



ID de Contribution: 78

Type: **Invited Presentation**

Equation of state in dense nuclear matter controlled by nuclear data

lundi 9 septembre 2024 15:20 (30 minutes)

I will present two recent analyses of nuclear data, i.e. flow data from heavy ion collision (HIC) and giant monopole resonances (GMR). These data provide constraints to nuclear matter with an equal number of neutrons and protons. To do so, the model for dense nuclear matter equation of state (EoS) is enriched in order to be sensible to properties close to saturation density, i.e. the curvature of the energy per particle represented by the nuclear empirical parameter K_{sat} , as well as to its properties as the density departs further from saturation density and represented by the skewness parameter Q_{sat} . These two parameters control the density dependence of the EoS for nuclear densities. Employing IQMD to model HIC and a Bayesian approach to confront it to flow data, we find that the EoS is preferred to be soft around saturation density and to stiffen above. In a complementary way, GMR data also prefer soft EoS around saturation density. These recent results advocate for a more systematic use of the Bayesian approach to confront EoS and nuclear data.

Auteur principal: Dr MARGUERON, Jerome (CNRS/IN2P3 - IP2I - Lyon)

Co-auteurs: TSANG, Betty (NSCL/Michigan State University); KHAN, Elias (IPN Orsay); Prof. DANIELEWICZ, Pawel (Michigan State University); KUMAR, Rohit (Facility for Rare Isotope Beams); LYNCH, William (NSCL/FRIB Dept. of Physics and Astronomy Michigan State Univ.)

Orateur: Dr MARGUERON, Jerome (CNRS/IN2P3 - IP2I - Lyon)

Classification de Session: Theory of supernovae, neutron stars, and neutron star mergers

Classification de thématique: Theory of supernovae and neutron stars, neutron star mergers