

Cosmic strings and dark matter in the axiverse

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IPHC & U. of Strasbourg

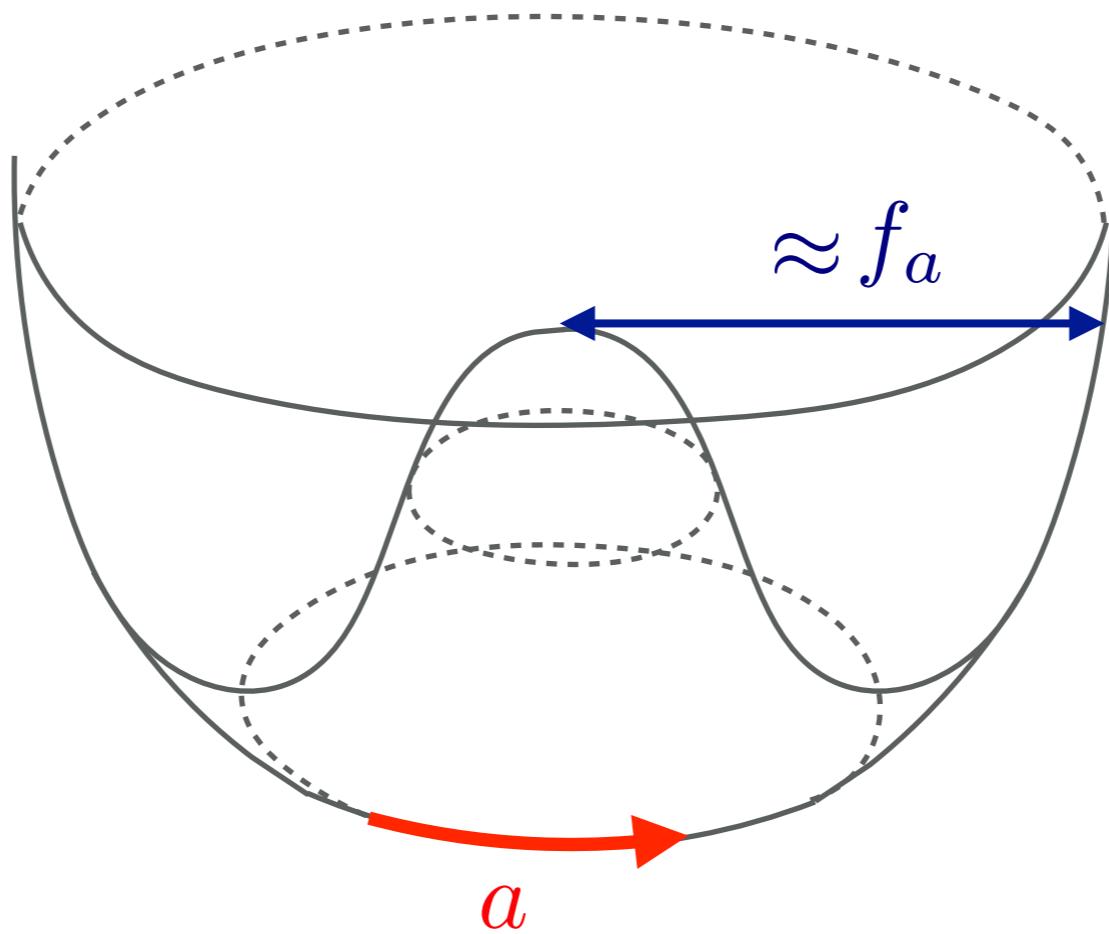
IP2I, Lyon
06/05/2024

Based on 2312.08425 [hep-ph]
w/ J. Benabou, M. Buschmann, S. Kumar, B. Safdi

Axions and their cosmology

QCD axions and axion-like particles

ALPs : (pseudo-)Nambu-Goldstone bosons of a U(1) global symmetry



QCD axions and axion-like particles

ALPs : (pseudo-)Nambu-Goldstone bosons of a U(1) global symmetry

QCD axion : classically (almost) massless ALP, of a U(1) symmetry with a mixed anomaly with the QCD gauge group

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{c}{32\pi^2} \frac{a}{f_a} \epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} G_{\mu\nu}^a G_{\rho\sigma}^a$$

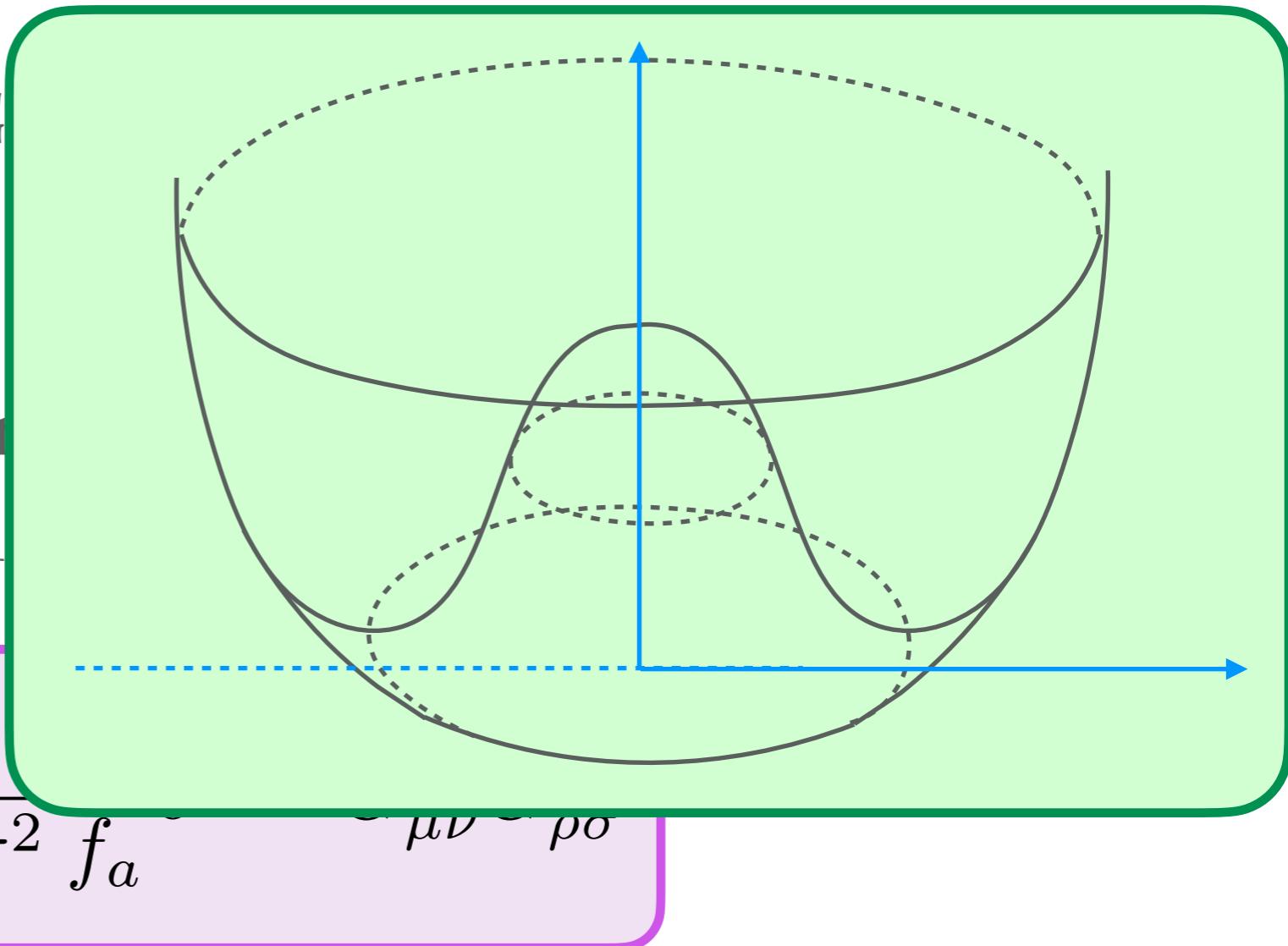
At the vacuum : $\langle a \rangle = 0$ Solution to the **strong CP problem**
[**Peccei/Quinn '77 x 2, Weinberg '78, Wilczek '78**]

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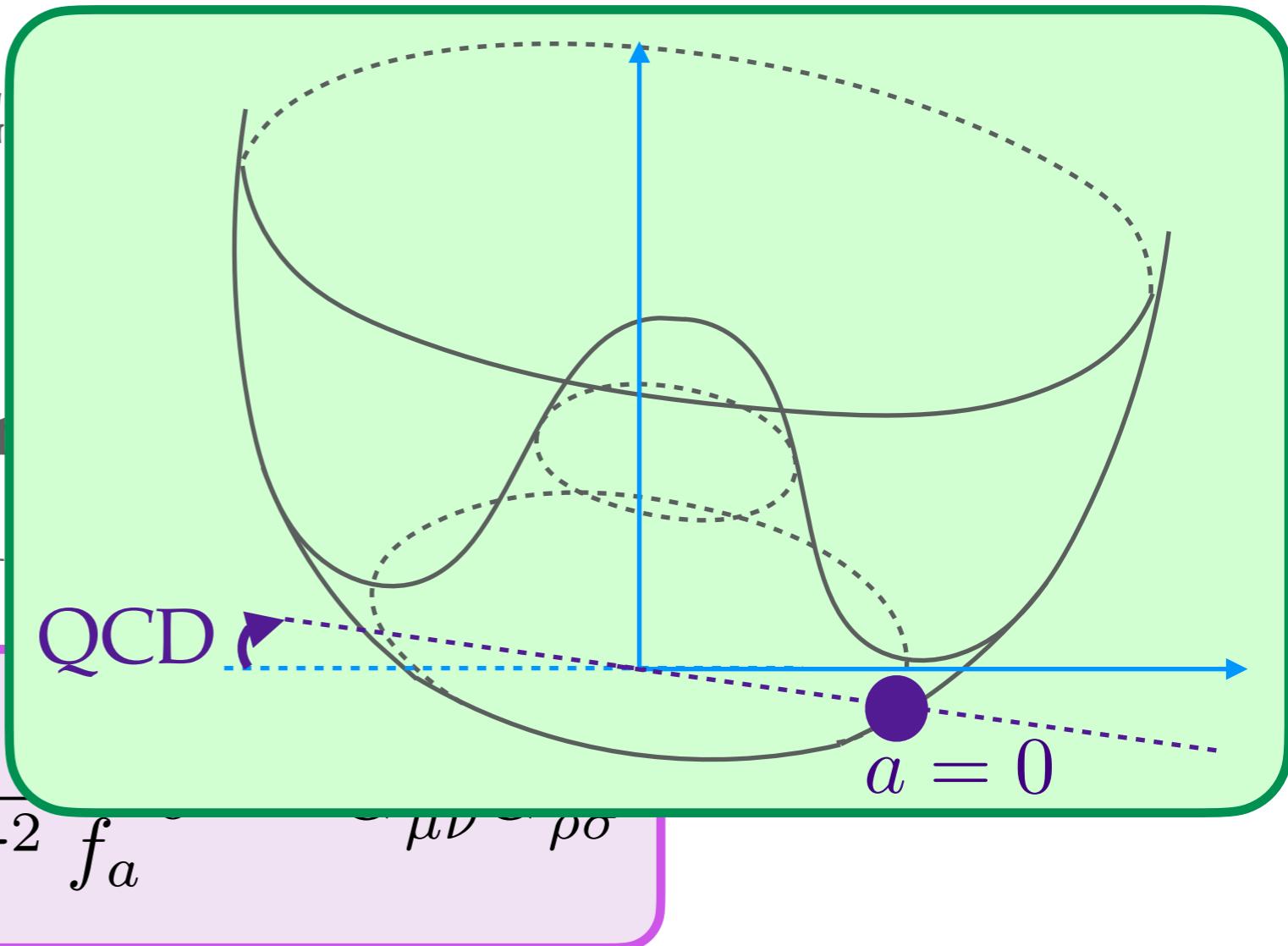
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$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{c}{32\pi^2} \frac{a}{f_a} \epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} G_{\mu\nu}^a G_{\rho\sigma}^a \rightarrow \gtrsim 10^{7-12} \text{ GeV}$$

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At « low » energies : model-independent (EFT) approach

(QCD) axion cosmology

In cosmology : depends on the hierarchy of scales

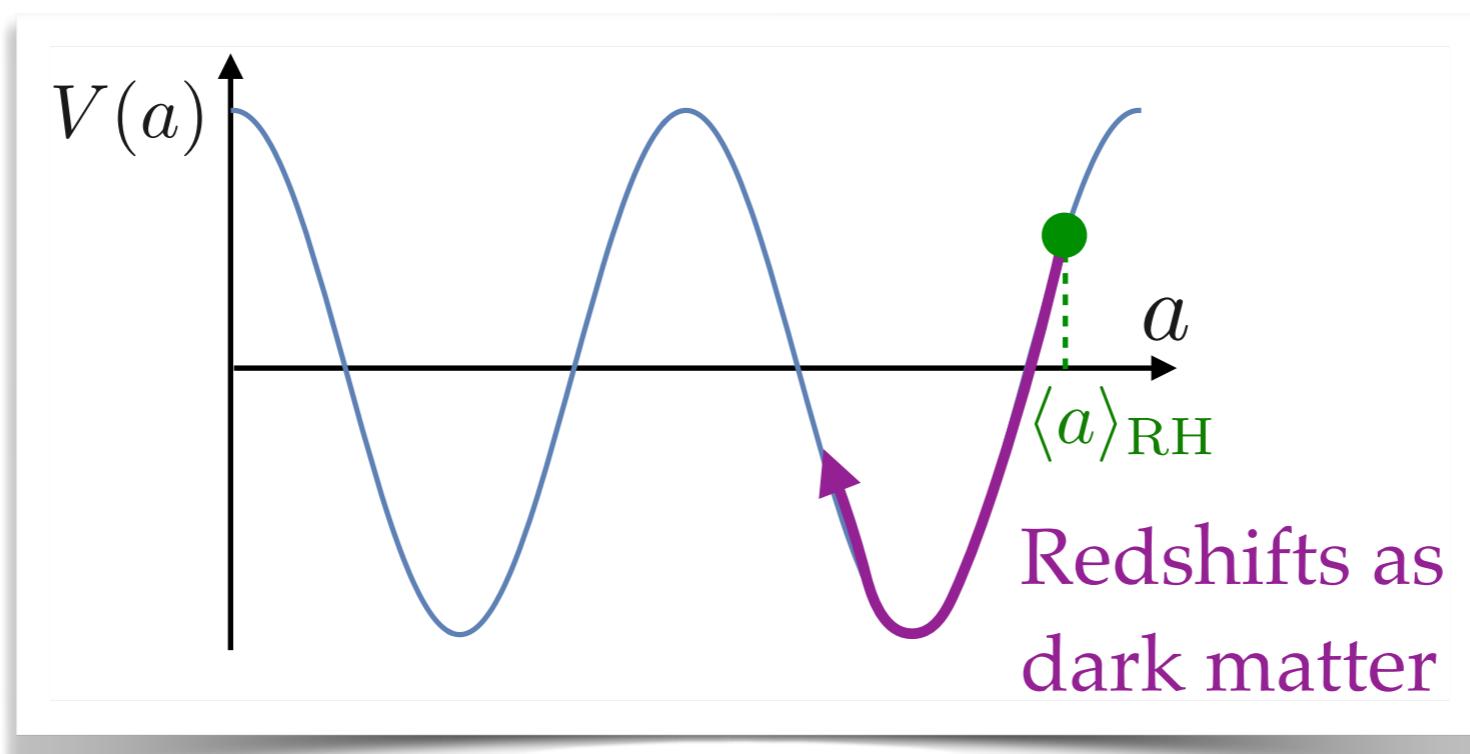
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In cosmology : depends on the hierarchy of scales

Pre-inflationary scenario : $H_{\text{inf}} \lesssim f_a$ and $T_{\text{RH}} \lesssim f_a$

PQ symmetry broken throughout the cosmic history \longrightarrow EFT approach again

Axion dark matter via the misalignment mechanism



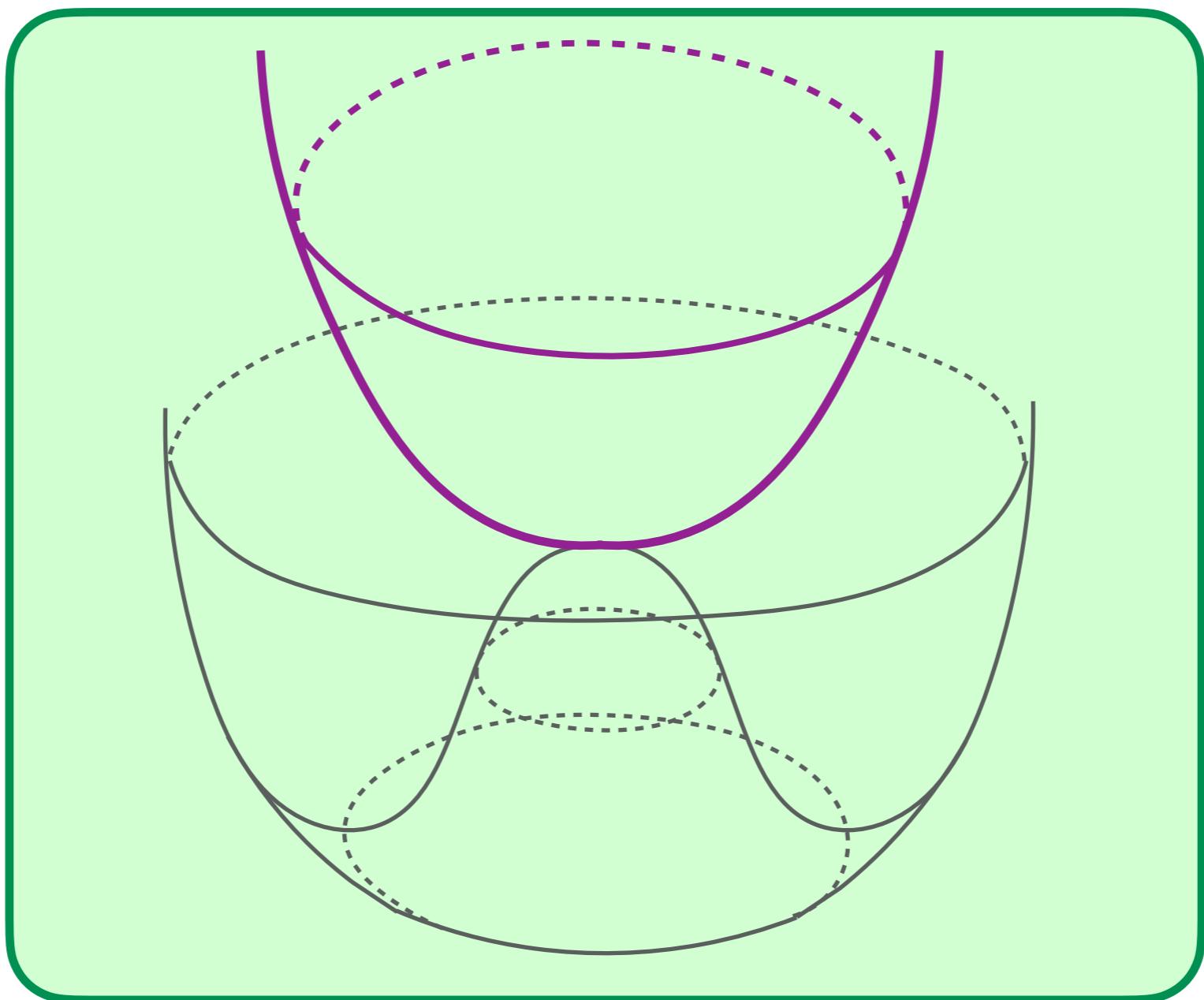
[Preskill/Wise/
Wilczek,
Abbott/Sikivie,
Dine/Fischler
'83]

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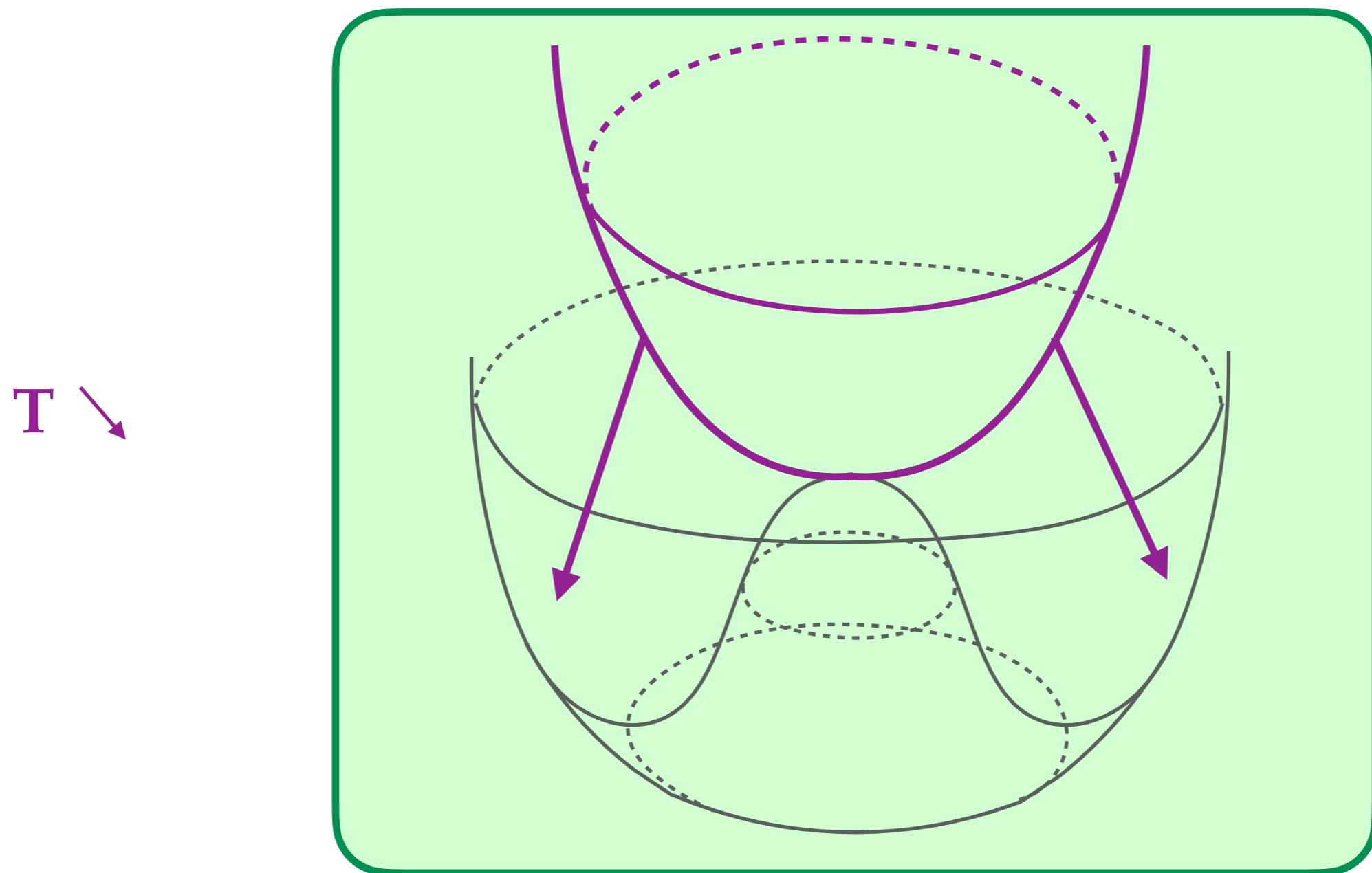
+ high T



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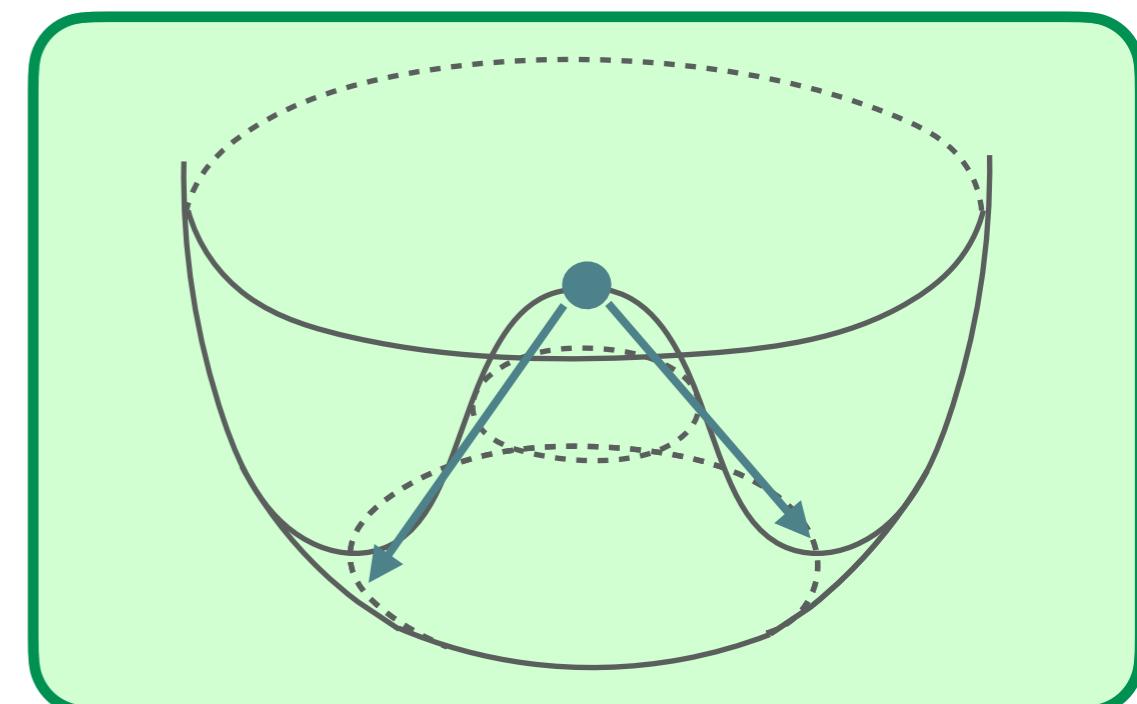
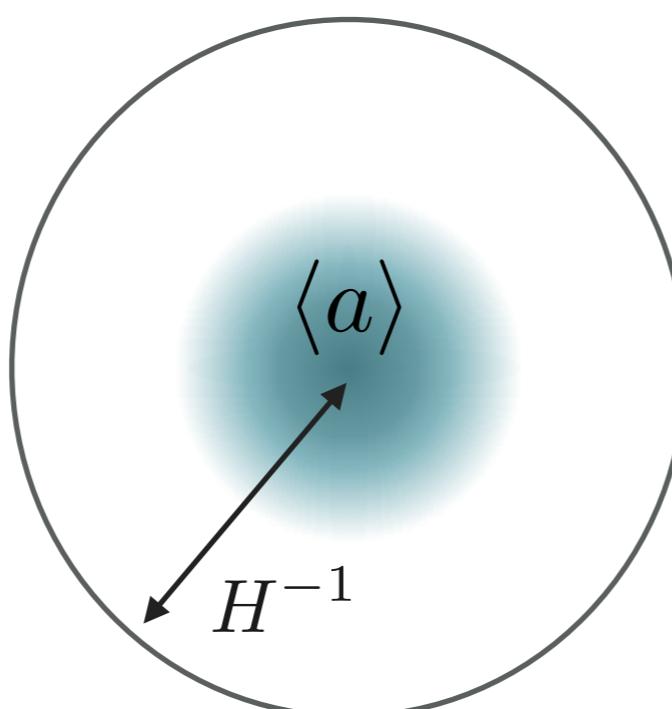
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In any case : topological defects, axion cosmic strings

[Kibble '76, Zurek '85]

$\langle a \rangle'$



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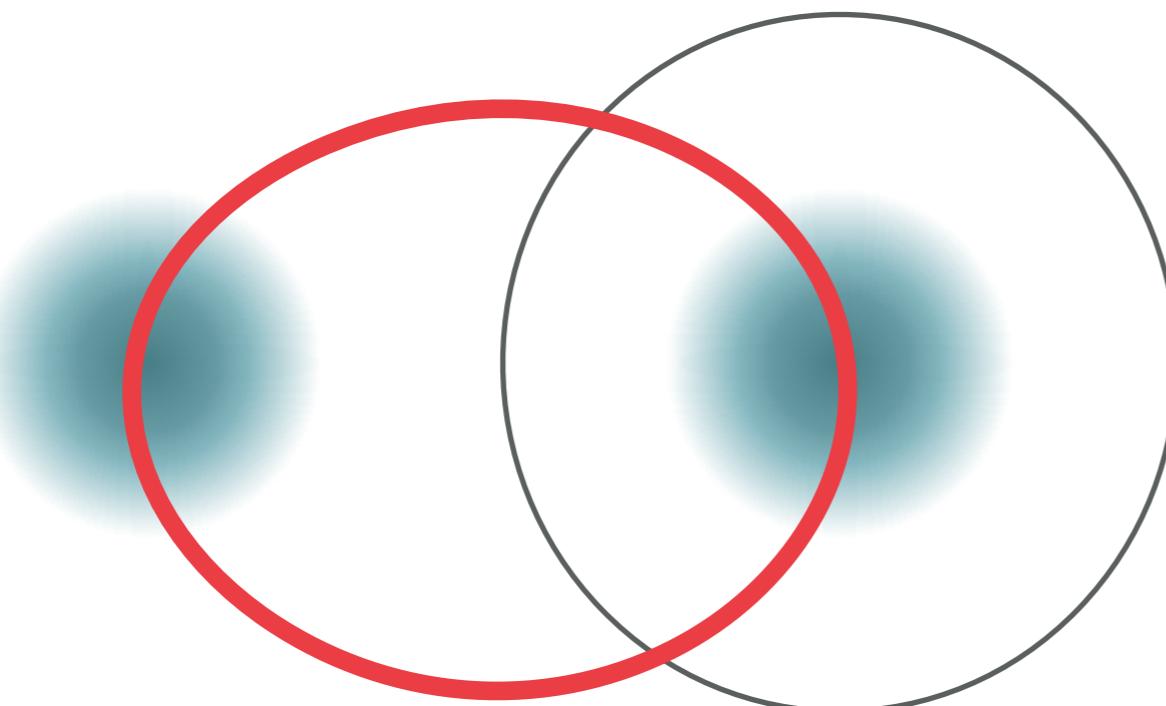
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$$\pi_1(U(1)) = \mathbb{Z}$$

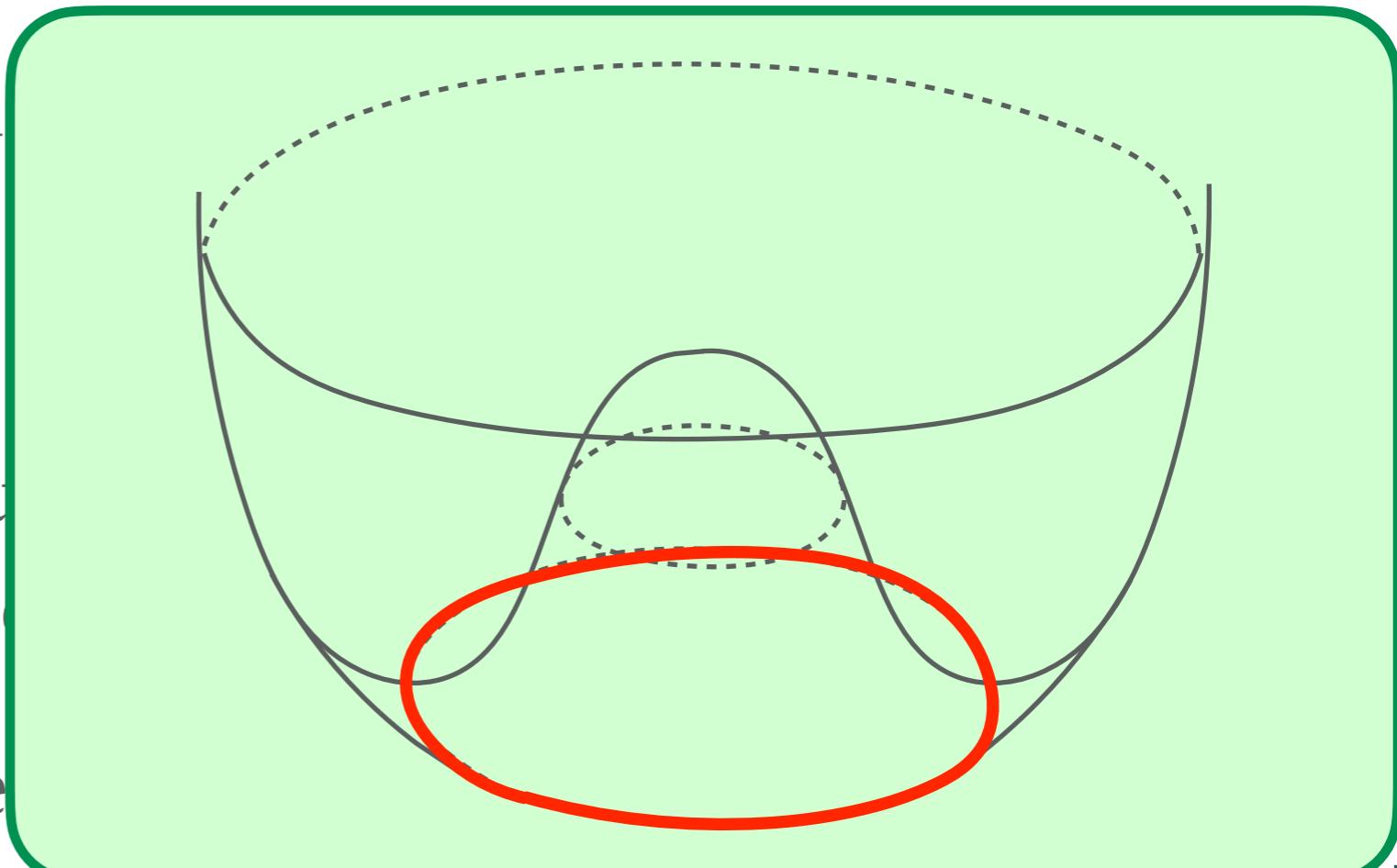
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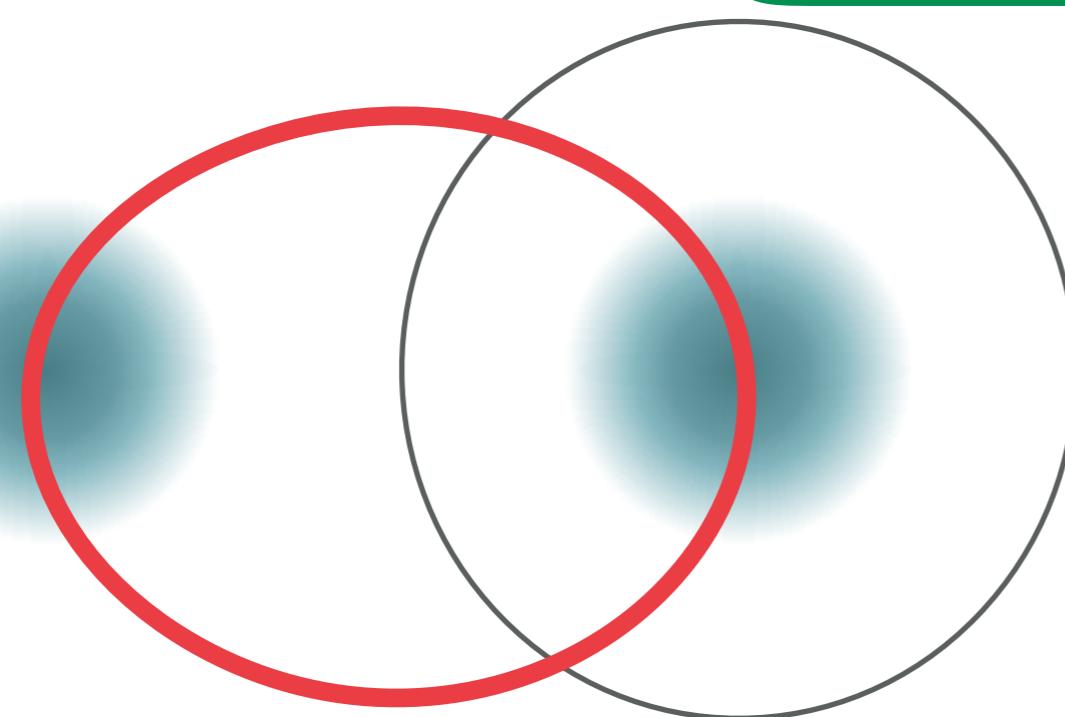
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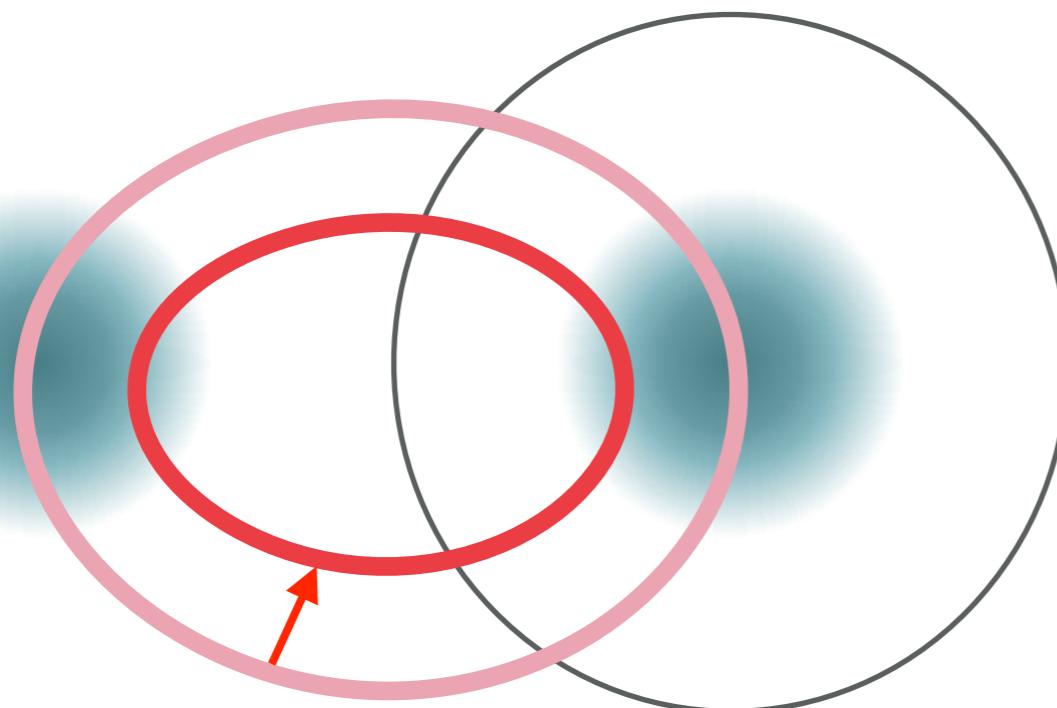
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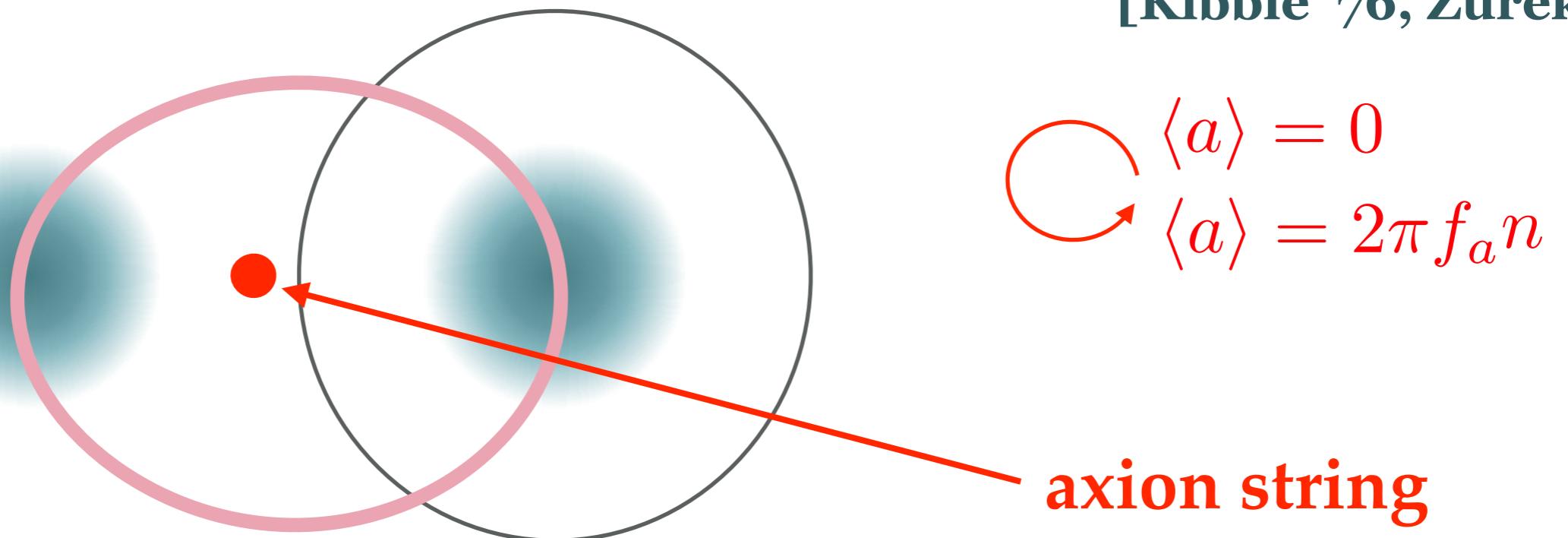
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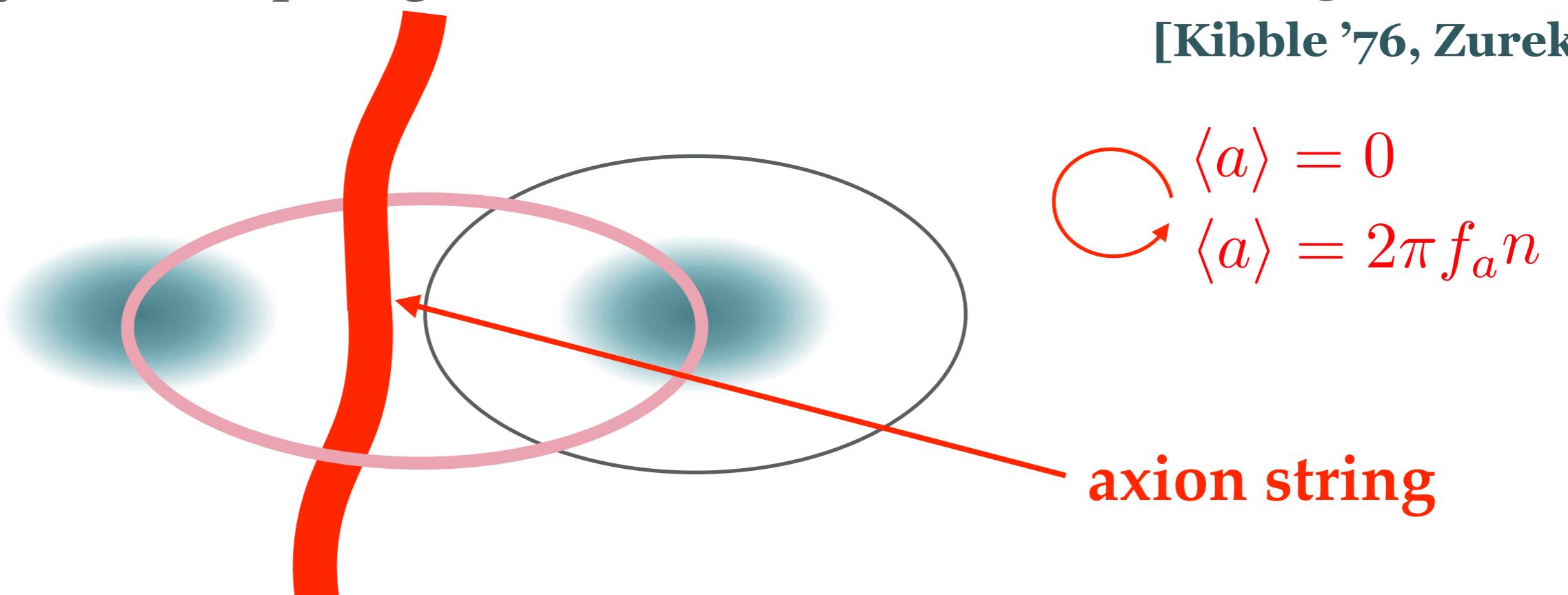
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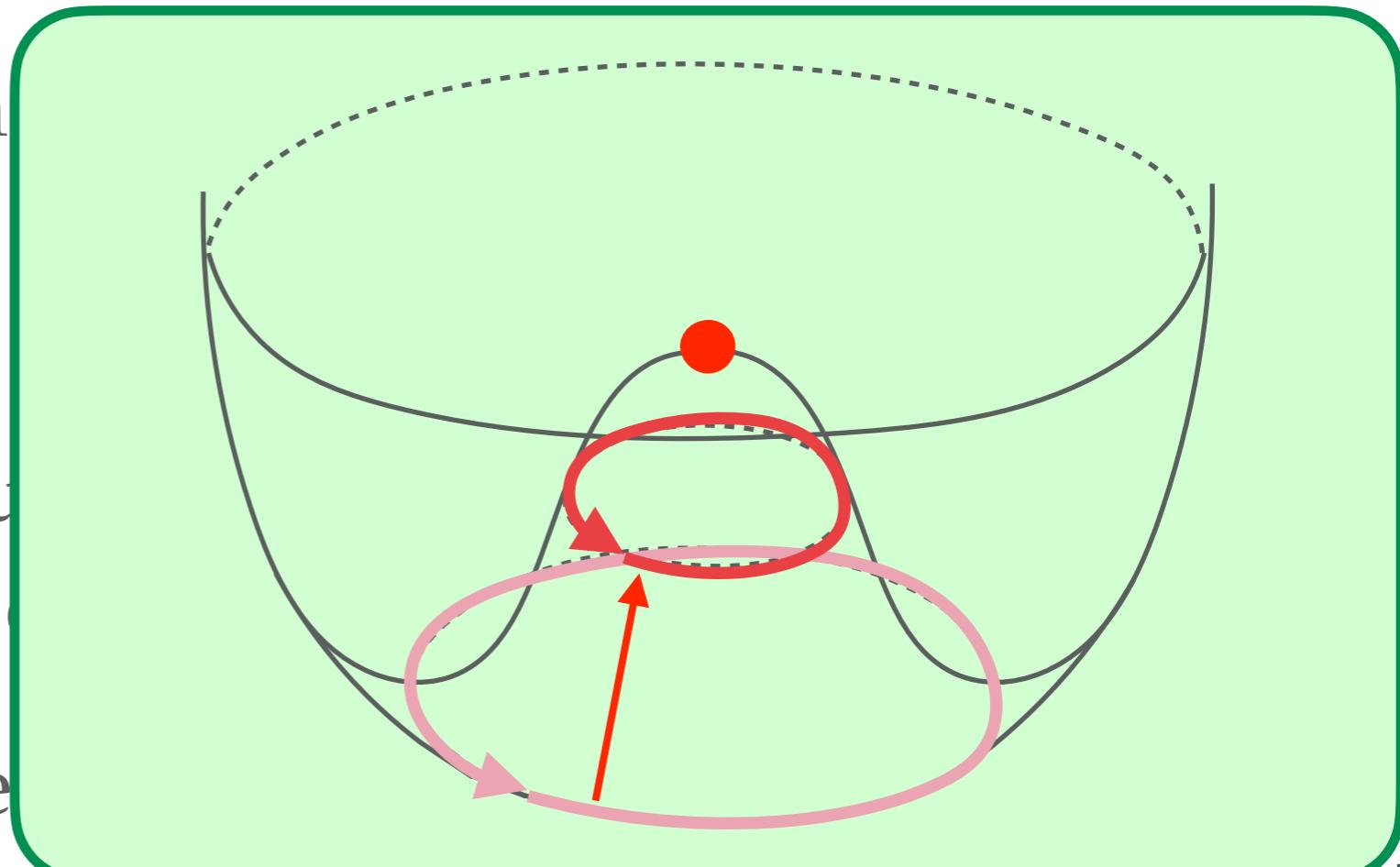
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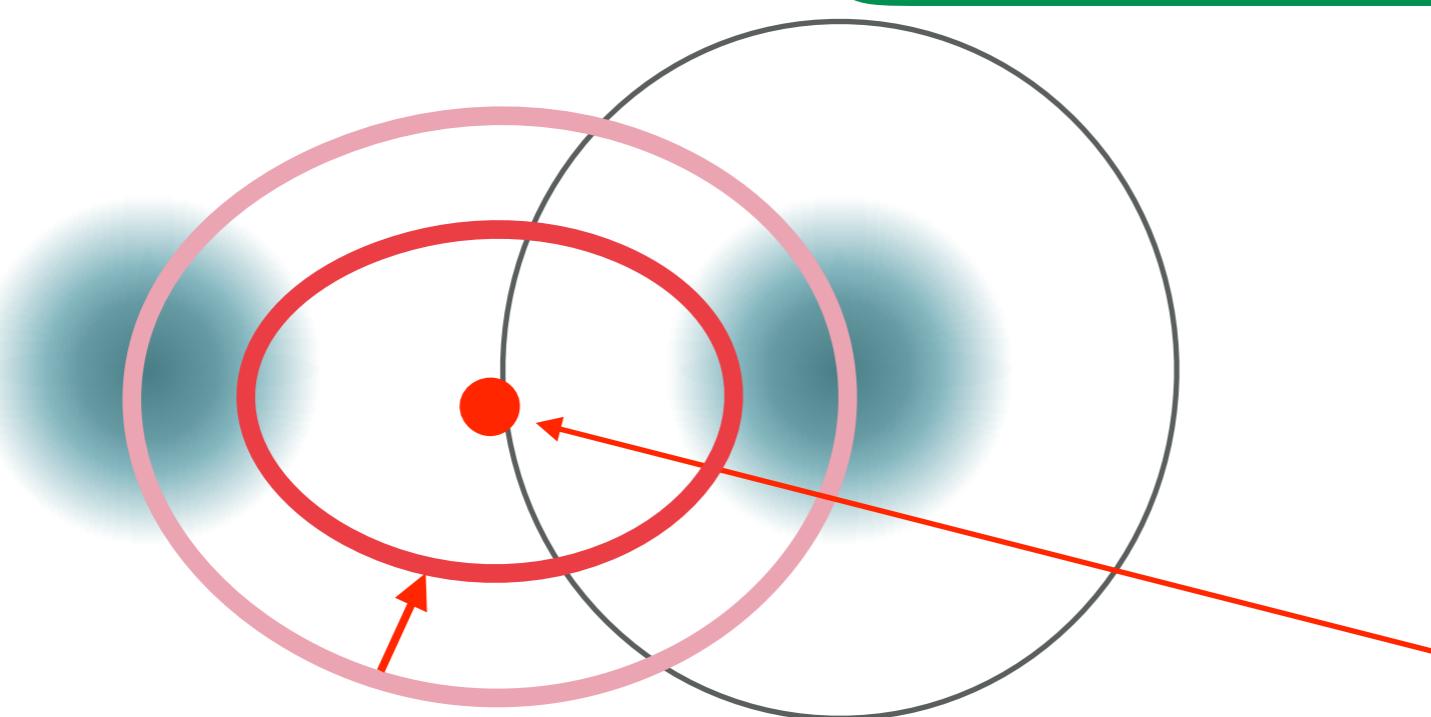
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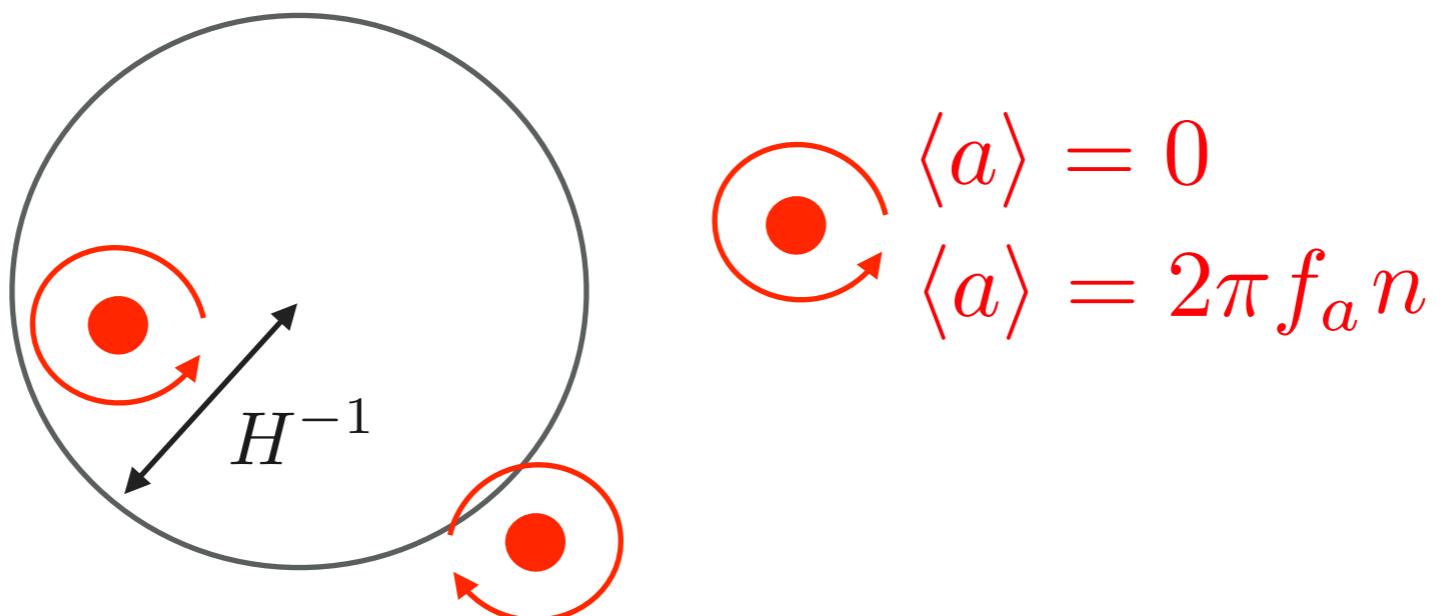
axion string

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$T \searrow$: « scaling regime »

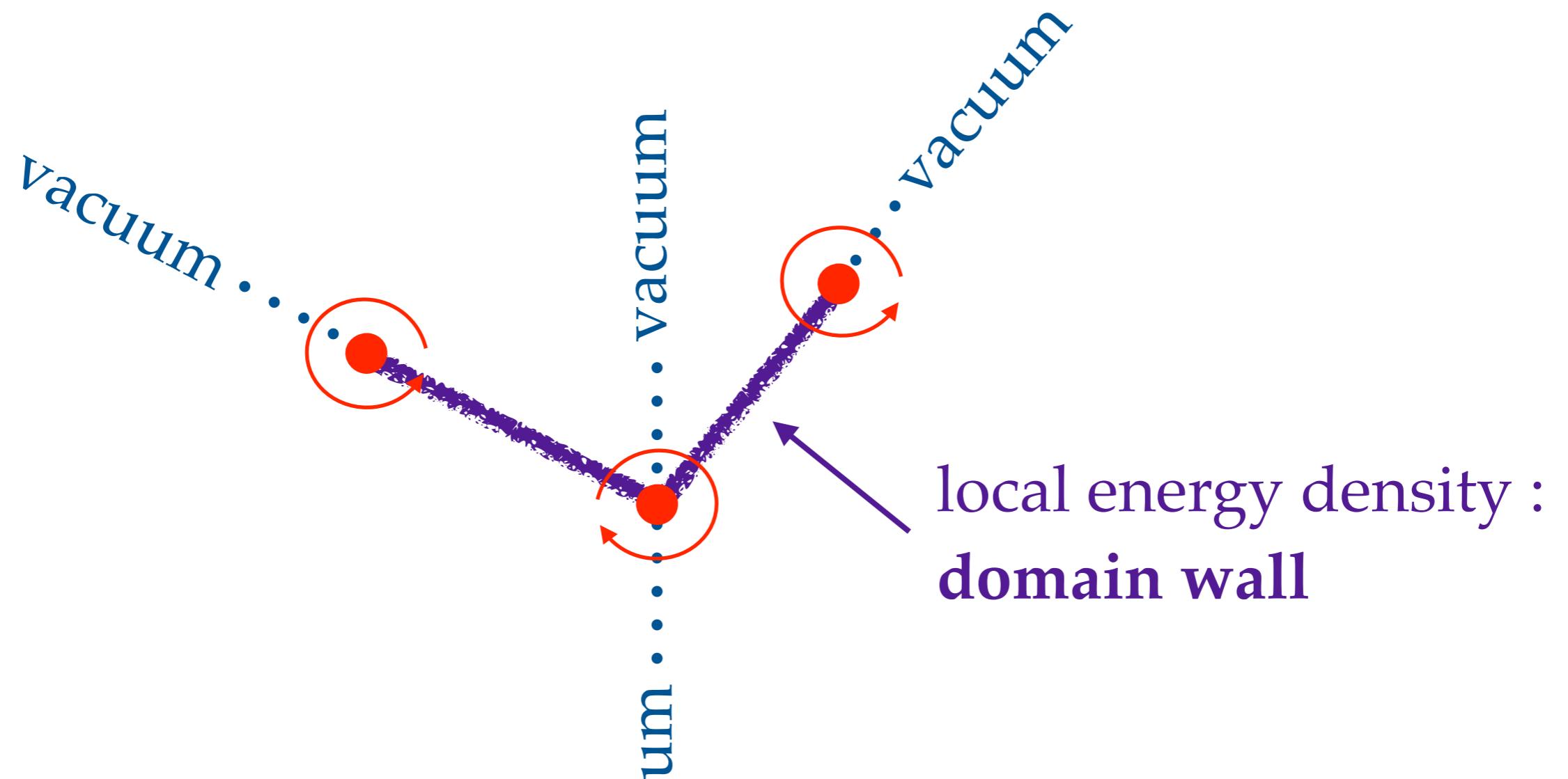


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$H \approx m_a$: network collapses or overcloses the universe

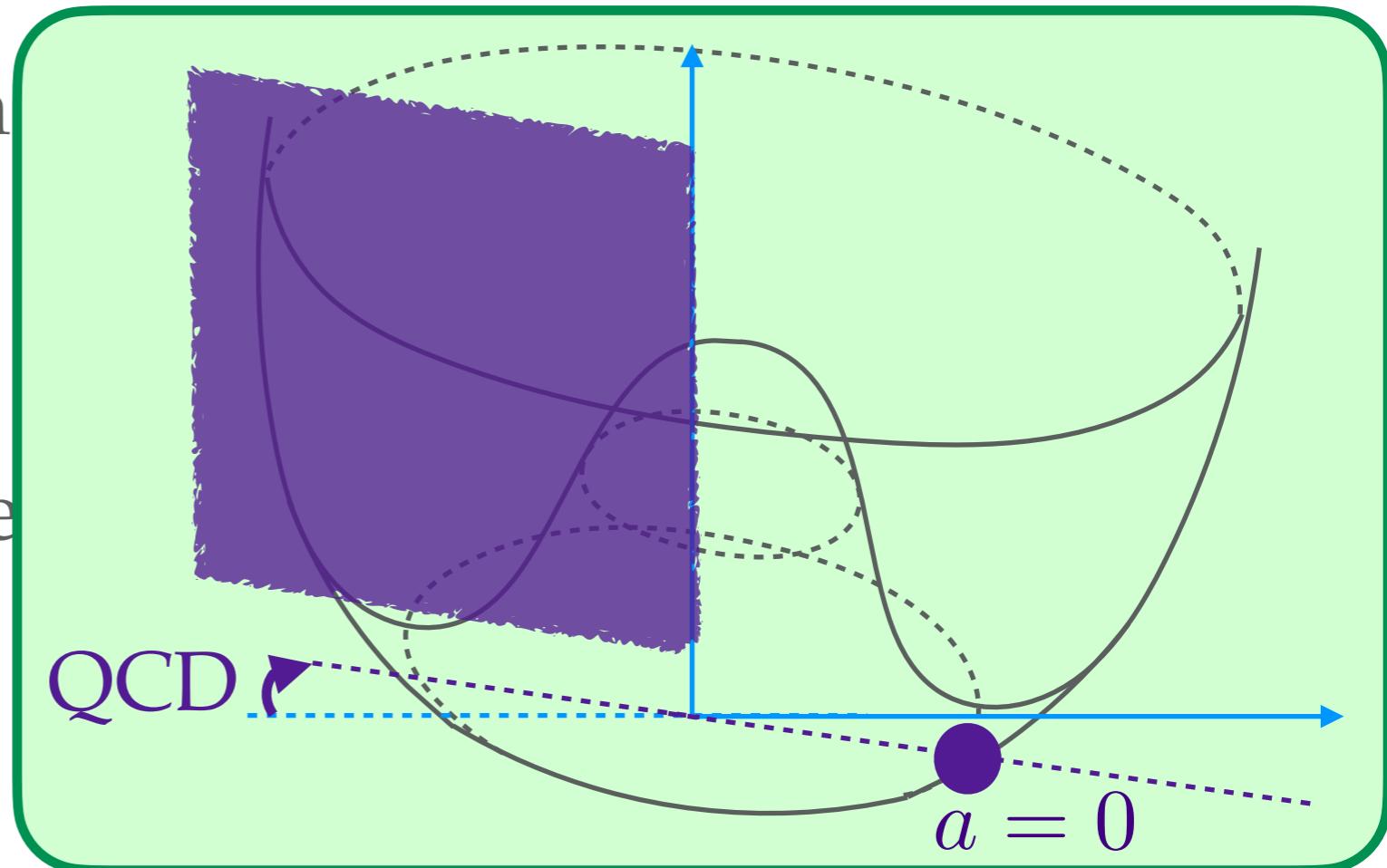
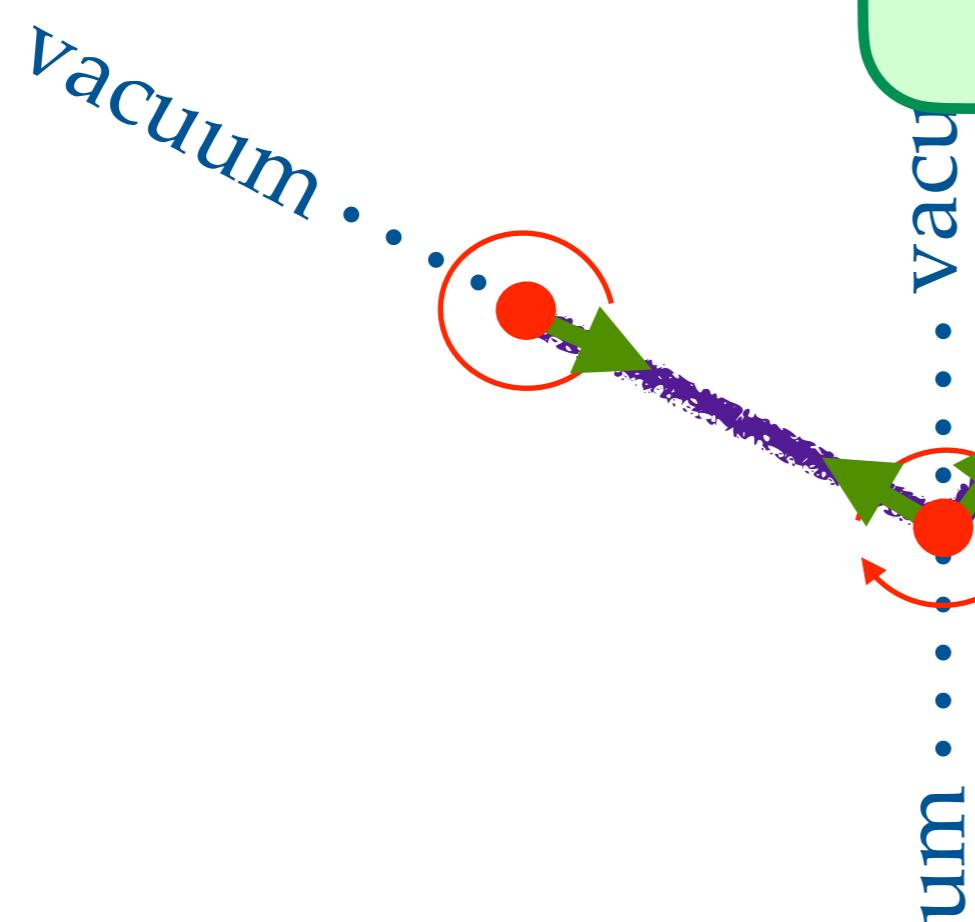


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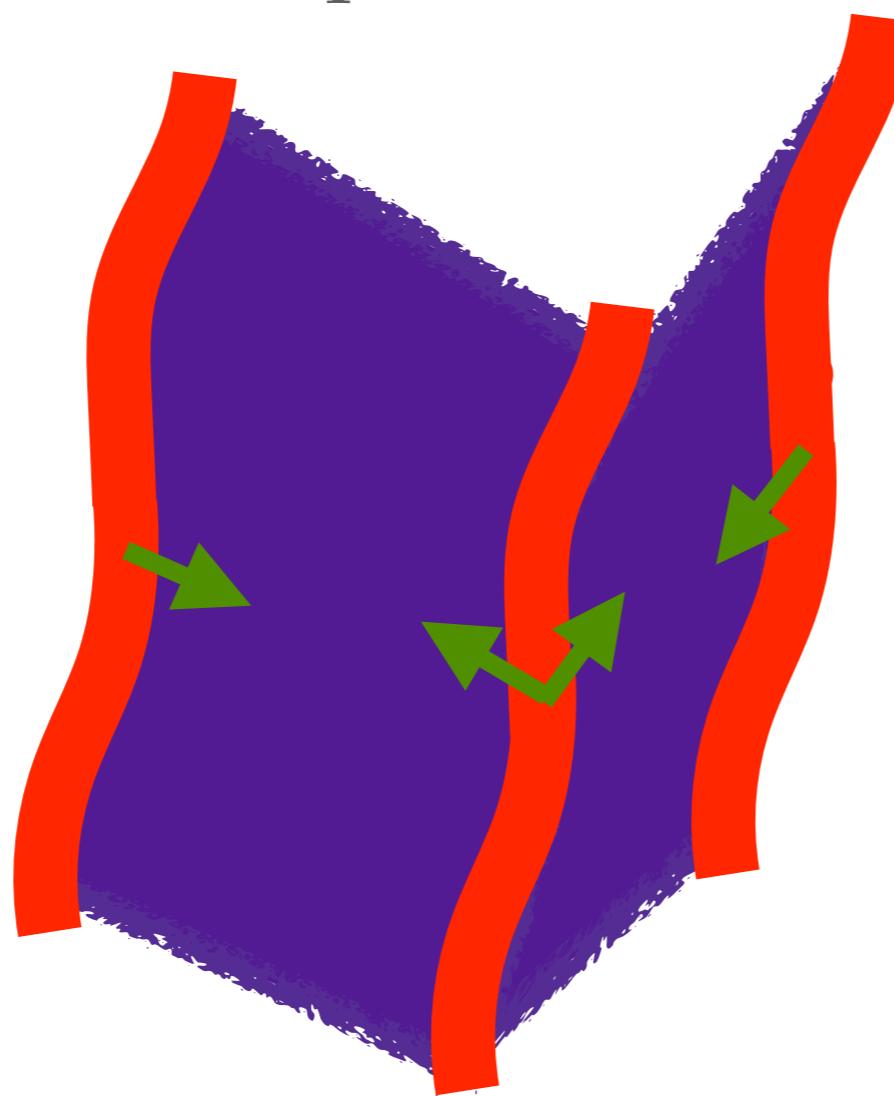
local energy density :
domain wall

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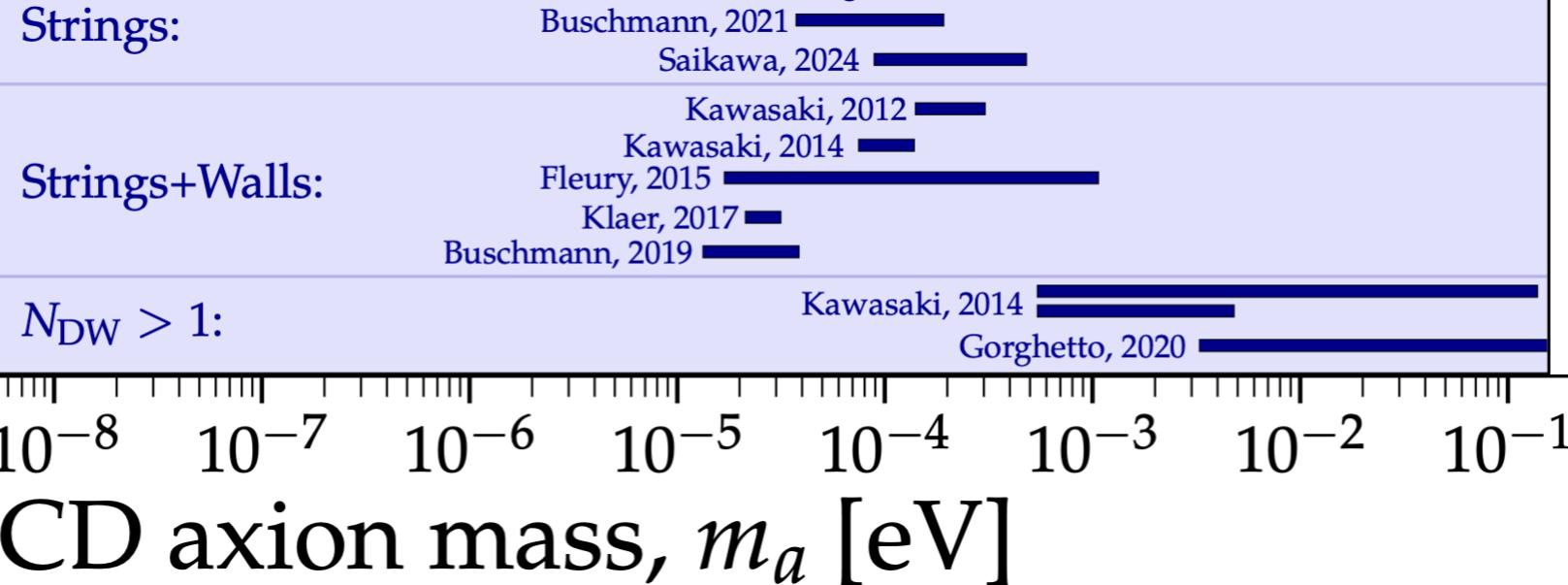
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Scaling regime and collapse : production of axion quanta (and other ones)

Can make up most of the axion relic density ! No free parameter :

Post-inflation

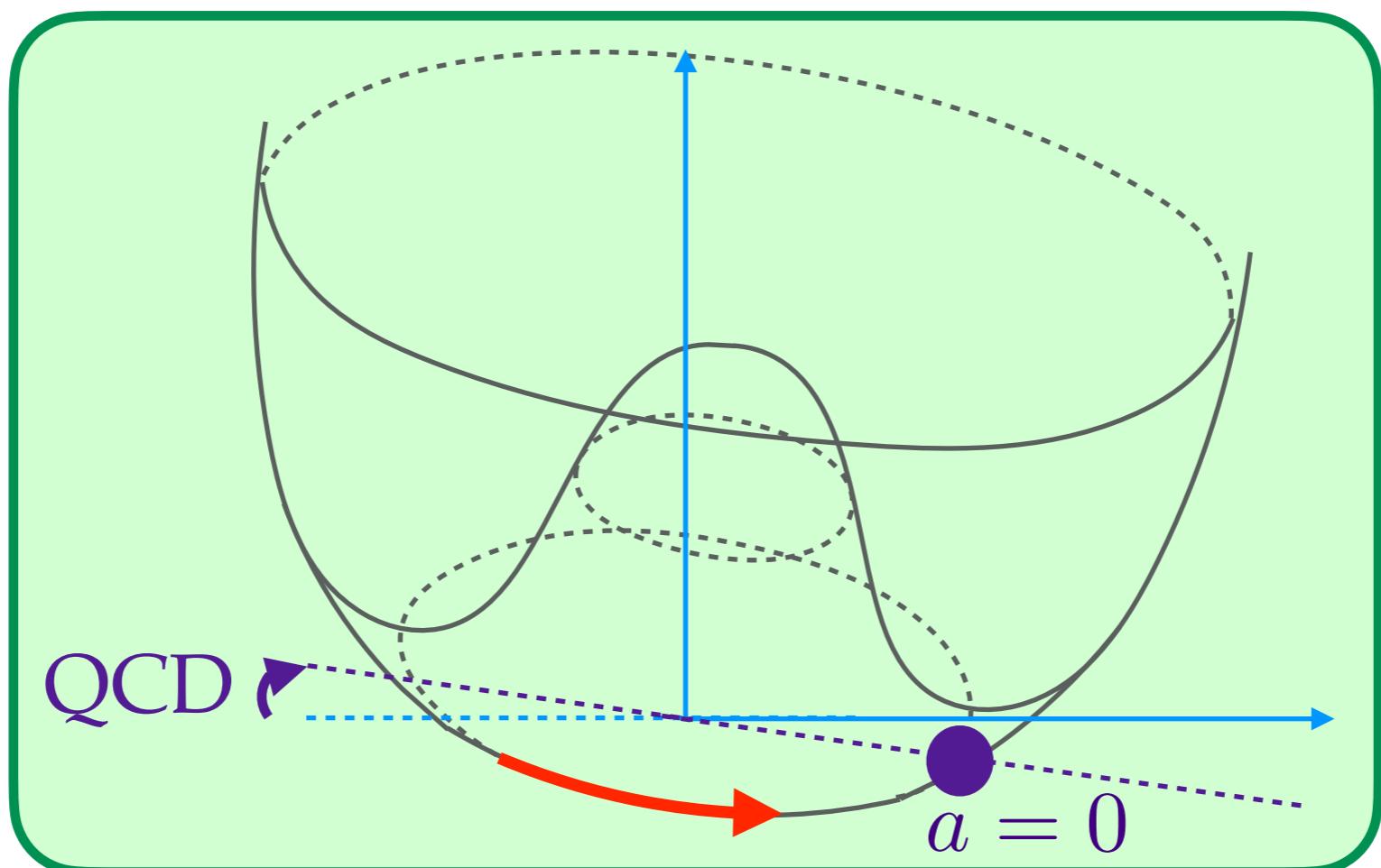


[O'Hare's
GitHub]

Axions in extra-dimensional models and their cosmic strings

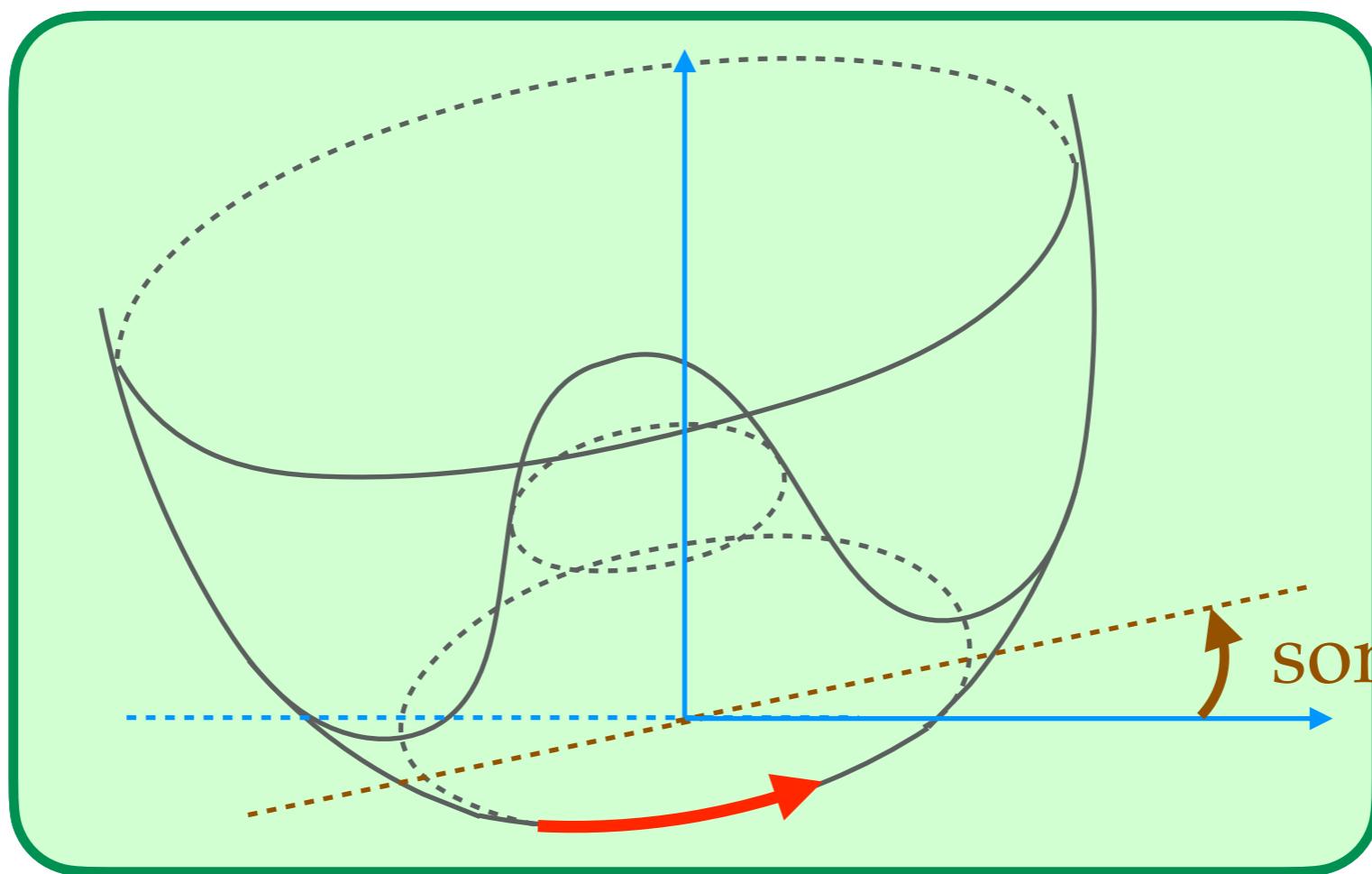
Axions from extra dimensions

Compact extra dimensions : address the electroweak hierarchy problem and the flavor problem, are necessary for string theory... and « protect » the axion mass



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of size L_5

In 5D, for $x^M = (x^\mu, x_4)$, $\mathcal{M}_5 = \mathcal{M}_4 \times (I, S^1, \dots)$ and $F = dA$:

$$\mathcal{S} \supset \int_{\mathcal{M}_5} d^5x \left(\frac{M_5^3}{2} R - \frac{1}{2g_5^2} F_{MN} F^{MN} \right) \supset \int_{\mathcal{M}_4} d^4x \frac{(\partial_\mu a)^2}{2}$$

where $a(x^\mu) \propto \int dx_4 A_4(x^\mu, x_4)$

KK reduction
with appropriate
boundary conditions

[**Arkani-Hamed/Cheng/Crminelli/Randall '03,**
Choi '03]

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restricted by 5D
gauge invariance

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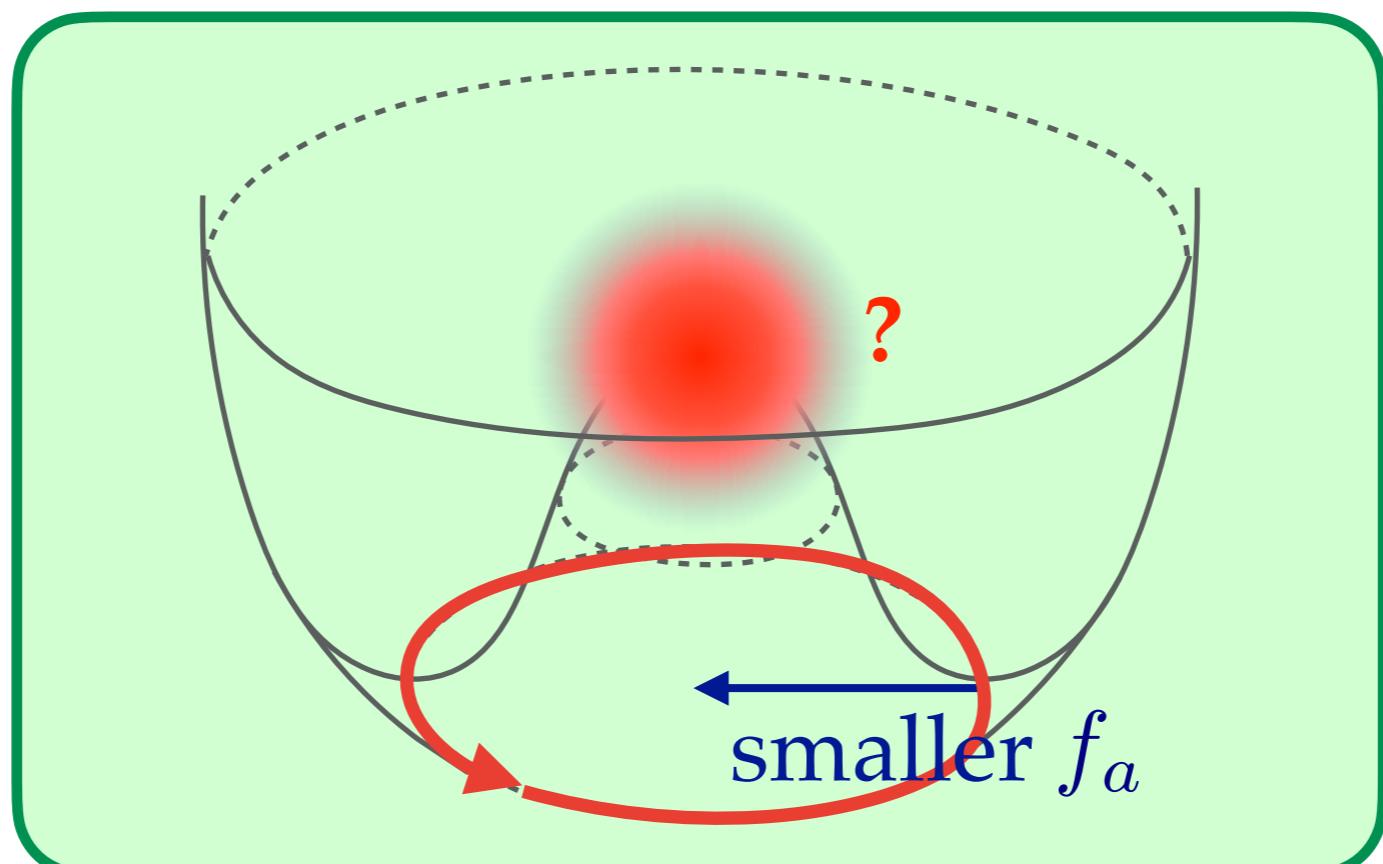
$$a(x^\mu) \propto \int dx_4 A_4(x^\mu, x_4)$$

and

$$f_a \propto (L_5 g_5)^{-1/2}$$

But  $\langle a \rangle = 0$
 $\langle a \rangle = 2\pi f_a n$

In the core of the string : unbroken phase of the theory



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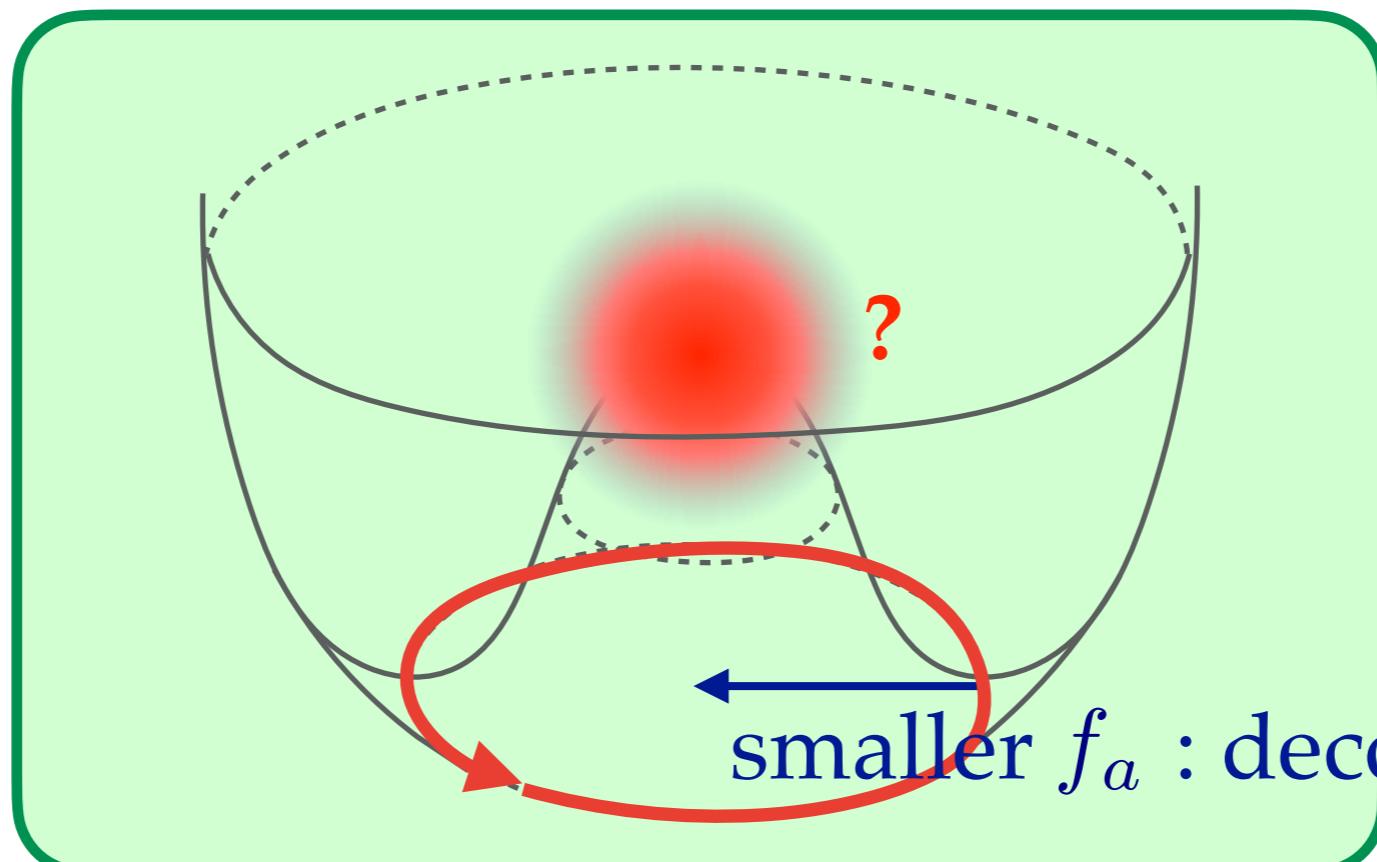
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$$\langle \rho \rangle \propto L_5$$

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Radion diverges logarithmically towards the string core

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Main properties may still be computed for strongly warped backgrounds (dual to 4D models)

Cosmic strings from extra dimensions ?

Core resolved in the higher-dimensional theory ?

$$a(x^\mu) \propto \int dx_4 A_4(x^\mu, x_4)$$

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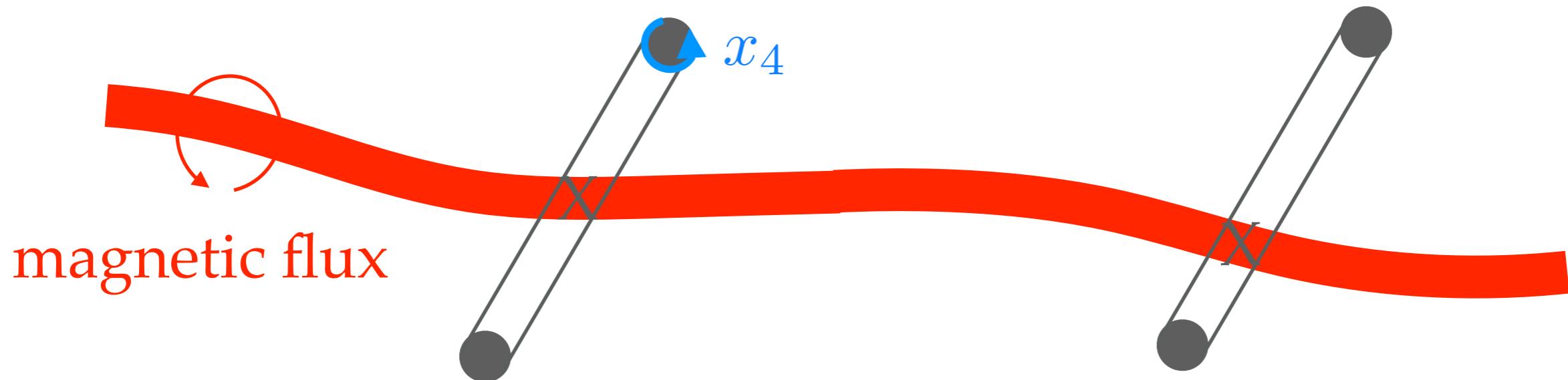
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Topological magnetic charge for the 5D gauge field



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Topological magnetic charge for the 5D gauge field, no smooth solution in field theory without additional fields

[Reece '18, '23, Lanza/Marchesano/
Martucci/Valenzuela '21, '22]

Need for a UV-complete description

The case of the string axiverse

The string theory axiverse

String theory (usually) lives in 10, 11 or 26D

Low-energy description : 10D supergravity, with many p-form fields C_p (gauge fields: $C_p \rightarrow C_p + d\Lambda_{p-1}$)

$$a \propto \int_{(I, S^1, \dots)} A \longrightarrow a_C \propto \int_{\mathcal{C}_p} C_p$$

p-cycle

Generic 6D compact manifold : lots of cycles, lots of axions
→ **string theory axiverse** (might not contain a QCD axion)

[**Witten '84, Choi/Kim '85, Barr '85, Svrcek/Witten '06, Arvanitaki/Dimopoulos/Dubovsky/Kaloper/March-Russell '09**]

Cosmic D-branes

Cosmic strings ? Magnetically-charged objects known :
D-branes of string theory and fundamental strings

[Witten '85, Sarangi/Tye '02, Dvali/Vilenkin et al '02-'05,
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Formation ? String-theoretic mechanisms (D-brane annihilation,
Hagedorn phase transition, ...?) which depend on inflation, on the
details of the compactification, etc

Cosmological evolution ? Extra-dim. & quantum scatterings,
string-theoretic instabilities, **UV-dominated tension**

Scan of examples : $f_a^2 \lesssim T \lesssim f_a M_{\text{pl}}$

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e.g., strongly warped
compactifications

\longleftrightarrow
standard case

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Scan of examples :

$$f_a^2 \lesssim T \lesssim f_a M_{\text{pl}}$$

e.g., flat compactification
« Heavy » cosmic strings

(also, « axion magnetic weak gravity conjecture »)

[Hebecker/Henkenjohann/Witkowski '17]

QCD axion dark matter ?

« Minimal » unwarped scenario : ruled out

Assumptions : lightest axion = QCD axion, one type of cosmic string : the QCD axion string, unstable domain wall network

Tension : $T = \kappa f_a M_{\text{pl}}$

Charge : $\int_{\mathcal{C}} da = 2\pi f_a n$

Shut up and calculate/simulate : known scaling regime, rates of emission, frequency distributions, ...

Ex. : energy emission rate to axions

$$\Gamma_a = \frac{16r_a(8\pi)^{3/2}\alpha}{3r^{3/2}\kappa^{3/2}} H^3 \sqrt{f_a M_{\text{pl}}^3}$$

Result (for $\kappa \approx 1$):

$$\Omega_a \sim 10^2 \sqrt{\frac{10 \text{ meV}}{m_a}}$$

A way out in the axiverse

Assumptions : lightest axion = QCD axion, one type of cosmic string : ~~the QCD axion string~~, unstable domain wall network



$$\Delta a_1 = 2\pi f_{a_1} n_1$$

$$\Delta a_2 = 2\pi f_{a_2} n_2$$

If $m_{a_2} \gg m_{a_1} = m_{a,QCD}$, the domain-wall-driven collapse can interrupt the axion production earlier

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$$\Delta a_1 = 2\pi f_{a_1} n_1$$

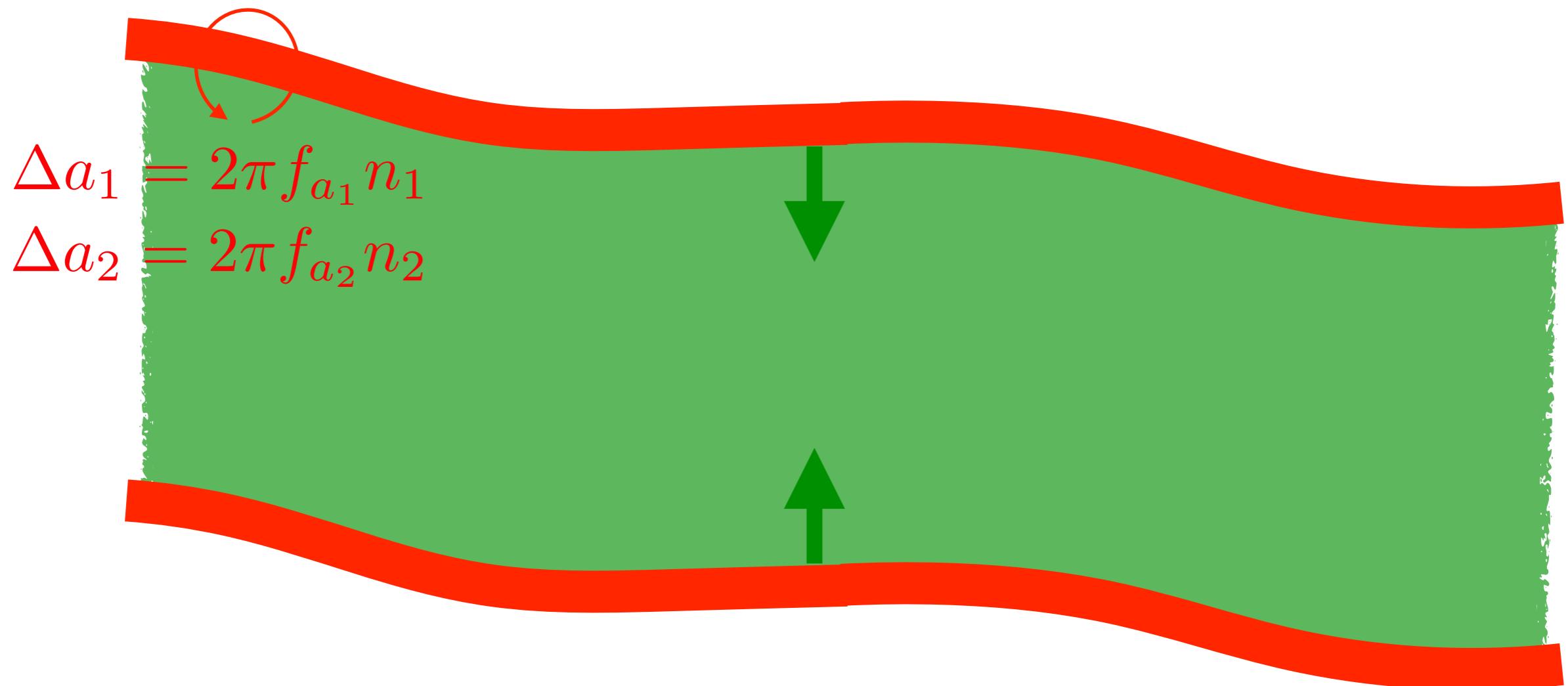
$$\Delta a_2 = 2\pi f_{a_2} n_2$$



$$T > T_2$$

A way out in the axiverse

Assumptions : lightest axion = QCD axion, one type of cosmic string : ~~the QCD axion string~~, unstable domain wall network



$$T = T_2$$

A way out in the axiverse

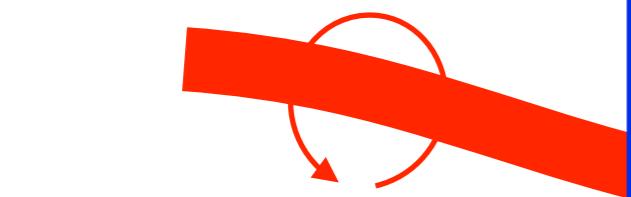
Assumptions : lightest axion = QCD axion, one type of cosmic string : the ~~QCD axion string~~, unstable domain wall network

$$\Delta a_1 = 2\pi f_{a_1} n_1$$
$$\Delta a_2 = 2\pi f_{a_2} n_2$$

$$T = T_1$$

A way out in the axiverse

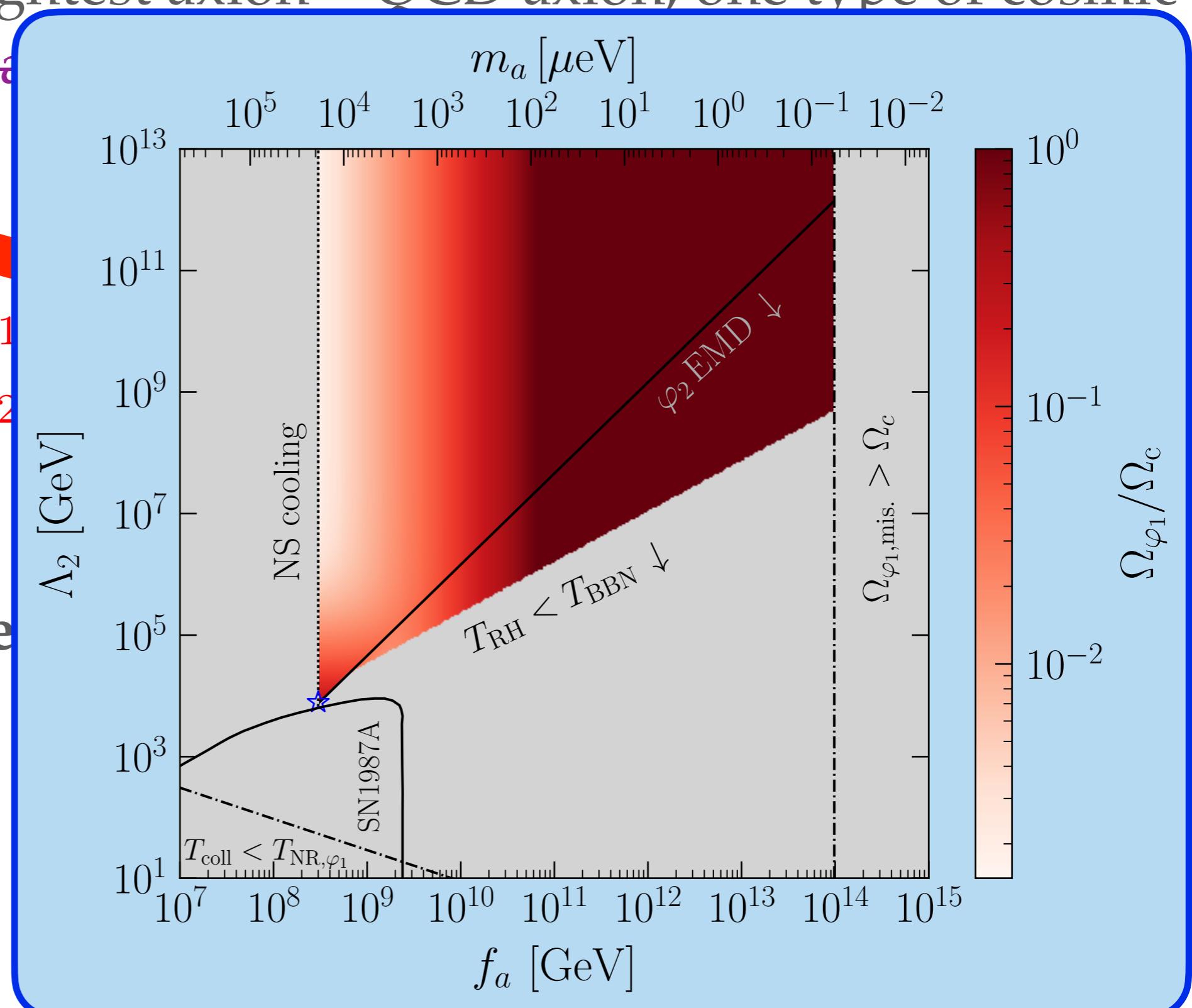
Assumptions : lightest axion = QCD axion, one type of cosmic string : ~~the QCD axion~~



$$\Delta a_1 = 2\pi f_{a_1} n_1$$

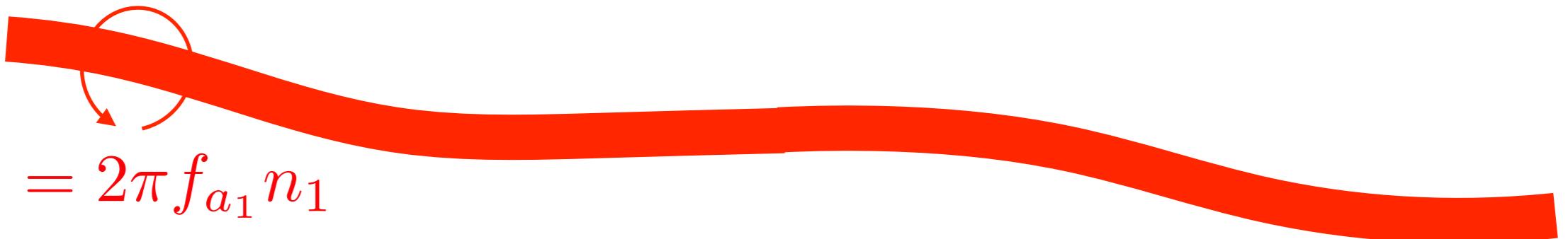
$$\Delta a_2 = 2\pi f_{a_2} n_2$$

If $m_{a_2} \gg m_{a_1}$ =
can interrupt the



A way out in the axiverse

Assumptions : lightest axion = QCD axion, one type of cosmic string : ~~the QCD axion string~~, unstable domain wall network



$$\Delta a_1 = 2\pi f_{a_1} n_1$$

$$\Delta a_2 = 2\pi f_{a_2} n_2$$

If $m_{a_2} \gg m_{a_1} = m_{a,QCD}$, the domain-wall-driven collapse can interrupt the axion production earlier

Potential gravitational waves signals

A way out in the axiverse

Assumption
string : the CMB

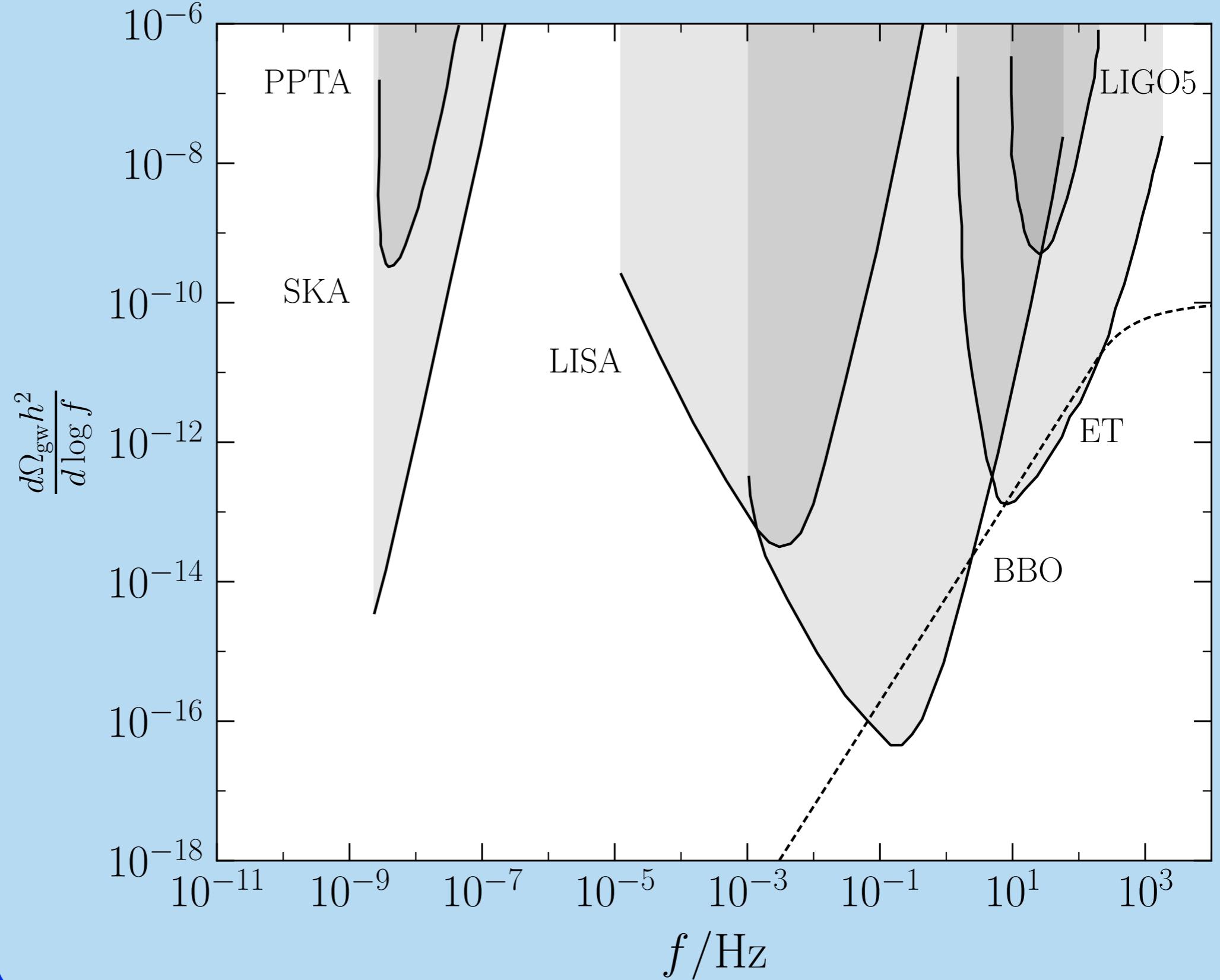


$$\Delta a_1 = 2\pi$$

$$\Delta a_2 = 2\pi$$

If $m_{a_2} \gg m_a$
can interrupt

Potential growth



Summary and outlook

Axions belonging to the string theory axiverse, arising from extra-dimensional gauge fields, are associated with strings which are fundamental objects, and not field theory solitons.

Post-inflationary axion cosmology is drastically affected.

Assuming a population of « minimal » strings for the QCD axion, the universe is overclosed.

One example of a way out : using a second axion to collapse the string network at early stages.

More to do ! Simulations, more complicated cases, complete realistic string cosmology, scan over compactifications...