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# Combining synchrotron and acoustic emission techniques to reveal the secrets of high PT faulting

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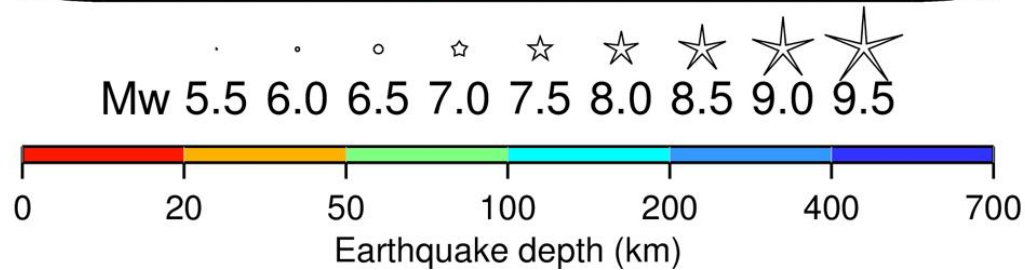
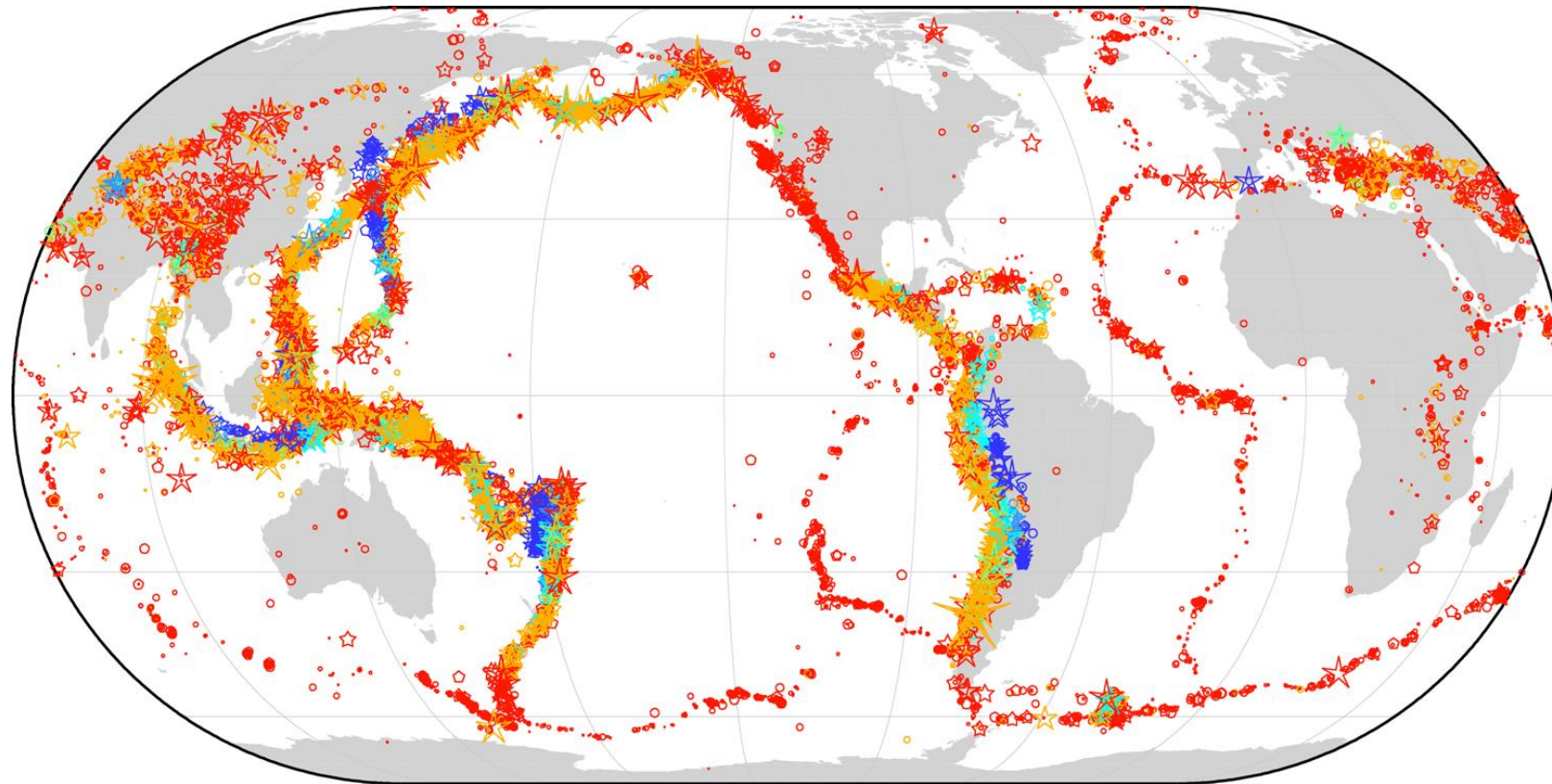
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# Depth-magnitude distribution of seismicity



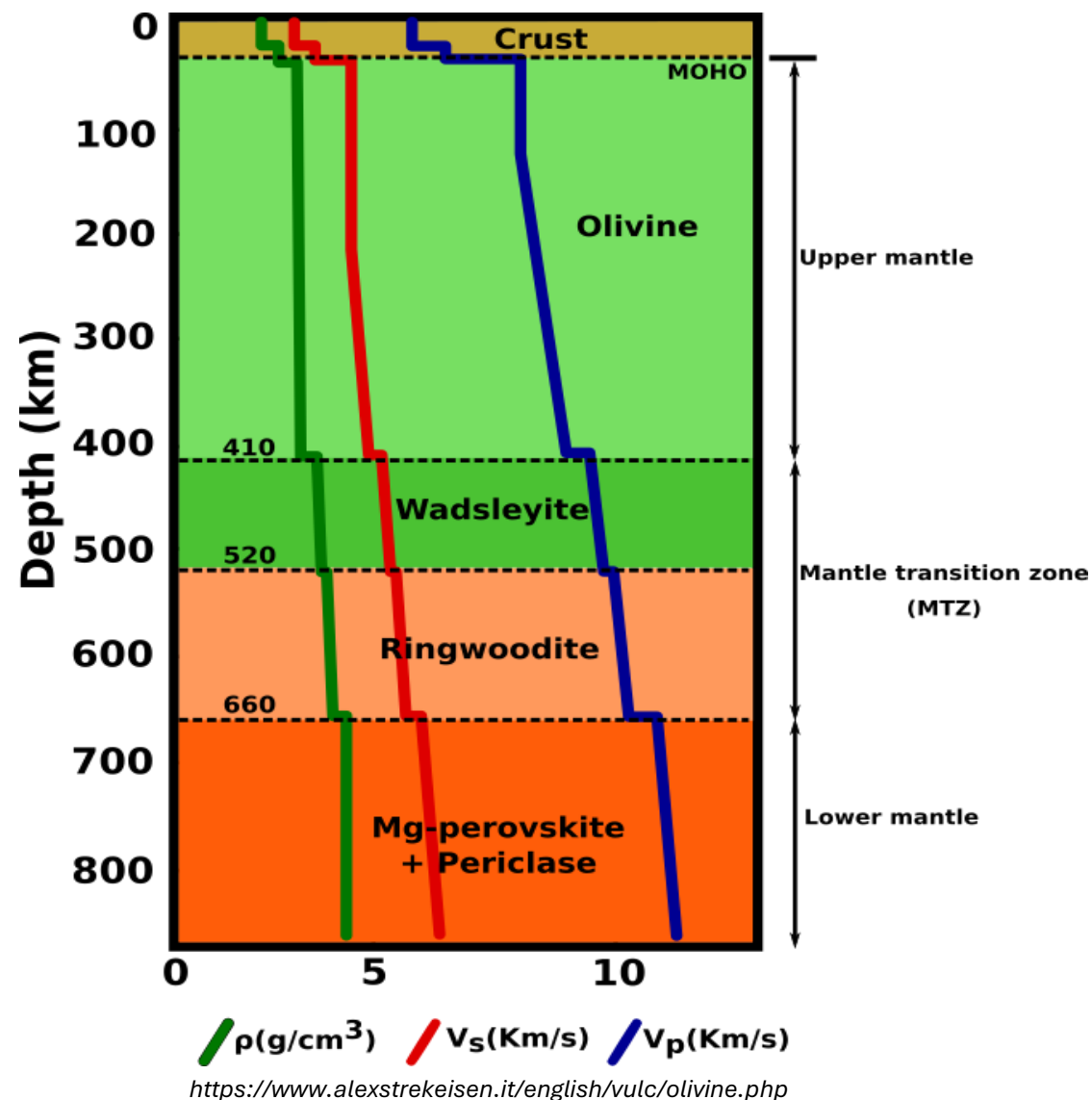
★ > 300 km depth

Deep-focus earthquakes



**Subduction zones** where the lithosphere is old and/or descends rapidly

# Olivine transformations at depth



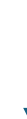
Seismic discontinuities



Phase transitions of olivine

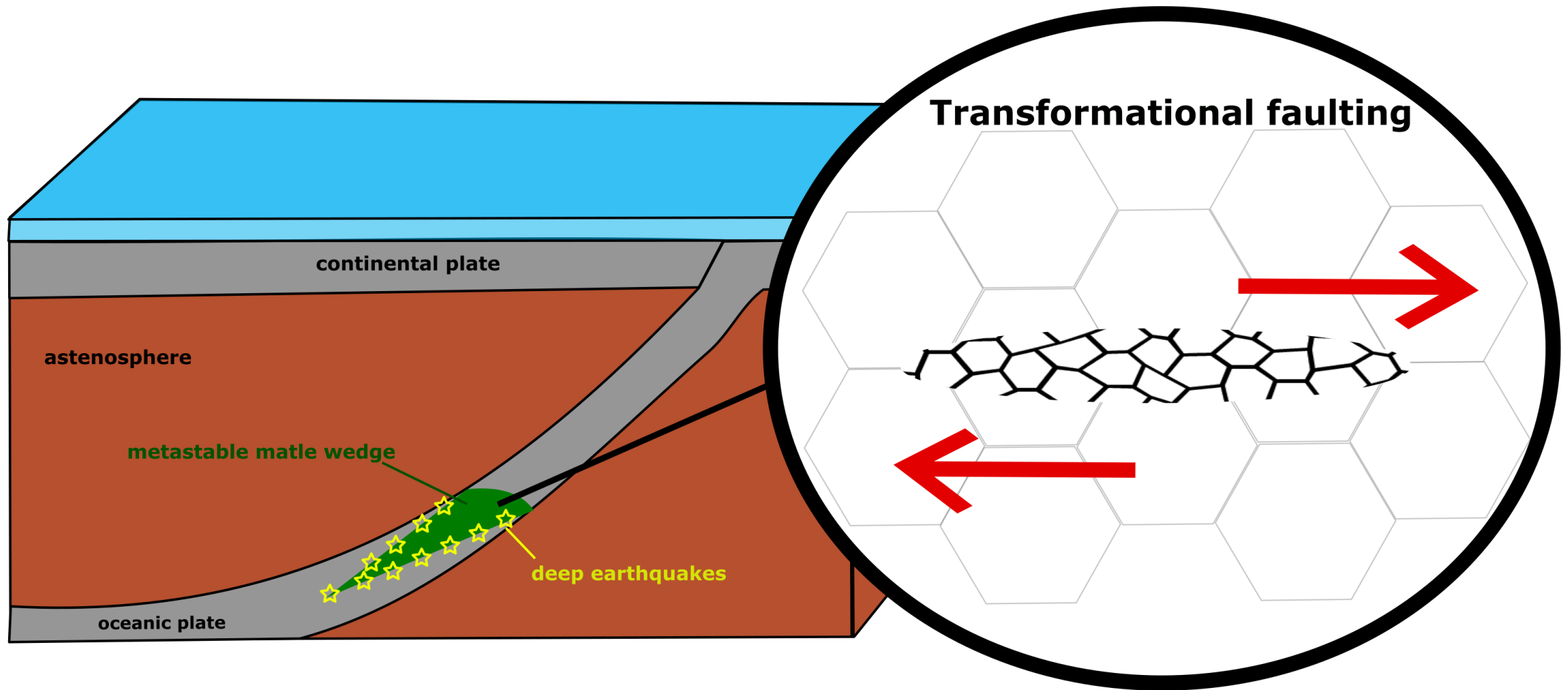


Important rheological implications

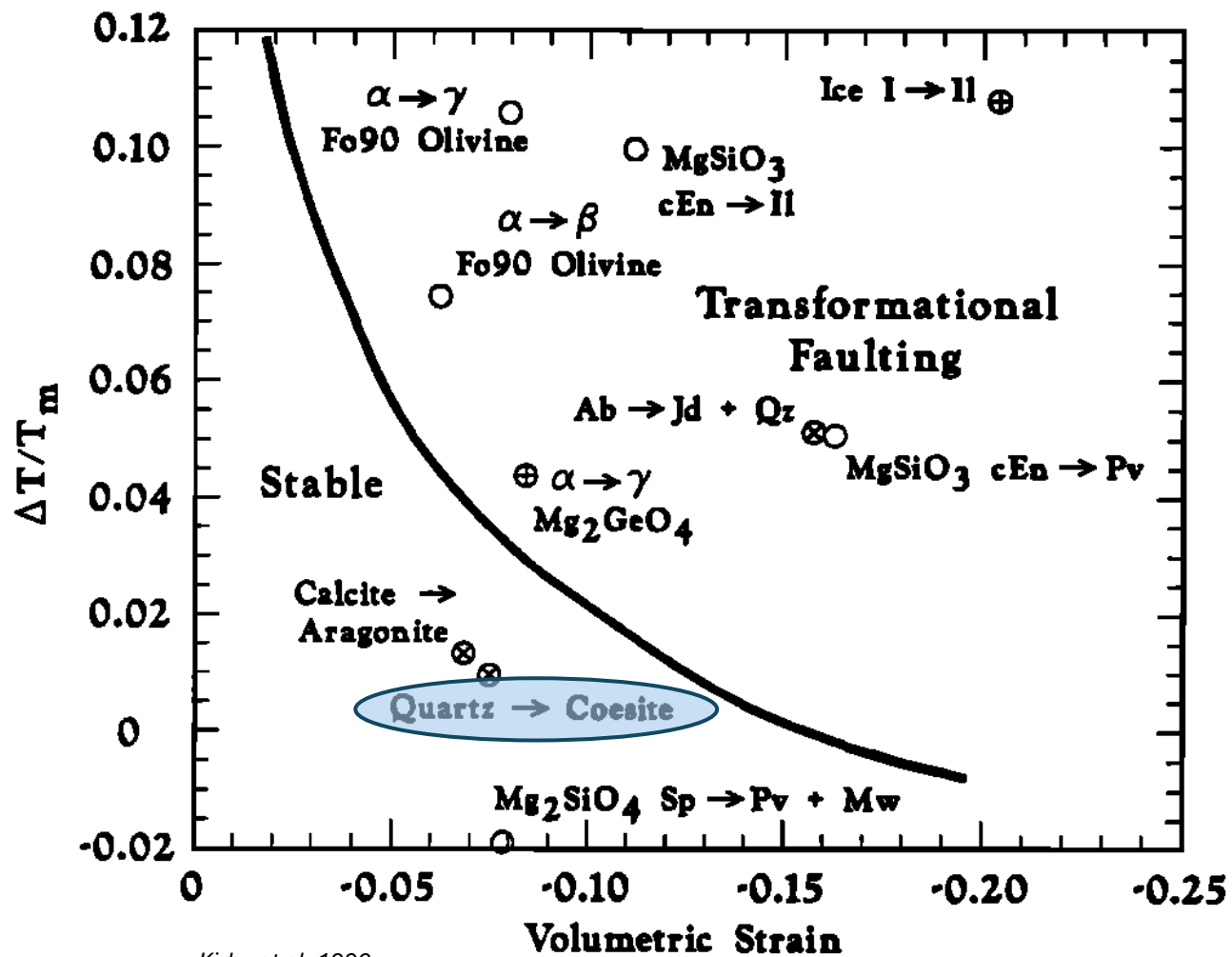


Several studies suggest that they could be a cause of **transformational faulting**

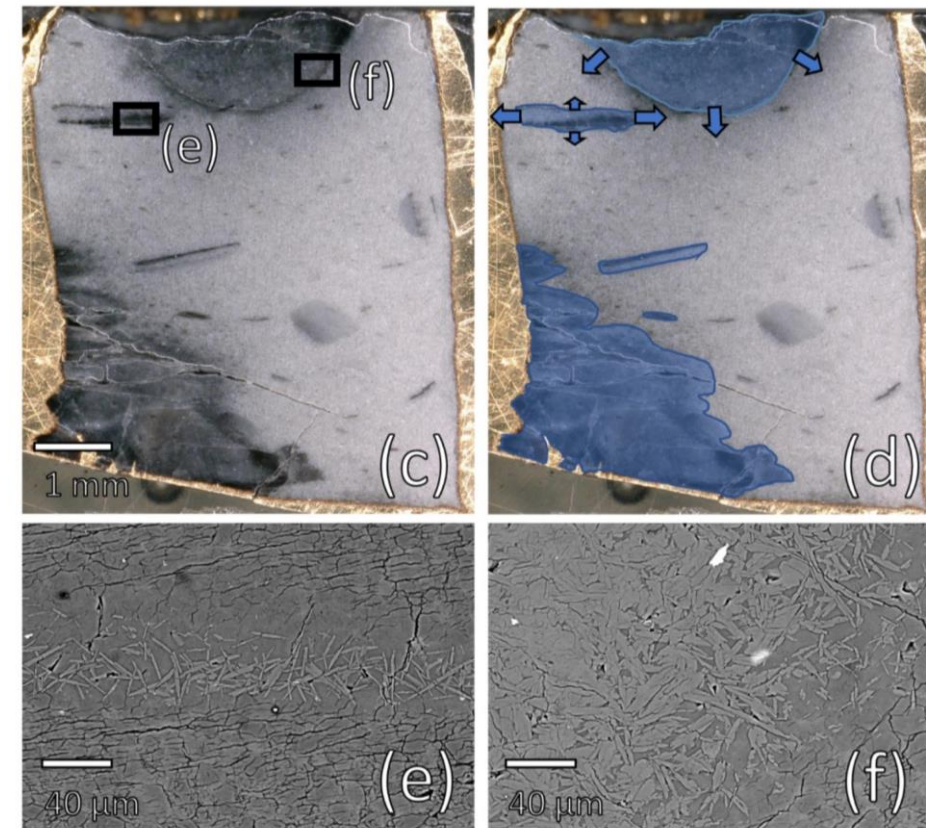
# Transformational faulting



# What about other transitions?



Gasc et al., 2022



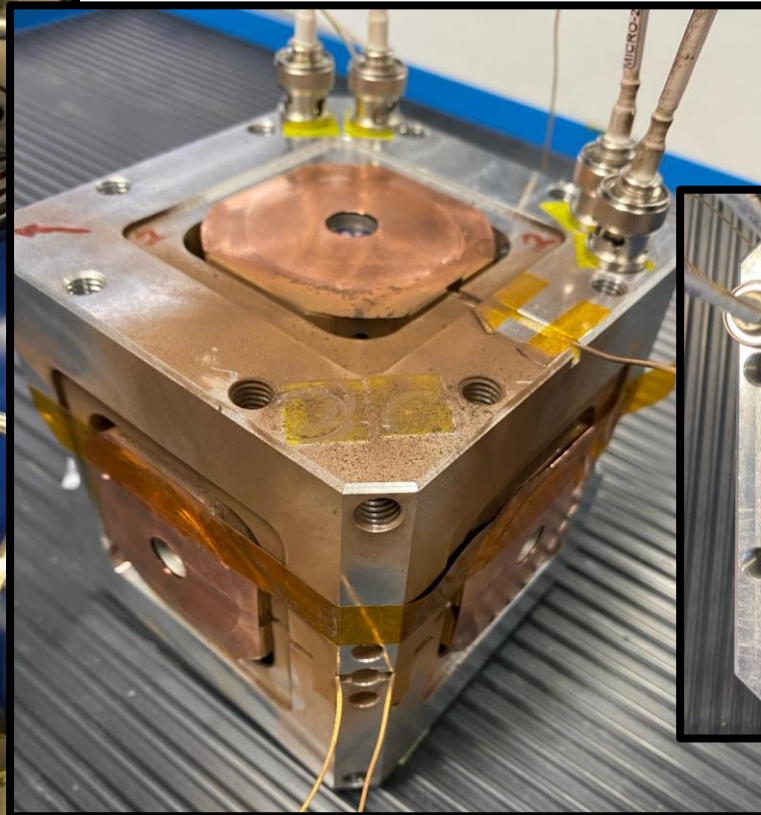
Quartz-coesite: no strain localization  
Stable front propagation

# Synchrotron experiments at PETRA III

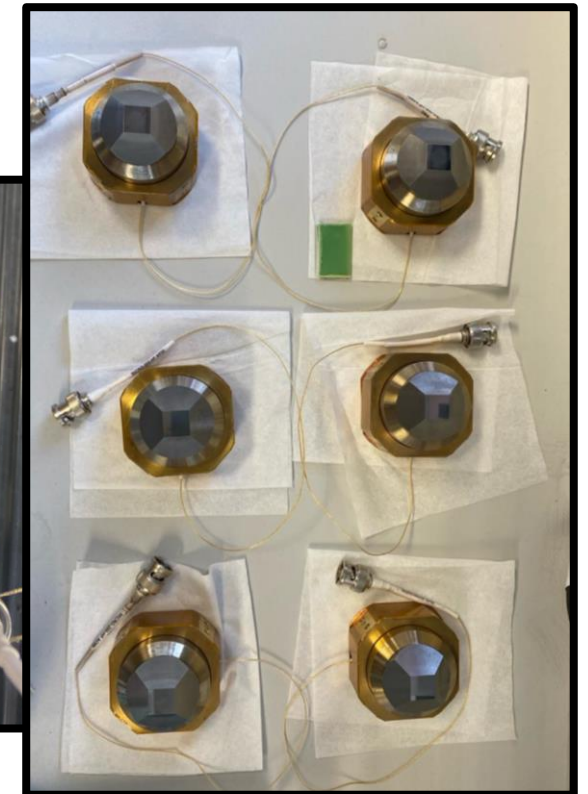
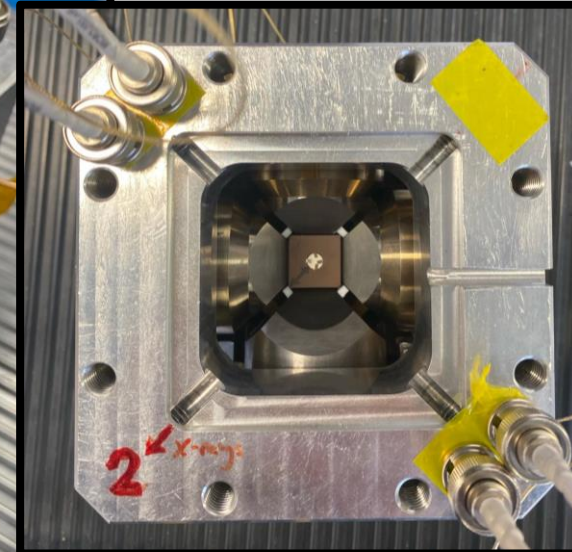
High T and P experiments combining synchrotron x-ray radiation and acoustic emissions



Large volume press at PETRA III

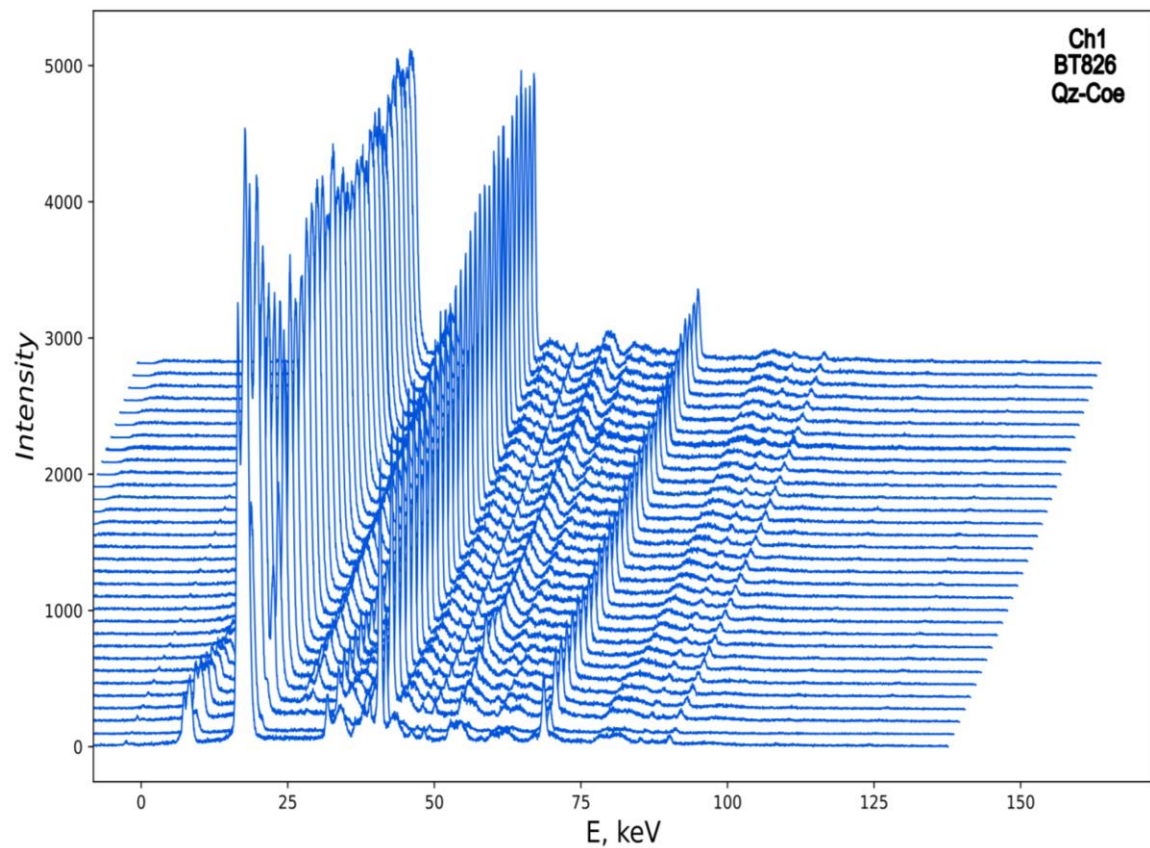


Cube of the assembly

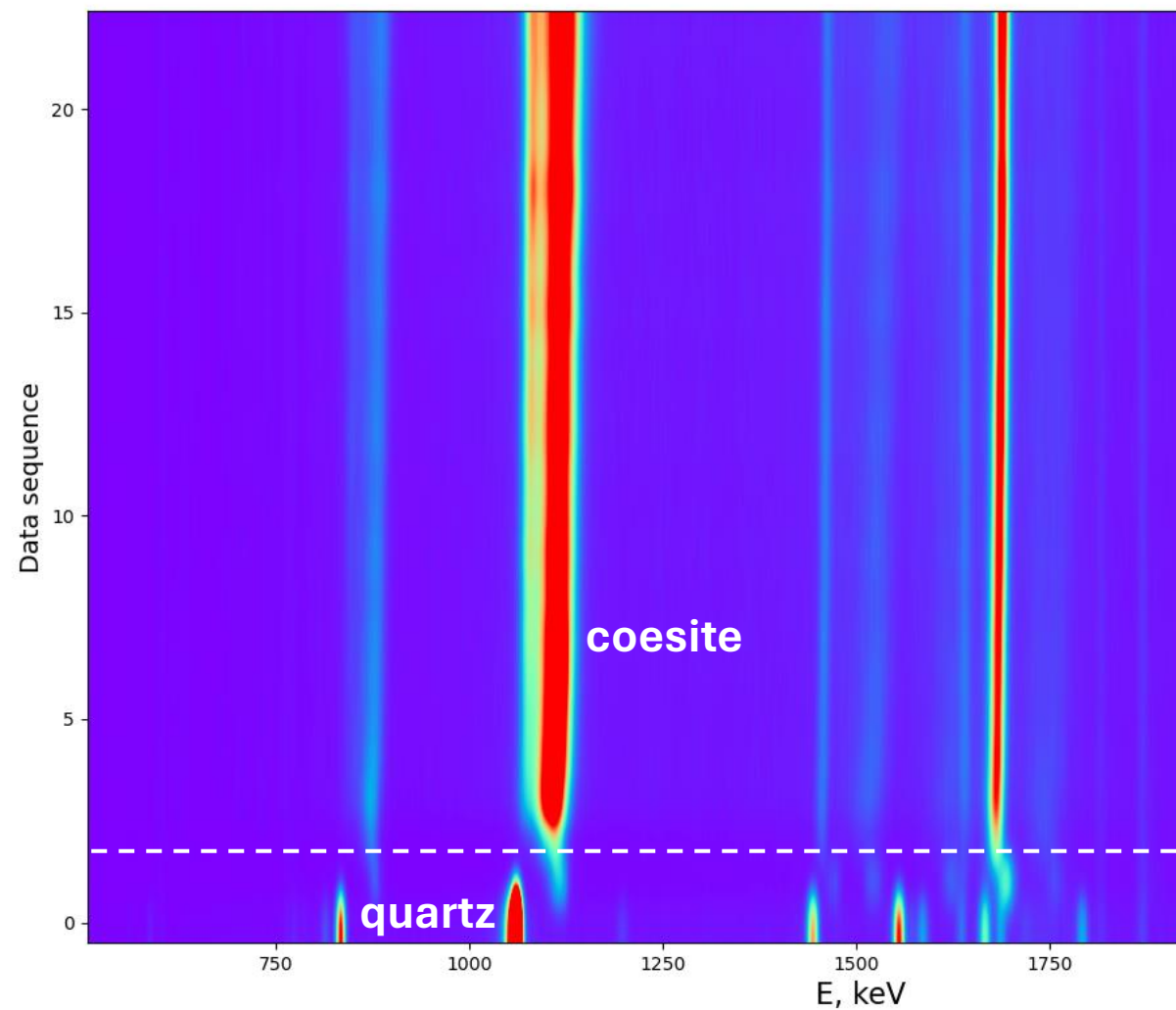


first stage anvils + acoustic transducers

# Experimental results

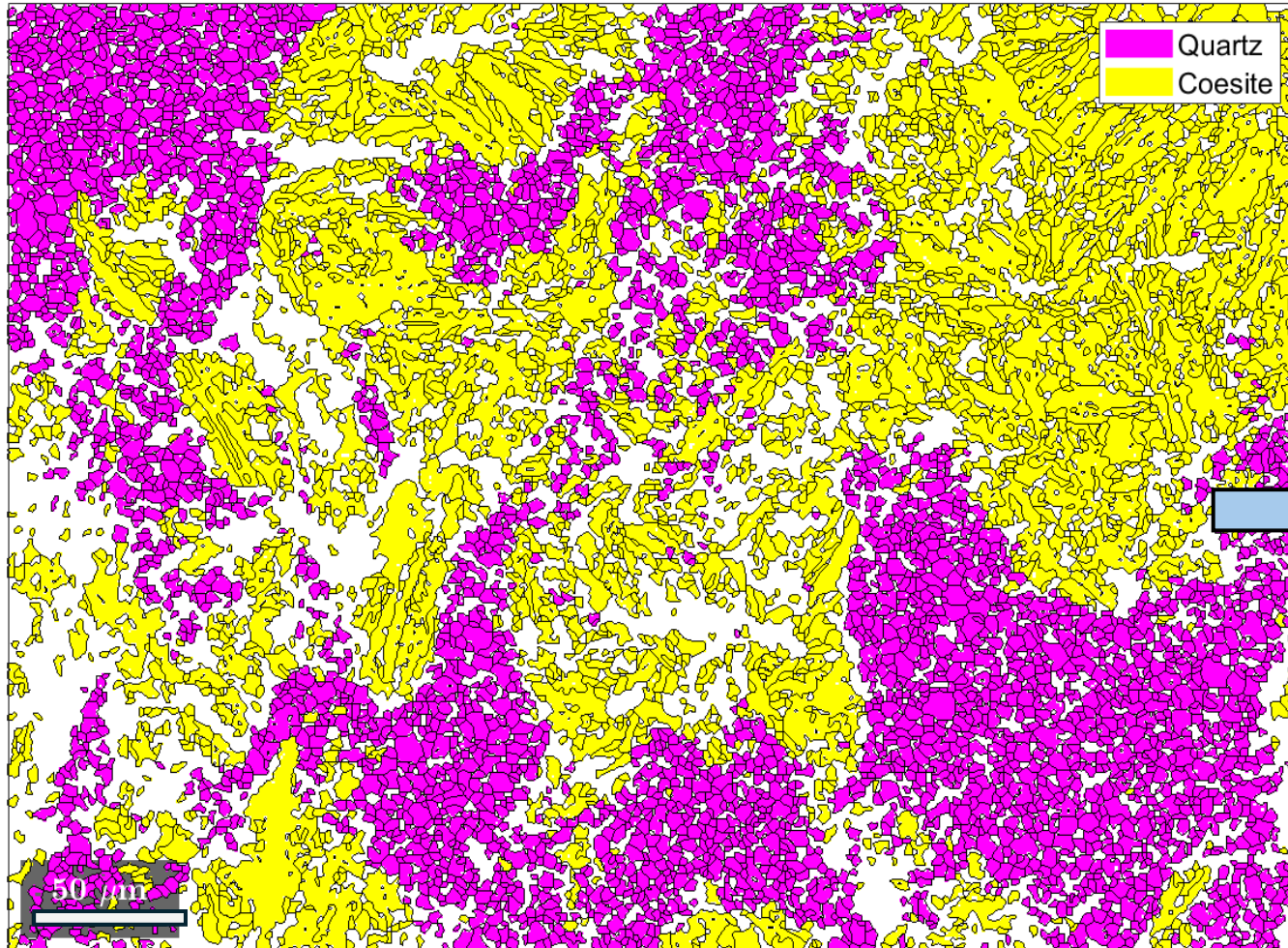


X- ray diffraction patterns, every 100s

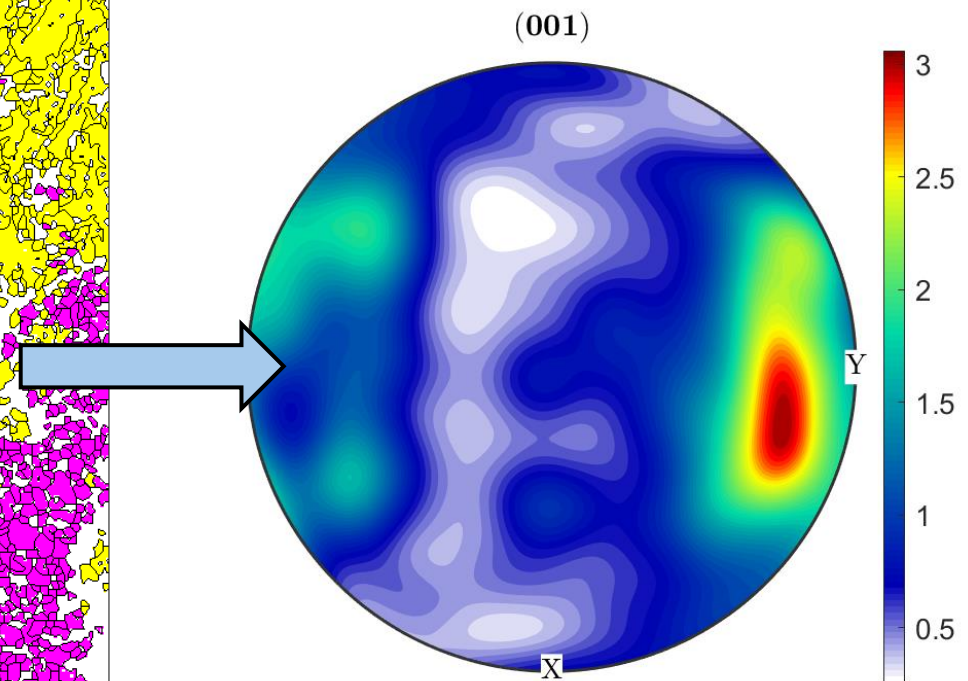


# EBSD results

BT826: lots of coesite

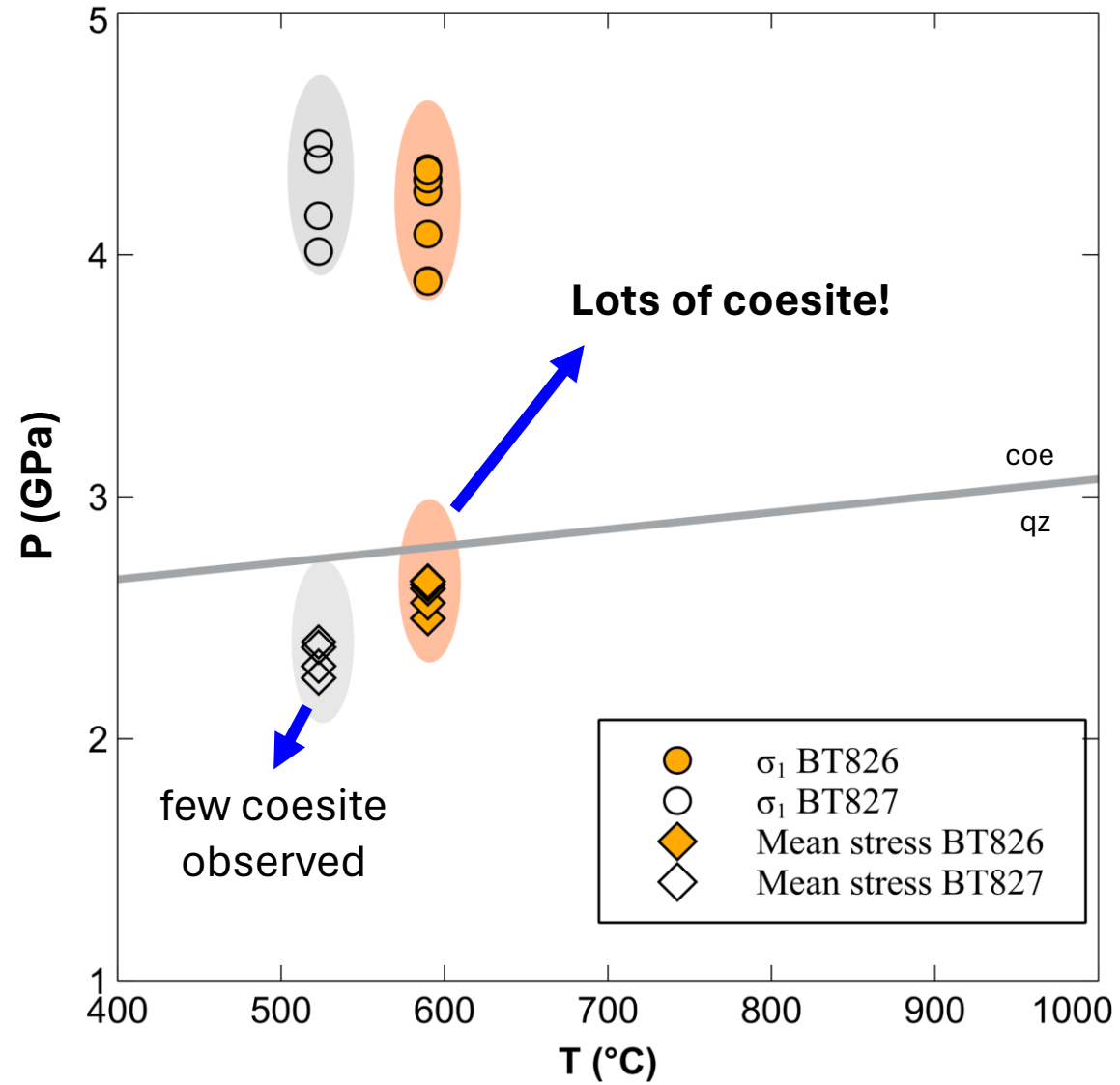


Coesite strong preferred orientation



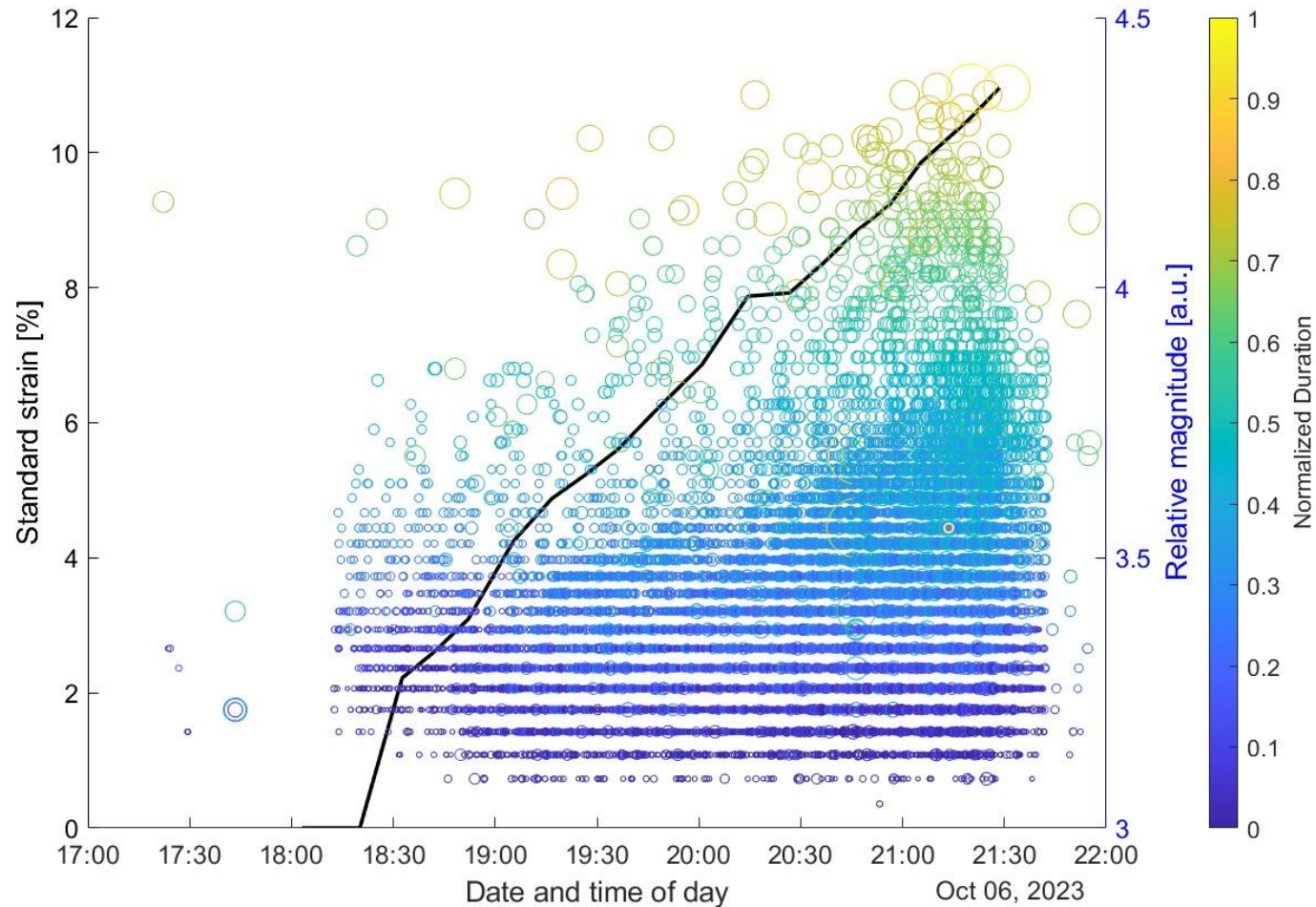


# Quartz-Coesite stress and mean stress (pressure)



# Acoustic emissions during sample shortening

Ongoing Olivine  $\rightarrow$  Ringwoodite

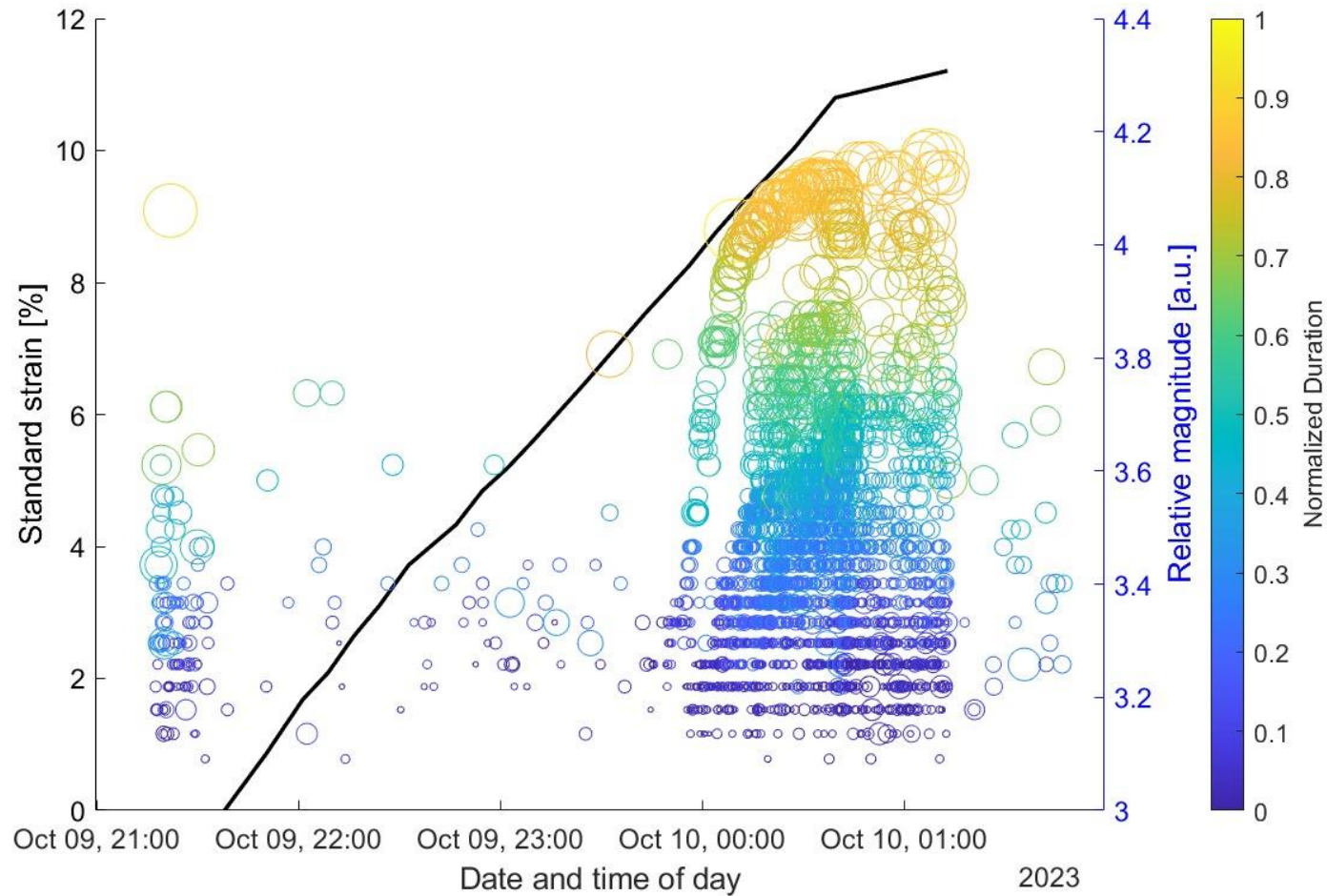


We collected **23 000 AEs !!**

Lower magnitude implies smaller events

# Acoustic emissions during sample shortening

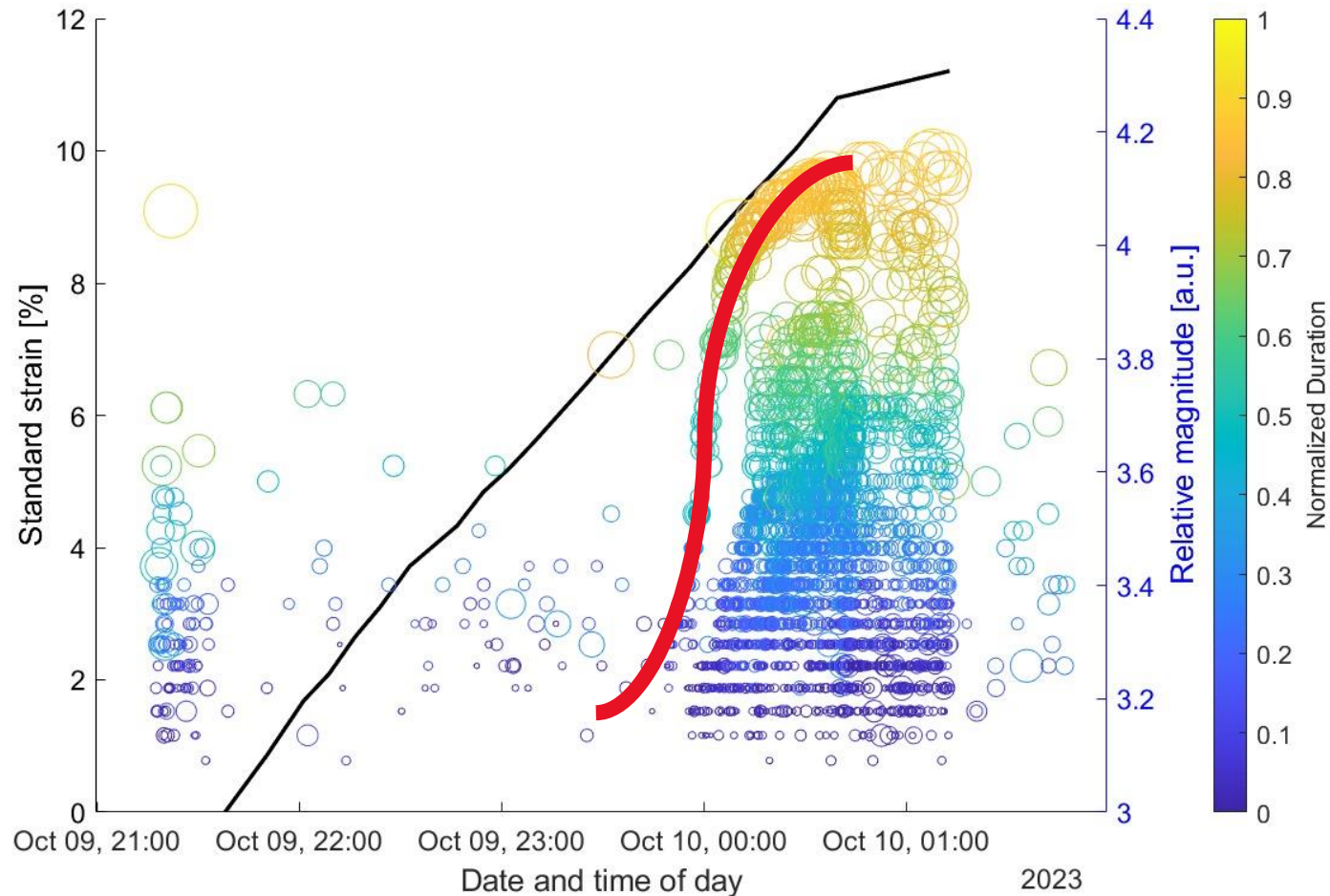
Ongoing Quartz  $\rightarrow$  Coesite



Remarkable AE series

# Acoustic emissions during sample shortening

Ongoing Quartz  $\rightarrow$  Coesite



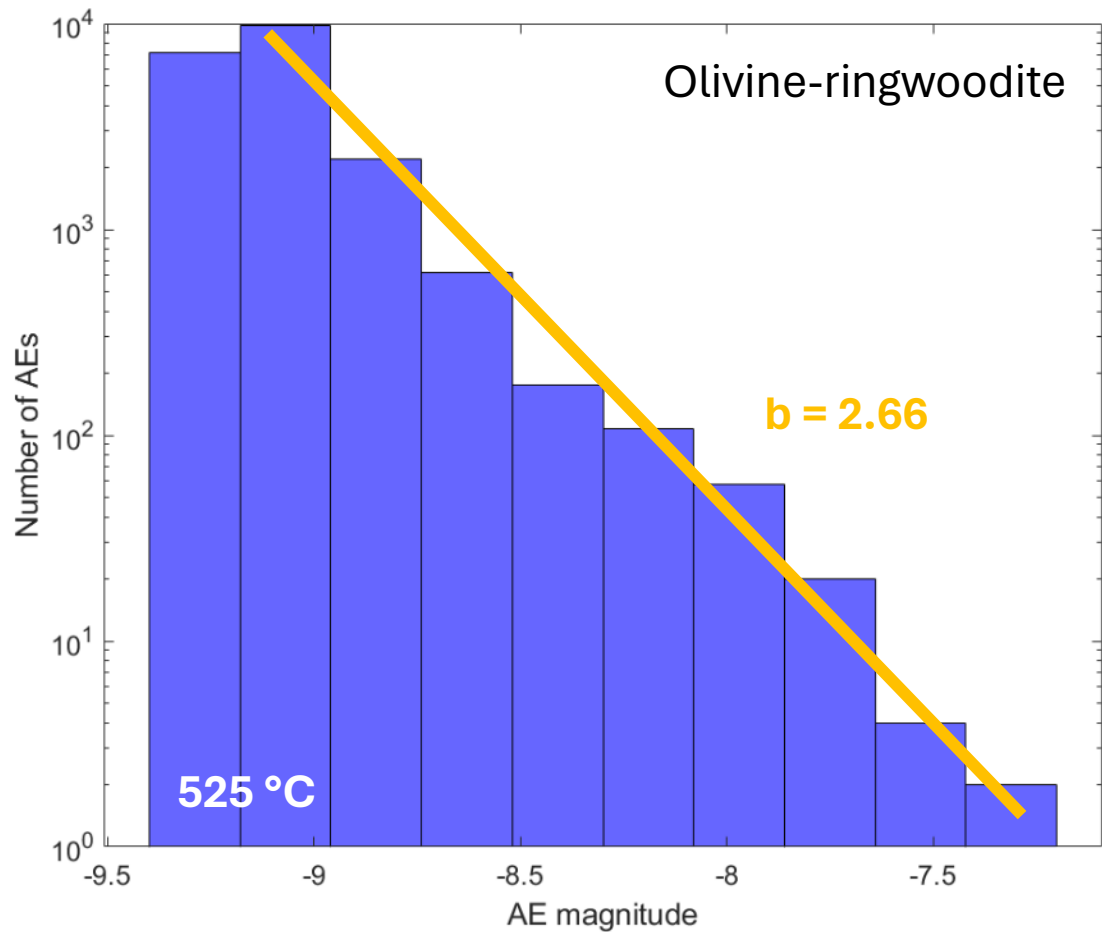
Remarkable AE series



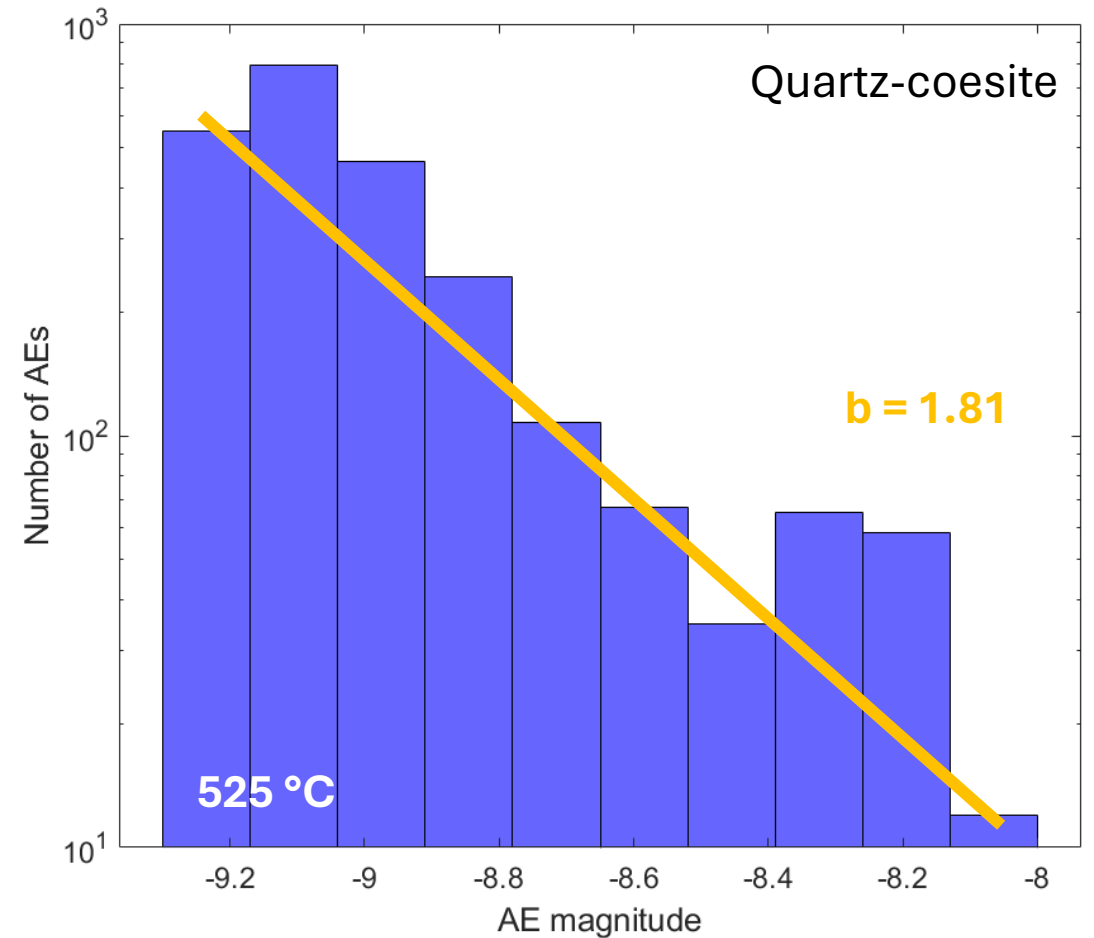
**Fault  
propagation**

# Magnitude-Frequency distribution (b-value)

High b-value reflects a diffuse mechanism (grain-scale events)

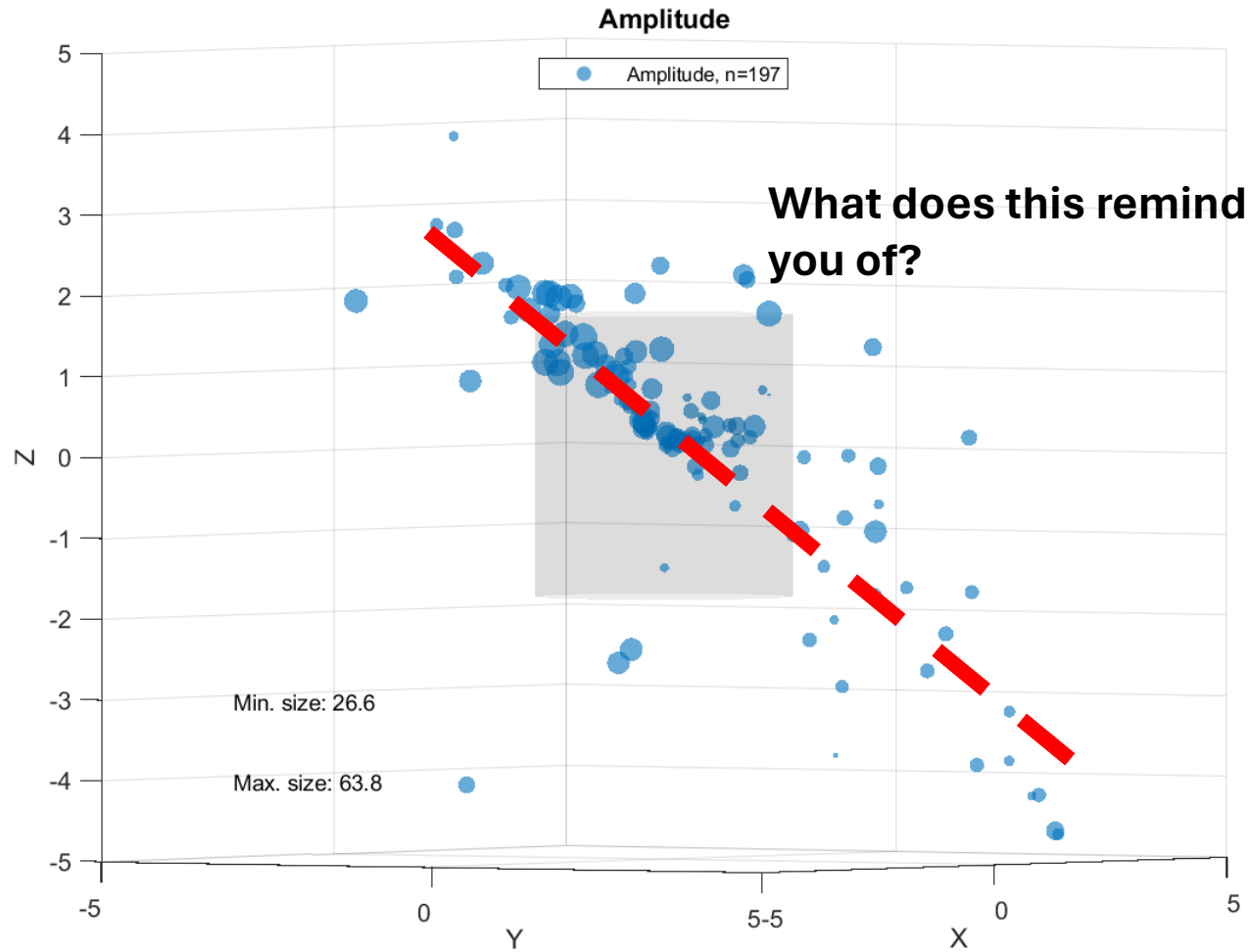


Lower b-value is consistent with a more localized deformation

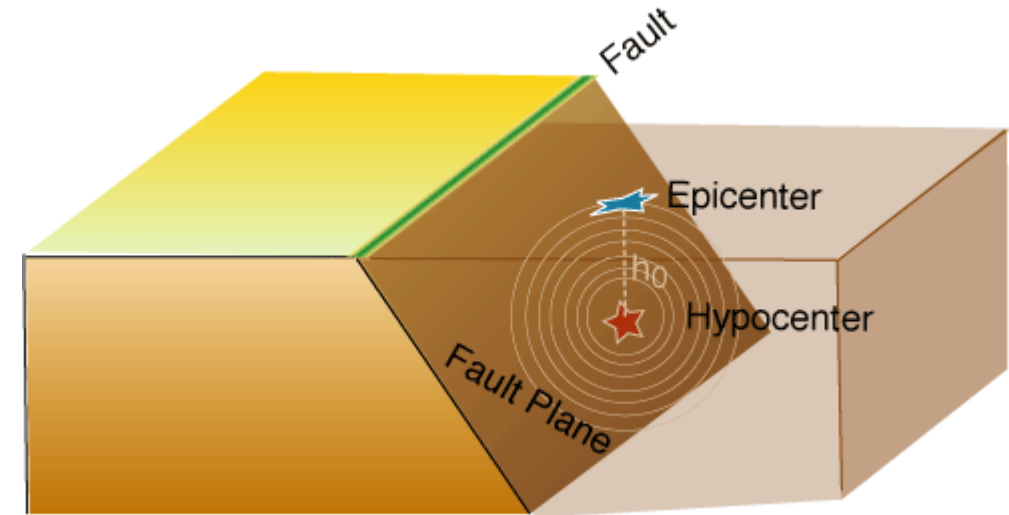


# Acoustic Emission location

Thanks to the arrival time differences on 6 channels we can locate the events



**Yes, a fault plane!!**



# Few conclusions

- ❑ EBSD data suggest a preferred orientation of the coesite growth
- ❑ AEs record events as little as grain-scale (olivine- ringwoodite)
- ❑ Experiments on quartzite show clear evidences of transformation-induced faulting
- ❑ New experiments well within the coesite field are needed

**Thank you for the attention!**

