

# Measurement of Cosmic Ray spectra with the DAMPE space mission

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on behalf of the DAMPE collaboration

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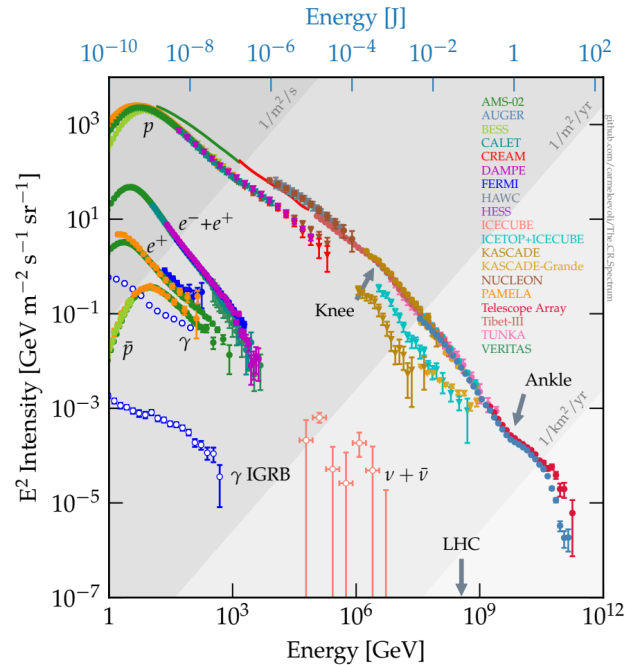
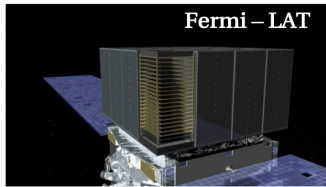
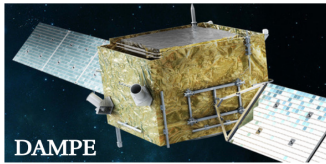
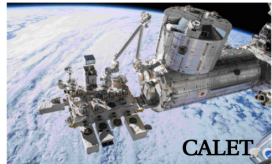


**Cosmic Rays and Neutrinos in the Multi-Messenger Era,  
APC Laboratory (Paris), 9-13/12/2024**

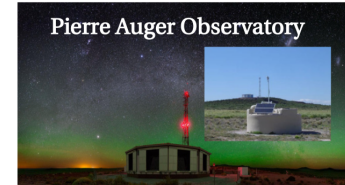


# Study of CR spectra

Direct detection  
up hundreds of TeV



Indirect detection  
up  $\sim 10^{20}$  eV



## Direct CR detection:

- Precise measurement of particle energy and charge
- Covering the low-energy part of the spectrum

## Research Goals and Open Questions

- Precise measurements of CR spectra and mass composition
- Detection of spectral structures (hardening/softenings)
- Understand CR acceleration and propagation mechanisms

## Indirect CR detection:

- Possibility to reach the highest energies
- Difficult to make composition studies with small systematics

# The DAMPE space mission

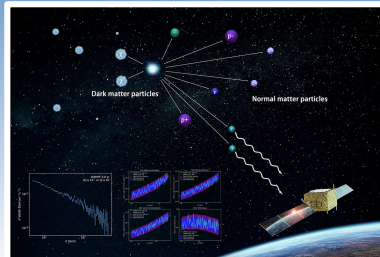
The **DA**rk **MAT**ter **PA**rticle **EX**plorer (DAMPE) is a satellite-based experiment

DAMPE was successfully launched on **December 17<sup>th</sup> 2015** from the Jiuquan Satellite Launch Center



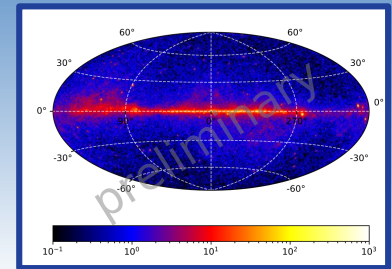
- ORBIT: Sun-synchronous
- ALTITUDE: 500 km
- INCLINATION: 97°
- PERIOD: 95 minutes

The DAMPE collaboration involves several institutes in China and Europe



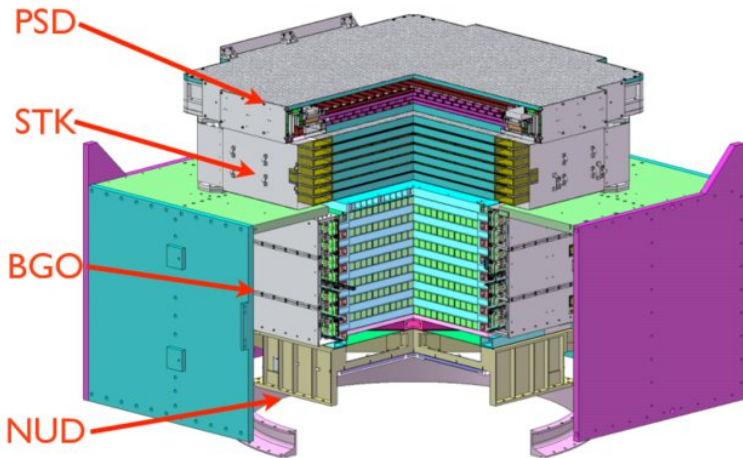
The main objectives of the DAMPE mission are:

- Study of galactic cosmic-ray physics
- Dark matter searches
  - High-energy gamma-ray astronomy

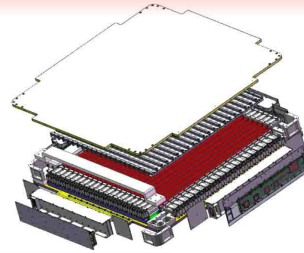


# Detector structure

J. Chang et al., *Astrop. Phys.* 95(2017)6-24

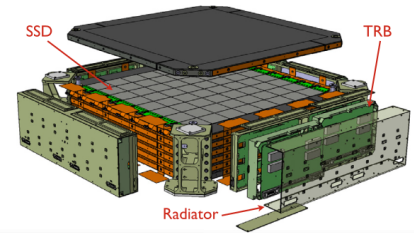


## Plastic Scintillator Detector (PSD)



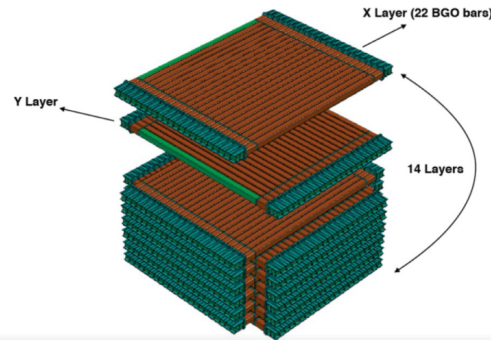
Charge measurement +  
identification of electrons and  
gamma-rays

## Silicon-Tungsten tracker (STK)



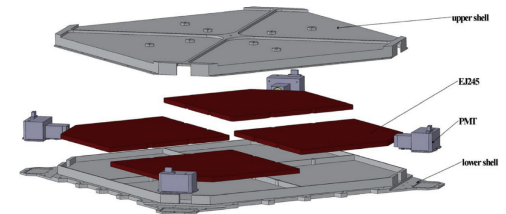
Silicon strips (precise tracking) +  
tungsten converter (pair  
production)

## BGO Calorimeter (BGO)



Energy measurement +  
e/p separation

## NeUtron Detector (NUD)

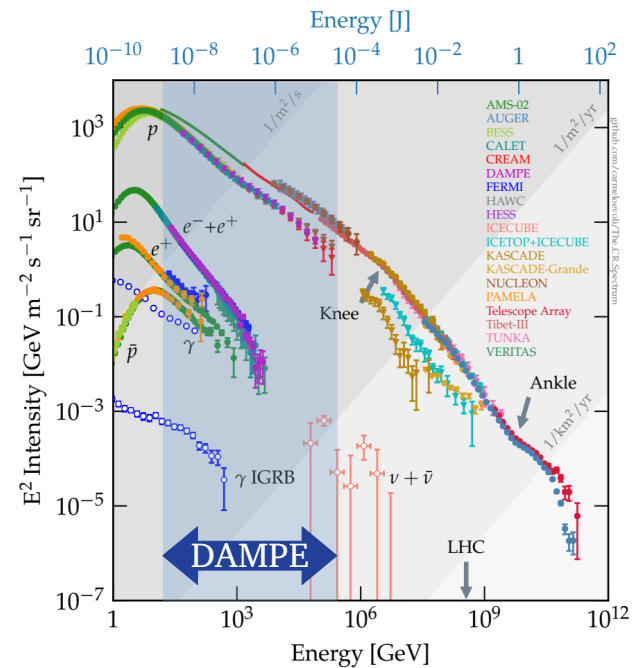
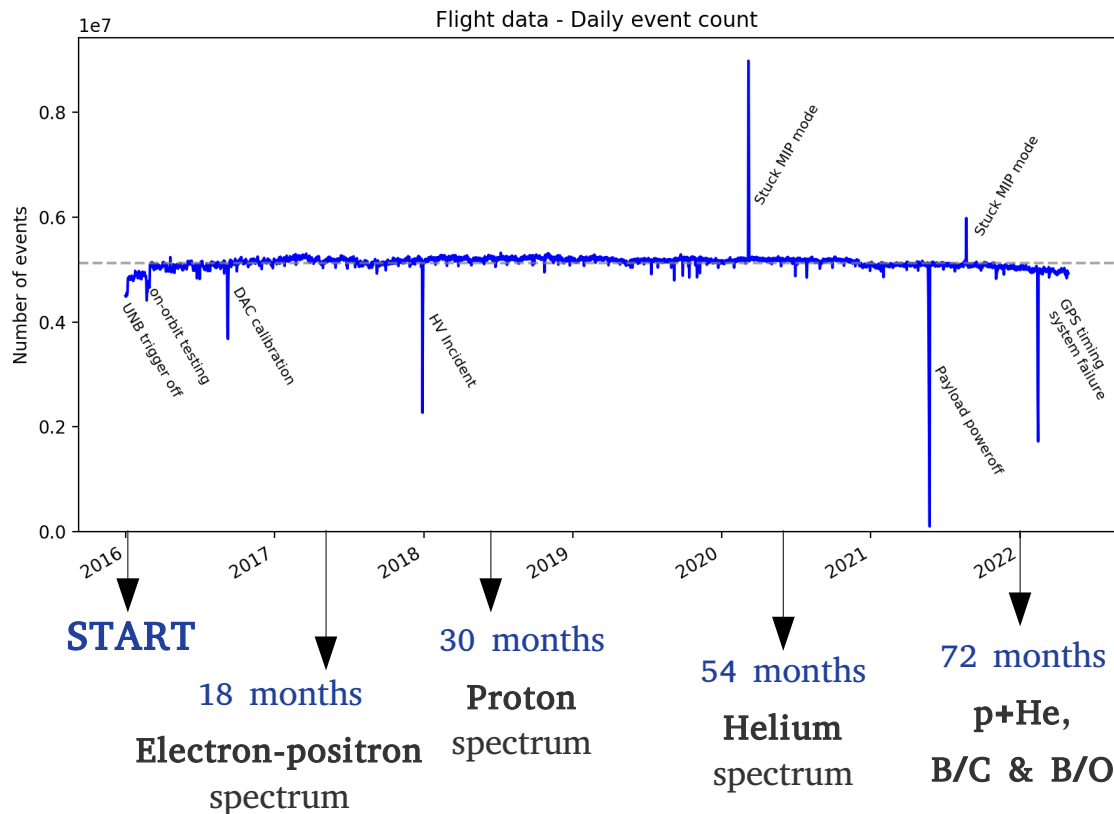


Additional hadrons rejection



# CR data collected

**DAMPE collects ~5 million CR events per day**

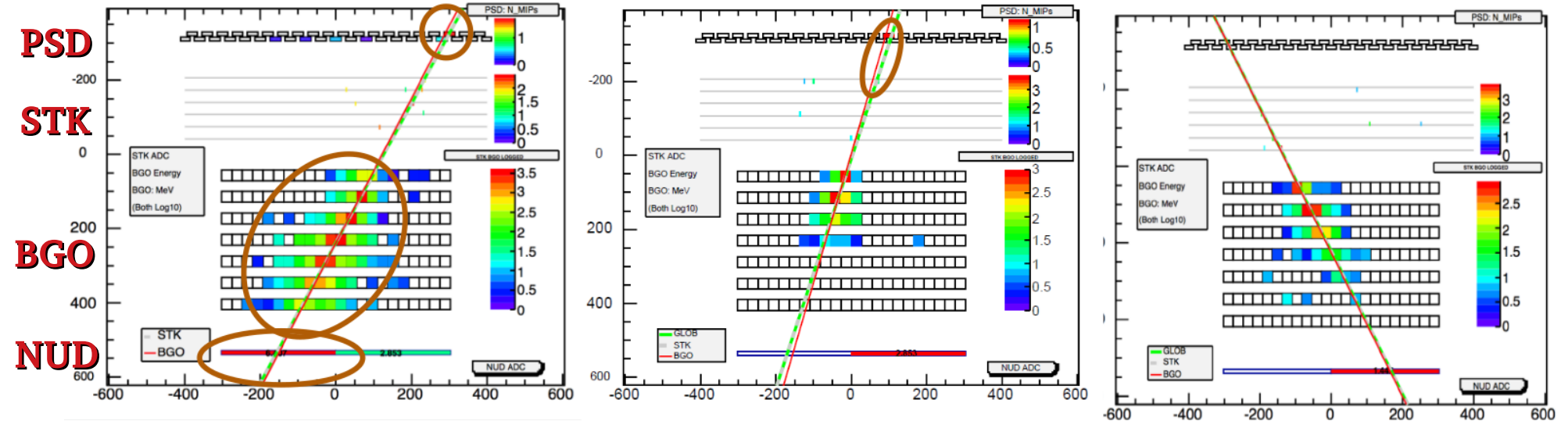


Energy range:  
 5 GeV – 10 TeV  $e/\gamma$   
 50 GeV – 0.5 PeV protons and nuclei

## Proton

## Electron

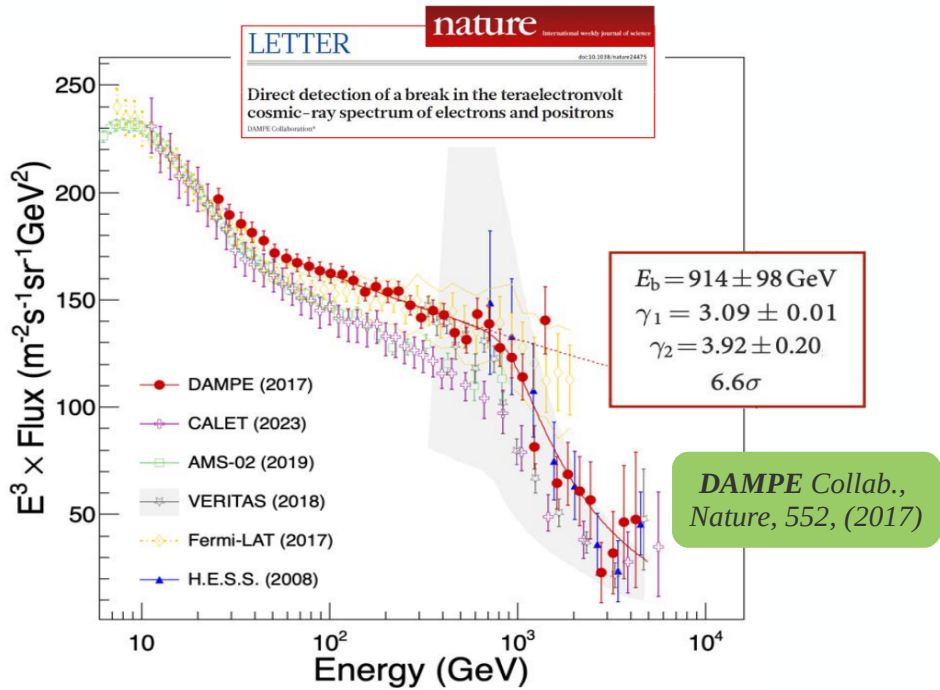
## Gamma



Plots from F. Gargano @MG15 ROME 2018



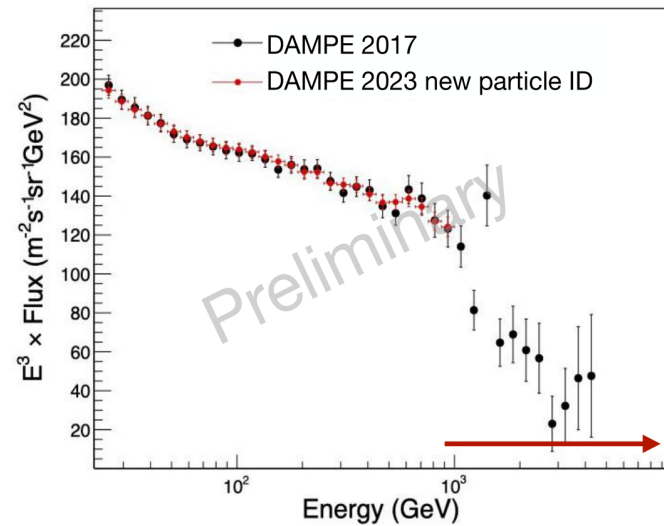
# Electron-positron spectrum



**EVIDENCE OF  
A BREAK AT ~ 0.9 TeV  
with 6.6  $\sigma$  significance**

New e/p discrimination (Neural Networks) developed for higher energies → analysis ongoing

*D. Droz et al,  
JINST, (2021)*



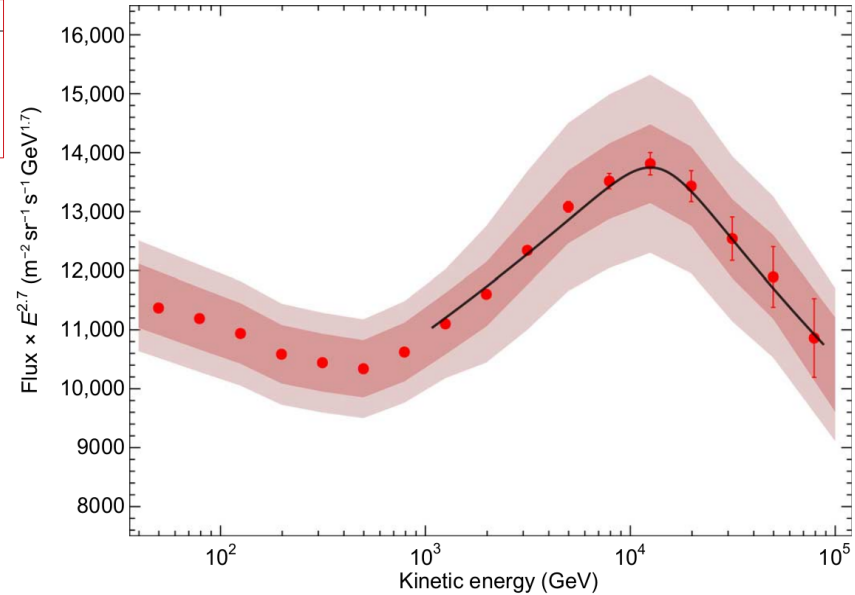
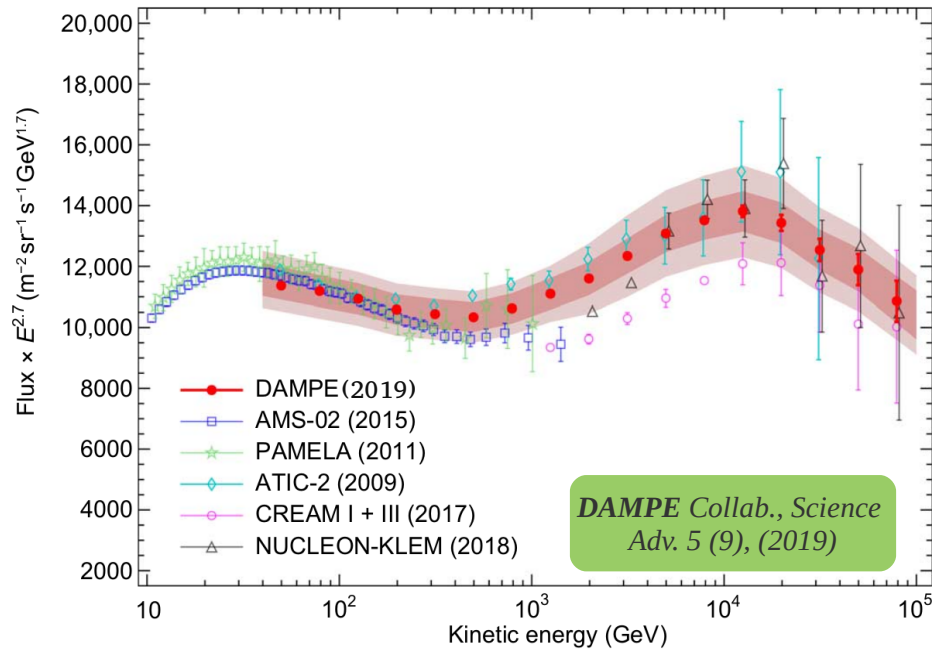
*Excellent agreement  
with standard particle ID*

# Proton spectrum

SCIENCE ADVANCES | RESEARCH ARTICLE

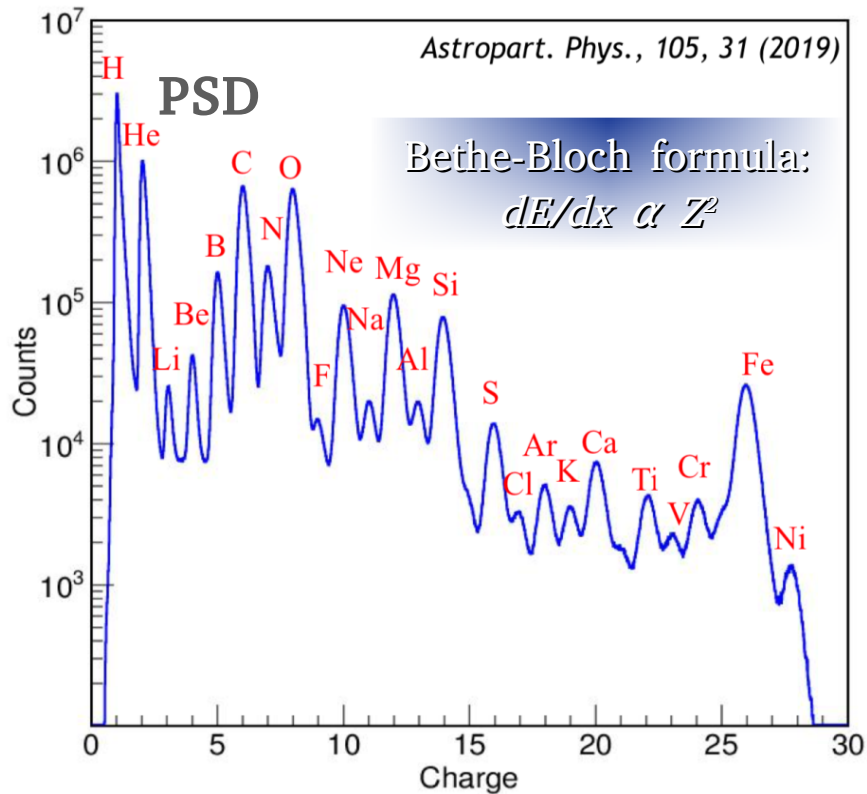
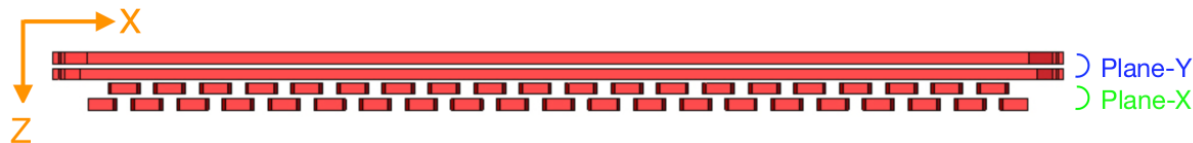
PHYSICS

Measurement of the cosmic ray proton spectrum from 40 GeV to 100 TeV with the DAMPE satellite



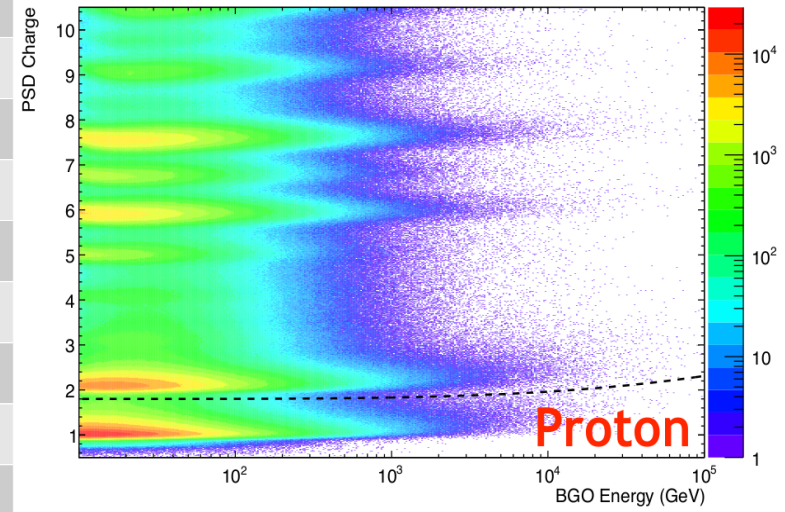
- Confirmation of a **hardening** structure at  $480 \pm 10$  GeV
- Detection of a **softening** at  $13.6^{+4.1-4.8}$  TeV with significance of  $\sim 4.7\sigma$



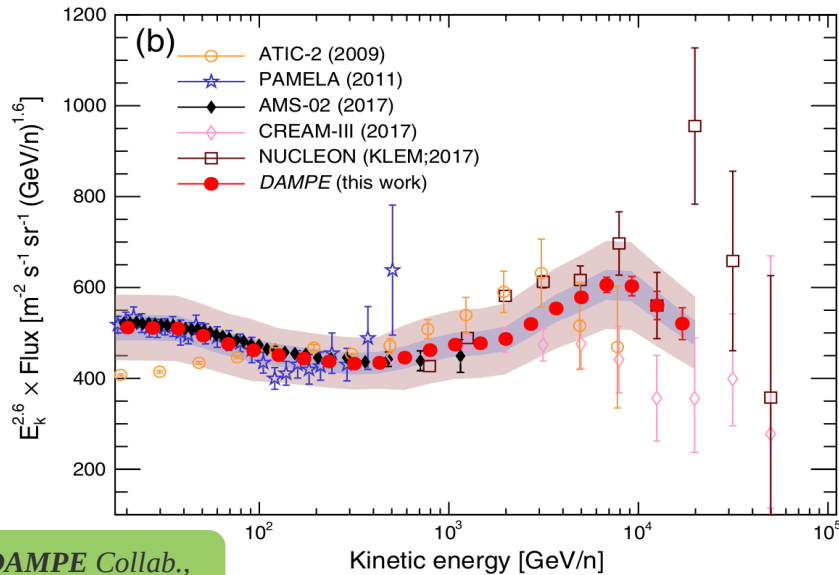


Nuclei	Charge Resolution
p	0.13
He	0.12
Li	0.14
Be	0.21
B	0.17
C	0.18
N	0.21
O	0.21
Fe	0.32

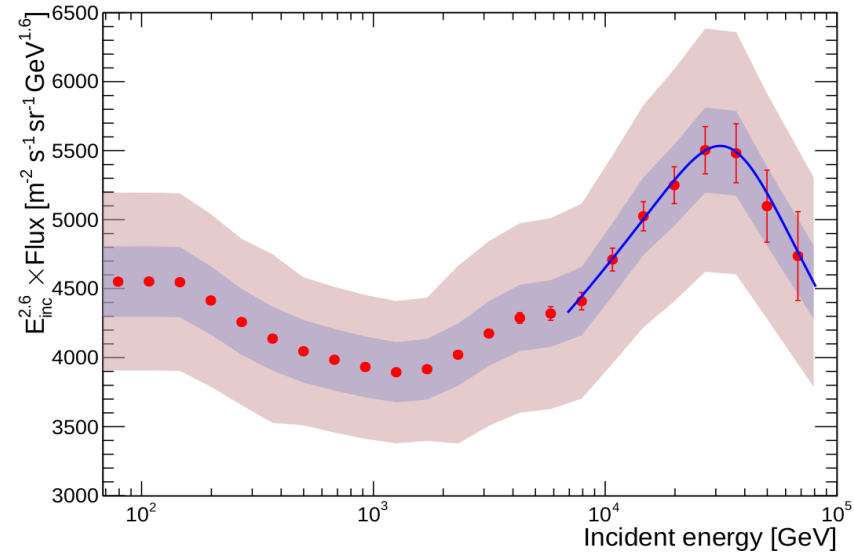
Charge measurement also performed by **STK** and (with lower precision) by **BGO** bars



# Helium spectrum



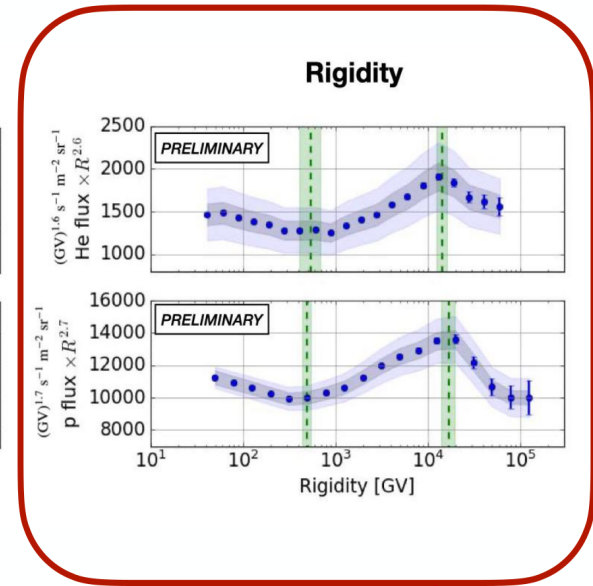
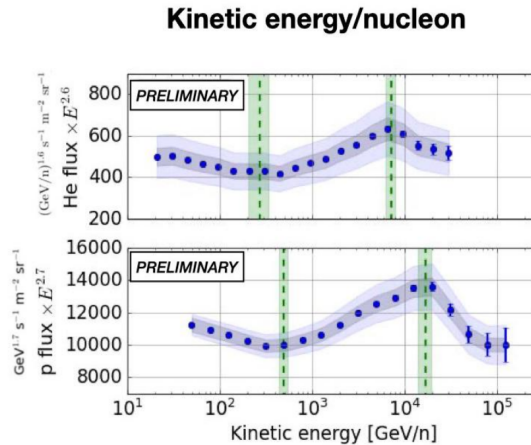
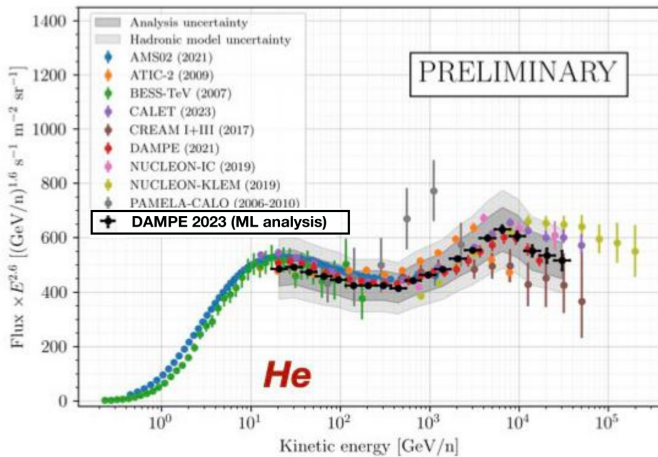
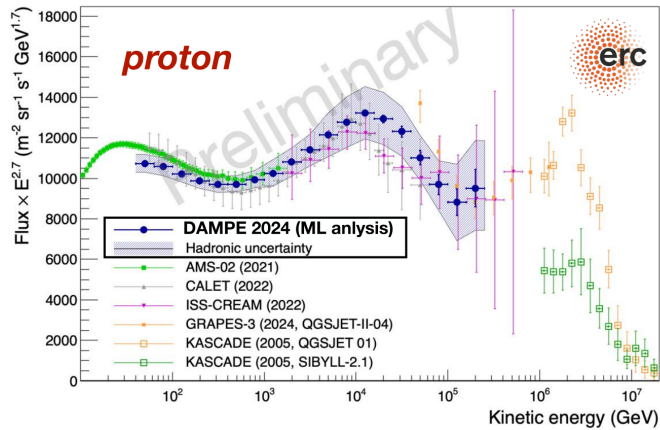
DAMPE Collab.,  
PRL 126, (2021)



- First detection of a **softening** at  $34.4^{+6.7-9.8} \text{ TeV}$  with significance of  $\sim 4.3 \sigma$
- Suggesting a **charge dependent** feature



# p and He – updates



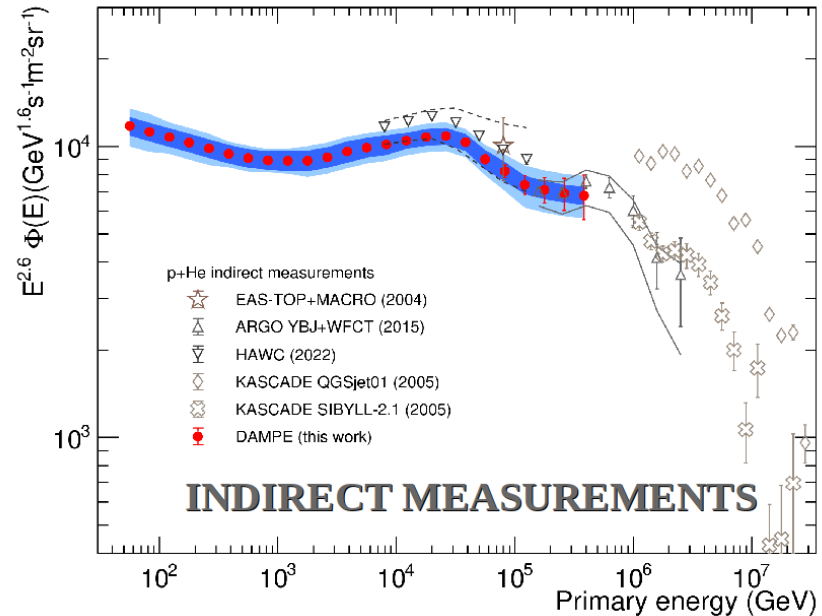
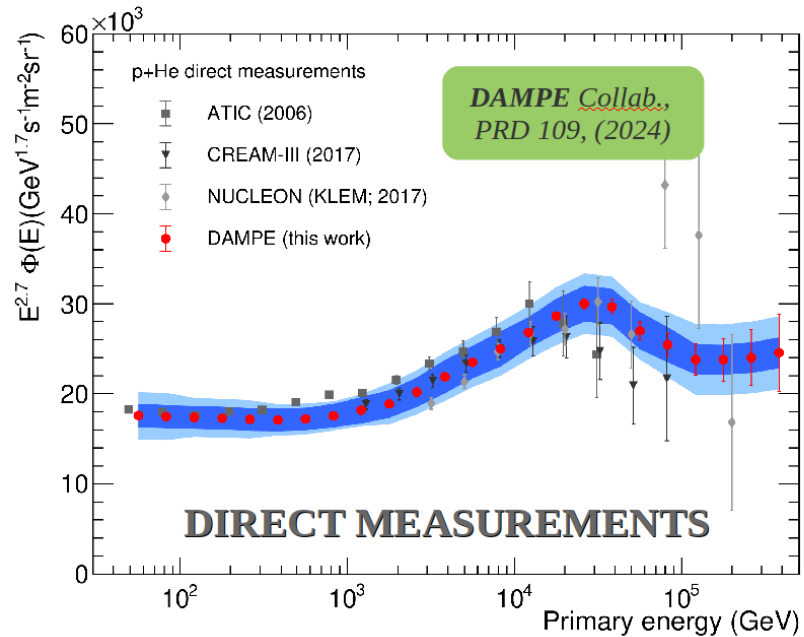
## ML-based analysis

- Proton spectrum extended from 100 TeV to 250 TeV
- Helium spectrum extended from 80 TeV to 120 TeV
- p & He hardening/softening : **charge (rigidity) dependence favored**

A. Tykhonov et al. *Astropart. Phys.* (2023)

A. Ruina et al. [pos.sissa.it/444/170/](https://pos.sissa.it/444/170/) (2023)

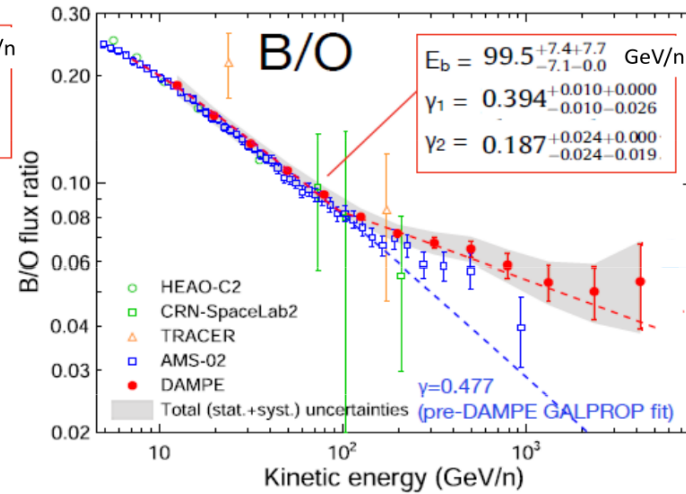
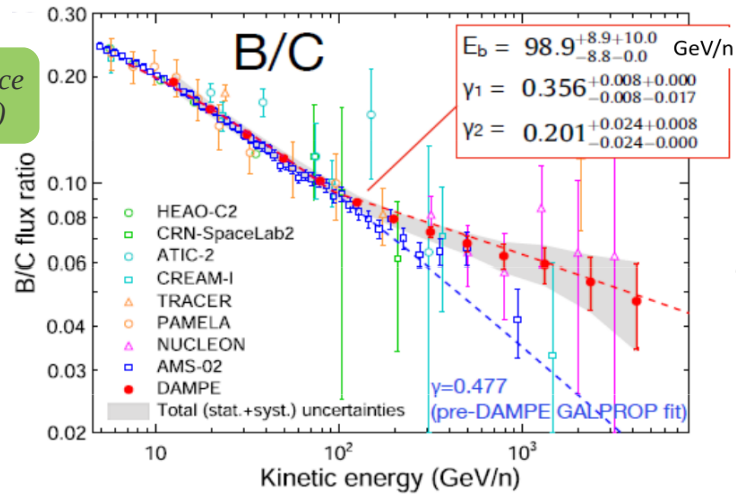
# p+He spectrum



- General agreement with DAMPE proton and helium independent analyses
- Evidence of the combined proton and helium **softening** at  $28.8 \pm 4.5$  TeV with  $6.6 \sigma$  significance
  - Extension to high energy ( $\sim 0.5$  PeV) and **comparison with ground-based experiments**
    - Hint of new spectral **hardening** at  $\sim 150$  TeV

# B/C & B/O

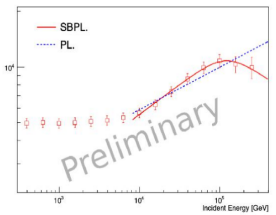
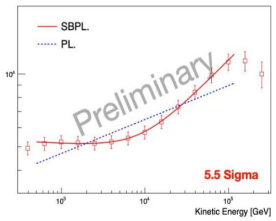
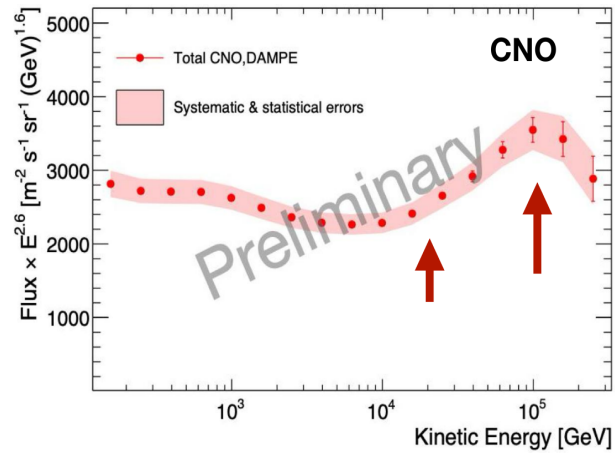
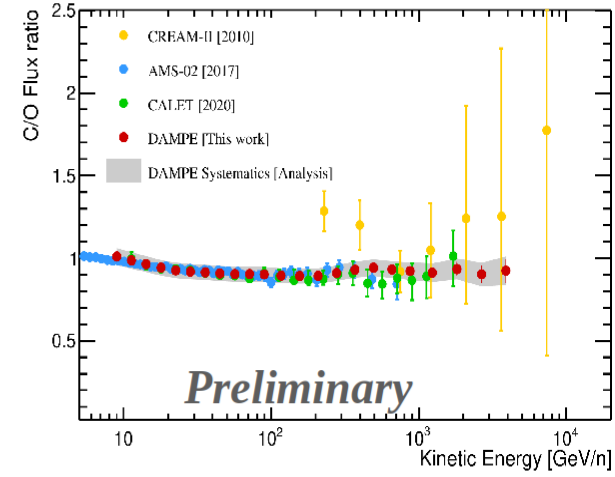
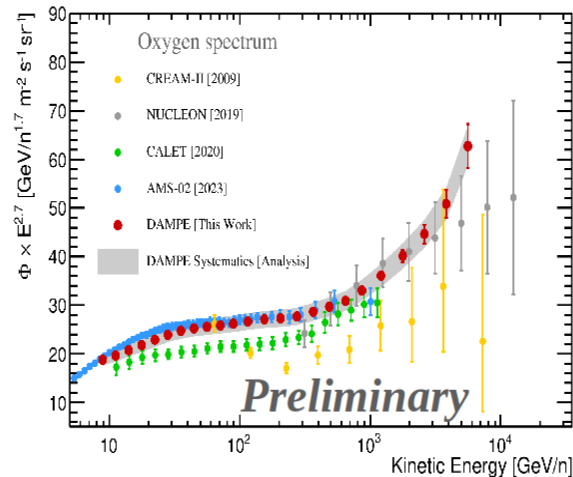
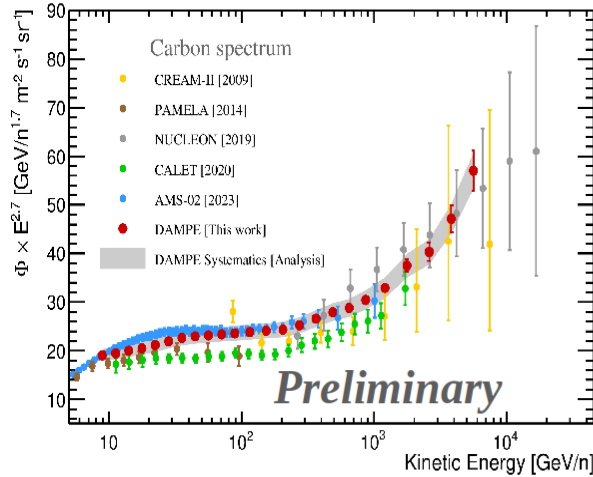
DAMPE Collab., Science Bulletin 67, 21 (2022)



- Detection of a spectral **hardening** at  $\sim 100 \text{ GeV/n}$   
 → Indication of change in the CR diffusion coefficient?
- Significance  $\sim 5.6 \sigma$  in B/C
- Significance  $\sim 6.9 \sigma$  in B/O

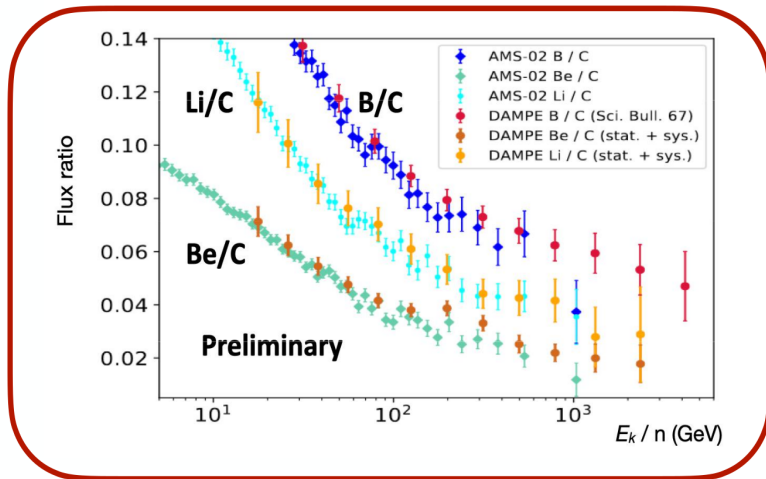
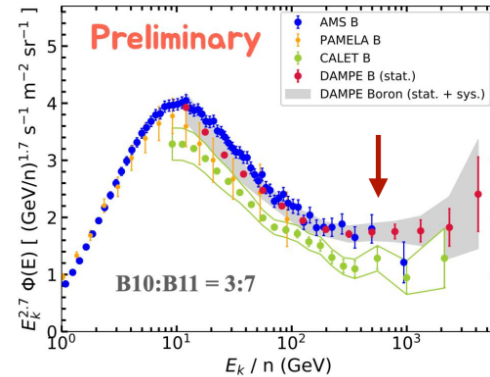
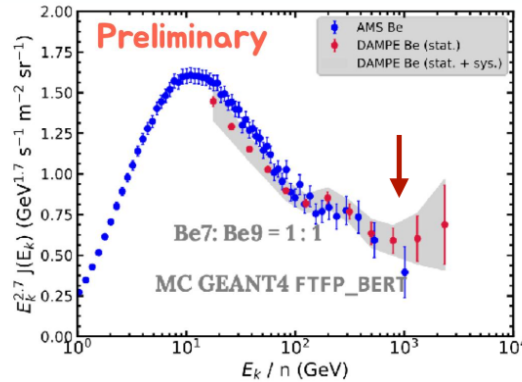
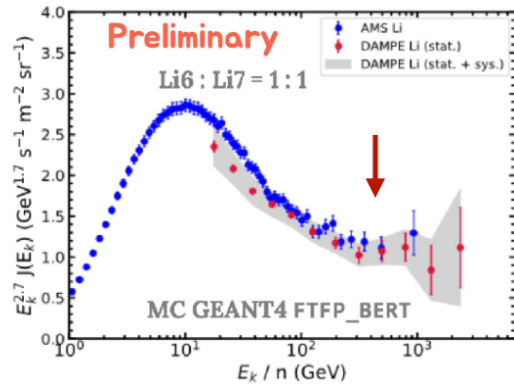


# C, N, O



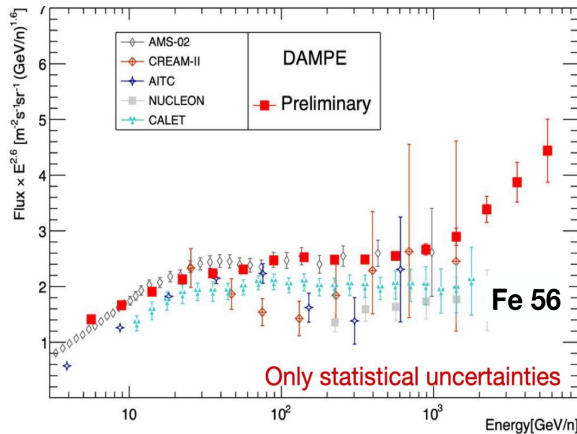
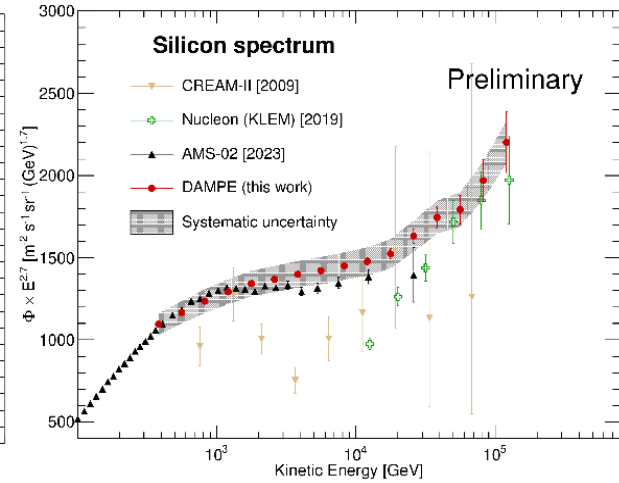
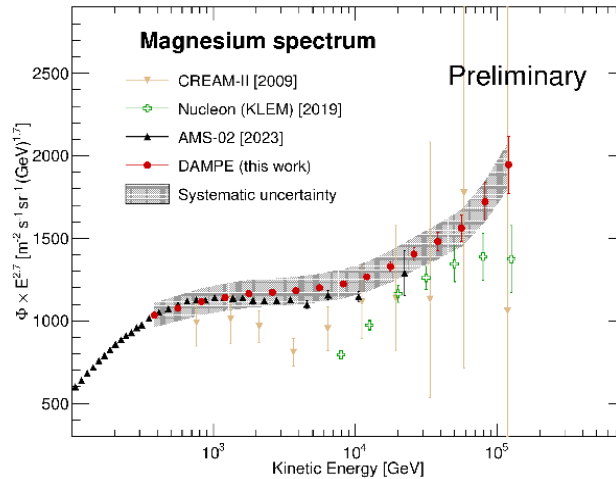
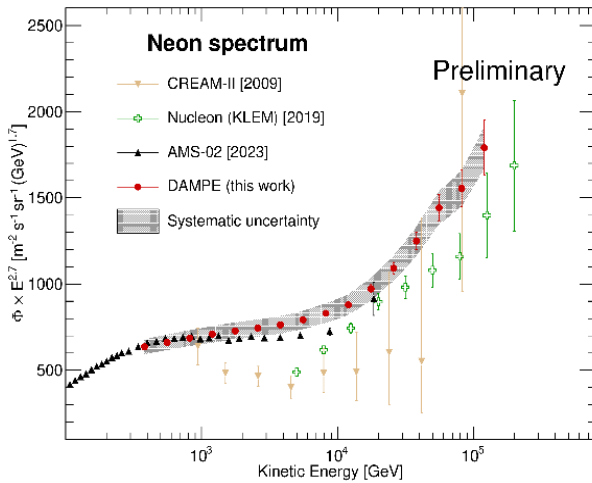
- **C, O: hardening at hundreds of GeV/n**
- **No structure in C/O**
- **CNO: softening at ~ 10 TeV/n**

# Secondaries: Li, Be, B



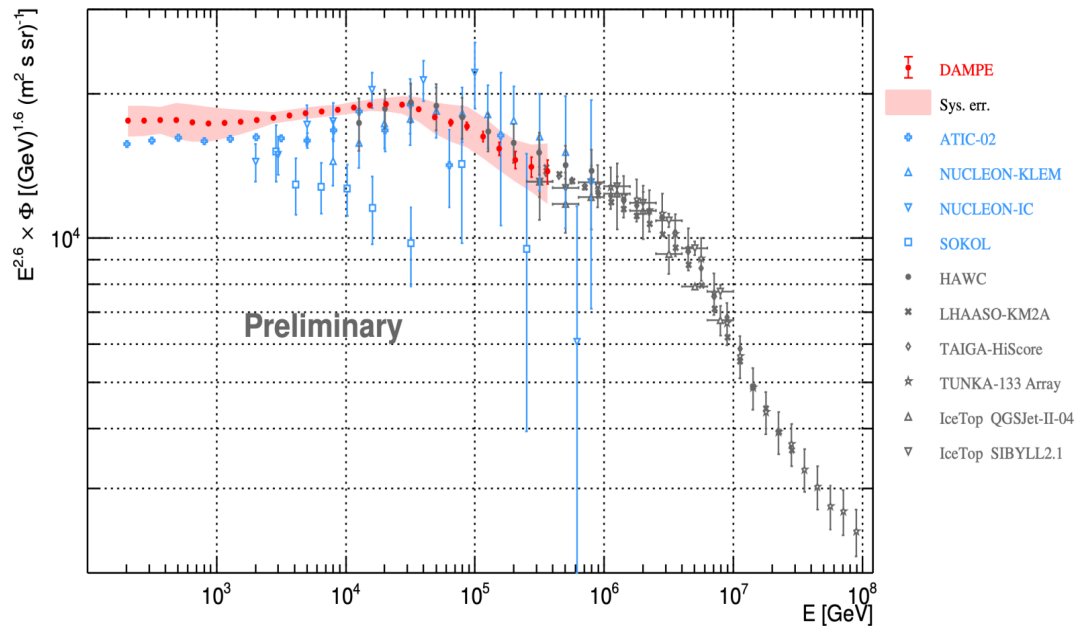
- Spectral **hardening** confirmed in secondaries
- Consistent break in all secondary-to-primary ratios

# Ne, Mg, Si, Fe



- **Hardening** confirmed in heavy elements
- **Systematics** evaluation in progress





Measurement over  $\sim 4$  energy decades

Composition-weighted:

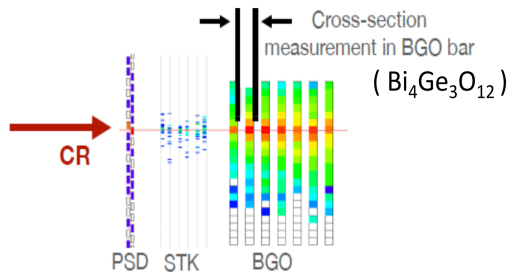
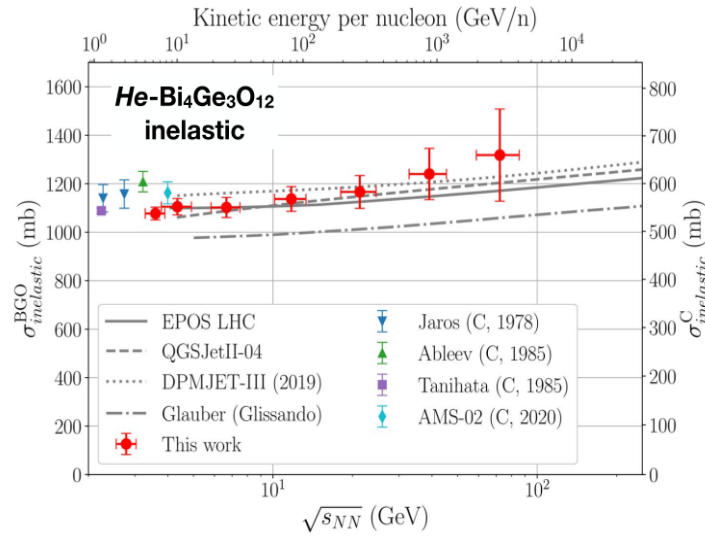
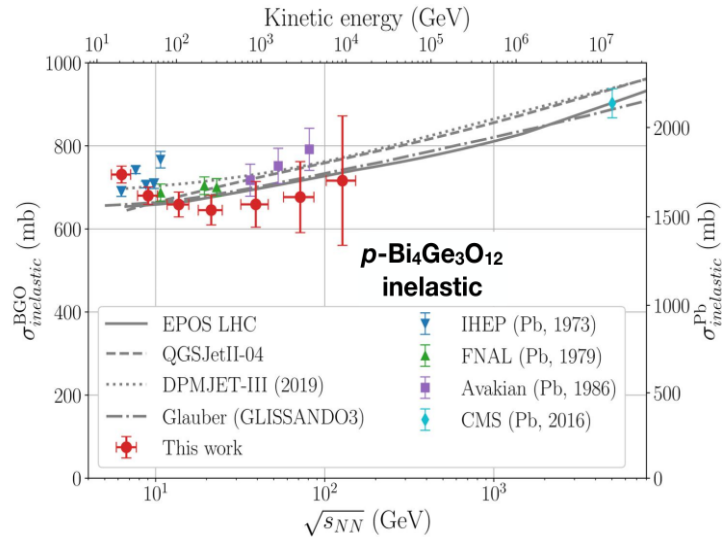
- Instrument acceptance
- Energy response matrix

Different composition models considered:

- Recchia-Gabici (RG)
- Hoerandel (poly-gonato)
- HAWC model
- Zatsepin-Sokolskaya (ZS)

Systematics evaluation in progress

# Hadronic cross sections



DAMPE Collab.,  
arXiv:2408.17224v1

Cross section measurement in 2 decades of energy (center-of-mass)  
**p-BGO** compared with p-Pb at colliders: ~67% of BGO is bismuth  
**He-BGO** first probe of helium-ion cross sections up to ~100 GeV

82	83
Pb	Bi

- The DArk Matter Particle Explorer, was launched in December 2015 and it is smoothly taking data since then
  - Direct detection of a **break** at  $\sim 1$  TeV in the **electrons and positrons** spectrum
    - Detection of a **softening** at  $\sim 14$  TeV in the **proton** spectrum
- First detection of a **softening** in the **helium** spectrum at  $\sim 34$  TeV, suggesting a Z dependence
- Measurement of the **p+He** spectrum showing the hint of a second **hardening** above 100 TeV, while connecting **space-based** and **ground-based** experiments
  - **B/C** and **B/O** flux ratios show a **break** at  $\sim 100$  GeV/n
- Ongoing works on both primaries (**C, O, Ne, Mg, Si, Fe**) and secondaries (**Li, Be, B**) showing the presence of a **hardening**
  - First probe of **inelastic cross section** up to 10 TeV

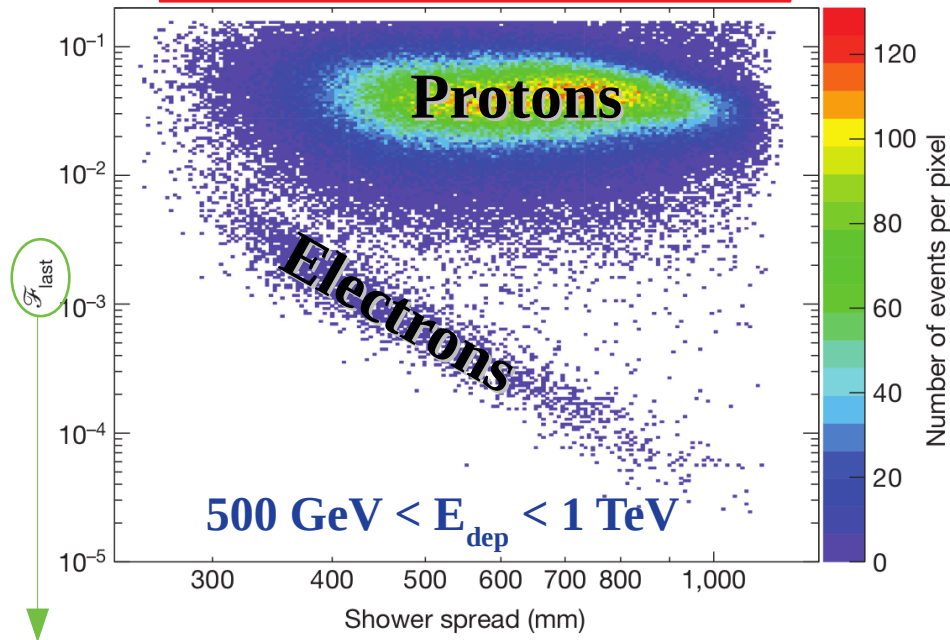


The background of the slide is a photograph of Earth taken from space. The horizon of the planet is visible, showing a thin blue atmosphere and a dark, sunlit surface. The sun is positioned at the top center, creating a bright lens flare and illuminating the scene. The word 'BACKUP' is superimposed in the center of the image.

**BACKUP**

# Electron Identification

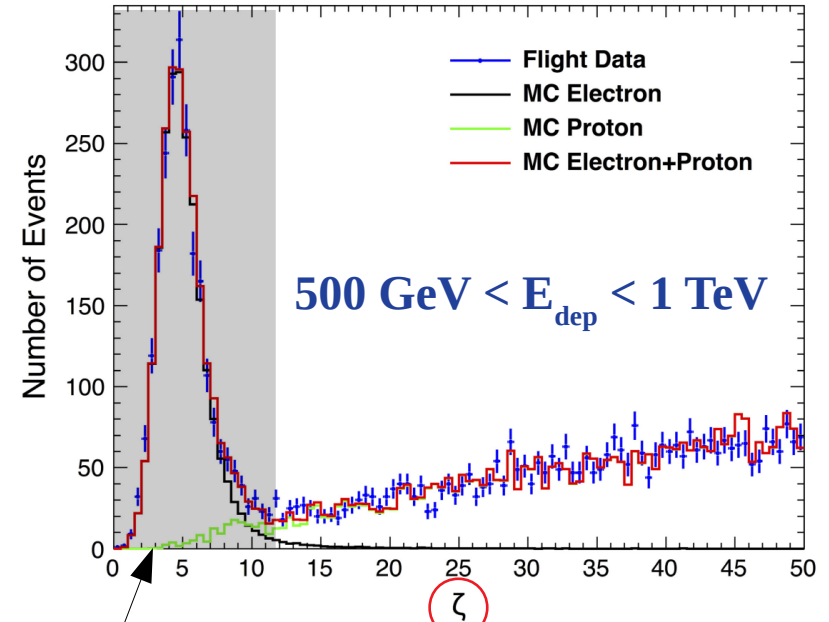
Discrimination between electrons and protons in the BGO



Ratio of energy deposited in the last BGO layer to the total energy deposited in the BGO calorimeter

Sum of the energy-weighted shower dispersion of each layer

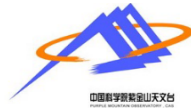
Comparison of flight data and MC simulations of the  $\zeta$  distributions



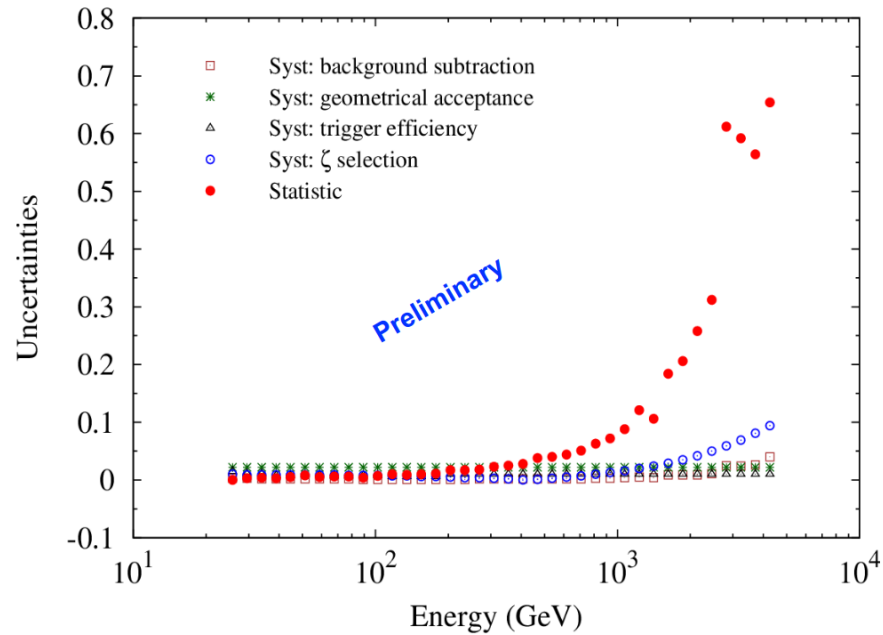
Electrons

$$\zeta = \mathcal{F}_{\text{last}} \times (\Sigma_i RMS_i / \text{mm})^4 / (8 \times 10^6)$$

# All-electron spectrum



## Errors of $e^+e^-$ spectrum



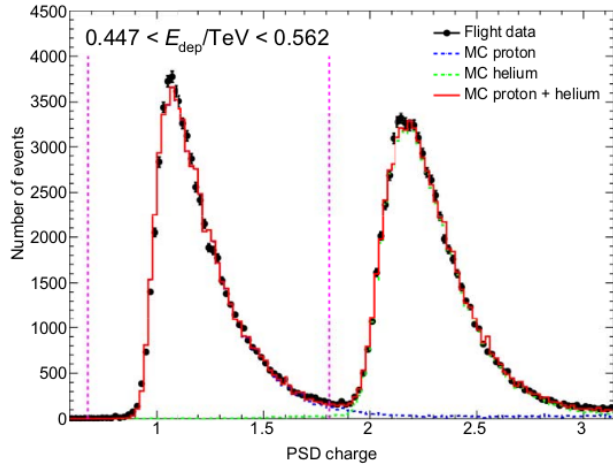
30

SLIDES TAKEN FROM ICRC 2021 – *Li Xiang* for DAMPE

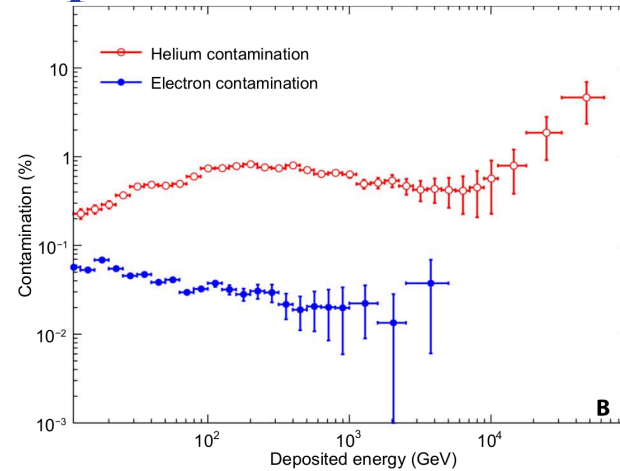


# Proton spectrum

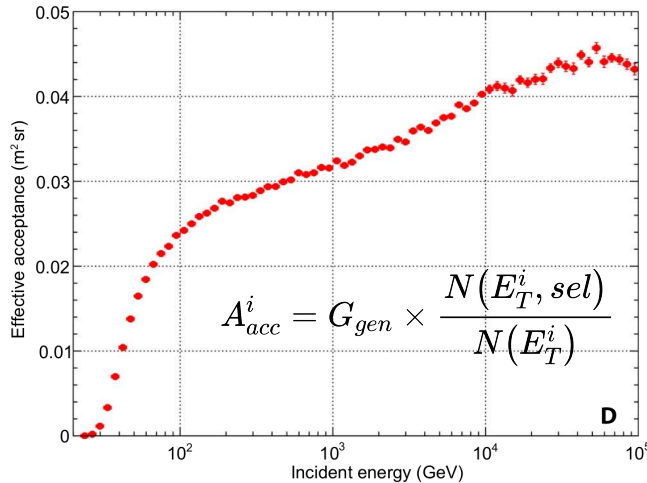
Charge selection



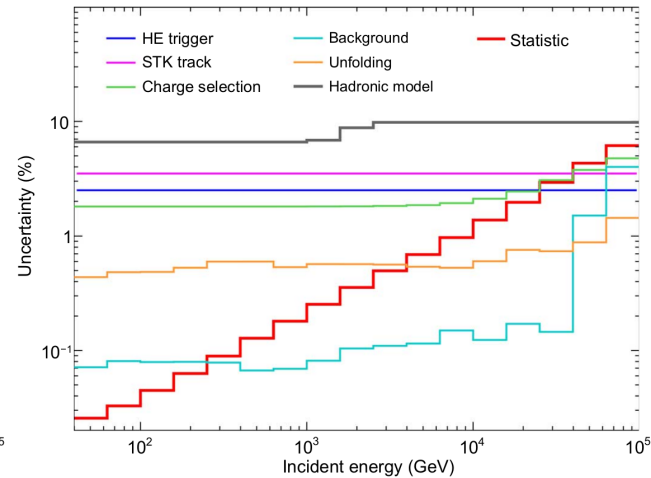
Contamination



Acceptance



Uncertainty



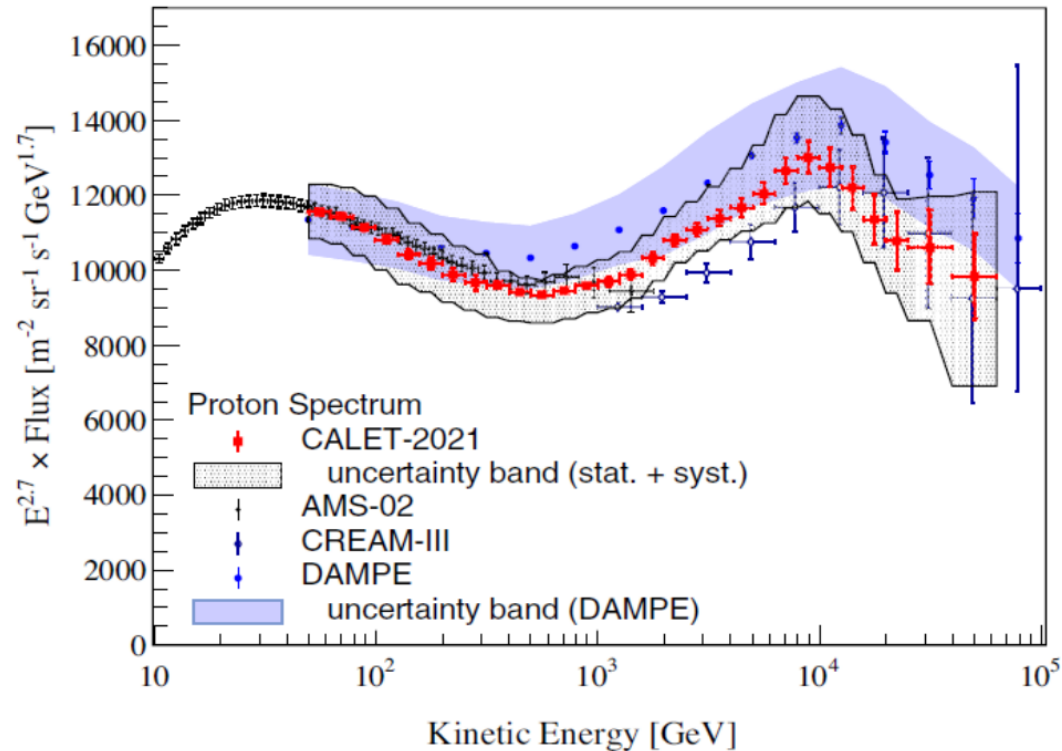
# Proton spectrum

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS 129, 101102 (2022)

Editors' Suggestion

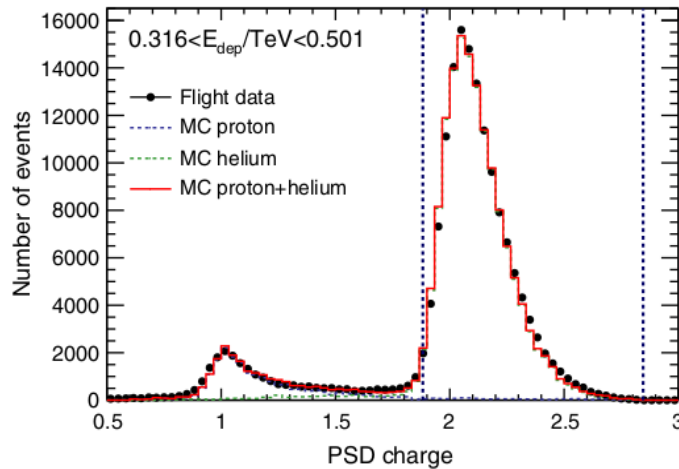
September 1, 2022

Observation of Spectral Structures in the Flux of Cosmic-Ray Protons from 50 GeV to 60 TeV with the Calorimetric Electron Telescope on the International Space Station

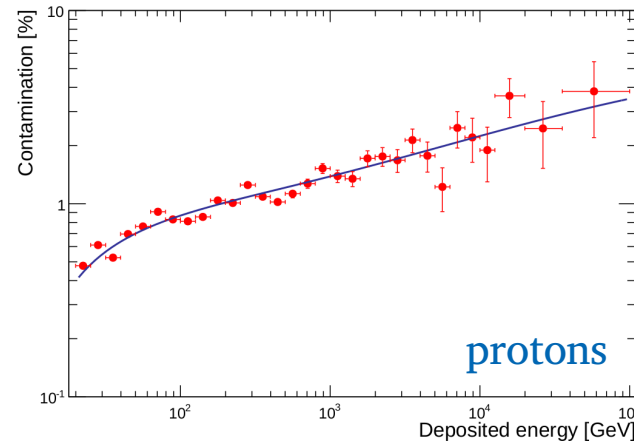


# Helium spectrum

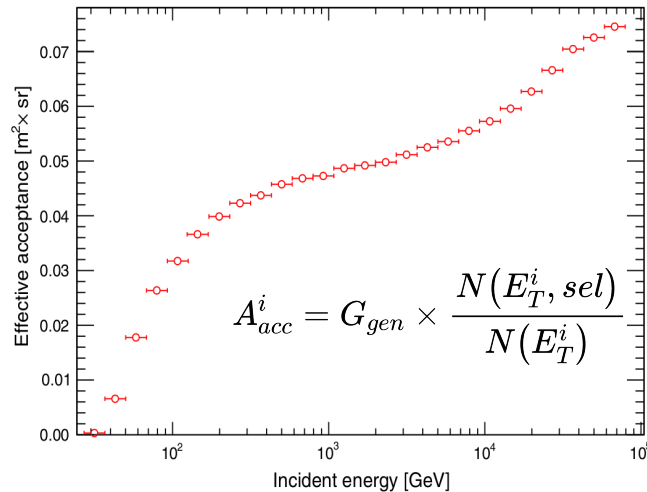
Charge selection



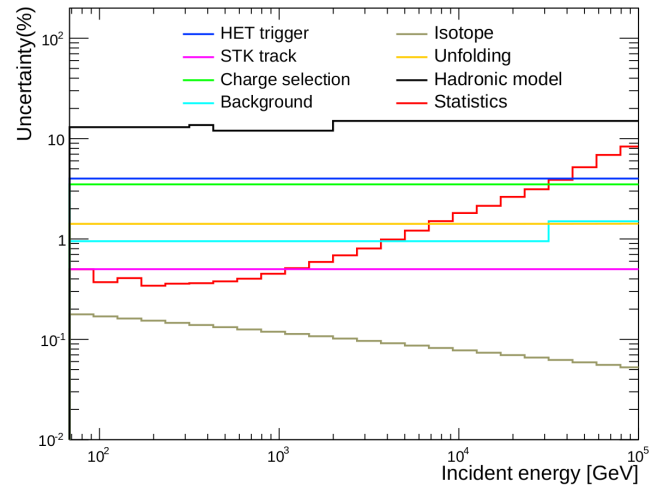
Contamination



Acceptance

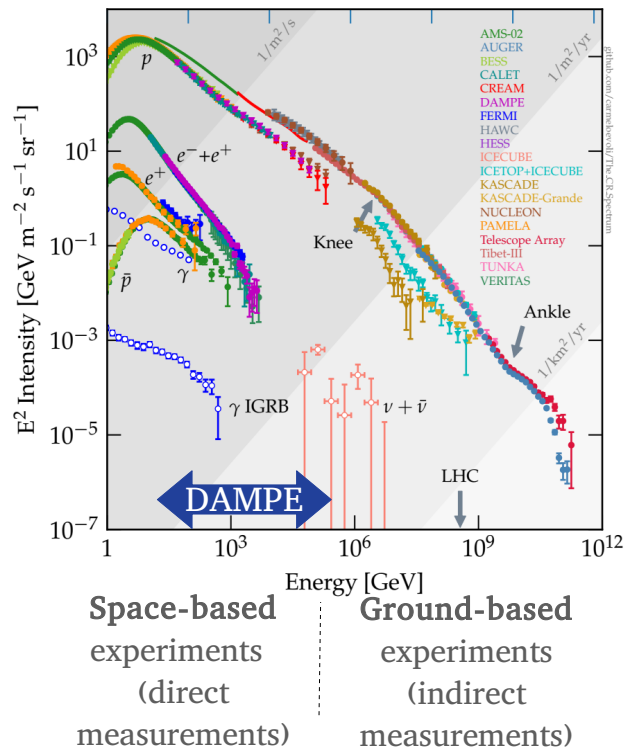


Uncertainty



# Study of light (p+He) CR component: motivations

Measuring light elements in space (i.e. proton + helium spectrum) gives the possibility to compare results between direct and indirect experiments

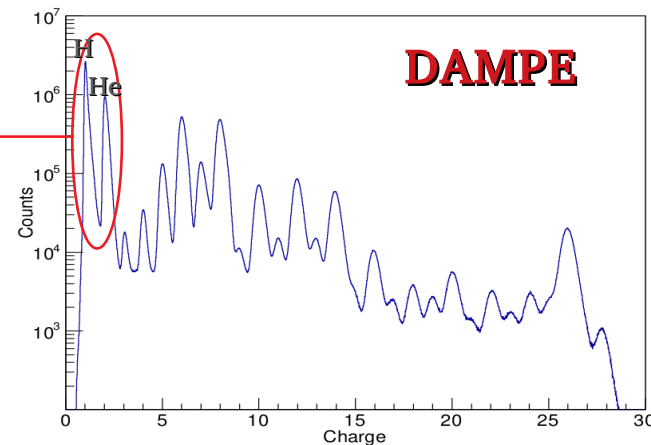
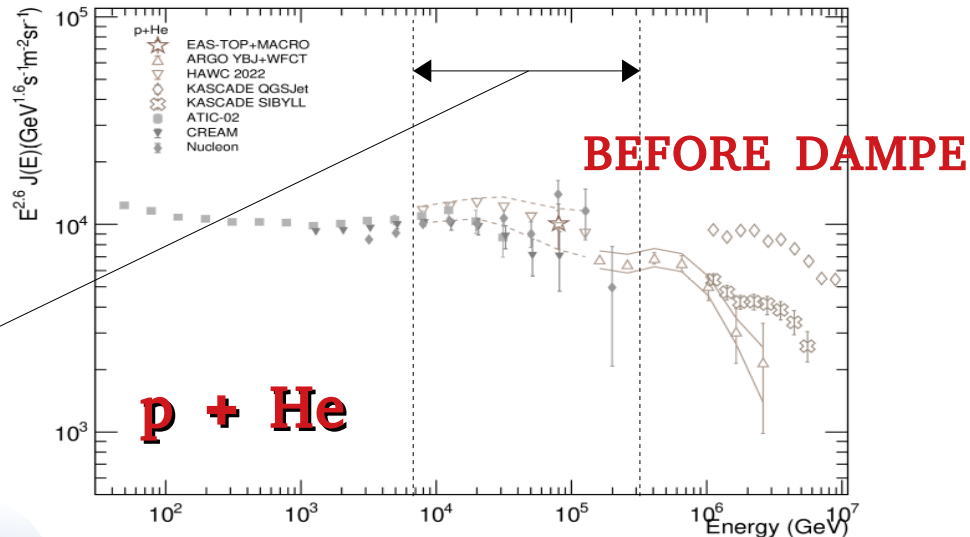


In this energy region direct and indirect spectra can be compared

Proton and Helium are well separated from other peaks

VERY LOW CONTAMINATION (less than 0.1%)

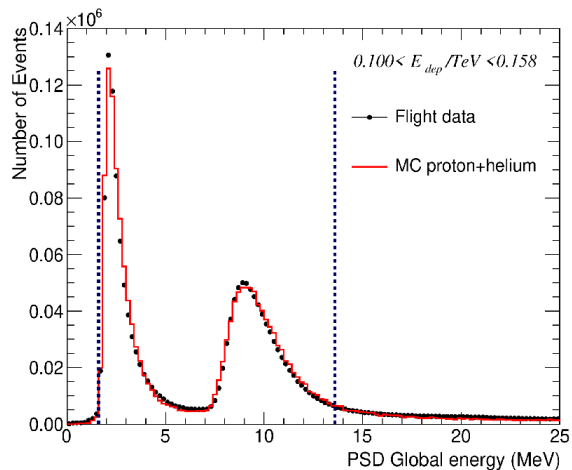
Looser cuts  
Possibility to go to higher energy



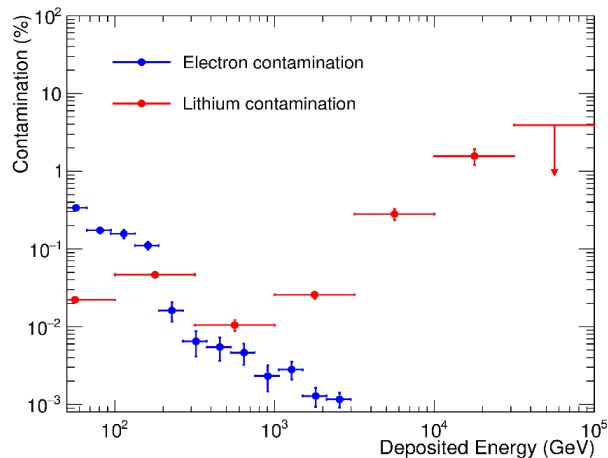


# p+He spectrum

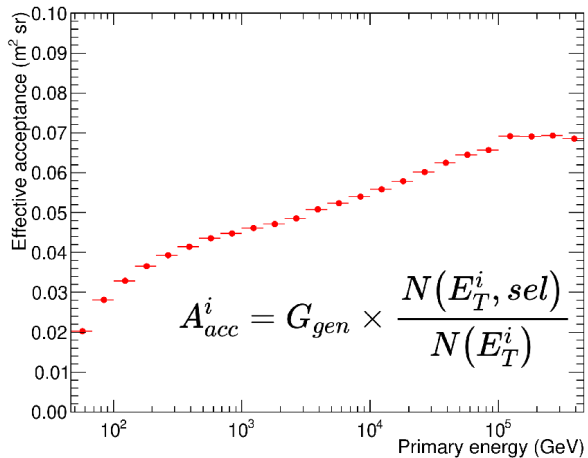
Charge selection



Contamination



Acceptance



Uncertainty

