

Electroweak Precision Measurements at CMS

New measurement of $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\ell}$ and $A_{\text{FB}}(y, m)$ at 13 TeV

CMS-PAS-SMP-22-010

Aleko Khukhunaishvili

University of Rochester

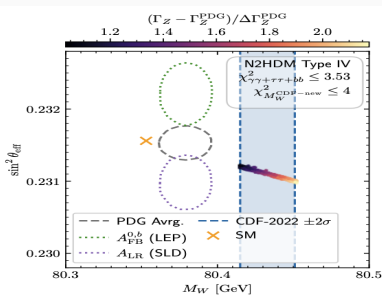
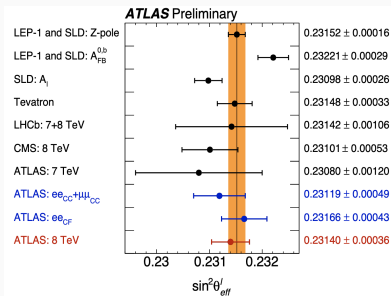
On behalf of the CMS Collaboration

Moriond EW, March 25, 2024

- Precision Standard Model measurements = indirect search for new physics
- Key electroweak parameters: m_W and $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell = (1 - m_W^2/m_Z^2)\kappa^\ell$ can be calculated in SM using other precise experimental inputs: $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell = 0.23155 \pm 0.00004$ (SM)
- Two most precise $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell$ results from LEP and SLD differ by $\sim 3\sigma$
- Measurements at hadron colliders are now also competitive

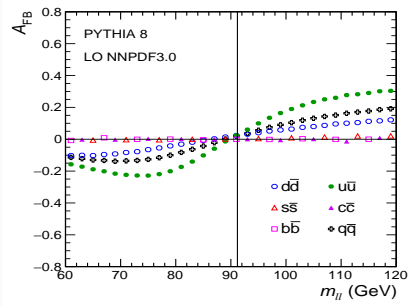
[ATLAS-CONF-2018-037](#)

[Eur. Phys. J. C 83, 450 \(2023\)](#)



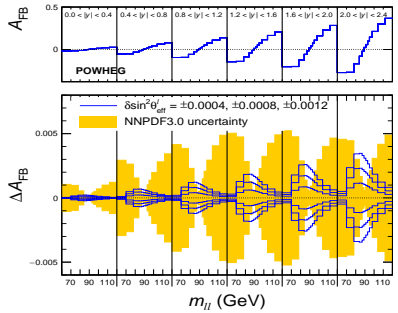
- Latest CDF m_W measurement disagrees with previous results and SM
 - Models that describe CDF m_W prefer lower (SLD) value of $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell$
- New CMS measurement of $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell$ at 13 TeV is the main topic of this talk

- Use $Z/\gamma \rightarrow \ell\ell$ events
- Asymmetry in lepton decay angle:
 $1 + \cos^2 \theta + 0.5A_0(1 - 3 \cos^2 \theta) + A_4 \cos \theta$
 $\rightarrow A_{\text{FB}} = 3/8A_4$
- $m_{\ell\ell}$ dependence from γ -Z interference
- Colins-Sopper frame – reduced theoretical and experimental unc.



[Eur. Phys. J. C 78, 701 \(2018\)](#)

- 1) Near m_Z , A_{FB} depends on $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell$
 - In pp, definition of positive z direction relies on $\ell\ell$ boost (sign of $y_{\ell\ell}$)
 - \rightarrow only valence quarks contribute
 - \rightarrow significant $y_{\ell\ell}$ -dependent dilution
- 2) Strong dependence on PDFs
 - \rightarrow Fit A_{FB} floating $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell$ and PDFs



● **What we measure:**

→ $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell$ using $A_{\text{FB}}^{\text{wgt}}$
 (small systematics, used in Run 1)

→ Unfolded $A_4(y, m)$
 (can be used in future reinterpretation)

● **Four $\ell\ell$ channels:** $\mu\mu, ee, eg, eh$

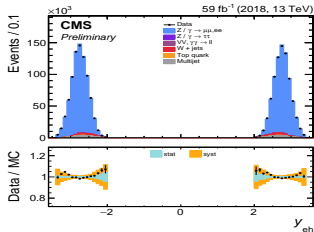
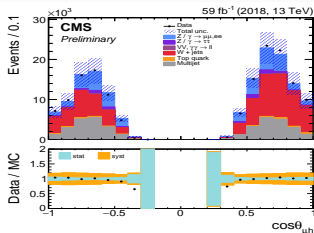
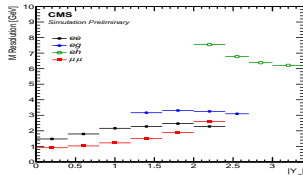
- μ – muon: $|\eta| < 2.40$
- e – central electron: $|\eta| < 2.50$
- g – EF electron: $2.50 < |\eta| < 2.87$
- h – HF electron: $3.14 < |\eta| < 4.36$

● **Backgrounds:**

- Multijet from data sidebands
 cross-checked in same-sign samples
- W +jets from simulation
 in eg & eh corrected by fake-lepton SFs
- Other EW and top bkg from simulation
 top and $\tau\tau$ checked in μe samples

● **Signal sample:**

Powheg MiNNLO + Pythia8 + Photos
 (with various corrections)



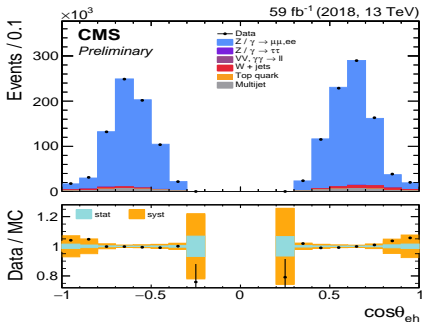
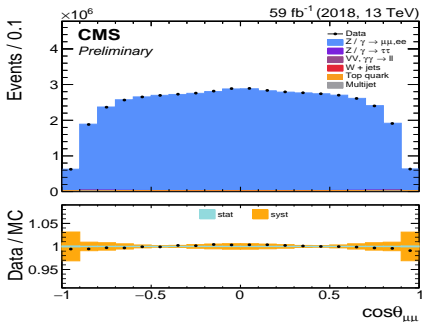
- **Experimental**

- MC statistical
- Efficiencies
- Momentum calibration
- Backgrounds
- Other
 - Trigger prefireing
 - z_{vtx} position
 - Charge misID
 - Pileup
 - Luminosity

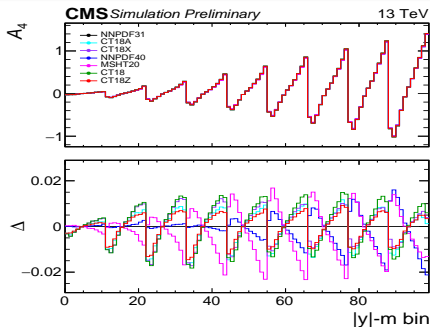
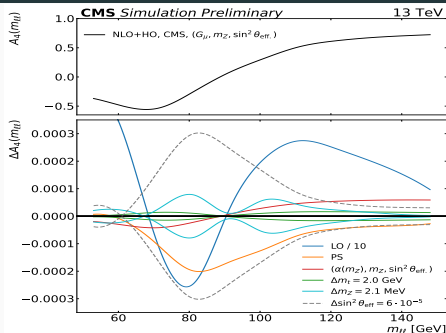
- **Theory**

- μ_R, μ_F scales
- $p_T^{\ell\ell}$ model
- FSR
- EW input schemes
- EW input parameters

- **PDF**

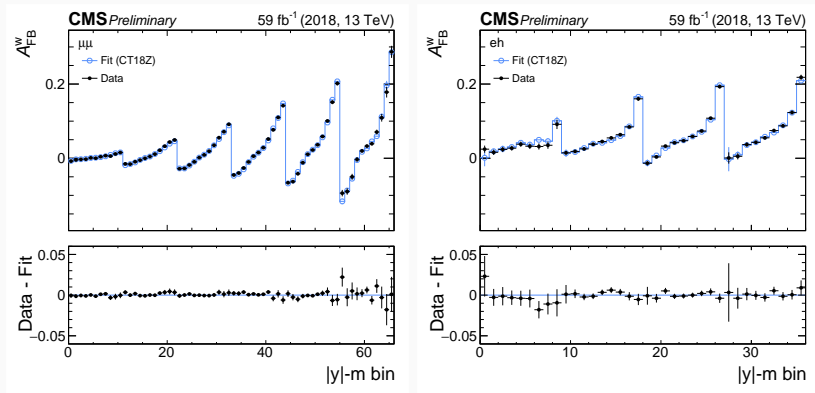


- **Default EW configuration:**
 - NLO weak + universal HO corrections
 - input scheme: $(\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\ell}, m_Z, G_{\mu})$
 - width: complex-mass scheme (CMS)
- **Systematic variations:**
 - input scheme: $(\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\ell}, m_Z, \alpha)$
 - width: pole scheme (PS)
 - parameters: $(\Delta m_Z, \Delta m_t, \Delta G_{\mu})$



- Various NNLO PDFs considered
- **By default we chose CT18Z** (before unblinding) since its uncertainty covers best others' central values (\rightarrow next)

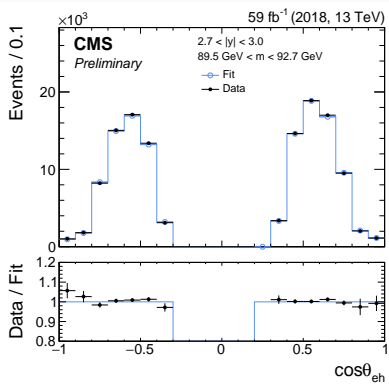
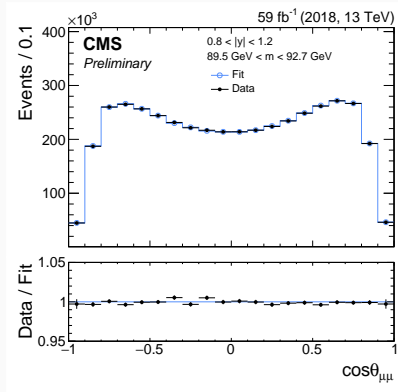
- $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell$ is extracted by simultaneous χ^2 fit of $A_{\text{FB}}(y, m)$ in all runs and channels



- Here and in next slides, $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell$ values and its uncertainties are in units of 10^{-5}

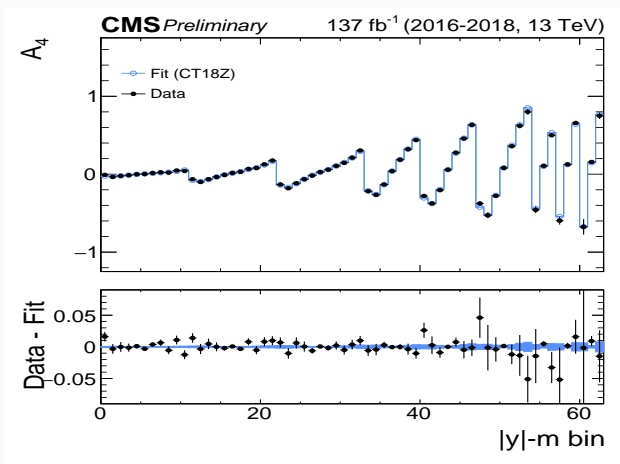
ch	χ^2	nbin	p(%)	$\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell$	\pm	σ	stat	exp	theo	pdf	mc	bkg	eff	calib	other
$\mu\mu$	241.3	264	82.7	23146	\pm	38	17	17	7	30	13	3	2	5	4
ee	256.7	264	59.8	23176	\pm	41	22	18	7	30	14	4	5	3	7
eg	119.1	144	92.8	23257	\pm	61	30	40	5	44	23	11	12	19	9
eh	104.6	144	99.3	23119	\pm	48	18	33	9	37	14	10	16	18	6
$\ell\ell$	730.7	816	98.4	23157	\pm	31	10	15	9	27	8	4	6	6	3

- $A_4(y, m)$ is measured by fitting reconstructed $\cos\theta_{\text{CS}}$ distributions in y and m bins simultaneously in all runs and channels



- Total $\chi^2_{min} = 14839$ for total of 14205 measurement bins and 101 free POIs
- Minimized with L-BFGS method using analytic gradient input
- Resulting covariance matrix also evaluated analytically with inverse Hessian

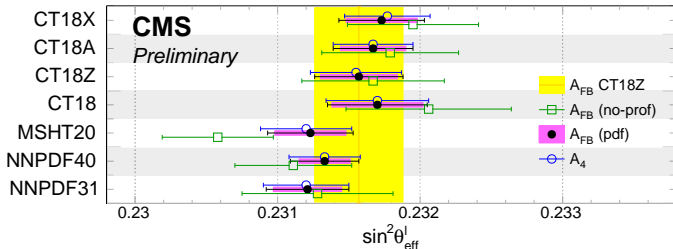
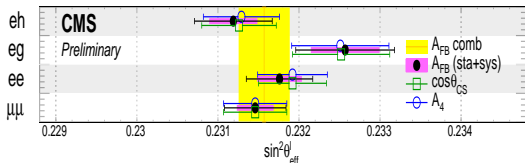
- Fit measured $A_4(y, m)$ with $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell$ (s) and PDF- nuisance templates



Channel	n(bins)	χ_{min}^2	p(%)	$\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell$	\pm	σ
$\mu\mu$	54	59.7	24.6	23146	\pm	39
ee	54	47.0	70.7	23192	\pm	43
eg	12	11.1	43.6	23251	\pm	60
eh	12	8.4	67.3	23129	\pm	47
$\ell\ell$	63	61.3	50.3	23155	\pm	32

Compared results for:

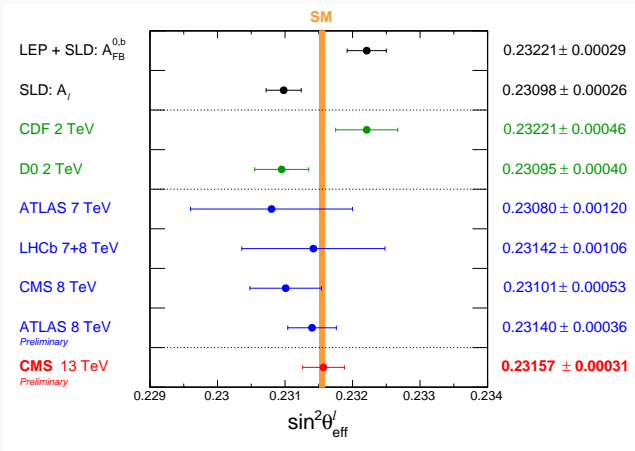
- A_{FB} , A_4 , & $\cos\theta_{CS}$ fits
 - Different channels
 - Different runs (backup)
 - Different PDFs
- (with & without profiling)



- Results in good agreement within corresponding uncertainties

$$\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\ell} = 0.23157 \pm 0.00010(\text{stat}) \pm 0.00015(\text{syst}) \pm 0.00009(\text{theo}) \pm 0.00027(\text{pdf})$$

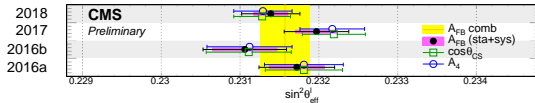
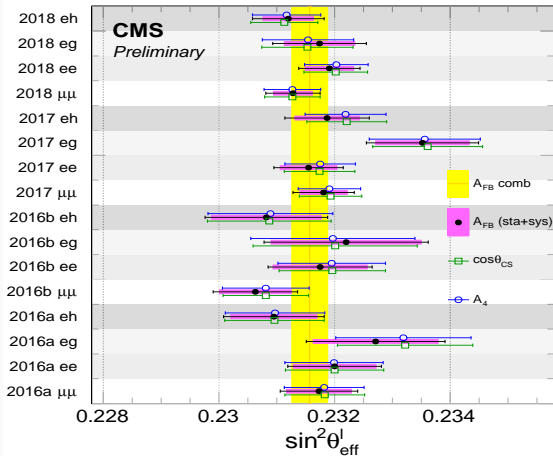
$$\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\ell} = 0.23157 \pm 0.00031$$



- Good agreement with previous measurements and SM
- PDF uncertainties (which are correlated with others) dominate

- Most precise hadron-collider measurement: $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell = 0.23157 \pm 0.00031$
→ precision also comparable with LEP and SLD results
- PDF is already the dominant uncertainty in Run-2
→ main challenge for future $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell$ measurements at the LHC
- Also measured unfolded $A_4(y, m)$
→ simple reinterpretation and combination with other measurements

Backup



Event selections

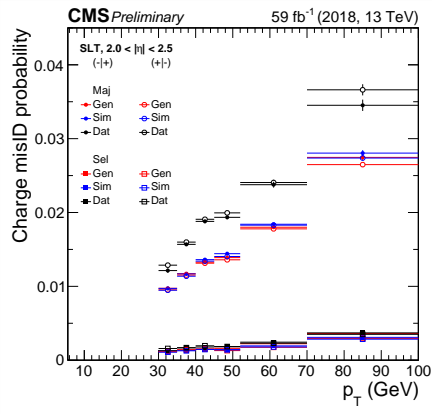
- $\mu\mu, ee$: single- & double- ℓ triggers
standard ID, opposite charges
- eg, eh : single- e triggers
dedicated IDs for g & h
tight (selective) charge-ID for e

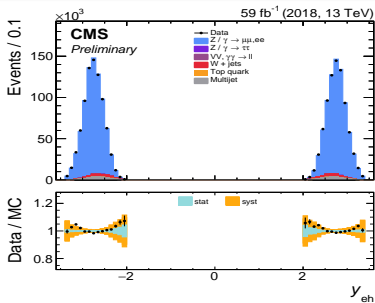
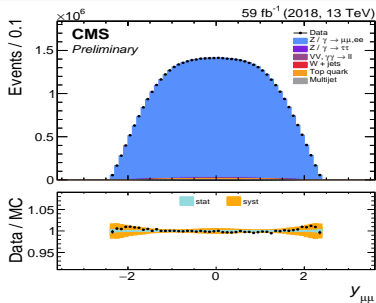
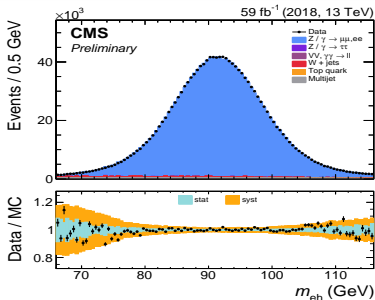
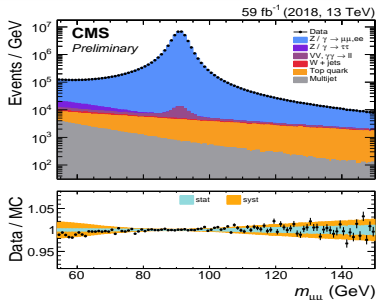
Signal sample

Powheg MiNNLO + Pythia8 + Photos

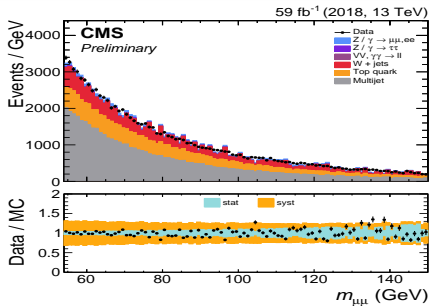
corrections:

- NLO weak corrections (Powheg-EW)
- Pileup weighting
- Trigger prefiring weighting
- Efficiency SFs
- **Electron charge MisID SFs** \rightarrow
- Lepton momentum corrections
- Dilepton p_T weighting

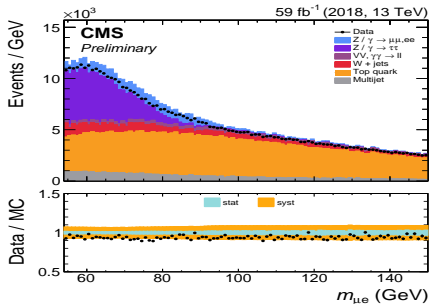




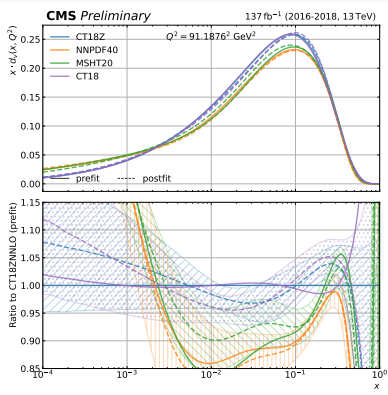
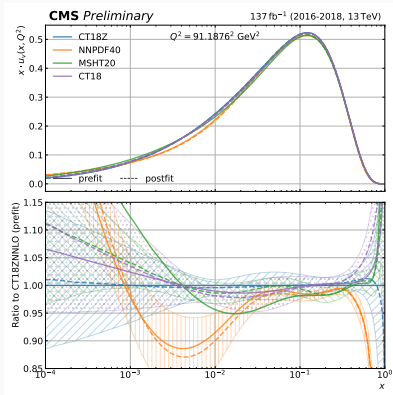
- Small multijet bkg estimated from data bkg-enriched regions using transfer-factors (TF)
- TFs evaluated using various μe and same-sign (SS) bkg-enriched regions
- Independent check in SS $\ell\ell$ samples



- Small EW & top bkg normalized to luminosity with NNLO x-sections
 → Checked in μe samples
- $\mu g, \mu h$ samples used to check multijet estimate & derive fake-lepton SFs for $W + jets$



- Comparison of pre and post-fit valence quark distributions
(only post-fit error bands are shown)



- Moderate changes in individual distributions

- Rapidity and mass bins in different fits:

channel	bin boundaries											# of bins	
$ y_{\ell\ell} $	0.0	0.4	0.8	1.2	1.6	2.0	2.4	2.7	3.0	3.4		9	
$\mu\mu, ee$	I	I	I	I	I	I	I					6	
eg				I	I	I	I	I				4	
eh						I	I	I	I	I		4	
$m_{\ell\ell}$ (GeV)	54.0	66.0	76.0	82.0	86.0	89.5	92.7	96.0	100.0	106.0	116.0	150.0	11
	Observed $A_{\text{FB}}^w(y, m)$ fit												
$\mu\mu, ee$	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	11×6
eg, eh		I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I		9×4
	$A_4(Y, M)$ unfolding and interpretation												
$0.0 < y < 1.2$	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	11×3
$1.2 < y < 2.4$	I	I	I		I			I		I	I	I	7×3
$2.4 < y < 3.4$		I			I			I			I		3×3

- Combined Run-2 fit configuration:

runs (r)	2016a, 2016b, 2017, 2018	4
channels (c)	$\mu\mu, ee, eg, eh$	4
$c \times y \times m$ bins	$6 \times 11 + 6 \times 11 + 4 \times 9 + 4 \times 9$	204
$\cos \theta_{\text{CS}}$ bins		20
$r \times c \times y \times m \times \cos \theta_{\text{CS}}$	with $n_{\text{pred}} > 10$	14205
$a_4(y, m)$	$3 \times 11 + 3 \times 7 + 3 \times 3$	63
$\mu(y, m)$	$6 \times 5 + 4 \times 1 + 4 \times 1$	38
nuisances	all systematic uncertainties	3361