

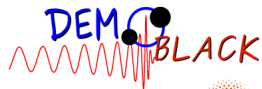
# Impact of populations of BBHs on the astrophysical background in 3G detectors

Carole Périgois

17 October 2023



UNIVERSITÀ  
DEGLI STUDI  
DI PADOVA



## Definition

Signal made by the sum of all non-identified gravitational waves.

## Origine

- Astrophysical: CBCs, rotating neutron stars...
- Cosmological: Cosmic strings, Phases transition...

## Spectrum

$$\Omega_{gw}(f) = \frac{1}{\rho_c} \frac{d\rho_{GW}}{d\ln f}$$

$$\Omega_{gw}(f) = \frac{1}{\rho_c} \frac{d\rho_{GW}}{d\ln f}$$

$$\Omega_{gw}(f) = \frac{f}{c\rho_c} \phi(f), \quad (1)$$

$$\phi(f) = T^{-1} \sum_{k=1}^N \frac{1}{4\pi r^2} \frac{dE_{gw}^k}{df}(f, \mathcal{M}_c, dl), \quad (2)$$

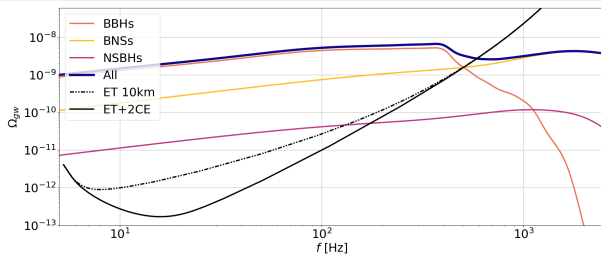
## Population

Santoliquido et al. 2021, MNRAS

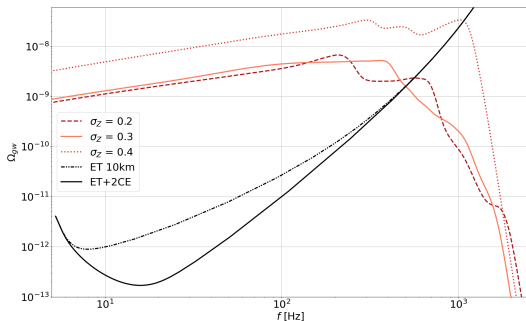
Mapelli et al. 2021, MNRAS

Mapelli et al. 2022, MNRAS

- **BNSs BHNSs:** Isolated,  $\sigma_Z = 0.3$
- **BBHs:** Isolated AND Clusters,  $\sigma_Z = 0.3$



# Formation and evolution channel of BBHs



	$\sigma_Z = 0.2$	$\sigma_Z = 0.3$	$\sigma_Z = 0.4$
Isolated	7.41	24.66	77.75
YSC	3.10	6.07	11.93
GC	5.62	6.97	8.47
NSC	2.08	2.15	2.22

←

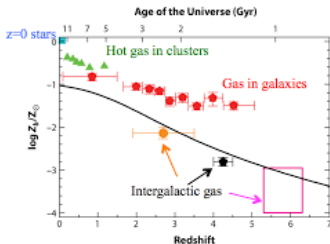
(TOP) Energy density spectrums for BBHs.

(BOTTOM) Local merger rate densities for BBHs channels [ $\text{Gpc}^3 \cdot \text{yr}^{-1}$ ].

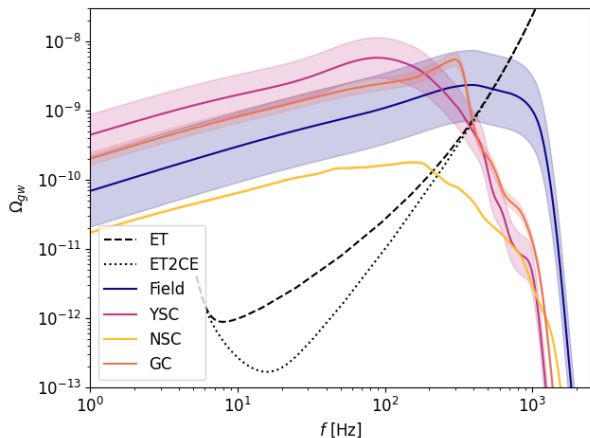
Mapelli et al. 2022, MNRAS

↓ Relation metallicity/redshift used to initiate population synthesis.

Madau and Dickinson, 2014, ARAA



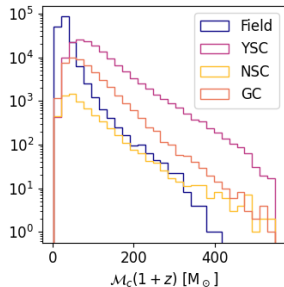
# BBHs from clusters PRELIMINARY

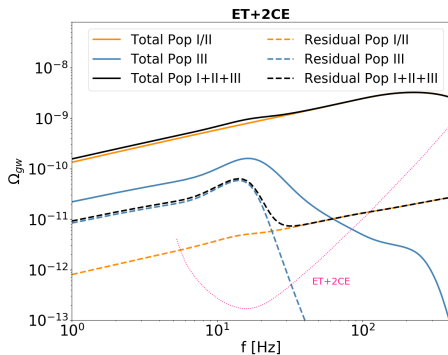


Spectrums for BBHs from clusters. Uncertainties are from the rates from

Mapelli et al. 2022, MNRAS

↓ Corrected mass chirp distributions in  $\text{yr}^{-1}$ .





## Population III

Belczynski et al. 2017, MNRAS

- Zero metallicity
- $\mathcal{R}_{max}$  at  $z \sim 11$ .
- $M_{tot} \sim 80 M_{\odot}$

## Residual Background

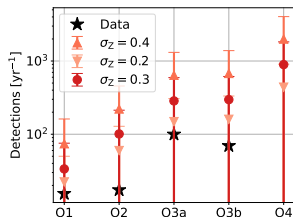
- Subtraction of mergers with  $SNR > 12$
- Important reduction for Pop. I/II
- Bump for Pop. III visible (Selection effects)



- Predictions of the resolved event, by computing individual SNR.
- Computation of the total and residual backgrounds.
- Calculation of the background detectability.

Ingredients :

- Detectors characteristics
- Catalog of compact object binaries



	$\sigma_z = 0.2$	$\sigma_z = 0.3$	$\sigma_z = 0.4$
<b>ET</b>	61570 (76.2%)	93545 (79.0%)	145867 (81.5%)
<b>2CE</b>	78598 (97.3%)	115714 (97.7%)	175428 (98.0%)
<b>ET+2CE</b>	80074 (99.1%)	117596 (99.3%)	177906(99.5%)
<b>Total</b>	80762	118429	178883



<https://github.com/Cperigois/Princess>  
<https://gitlab.com/Cperigois/Princess>



Projects in progress or planned for 2024:

- AGNs and GCs mergers.
- PRINCESS development detectors (LISA, PTA) and sources (SMBHs, EMRIs)
- Updating Pop III with new simulations.



The interest on the astrophysical background is double

- We would like to extract all possible astrophysical informations.
- And we would like to remove it to show other possible contribution to the background.

