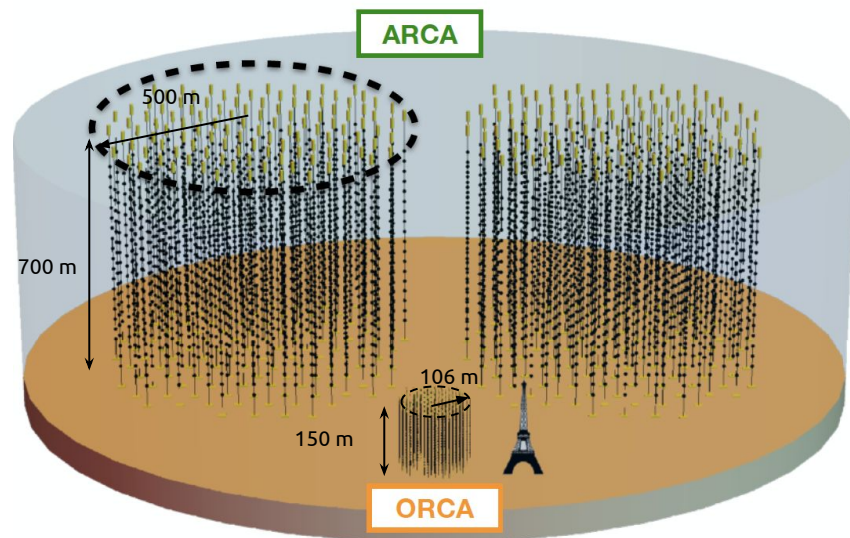
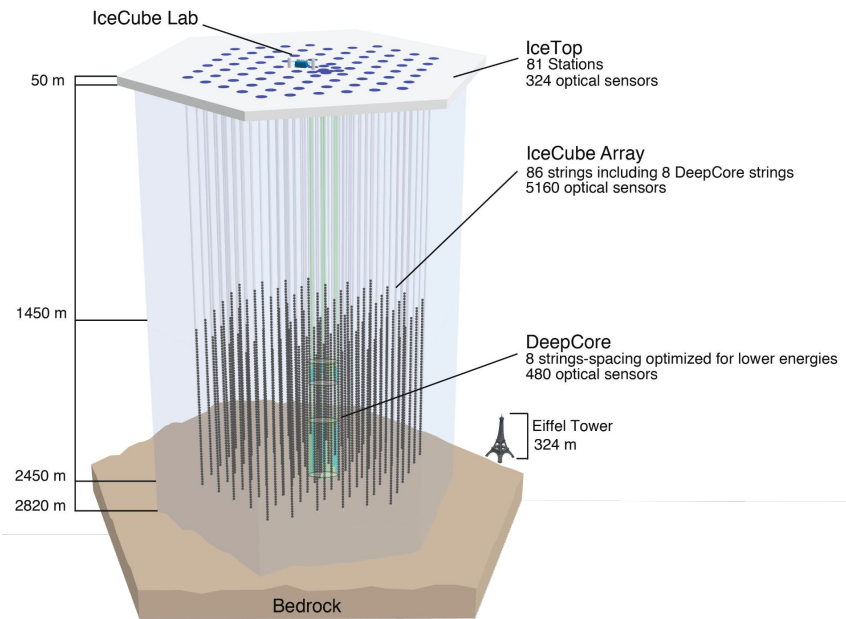


A review of the astrophysical GeV neutrino emission searches with IceCube and KM3NeT

Karlijn Kruiswijk



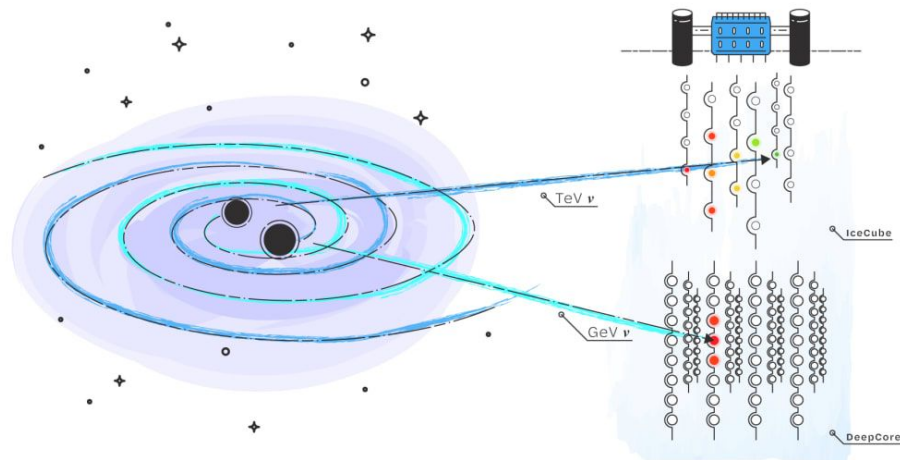
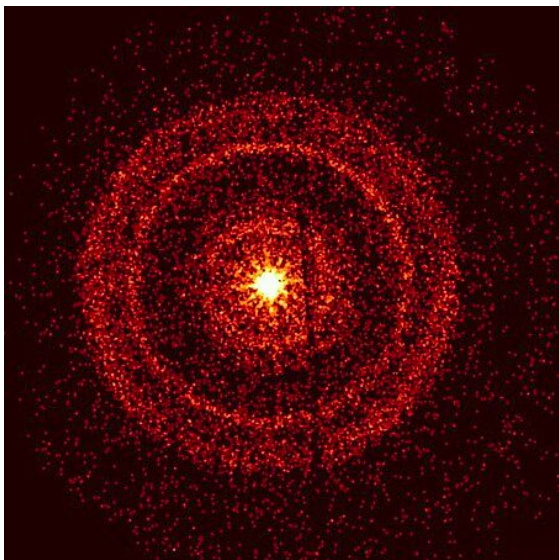
IceCube and KM3NeT



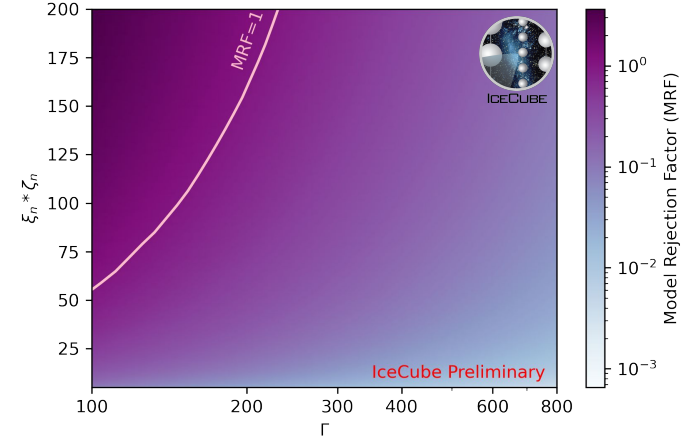
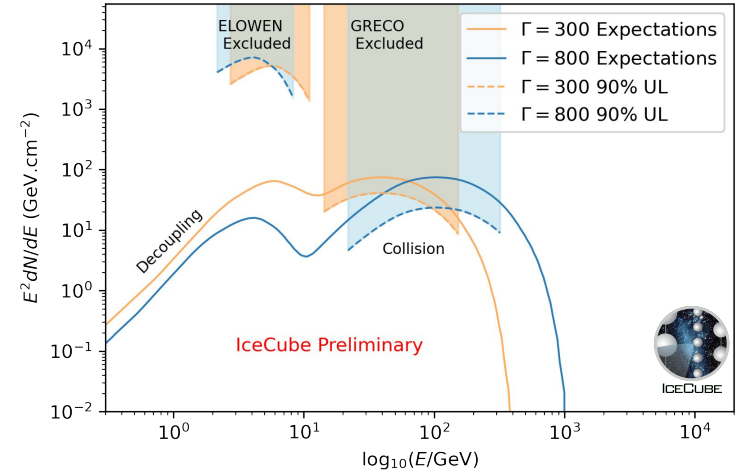
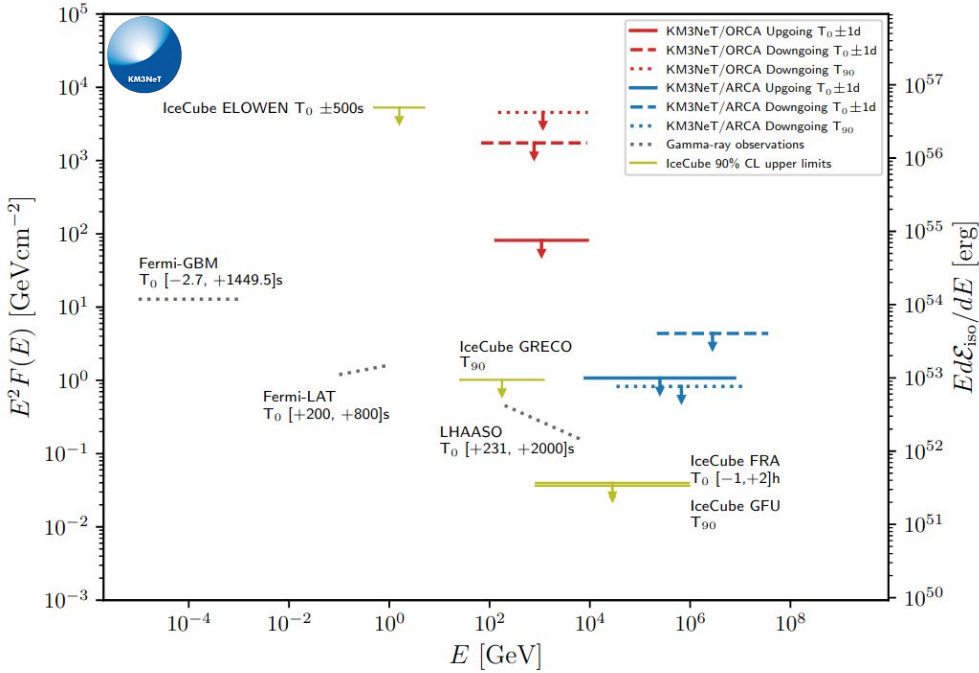
IceCube and KM3Net energy ranges



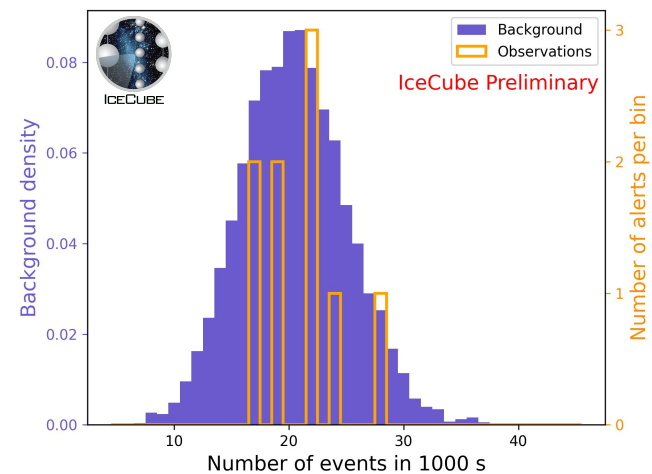
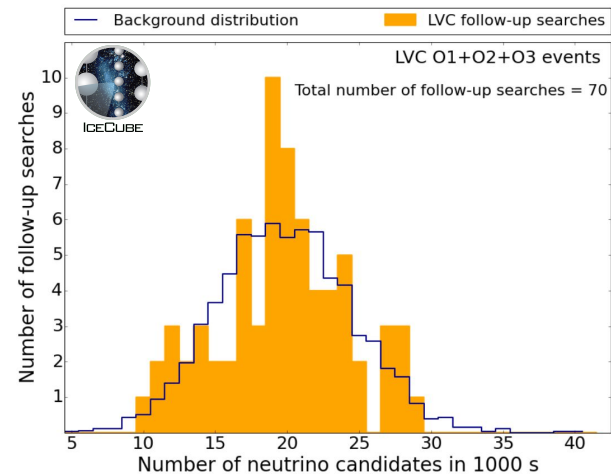
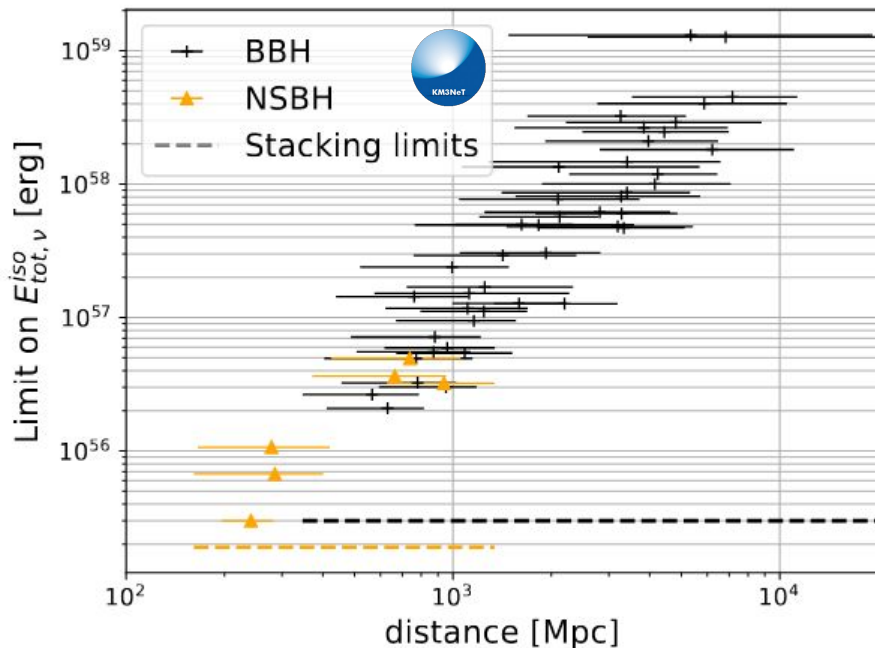
Current searches for GeV neutrino Sources



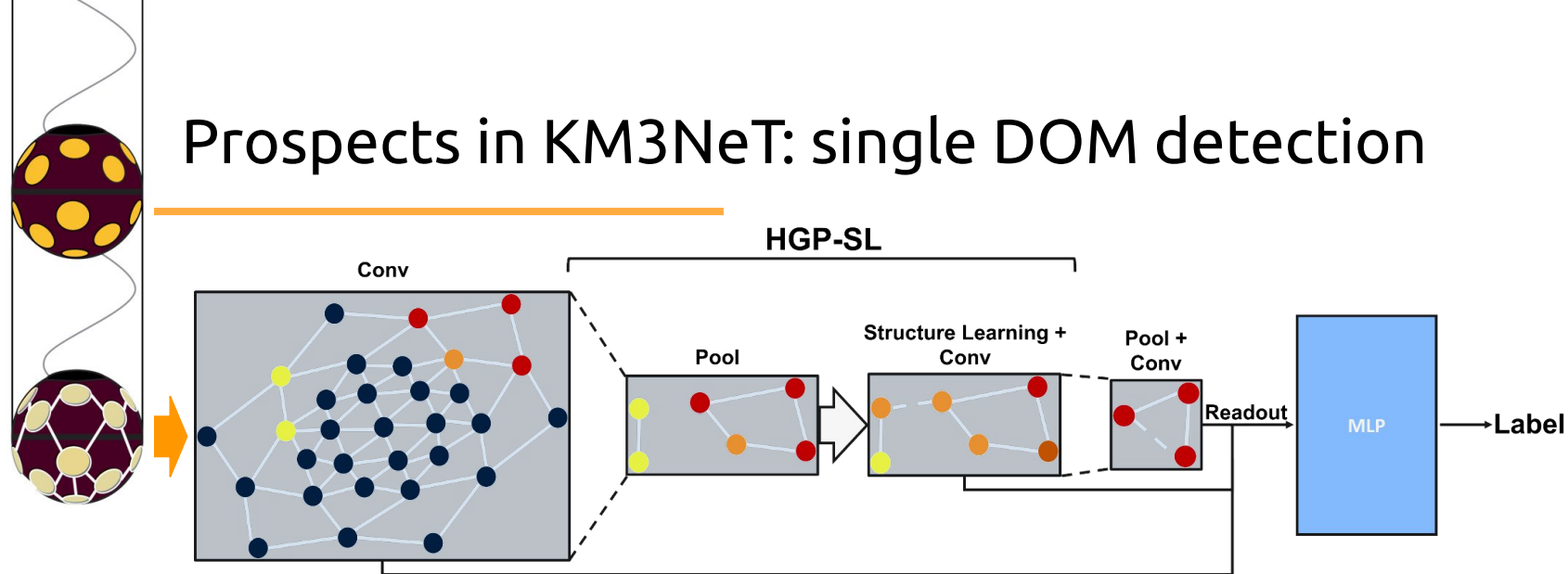
GRB 221009A



Gravitational waves



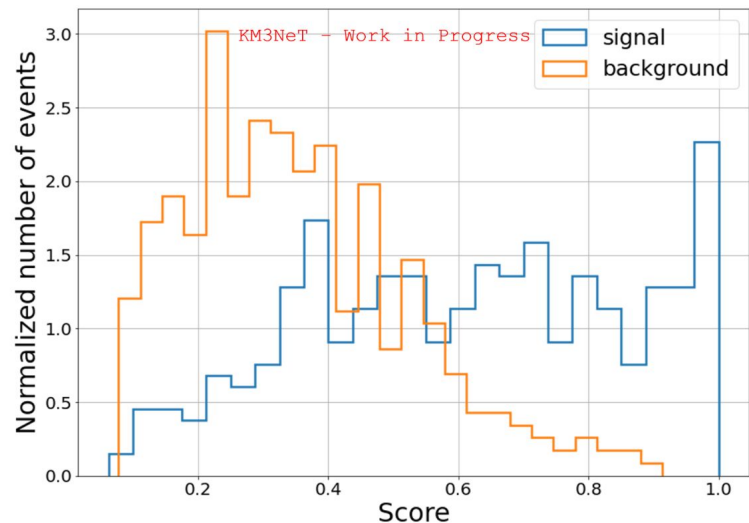
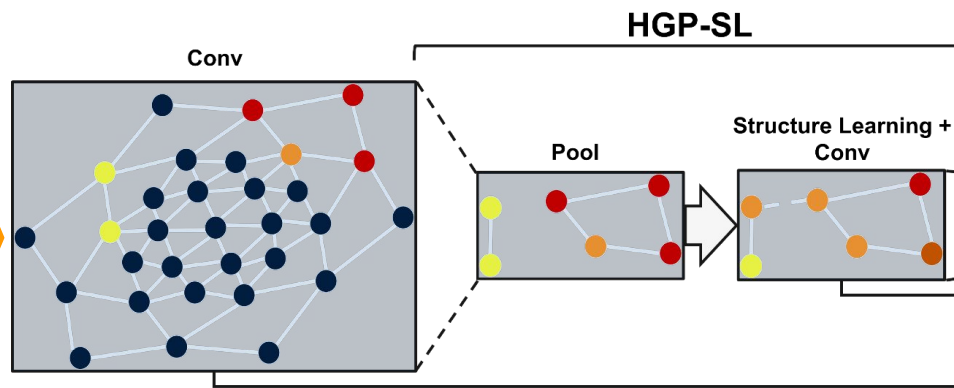
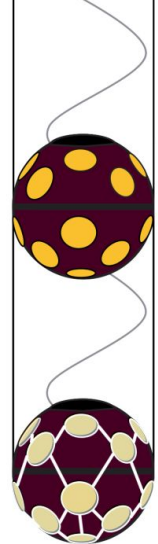
Prospects in KM3NeT: single DOM detection



Time over Threshold as node attribute

3 Graph Convolutional Networks (GCN) layers

Prospects in KM3NeT: single DOM detection



Time over Threshold as node attribute

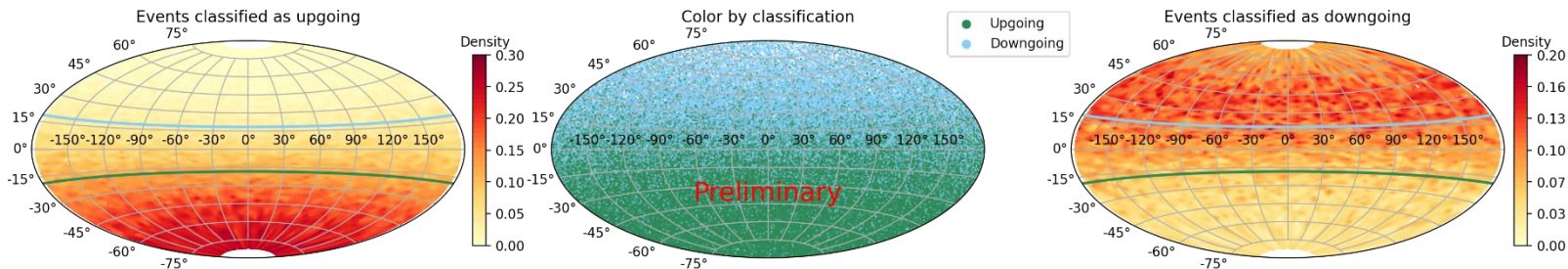
3 Graph Convolutional Networks (GCN) layers

Prospects in IceCube: ELOWEN

Spacing too large for normal reconstruction

BDT using timing delays on single string: zenith direction reconstruction

Direction classification of 0.5-5 GeV neutrinos

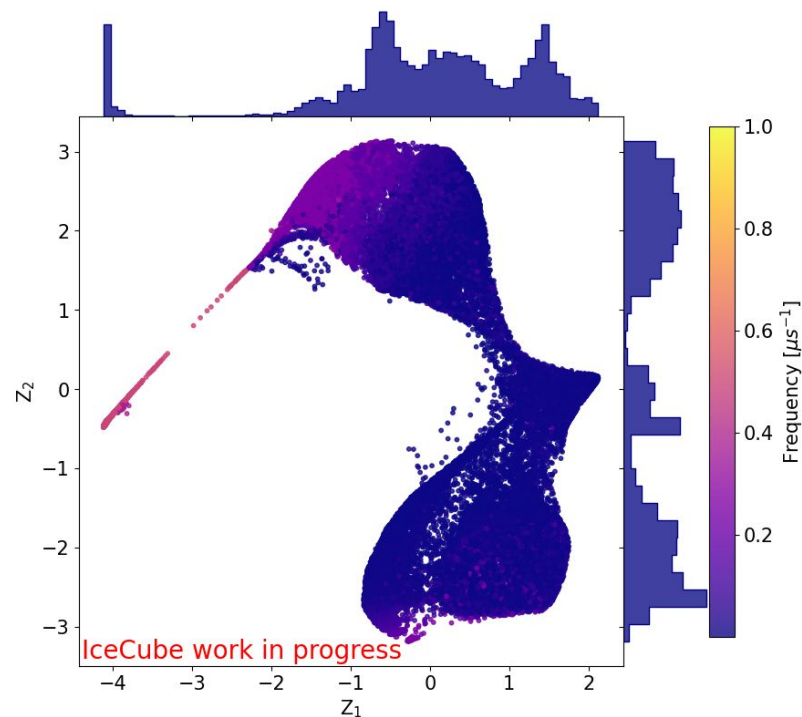


Prospects in IceCube: Sub-threshold events

HitSpool: saves all signals

Look at

- Burst size
- Charge
- Duration
- Centre of gravity
- Hit frequency



Conclusion

IceCube and KM3NeT can be used for GeV neutrino astronomy

Several searches have already been done

Improvements are made with Machine Learning:

- Multi-PMT single-DOM detection
- Improved filtering
- Sub-threshold events