



Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare  
LABORATORI NAZIONALI DI LEGNARO

ACC 2024, Milano

# Report on $^{56}\text{Ni}$ & $^{60}\text{Zn}$

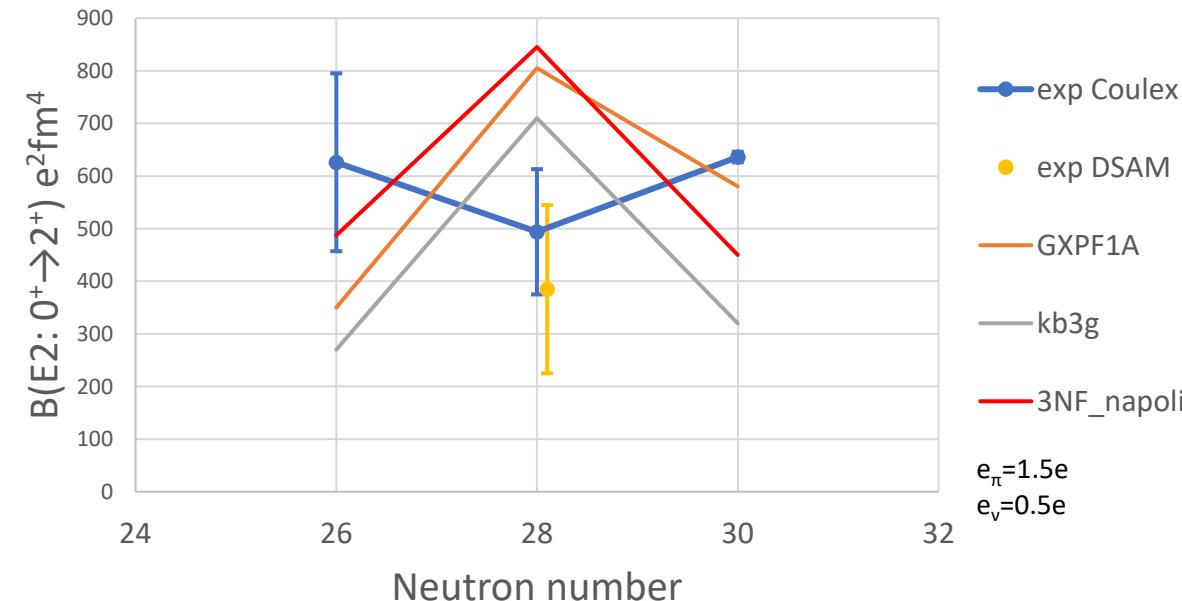
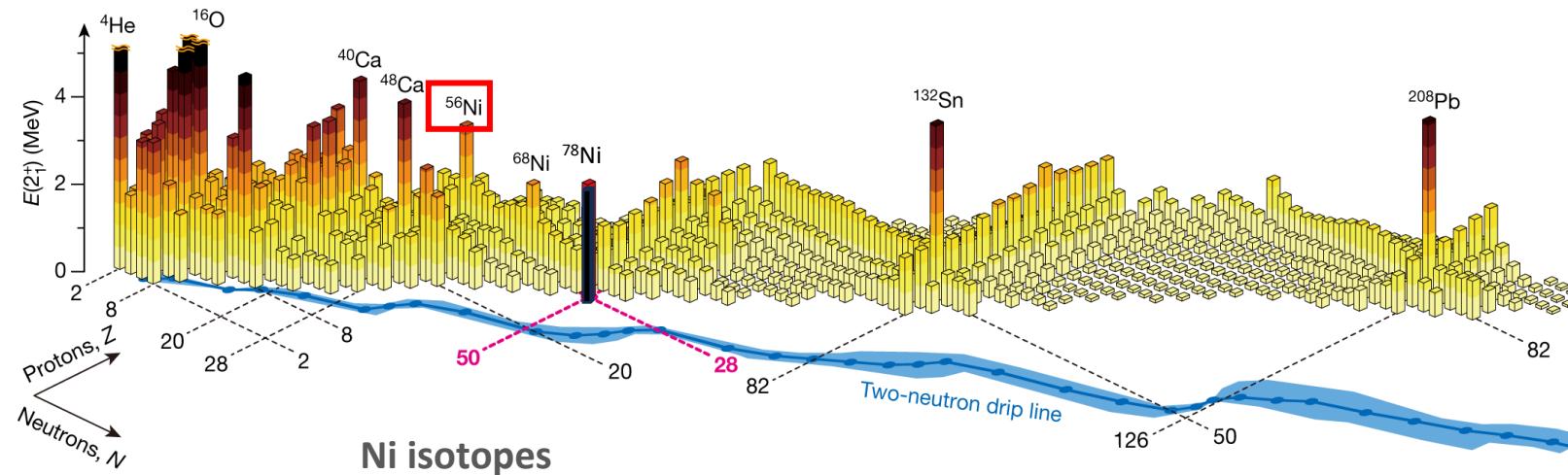
M. Balogh on behalf of 23.07 & 23.09

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# Physics motivation

# $N = Z = 28$ : the (not so) doubly-magic $^{56}\text{Ni}$ nucleus

Soft doubly-magic nucleus, with large **core-breaking** components already in the ground state.



$^{56}\text{Ni} B(E2) \leq ^{58}\text{Ni} B(E2)$ :  
at odd with intuitive expectations and  
shell-model predictions!

Intermediate-energy Coulomb excitation – entangled nuclear + Coulomb contributions

K. L. Yurkewicz et al., Phys. Rev. C 70 (2004)

DSAM – unresolved feeding

N. Schulz et al., Phys. Rev. C 8 (1973) 1779

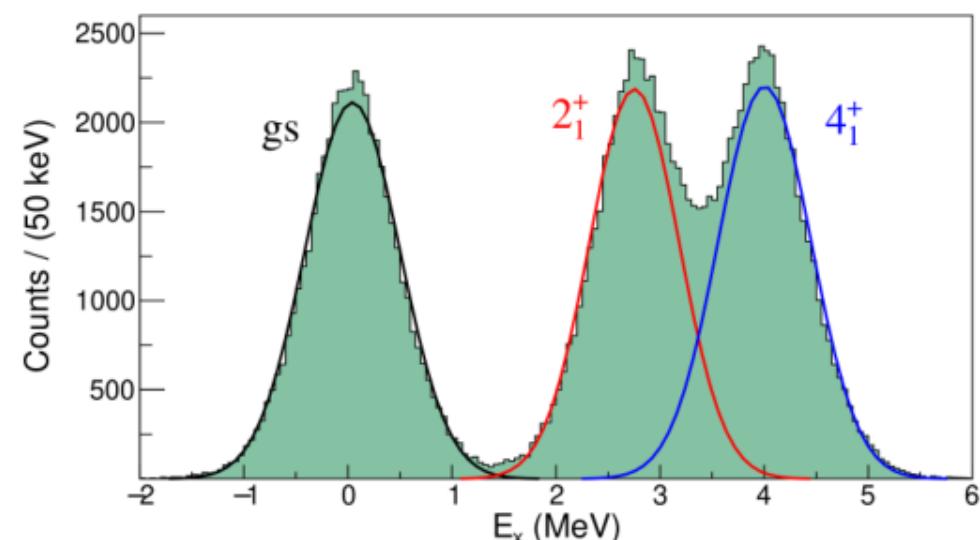
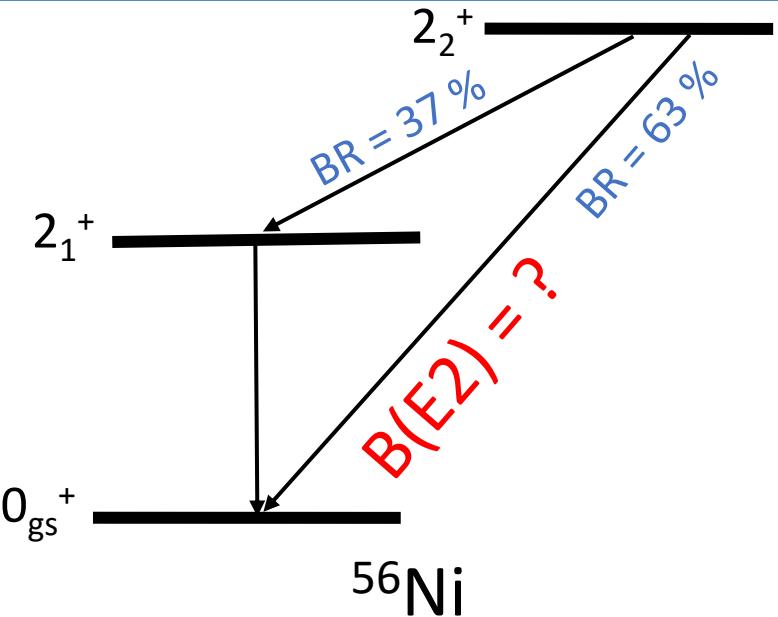
Shell model overestimates the  $B(E2)$ ?  
• wrongly modeled core-breaking?  
• isospin symmetry breaking?

# Goals

- Investigate spherical and deformed structures, and their possible mixing, in  $^{56}\text{Ni}$  by determining  $B(\text{E}2)$  transition probabilities via lifetime measurement.
- Put a more stringent constraint on the experimental  $B(\text{E}2; 2_1^+ \rightarrow 0_1^+)$  and investigate the degree of mixing between the deformed and spherical bands, suggested by the large BR of the  $2_2^+ \rightarrow 0_1^+$  transition.

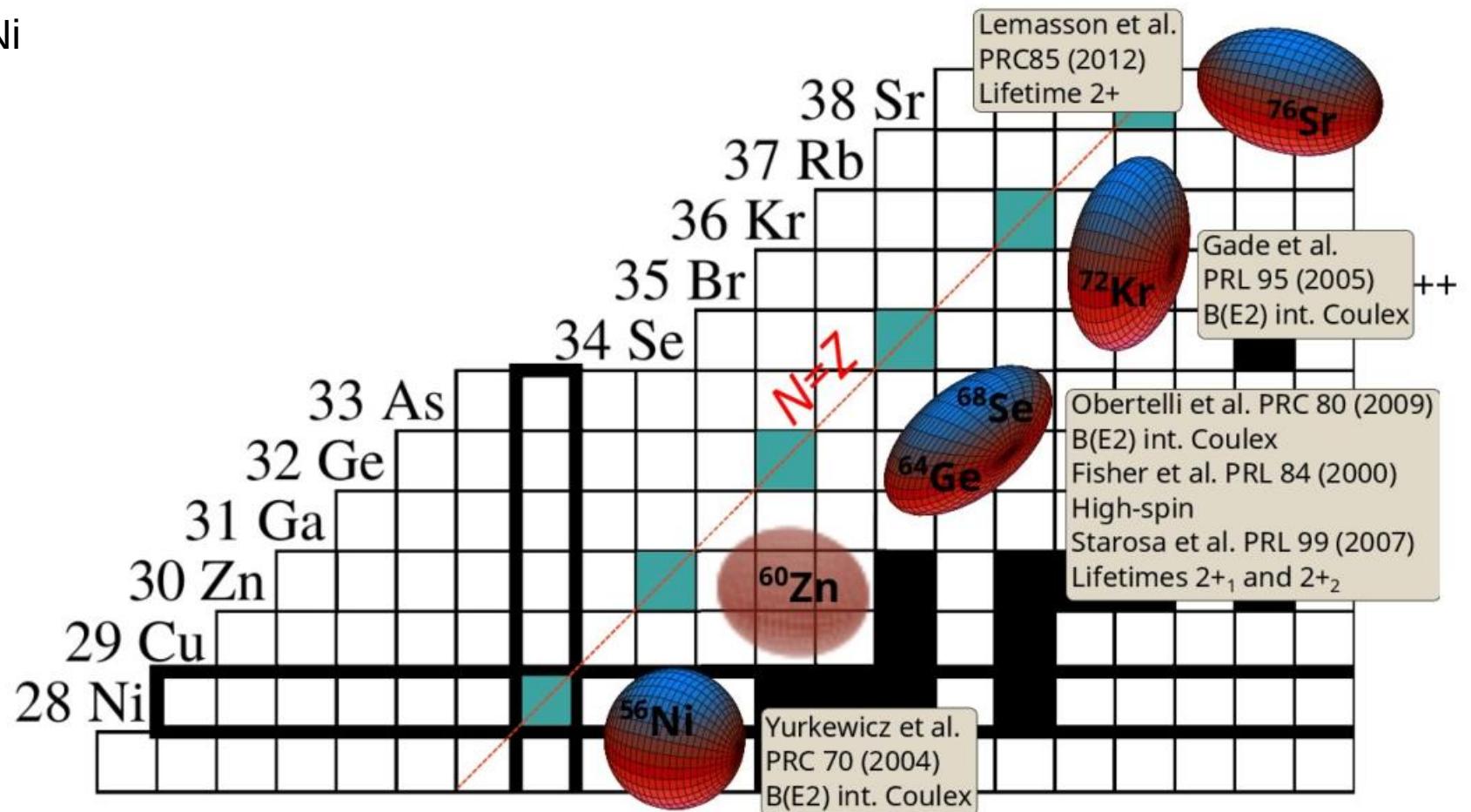
A strongly suppressed  $B(\text{E}2; 2_2^+ \rightarrow 0_1^+)$ , as predicted by GXPF1A, would imply **no mixing** between spherical and deformed configurations but difficult to account for the experimental BR.

A large  $B(\text{E}2; 2_2^+ \rightarrow 0_1^+)$  of several W.u. would imply significant **mixing** between spherical and deformed configurations.



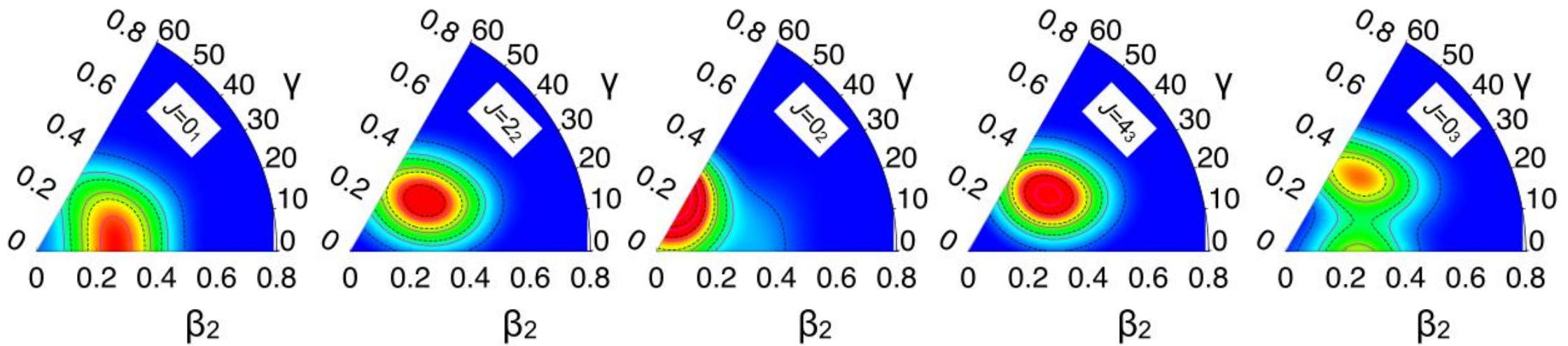
# $N = Z = 30$ : shell and shapes of $^{60}\text{Zn}$ nucleus

Shape evolution of  $N=Z$  above  $^{56}\text{Ni}$



# $N = Z = 30$ : shell and shapes of $^{60}\text{Zn}$ nucleus

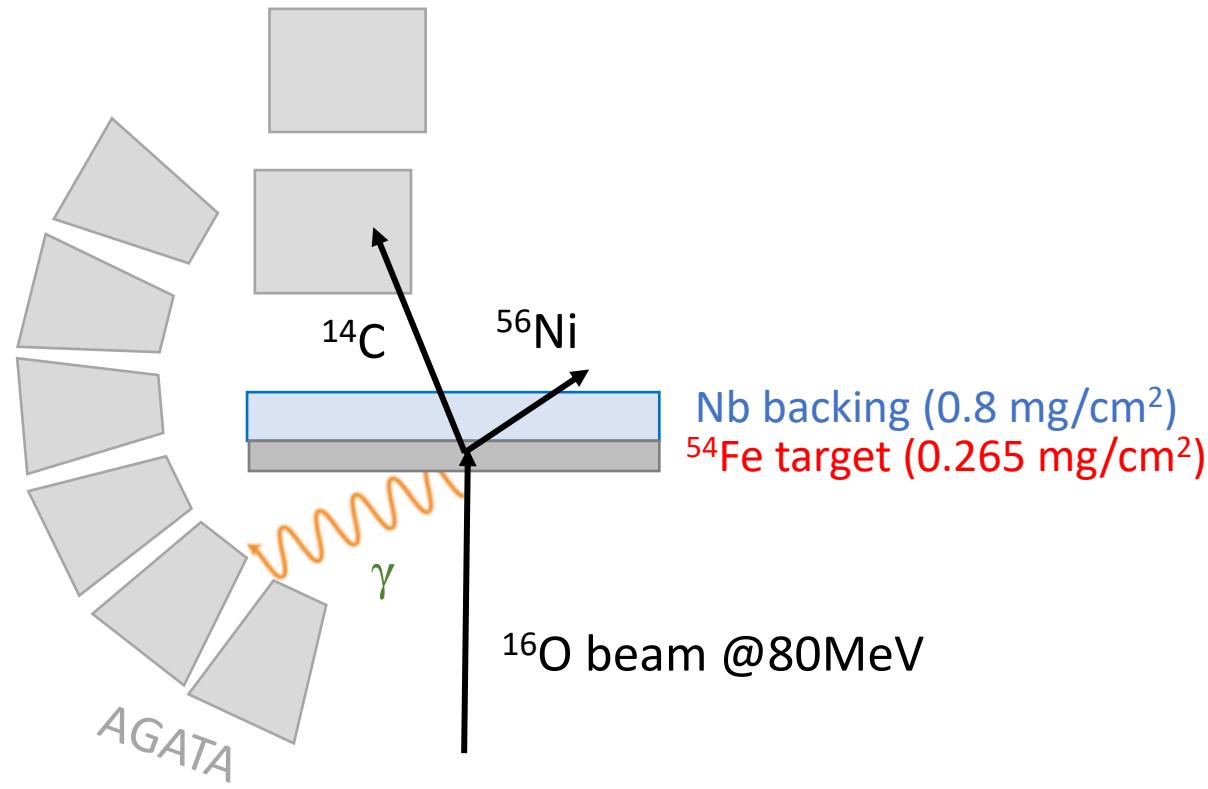
- Investigate the shape evolution in the region of transitional  $N = Z$  nuclei laying just above the doubly-magic nucleus  $^{56}\text{Ni}$ .
- First lifetime measurement in gs and side band



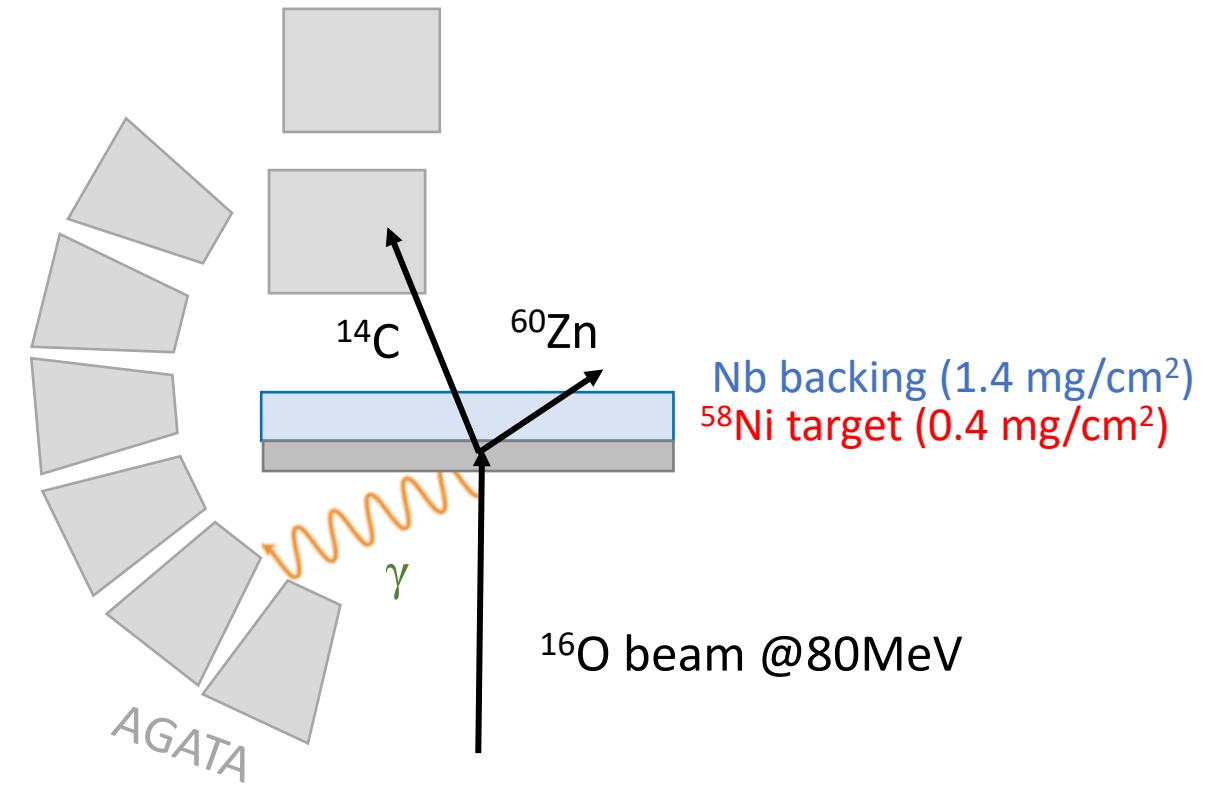
# Experiments

# Setup

OSCAR  $\Delta E-E$  telescopes



OSCAR  $\Delta E-E$  telescopes



+ Rutherford scattering monitors @12° & 17°

# Timeline

**Nov 29, 2023**

AGATA efficiency runs (Eu, Ra, Co) +  $3\alpha$  source calibration for OSCAR

**Exp 23.07 ( $^{56}\text{Ni}$ )**

**Preamp replacement of OSCAR's E layer (nero)**

AGATA efficiency calibration

OSCAR energy calibration using 80,70,60,55,50 MeV beam and  $0.1\text{mg}/\text{cm}^2$   $^{197}\text{Au}$  target

**Exp 23.09 ( $^{60}\text{Zn}$ )**

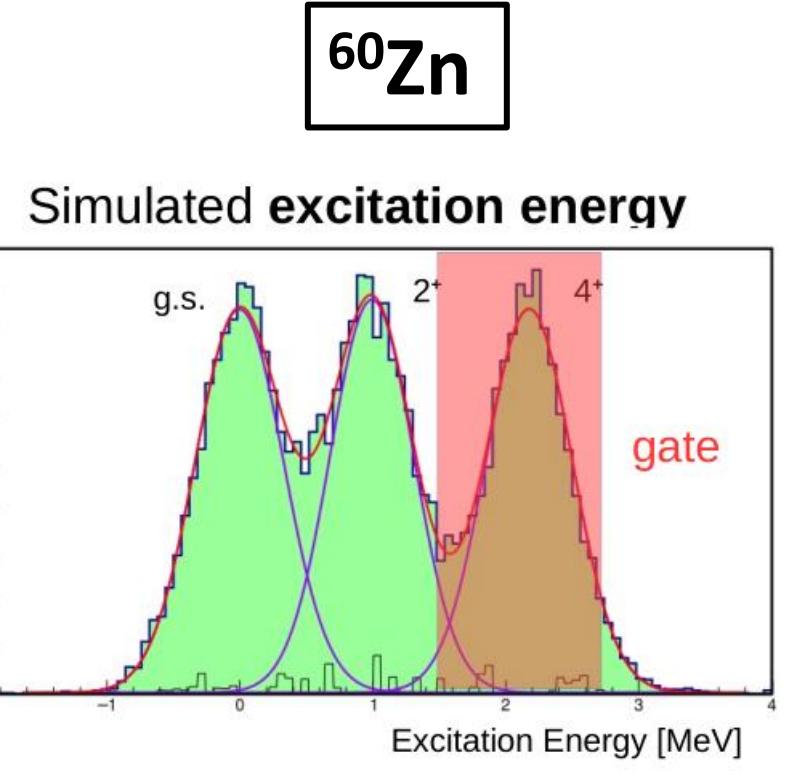
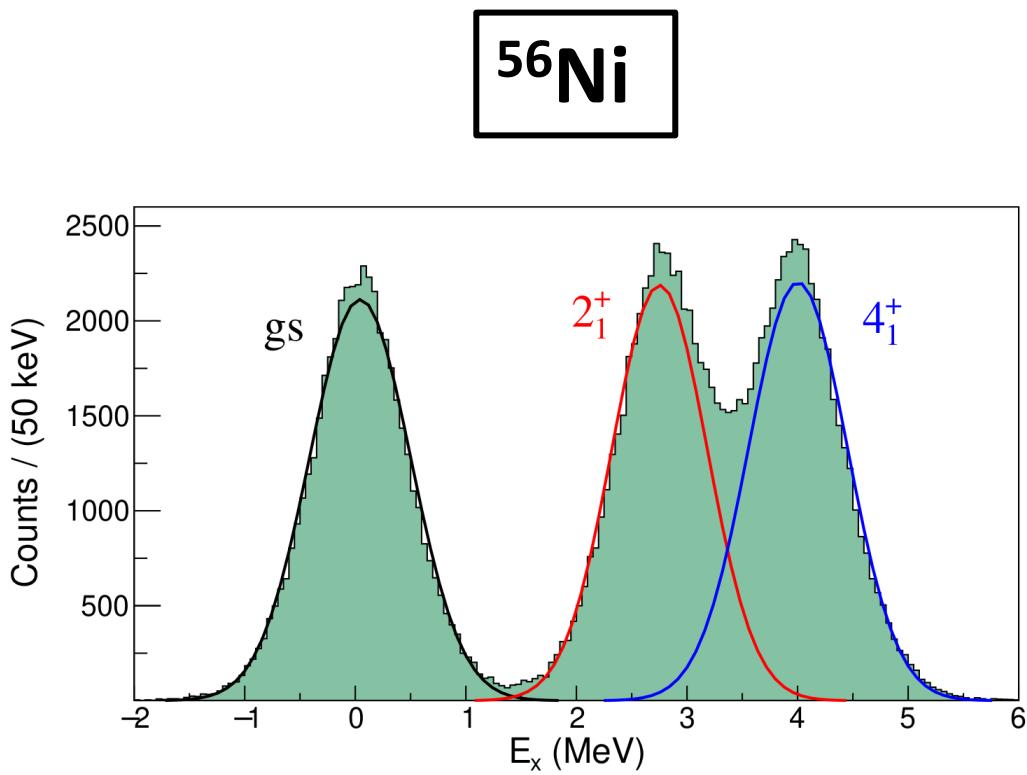
AGATA efficiency runs (Eu, Ra, Co)

**Dec 22, 2023**

OSCAR position measurement (laser tracker)

OSCAR calibration(s)

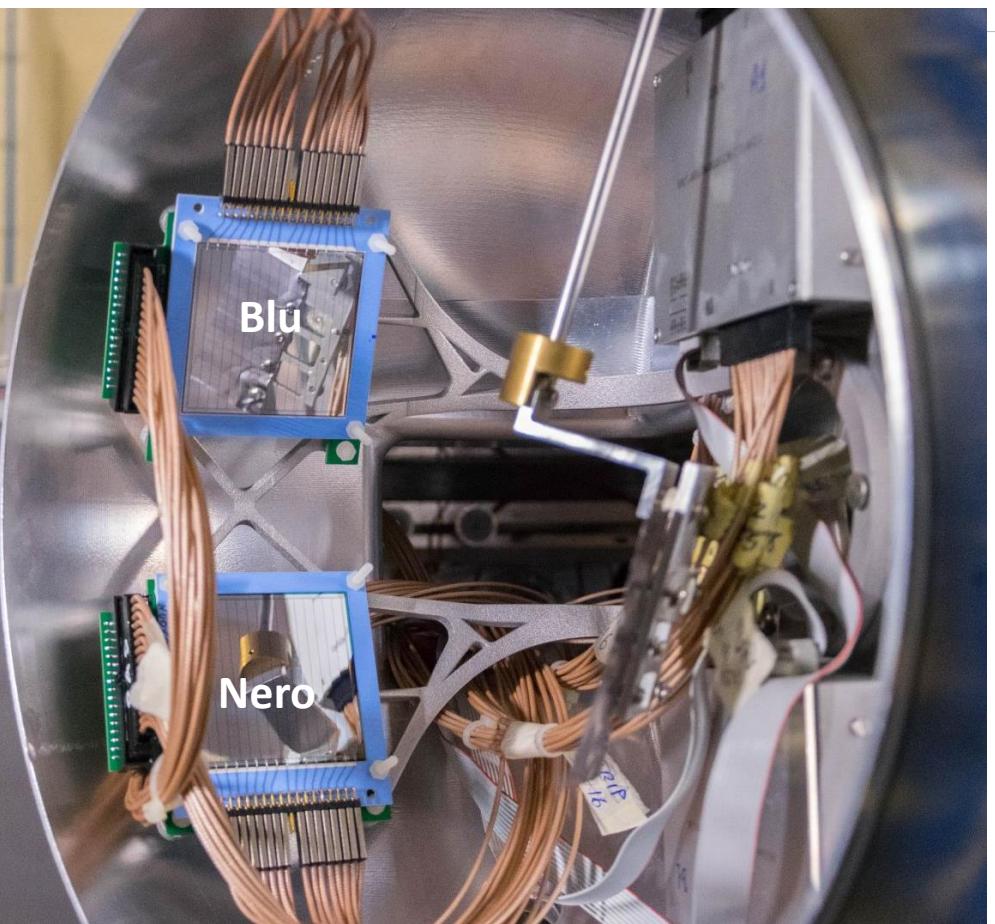
**Excitation energy resolution is crucial!**



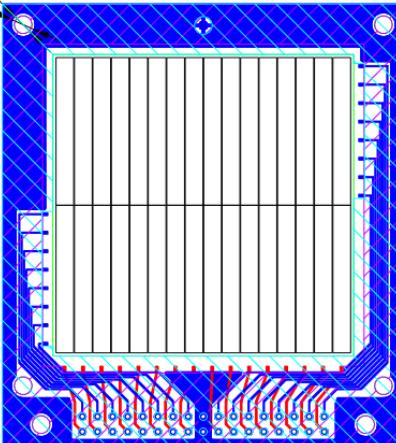
**FWHM  $\sim 700$  keV**

# Position calibration

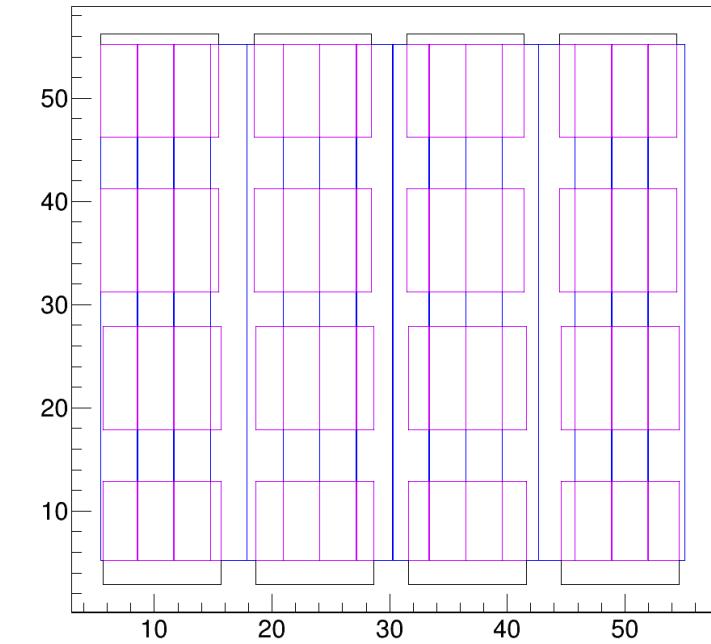
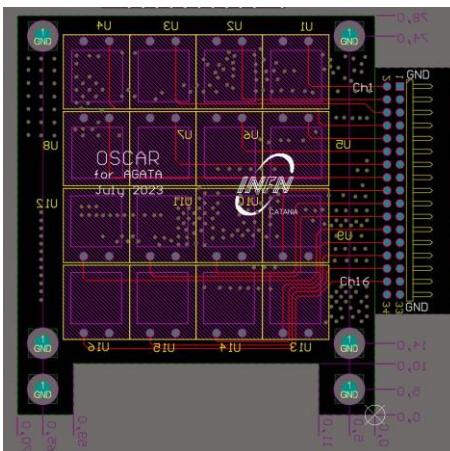
OSCAR: 128 pseudo-telescopes



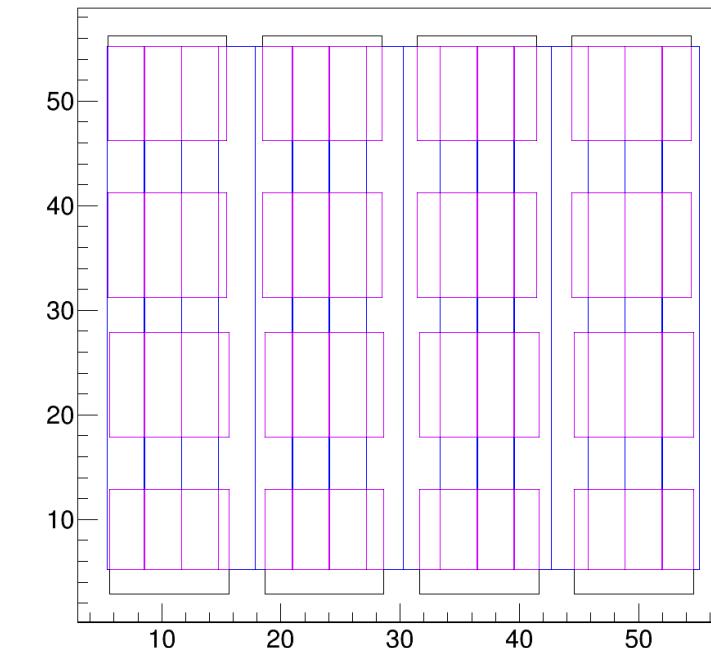
dE layer



E layer



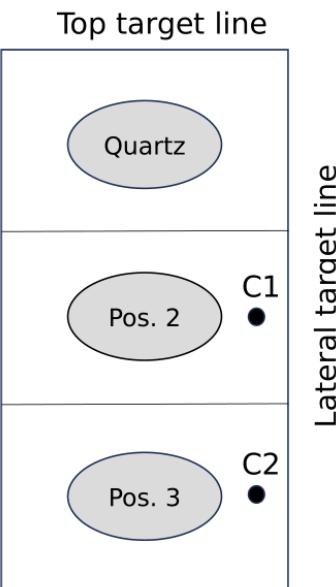
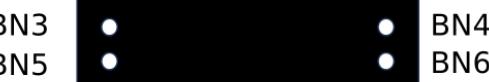
Blu



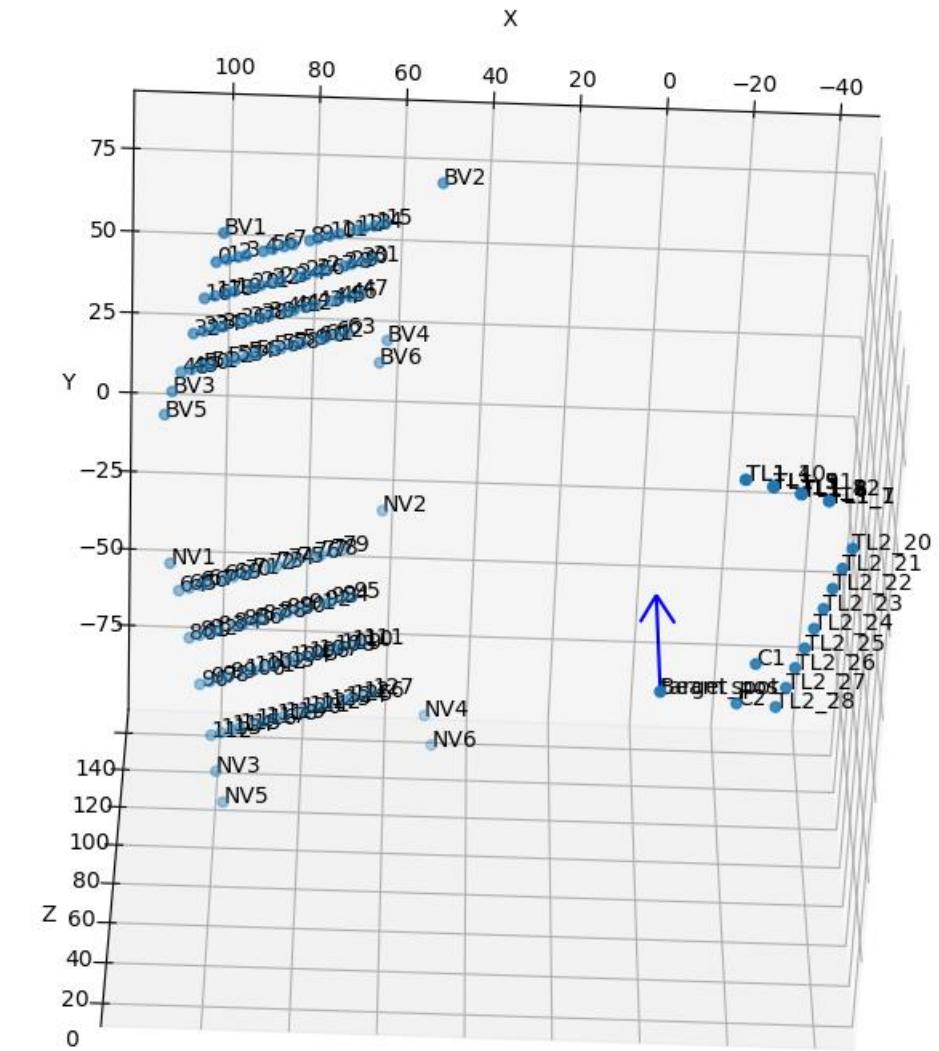
Nero

# Position calibration

Laser measurements

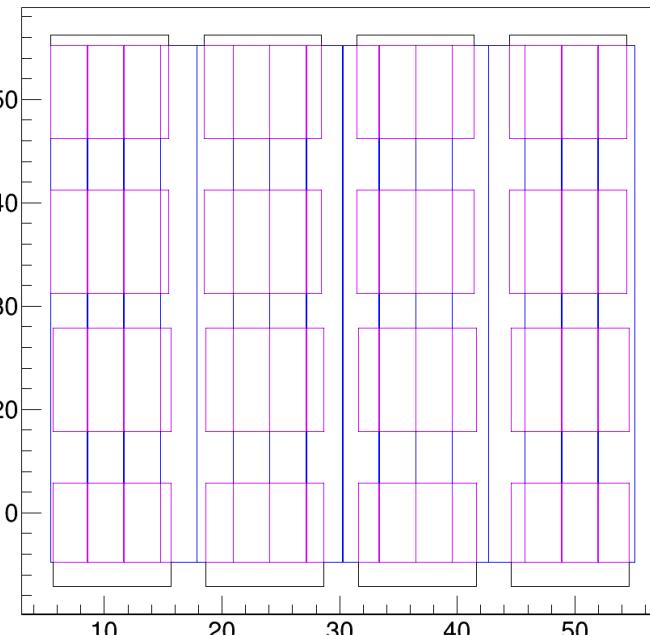


Lateral target line



# Energy calibration

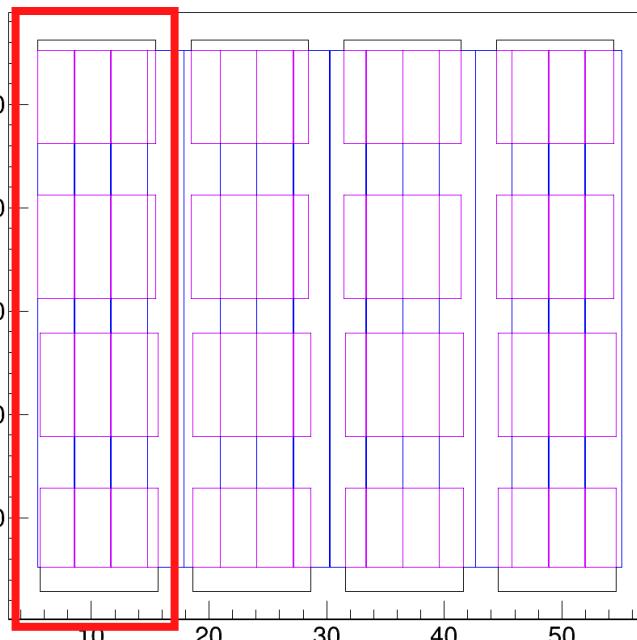
- Energy calibration using 80, 70, 60, 55, 50 MeV beam on  $100\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$   $^{197}\text{Au}$  → 640 points
- linear energy calibration parameters for dE and E detectors → 128 parameters
  - front dE dead layer thickness → 128 parameters
  - **dE active layer thickness** → 128 parameters
  - back dE + front E dead layer thickness: → 128 parameters



# Energy calibration

- Energy calibration using 80, 70, 60, 55, 50 MeV beam on  $100\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$   $^{197}\text{Au}$  → 640 points
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8 independent minimization blocks

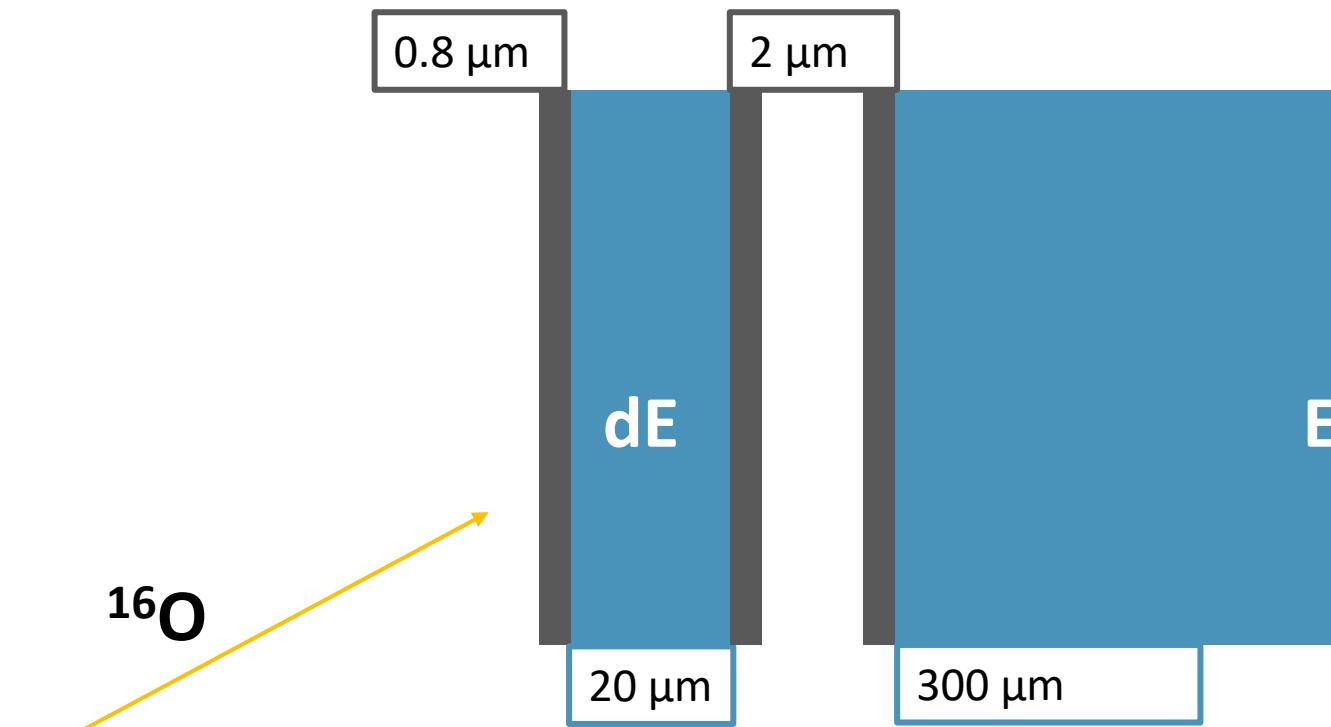
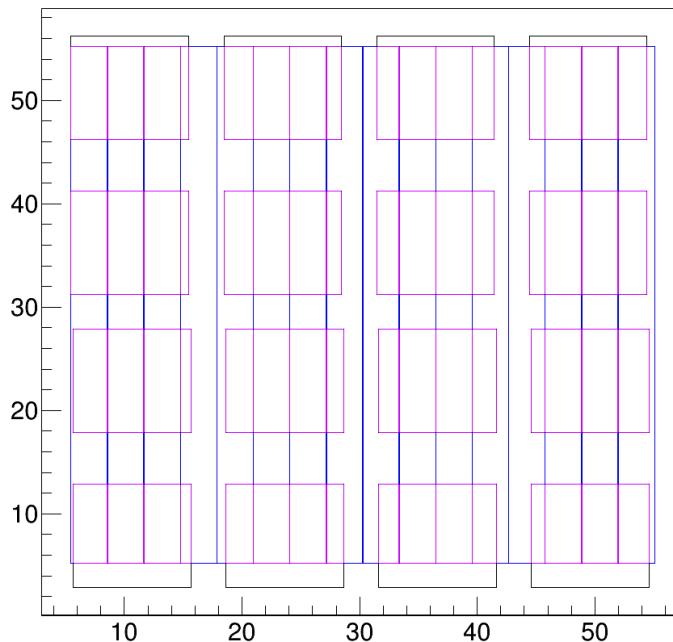


# Energy calibration

Energy calibration using 80, 70, 60, 55, 50 MeV beam on  $100\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$   $^{197}\text{Au}$  → 640 points

- linear energy calibration parameters for dE and E detectors → 128 parameters
- front dE dead layer thickness → 128 parameters
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- back dE + front E dead layer thickness: → 128 parameters

$$(\Delta E_{th} - \Delta E_{cal})^2 + (E_{th} - E_{cal})^2$$

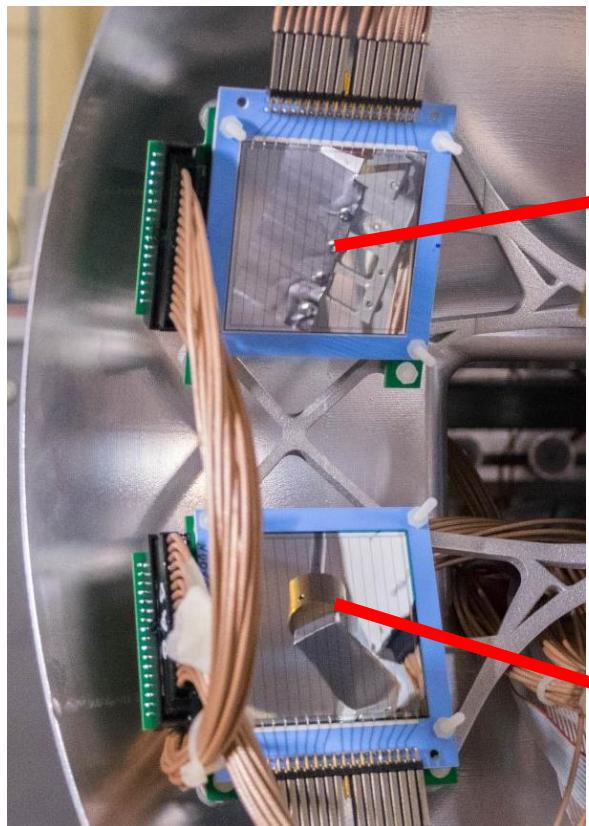


# Energy calibration

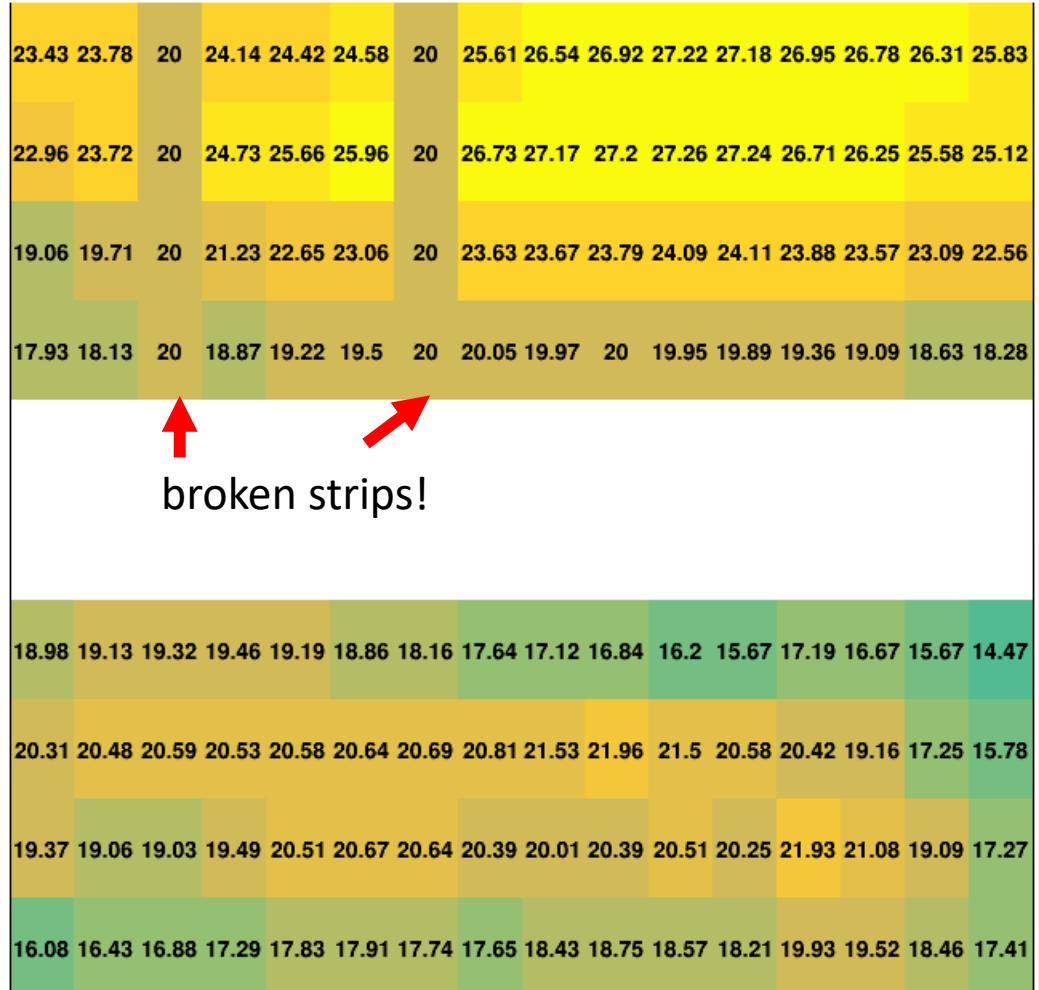
Strip active layer thickness

D. Dell'Acqua et.al, NIM A 877

μm

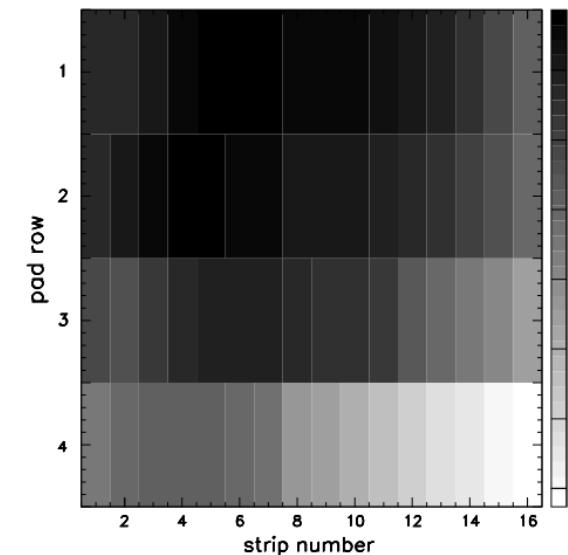


Y position [arb]



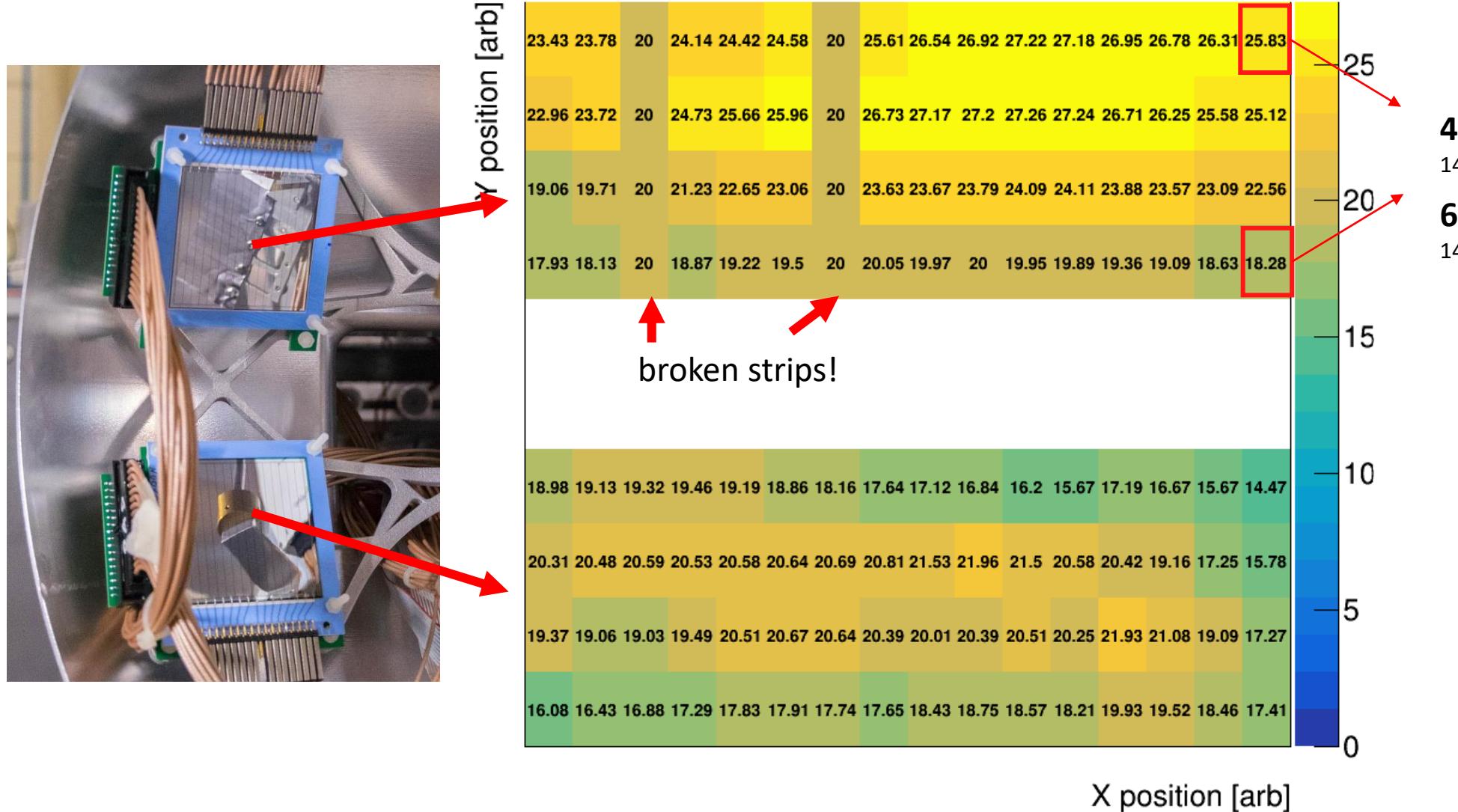
broken strips!

X position [arb]



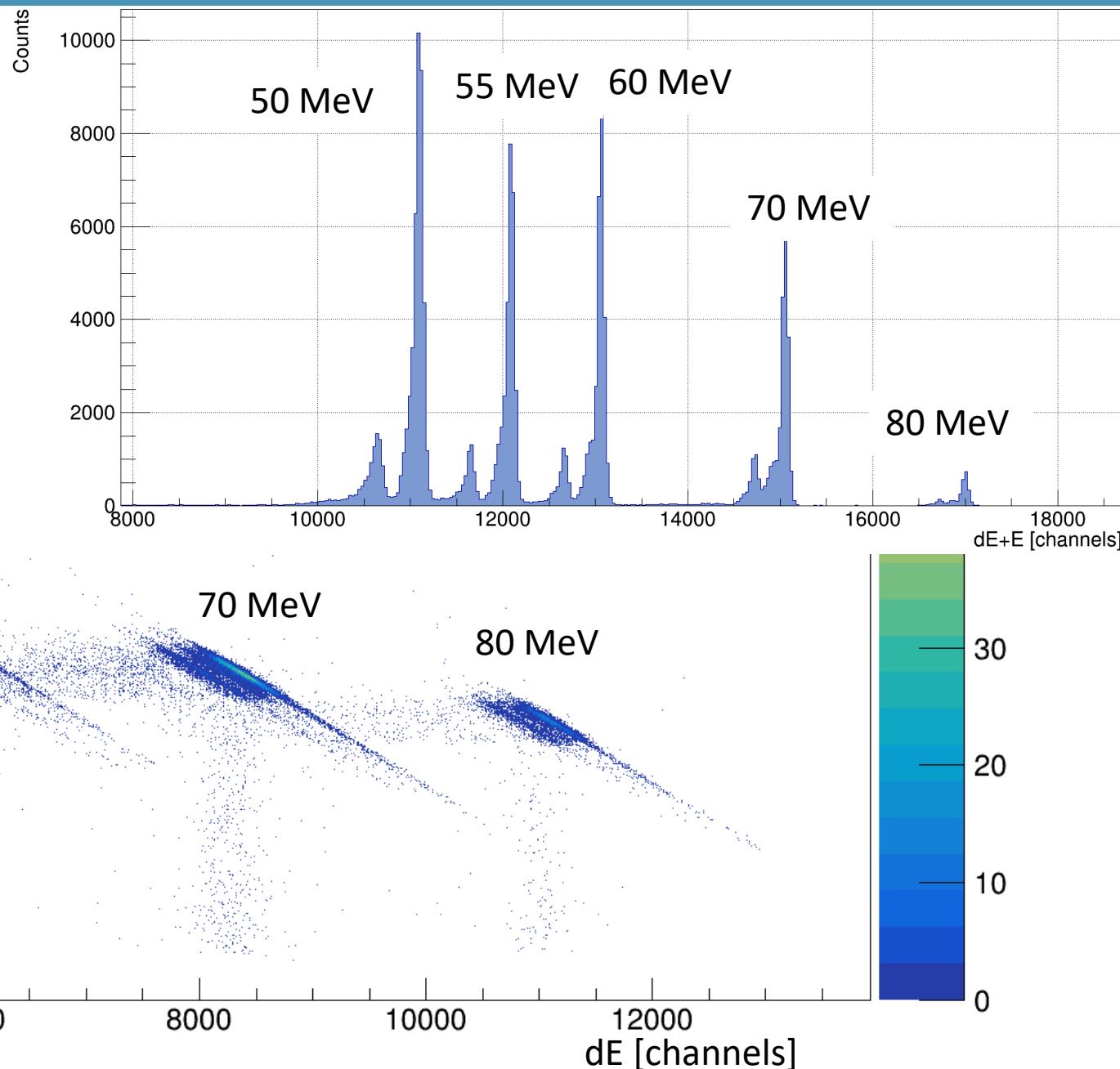
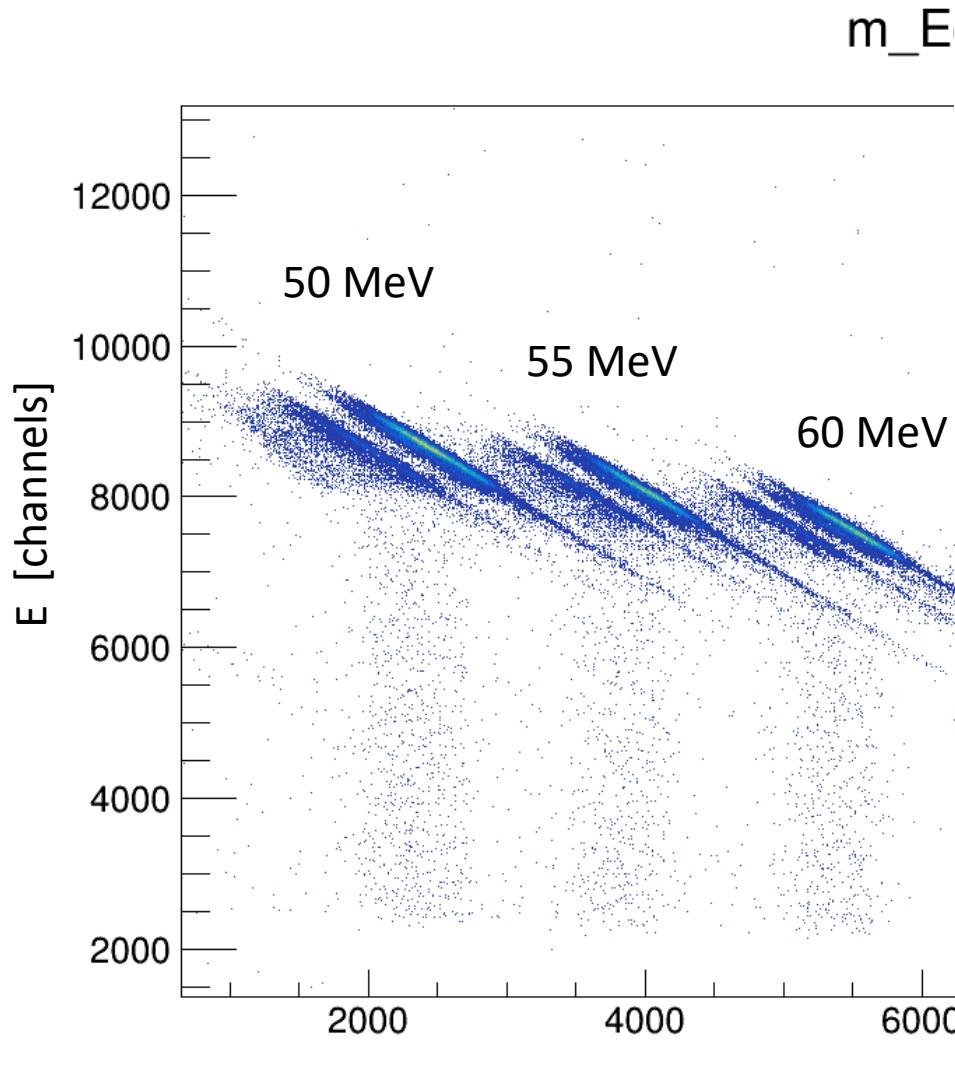
# Energy calibration

## Strip active layer thickness



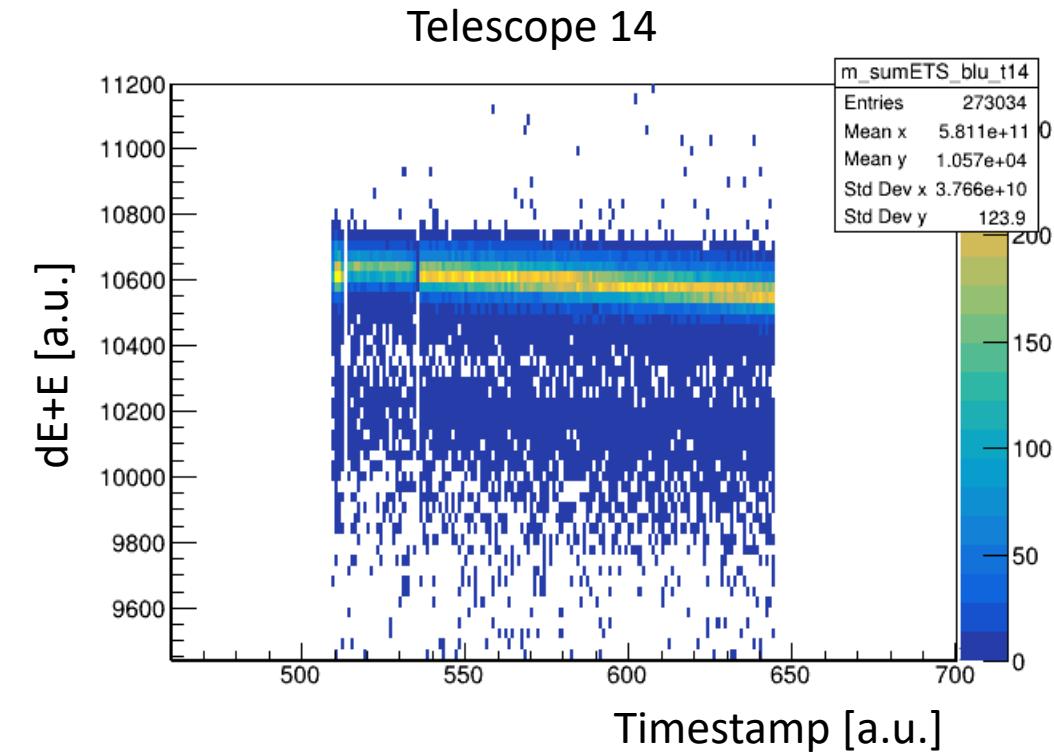
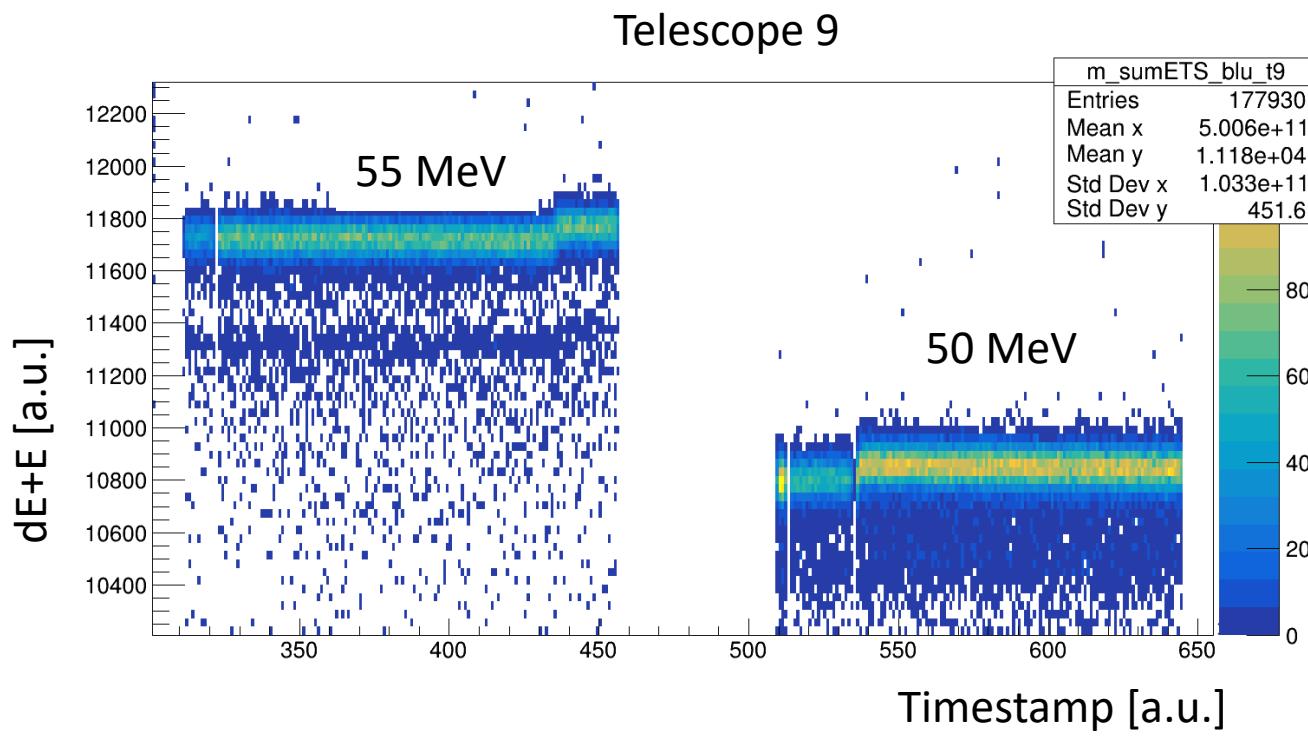
# Energy calibration... difficulties

Radiation induced channeling effect?



# Energy calibration... difficulties

Gain drift during calibration...



# To do

1. Finish energy calibration of OSCAR
  1. Include 3alpha measurement to evaluate dead layer of dE
  2. Online energy calibration of the E layer of OSCAR nero (before preamp replacement)
  3. Investigate/correct time-dependent energy calibration of OSCAR
2. Modify AGATA selector to accept full set of parameters for a composite ancillary detector
3. Fine tune AGATA (energy, NDC,...)
- 4. Analyze experimental data**

**56Ni**  
**Exp 23.07**

**Spokesperson(s): F. Galtarossa and A. Gottardo**

F. Galtarossa<sup>1</sup>, A. Gottardo<sup>2</sup>, E. Pilotto<sup>1</sup>, M. Polettini<sup>1</sup>, I. Zanon<sup>2</sup>, P. Aguilera<sup>1</sup>, F. Angelini<sup>1,2</sup>, M. Balogh<sup>2</sup>, J. Benito<sup>1</sup>, M. Bentley<sup>3</sup>, G. Benzoni<sup>4</sup>, S. Bottoni<sup>4</sup>, D. Brugnara<sup>2</sup>, S. Carollo<sup>1</sup>, S. Chen<sup>3</sup>, G. de Angelis<sup>2</sup>, D. Dell'Aquila<sup>5</sup>, J. Diklić<sup>6</sup>, A. Ertoprak<sup>2</sup>, R. Escudeiro<sup>1</sup>, A. Gadea<sup>7</sup>, A. Goasduff<sup>2</sup>, B. Góngora-Servín<sup>2,8</sup>, S. M. Lenzi<sup>1</sup>, I. Lombardo<sup>9</sup>, N. Marchini<sup>10</sup>, R. Menegazzo<sup>1</sup>, D. Mengoni<sup>1</sup>, T. Mijatović<sup>6</sup>, A. Nannini<sup>9</sup>, D. R. Napoli<sup>2</sup>, G. Pasqualato<sup>11</sup>, J. Pellumaj<sup>2,8</sup>, R. M. Pérez-Vidal<sup>2</sup>, S. Pigliapoco<sup>1</sup>, F. Recchia<sup>1</sup>, K. Rezynkina<sup>1</sup>, M. Rocchini<sup>10</sup>, M. Sedlak<sup>2</sup>, M. Siciliano<sup>12</sup>, R. Taniuchi<sup>3</sup>, J. J. Valiente-Dobón<sup>2</sup>, F. von Spee<sup>13</sup>, L. Zago<sup>1,2</sup>

**Thank you for your attention!**

**60Zn**  
**Exp 23.09**

**Spokesperson(s): E. Pilotto, G. Pasqualato**

E. Pilotto<sup>1</sup>, G. Pasqualato<sup>2</sup>, D. Mengoni<sup>1</sup>, P. Aguilera<sup>1</sup>, F. Angelini<sup>2,3</sup>, M. Balogh<sup>3</sup>, J. Benito<sup>1</sup>, G. Benzoni<sup>4</sup>, S. Bottoni<sup>4</sup>, D. Brugnara<sup>3</sup>, S. Carollo<sup>1</sup>, G. de Angelis<sup>3</sup>, A. Ertoprak<sup>3</sup>, R. Escudeiro<sup>1</sup>, A. Gadea<sup>5</sup>, F. Galtarossa<sup>1</sup>, A. Goasduff<sup>3</sup>, B. Góngora-Servín<sup>3,6</sup>, A. Gottardo<sup>3</sup>, S. M. Lenzi<sup>1</sup>, I. Lombardo<sup>7</sup>, N. Marchini<sup>8</sup>, R. Menegazzo<sup>1</sup>, A. Nannini<sup>8</sup>, D. R. Napoli<sup>3</sup>, J. Pellumaj<sup>3,6</sup>, R. M. Pérez-Vidal<sup>3</sup>, S. Pigliapoco<sup>1</sup>, M. Polettini<sup>1</sup>, F. Recchia<sup>1</sup>, K. Rezynkina<sup>1</sup>, M. Rocchini<sup>8</sup>, M. Sedlak<sup>3</sup>, J. J. Valiente-Dobón<sup>3</sup>, L. Zago<sup>1,3</sup>, I. Zanon<sup>3</sup>

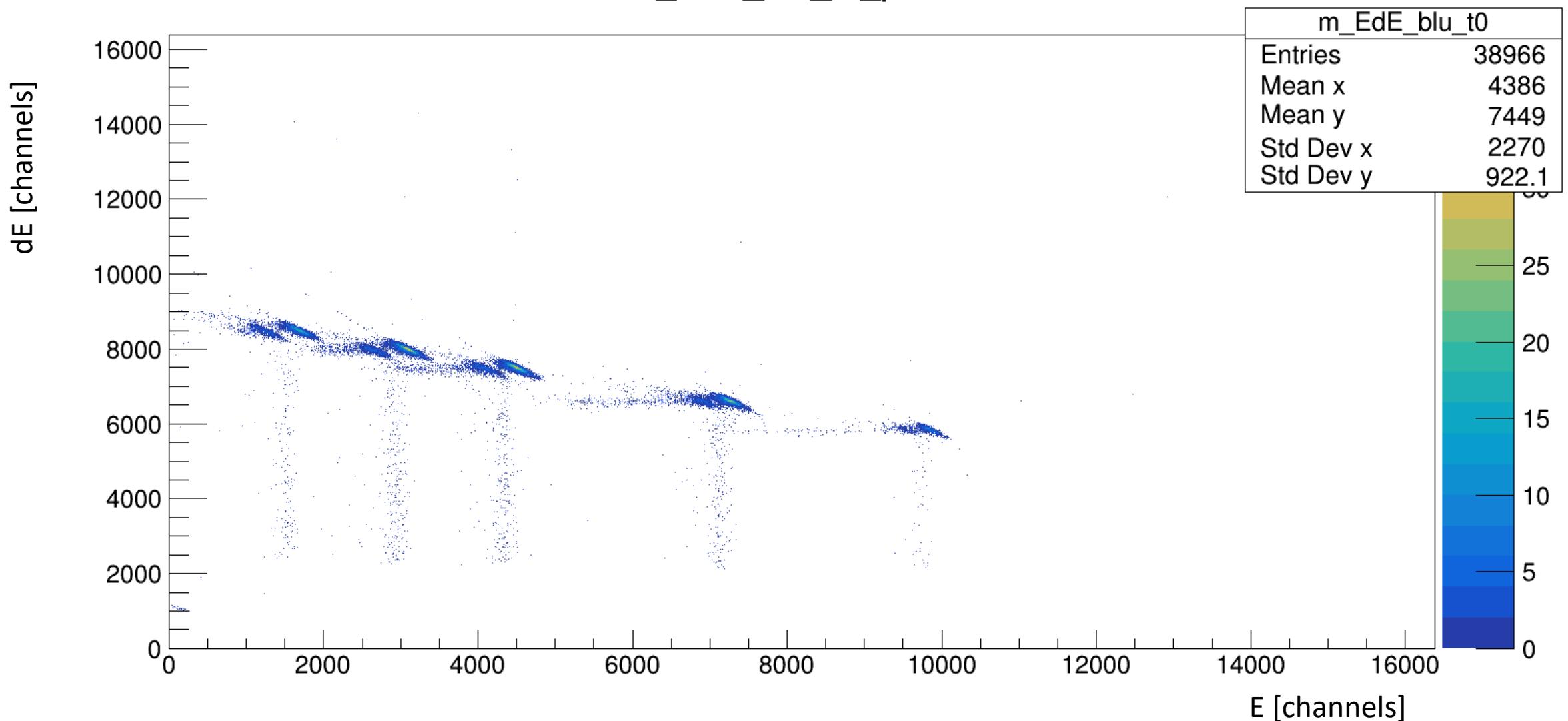


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# Energy calibration... difficulties

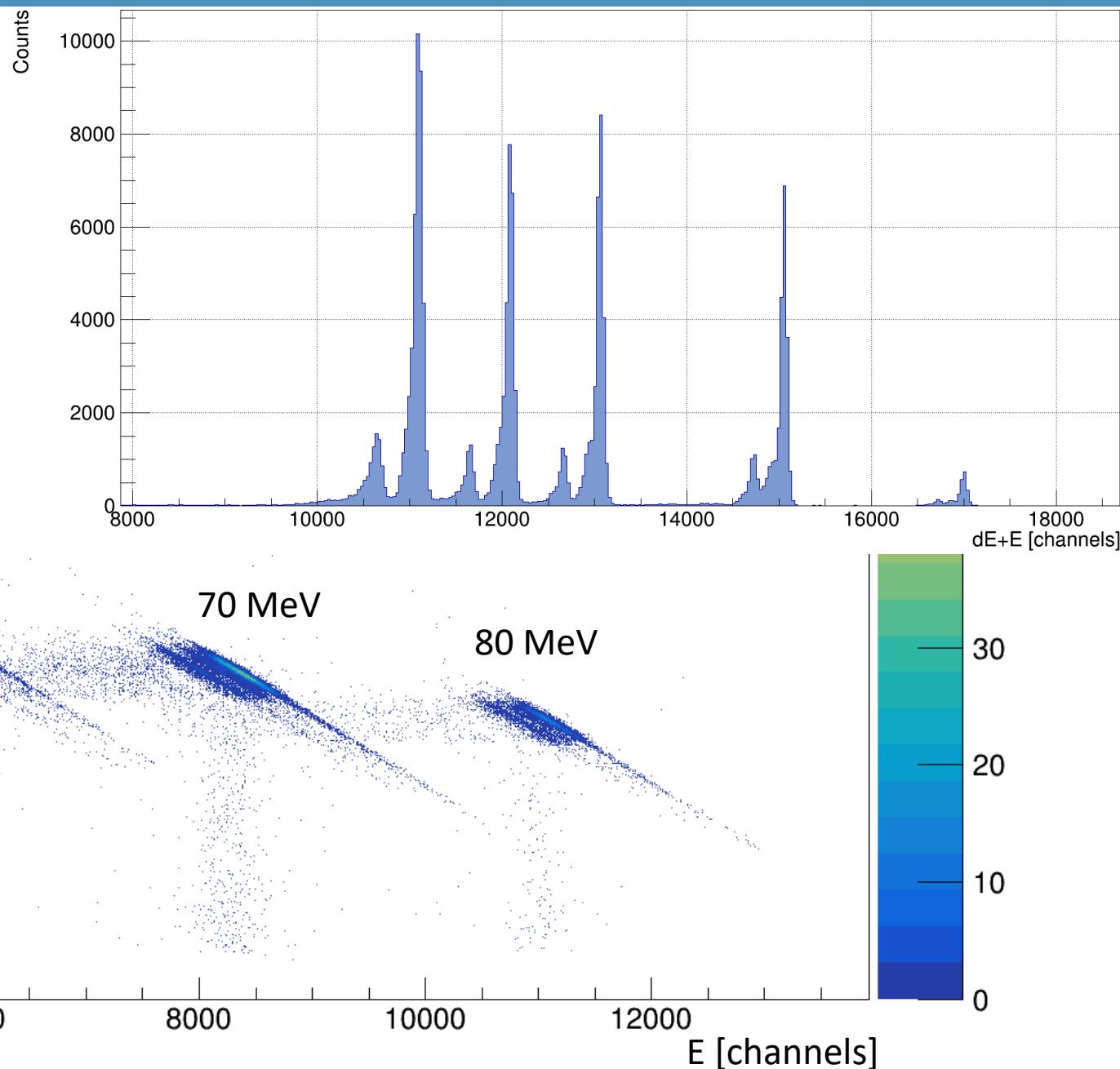
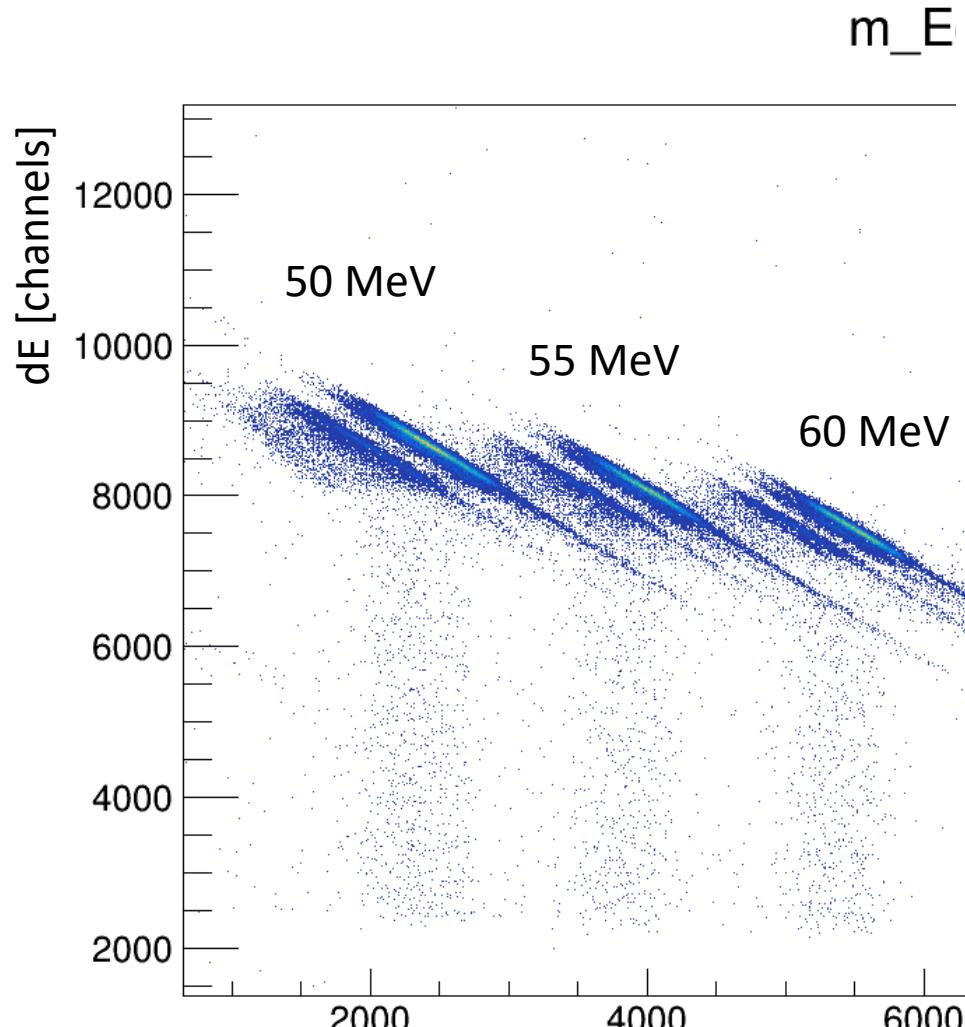
Radiation induced channeling effect?

m\_EdE\_blu\_t0\_p0s15



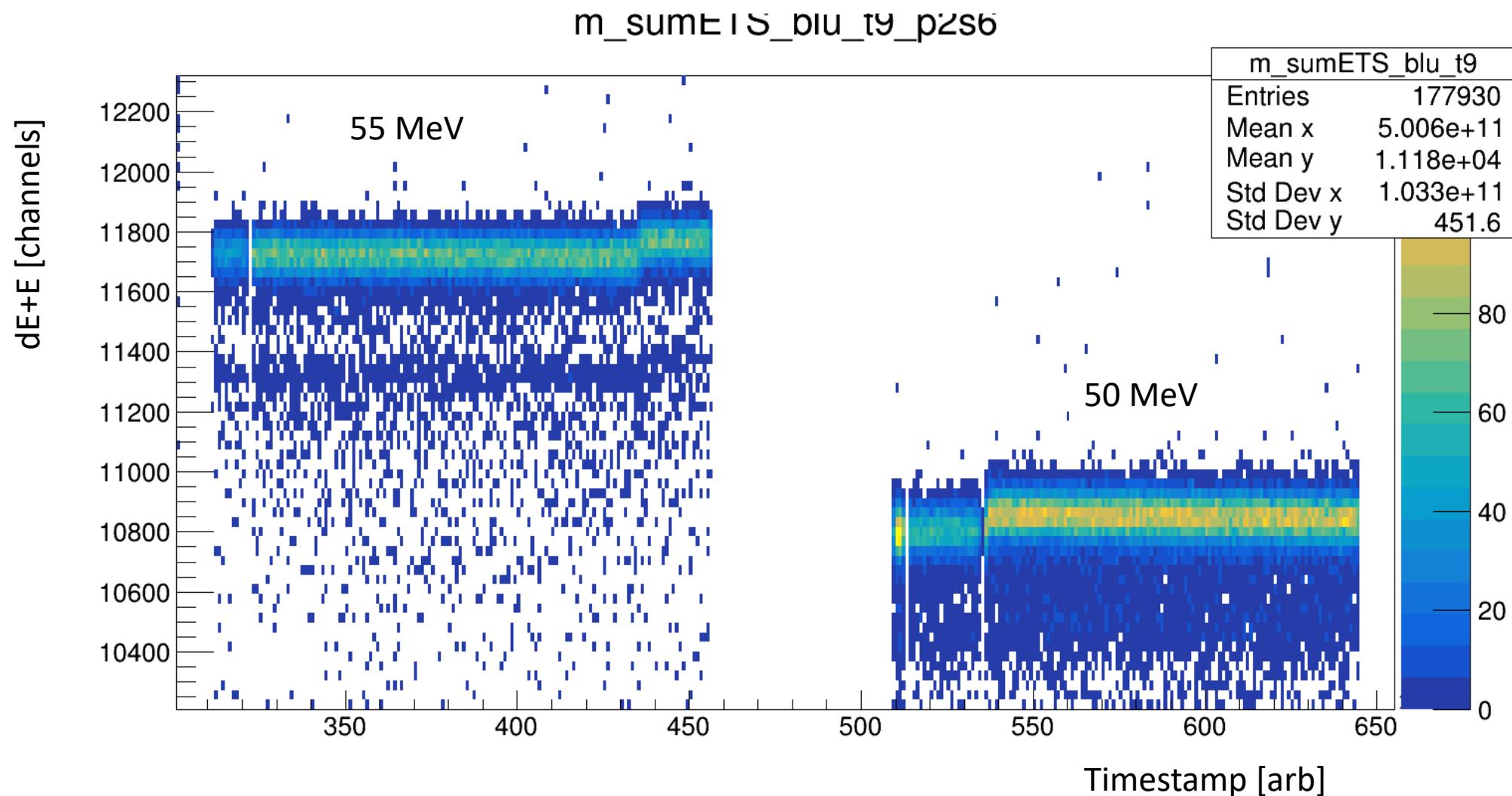
# Energy calibration... difficulties

Radiation induced channeling effect?



# Energy calibration... difficulties

Gain drift during calibration...



# Energy calibration... difficulties

In-run drifting dE-E coincidence window

