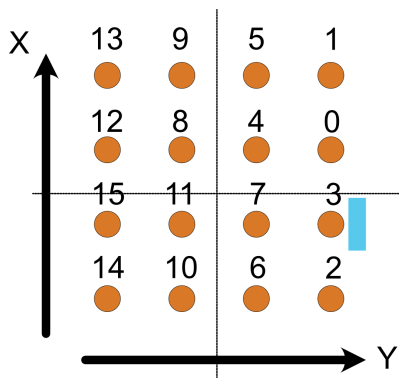


Some news

30/08/24

Conventions

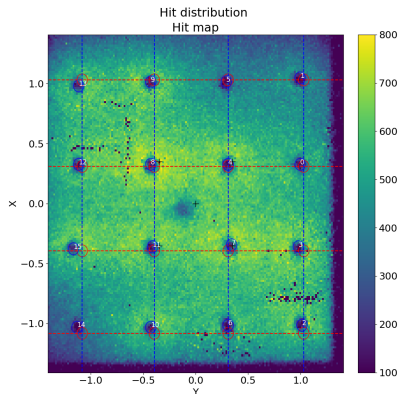


- ▶ X-Y convention derived from the drift chambers
- ▶ Propagated to the X_m - Y_m variables
- ▶ Blue square is the drift chamber blind zone

Fibre position

Determining the actual fibre position

- Use the V2 processing (use 2 drift chamber/3)
- Cut : $(\text{eventType}[i]==4) \ \& \ (\text{mVmax}>\text{hitTot}[i]>0) \ \& \ (\text{diffTrack2}[i]<1.) \ \& \ (\text{muonDZ}[i]>0)$
- Finding the minimum of the mean hit value (blue circle) around an approximate position (red)



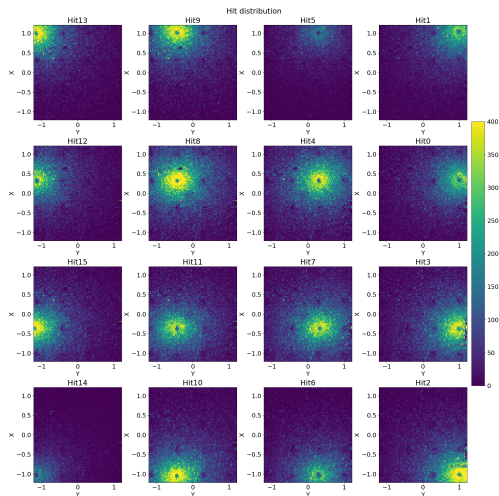
Results (cm) :

Fiber	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
X	0.33	1.05	-1.01	-0.36	0.33	1.01	-1.01	-0.34
Y	1.0	1.0	1.01	0.98	0.31	0.29	0.31	0.34

Fiber	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
X	0.33	1.01	-1.03	-0.36	0.33	0.98	-1.03	-0.38
Y	-0.43	-0.43	-0.43	-0.41	-1.11	-1.11	-1.13	-1.17

Homogenisation of the fibres responses

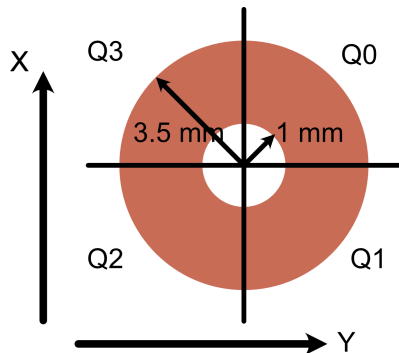
- Use muons data (V3 processing)



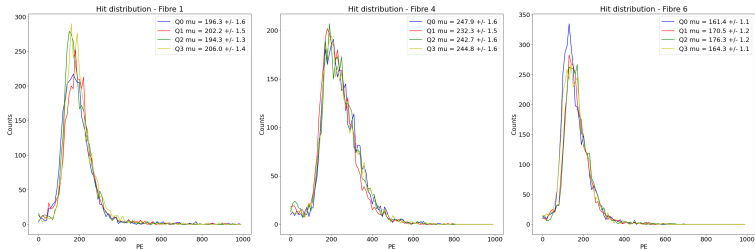
Hit Map for each fibre

Quarters definition

- Compute the mean value of the PE/track around each fibre
- Use quarters in order to avoid borders effects (1 quarter used in the corner, 2 in the boundaries and center)
- Homogenise to the mean value of the mean values



Example of mean computations



- Error driven by syst.
- For the 4 center fibres, use 2Q for calib., 2 for checking. Before :

Fibre	4	7	8	11	After (mean value 220.05) :
value	243.74	230.5	293.46	190.21	
Fibre	4	7	8	11	
value	216.77	208.69	216.3	254.08	

Results

Coefficients :

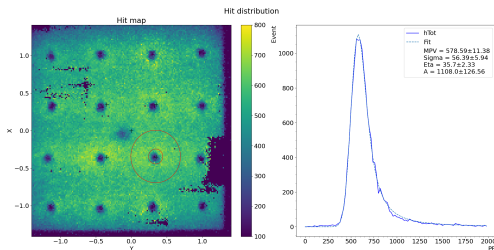
$$hit[i]_{corrected} = \frac{hit[i]}{coeff[i]}$$

Fiber	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Coeff	0.83	0.88	1.4	1.18	1.11	0.37	0.74	1.05
Fiber	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Coeff	1.33	1.18	1.18	0.86	0.98	1.21	0.45	1.21

Look at the Landau's

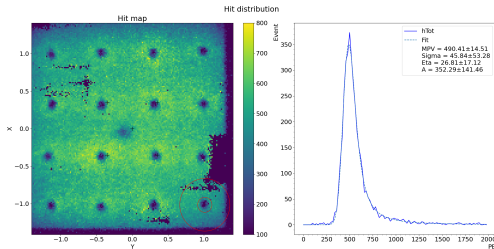
Conditions :

- ▶ Run 60 (Troll1, muons), V3 processing
- ▶ Use the same quarters definitions as for the homogenisation
- ▶ Fit with a Landau convoluted with a Gaussian
- ▶ Cut : $\text{eventType} == 4 \ \& \ \text{hTotVal} > 0 \ \& \ \text{diffTrack2} < 1. \ \& \ \text{muonDZ} > 0 \ \& \ \text{dist2} > 0.1 \ \& \ \text{dist2} < 0.35 \ \& \ \text{isVmin} \ \& \ \text{hTotVal} > 0 \ \& \ \text{hTotVal} < 2000 \ \& \ \text{grain1X} > -1.3 \ \& \ \text{grain1X} < 1.3 \ \& \ \text{grain1Y} > -1.3 \ \& \ \text{grain1Y} < 1.3$

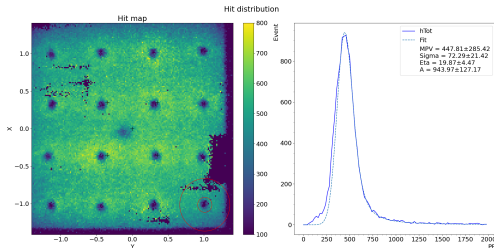


Look at the Landau's

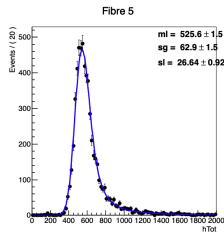
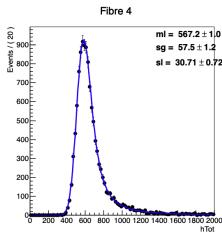
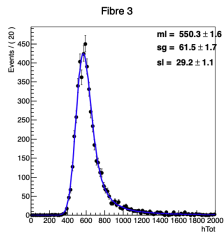
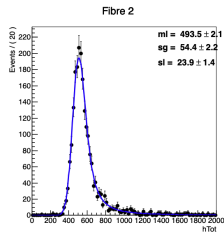
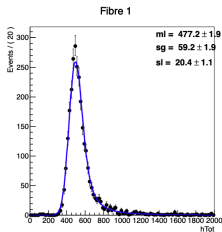
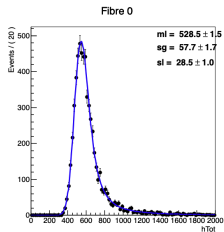
Using the quarter:



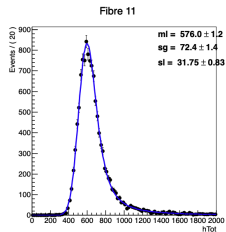
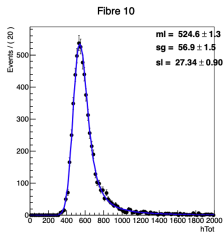
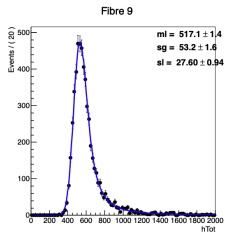
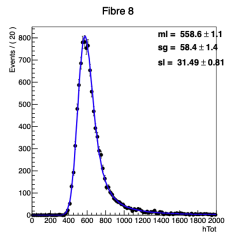
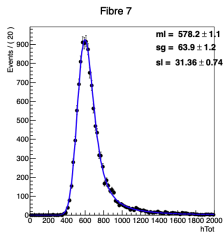
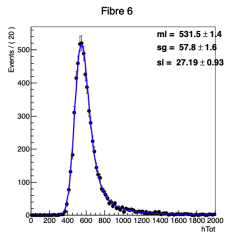
Without using the quarters :



Moving to rooFit

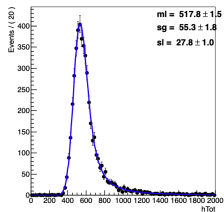


Moving to rooFit

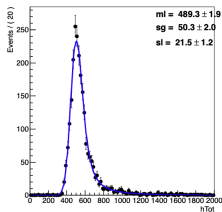


Moving to rooFit

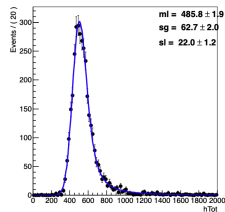
Fibre 12



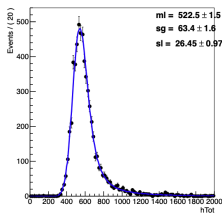
Fibre 13



Fibre 14

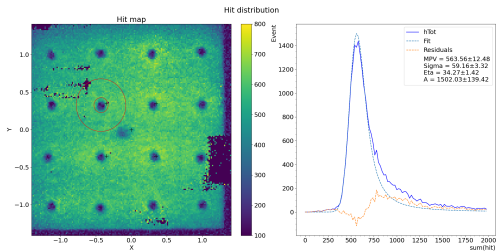


Fibre 15

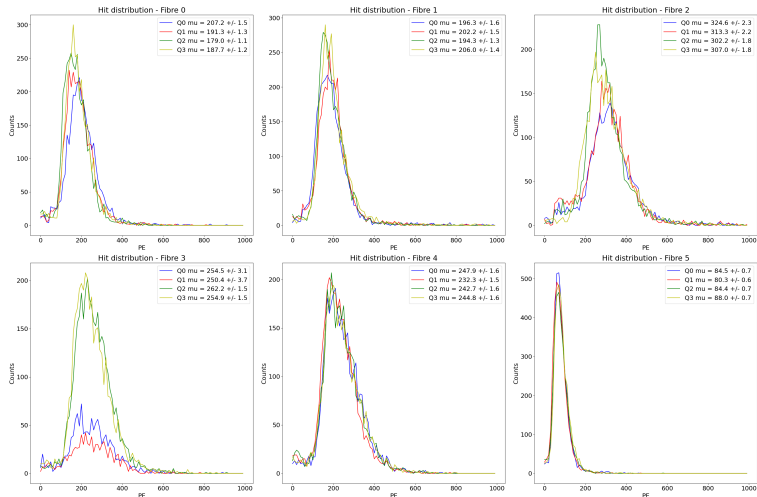


Look at the Pion Landau's

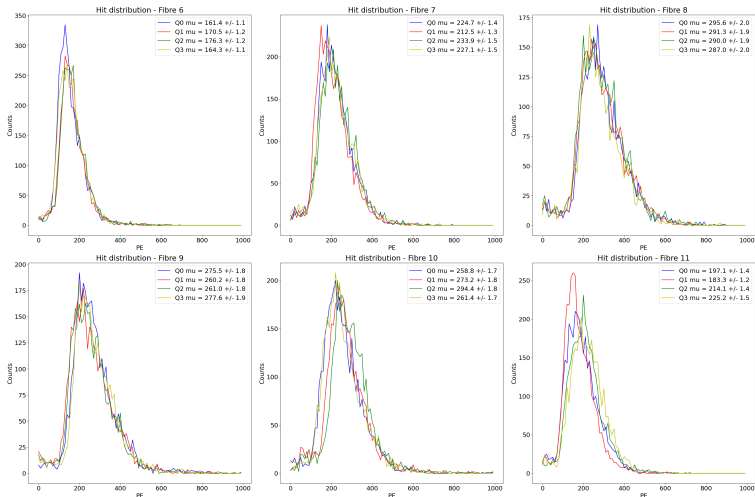
Using the fit of the Landau determined from the muon:



ANNEXE 1 : Mean computations 1/3



ANNEXE 1 : Mean computations 2/3



ANNEXE 1 : Mean computations 3/3

