

Bootstrapping the LRI

Arxiv: 2311.02742

by Goner Behar, Eduardo Lavin, Maria Joshi

Outline:

0. Motivation
1. The LRI
2. CPE relations
3. Numerical bootstrap
4. Further applications

0. Motivation

SR models at criticality well studied
 LR models remain more mysterious: nonlocal; no stress-tensor
 Line of FP \rightarrow many nonlocal CFTs

- MC for ed LRI \rightarrow conflicting
- CPE relations \rightarrow more nonlocal theories
- defect CFTs, GFTs in dts

1. The LRI

LRI in p dim $1 \leq p < 4$ criticality for

$H = -\int \sum_{ij} \frac{\sigma_i \sigma_j}{|x_i - x_j|^{p+s}}$ $P_{1/2} \leq S' \leq p-2$ [Fisher, Tas, Nickel '72]

line of FPs $\int_{>0}$ $\int_{>0}$ SR end [Sak, '73]

MI end SR end

MI end

$$S = \frac{P+s}{2} \quad \lambda \sim O(\epsilon)$$

$$S = \mathcal{N}_s \int d^p \tau, d^p \tau_2 \frac{\phi(\tau_1) \phi(\tau_2)}{|\tau_{12}|^{p+s}} + \int d^p \tau \frac{1}{v_{\text{eff}}} \phi^4$$

$$\Delta\phi = \frac{p-s}{2}; \quad \Delta\phi^3 = \frac{p+s}{2}$$

$$\Delta\phi + \Delta\phi^3 = p \rightarrow \text{shadow pair}$$

SR end

$$S' = p-2 (\Delta\sigma^* + \tau_0) \quad \Delta\sigma^* = \begin{cases} 1/8 & p=2 \\ 0.52 \dots & p=3 \end{cases}$$

$$S' = \mathcal{N}_s \int d^p \tau, d^p \tau_2 \frac{\chi(\tau_1) \chi(\tau_2)}{|\tau_{12}|^{p-s}} + S_{\text{SR}}$$

$$\Delta\chi = \frac{p+s}{2}; \quad \Delta\sigma = \frac{p-s}{2} \quad \int_{>0} \sigma \cdot \chi \quad \text{shadow pair}$$





2. GPE relations

First derived from nonlocal eqn [Behan '18]

LR1 as defect [Rouso, Viles, Ryckhov, Zan '15]

Nonlocal kinetic term \rightarrow local lin term of free field in higher d bulk

$$\lambda = p + q \quad \text{non-integer, } x = (x_L, \vec{t})$$

MFT end

$$S = \int \lambda^d x (\partial\phi)^2 + \int d^p \tau \frac{\lambda}{v_L} \phi^4$$

$$q = 2 - \beta$$

$$\frac{SR}{S} = \int \lambda^d x (\partial x)^2 + \boxed{S_{\text{SRI}} + \int d^p \tau g \sigma x}$$

localized on the defect

$$SO(d+1, 1) \rightarrow SO(p+1, 1) \times SO(q)$$

transverse spin j

$$j = 0$$

$$q = 2 + \beta$$

usual GPE: $\partial_i \psi(x) \times \partial_j \psi(x) \sim \sum_k \lambda_{ijk} \psi(x_k) \partial_k \psi(x)$

DOE: $\psi(x) \sim \sum_k \hat{h}_0^{(k)} \psi(x_k) \hat{\psi}_k(t)$

$\Delta\psi = 0$: $\hat{\psi}_0^+$: $\Delta_r = \Delta_{\vec{x}} \rightarrow \psi, \chi$

$\hat{\psi}_0^-$: $\Delta_- = \Delta_{\vec{x}} + 2 - q \rightarrow \psi^3, \sigma$

Now consider $\langle F(x_1) \psi_0^\pm(\tau_2) \tilde{D}^{(\ell)}(z, \infty) \rangle$

↓ PDE

$$\psi_0^\pm(\tau_1)$$

For $\tau_1 = \tau_2$ discontinuity should vanish [Lauria, Liendo, Volles, Zhou '21]

$$\lambda_{\psi_0^\pm} = \kappa_1, \lambda_{+-\tau} ; \lambda_{--\hat{\tau}} = \kappa_2 \quad \lambda_{+-\hat{\tau}}$$

$\kappa_i = \kappa_i(\Delta_\tau, \Delta_\phi, p, q, \hat{h}_0^\pm)$ → product of Γ -funs

$$L_0 \frac{\hat{h}_0^+}{\hat{h}_0^-} \sim R(\alpha_{\phi^2}) : \langle \langle \Phi(z) \rangle \rangle = \frac{\alpha_{\phi^2}}{|x_1|^{\Delta_\phi}}$$

Equivalent relations NFT end and SR end; related by

Shadow maps: $\Delta_0^+ \leftrightarrow \Delta_0^-$ or $q \leftrightarrow 4-q$
 $s' \leftrightarrow -s'$

NFT : $\hat{h}_0^+ = 1, \hat{h}_0^- = 0, \alpha_{\phi^2} = 0$

SR $\dots : \hat{h}_0^+ = 0, \hat{h}_0^- = 1, \alpha_{\phi^2} = 0 \rightarrow \alpha_{\phi^2} = \begin{cases} -7/8 & p=2 \\ -0.58 & p=3 \end{cases}$

special case for odd spin:

Bose sym: $\lambda_{--\hat{\tau}} = \lambda_{++\hat{\tau}} = 0 \cdot \lambda_{+-\hat{\tau}} \neq 0$

To get rid of disc, need $\Delta_{O_\ell} = p + \ell + 2n$ ℓ odd





3. Numerical bootstrap

goal: implement OPE cells in bootstrap of 4-pt fns of LRI

$\langle \psi^{\pm} \psi^{\pm} \psi^{\pm} \psi^{\pm} \rangle$: Decompose in CR, e.g. $\langle \psi^{\pm} \psi^{\pm} \psi^{\pm} \psi^{\pm} \rangle =$

$$u = \frac{x_{12} x_{34}}{x_{13} x_{24}}$$

Crossing: $\sum \lambda_{10}^2 \Delta_0 - \sum \lambda_{00}^2 \Delta_0 = 0$



Put bounds on lowest-lying Δ_0 as fns of Δ_0 using SDPB

- OPE relations \rightarrow use a_{ψ} as parameter
- + protected vector
- $l=1$ operator

plots

left most link? \rightarrow GFF + min model? [Reha, di Pietro, Lauria, Vasiliev '22]

1d LRI? critical for $0 \leq S \leq 1$ ope cells, bootstrap, pert. th for MFT end

conceptual issue: no phase transition for 1d SRI
what is SR end? \rightarrow [Kosterlitz '76]

WIP

1. Further applications

LRI: defect is auxiliary (q noninteger), what about physical defect?

[Behan, de Pietro, Lauria, Vasilis '20 '22]: bdy ($q=1$): QPE cells + bootstrap shadow relation $q \leftrightarrow 4-q$ $\hookrightarrow q=3$ kinematically related

$[q=2]$ is left: monodromy in free bulk $d=4, p=2$ WIP Behan, Lauria, PV

Free bulk field Φ w \mathbb{Z}_2 monodromy: $\Phi \rightarrow e^{i\pi} \Phi$

$$DOE: \Phi(x) = \sum_{k_j} \hat{b}_j(x_{k_j}) \hat{\varphi}_{k_j}(x)$$

com: $\Delta_{\pm} = \Delta_{\phi} \pm |j|$ unitarity $\rightarrow p$ $j = \pm 1/2$

Correlators: all possible combis of $\varphi_{\pm 1/2}^{\pm}$ that are neutral under $SO(q)$
 \rightarrow 10 X-equations

$$\lambda \varphi_{1/2}^+ \varphi_{1/2}^+ \circ \lambda \varphi_{-1/2}^- \varphi_{-1/2}^- = \tilde{\lambda}_1 \tilde{\lambda}_2 \lambda \varphi_{1/2}^+ \varphi_{1/2}^- \circ \lambda \varphi_{-1/2}^+ \varphi_{-1/2}^- =$$

$$= \lambda \varphi_{-1/2}^+ \varphi_{-1/2}^+ \circ \lambda \varphi_{1/2}^- \varphi_{1/2}^-$$

- + protected odd spin sector
- + unprotected " " "

