# Some Low Energy Concerns for Large Water Cherenkov Detectors

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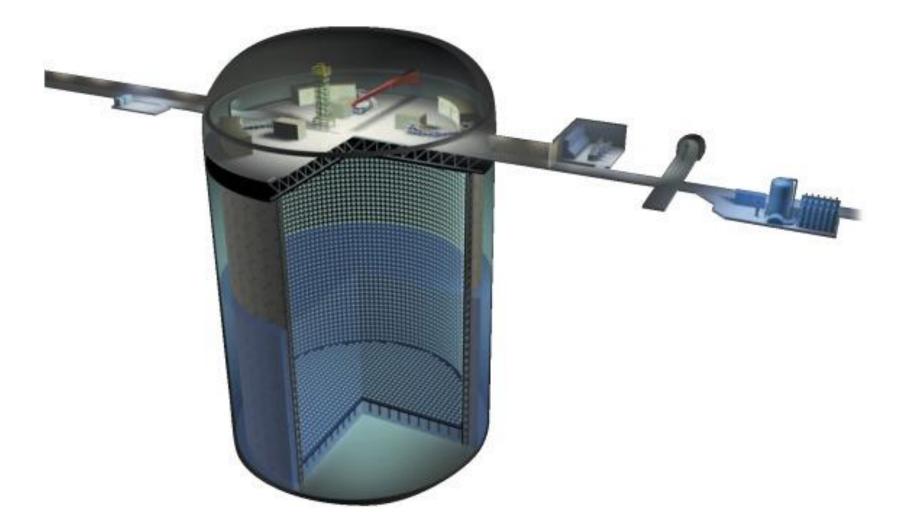
# 2 Main Topics

1. Study on the PMT dark rate

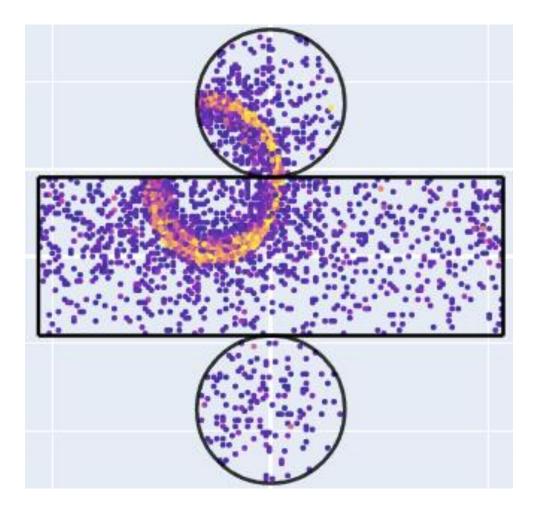
2. Study on neutron tagging with neural networks

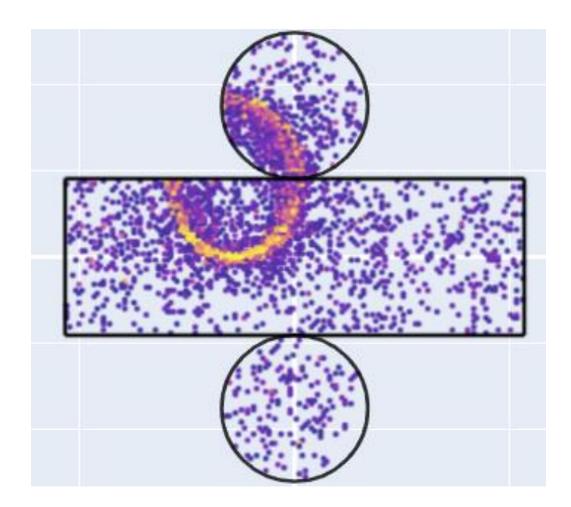
# Study on PMT dark rate

# Large Water Cherenkov detector



# Cherenkov rings : 1 GeV

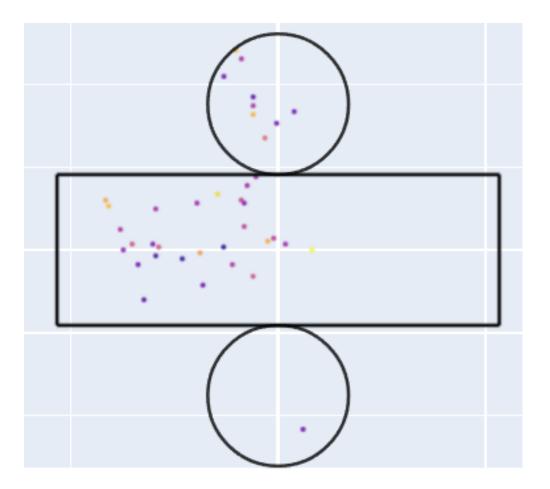


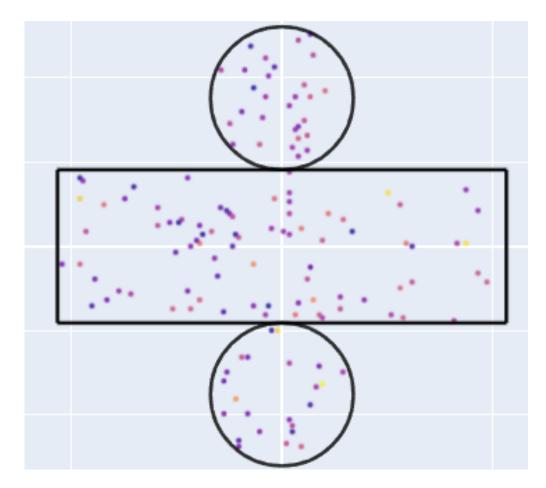


Without noise

With noise

# Cherenkov rings : 8 MeV

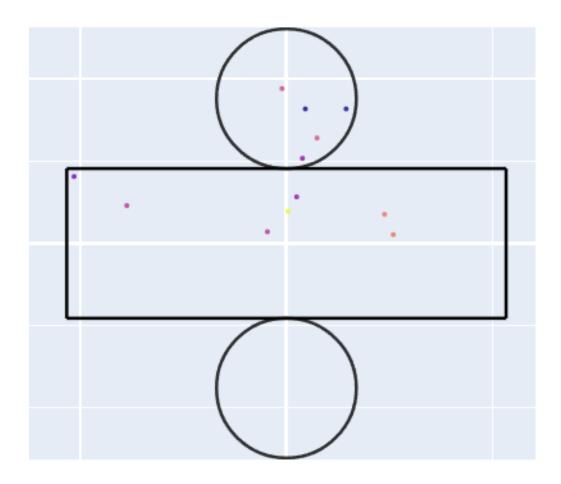


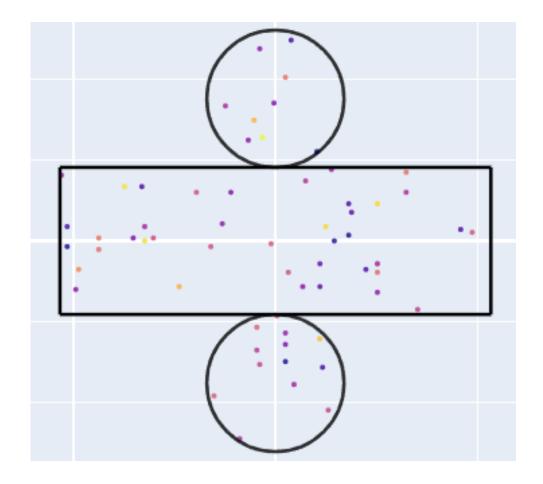


Without noise

With noise

# Cherenkov rings : 2.2 MeV



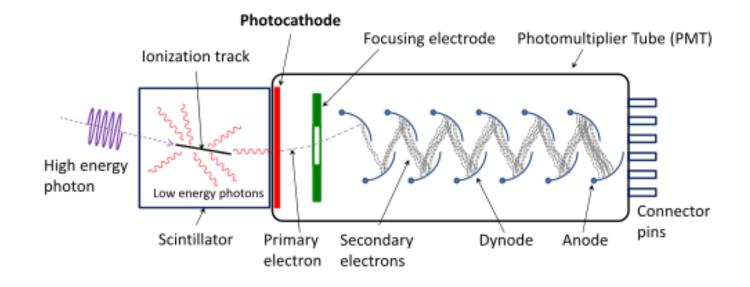


Without noise

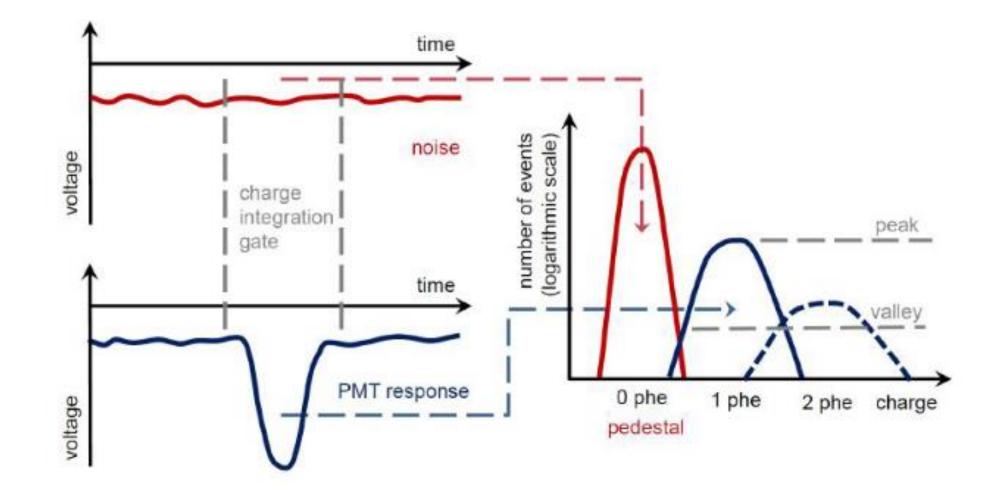
With noise

# Photomultiplier tubes

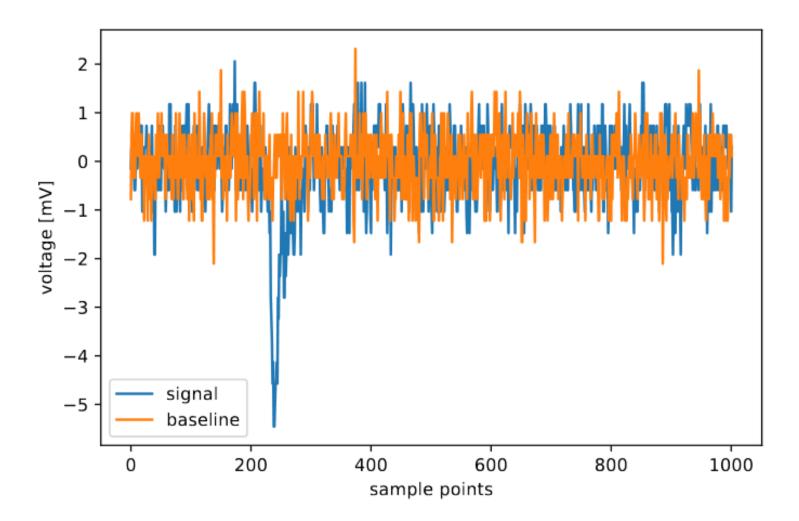




#### PMT measurement



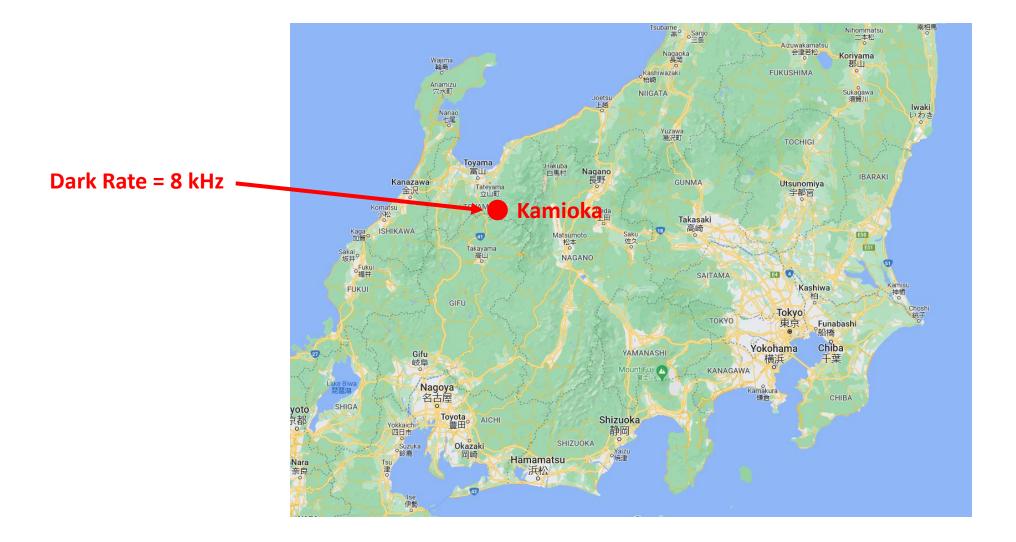
#### PMT dark rate



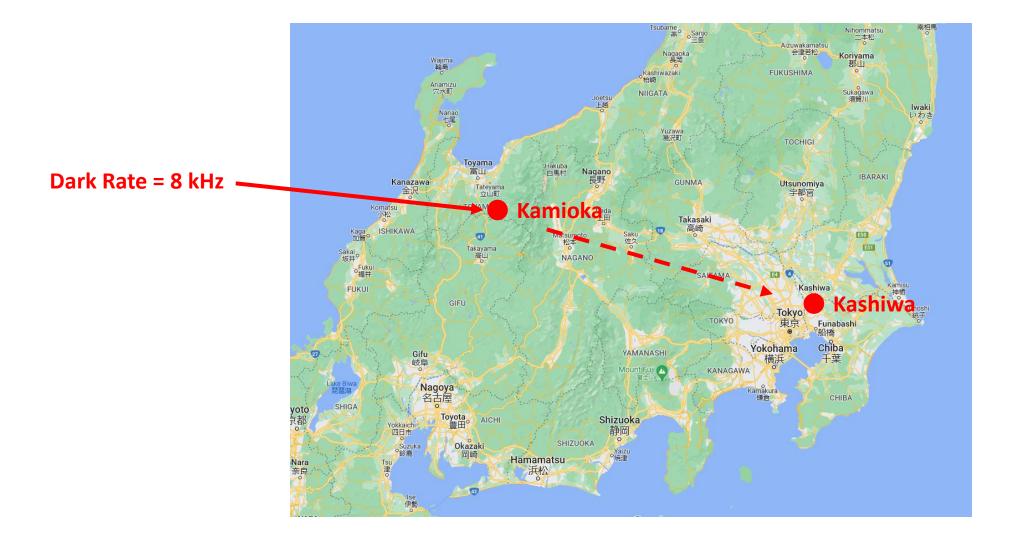
### Dark rooms



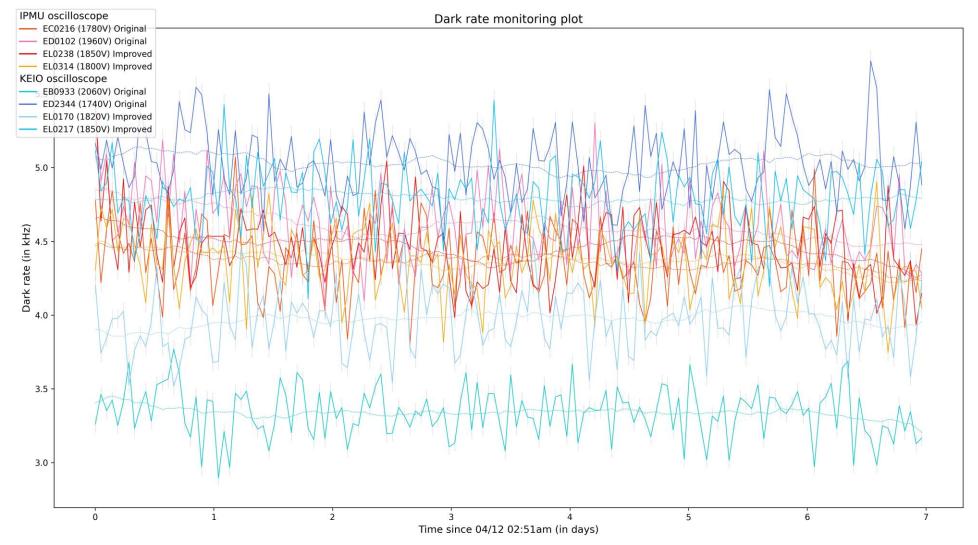
#### Dark rate measurements



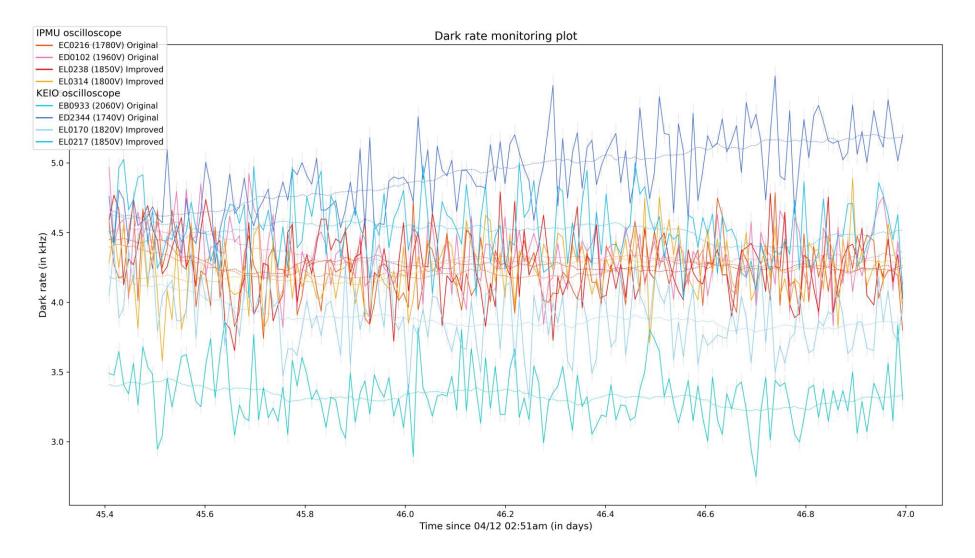
#### Dark rate measurements



# Dark rate monitoring

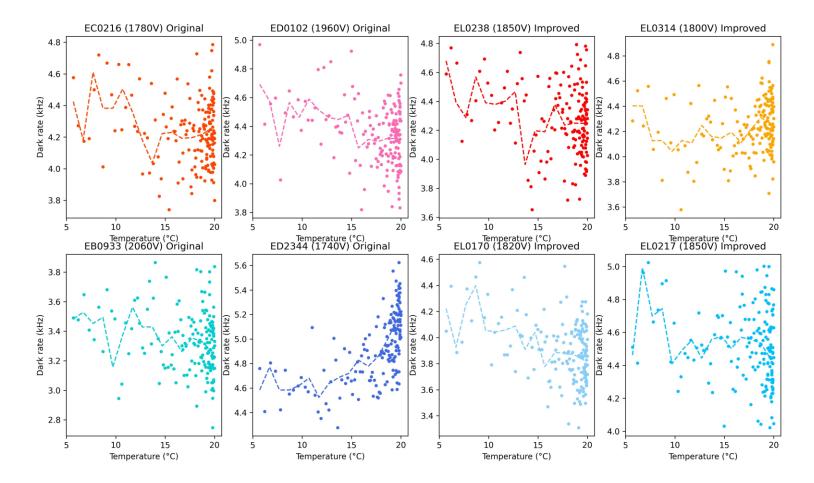


#### Dependance on temperature

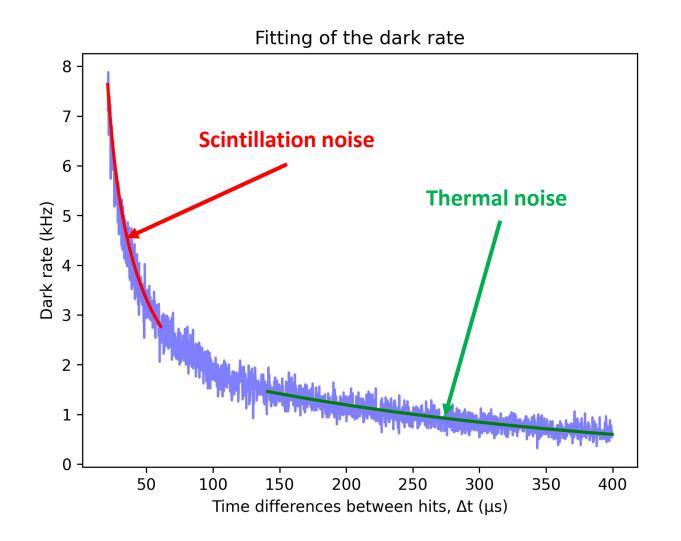


#### Dependance on temperature

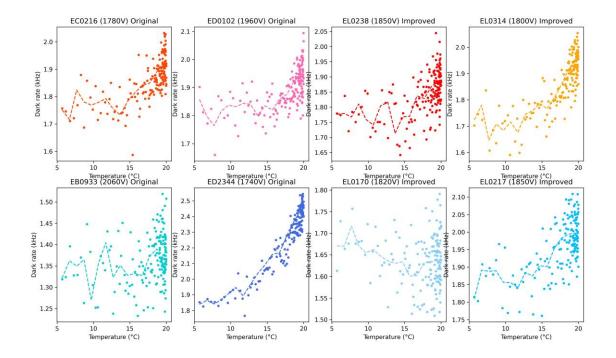
Correlation plot between temperature and dark rate



# Dark rate separation

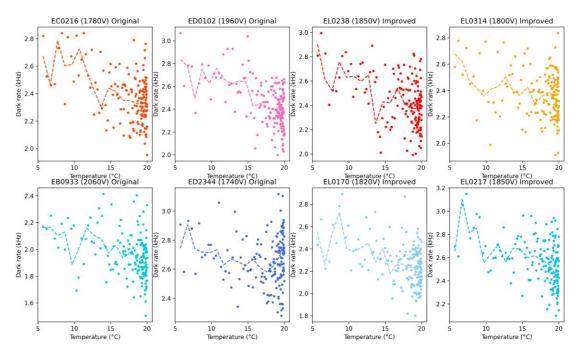


#### Correlations after separation



Correlation plot between temperature and dark rate (for Δt>50µs hits)

#### Correlation plot between temperature and dark rate (for $\Delta t$ <50 $\mu$ s hits)

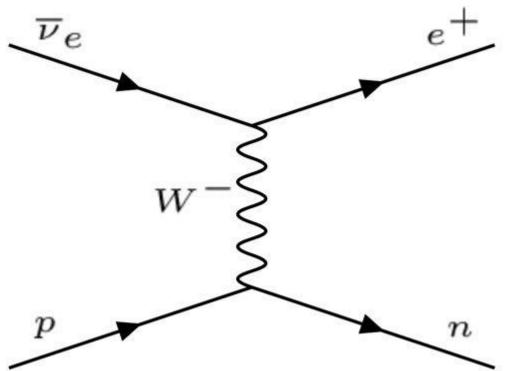


# Conclusion on PMT dark rate

- Random noise in the PMT signal generate *fake hits*
- This noise is characterized by the **dark rate**
- 2 origins for the dark rate :
  - Thermal electrons : purely random, depends on electronics
  - Scintillation : correlated hits, depends on PMT glass
- Everything is fine for Hyper-K

# Neutron tagging with graph neural networks

#### Inverse beta decay



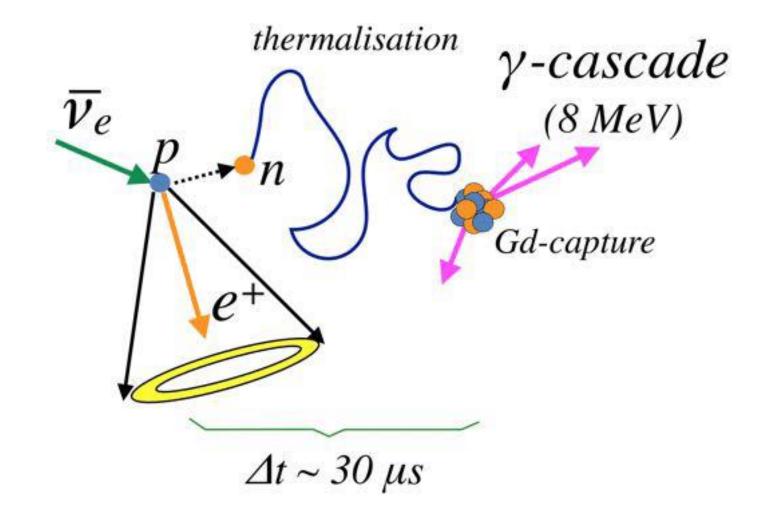
• Neutrino induced :

$$\nu_e + n \rightarrow e^- + p$$

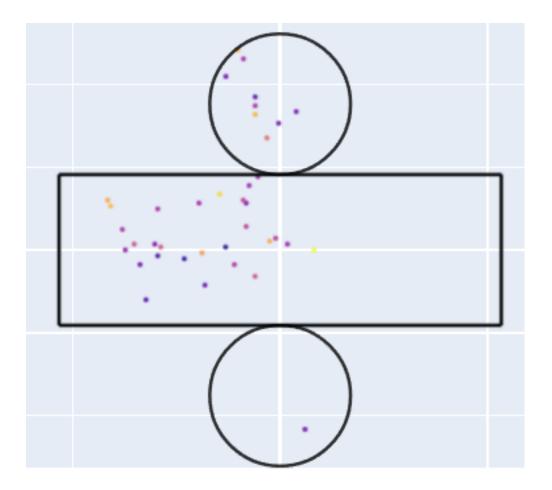
• Antineutrino induced :

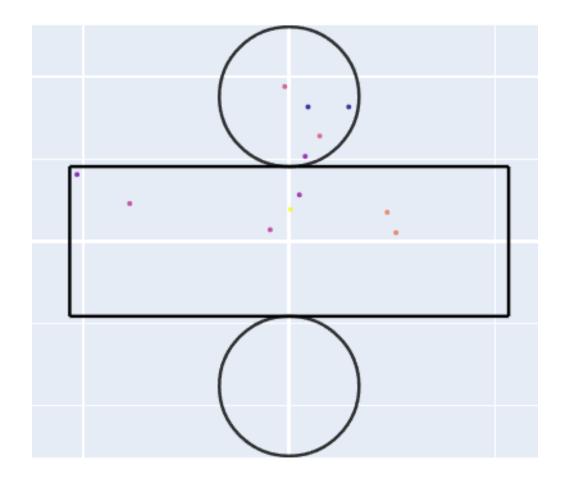
$$\bar{\nu}_e + p \rightarrow e^+ + n$$

#### Neutron capture

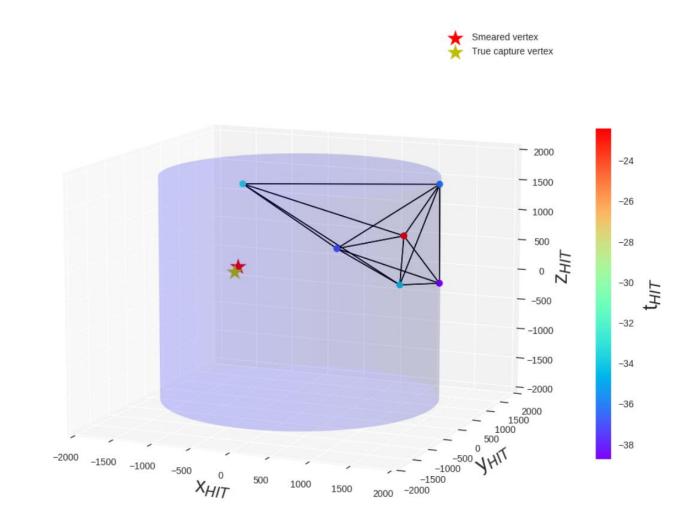


# Neutron capture events





### Graph neural networks



# Conclusion on neutron tagging

- Neutron tagging helps identify anti-neutrinos events
- Neutron tagging is hard due to PMT noise
- Graph neural networks perform well for this task
- Results incoming...