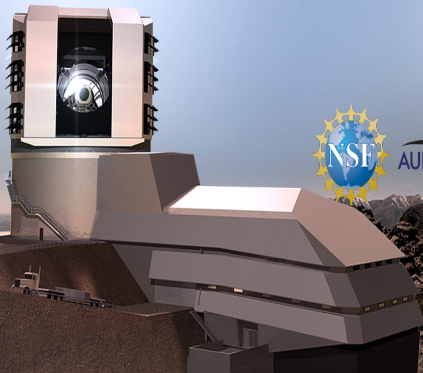


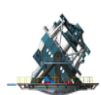
Optimizing the Rubin DRP CC-IN2P3, Lyon

J. Bregeon, D. Boutigny, F. Hernandez, Q. Lebouc'h, D. Parello, C



December 14, 2023

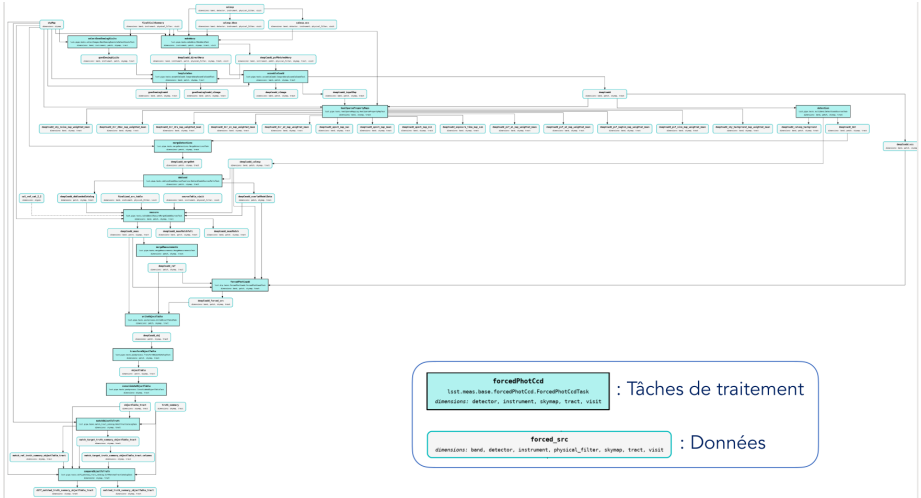


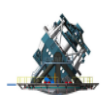


- CC-IN2P3 is one of the 3 main Rubin LSST data center (35% US, 25% UK)
 - IN2P3 signed to process 40% of LSST data
 - Rubin **DRP**
- A lot of data
 - 6.4 GB per exposure, i.e. 16 TB per night
 - 15 PB of "catalogues" after 10 years



really complex





- Interdisciplinary Team
 - Quentin Leboulc'h @ CC-IN2P3
 - Camille Parisel @ APC
 - David Parello @ Univ. Perpignan & LIRMM (Researcher in Computer Science)
 - and Fabio, Dominique and myself. . .
- Goal: Optimize the DRP
 - CPU consumption
 - RAM requirements
 - disk space needs
- Expected results
 - reduce costs and carbon footprint of DRP
 - free some resources for cosmology analysis

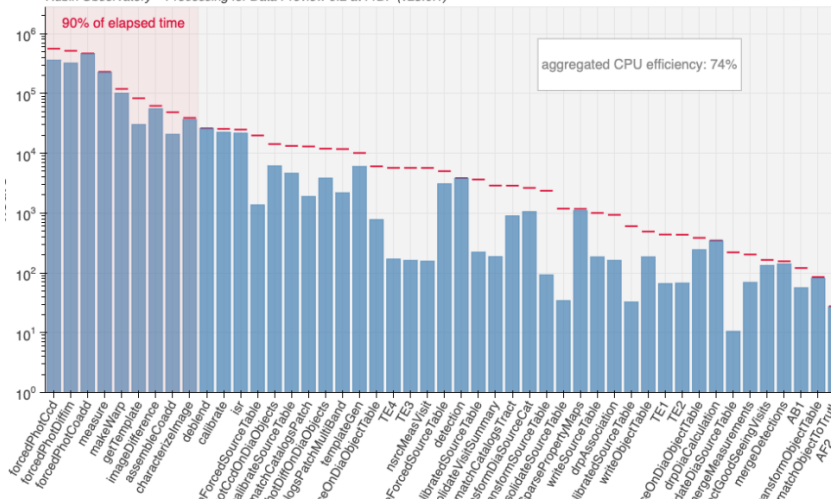




Task level CPU profiling

Elapsed and CPU time spent by pipetask kind

Rubin Observatory – Processing for Data Preview 0.2 at FrDF (v23.0.1)

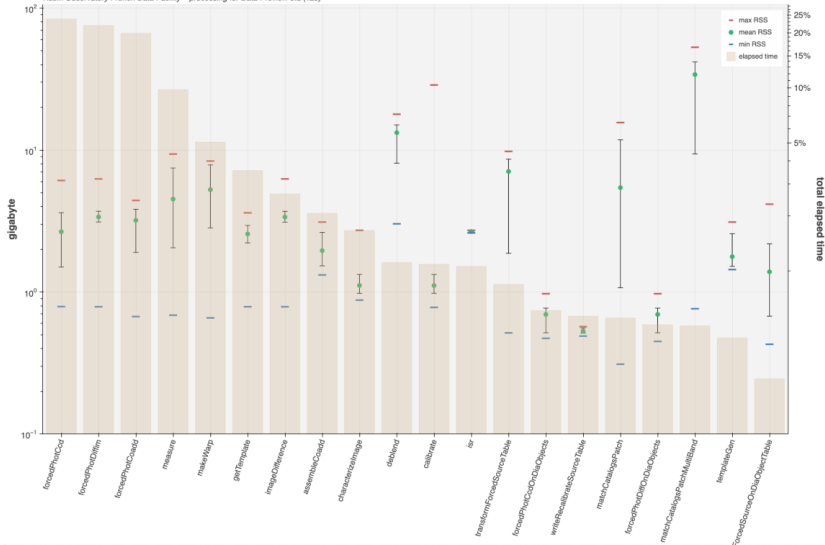




Task level memory profiling

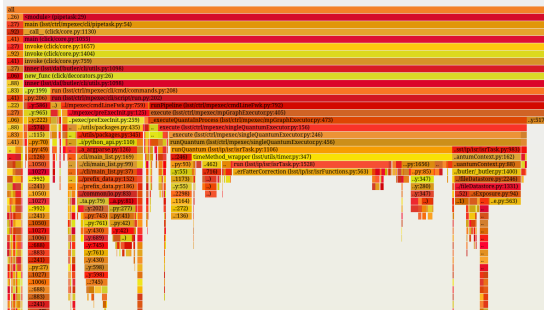
Memory used by the most compute-intensive pipetasks

Rubin Observatory French Data Facility – processing for Data Preview 0.2 (v23)





py-spy and cprofile on ISR



Reset Root

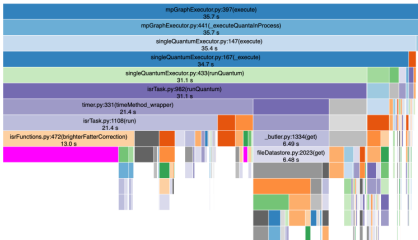
Reset Zoom

Style: **icycle**

Depth: **15**

Cutoff: **1000**

Name:
-0a11-is method
last_ofs-meth_...meth_...
lve
Cumulative Time:
11.0 s (36.18 %)
File:
Line:
Directory:





Memray on Isr

memray flamegraph report

Python Allocator: pymalloc

Hide Irrelevant Frames

Hide Import System Frames

Reset Zoom

Invert

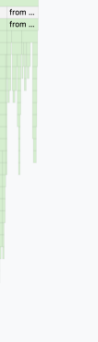
Stats

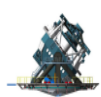
Help

Search

(Sep 27, 2023, 15:58:40.421 - 338.8MB) Heap 402a

```
<root>
runpy.run_path(args.script, run_name="__main__")
sys.exit(main())
return cli()
return self.main(*args, **kwargs)
rv = self.invoke(ctx)
return _process_result(sub_ctx.command.invoke(sub_ctx))
return ctx.invoke(self.callback, **ctx.params)
return __callback(*args, **kwargs)
func(*args, **kwargs)
return f(get_current_context(), *args, **kwargs)
func(*args, **kwargs)
script.run(qgraphObj=qgraph, **kwargs)
f.runPipeline(qgraphObj, taskFactory, args)
executor.execute(graph)
self._executeQuantumProcess(graph, self.report)
self.quantumExecutor.execute(qnode.taskDef, qnode.quantum)
result = self._execute(taskDef, quantum)
self.runQuantum(task, quantum, taskDef, limited_butler)
task.runQuantum(butlerQC, inputRefs, outputRefs)
inputs = butlerQC.get(inputRefs)
val = self.get(ref)
return self._butler.get(ref)
return self.datastore.get(ref, parameters=parameters, storage...)
return self.read_artifact_into_memory(getInfo, ref, isCompo...)
result = formatter.read(component=getInfo.component if isCo...)
return self.readFull()
self.at... result = self.reader.read(**self.check... exposur...
info.se...
return ...
uttTim...
tm_s...
args.a...
lers_t...
return
```





Conclusions

- Optimizing the code is good on all aspects
- Profiling first
- The team has made a lot of progress
 - ⇒ let's keep our momentum

