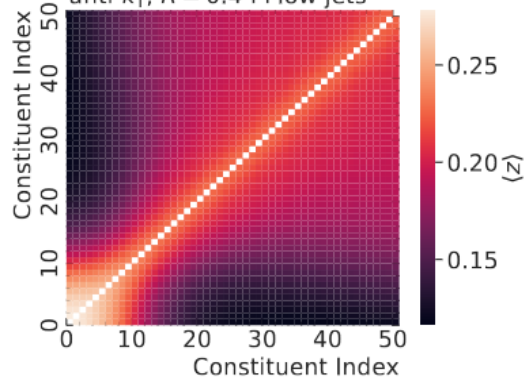
ATLAS Simulation Internal
14 TeV, Pythia8, gluon
anti- k_T , $R = 0.4$ PFlow jets



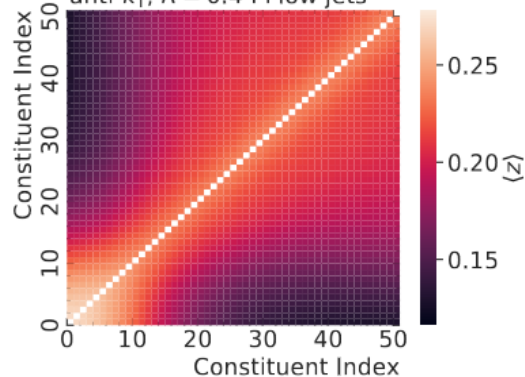
ATLAS Simulation Internal
14 TeV, Pythia8
anti- k_T , $R = 0.4$ PFlow jets



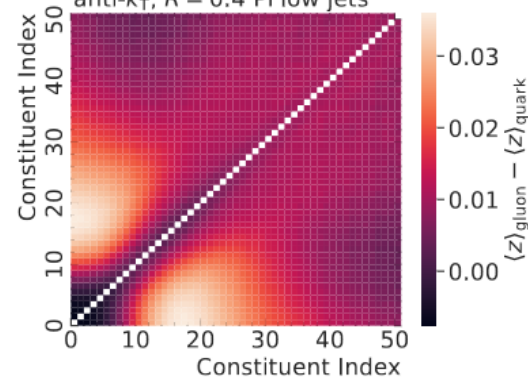
ATLAS Simulation Preliminary
13 TeV, Pythia8, quark
anti- k_T , $R = 0.4$ PFlow jets



ATLAS Simulation Preliminary
13 TeV, Pythia8, gluon
anti- k_T , $R = 0.4$ PFlow jets



ATLAS Simulation Preliminary
13 TeV, Pythia8
anti- k_T , $R = 0.4$ PFlow jets



Run 2 results

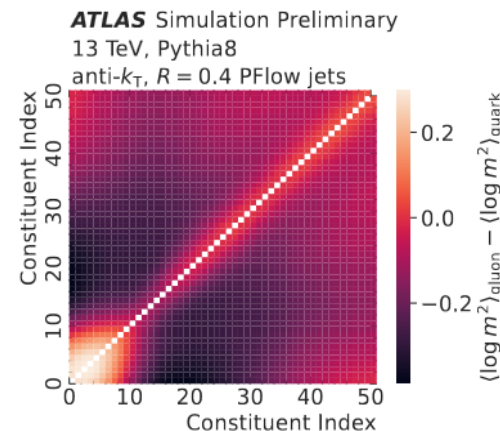
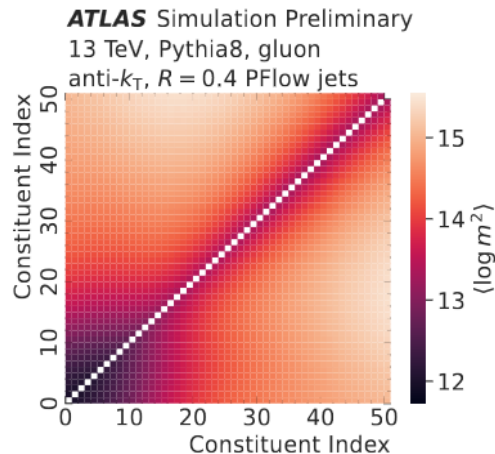
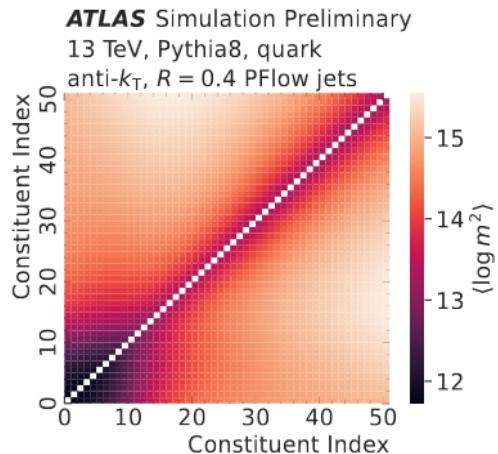
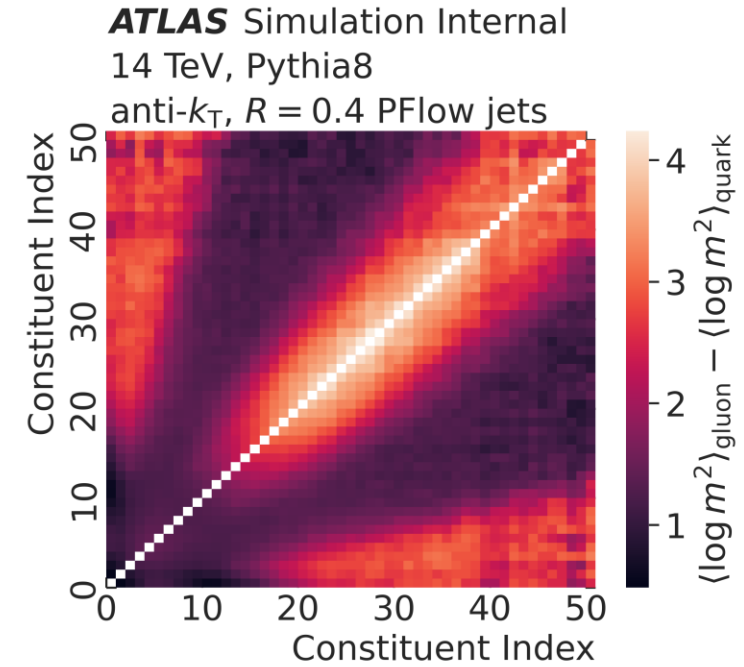
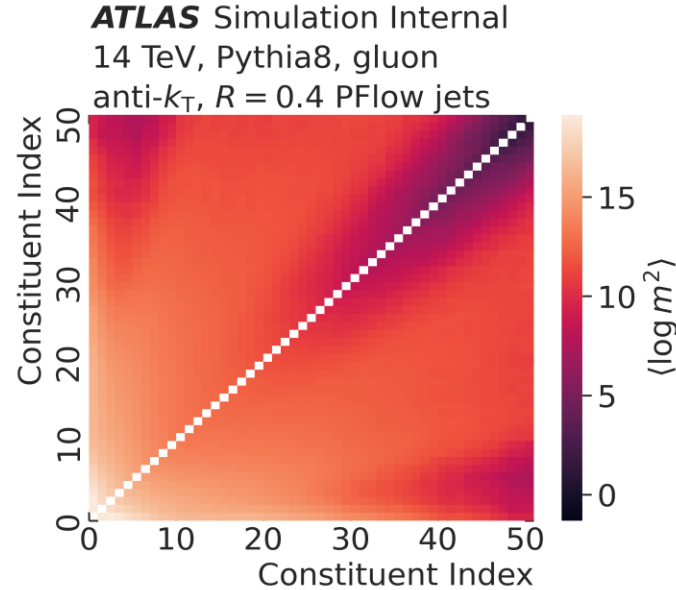
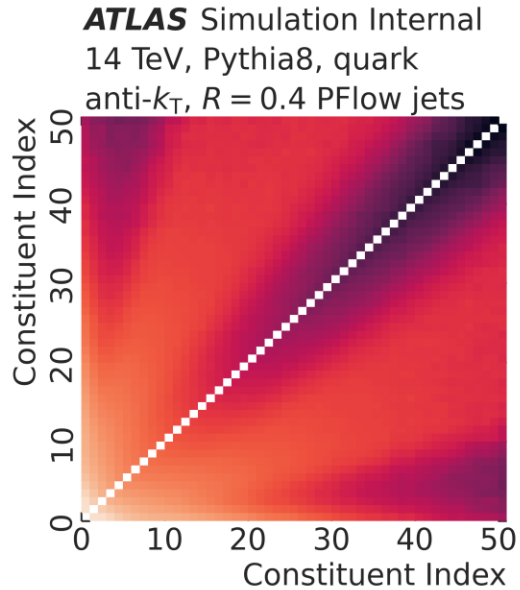
The variable z is bigger for gluon-initiated jets than for quark-initiated jets for all constituent pairs except for the few highest- p_T ones.

This hints at a more even splitting of the gluon-initiated jet p_T between its lower- p_T constituents.

Constituent variables

$$\log m^2 = \log (p^{\mu,a} + p^{\mu,b})^2$$

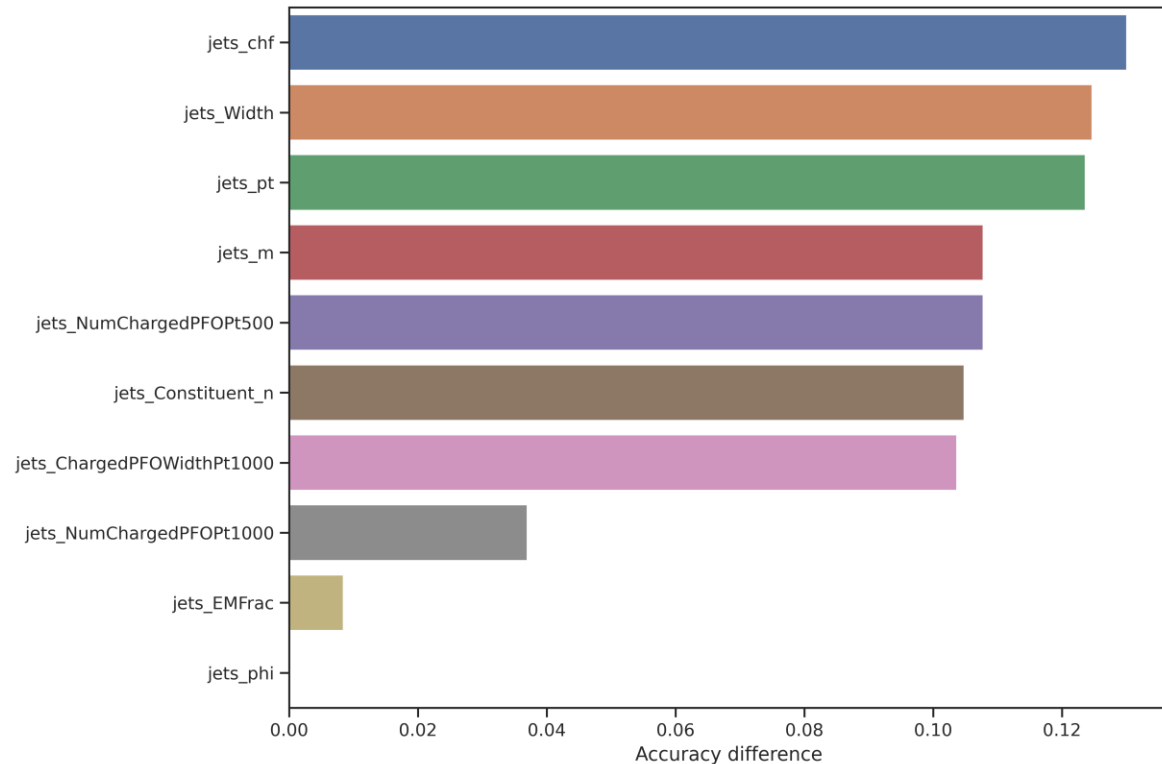
Looking to central region and $p_T > 20$ GeV



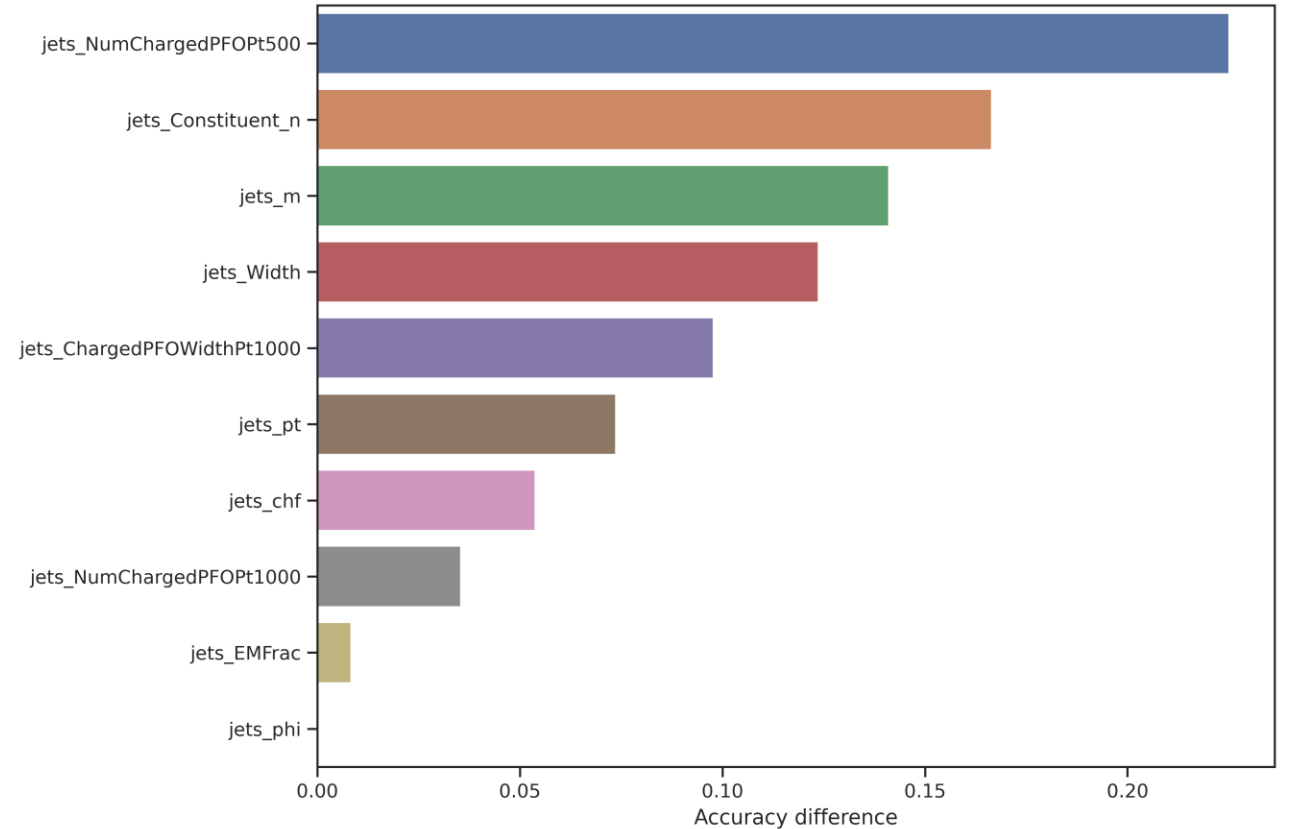
the primary discrepancy is noticeable in the region between the highest- p_T constituents, i.e. the bottom left corner. In the region of pairs where at least one constituent has lower p_T , the pair masses are higher in quark-initiated jets.

Feature importance. Full region.

Without Weights



With Flat Weights



the impact of different variables on model accuracy by perturbing each variable and measuring the resulting change in accuracy.

L3 Gluing error study on single muons

- Comparison using single muon samples with transverse momenta (pT) of 1, 10, and 100 GeV
 - Samples provided by Alexis
- Jira ticket: <https://its.cern.ch/jira/browse/ATLITKSW-261>
- Realistic positions of the Strips Barrel 3 which includes a manufacturing error resulting in Z-offset
- <https://indico.cern.ch/event/1433325/>
- Summary of the conclusion:
 - The reco χ^2 values are slightly affected by the L3 gluing error.
 - This change is attributed to the modifications in the detector geometry.
 - Pull distributions are slightly affected
 - Other reconstructed variables remain largely unchanged despite the geometry alterations introduced by the L3 gluing error.
 - Efficiencies and reconstructed vertex positions are not impacted by the presence of the L3 gluing error.