

top quark CKM and EWK couplings

October 09, 2024



A faint, stylized illustration of a particle collision or decay process is visible in the background. It features several curved, greyish lines that converge and diverge, suggesting the paths of particles like gluons or photons. The lines are more concentrated on the right side of the slide, creating a sense of motion and energy.

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FCC project

New infrastructure

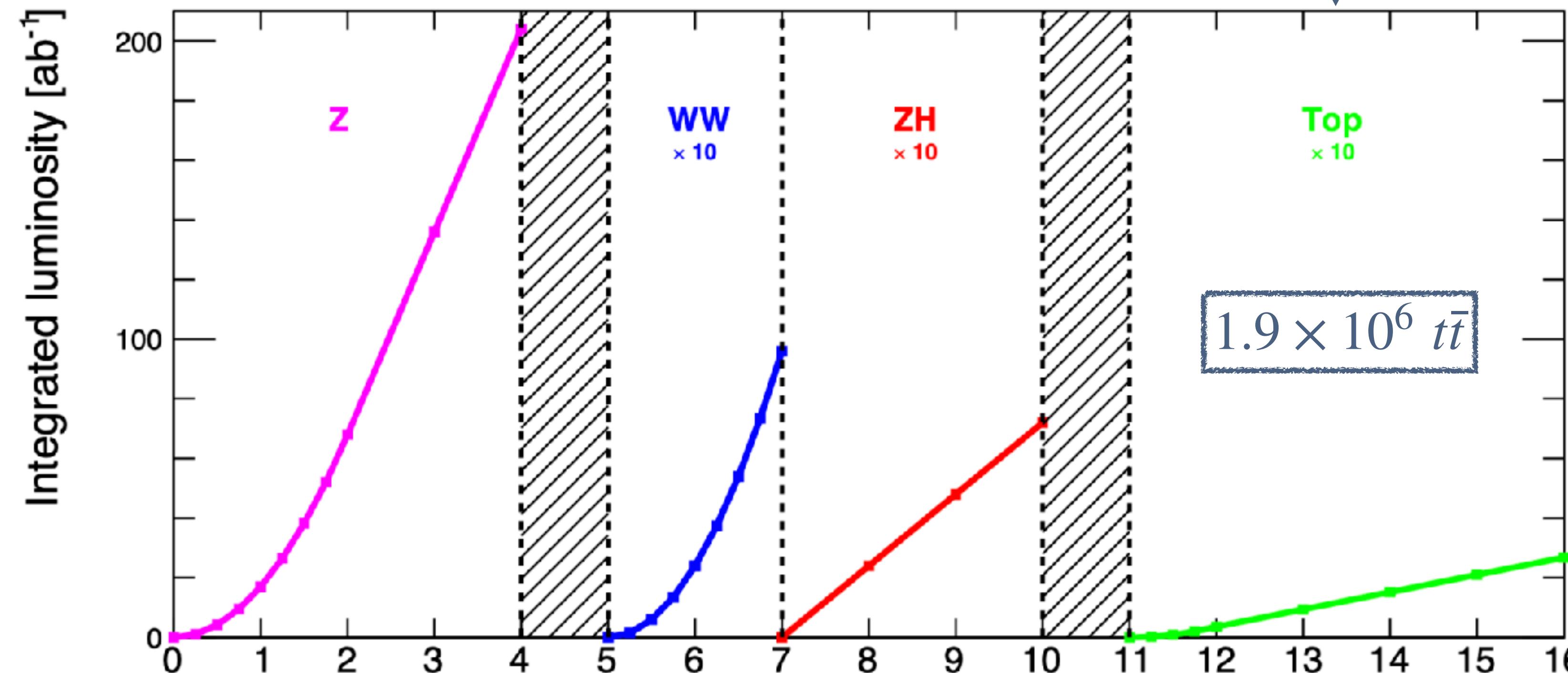
- 90.7 km tunnel
- 8 surface points
- 4 experimental sites
- Deepest shaft 400 m, average 240 m

Two stages

- FCC-ee (~15 years)
- FCC-hh (>20 years)



FCC-ee dataset



| Working point | Z, years 1-2 | Z, later | WW, years 1-2 | WW, later | ZH | t̄t |
|--|----------------------|----------|----------------------|-----------|--|---|
| \sqrt{s} (GeV) | 88, 91, 94 | | 157, 163 | | 240 | 340–350 365 |
| Lumi/IP ($10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$) | 70 | 140 | 10 | 20 | 5.0 | 0.75 1.20 |
| Lumi/year (ab ⁻¹) | 34 | 68 | 4.8 | 9.6 | 2.4 | 0.36 0.58 |
| Run time (year) | 2 | 2 | 2 | – | 3 | 1 4 |
| Number of events | 6×10^{12} Z | | 2.4×10^8 WW | | 1.45×10^6 ZH + $45k$ WW → H | 1.9×10^6 t̄t + $+330k$ ZH $+80k$ WW → H |

$|V_{ts}|$ measurement

$|V_{ts}|$ introduction

Current measurements on $|V_{ts}|$

- ▶ PDG value: $|V_{ts}| = (41.5 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-3}$
 - From $B_s^0 - \bar{B}_s^0$ mixing, mediated via t - W box diagrams
 - Assume no NP in the loop
 - Dominated by theory uncertainty from lattice QCD
- ▶ Also keep $|V_{cb}|$ in mind
 - Inclusive $(42.2 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$ vs exclusive $(39.8 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$ (6% tension)

Potential at e^+e^- colliders

- Model-independent direct measurement
- FCC-ee expects $1.9 \times 10^6 \times 2 \times |V_{ts}|^2 \sim 6400$ cases of $t \rightarrow Ws$
 - s-tagging is the core
 - Limited by statistical uncertainty

jet clustering

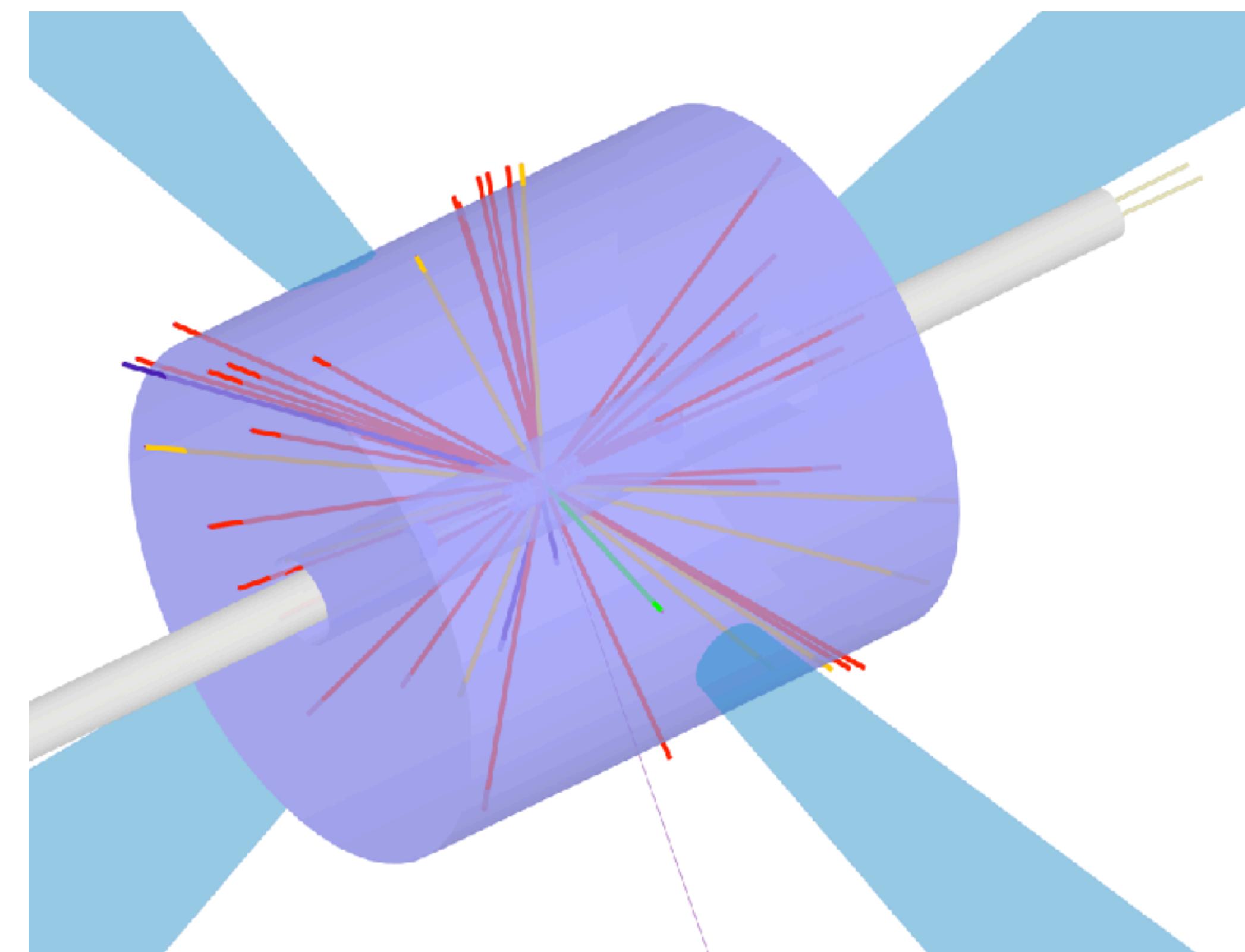
Crucial ingredient of this analysis

- Correctly categorize dileptonic, semi-leptonic, fully hadronic $t\bar{t}$ decays
- Well-defined jets for flavor tagging

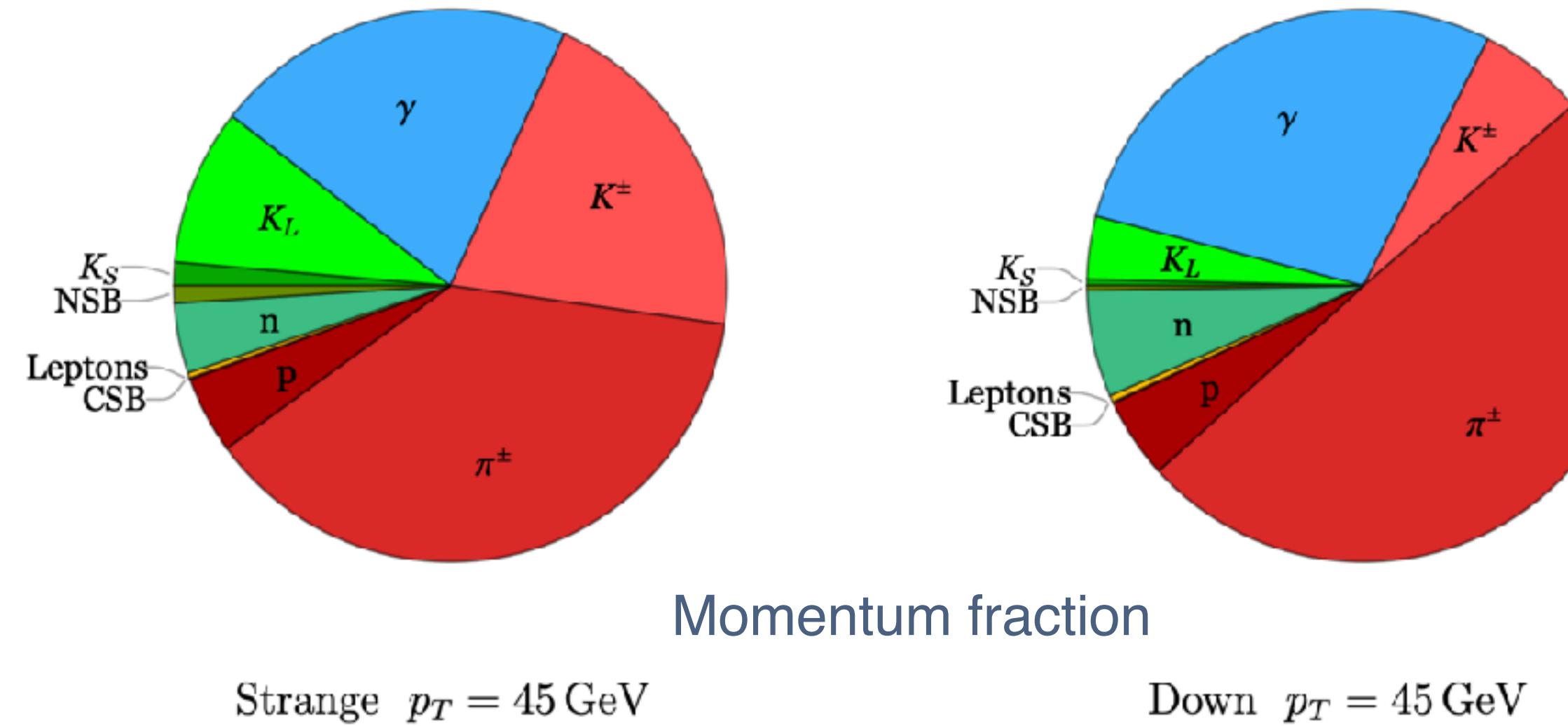
Two types considered

- Exclusive clustering (fixed number of jets in events)
 - subjet distance $d_{ij} = 2\min(E_i^2, E_j^2)(1 - \cos\theta_{ij})$
- Inclusive clustering (roughly fixed cone size)
 - subjet distance $d_{ij} = \min(E_i^{2p}, E_j^{2p}) \frac{1 - \cos\theta_{ij}}{1 - \cos R}$
 - merge i, j until $\forall d_{ij} > E_i^{2p}$

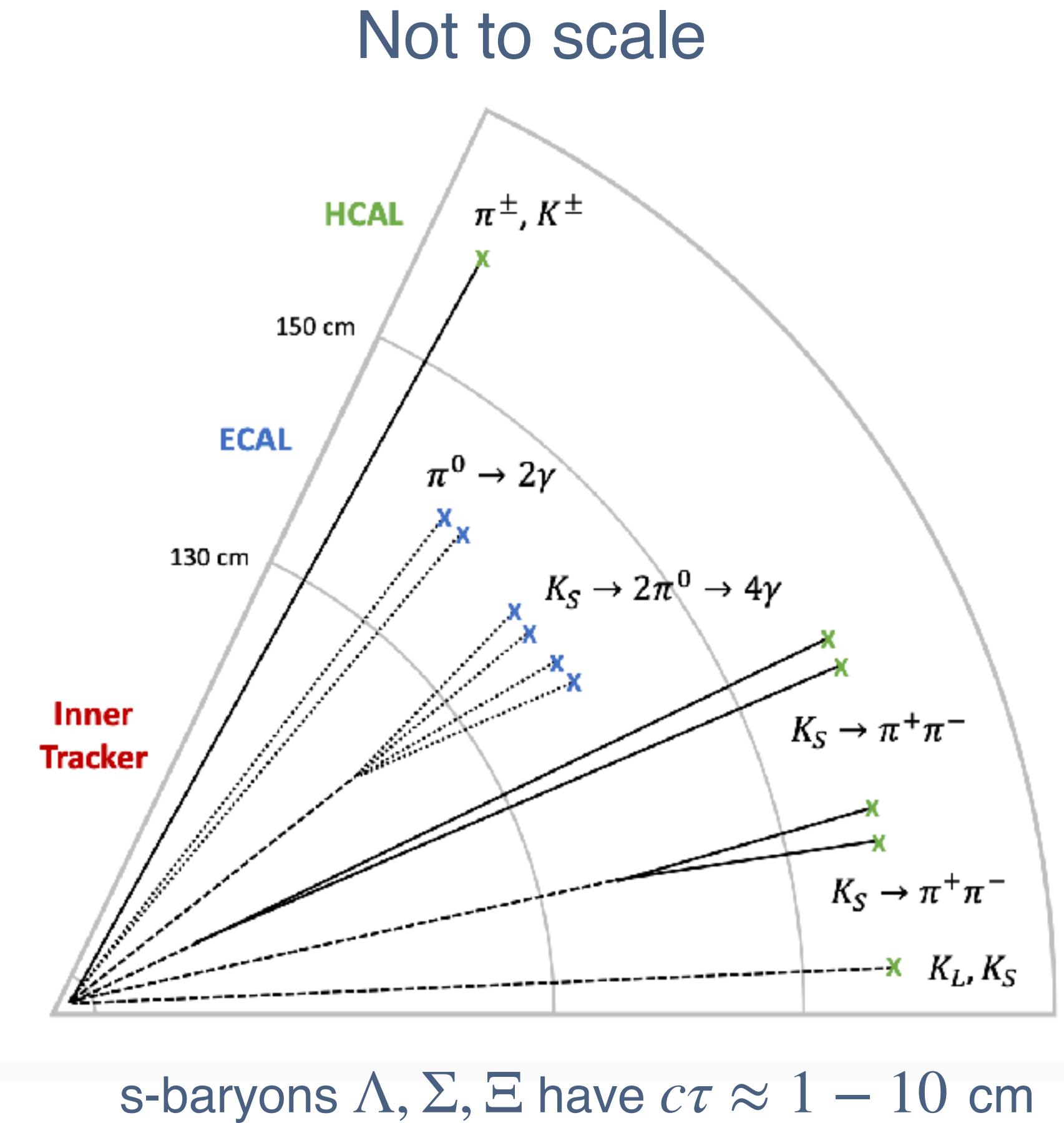
Inclusive jet with $R=0.5$ as nominal choice in this work



Strange jet tagging

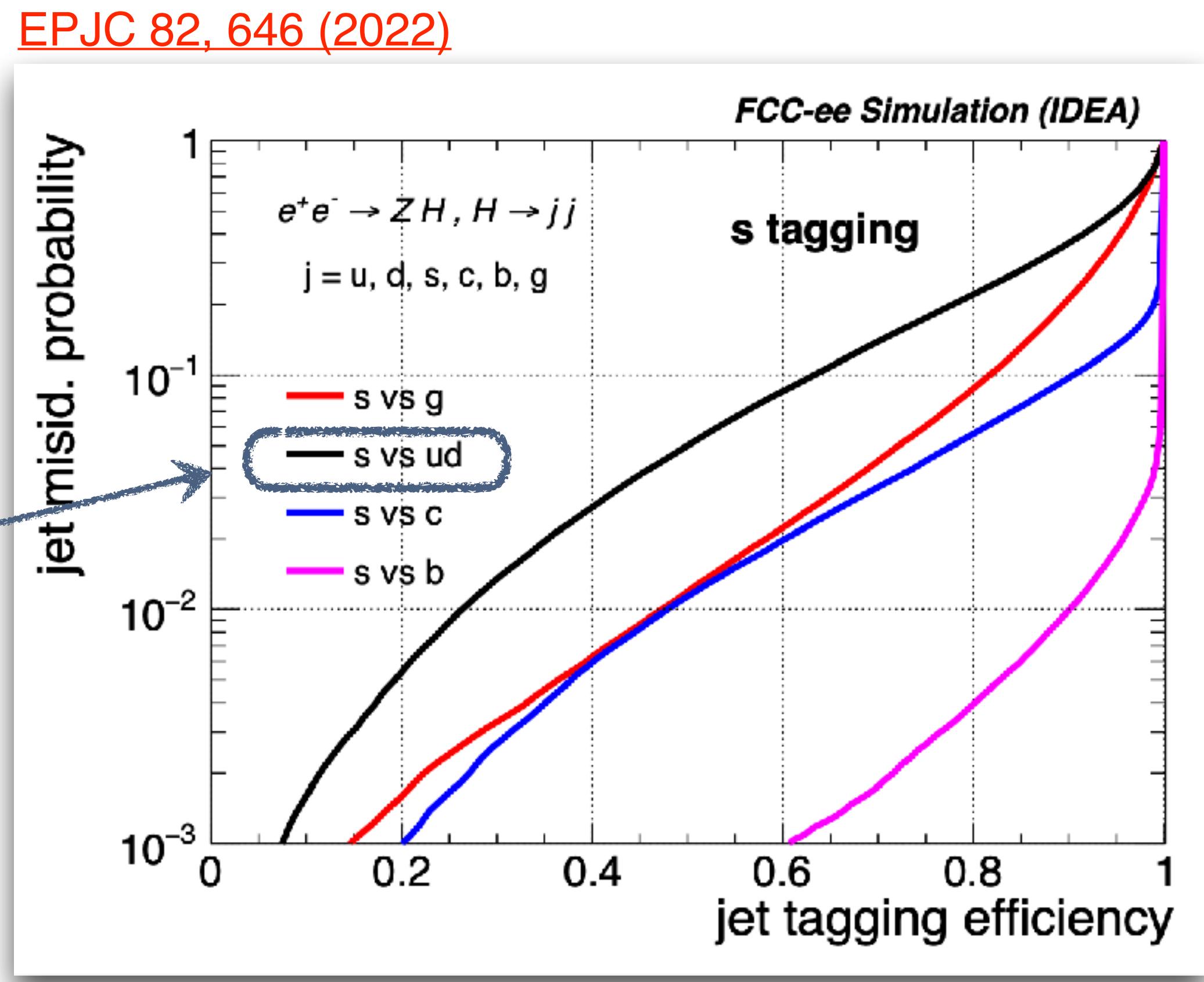
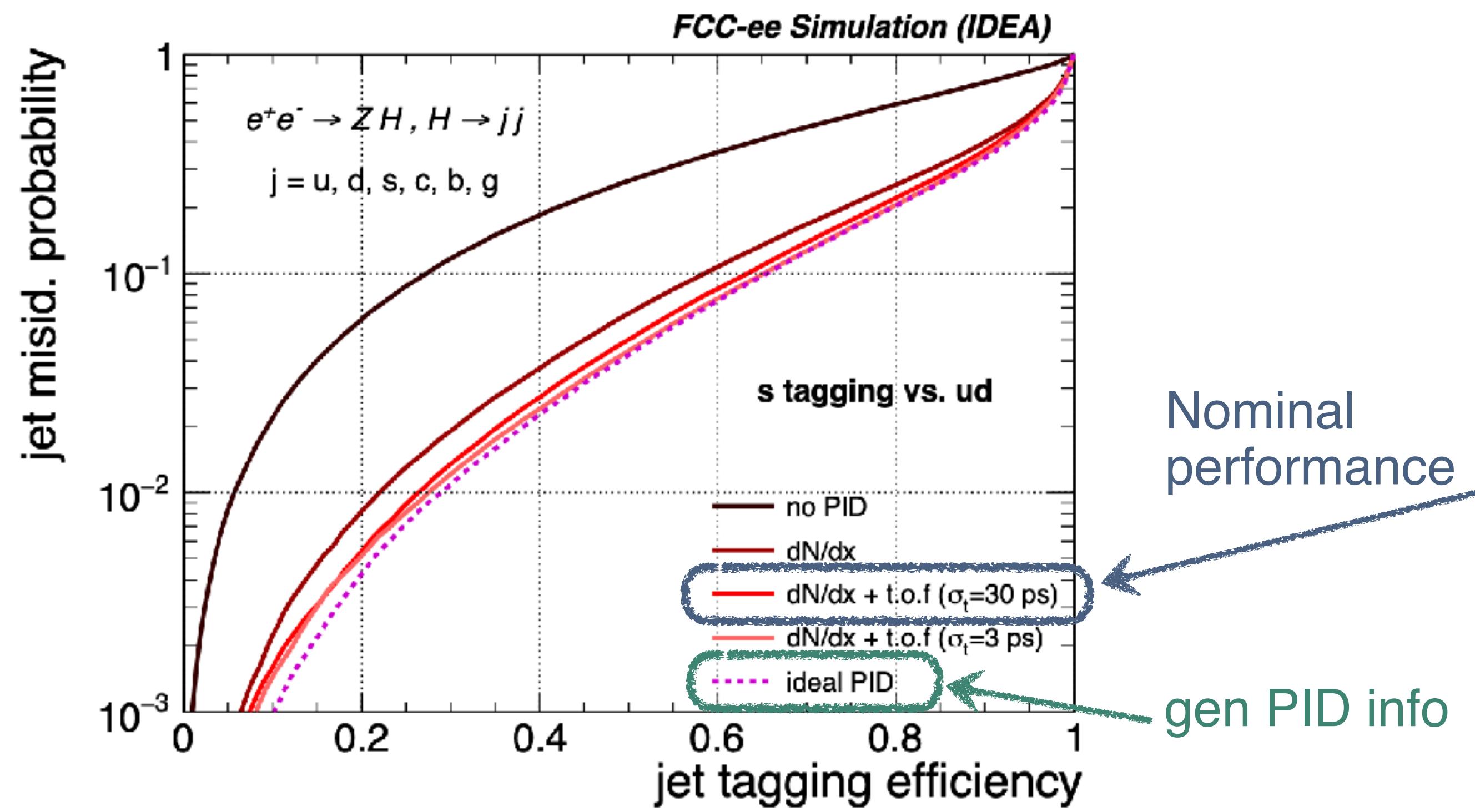


[arxiv:2003.09517](https://arxiv.org/abs/2003.09517)



- Higher fraction of momentum carried by **kaons**
 - K^+/π^+ separation is the key
- Neutral kaons and s-baryons are long-lived
 - $c\tau(b/c) \approx 0.5 \text{ mm}$, $c\tau(s) \approx 50 \text{ mm}$
 - Depends on reco efficiency of highly displaced vertices

Strange tagging at FCC-ee



- Most improvement from dN/dx
- With nominal design ($dN/dx, \sigma(\text{TOF}) = 30\text{ ps}$), already close to perfect PID
- Limited natural separation between s and ud

| | Eff (s) | Mistag (g) | Mistag (ud) | Mistag (c) | Mistag (b) |
|--------|---------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Loose | 90% | 20% | 40% | 10% | 1% |
| Medium | 80% | 9% | 20% | 6% | 0.4% |

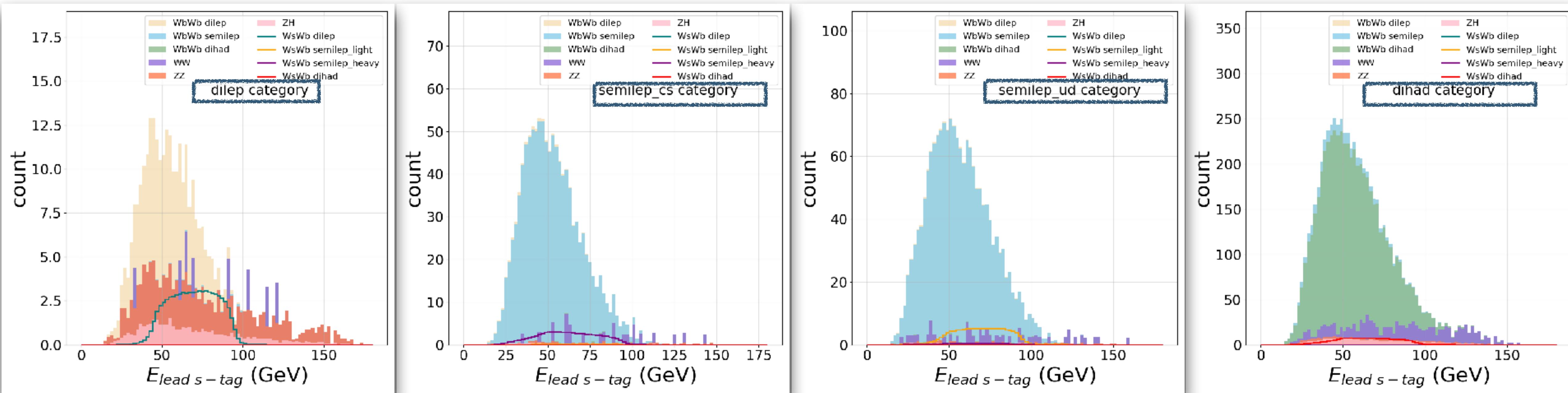
Basic category selection

Common pre-selection for $t\bar{t} \rightarrow WsWb$

- Exactly 1 “tightly” b-tagged jet (b-score > 0.8),
- Veto additional “loosely” b-tagged (b-score > 0.5)
- At least 1 “tightly” s-tagged jet (s-score > 0.7)
- Always 1 more s-jet than c-jet (s/c-score > 0.5)

Event categories

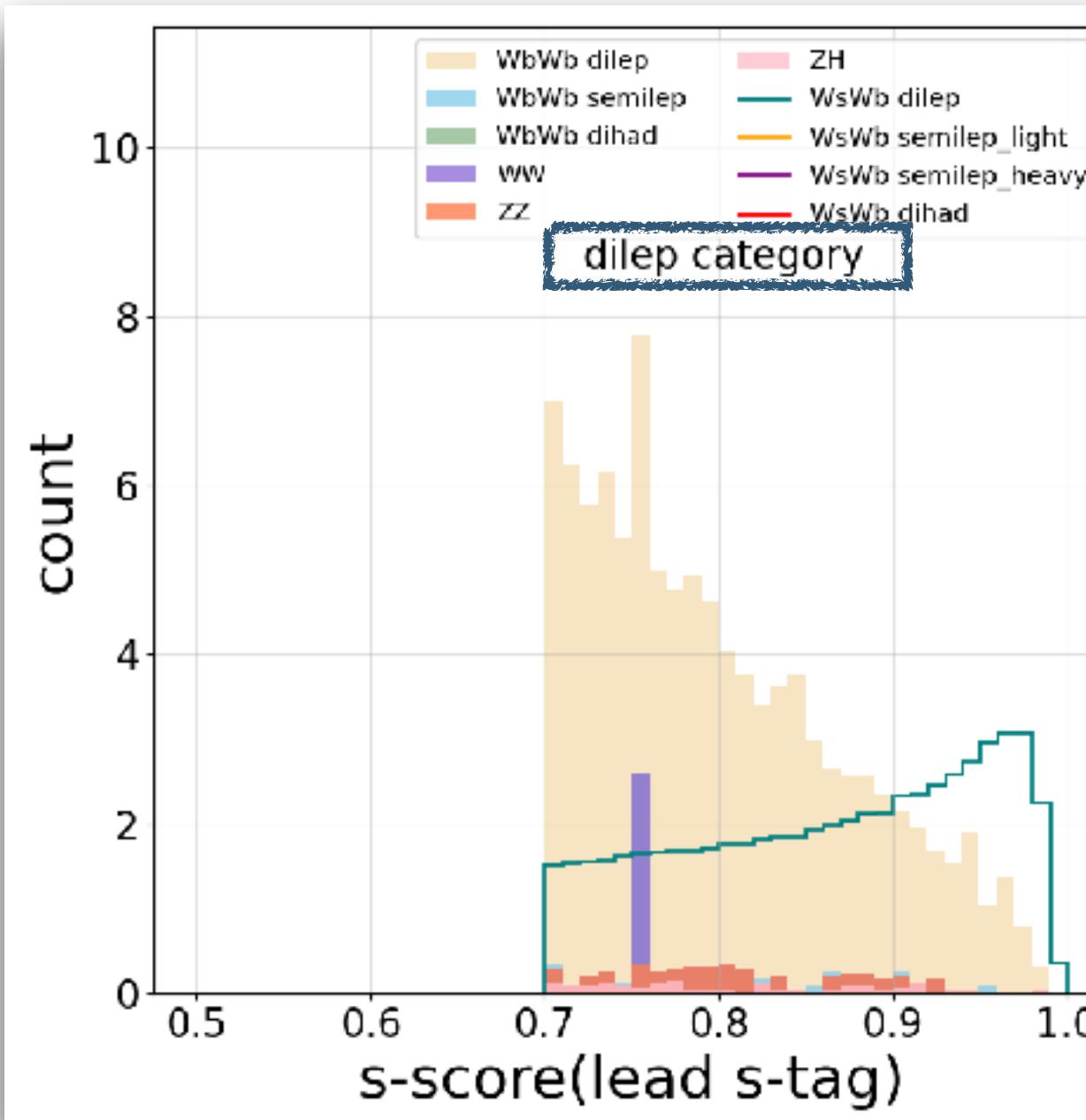
- **dilep**: exactly 2 leptons, 2 jets
- **semilep_ud**: exactly 1 leptons, 4 jets (sb+ud)
- **semilep_cs**: exactly 1 leptons, 4 jets (sb+cs)
- **dihad**: exactly 0 lepton, 6 jets



Final selections

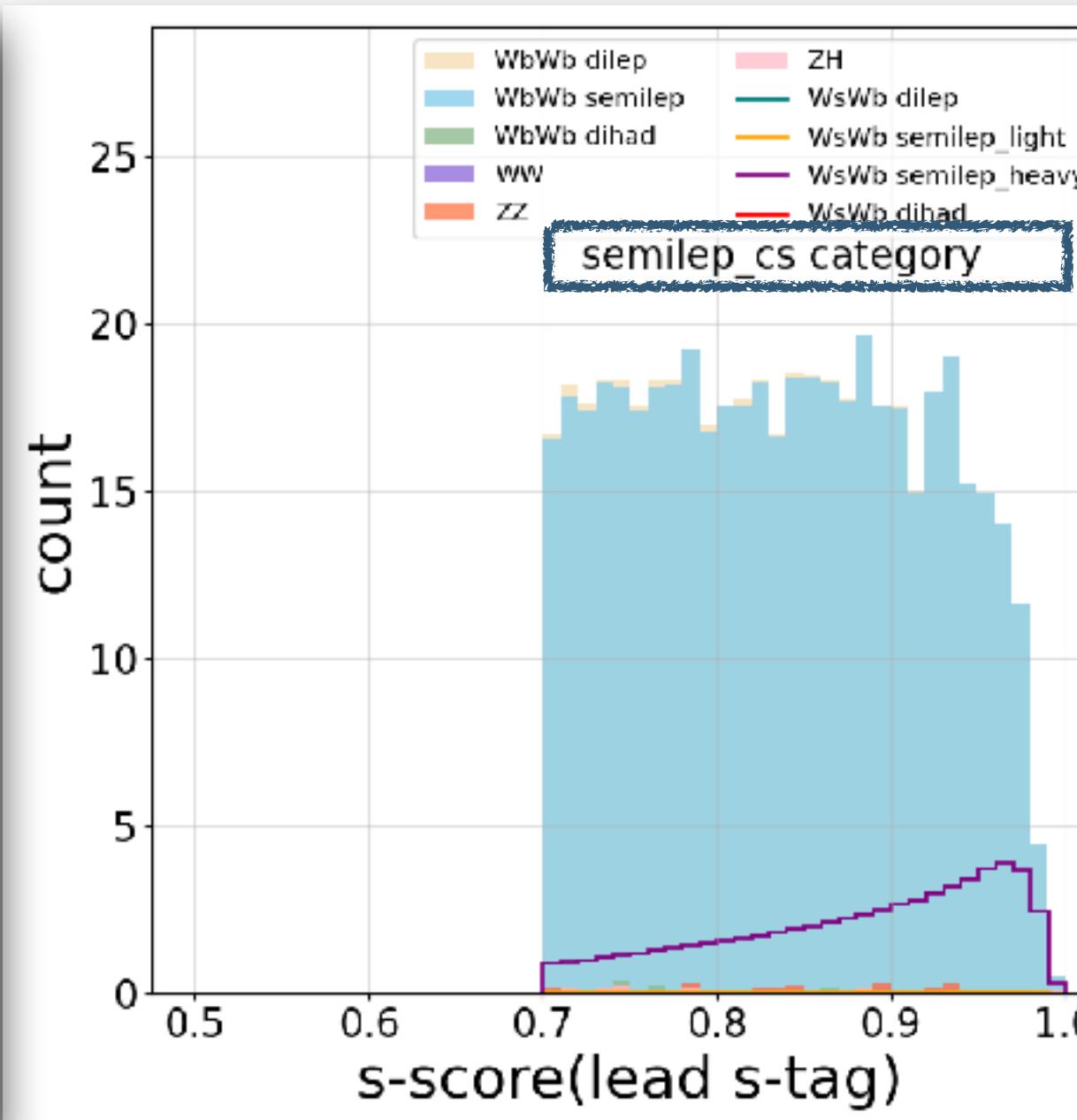
dilep cat

- missing energy > 80 GeV
- s-jet candidate energy > 45 GeV
- b-jet candidate energy > 25 GeV
- b-jet b-score > 0.9



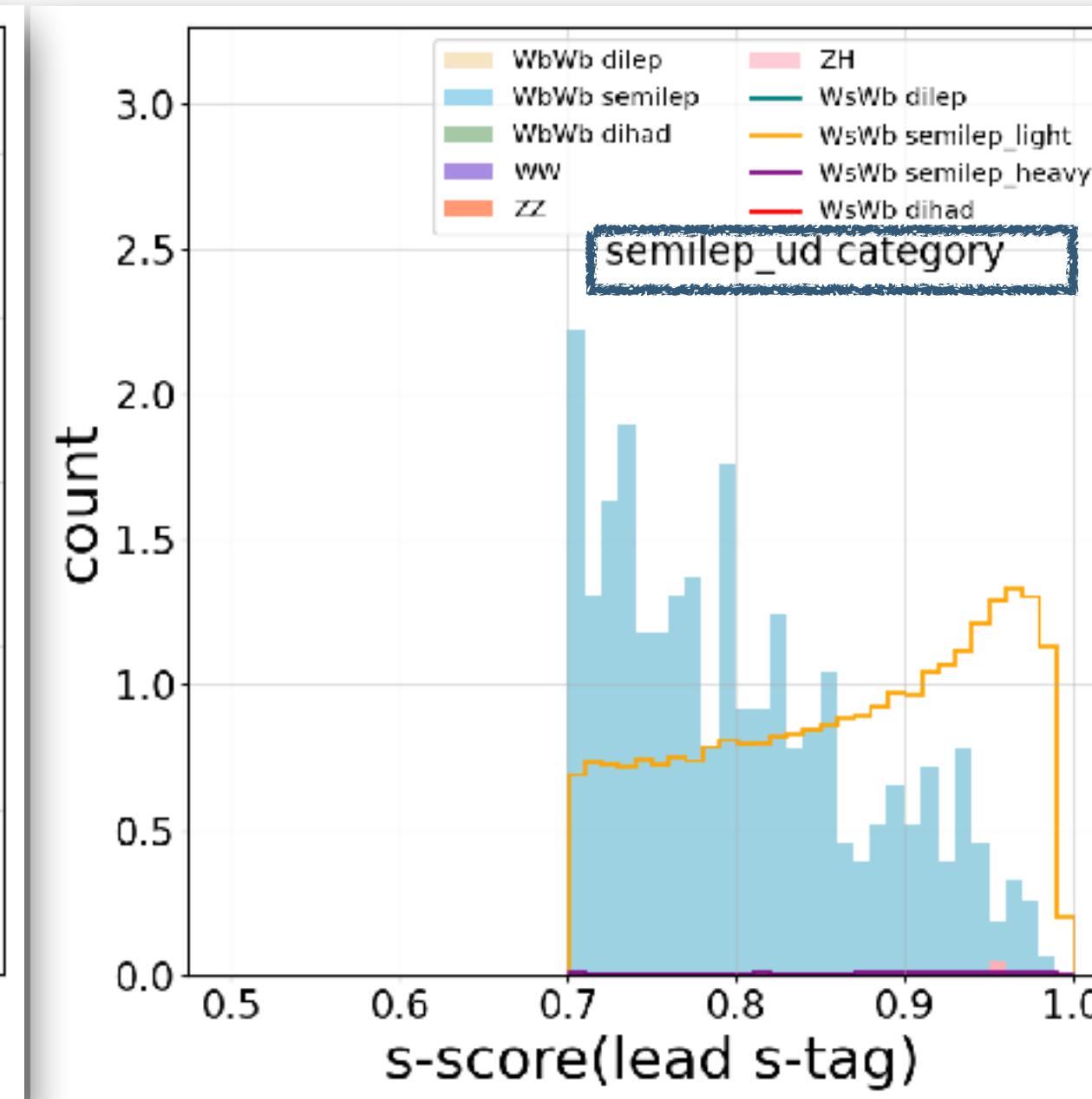
semilep_cs cat

- missing energy > 30 GeV
- Can reconstruct 1 $t \rightarrow W(cs)b$ or $t \rightarrow W(cs)s$ decay
 - c-score and s-score > 0.5
 - $60 < m_W^{cs} < 80$ GeV
 - $140 < m_{top}^{bcs/scs} < 175$ GeV



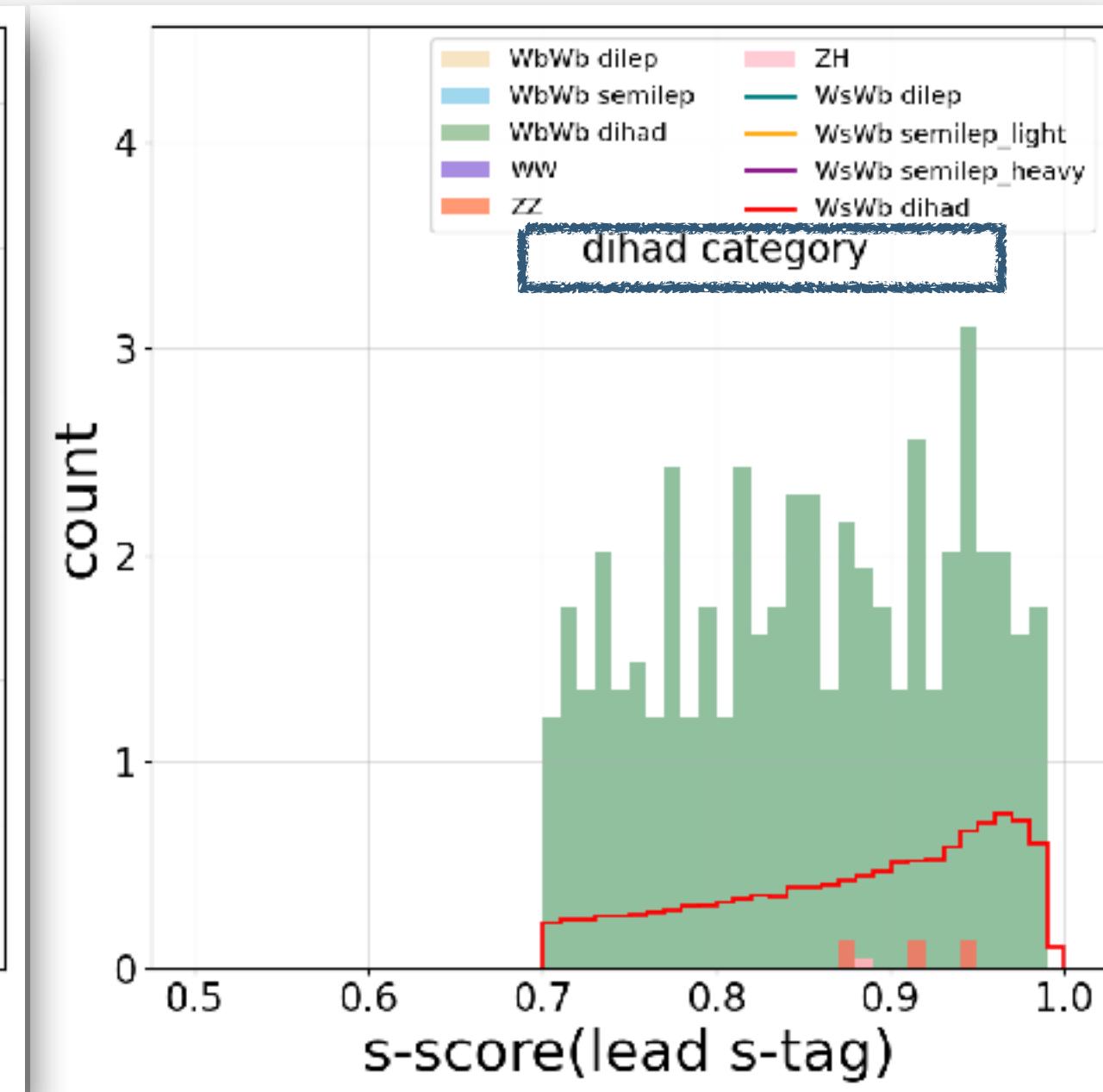
semilep_ud cat

- missing energy > 30 GeV
- Can reconstruct 1 $t \rightarrow W(ud)b$ or $t \rightarrow W(ud)s$ decay
- s-jet candidate energy > 60 GeV
- s-jet candidate energy > 45 GeV
- b-jet b-score > 0.9



dihad cat

- missing energy < 20 GeV
- s-jet candidate energy > 60 GeV
- b-jet candidate energy > 40 GeV
- b-jet b-score > 0.9
- Can reconstruct 2 top candidates



Expected precision

- Extracted with binned maximum-likelihood fit

| category | dilep | semilep_cs | semilep_ud | dihad | combined |
|---------------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| significance | 5.83 | 1.13 | 4.78 | 1.49 | 7.77 |
| precision | +29%/-25% | +97%/-88% | +42%/-33% | +177%/-99% | +22%/-20% |

- As $\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Ws) \propto |V_{ts}|^2$, expect $\sigma(|V_{ts}|) \sim 10\%$

More work to be done on pheno impacts

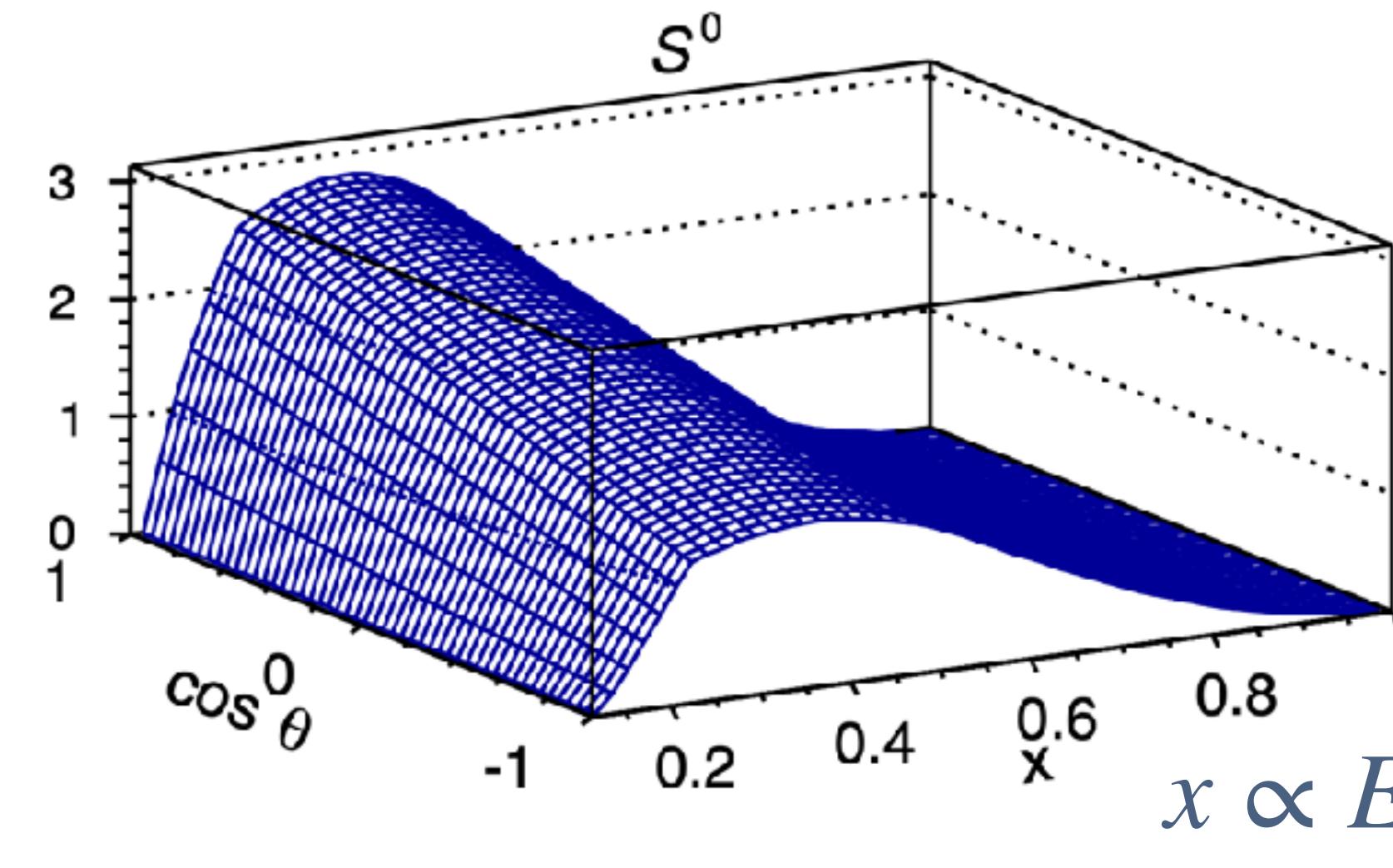
ttZ and *tty* couplings

This work is conducted by Simon Keilbach for his bachelor thesis

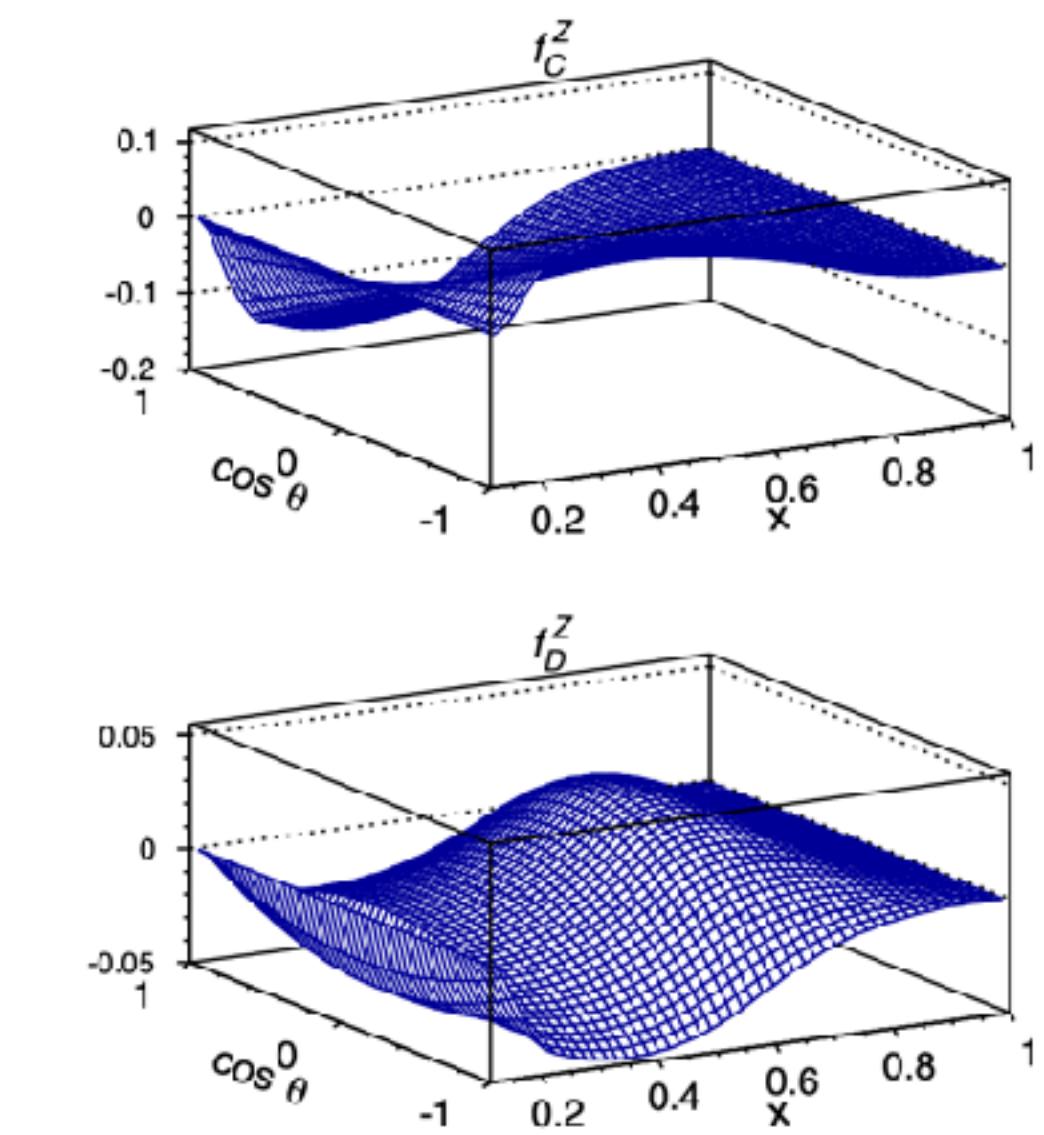
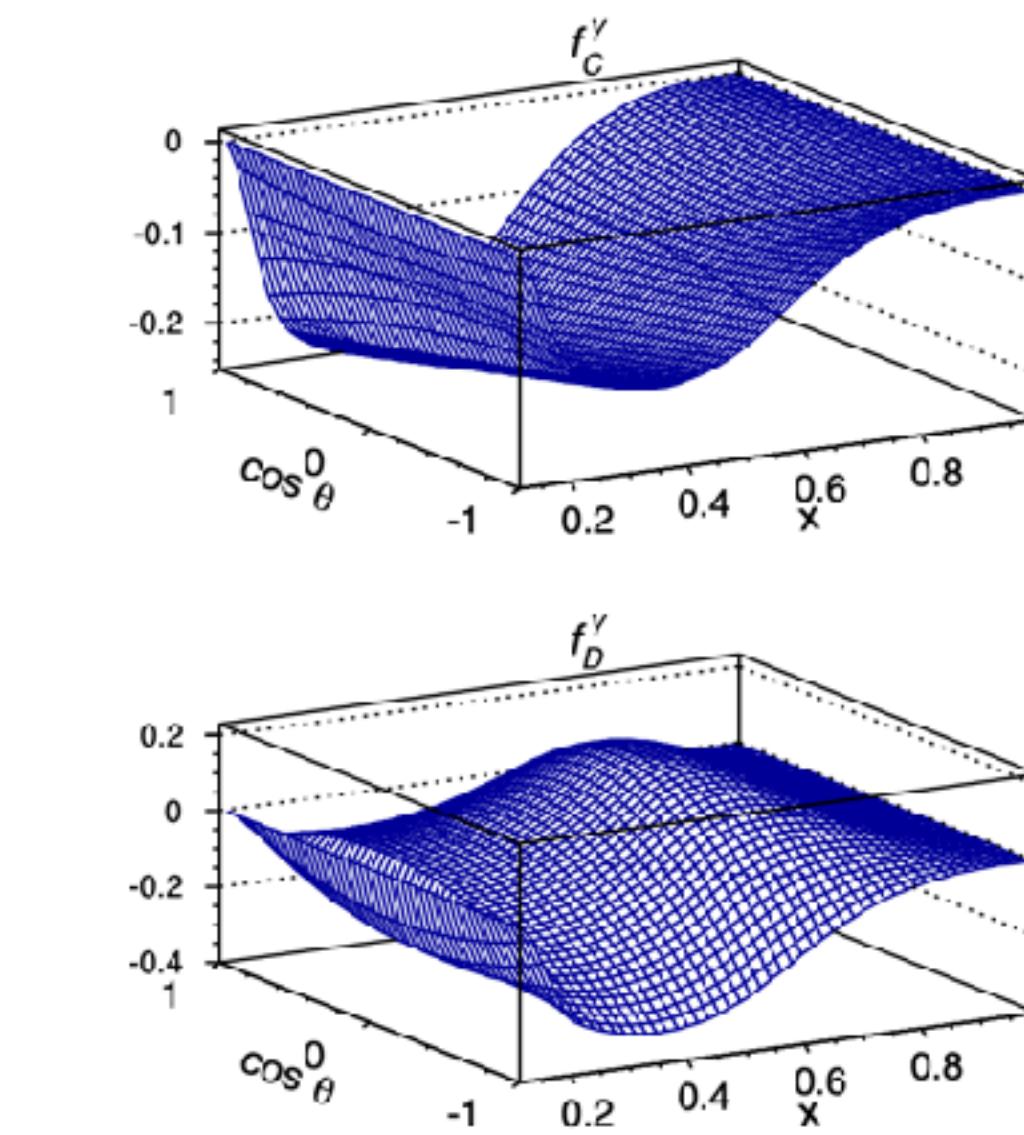
Top EWK couplings parameters

- Direct measurement of $t\bar{t}Z$ and $t\bar{t}\gamma$ couplings
 - Some BSM models can lead to significant deviations from SM
 - Traditionally more discussed in polarized e^+e^- collisions. For example at ILC ([arXiv 1306.6352](#))
 - Study from FCC ([10.1007/JHEP04\(2015\)182](#)) also expects sensitivity without beam polarization.

SM case



examples of BSM contributions



Frameworks for modified couplings

[10.1007/JHEP04\(2015\)182](https://doi.org/10.1007/JHEP04(2015)182)

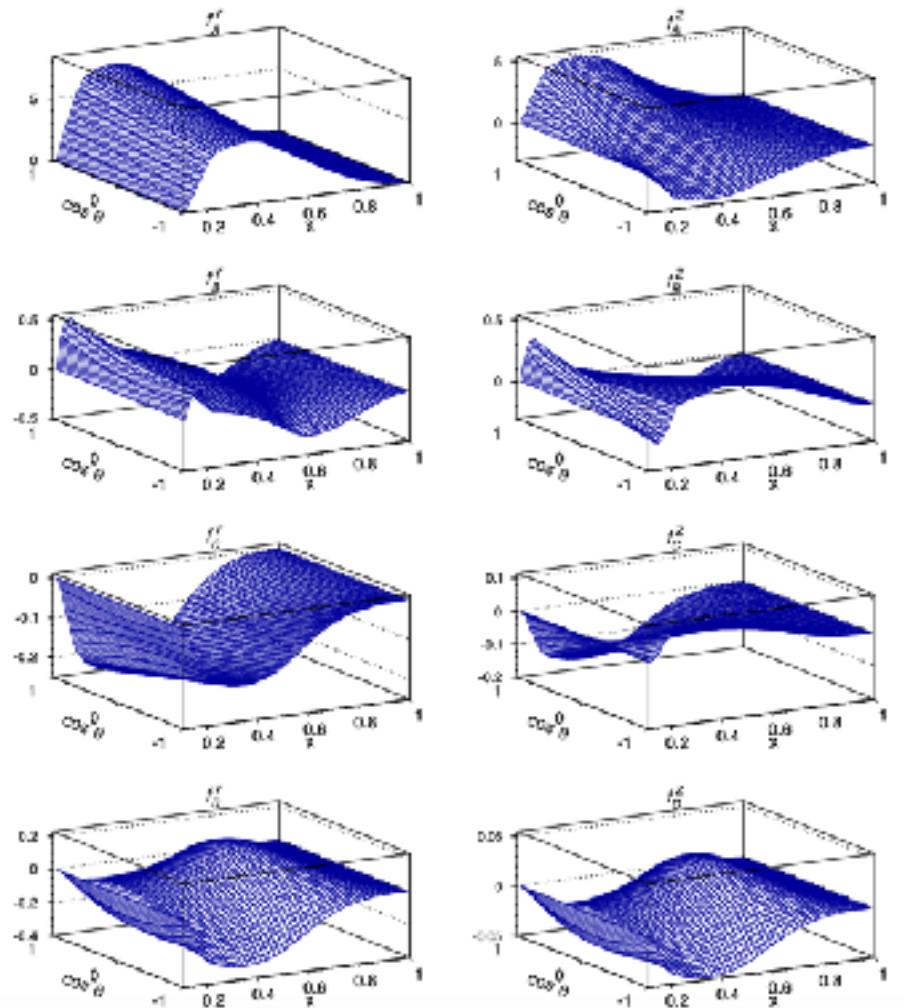
- coupling constants expressed in form factors

$$\Gamma_\mu^{ttX} = -ie \left\{ \gamma_\mu (F_{1V}^X + \gamma_5 F_{1A}^X) + \frac{\sigma_{\mu\nu}}{2m_t} (p_t + p_{\bar{t}})^\nu (iF_{2V}^X + \gamma_5 F_{2A}^X) \right\},$$

- optimal observable parametrization

$$\begin{aligned} A_v + \delta A_v &= -2i \sin \theta_W (F_{1V}^X + F_{2V}^X), & B_v + \delta B_v &= -2i \sin \theta_W F_{1A}^X, \\ \delta C_v &= -2i \sin \theta_W F_{2V}^X, & \delta D_v &= -2 \sin \theta_W F_{2A}^X. \end{aligned}$$

- 8 independent modifications



- Lagrangians

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{ttZ} &= -\frac{g}{2c_w} \bar{t} \gamma^\mu (X_{tt}^L P_L + X_{tt}^R P_R - 2s_w^2 Q_t) t Z_\mu \\ &\quad - \frac{g}{2c_w} \bar{t} \frac{i\sigma^{\mu\nu} q_\nu}{m_Z} (d_V^Z + i d_A^Z \gamma_5) t Z_\mu, \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta \mathcal{L}_{ttY} = -e Q_t \bar{t} \gamma^\mu t A_\mu - e \bar{t} \frac{i\sigma^{\mu\nu} q_\nu}{m_t} (d_V^\gamma + i d_A^\gamma \gamma_5) t A_\mu$$

- Parameterization in Whizard SM_top_anom model

| | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| $X_{tt}^L = \text{vl_ttZ}$ | $X_{tt}^R = \text{vr_ttZ}$ |
| $d_V^Z = \text{tv_ttZ}$ | $d_A^Z = \text{ta_ttZ}$ |
| $d_V^\gamma = \text{tv_ttA}$ | $d_A^\gamma = \text{ta_ttA}$ |

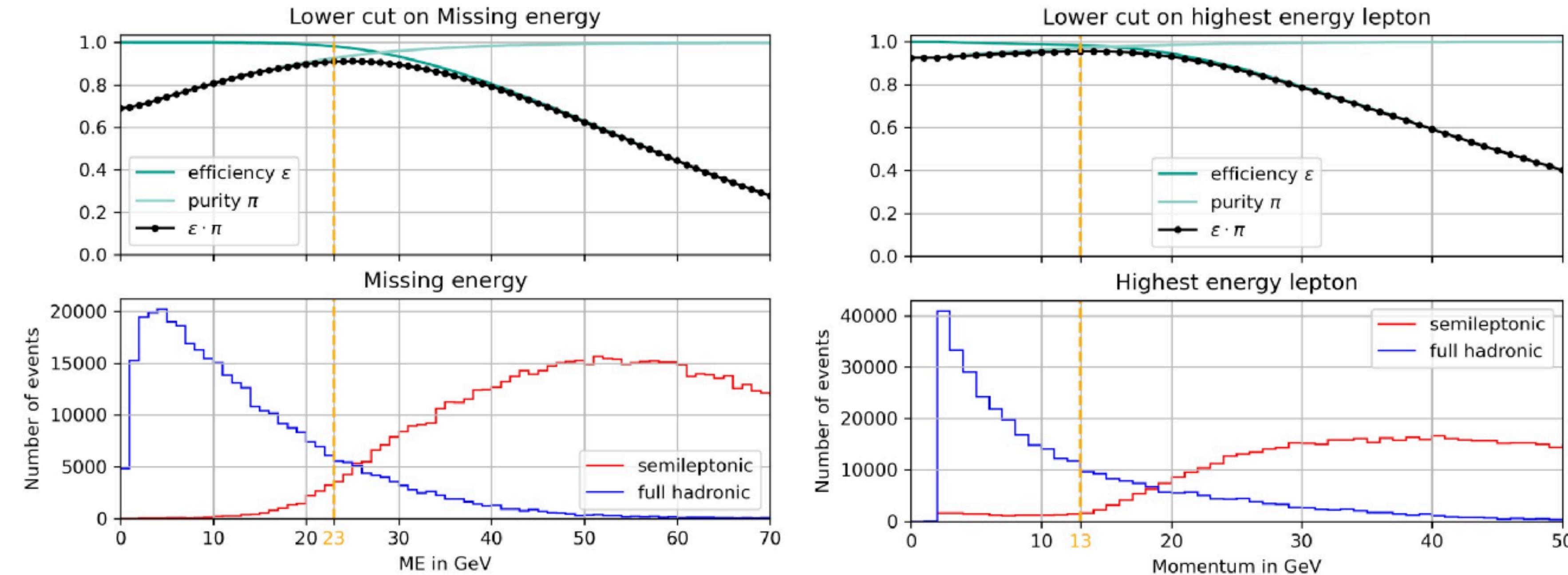
- Independent modifications

- 6 parameters related to ttZ and ttY couplings, 3 are constrained by gauge invariance
- tv_ttZ fixed by tv_ttA, ta_ttZ fixed by ta_ttA, vl_ttZ fixed by vl_tbW
- In this work, use 3 independent modifications: tv_ttA, ta_ttA, vr_ttZ**

Event selection

This analysis targets semileptonic $t\bar{t}$ decay:

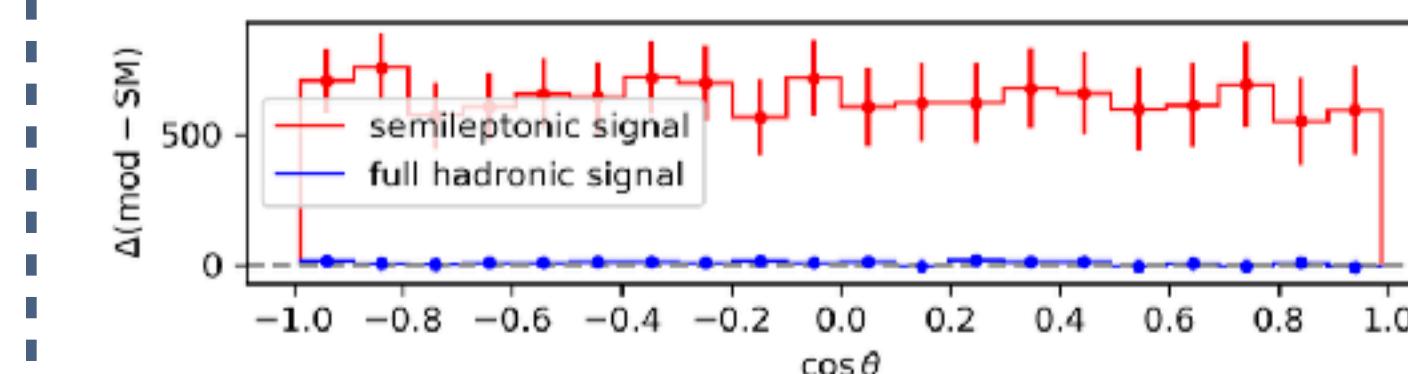
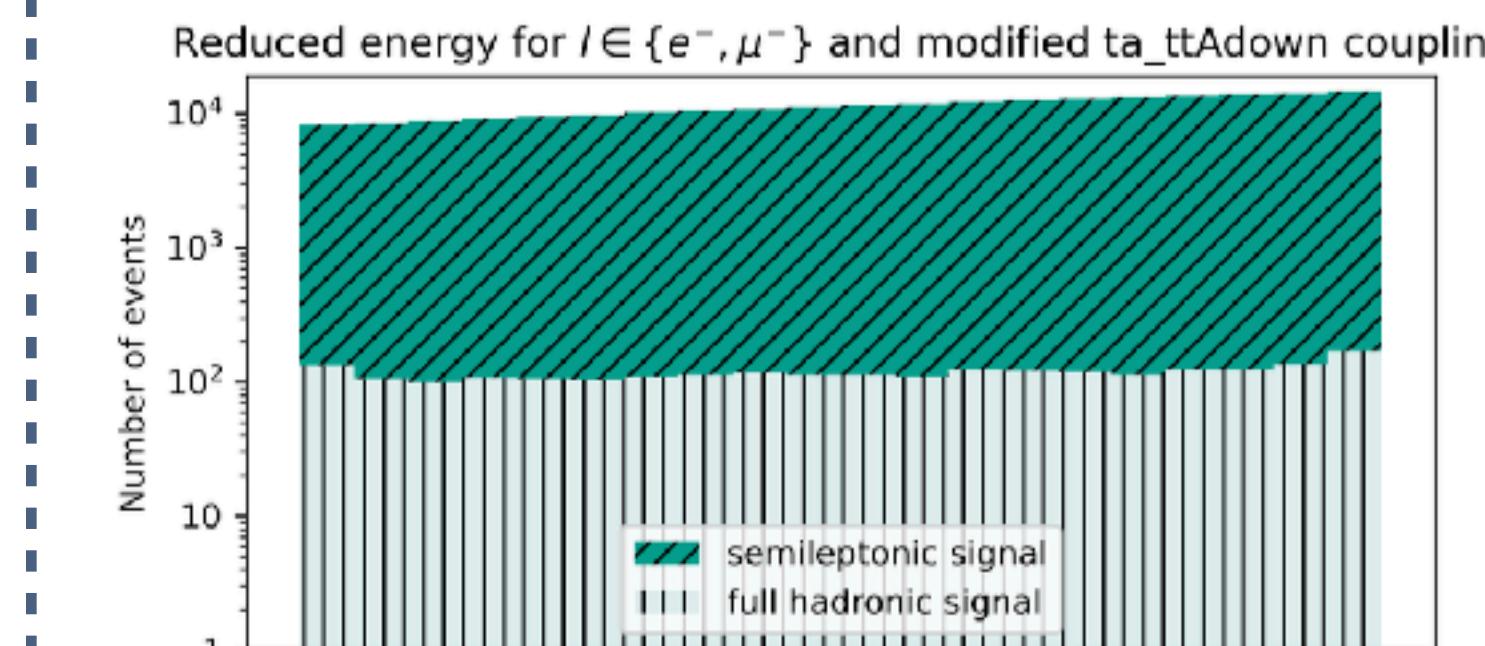
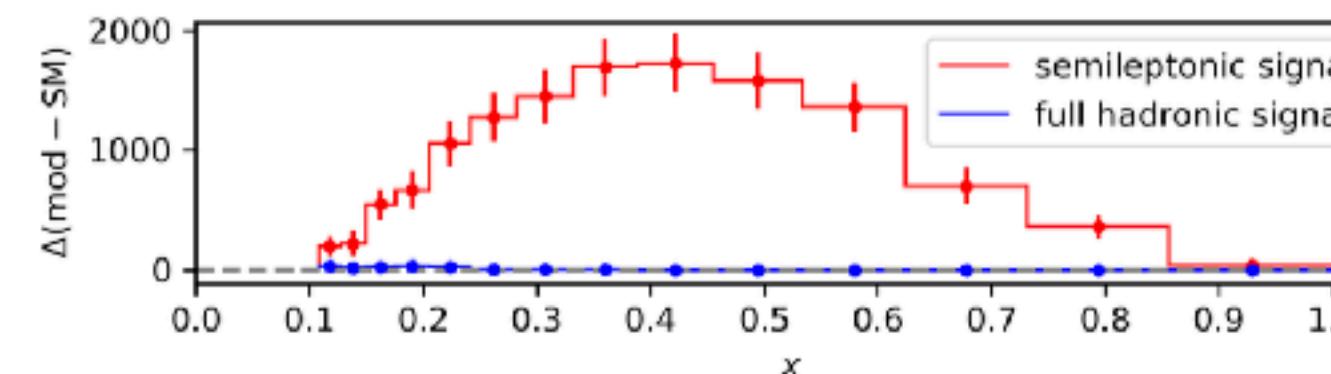
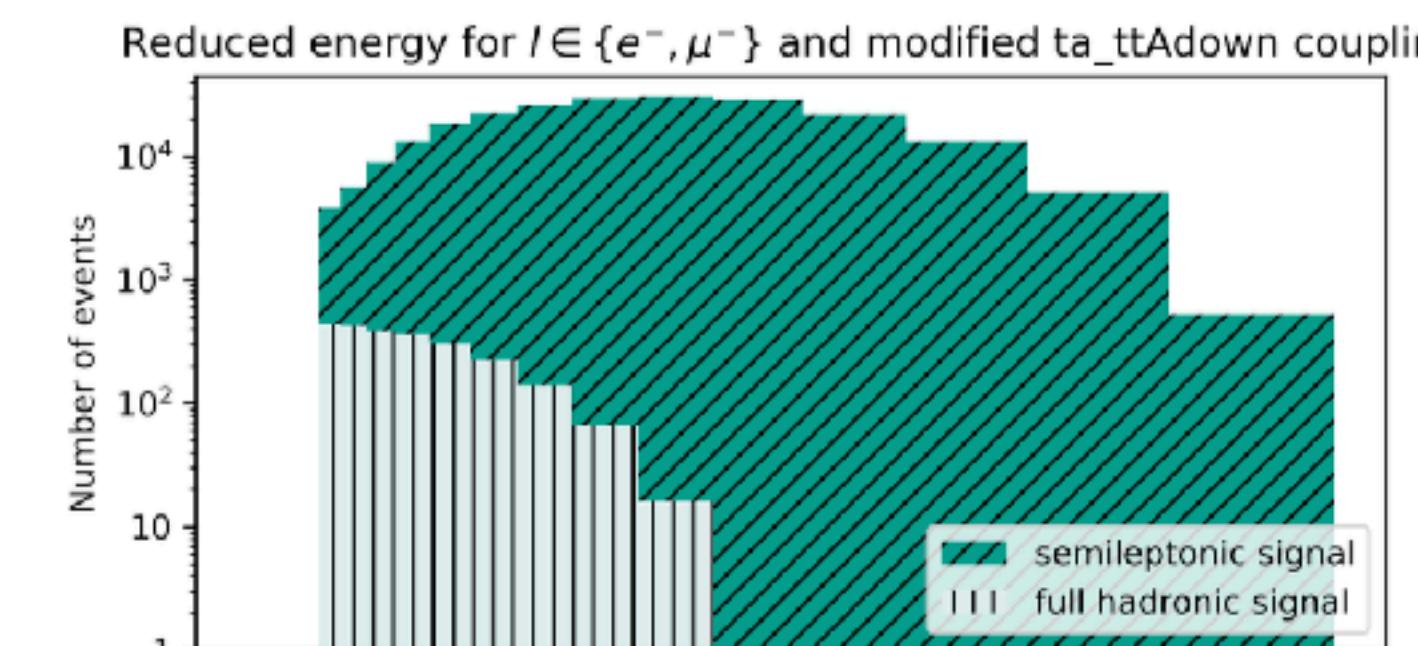
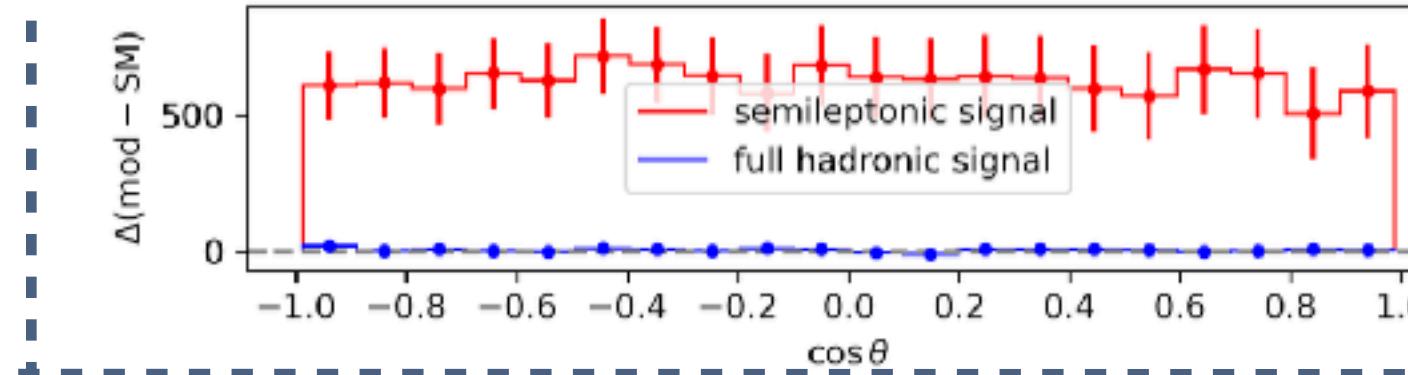
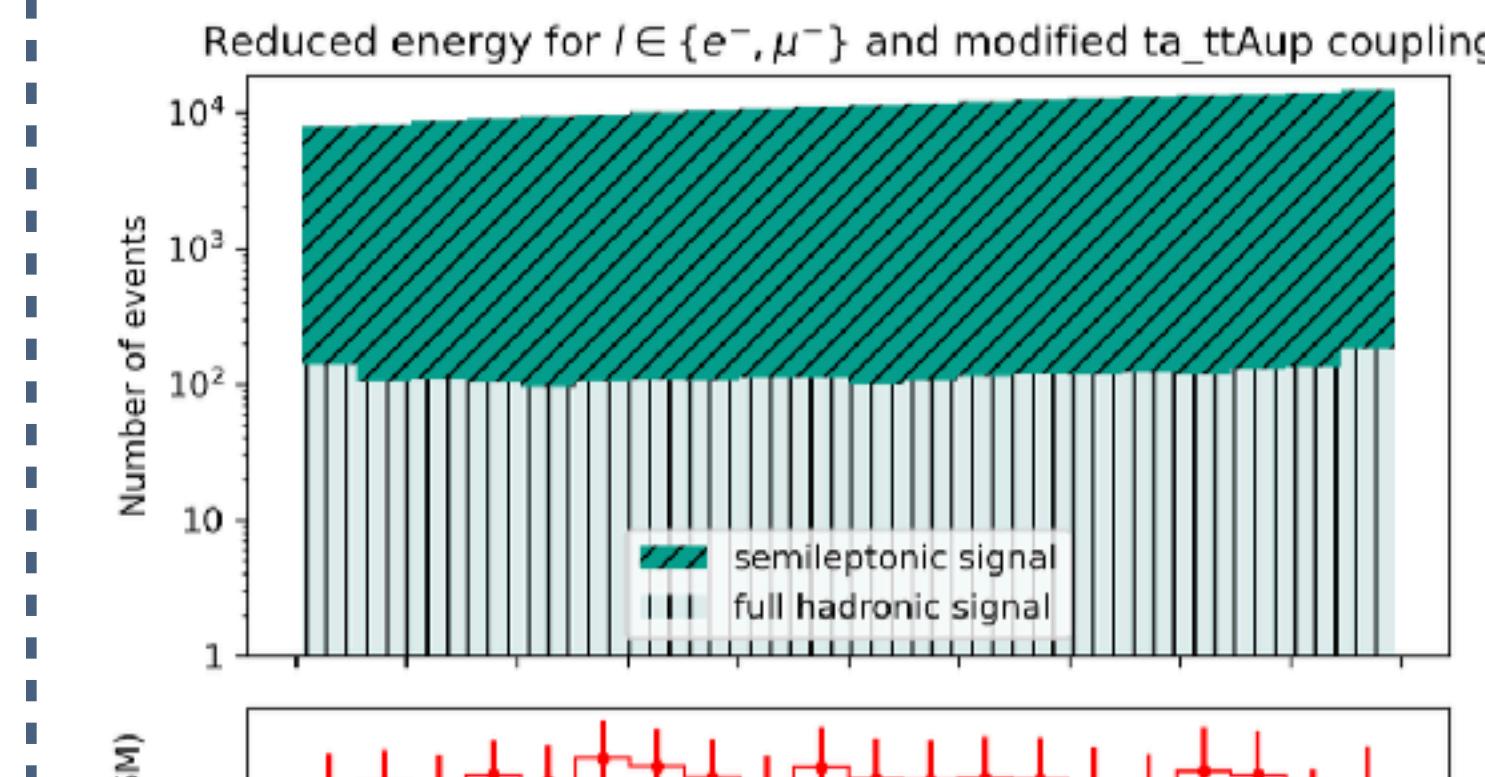
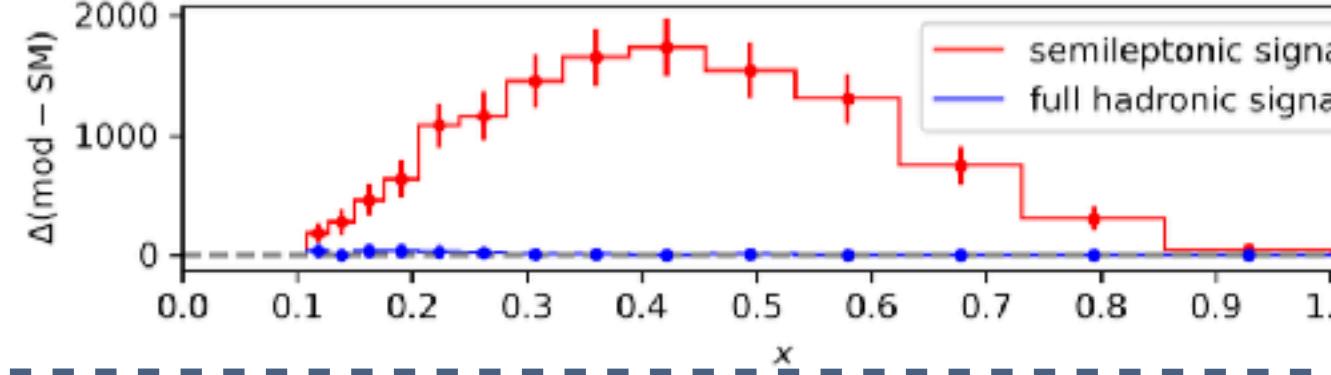
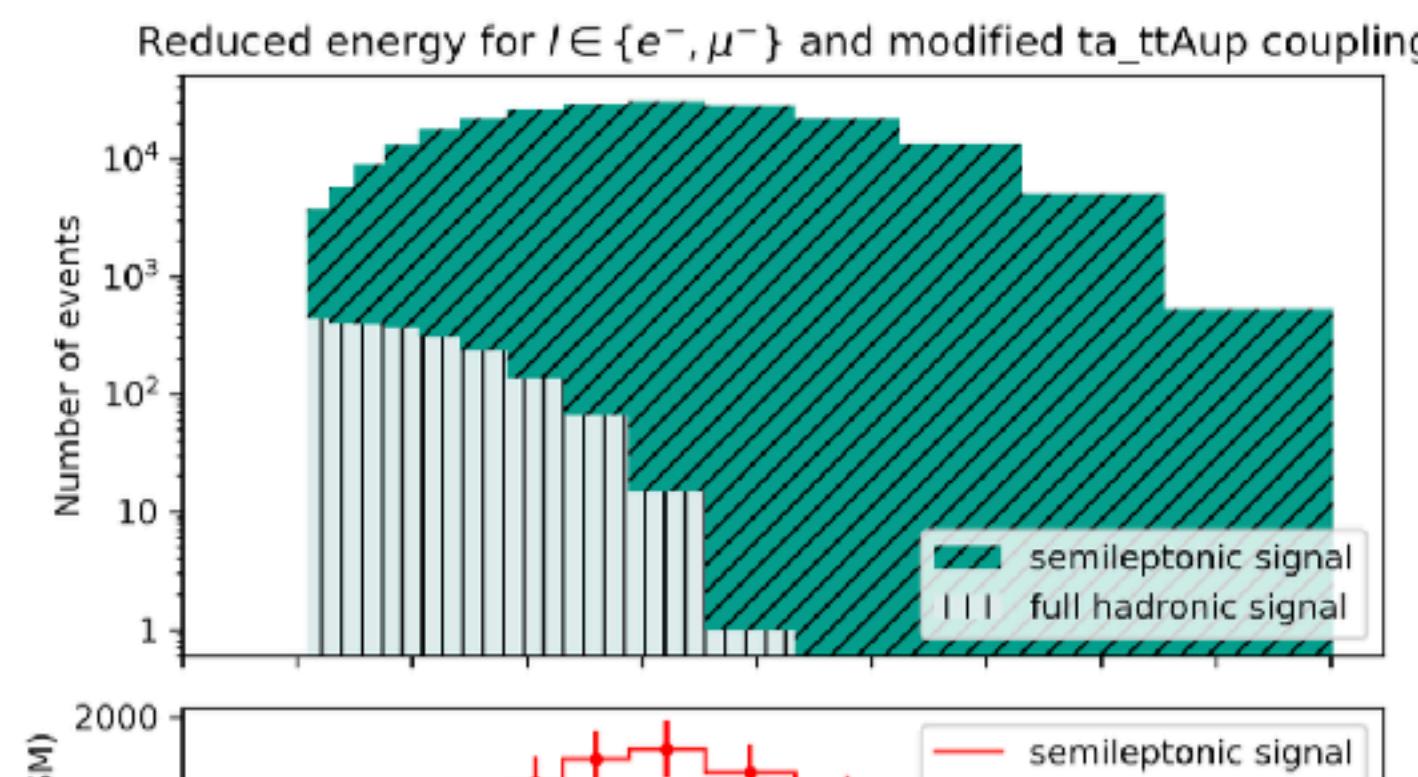
- $n_{\mu,e} > 0$ for leptons with $\Delta R(\ell, J) > 0.4$ or $E_\ell/E_J > 0.5$
- missing energy $E > 23$ GeV
- lepton momentum $p_{\text{lead}} > 13$ GeV
- PV compatibility $d_0 < 0.05$ mm, $\frac{d_0}{\sigma(d_0)} < 50$



ta_ttA variation

ta_ttA up variation

ta_ttA down variation

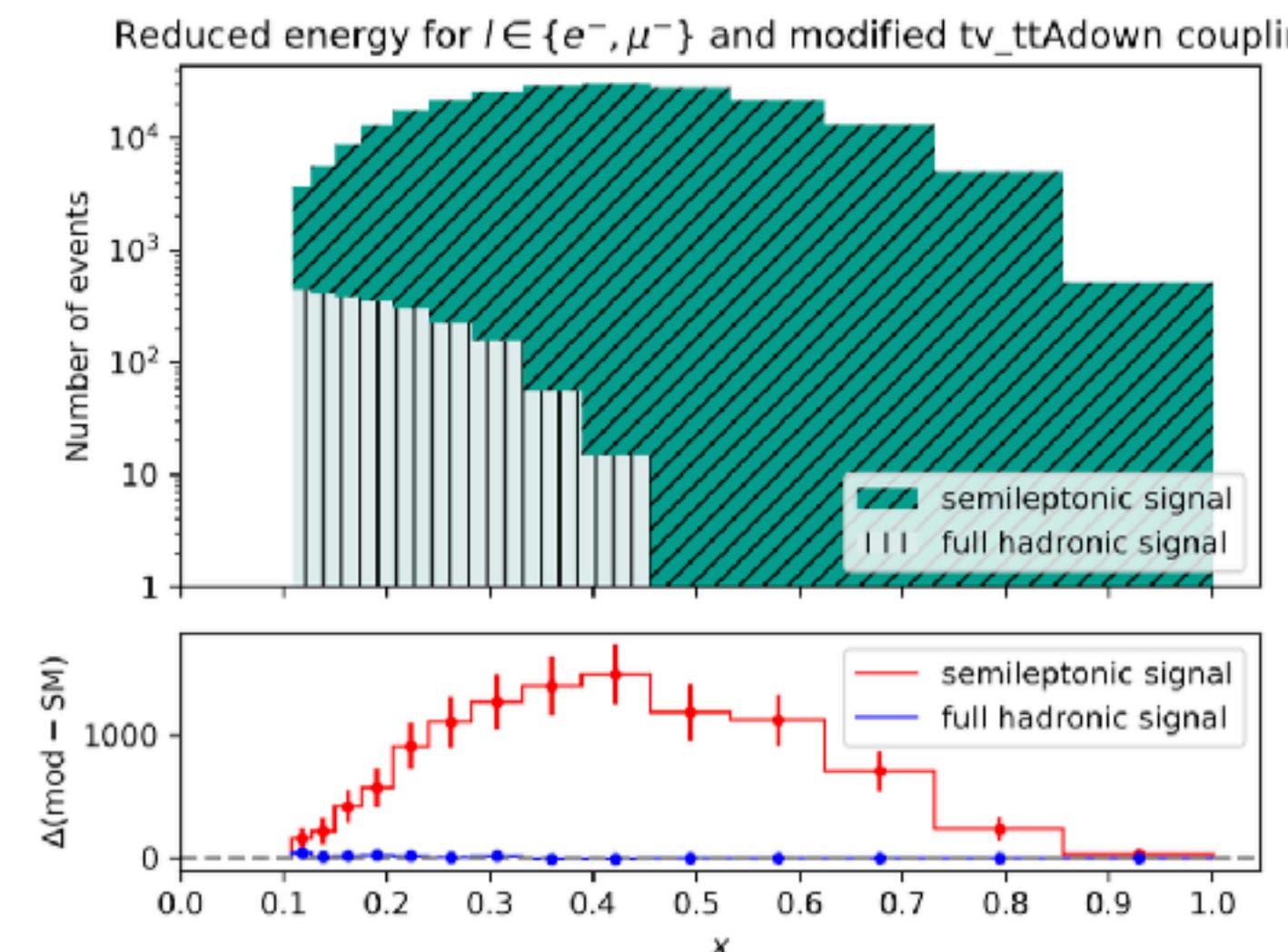


$$x \propto E_l$$

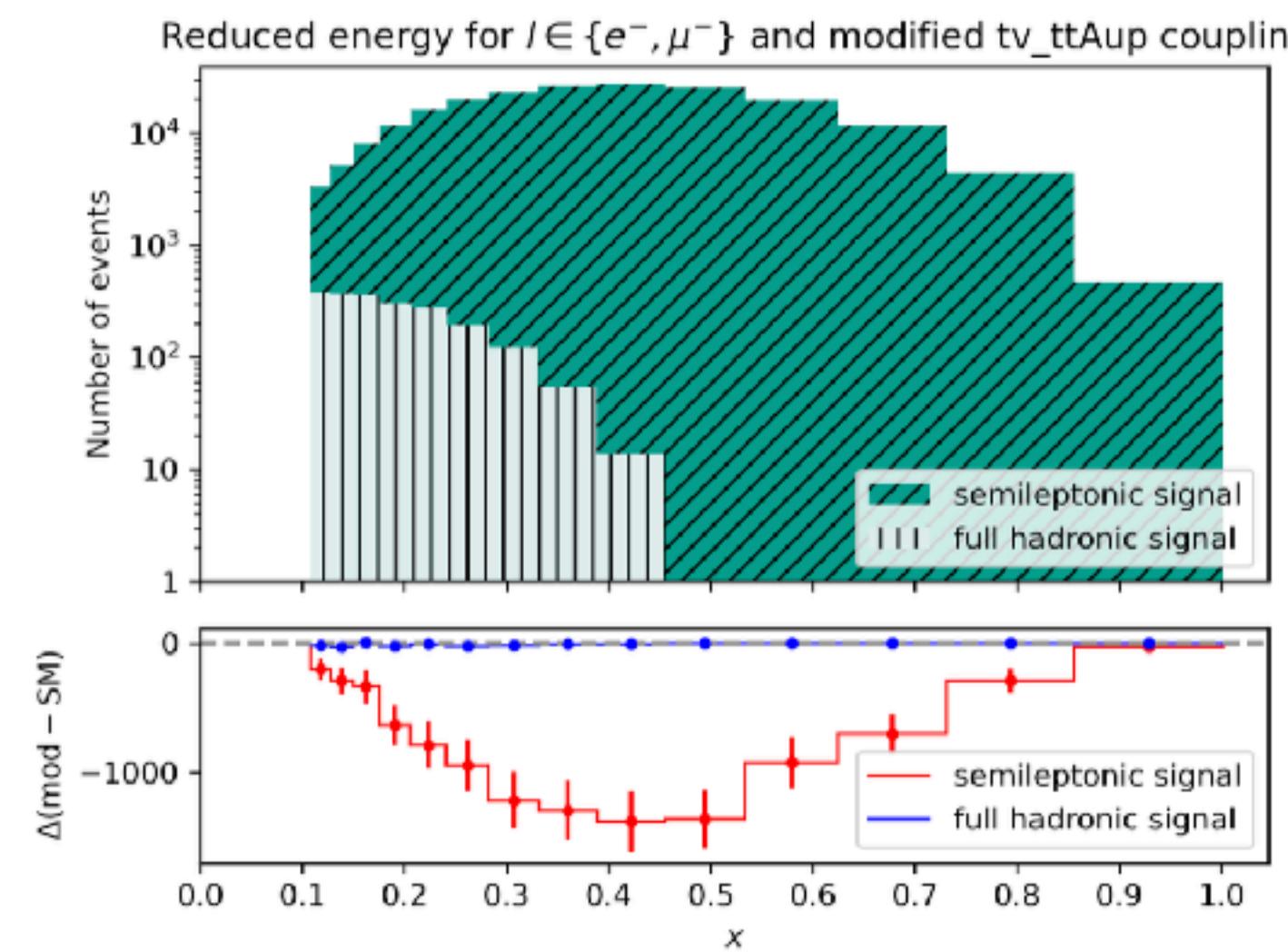
$$\cos\theta_\ell$$

tv_ttA variation

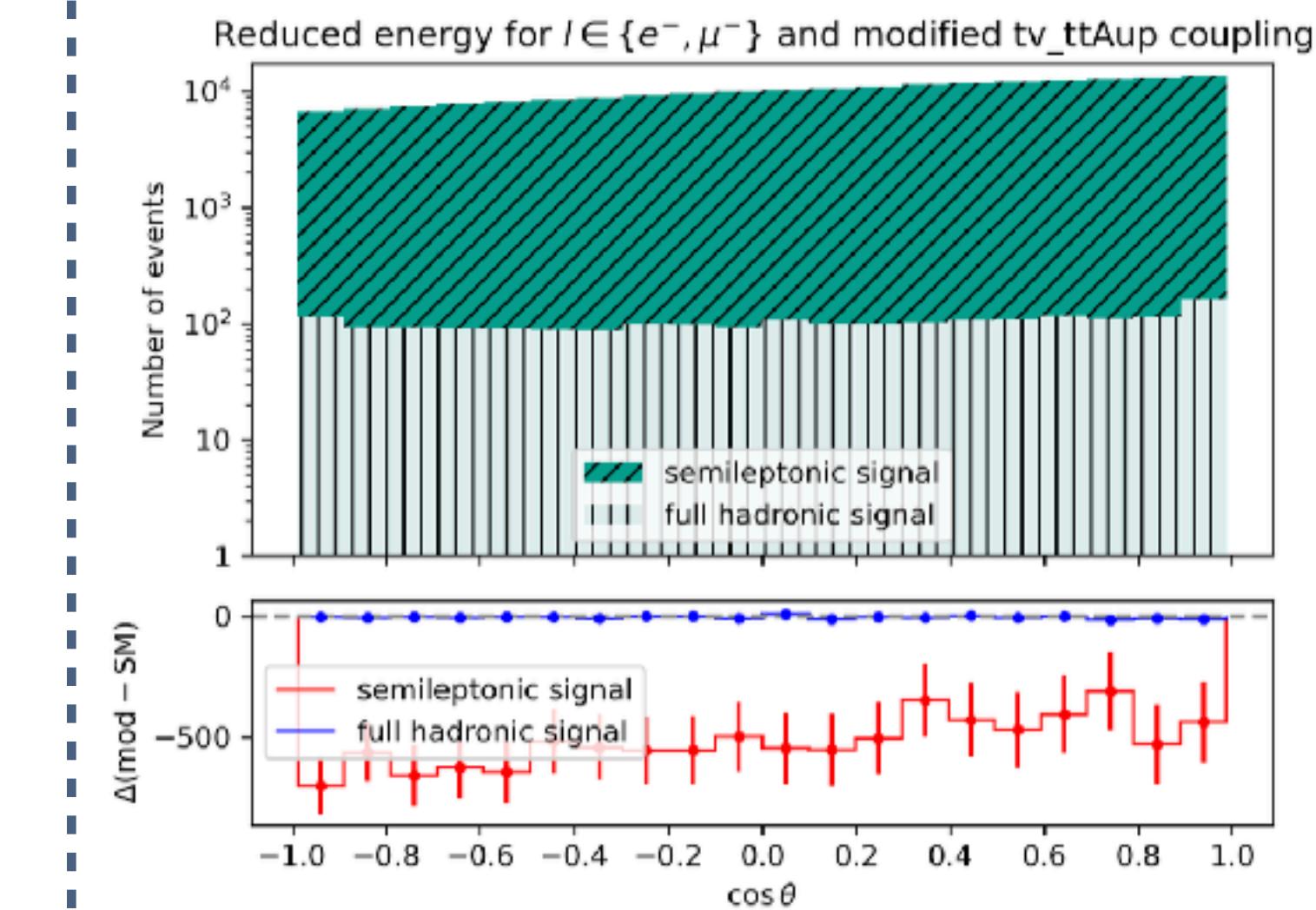
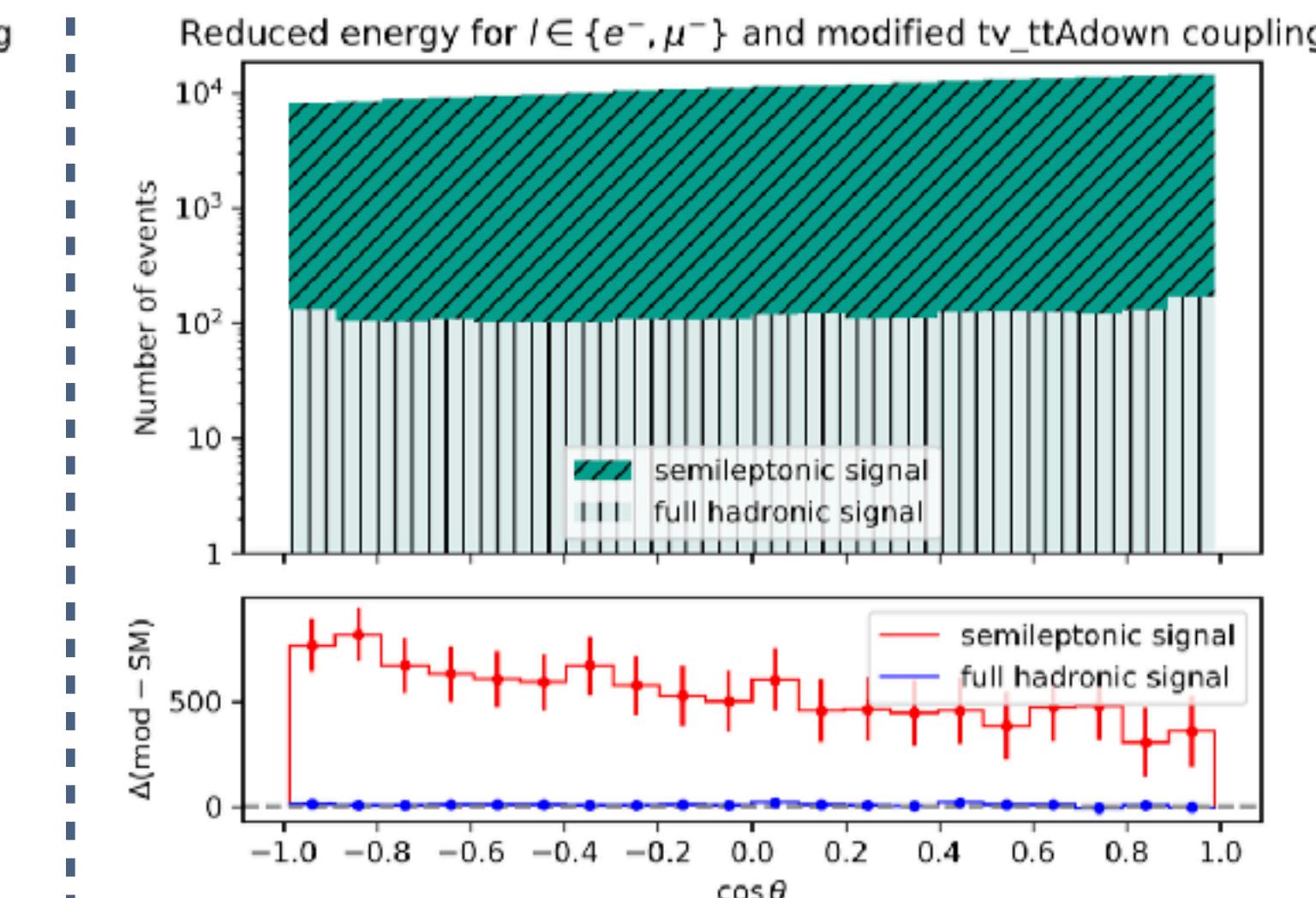
tv_ttA up variation



tv_ttA down variation



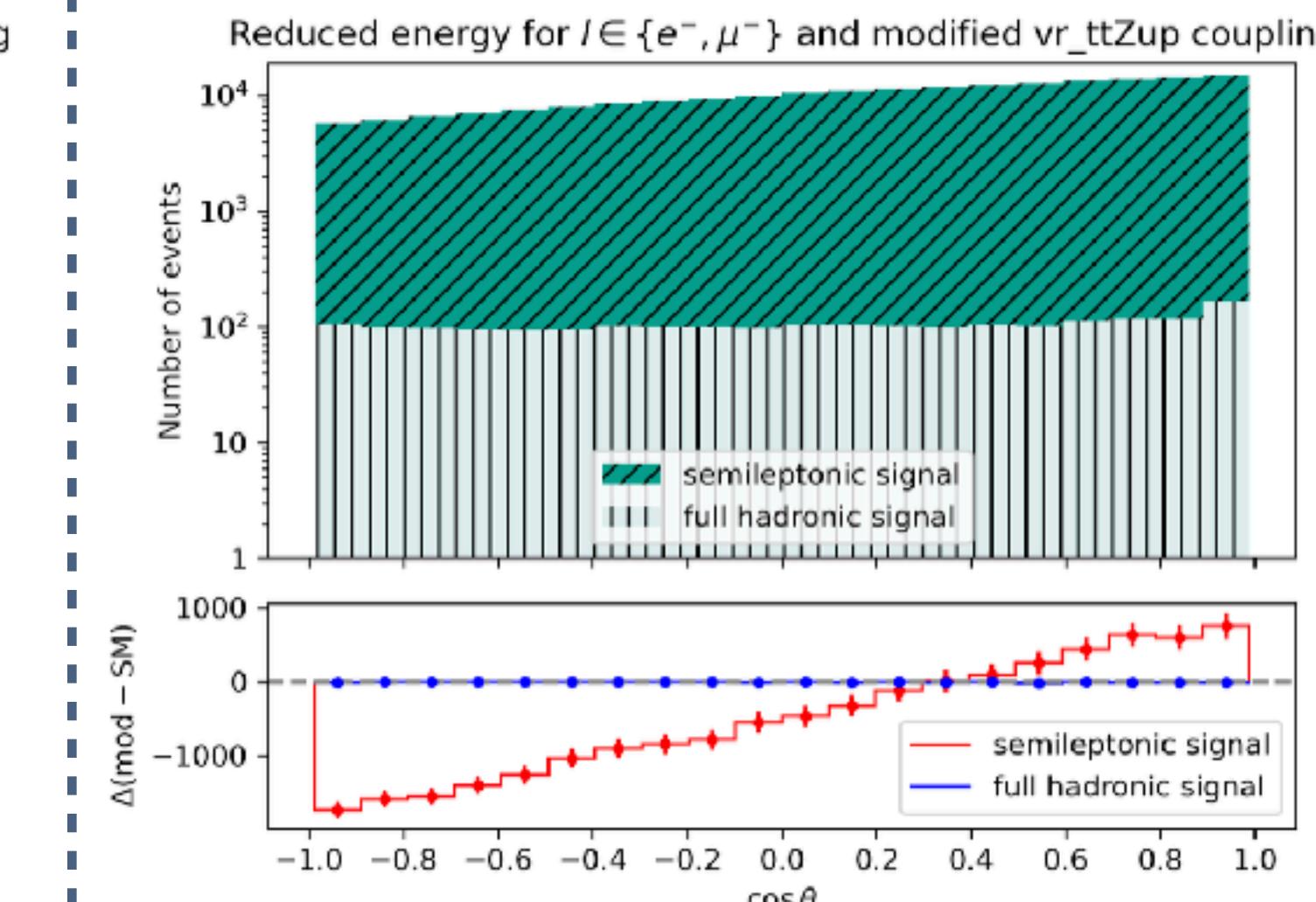
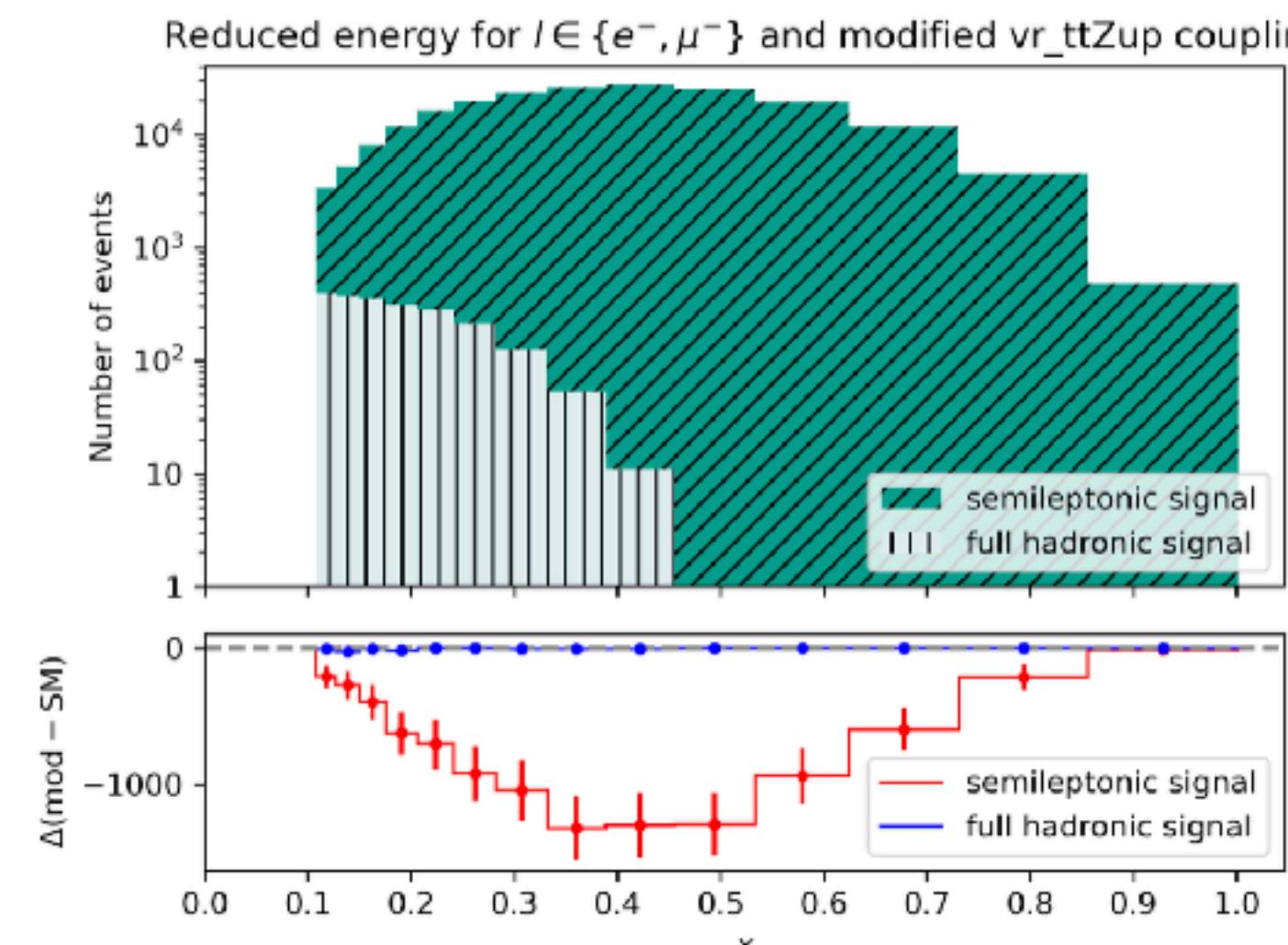
$$x \propto E_l$$



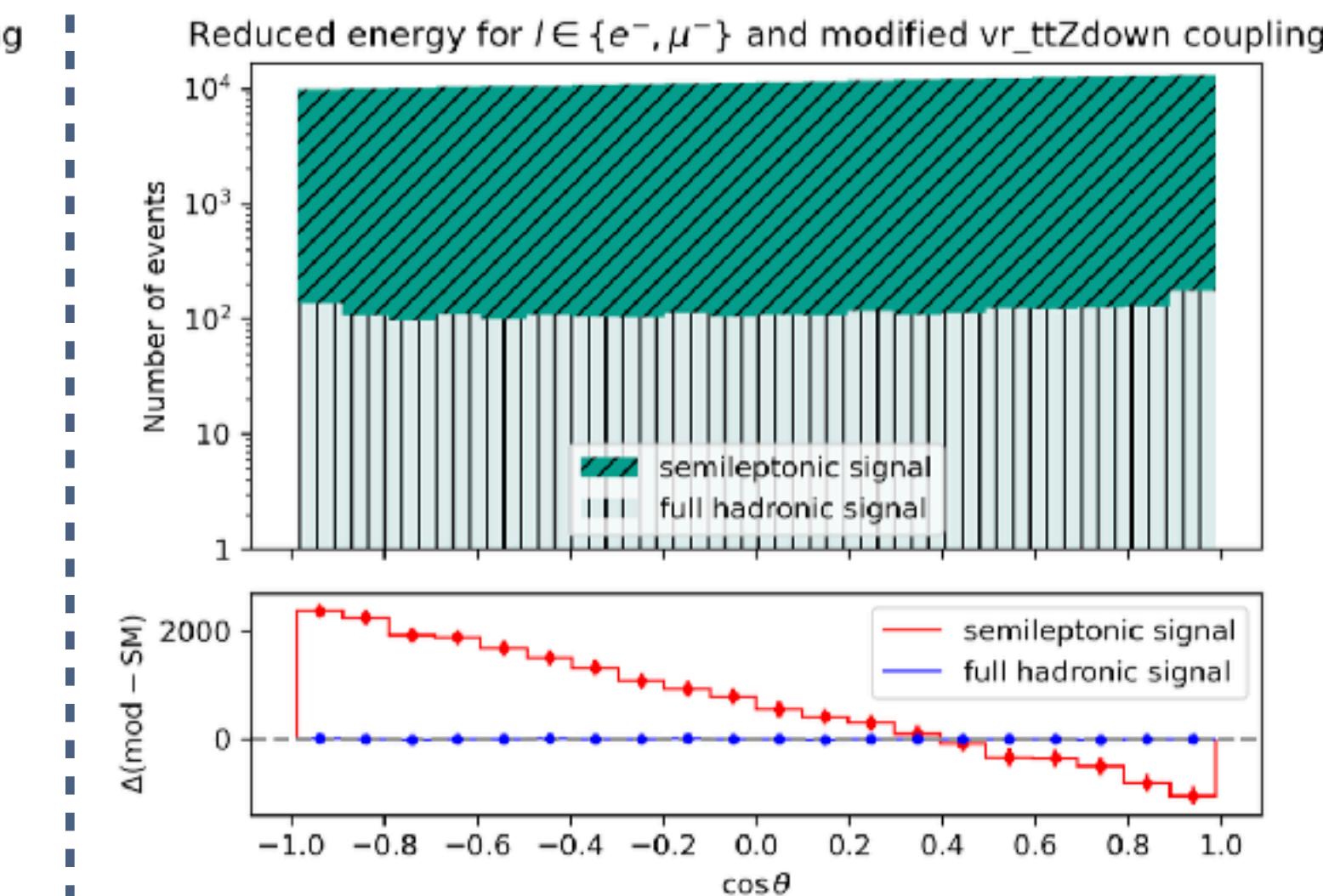
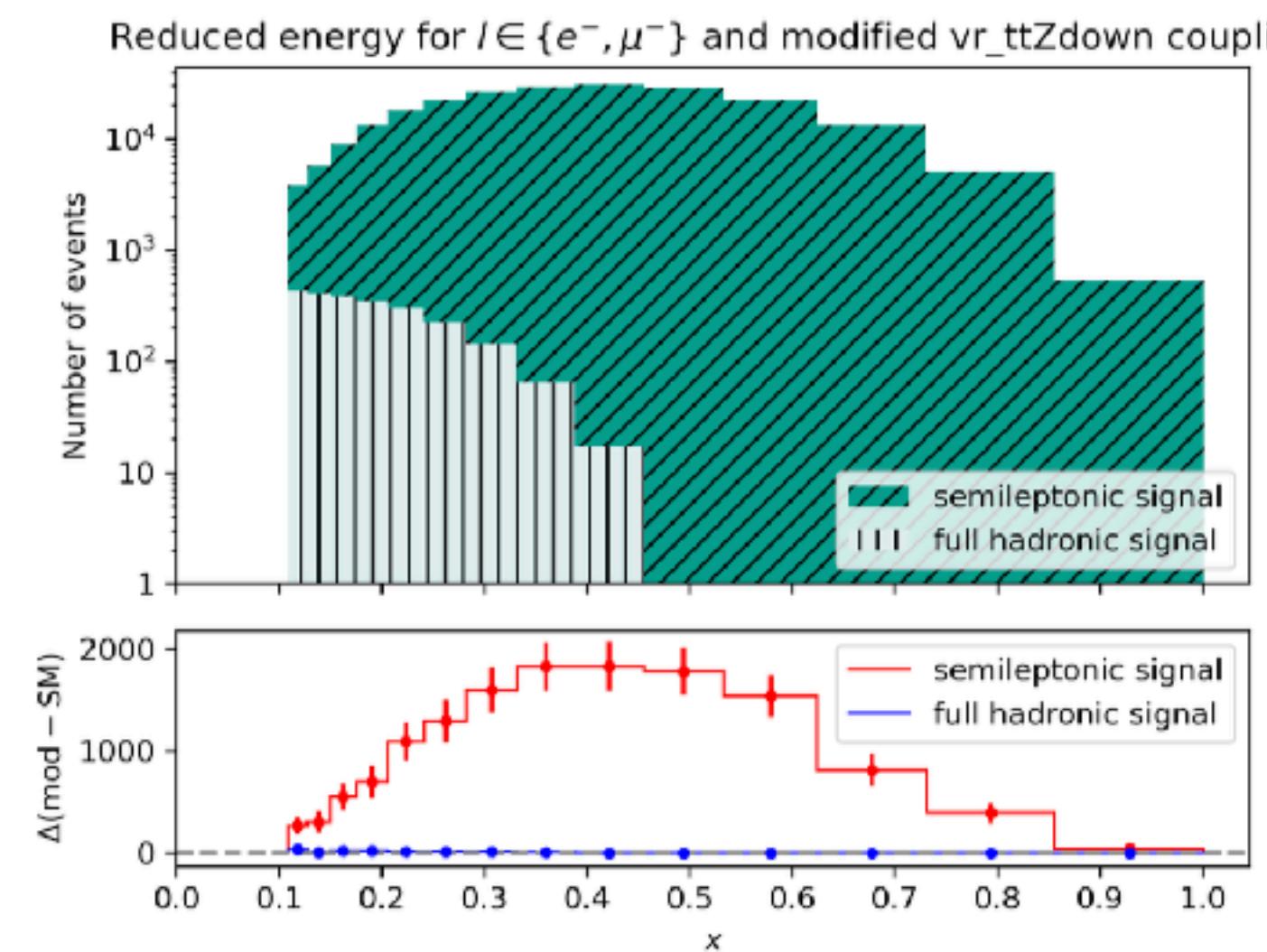
$$\cos \theta_\ell$$

vr_ttZ variation

ta_ttA up variation



ta_ttA down variation



$$x \propto E_l$$

$$\cos\theta_\ell$$

Signal sensitivity

Extracted with binned χ^2 fit, assuming SM Asimov toy data

- $ta_{ttA} = 0.00^{+1.46 \times 10^{-2}}_{-1.40 \times 10^{-2}}$
- $tv_{ttA} = 0.00^{+4.20 \times 10^{-4}}_{-3.92 \times 10^{-4}}$
- $vr_{ttZ} = 0.00^{+3.86 \times 10^{-3}}_{-2.89 \times 10^{-3}}$

More work ongoing

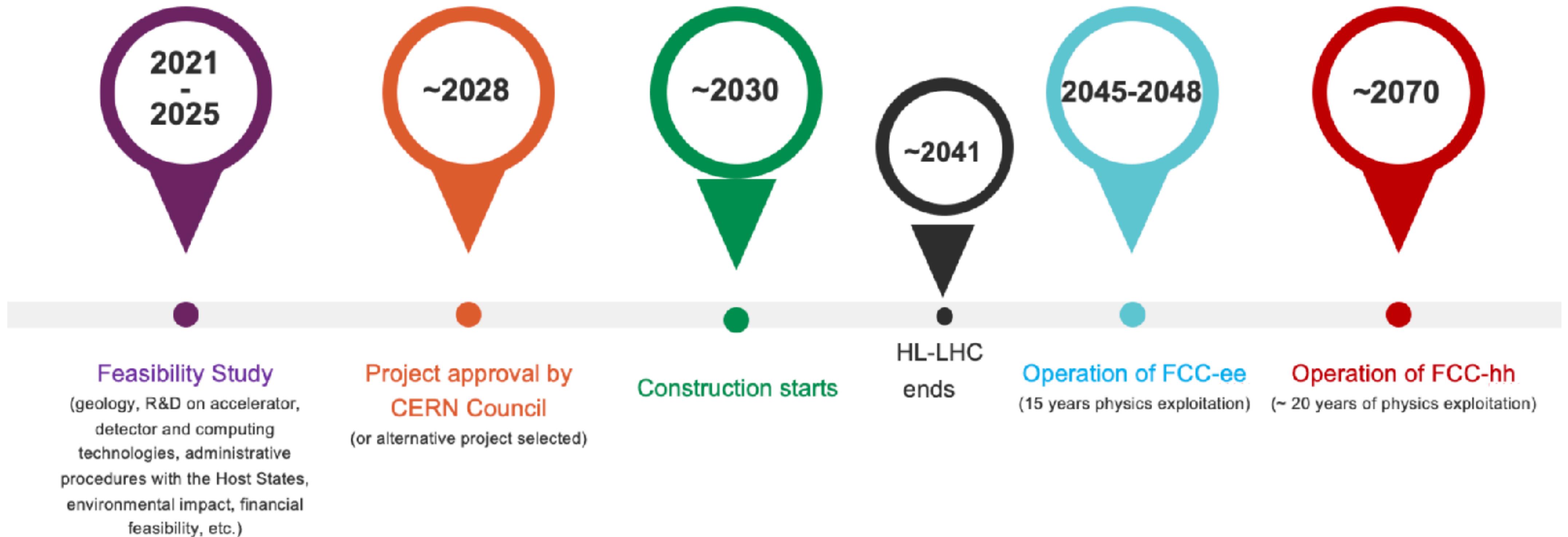
- Compare these results to the form factor parametrization in ref ([10.1007/JHEP04\(2015\)182](https://doi.org/10.1007/JHEP04(2015)182))
- Consider coupling modifications in EFT framework

Summary

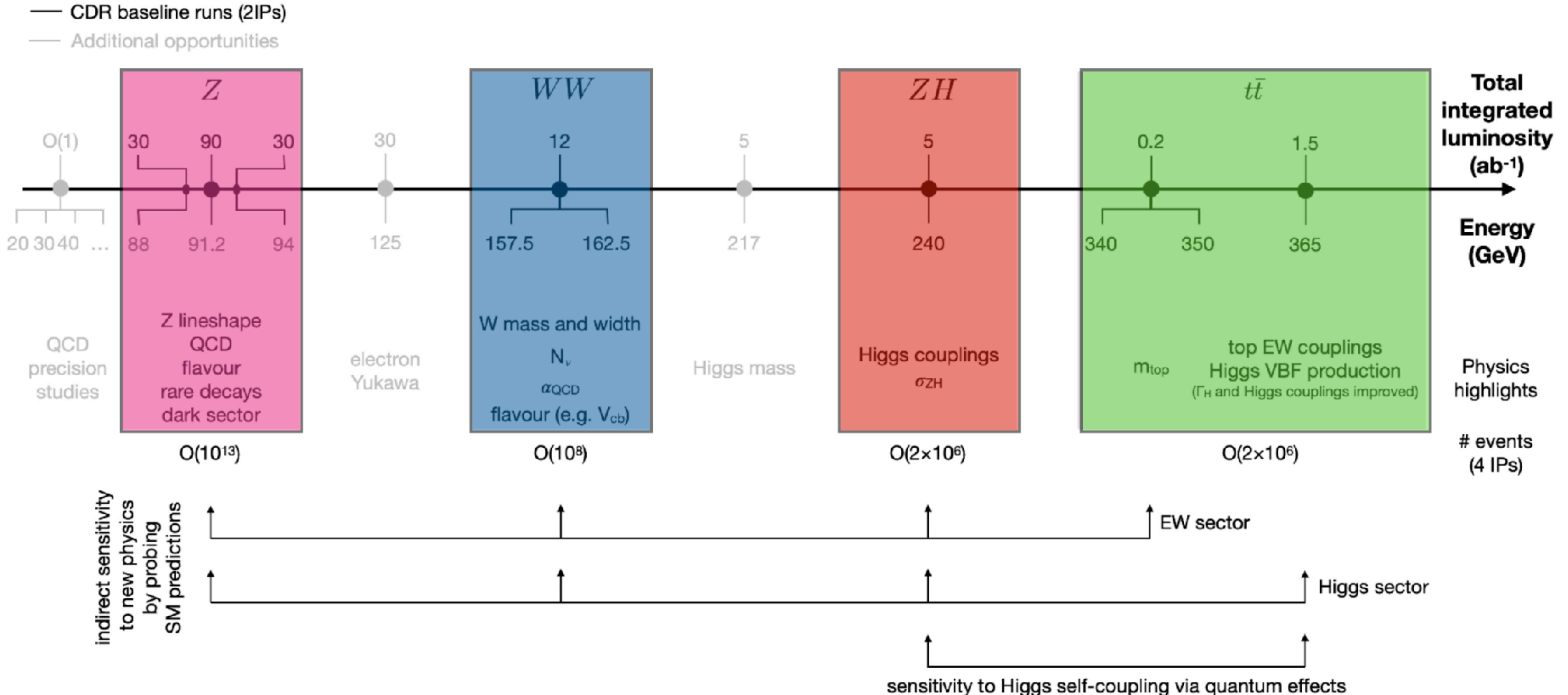
- Clean $t\bar{t}$ dataset at FCC-ee, offering unique opportunities
- Two examples presented
 - $|V_{ts}|$ from $t \rightarrow Ws$ decay
 - Model-independent direct measurement
 - (Preliminary) $\sigma(|V_{ts}|) \sim 10\%$
 - ttZ and $t\gamma\gamma$ couplings from differential cross section
 - Sensitivity from energy and angular distribution of decay products, not relying on beam polarization
- Promising results from both studies, more work on the way

Backup

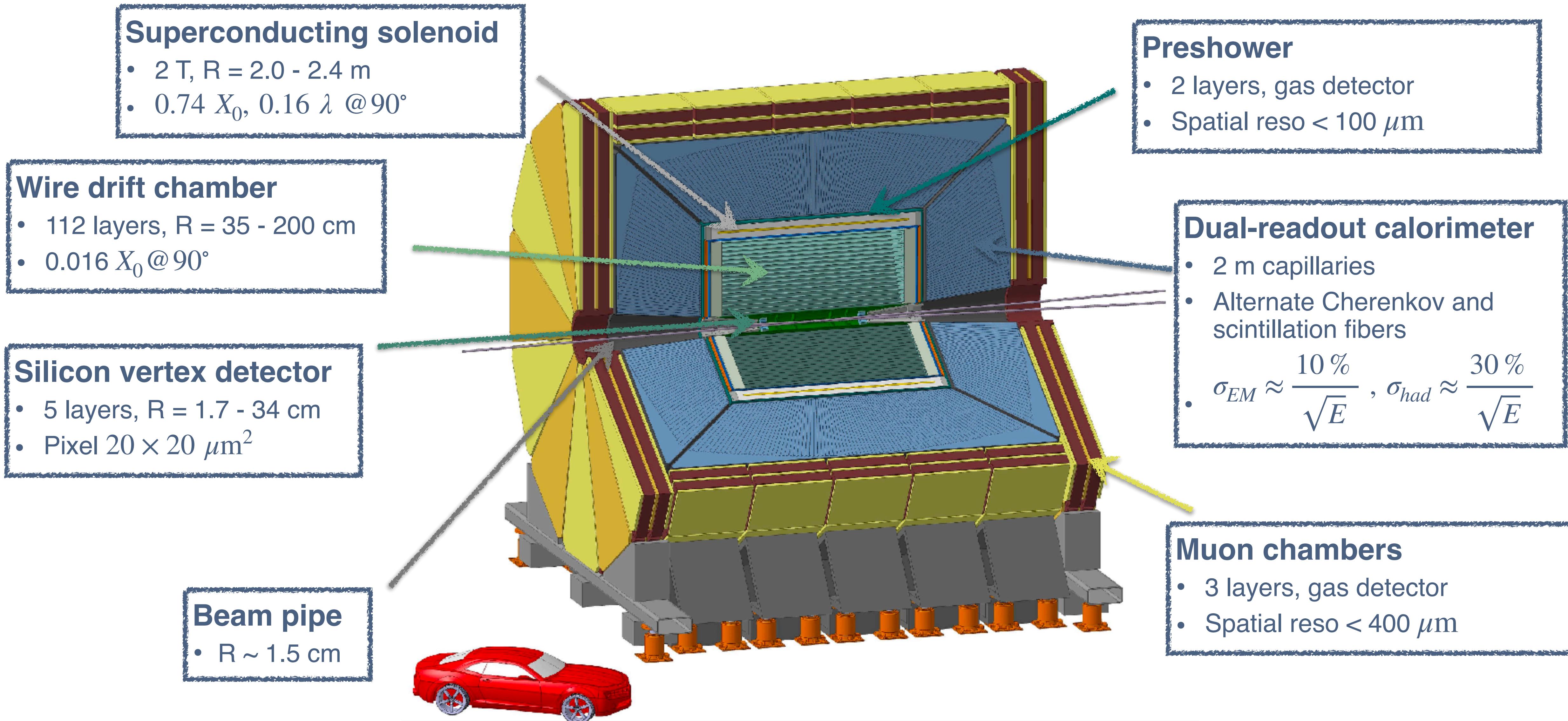
schedule



FCC-ee program



IDEA detector

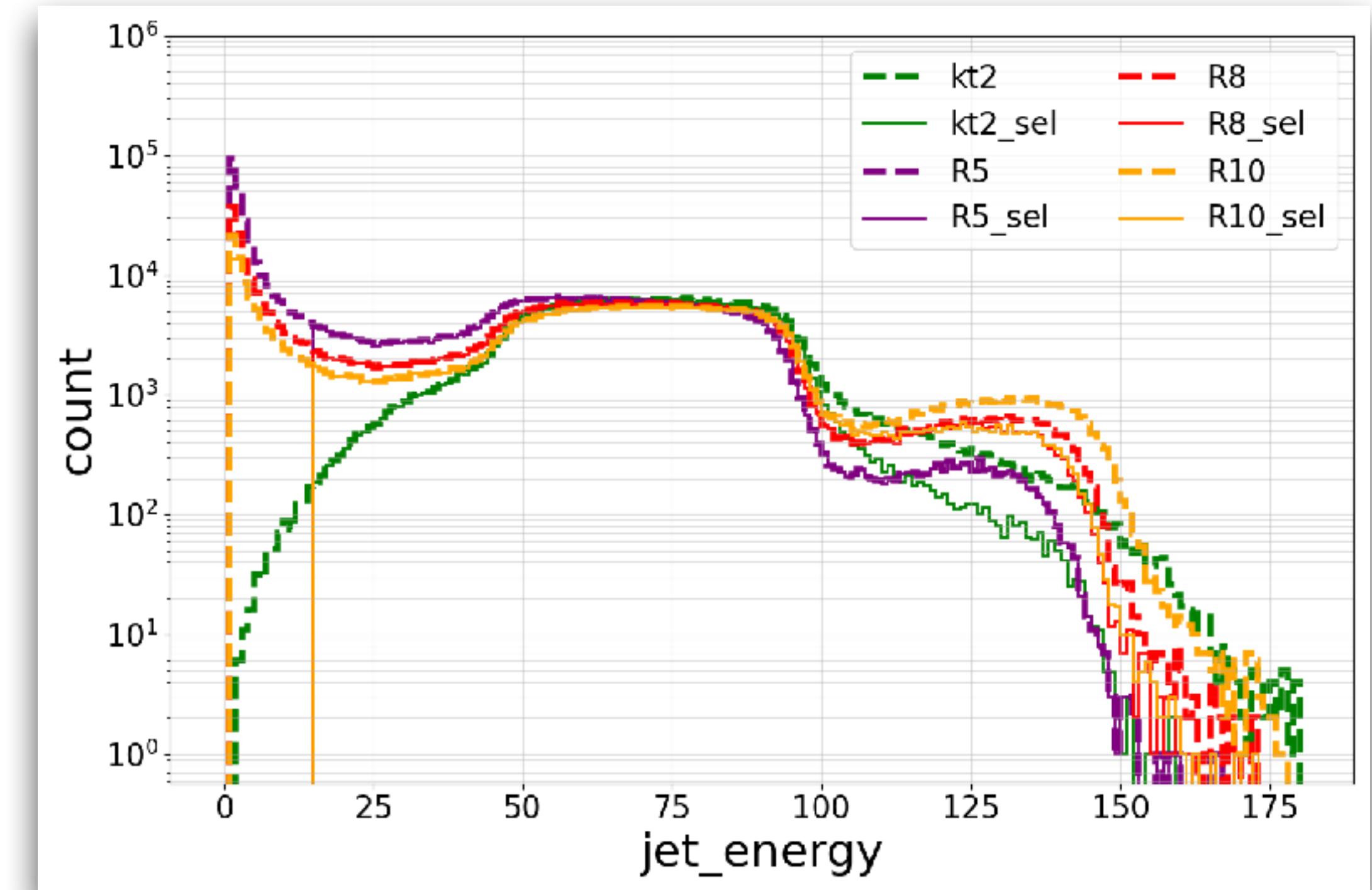
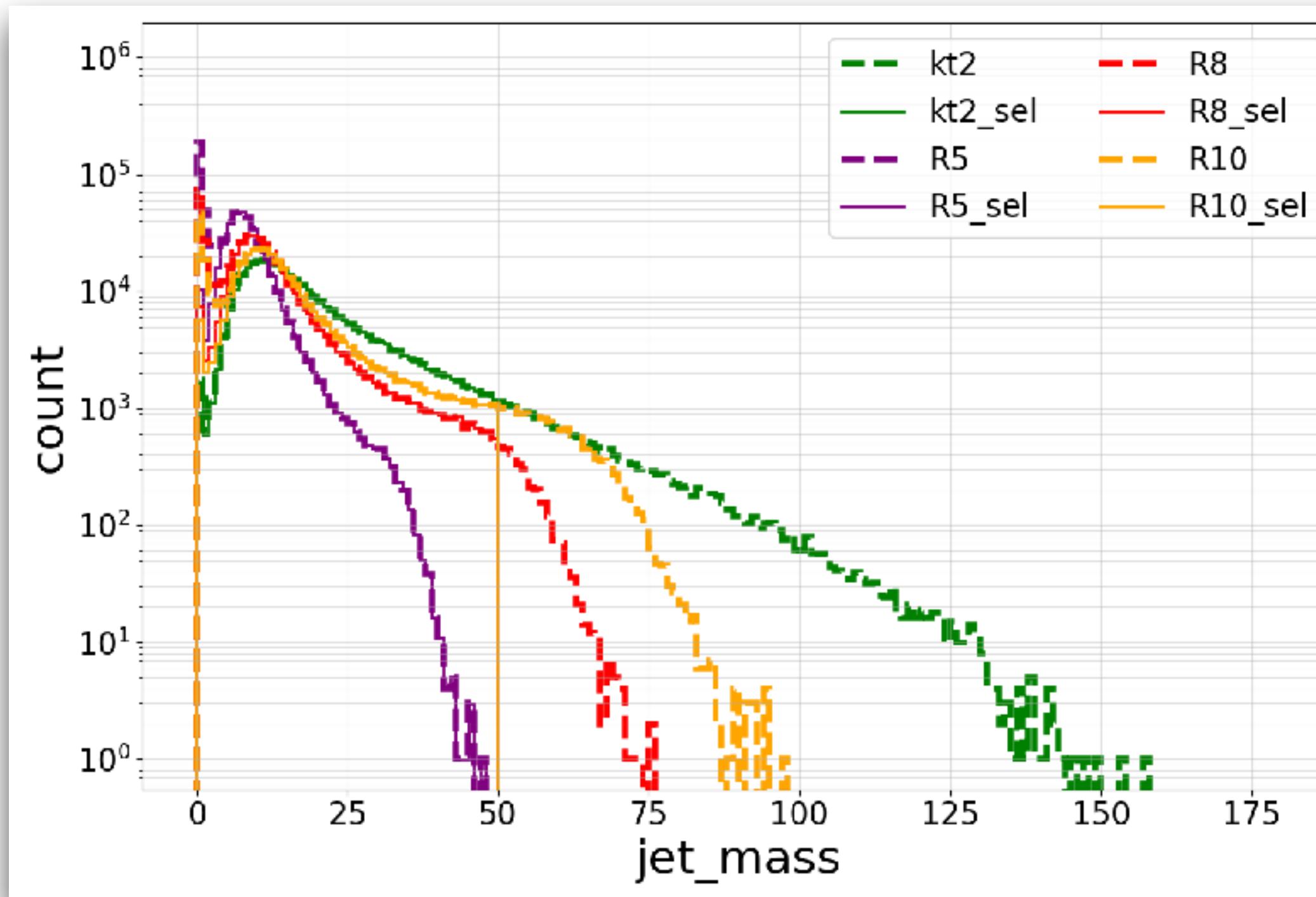


Jet definition



- In **dileptonic** events, the kt2 is the most correct
- A lot of low energy jets in the inclusive jet collections
- After jet selection, profiles of the inclusive jets look similar to the kt2 jets

jet sel:
 $m(j) < 50 \text{ GeV}$ and
 $E(j) > 15 \text{ GeV}$

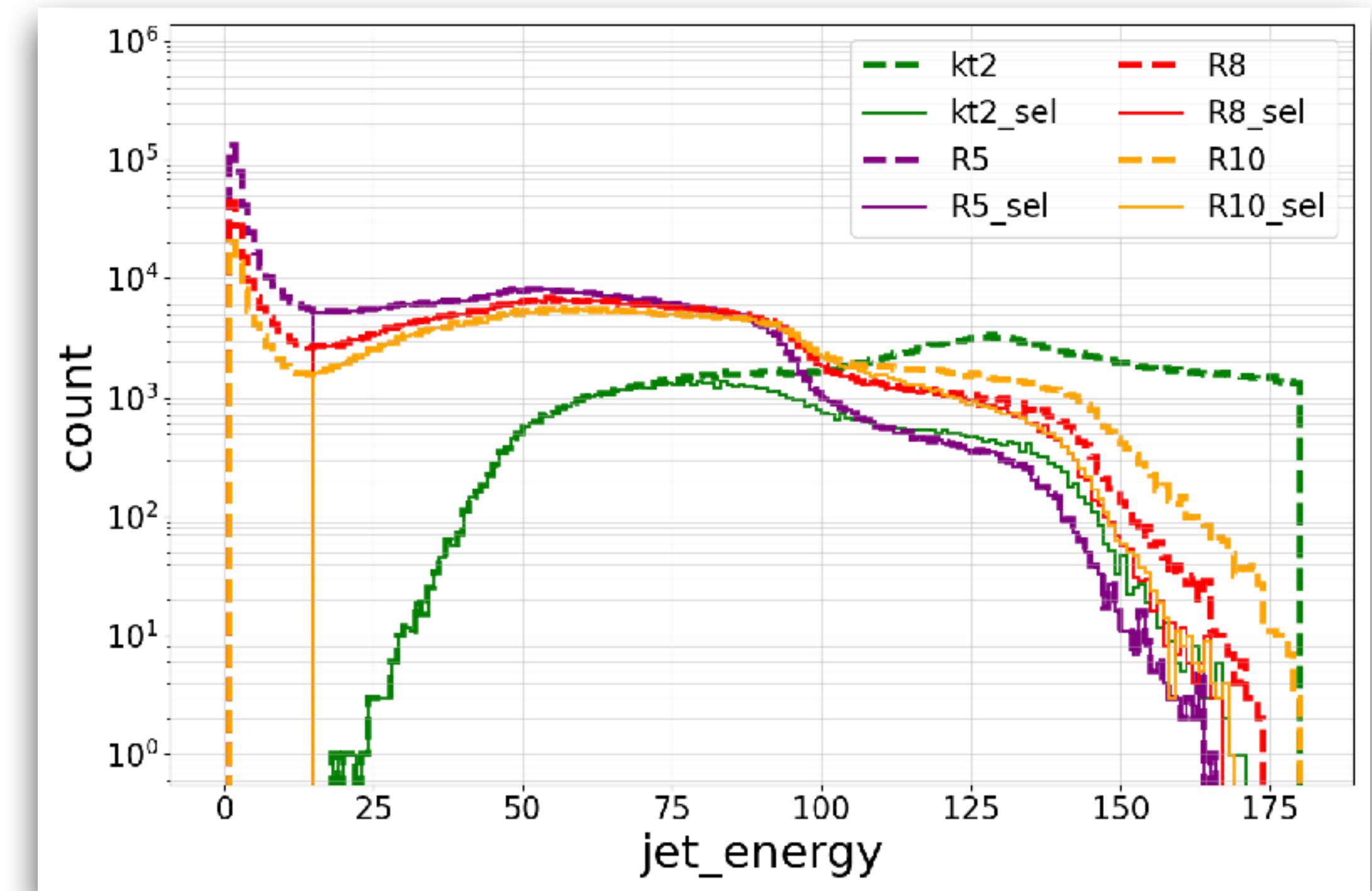
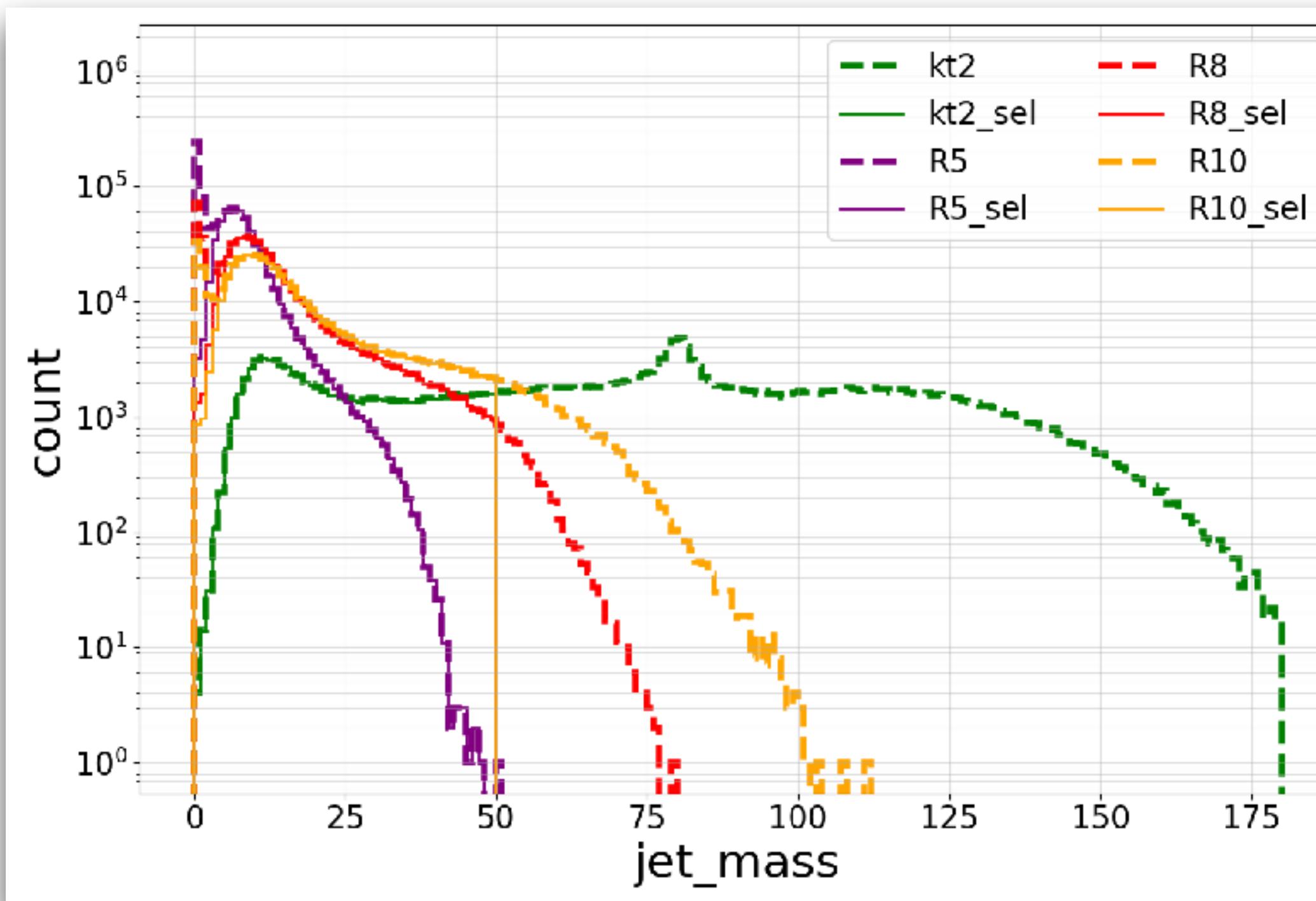


Jet definition

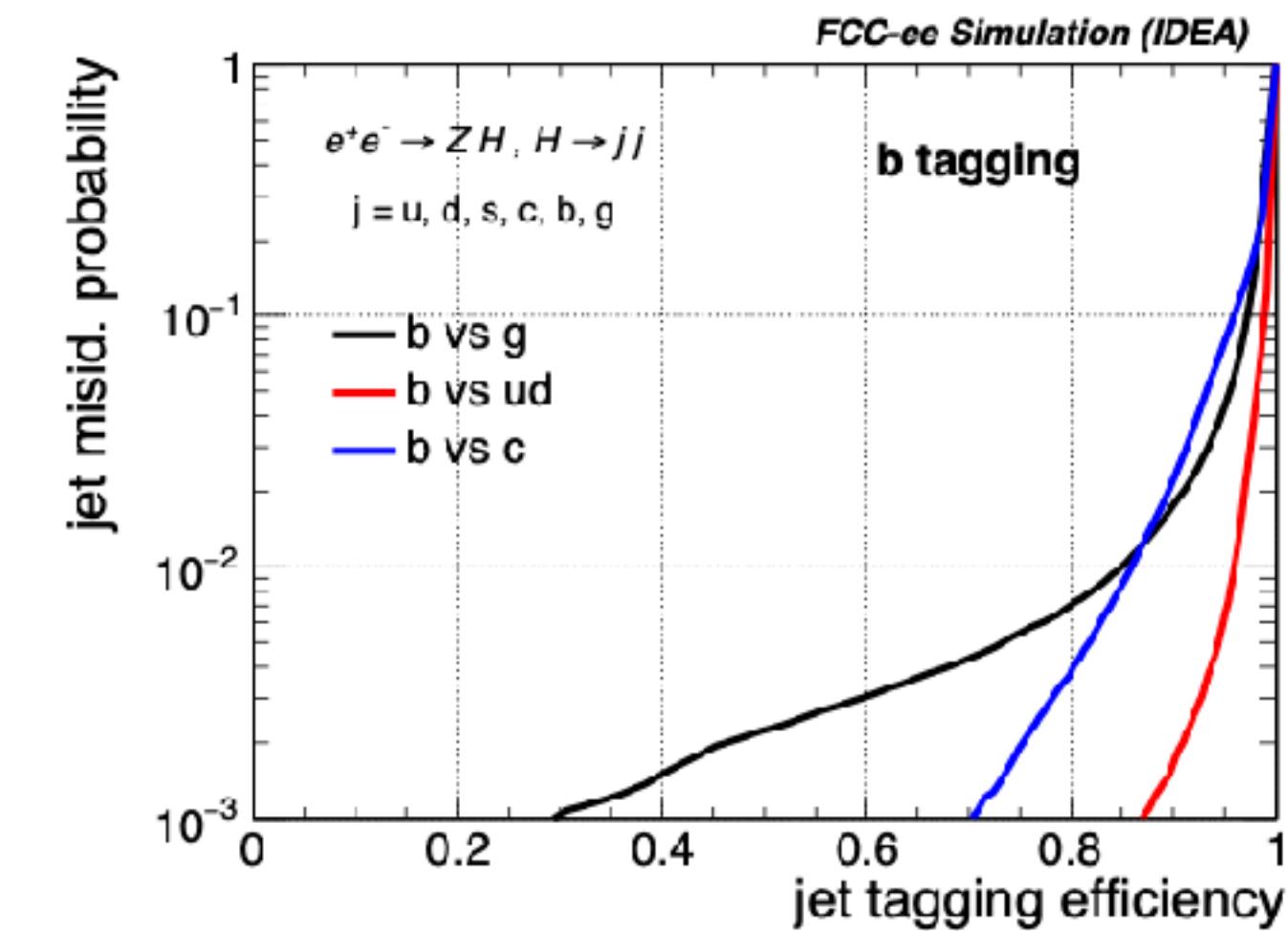


- In **semileptonic Wcs** events, the kt2 biased
- Inclusive clustering gives stable performance
- Kinematic profiles with different jet radius definitions are somewhat consistent

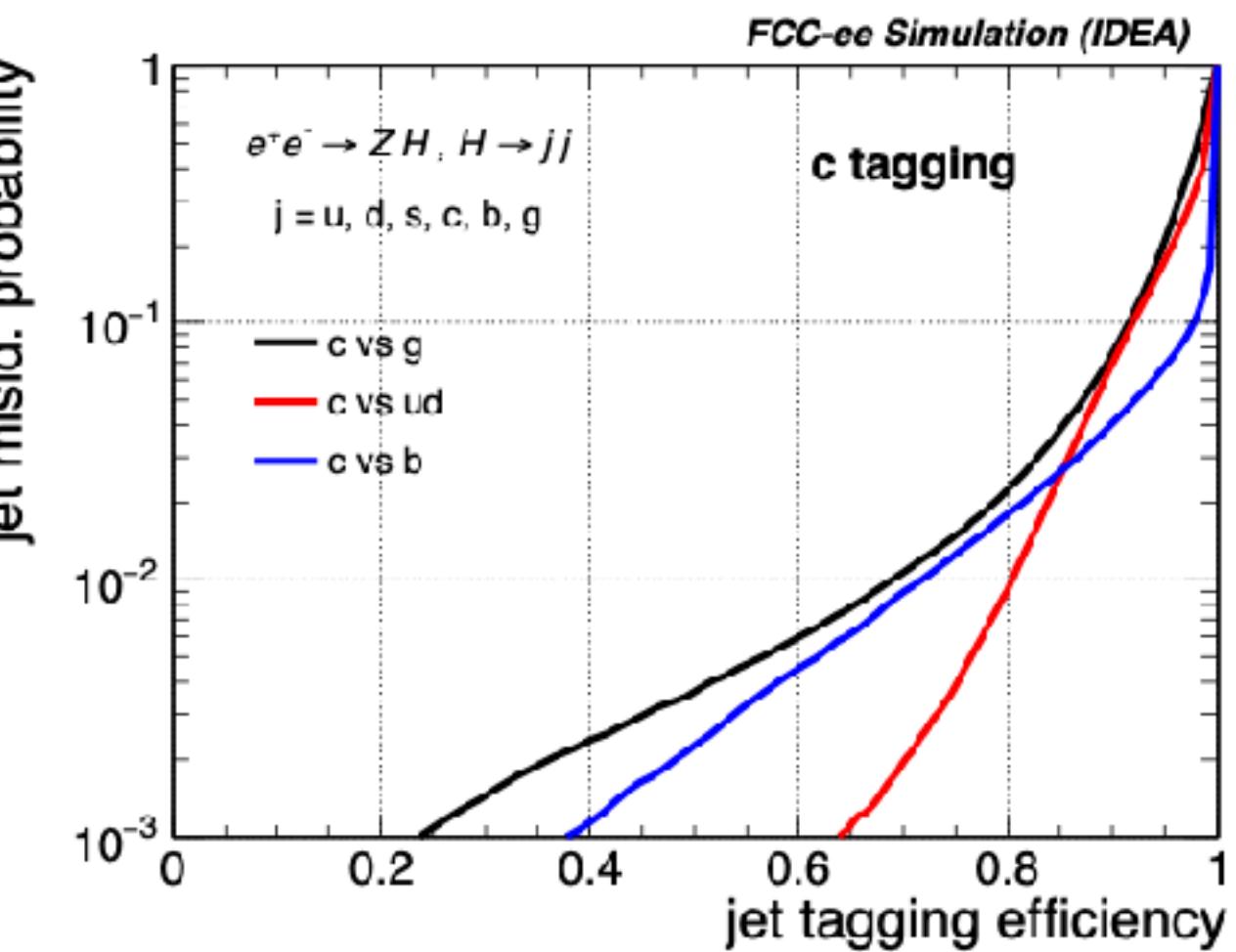
jet sel:
 $m(j) < 50 \text{ GeV}$ and
 $E(j) > 15 \text{ GeV}$



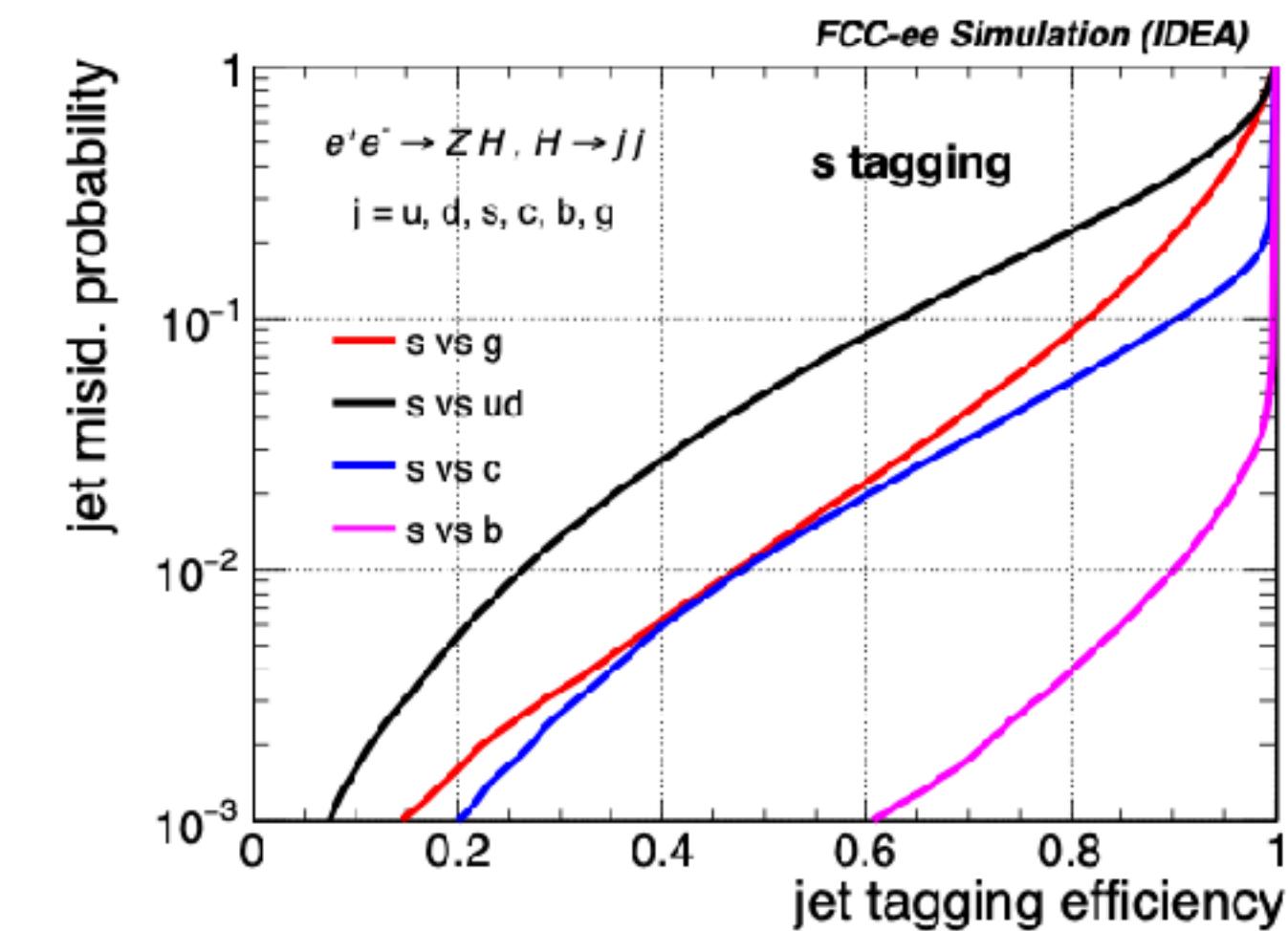
flavor tagging



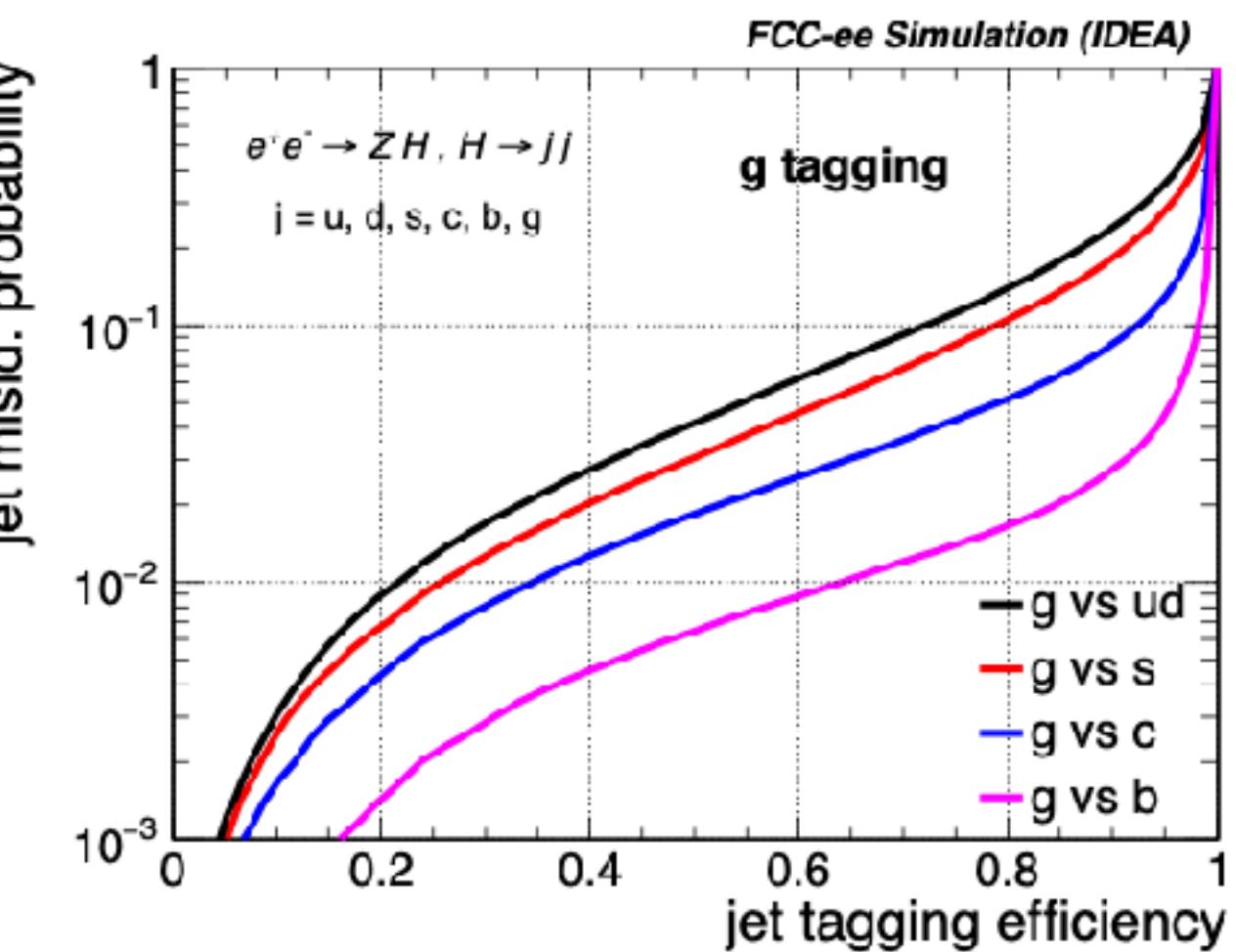
(a)



(b)



(c)

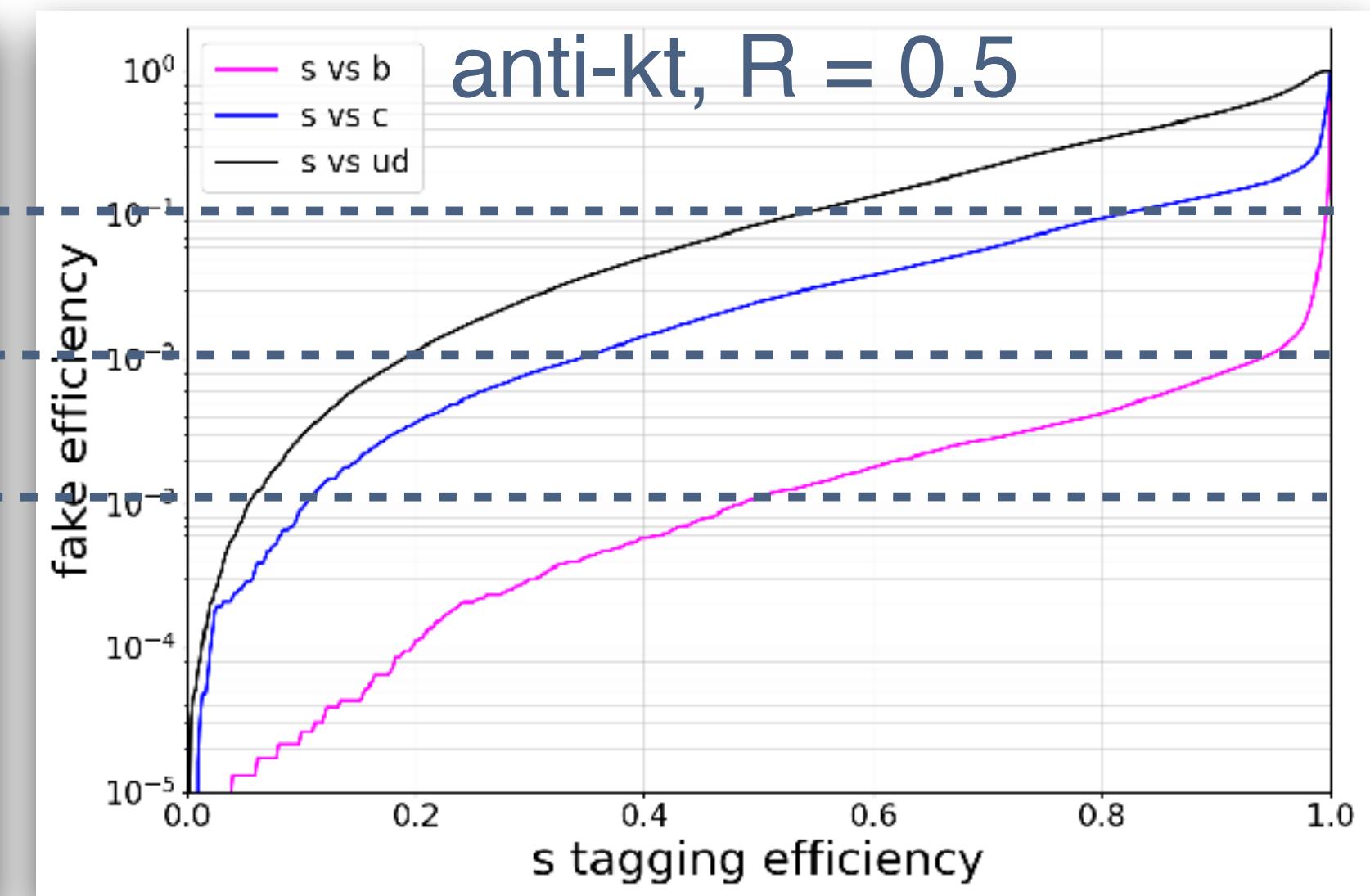
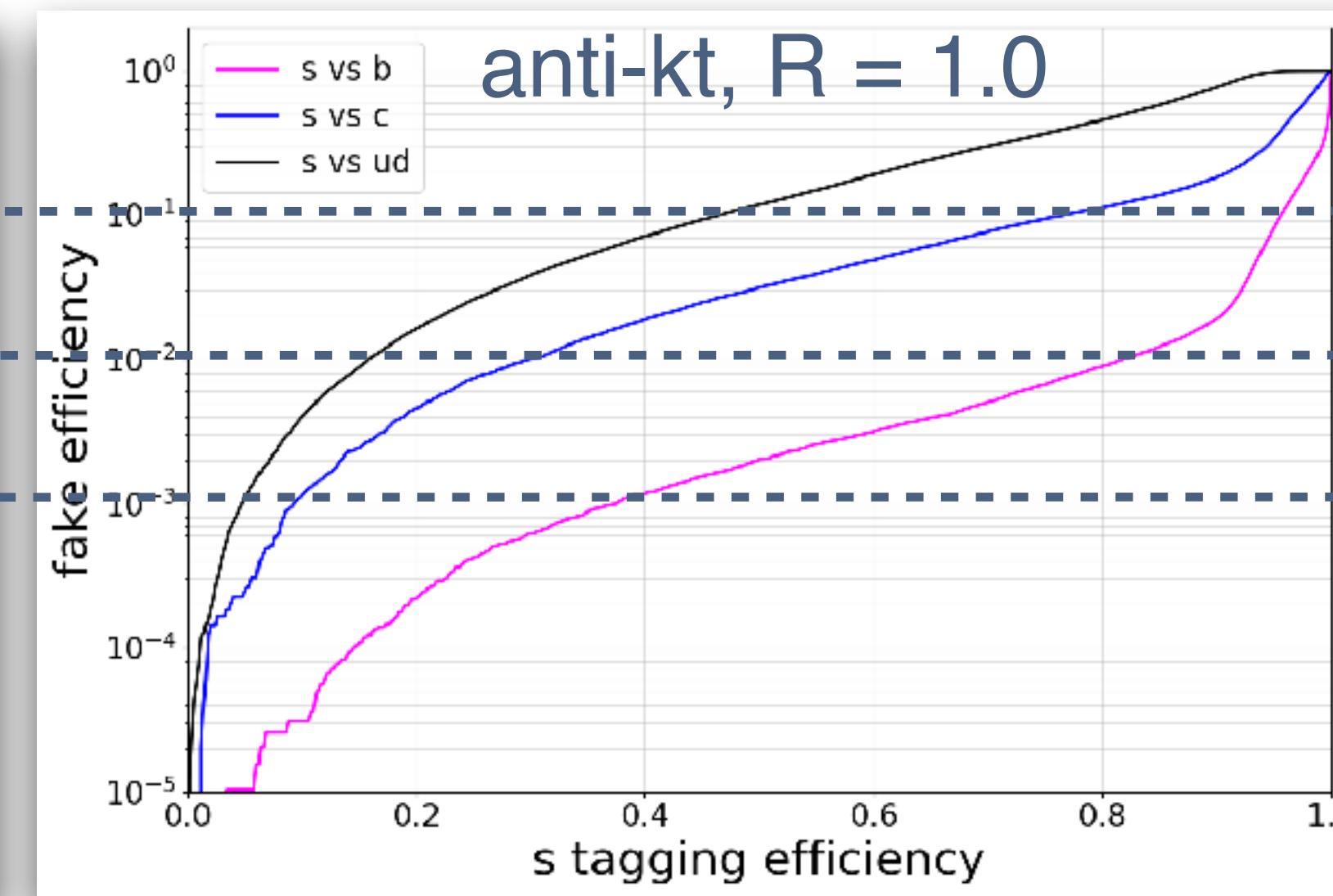
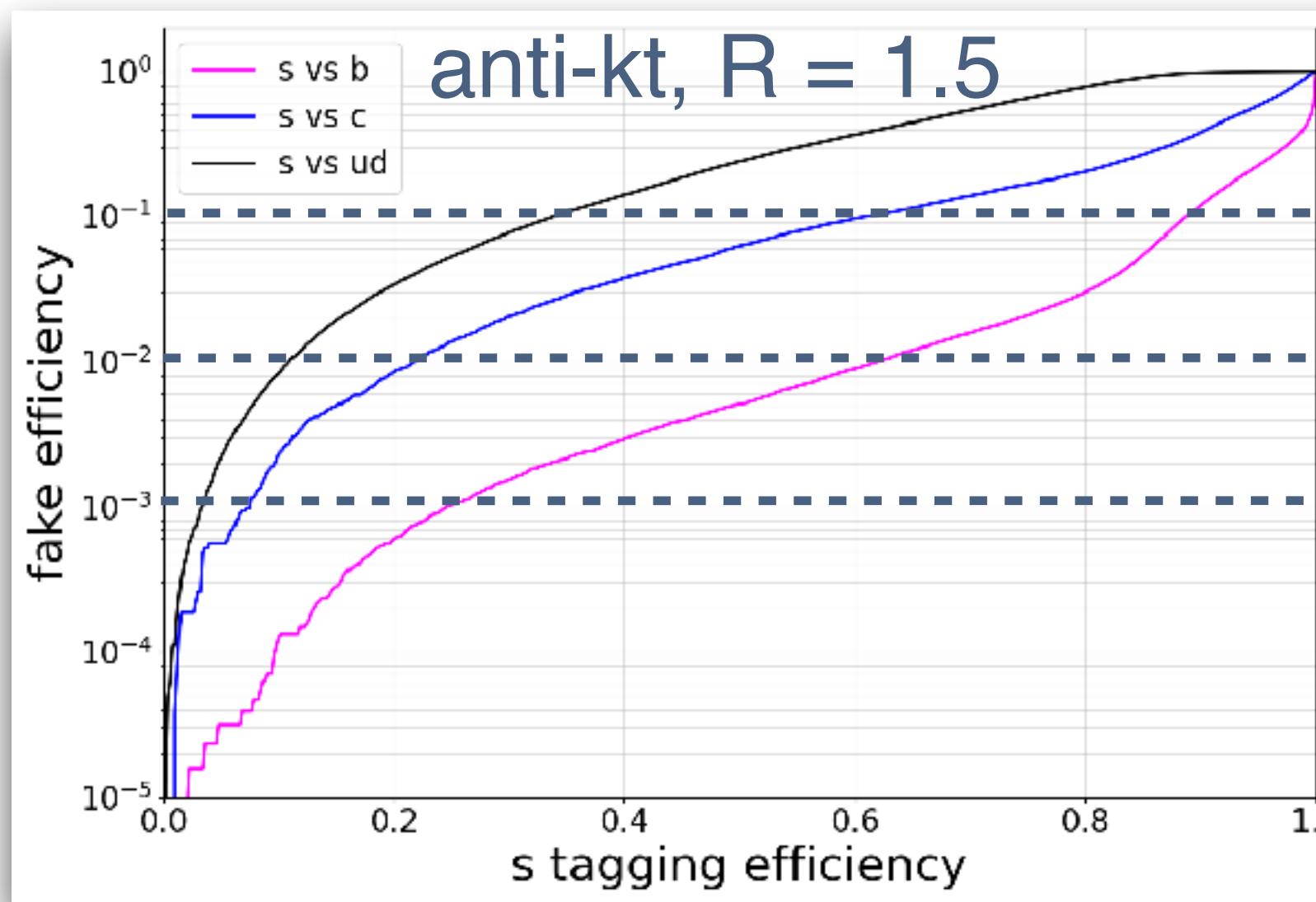


[EPJC 82, 646 \(2022\)](#)

(d)

semileptonic events

- Comparing inclusive clustering algo with different jet radii
- Performance with inclusive jets is in general better than those with exclusive jets
- Performance seems to be better with small R jets
 - Large jets may have multiple heavy-flavor constituents



semileptonic events



- Compare exclusive clustering algo with different numbers of jets
- s-tagging performance is better if the jet reconstruction is more appropriate
- But not matching the performance from the training

correct jet assignment

