

Status, Problems, and Perspectives on Symmetry Energy

Pawel Danielewicz

Facility for Rare Isotope Beams
Michigan State University

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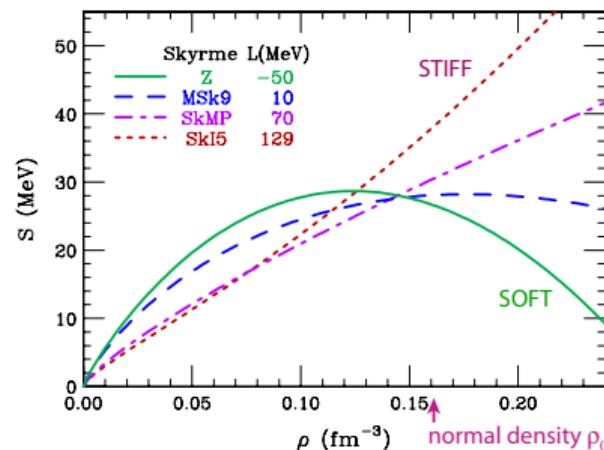
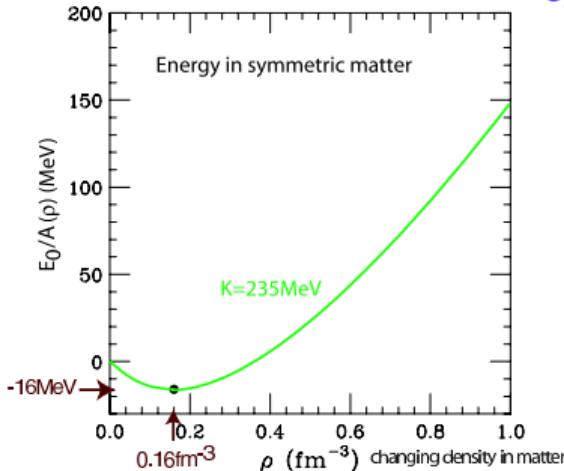


Energy in Uniform Matter

$$\frac{E}{A}(\rho_n, \rho_p) = \frac{E_0}{A}(\rho) + S(\rho) \left(\frac{\rho_n - \rho_p}{\rho} \right)^2 + \mathcal{O}(\dots^4)$$

symmetric matter

(a)symmetry energy

 $\rho = \rho_n + \rho_p$ 

$$\frac{E_0}{A}(\rho) = -a_V + \frac{K}{18} \left(\frac{\rho - \rho_0}{\rho_0} \right)^2 + \dots$$

Known: $a_a \approx 16 \text{ MeV}$ $K \sim 235 \text{ MeV}$

$$S(\rho) = a_a^V + \frac{L}{3} \frac{\rho - \rho_0}{\rho_0} + \frac{K_{\text{sym}}}{18} \left(\frac{\rho - \rho_0}{\rho_0} \right)^2 + \dots$$

Unknown: a_a^V ? L ? K_{sym} ?

Symmetry-Energy in n -Star & Other Basics

$$\frac{E}{A} = \frac{E_0}{A}(\rho) + S(\rho) \left(\frac{\rho_n - \rho_p}{\rho} \right)^2 \quad S \simeq a_a^V + \frac{L}{3} \frac{\rho - \rho_0}{\rho_0}$$

Neutron matter: $\rho_p \approx 0$, $\rho_n \approx \rho$ & $\frac{E}{A}(\rho) \approx \frac{E_0}{A}(\rho) + S(\rho)$ & $S(\rho) \approx \frac{E_n}{A}(\rho) - \frac{E_0}{A}(\rho)$

⇒ Pressure: $P = \rho^2 \frac{d}{d\rho} \frac{E}{A} \simeq \rho^2 \frac{dS}{d\rho} \simeq \frac{L}{3\rho_0} \rho^2$

Stiffer symmetry energy ⇒ larger max mass of neutron star & larger radii

Speed of sound: $c_s^2 = \frac{dP}{de}$, where $e = \rho \left(\frac{E}{A} + m_N \right)$

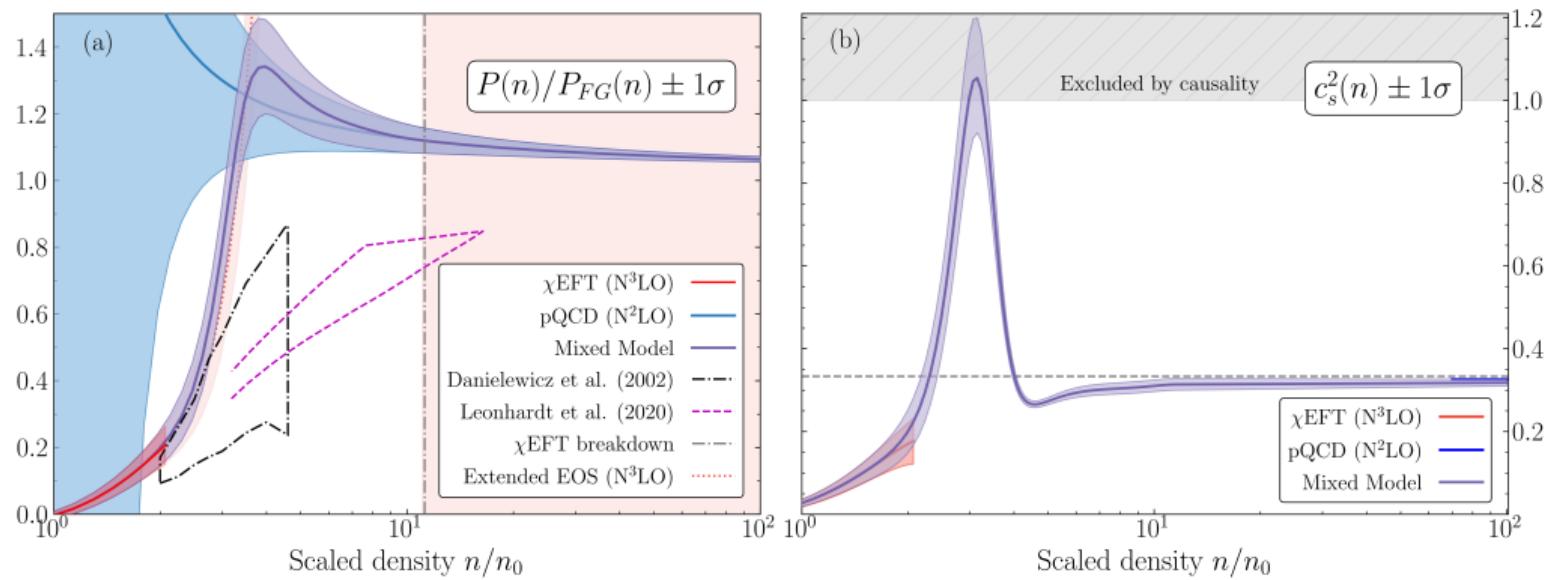
Quark-matter free-asymptotics: $P \approx e/3$, $c_s^2 \approx 1/3$, & in degenerate gas

$$\frac{E_n}{A} \approx 5.66 \hbar c \rho^{1/3}, \quad \frac{E_0}{A} \approx 5.52 \hbar c \rho^{1/3}, \quad S \approx 0.14 \hbar c \rho^{1/3}$$

MINUTE

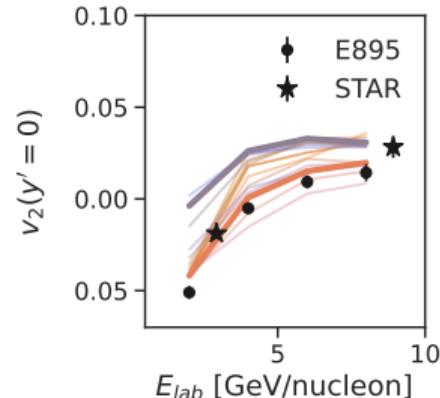
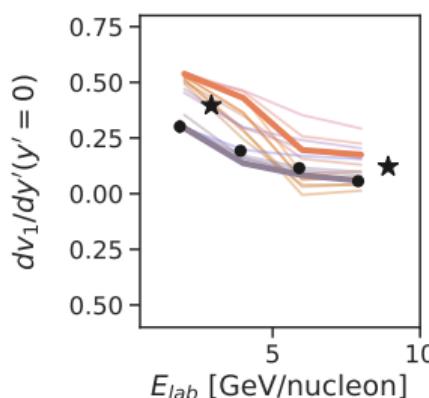
Pressure of Symmetric Matter

On microscopic side, chiral effective field theory (EFT) aims to extrapolate nuclear properties up to $\rho \sim 2\rho_0$. Interpolation btw such ρ & perturbative-QCD region suggests large intermediate increase in c_s^2 Sempowski *et al* arXiv.2404.06323

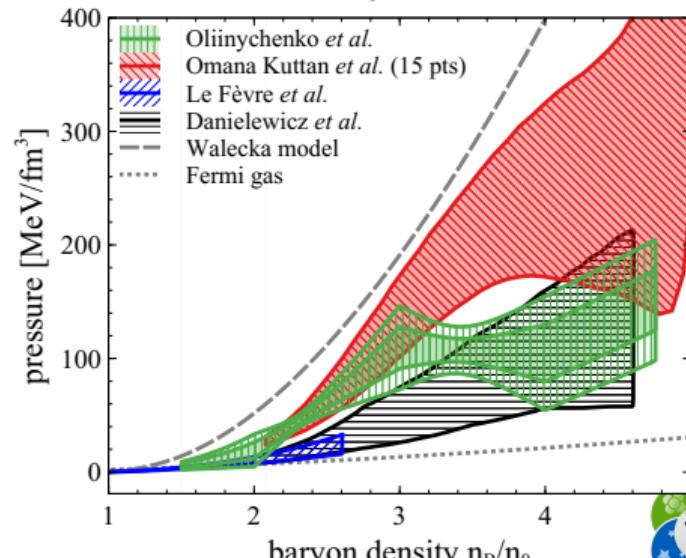


Heavy-Ion Data Interpretation

STAR Collaboration Au+Au beam-energy scan probes different regions of symmetric-matter equation of state (EOS). Tension btw STAR & older E895 results and different flow coefficients in theory analyses w/o momentum dependence in interactions

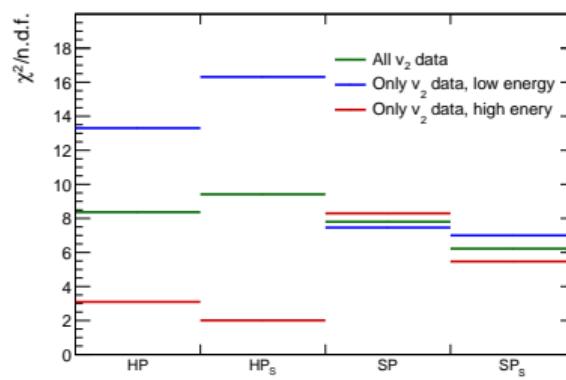
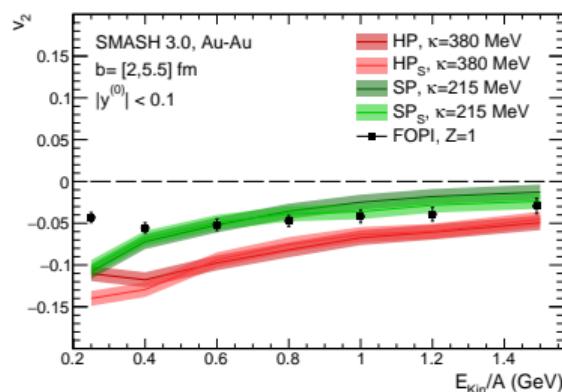
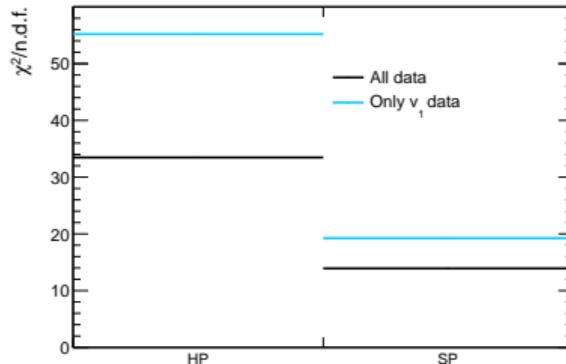
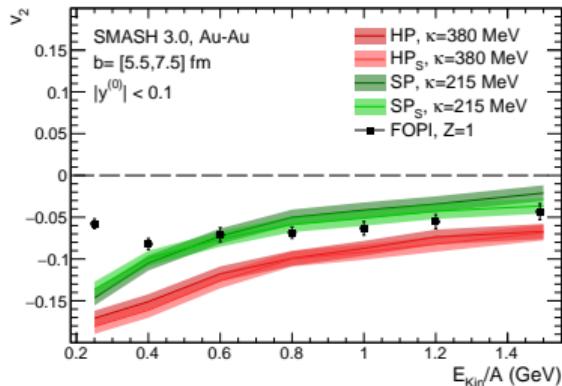


Oliinchenko *et al* PRC108(23)034908
Kuttan *et al* PRL131(23)202303



⇒Importance of constraining momentum dependence!

FOPI Flow Analyzed in SMASH



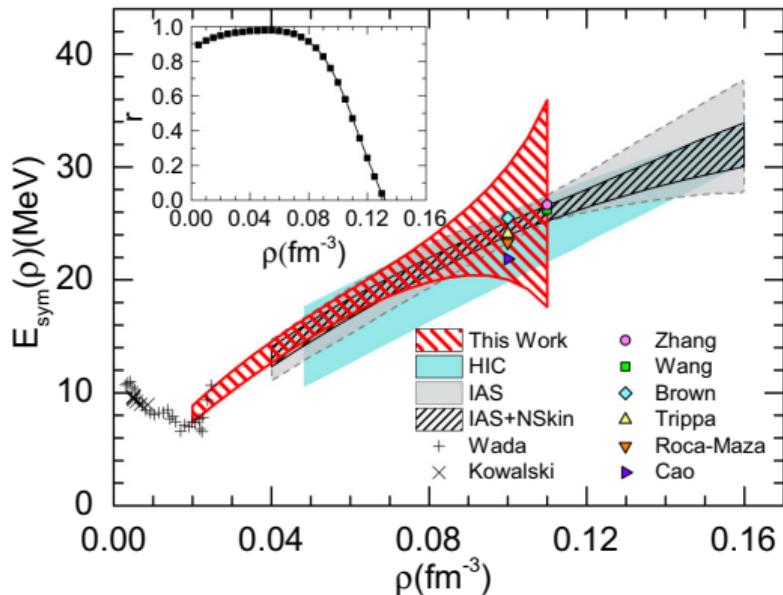
Flow: anisotropy associated w/reaction plane in emission,
 $v_n = \langle \cos n\phi \rangle$

Tarasovicova *et al*
arXiv:2405.09889

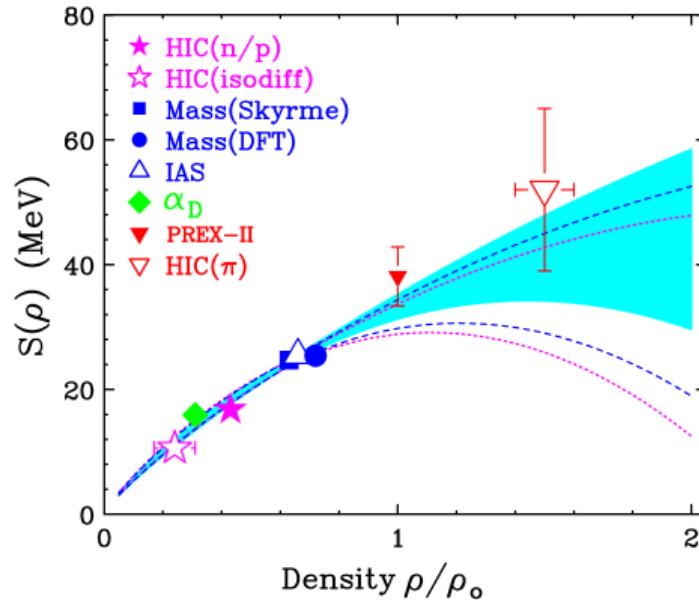
Lower-energy data favor soft momentum-dependent (SP) interaction and higher-energy favor stiff (HP)



Different Data Test Symmetry Energy at Different ρ



Zhang&Chen PRC92(15)031301
Electric dipole polarizability tests
symmetry energy at $\rho_0/3$: Pearson coef



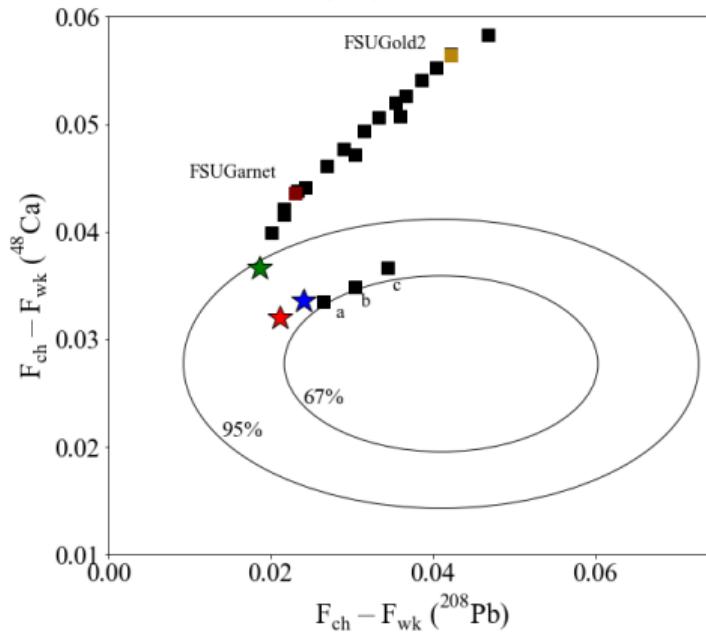
Lynch&Tsang PLB830(22)137098
Tension btw inferences released when
they are attributed to proper ρ



Including Tension Between PREX & CREX Results??

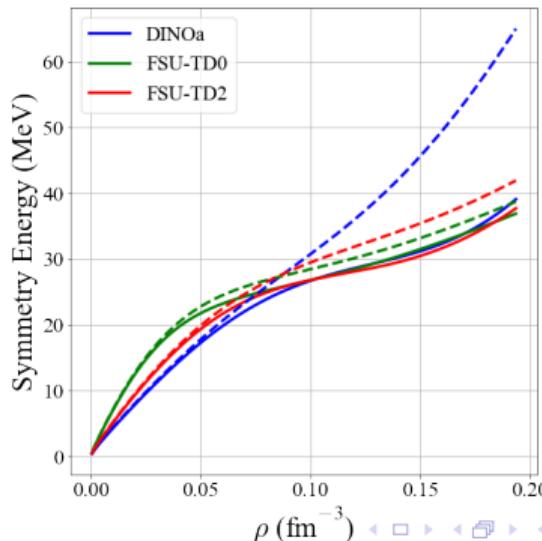
Salinas&Piekarewicz PRC109(24)045807

Reed *et al* PRC109(24)035803



Symmetry Energy

Tension btw ^{208}Pb and ^{48}Ca neutron-skin measurements could be resolved w/symmetry energy that quickly changes character near ρ_0 and lacks parabolic form. **Other problems result!**



Danielewicz

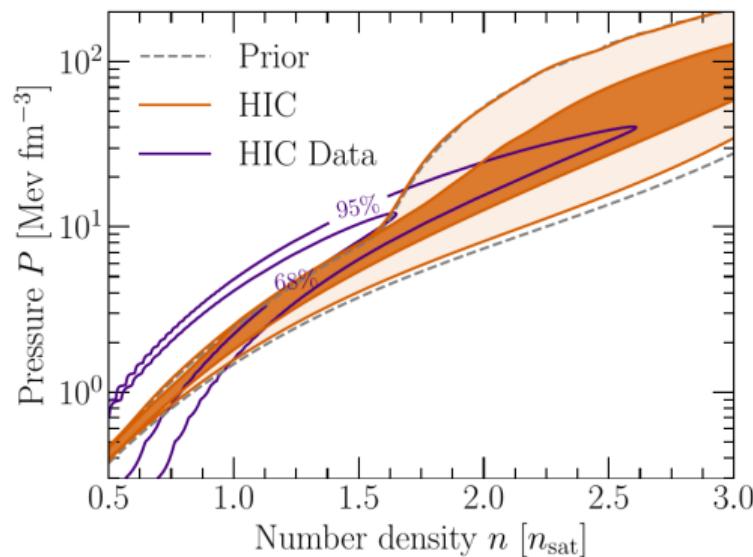
Combining Laboratory w/Astronomical Data

Constraining neutron-star matter with microscopic and macroscopic collisions

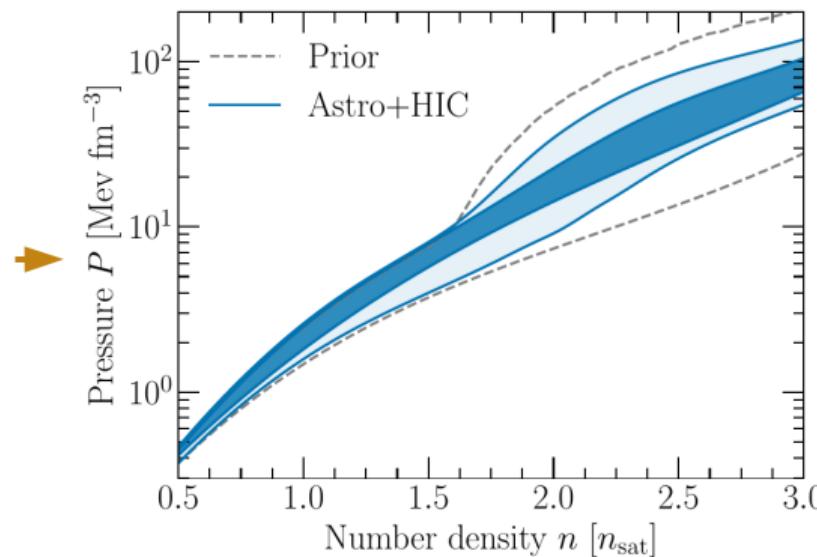
Bayesian combinations

Huth, Pang *et al* Nature 606(22)276

HIC experiments:



HIC and Astro combined:

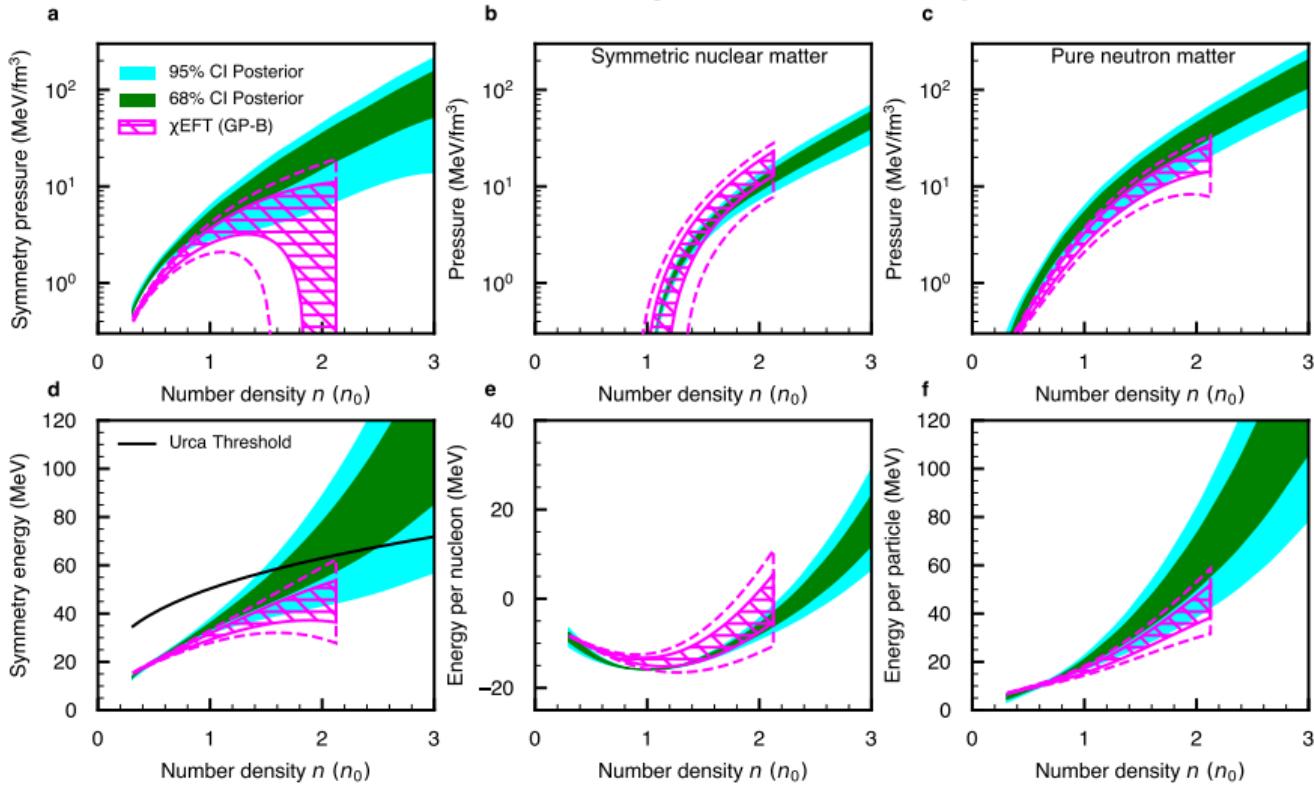


Astrophysical observations narrow constraints above $2\rho_0$



FRIB

Updated Analysis

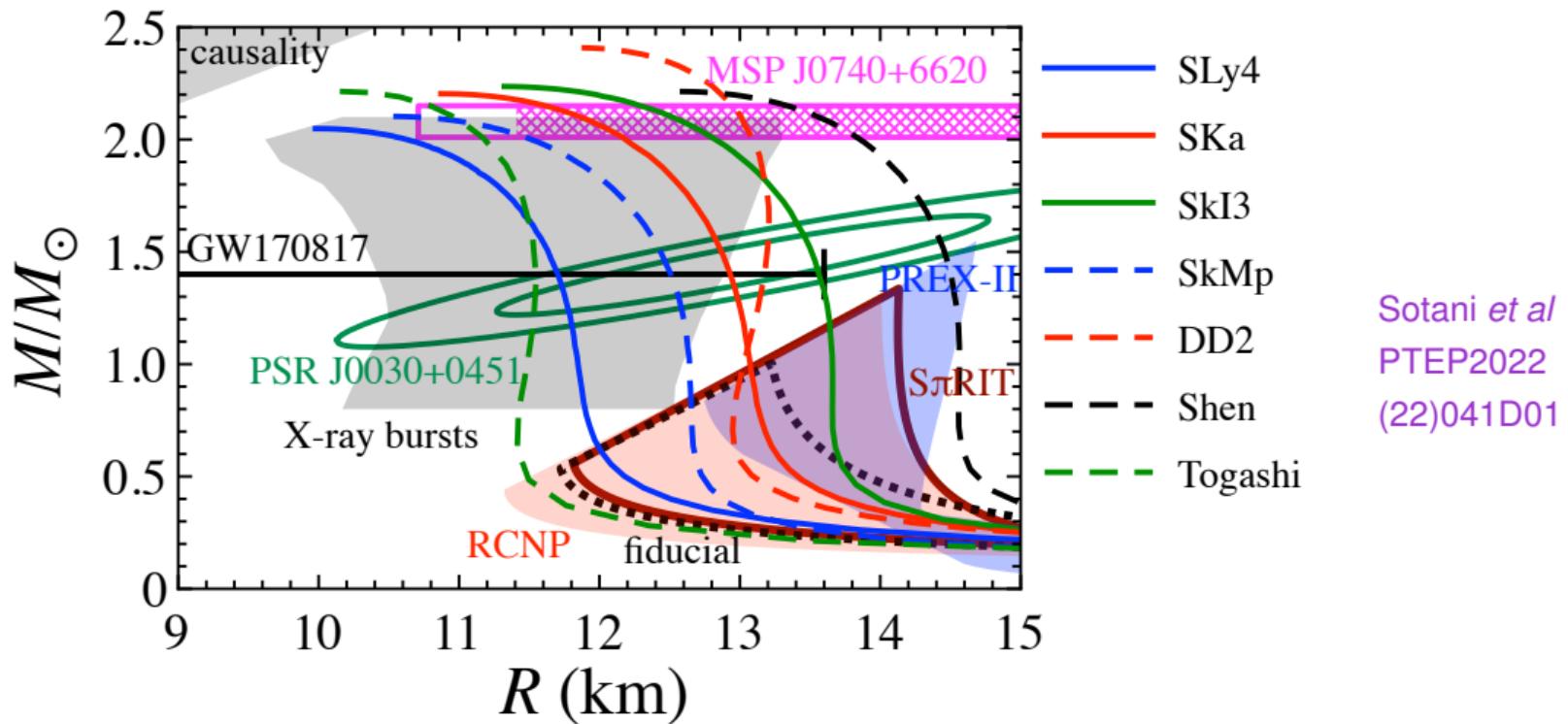


(Tommy)
Tsang *et al*
Nature
Astronomy
8(24)328

Additional symmetry-energy constraints included



Impact of Terrestrial Experiments on Neutron-Star Expectations?



Reducing Fragility of Transport Conclusions

Transport-Model Evaluation-Project: Models evaluated under controlled conditions

Review: Wolter *et al* PPNP122(22)103962

History

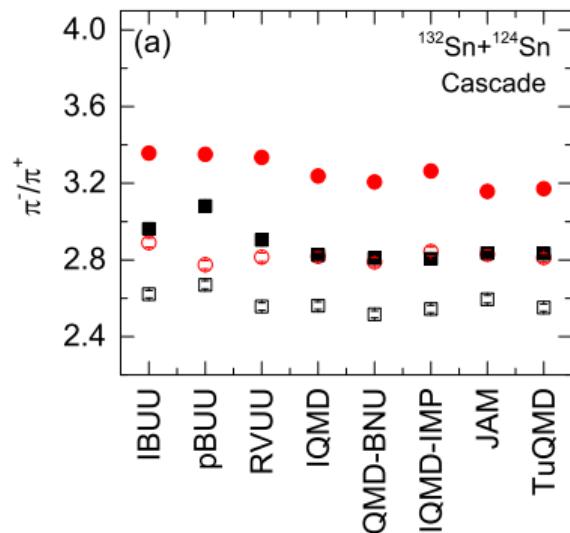
- 2009/2014, Au + Au at 100 & 400 MeV/nucl Xu *et al* PRC93(16)044609
 $\rho(r)$ -evolution & nucleonic observables (stopping, flow)
differences hard to understand → switch to simplified conditions
- 2018-21, Box w/periodic boundaries, close to equilibrium, analytic limits
Mean field, collision term, π production in cascade mode
- 2023, Again HIC: Sn + Sn at 270 MeV/nucl Xu *et al* PRC109(24)044609
Subthreshold π production for different symmetry energies in the context of S_πRIT measurements



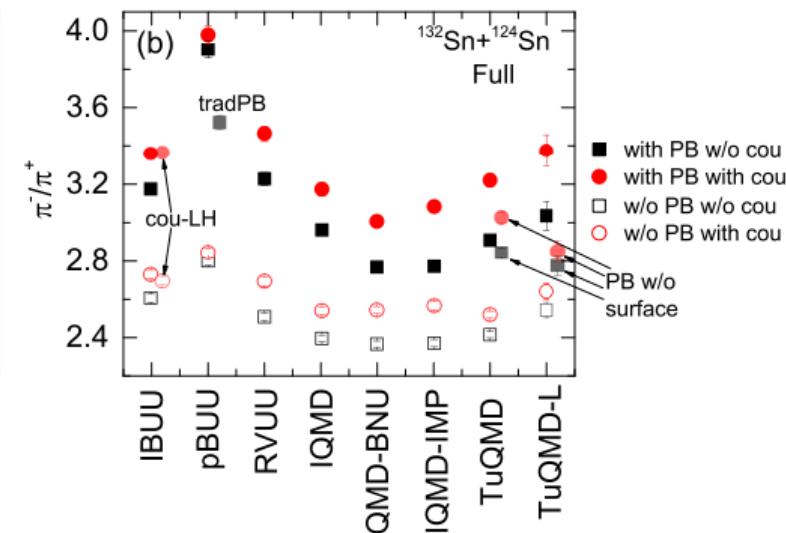
FRIB

Charged Pion Ratio in Sn + Sn at 270 MeV/nucl

cascade



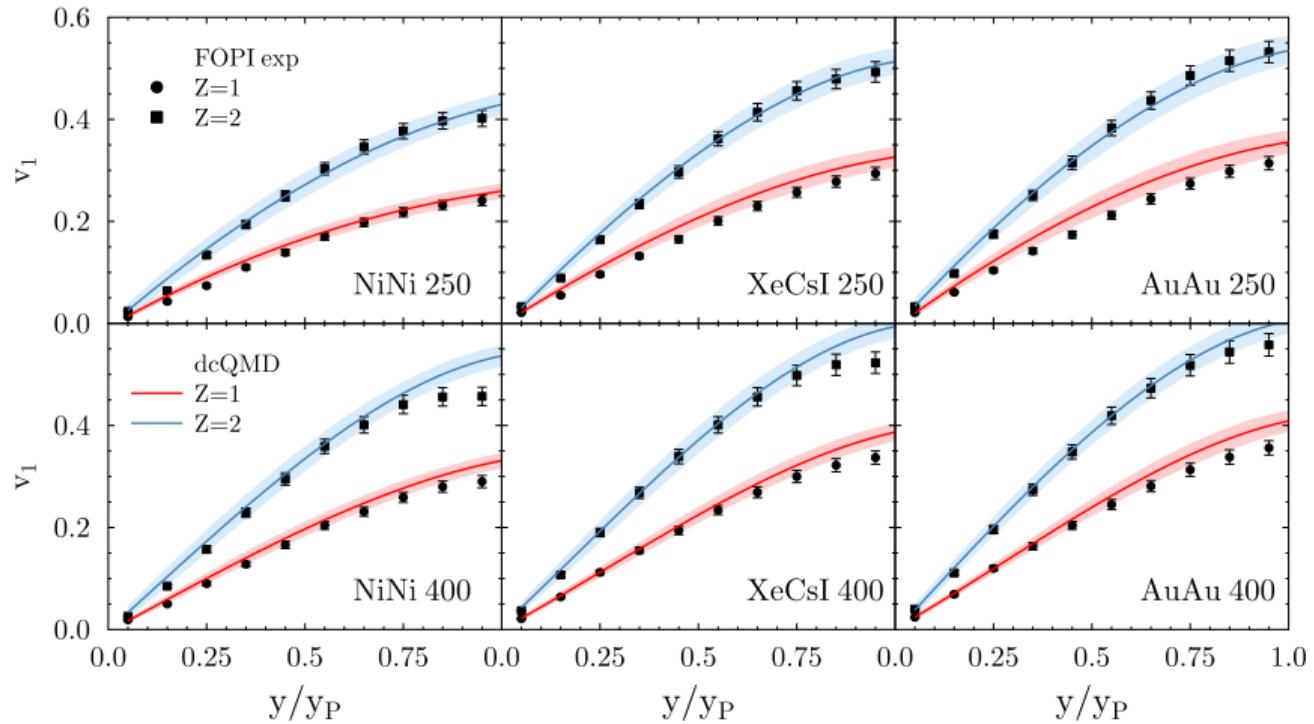
w/Mean Field



Good agreement w/o mean field, but not so good with, due to differences in nucleon evolution



Comprehensive Data Analysis Needed



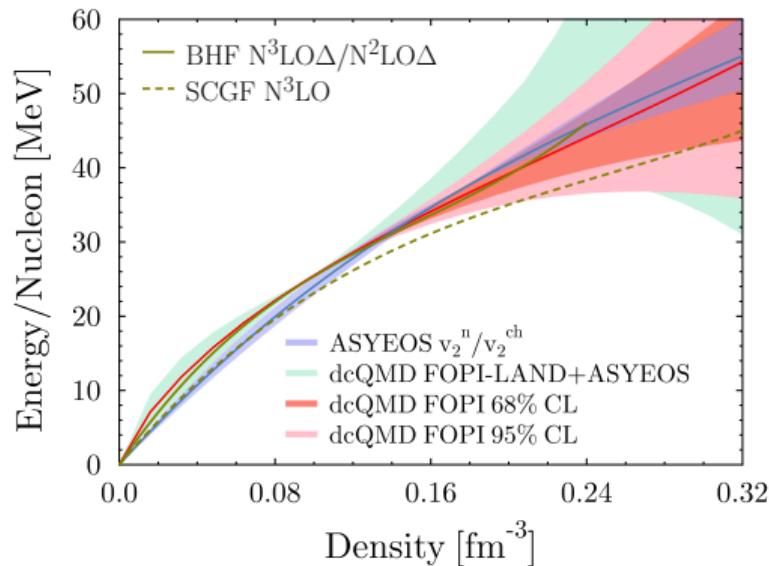
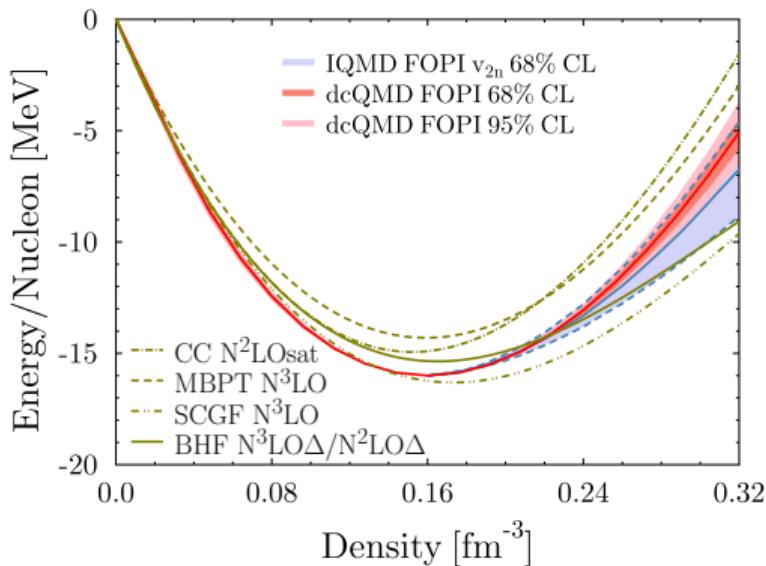
Analysis of
stopping and
flow in FOPI
measurements

$$v_n = \langle \cos n\phi \rangle$$

Cozma
arXiv:2407.16411



Comprehensive Data Analysis Needed



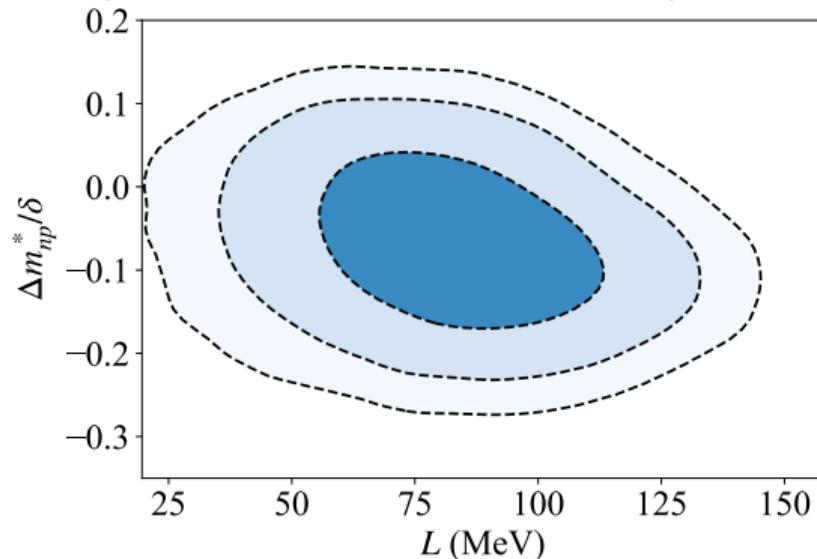
Many parameters & assumptions & very narrow constraints!

Cozma arXiv:2407.16411



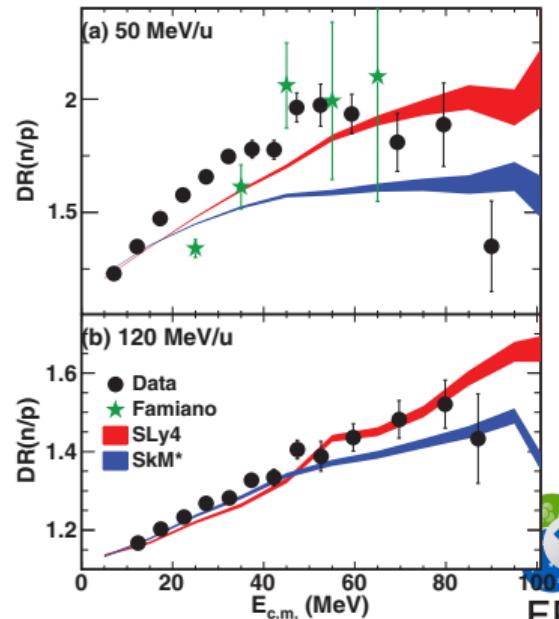
Other Important Asymmetry-Dependent Unknowns

E.g. effective mass splitting $\Delta m_{np}^*/(m \delta)$, where $\Delta m_{np}^* = m_n^* - m_p^*$ & $\delta = (\rho_n - \rho_p)/\rho$
Transport analyses of Sn+Sn collision-data yield negative splitting

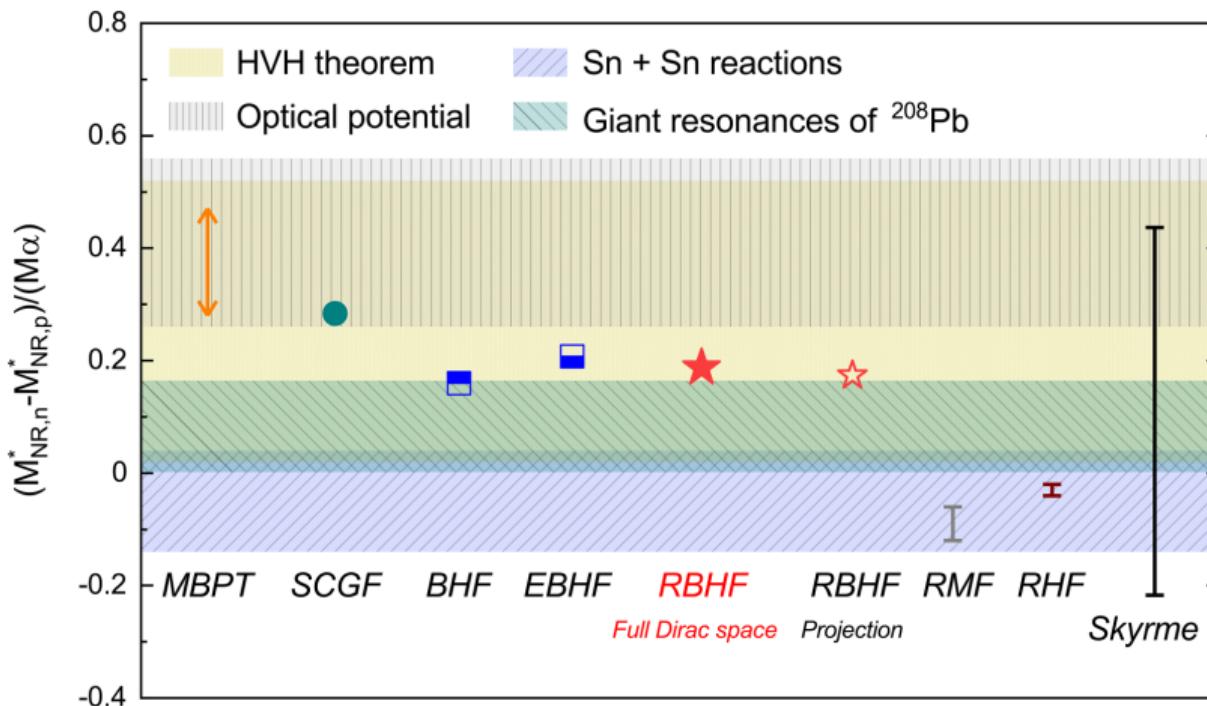


(Tommy) Tsang et al PLB853(24)138661

Coupland et al PRC94(16)011601



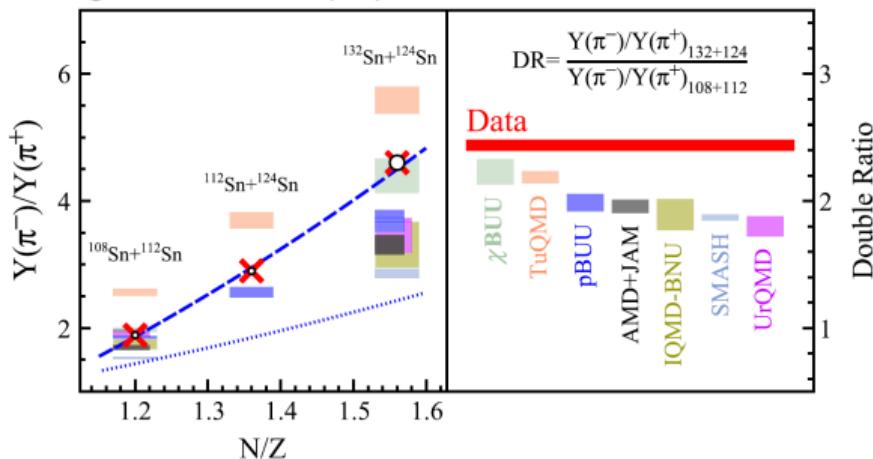
Other Inferences Point to Positive Splitting



Wang *et al* PRC108(23)L031303

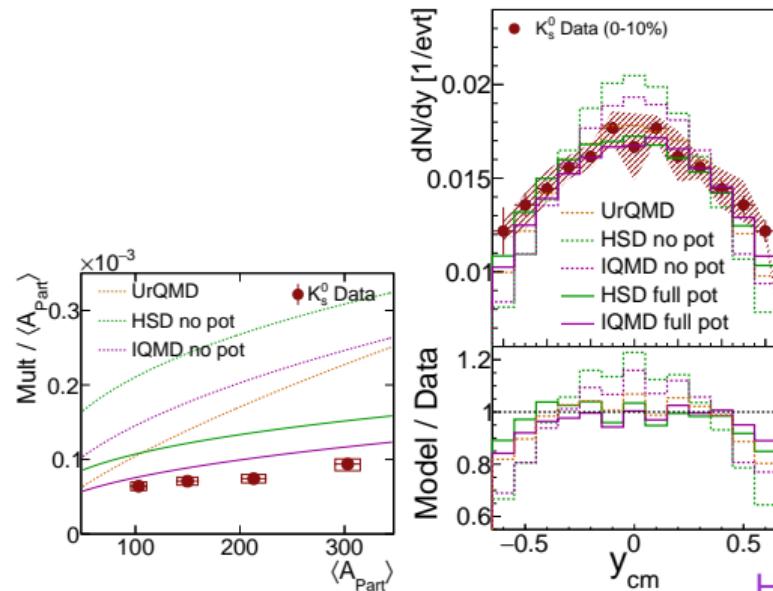
Transport Struggles w/Subthreshold Processes

Jhang *et al* PLB813(21)136016



Pions in 270MeV/nucl Sn+Sn

Without novel assumptions,
models miss the data



PLB793(19)457

K_0^0 mesons in 1.2GeV/nucl Au+Au

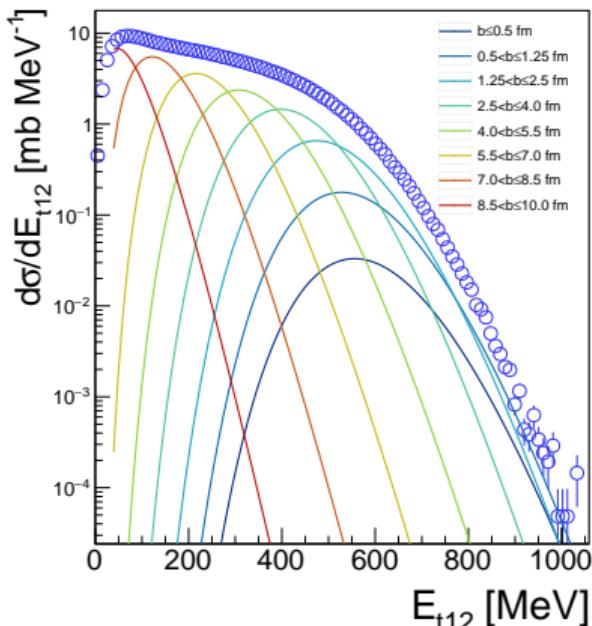
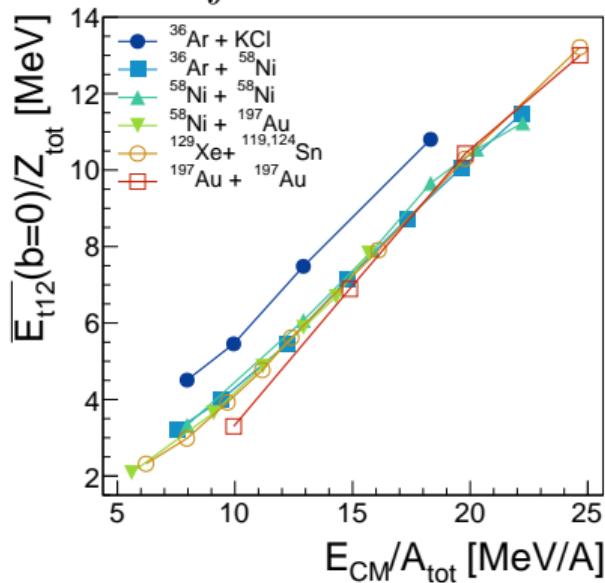


High-Statistics Opportunities in Data: Impact Parameter

Towards more discerning information by suppressing impact-parameter averaging

Frankland *et al* PLB793(19)457

$$\mathcal{O}(b_{est}) = \int \mathcal{O}(b_{tru}) P(b_{est}|b_{tru}) db_{tru}$$



Also, better b -estimation from machine learning
Li *et al* PRC104(21)034608

Reaction-Plane Orientation

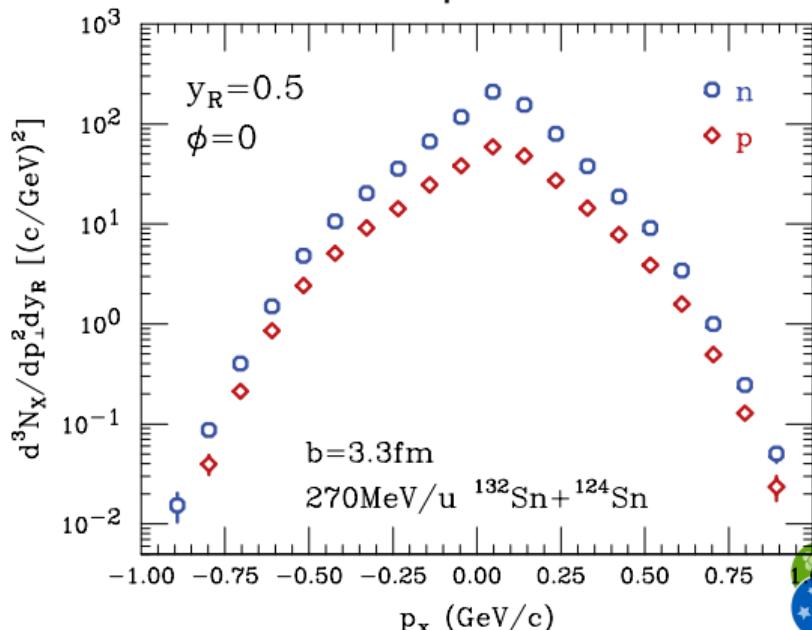
Single-particle distributions relative to fixed direction of reaction plane

PD&Kurata-Nishimura PRC105(22)034608

$$dN(\phi_{est}) = \int dN(\phi_{tru}) P(\phi_{est}|\phi_{tru}) d\phi_{tru}$$

Bayesian deconvolution to yield
distributions relative to true reaction
plane

Figure from transport theory; data
processed



Conclusions

- Symmetry energy relatively small in high- ρ limit of asymptotic freedom
- For complicated energy functionals, symmetry energy may depend on definition
- At $\rho > \rho_0$, only data for EOS of symmetric matter from heavy-ion collisions
- Speed of sound maximizes between low and high ρ
- Different data constrain $S(\rho)$ @ different ρ
- Reducing transport-model uncertainties critical f/narrowing EOS constraints
- High-statistics of data can facilitate extraction of new observables

DOE DE-SC0019209

