TUG Workshop - Annecy 2024

the Spinfoam Framework for Quantum Gravity

Etera Livine

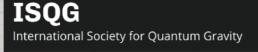
Laboratoire de Physique LP ENSL & CNRS





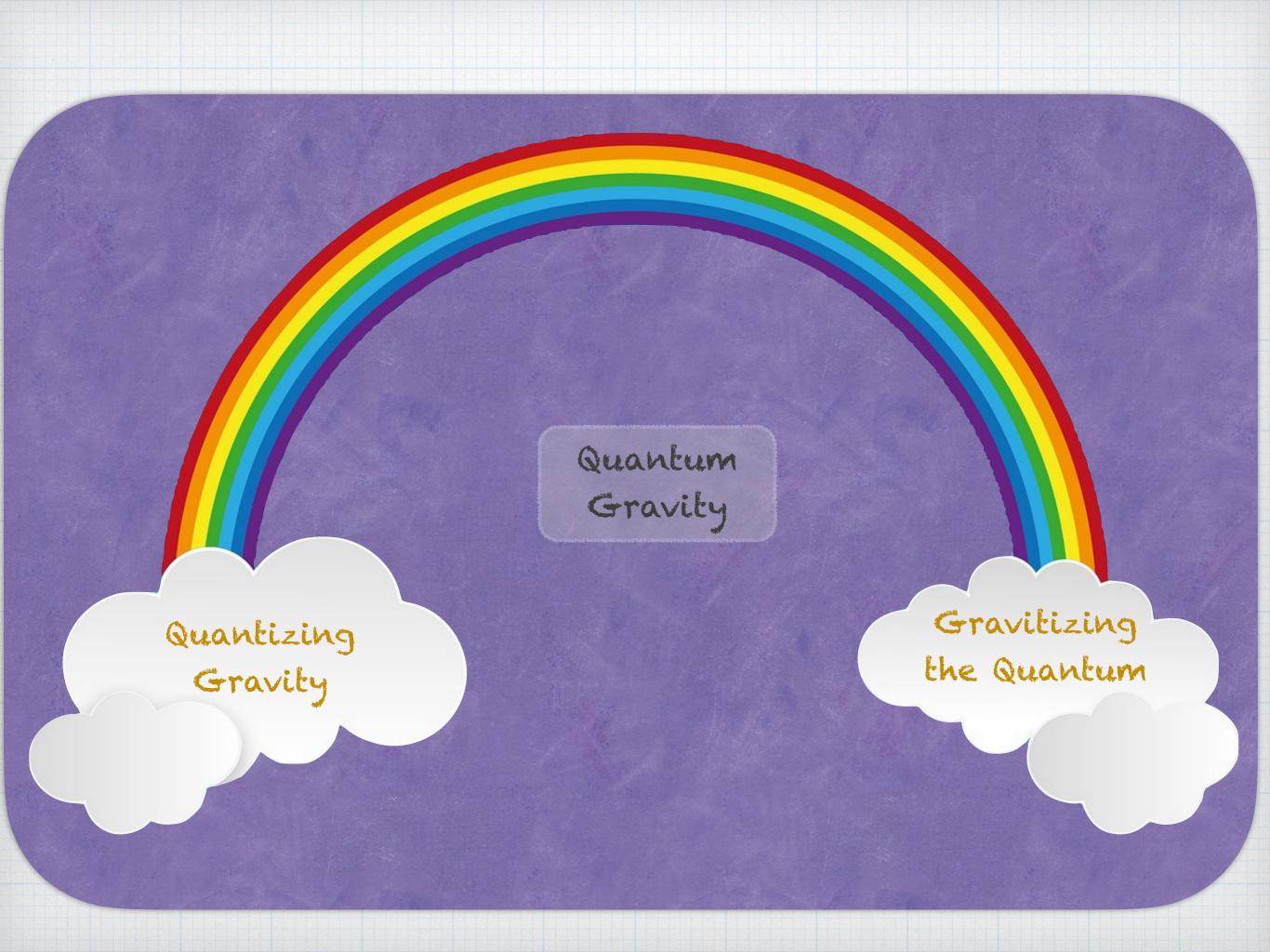




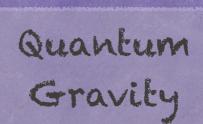


Quantum
Gravity

What is the fundamental structure of space-time? What is the UV completion of GR and QFTs?



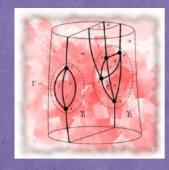
Re-inventing the structure of space-time and what is meant by "geometry"



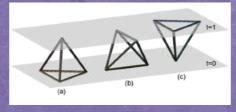
Quantizing
Gravity

Gravitizing the Quantum Quantum
Gravity

Gravity from Thermodynamics

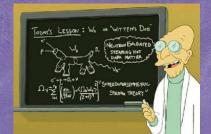


Loop Quantum
Gravity



Matrix Models

Quantum
Gravity



Supergravity

String Theory

Non-Perturbative Renormalization Group

Effective Field Theory

Non-Commutative Geometry

Gravity from Thermodynamics

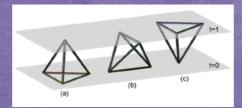
Dynamical Triangulations

Relative

Locality

Holography, Celestial Holography



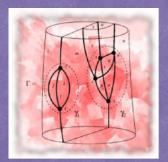


Matrix Models

Supergravity



String Theory



Graphity

Loop Quantum Gravity

Quantum Gravity

Asymptotic Safety

Geometrodynamics

Topological QFT

Non-Commutative Geometry

> Generalised Geometry

Group Field

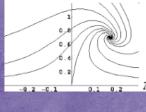
Condensate

Cosmology

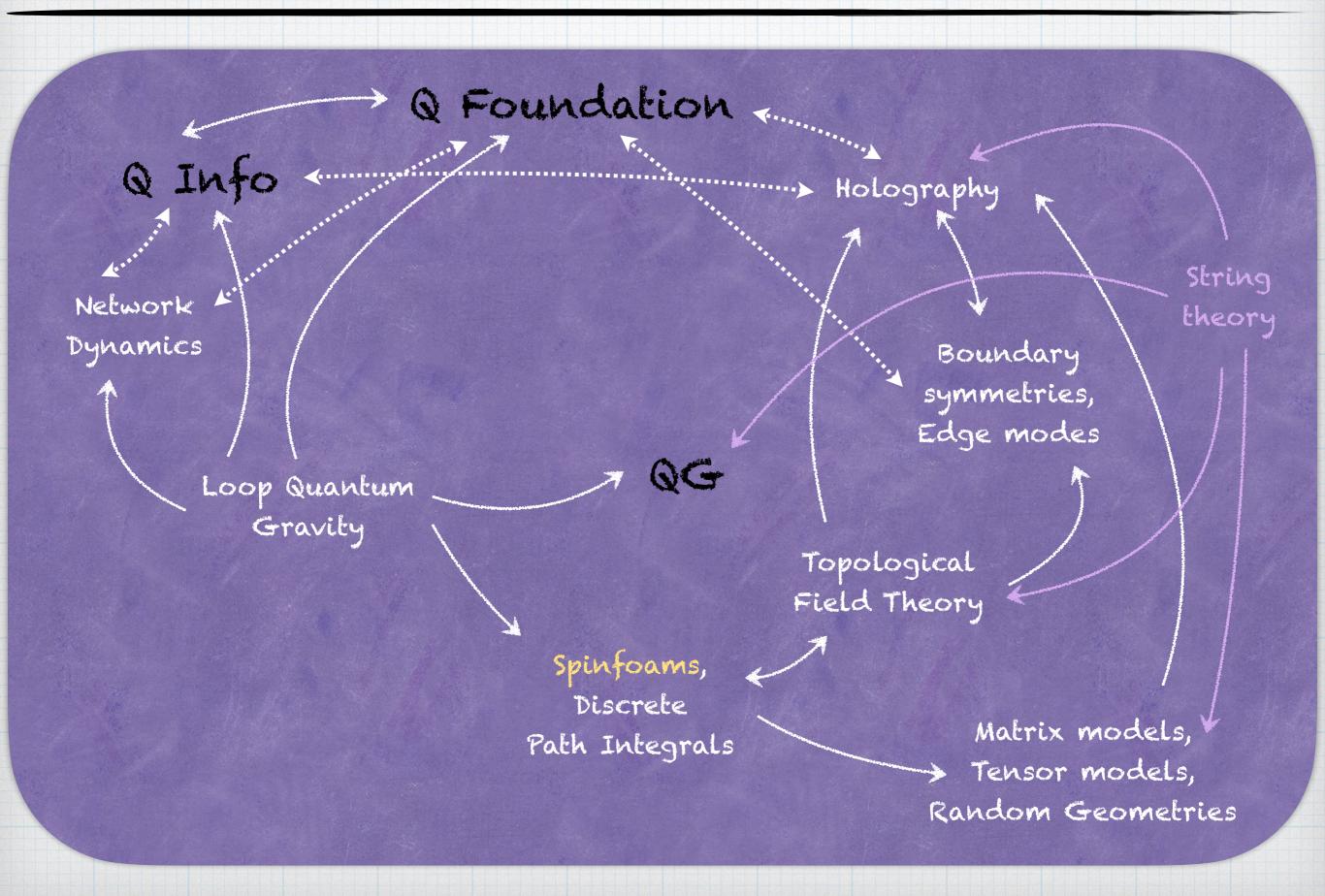
Theory

Effective Field Theory

Non-Perturbative Renormalization Group

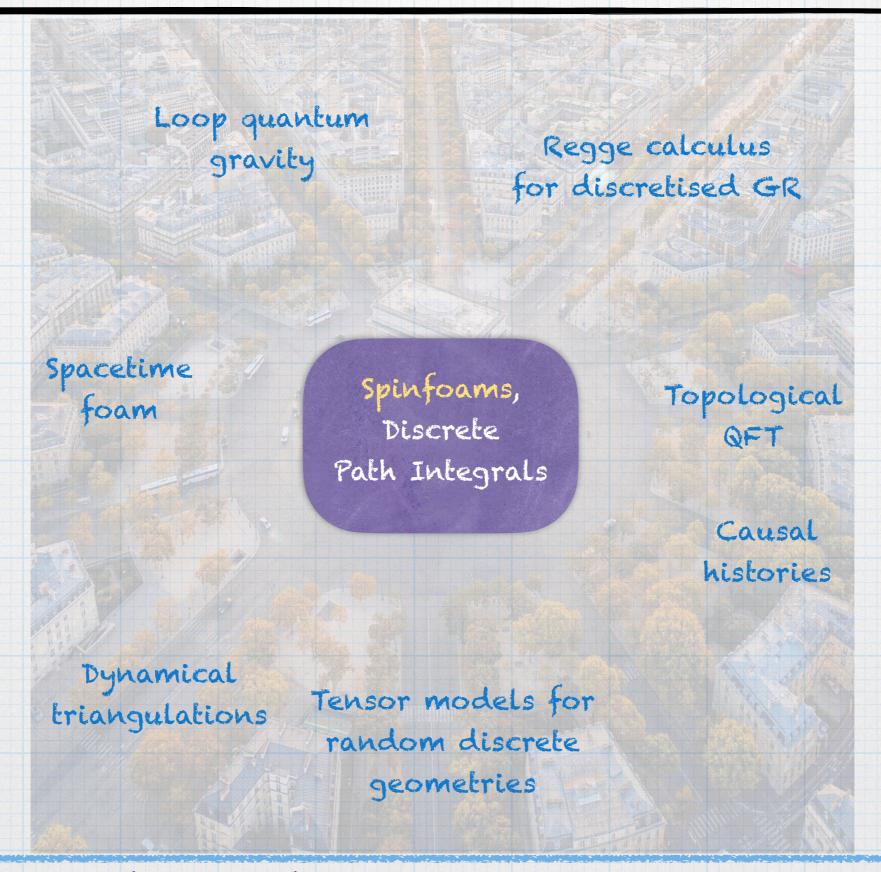


My local Quantum Gravity map



Spinfoams, Discrete Path Integrals

Spinfoams at a Crossroad



a framework for a quantum gravity path integral

Why a path integral?

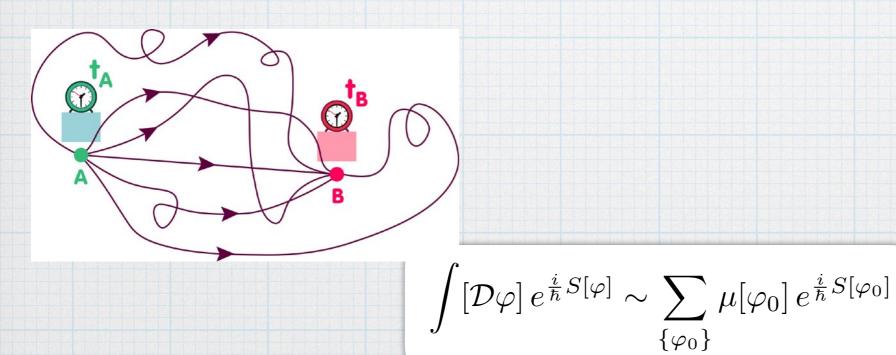
a framework for a quantum gravity path integral

Why a path integral?

Intuitive and effective framework for QM

Clear understanding of quantum -> classical

Operational formulation of QFT amplitudes and renormalisation



a framework for a quantum gravity path integral

What path integral?

a framework for a quantum gravity path integral

What path integral? Quantum superposition of quantum probability amplitudes for quantized geometries

$$\int_{g|_{\partial}=h} \left[\mathcal{D}g\right] e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_{\mathcal{M}_{4d}} \mathcal{L}_{EH}[g]} \longrightarrow \int_{\mathcal{Q}g|_{\partial}=\psi} \mathcal{D}\mu \left[\mathcal{Q}g\right] \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{Q}\mathcal{M}}[\mathcal{Q}g]$$
Quantum boundary condition
Quantum measure
Quantum geometries Quantum amplitudes

- Background independent (bridge between backgrounds)
- Symmetry under (quantum) diffeomorphisms
- Recover manifolds and GR (and QFT) in suitable limits

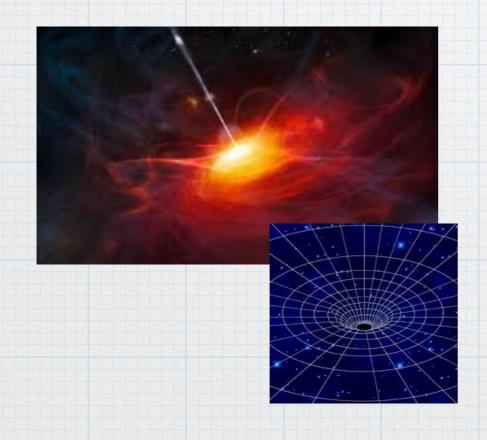
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How to define a path integral? Discretize it!

a framework for a quantum gravity path integral

How to define a path integral? Discretize it!

Consistent with intuition of universal minimal length scale

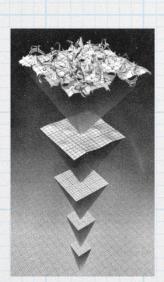


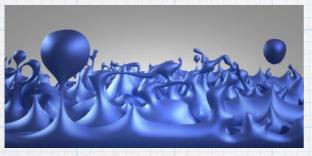
$$\frac{\hbar c}{\delta l} \le E \le \frac{c^4 \, \delta l}{G}$$

$$\delta l \ge \sqrt{\frac{\hbar G}{c^3}} = l_{Planck}$$

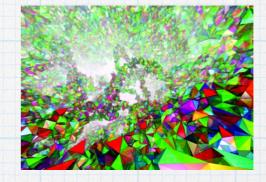
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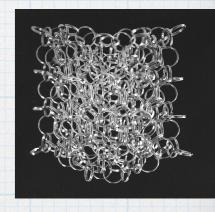








Spin network dynamics

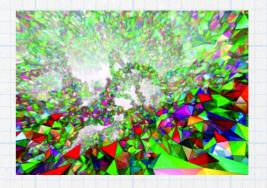


Named by John C. Baez (1999)

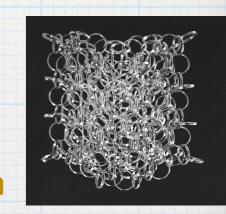
SPIN FOAM

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Loop Quantum Gravity



SPIN FOAM

Baez 99



Loop Quantum Gravity:

Canonical Quantization of General Relativity as a Gauge Field Theory

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No need for modified gravity, or specific matter content

Identification of d.o.f.s, Straightforward quantization respecting the symmetries

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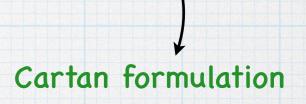
A conservative, yet versatile, approach



Loop Quantum Gravity:

Canonical Quantization of General Relativity as a Gauge Field Theory

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Identification of d.o.f.s, Straightforward quantization respecting the symmetries



A conservative, yet versatile, approach

$$S[e^{I}_{\mu}, \omega^{IJ}_{\mu}] = \int_{\mathcal{M}} \epsilon_{IJKL} e^{I} \wedge e^{J} \wedge F^{KL}[\omega]$$

Tetrad gives local vector basis

$$g_{\mu\nu} = e^I_\mu e_{I\nu}$$

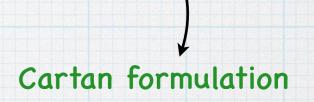
Connection gives transport of tetrad



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Identification of d.o.f.s, Straightforward quantization respecting the symmetries



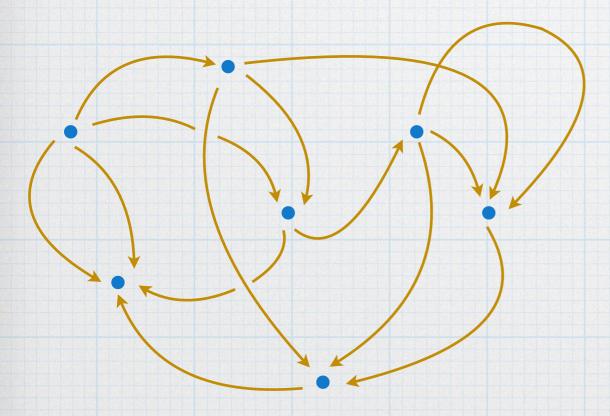
A conservative, yet versatile, approach

- Invariant under 4d Diffeomorphisms
- Invariant under local Lorentz transformations

Loop Quantum Gravity:

Canonical Quantization of General Relativity as a Gauge Field Theory

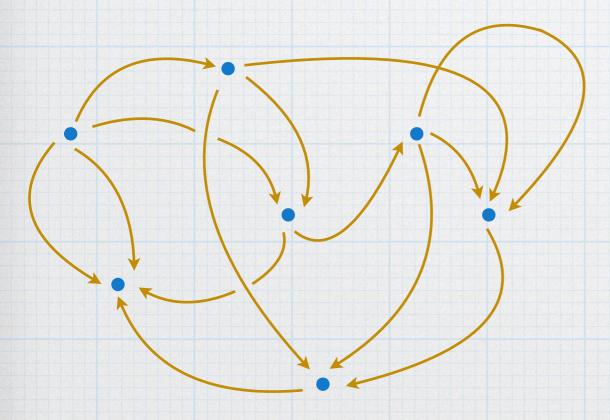
- Look at evolution of spatial slice in time
- Quantum states as in lattice gauge theory: Networks of connection



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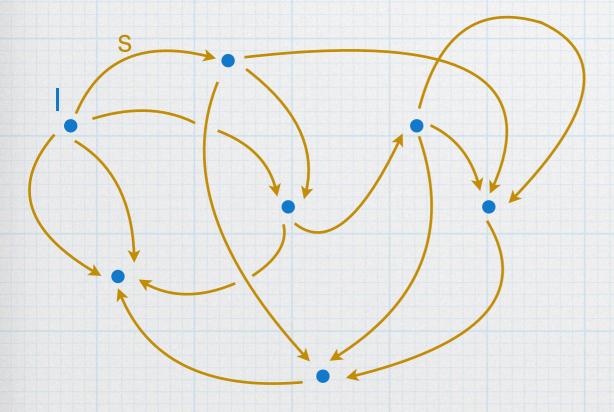


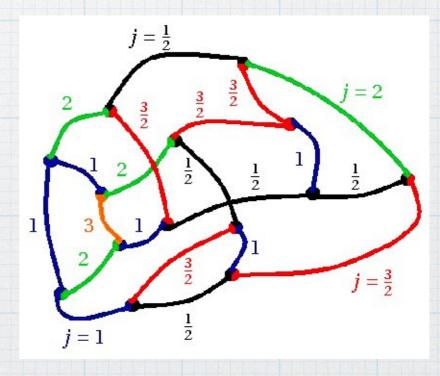
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Spin Networks





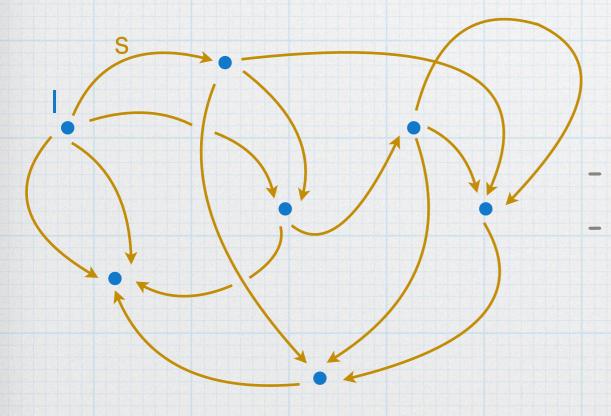


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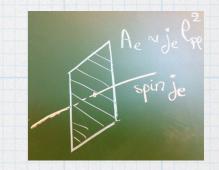
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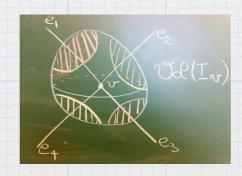


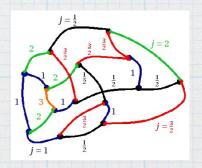


Quantum numbers with geometrical interpretation:



- Spins give discrete spectra of 2d areas
- Intertwiners give discrete spectra of 3d volumes





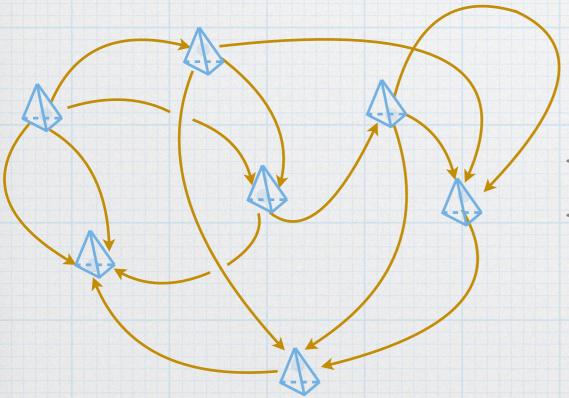


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Quantum volumes glued by quanta of area!

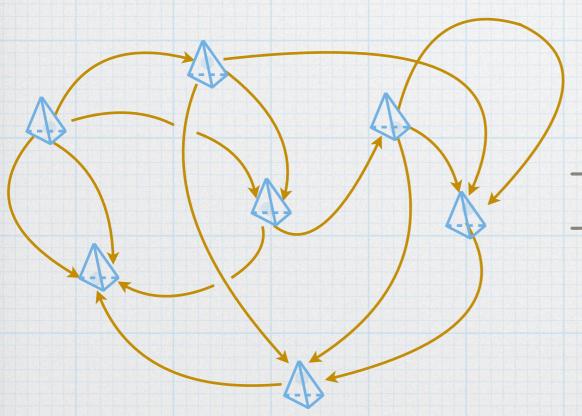


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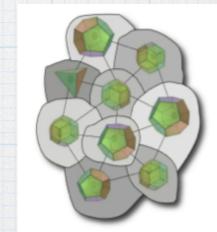
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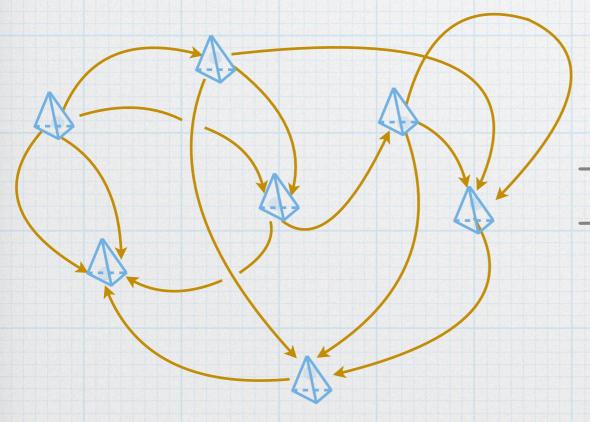


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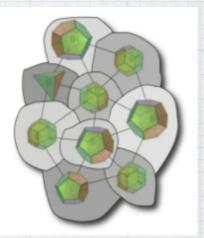
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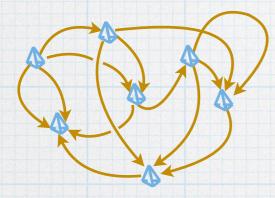
What about dynamics?





Loop Quantum Gravity:

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Spin Networks describe quantized transport on 3d slice Quantum volumes glued by quanta of area!

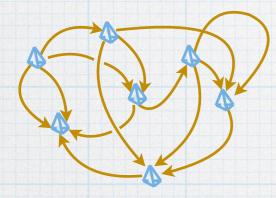


Spinfoam: Defines transition amplitudes between spin networks



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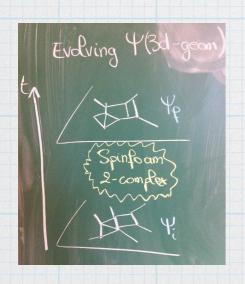
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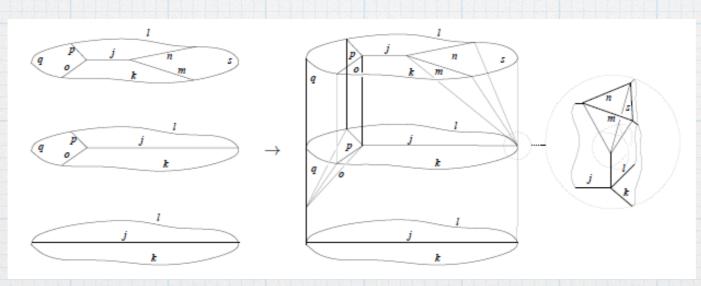


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Spinfoam: Defines transition amplitudes between spin networks







Nodes evolve along edges. are space-time events

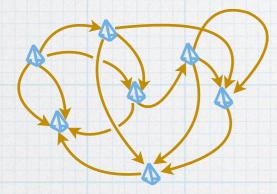
Links evolve along surfaces. Vertices, where graph changes,

Space-time from **Bubbles of Spin**



Loop Quantum Gravity:

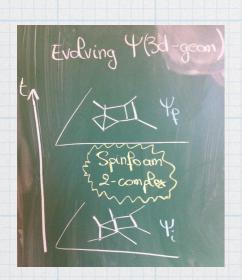
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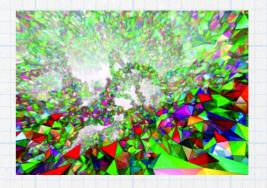


by assigning local probability amplitude to each space-time event, i.e. spinfoam vertex

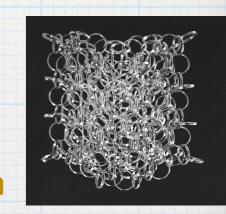


a framework for a quantum gravity path integral

How to define a path integral? Discretize it!



Loop Quantum Gravity



SPIN FOAM

Baez 99

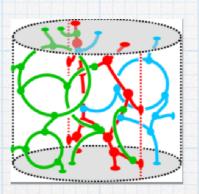
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Barrett-Crane 97,99 Baez-Barrett 99

TQFT, State-sums





Loop Quantum

Gravity

Reisenberger-Rovelli 96

Markpoulou-Smolin 97

2 complementary methods to construct Spinfoam models

Baez 99

Discrete path integral for BF theory as a TQFT

Why TQFT? Local field theory with no local d.o.f.s.

Full theory exactly captured by discretization

T for Topological

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Convergence of methods: topological invariants, Atiyah axioms, BRST quantisation, ...

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$$S[e,\omega] = \int \star(e \wedge e) \wedge F[\omega]$$

Why TQFT? Local field theory with no local d.o.f.s.

Full theory exactly captured by discretization

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Gravity is a TQFT?

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$$S[B,\omega] = \int B \wedge F[\omega]$$

$$B = \star(e \wedge e)$$

Simplicity constraints on bivector field

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- Then impose constraints on path integral (like filling a sea of defects)

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Let's spinfoam it!

BF discretized on space-time triangulation

- space-time from 4-simplices glued together
- B field discretized on 2-cells
- Connection discretized across 3-cells
- action discretized on 4-cells

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Matches the structure of spin network histories!

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Spinfoamed as the EPRL model!

BF discretized on space-time triangulation

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Spinfoam

Ponzano-Regge (3d BF= 3d grav)
Turaev-Viro (3d with cosmo cst)
Crane-Yetter (4d BF)
Barrett-Crane (1st try for 4d grav)
Engle-Pereira-Rovelli-Livine

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Looks like a discretization of GR ... like Regge calculus?

The way of the Spinfoam

a framework for a quantum gravity path integral

How to define a path integral? Discretize it!



Barrett-Crane 97,99 Baez-Barrett 99

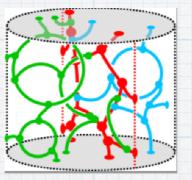




Quantized Regge calculus

Ponzano-Regge

Rovelli 93 Barrett-Williams 98







Reisenberger-Rovelli 96 Markpoulou-Smolin 97







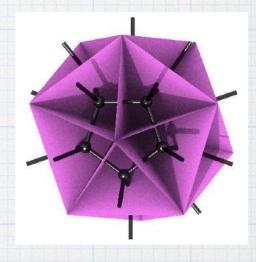
Let us look at a single spinfoam vertex

Let us look at a single spinfoam vertex: a quantum 4-simplex

= quantization of 4-simplex in FLAT SPACE-TIME

= spinfoam fluctuations around flat space-time

because of equivalence principle



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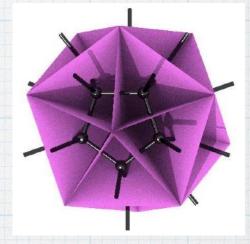
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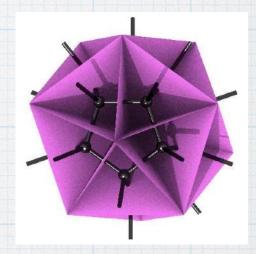
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So compute 2-pt correlation : $\langle \mathcal{A}_{\Delta} \mathcal{A}_{\Delta'} \rangle$

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- = spinfoam fluctuations around flat space-time

because of equivalence principle



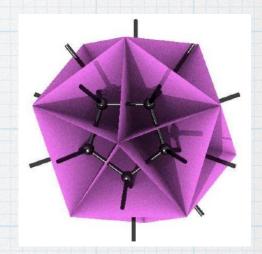
That's the QG Equivalent of Harmonic Oscillator!

So compute 2-pt correlation : $\langle \mathcal{A}_{\Delta} \mathcal{A}_{\Delta'} \rangle$



- = quantization of 4-simplex in FLAT SPACE-TIME
- = spinfoam fluctuations around flat space-time

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So compute 2-pt correlation : $\langle \mathcal{A}_{\Delta} \mathcal{A}_{\Delta'} \rangle$

- decreases in $d(\Delta, \Delta')^{-2}$ \longrightarrow Newtonian gravity !!
- correct tensorial structure ----- Graviton !!





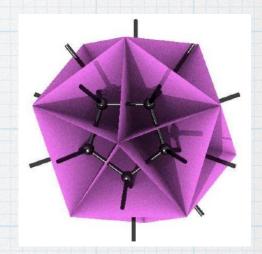
Rovelli 05 L-Speziale 06 Bianchi-R-S 06 Alesci 08 B-Ding 11

Let us look at a single spinfoam vertex: a quantum 4-simplex

= quantization of 4-simplex in FLAT SPACE-TIME

= spinfoam fluctuations around flat space-time

because of equivalence principle



That's the QG Equivalent of Harmonic Oscillator!

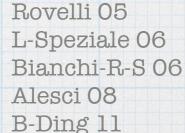
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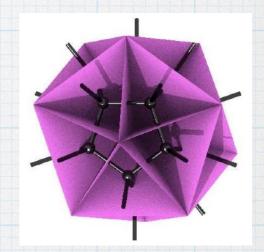
G corrections?

Quadratic Area Regge calculus, Classical space-time solutions



- = quantization of 4-simplex in FLAT SPACE-TIME
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Rovelli 05 L-Speziale 06 Bianchi-R-S 06 Alesci 08 B-Ding 11



G corrections?

Quadratic Area Regge calculus, Classical space-time solutions

NLO

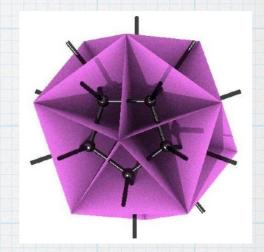
Area Regge path integral, non-Gaussian fluctuations





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Rovelli 05 L-Speziale 06 Bianchi-R-S 06 Alesci 08 B-Ding 11



G corrections?

Quadratic Area Regge calculus, Classical space-time solutions

NLO

Area Regge path integral, non-Gaussian fluctuations



NNLO

Discrete area/vol spectrum SF corrections to Regge

The way of the Spinfoam

a framework for a quantum gravity path integral

How to define a path integral? Discretize it!



Barrett-Crane 97,99 Baez-Barrett 99

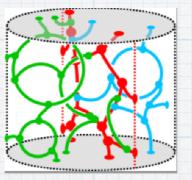




Quantized Regge calculus

Ponzano-Regge

Rovelli 93 Barrett-Williams 98







Reisenberger-Rovelli 96 Markpoulou-Smolin 97

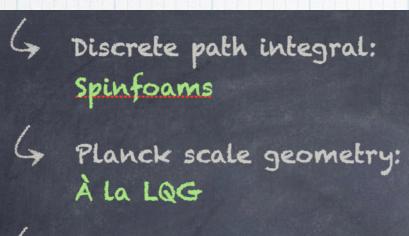






3d Spinfoams: the proof-of-concept

The Ponzano-Regge model:



G Topological Invariant:

G Finite Amplitudes:
Operational theory

Extensions:
Versatile formalism

G Bulk/Boundary:

Interface with Phy Stat

Matter coupling

Prescribes a probability amplitude to every 3d triangulation

Length, area, volume, angle operators with quantized spectrum

Inv under +/- edges & vertices, encoded in Biedenharn-Elliott identity

matches Ray-Singer torsion, knot invs, and Chern-Simons quantization

E/L signature, topological defects, q-deformation, supergravities

Exact holographic duality with inhomogeneous 2d Ising

Effective Non-Commutative Geometry for matter coupled to 3d QG



The way of the Spinfoam

a framework for a quantum gravity path integral

How to define a path integral? Discretize it!



Barrett-Crane 97,99 Baez-Barrett 99

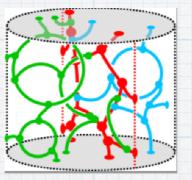




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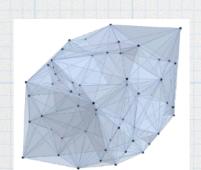
The way of the Spinfoam

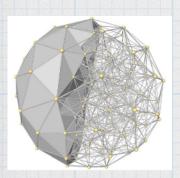
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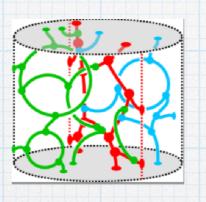


TQFT,
State-sums



Quantized
Regge calculus

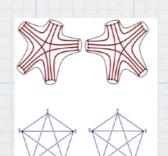
Rovelli 93 Barrett-Williams 98







Reisenberger-Rovelli 96 Markpoulou-Smolin 97



SPIN FOAM

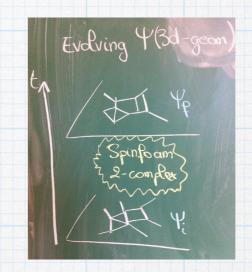
Baez 99

Group Field Theory,
Tensor Models

Boulatov 93

DePietri-Freidel-Krasnov-Rovelli 99 Reisenberger-Rovelli 00 Freidel 05

How to sum over bulk geometries?





How to sum over bulk geometries?

Define a "auxiliary" field theory such that Feynman diagrams

Spinfoam amplitudes for 4d triangulations





How to sum over bulk geometries?

Define a "auxiliary" field theory such that

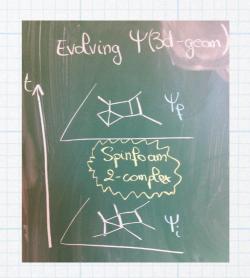
Feynman diagrams

Spinfoam amplitudes for 4d triangulations

$$S[\varphi] = \frac{1}{2} \int \varphi(g_1, g_2) \varphi(g_2, g_1) - \frac{\lambda}{3!} \int \varphi(g_1, g_2) \varphi(g_2, g_3) \varphi(g_3, g_1)$$

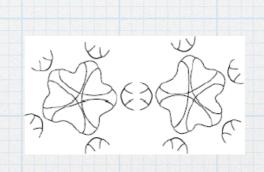
$$S[\varphi] = \frac{1}{2} \int [dg]^3 \varphi(g_1, g_2, g_3) \varphi(g_3, g_2, g_1)$$
$$-\frac{\lambda}{4!} \int \varphi(g_1, g_2, g_3) \varphi(g_3, g_4, g_5) \varphi(g_5, g_2, g_6) \varphi(g_6, g_4, g_1)$$

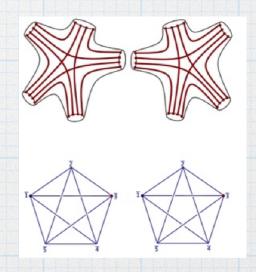
$$S[\varphi] = \frac{1}{2} \int [dg]^4 \varphi(g_i)^2 - \frac{\lambda}{5!} \int [dh]^{20} \mathcal{V}(h_{ab}) \varphi^{\otimes 5}(h_{ab})$$





Field = quantum tetrahedra





Self-Interaction of tetrahedra

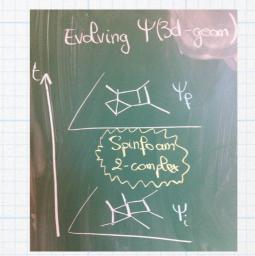
Quantum 4-simplex



How to sum over bulk geometries?

Define a "auxiliary" field theory such that Feynman diagrams







Spinfoam amplitudes for 4d triangulations

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Group Field Theory:

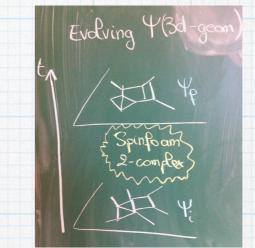
- Extension of matrix and tensor models
- Non-local field theory on group manifold
- Admits quantum group symmetries (NCQFT)



How to sum over bulk geometries?

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Spinfoam amplitudes for 4d triangulations

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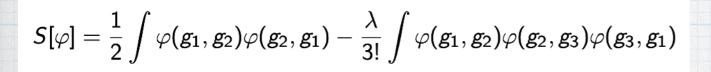
- Extension of matrix and tensor models
- Non-local field theory on group manifold
- Admits quantum group symmetries (NCQFT)
- Possible to couple matter

[Fairbairn-L, Freidel-Oriti, Girelli-L-Oriti,...]

How to sum over bulk geometries?

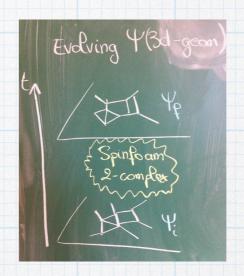
Define a "auxiliary" field theory such that Feynman diagrams





$$S[\varphi] = \frac{1}{2} \int [dg]^{3} \varphi(g_{1}, g_{2}, g_{3}) \varphi(g_{3}, g_{2}, g_{1})$$
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Group Field Theory ...

A useful tool?

Can model large ensembles of quantum 4-simplices e.g. by mean field methods



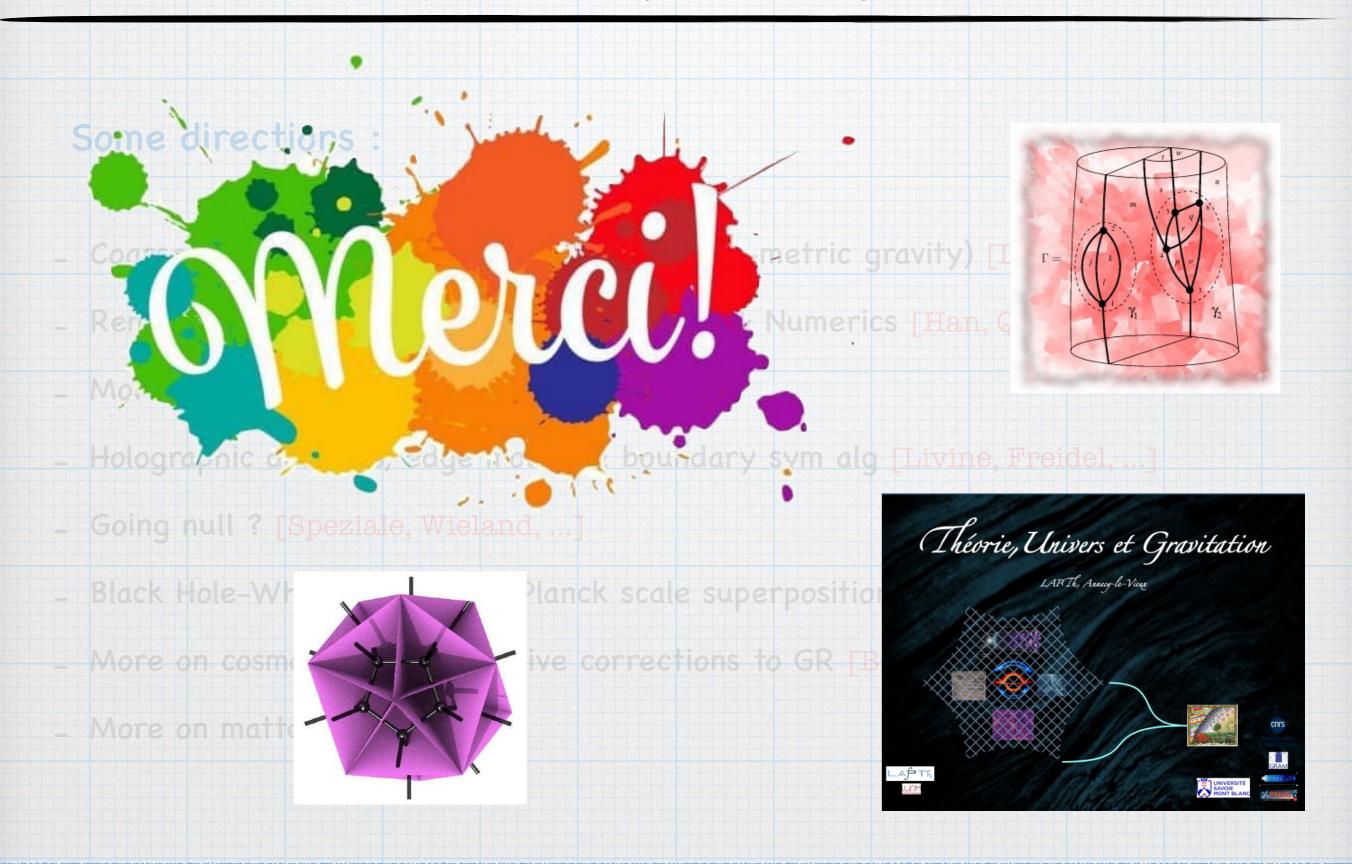
Condensate cosmology proposal [Oriti]

The future of Spinfoam quantum gravity

Some directions:

- Coarse-graining by Effective Spinfoams (area-metric gravity) [Dittrich, ..]
- Renormalization by Analytical Computations & Numerics [Han, Qu, Dona, ...]
- More on Group Field Theory [Oriti, ...]
- Holographic dualities, edge modes & boundary sym alg [Livine, Freidel, ...]
- Going null? [Speziale, Wieland, ...]
- Black Hole-White Hole stable Planck scale superposition [Rovelli, Vidotto, ...]
- More on cosmology and effective corrections to GR [Borissova, Qu, ...]
- More on matter

The future of Spinfoam quantum gravity



TUG Workshop - Annecy 2024

the Spinfoam Framework for Quantum Gravity

Etera Livine

Laboratoire de Physique LP ENSL & CNRS









