



AGATA Status

Emmanuel Clément (GANIL) on behalf of the AMB, LNL and Padova local team

2024 GCM - МоНо

Nuclear gamma ray spectroscopy

Nuclear structure













3-body force

Astrophysics

Nuclear γ-ray spectroscopy from 10 keV to 10 MeV at 1 % resolution, from low to high multiplicity event is a unique tool to study many aspects of the nuclear matter

GANIL



Mirror symmetry

Nuclear deformation







Coupling to the continuum







Higher granularity and efficiency







Higher granularity and efficiency





GANIL 2018



Higher granularity and efficiency











Higher granularity and efficiency

I. Zanon, et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 131, 262501 (2023)

2390

2400

2410

2420

2430

2440 Energy [keV]

The AGATA project : THE ultimate spectrometer







The AGATA project : THE ultimate spectrometer

Topical Issue EPJA : <u>https://epja.epj.org/component/toc/?task=topic&id=1878</u>

The European Physical Journal A AGATA: Advancements in Science and Technology

Editors : Nicolas Alamanos, Maria Jose Garcia Borge, Angela Bracco, Emmanuel Clement, Andres Gadea, Wolfram Korten, Silvia Leoni and John Simpson

Topical Issue on AGATA: advancements in science and technology

1) Preface Editors: E. Clement, A. Gadea, S. Leoni, W. Korten

2) Science advancements with AGATA

2.1 Nuclear structure advancements with multi-nucleon transfer reactions Lead Author: A. Gadea

2.2 Nuclear structure advancements with fission Lead Author: A. Lemasson

2.3 Nuclear structure advancements with fusion reactions Lead Authors: J. Nyberg, J.J. Valiente-Dobon

2.4 Nuclear structure advancements direct reactions Lead Authors: W. Catford, D. Beaumel, D. Mengoni

2.5 Nuclear structure advancements with relativistic beams Lead Authors: M. Bentley, G. Benzoni, K. Wimmer

2.6 Nuclear structure advancements with high energy gamma rays Lead Author: F. Camera

3) Technical advancements with AGATA

3.1 Mechanical implementations and infrastructures Lead Authors: J. Simpson, B. Million

3.2 Electronics Lead Authors: A. Gadea, E. Clément

3.3 Software developments Lead Authors: O. Stezowski, J. Dudouet

3.4 Detector technology Lead Authors: *H. Hess, P. Reiter*

4) Performances of AGATA

4.1 Review of the last decade Pulse Shape Analysis activities Lead Authors: A. Boston, P. Reiter

4.2 Performances of tracking algorithms Lead Authors: J. Ljungvall, F. Crespi

4.3 System performances under different conditions Lead Authors: A. Korichi, A. Goasduff

4.4 Simulations of AGATA response and couplings with ancillaries Lead Author: M. Labiche

4.5 Organization of the collaboration and physics campaigns Lead Author: E. Clement







AGATA White Book : W. Korten et al, Eur. Phys. J. A (2020) 56:137 S. Akkoyun *et al.*, Nucl. Instrum. Methods Phys. Res., Sect. A 668, 26 (2012).







We have started a new phase of the Project : Phase 2

The objectives of Phase 2 funded by the MoU are :

- Acquiring 78 Asymmetric segmented HPGe capsules -3π available for experiments
- Acquiring 26 AGATA Triple cryostats
- Acquiring 1 Po storage disk
- Acquiring Data Acquisition Infrastructures such as network switches and blades for services
- Acquiring a computer farm (HPC) for the PSA on-line treatment of 135 capsules
- Acquiring a Detector Support System for 135 capsules, Low and High voltages supplies, LN2 auto-fill system and related cables.
- Maintaining An up-to-date Data Base
- Developing and maintaining a set of software algorithms for on-line and off line data processing
- Developing, maintaining and distributing a framework for Data Analysis
- Designing and constructing a unique mechanical structure holding 45 AGATA Triple cryostats
- Developing and maintaining a unique Front and back electronic for 135 capsules (Analog preamps, digitizer DIGOPT12, Processing PACE-STARE with clock and trigger functionalities (GTS/SMART)) and its software control.
- Developing, maintaining and distributing a state of the art simulation package and performances control.

The AGATA Project includes a continuous R&D activities which is included in each Working Group structures but not funded by the MoU.









AGATA Phase 2 funding



MoU / AMB

Core investments

Operation Costs

For material investments

- Detectors
- Electronic
- \circ Mechanics
- $\circ\,$ Data acquisition
- o Infrastructures

Shared between countries (Major countries Fr, Ge, It 20%, UK 15%)

ASC and funding agencies discussion (inc. ARRB) and agreement via MoU For repairs, replacement of broken or obsolete material for the Core items

Shared between countries and scaled and re-evaluated annually with capital investments and real cost Endorsed by ASC via MoU

Host Lab installation

For all local services and interfaces for all material from the Core investments needed to host and operate AGATA

Fully covered by the Host Laboratory and managed within the local host project breakdown structures

R&D and Travels

For travels between partners institutions and to the host laboratory, annual meetings, workshops, Post-docs, PhD and Techincal Short Terms contracts, Technical or scientific R&D

Not financed by the collaboration. National Grant (ERC, National Grant, EU support, TNA etc ...)

International ASC - ARRB



Phase 2 Management





Data Policy & DMP

https://www.agata.org/physics_publication_submission https://www.agata.org/acc/data_policy





•Access to the data is to be controlled by the AGATA collaboration.

•The AGATA Spokesperson delegates this control to P.I for 5 years

•The data for exploitation will be then made available to the wider AGATA collaboration

•All bona-fide members of the AGATA collaboration will have access to the data to improve the operation of the instrument, for example to monitor and improve detector performance

• CCIN2P3 - CNAF (40To/week -2017 ; 100 To/week - 2030)

Improved version of the DMP toward « FAIR » & « Open

science »

•The ACC must be informed of the reference for publications relating to AGATA within three months of the publication date.

•The experimental collaboration should acknowledge the work of the wider AGATA collaboration and the host laboratory in any publication.

Scientific submission must include the Core List Authors

All AGATA technical and instrumentation manuscripts must be sent to the AMB for review before being submitted to a journal.



Project Plan Phase 2

The detailed Project Plan : ATRIUM-563607, ATRIUM-563609



MoU funding scheme (section 3.6)



The present project plan, conceived technically for a 4π array, foresees the construction of a 3π array with capital investment from 2021 to 2030, consistent with the MoU,

Total cost : ~22 M€

The production of the Triple Clusters constrains the project

The project plan is based on an annual production of 2-3 Triple Clusters (ordered, produced, assembled and tested)

 \rightarrow A 2 π system available by the end of the LNL campaign (>2028)

In 2025, the project will be reviewed by the funding agency to allow the signature of the Phase 2 MoU [2026-2030]

Recent related workshops





Detector status (9th September 2024)

The total number of delivered AGATA capsules is **68**, **7** more in the production line



AGATA Detectors



A. Wiens et al. NIM A 618 (2010) 223 D. Lersch et al. NIM A 640(2011) 133

AGATA Asymmetric Crystals Manufactured by Canberra France



GANIL

AGATA Asymmetric Triple Cryostat Manufactured by CTT

Phase 2 FEBEE status





Status :

- Full data path using an AGATA detector
- + DIGOPT12 (INFN, IFIC)
- + PACE and its firmware (IFIC, GANIL, IPHC)

+STARE (IJCLab)

+readout (IJClab-IP2I) running at LNL – Data integrity stress by IP2i On 5th of March we agreed to proceed with the production of STARE. On 16th of May, we agreed on the production of the PACE board. DIGOPT12 are currently delivered

Completion of the final firmware $(2025) \rightarrow$ the present bottleneck. The FEBEE task is HR driven

 \rightarrow The equivalent of ~30 clusters electronic chains are in the production line



Data flow and Acquisition

- Mini daq box for data flow R&D setup in Orsay for prototyping our new architectures
- Preparing the increase of Tb production from the 0° campaign
- Maintaining the present system with upgrades of the CEPH (1 Po), switches, Analysis machine, anodes, DCOD etc
- Most of the V2 pipe line is ready
- Both using an V2 emulator and real data taken in LNL, stress of the data pipeline
- The data analysis process is part of the WG activities. Steps forward in continues integration, gitlab, updates, FAIRNESS, metadata, catalogues, benchmarks,.... Goals are a reliability, easy access to code and data (GRID)
- Data monitoring : "graphana", Spy, integrity, "big data" management
- Data processing eco-system became a major activity in the WG with respect to phase 1
- Improvements in accessing the data from GRID

CC-BY-ND 4.0 / Revision 1.4

September 11, 2023

Road map for AGATA Computing model

O. Stézowski & E. Clément with the AGATA collaboration

Full document ATRIUM-902780







Infrastructures



Detector Support System (IRFU)





Open issue : final design of GRIT and CryoTarget

 2π is covered infrastructures are delivered and installed in LNL

Simulation







Scanning







GANIL





Implementation of the multi-interaction PSA grid search using the GRETINA approach : This has been fully implemented in AGAPRO and works.

 \rightarrow Tested on our ⁹⁸Zr (GANIL-Fission-VAMOS) data benchmark \rightarrow 40% more statistics in the photopeak



Strasbourg Scanning table **On the request of AGATA's Performances and PSA Teams, scan of the A005 detector to determine for the first time in 3D various properties of large-volume segmented Ge crystals; strong French involvement in data analysis (IPHC, IJCLab, GANIL, Lyon)**. Full 2x2mm scans have been performed and analysed on NN approach. Reprocessing of the PSA based on NN basis, AGATAGeFEM, ADL. Tomography reports. A step is made with this approach (ie using the scanning table). Much more to come



The Pulse Shape Analysis algorithm (PSA)



- Scanning capabilities:
 - \Rightarrow motorized collimator with a precision of 10 µm
 - ➡ system allowing the placement of the detector in vertical and horizontal position
 - ➡ laser alignment system
 - ➡ digital electronic (TNT2)
- ► <u>Scanning concept:</u>
 - ⇒ not performing a real 3D scan (too long), but two 2D scans (vertical and horizontal)
 - ⇒ 3D basis obtained by Pulse Shape Comparison Scanning (PSCS) method
- ▶ Detector scanned:
 - ➡ S001: a prototype symmetric detector
 - ➡ A005: scan finalized this summer
- ► 1 horizontal scan + 1 vertical scan,
- ▶ the 3D basis is obtained by a combined analysis of both data-sets.
- Validated and published method, but time consuming (5 days for the PSCS analysis)

B. De Canditiis et al., Eur. Phys. J. A 57 (2021), B. De Canditiis and G. Duchêne, Eur. Phys. J. A 56 (2020)





J. Dudouet et al (IP2i)









- > Comparison between PSA basis compared to NN predictions (assumed to be more precise than scanning):
 - ➡ NN experimental basis
 - ➡ AGATAGeFEM basis
 - ADL basis



Y(mm)



➡ ADL 4.9 mm





J. Dudouet et al (IP2i)





"We choose to go to the Moon!

a full ML/NN PSA $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ Tracking flow trained from in-beam data

We choose to go to the Moon in this decade and do the other things, not because they are easy, but because they are hard."

John J. human) Zate



Two different configurations



LNL: new data centre, new targets ⁹Be, ²³²Th, ²³⁸U and new ²³⁸U beam



Conceptual design of the AGATA 2π array at LNL





J.J. Valiente Dobon (LNL)

The strength of AGATA@LNL



The tower of Babel: 10 different nationalities!



J.J. Valiente Dobon (LNL)







Thanks to all AGATA contributors ++ The local team LNL/PD