





## TESSERACT @ LSM

A proposal for a new generation light DM search cryogenic experiment in Modane

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## **TESSERACT:** *Dark Matter candidates*

#### Dark matter candidate: About 50 orders of magnitude in mass (assuming it is an elementary particle)



## TESSERACT: *keV-GeV « light » Dark Matter*

- Consistent with simple thermal production after inflation (like other massive particles) ٠
- Typically requires a new force mediator too, not just the DM particle.
- Direct detection searches via electron scattering (ERDM) or nuclear scattering (NRDM) ٠



## TESSERACT: Dark Matter search range



**TESSERACT:** Extending the Dark Matter mass search window from meV-to-GeV with ultra low-threshold cryogenic detectors with multiple targets and particle identification capabilities

## TESSERACT: *State of the art (NRDM)*



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# CENNS: Cryogenic experiments — Low-E excess !



- Currently, all cryogenic experiments which have reached sub-100 eV thresholds are seeing such an excess
- This excess is nowadays fully acknowledge by the international community and a dedicated workshop has been created to exchange ideas and results with experimentalists and theorists (<u>https://indico.cern.ch/event/</u><u>1013203/</u>)
- Characteristics: time dependent, non-ionising, independent of sites, dependence with holding techniques (?)
- Design driver of TESSERACT: Chose methods to reject LEE



# TESSERACT: Proposal experiment at LSM

#### <u>Transition Edge Sensors with Sub-Ev Resolution And Cryogenic Targets</u>



- DOE Funding for R&D and project development began in June 2020 (Dark Matter New Initiative)
- One experimental design, and different target materials with complementary DM sensitivity, all using TES
- Includes SPICE (Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and GaAs) and HeRALD (LHe)
- ~40 people from 8 institutions
- Actively searching for an underground lab





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- Adding Ge/Si semiconductors with TES (heat) and electrodes (ion) readout
- Benefit from EDW+Ricochet Ge bolometer expertise and low-background cryogenic setup
- Ongoing discussions with IN2P3 Ricochet and EDW partners (LPSC, IJCLab, IP2I)
- Actively looking for a future cryogenic DM experiment







## TESSERACT: New generation TES phonon sensors





- 3.5 eV (RMS) already achieved with a 10g Si detector and Tc = 41 mK
- Targeted Tc around 15-20 mK recently achieved !
  - ~100 meV threshold achievable
- Next challenge: parasitic power (vibrations, EMI, IR photons) needs to be <aW to fully reach TES sensitivity



# TESSERACT: SPICE

#### <u>Sub-eV</u> Polar Interactions Cryogenic Experiment: Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>

**1. Sapphire supports many optical phonon modes.** (phonons with a high energy:momentum ratio)

Instead thinking about 'kicking an atom' we now think about recoiling off the lattice, and 'exciting a phonon'.

Optical phonons are kinematically well-matched to lowmass dark matter (similar effective mass)

#### 2. Sapphire is a polar crystal

(couples well to E&M-like inputs)

Allows to extend DM scattering searches via light dark photon down to keV masses **not accessible** to any other target materials

Possibility to extend further down to 100-meV (eV) DM masses thanks to absorption on phonon (electron)



Momentum





## TESSERACT: SPICE

Sub-eV Polar Interactions Cryogenic Experiment: GaAs



- GaAs has very high scintillation yield (125 ph/keV, arxiv:1904.09362), PID from heat/light readout down to 100 eV
- GaAs has a similar ERDM sensitivity than Ge/Si and similarly allows for **control of the backgrounds**:
  - photon:phonon ratio depends on the recoiling particle type: NR/ER discrimination
  - photon/phonon coïncidence in two separate sensors: instrumental background rejection



## TESSERACT: *HeRALD*

#### <u>He</u>lium <u>R</u>oton <u>Apparatus for Light Dark matter</u>







- Easy to purify, intrinsically radio pure
- Monolithic and scalable
- LHe cell operated at 20-50 mK with wafer-like cryogenic detectors with TES suspended in vacuum
  - UV/IR photons and He atoms from qp induced evaporation
- First evidence of ER/NR discrimination @ 10 keV
- Segmented sensors to reject LEE from coincidences



#### First experimental results ! 13



<u>Low-Voltage</u> approach for optimal particle identification (Ricochet style bolometers)

Salagnac & al: arXiv:2111.12438



- Incomplete charge coll. < 1%
- Fiducial volume: 62 %
- Surface event rejection: YES
- Total capacitance: 18 pF







Heat energy [keVee]

JFET EDW elec.: Heat 30 eV, Ion. 220 eVee (RMS)

• First results with Ricochet-CryoCube HEMT-based electronics upcoming...

# PL 38



#### **Low-Voltage** approach for optimal particle identification

#### Ricochet coll., arXiv:2306.00166



 $\sigma = 39.2 \text{eV}$  $\sigma = 75.6 \text{eV}$ 200 400 Normalized event rate  $10^{-1}$ 100 200 0 <del>|</del>− 9.5 1.2 10.0 10.5 11.0 1.4 1.0  $10^{-2}$ 10-3 RED177 RED227 K. **RED237** 1.30keV 10.37keV  $10^{-4}$ 0.5 1.0 5.0 0.3 2.0 3.0 10.0Ionization energy (keVee)

**Ricochet resolution goals:** 10 eV (heat) + 20 eVee (ionisation) **CryoCube array:** 1K stage (HEMT elec.) and 10 mK (det.) **Achieved:** 

- Heat: 17 30 eV (RMS)
- Ionisation: 30 eVee (RMS) => Major Breakthrough
  For TESSERACT:
  - Switch to TES for sub-eV heat energy threshold
  - Aiming for 3-6 eVee (RMS) ionisation resolution
  - ER/NR identification down to 10s of eVnr
  - Heat Only discrimination down to 50 eVnr
  - Well suited for low-mass NRDM with PID

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#### **Dual heat/ionization upcoming with new Ricochet elec.** 15



#### High-Voltage approach for optimal ERDM sensitivity





**CRYOSEL performance goals:** 100 V bias + single e-h sensitivity + SSED Heat Only tagging efficiency > 1000

#### First R&D results:

- Stable operation up to 70 V
- Clear pulses from the SSED (NbSi TES) acting as a Heat Only veto
  - single e-h sensitivity with no sensitivity non ionising events
- See Elsa Guy presentation for more details
- For TESSERACT:
  - Switch to low-imp. TES heat sensor for sub-eV heat energy threshold
  - High control of IR backgrounds and charge leakage
  - Heat Only discrimination down single e-h pair (3 eV)
  - Exquisite sensitivities to ERDM with Heat Only discrimination





# 

## TESSERACT: Ge/Si semiconductors



- CRYORED cryogenic platform in Lyon (IP2I)
  - to support Ricochet, TESSERACT, ... R&D programs and detector fabrication and testing
- Validation of the Ricochet cryostat: cryogenic and vibration performances (done)
- Validation of the cold inner shielding: Pb, PE, and Cu layers + cryogenic muon veto (done)
- Integration of the cold cabling, electronics and cryogenic detectors (ongoing)
- Ricochet cryostat will go to ILL by end-2023 and be replaced by a new cryostat dedicated to CRYORED GDR DuPHY - J. Billard



- Potential TESSERACT layout in Modane accommodating the BINGO cryostat in the former EDW space
  - Work ongoing between US and IN2P3 TESSERACT partners
- Ideally two cryostats would be needed tom combine short (R&D) and long (DM search) cycles simultaneously
- Significant emphasis on vibrational and EM noise suppression
- Integration of dedicated low energy NR and ER calibration sources GDR DuPHY J. Billard



- The shielding design has converged on a compact lead/polyethylene approach with a neck to avoid internal cryogenic passive layers of shielding
  - Shielding design nearing completion and being quoted
- Simulation based on rock composition & density of the Homestake mine
- Internal backgrounds modelled using measured activities in Ti, SS, Cu & PE by LZ, SuperCDMS and others
- Total background dominated by internal background with a total rate of 1.2 DRU at 1 keV
- Further background reduction possible using event multiplicity and surrounding cryogenic active vetos GDR DuPHY J. Billard



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Ge/Si sensitivities under calculations

#### TESSERACT@Modane:

Extending the Dark Matter mass search window from meV-to-GeV with **ultra low-threshold cryogenic detectors** with **multiple targets** and **particle identification capabilities** with two identical cryogenic setups installed in the **ultra-low background environment from the LSM** 

- Ongoing discussions with IN2P3 to start a TESSERACT master project by the summer 2023
- Green light from the DOE for a TESSERACT collaboration with US and IN2P3 partners (LPSC/LSM, IP2I, IJClab) and possibly additional CNRS labs
  - One IN2P3 TESSERACT postdoc position at LPSC
  - One IN2P3 international PhD thesis grant at IP2I to start in the Fall 2023 (NEW !)
- Actively looking for fundings to start building TESSERACT at LSM by the horizon 2026



# Back up

# **TESSERACT:** *Energy calibration*

#### **Dedicated low energy and mono-energetic neutron source**

- 24 keV photo-neutrons from <sup>124</sup>Sb-<sup>9</sup>Be ٠
- Iron cross-section dip at 24 keV neutrons ٠
- 3-GBq Sb produced at nuclear reactor ٠
- Currently being characterised ٠
- Also the possibility to use a DT generator à la Ricochet ٠ as the source of primary neutrons to be down-converted

כוווכן 0.8

P

Inno 0.1

Compton scattering from 57-Co for low-energy ER ٠ calibration



0.00

Energy [keV]

0.04

36





## Charge/Phonon sensors



Introduction to the dual heat and ionization readout:



**Charge/Phonon** sensors



Introduction to the dual heat and ionization readout:



## Charge/Phonon sensors

$$E_{total} = E_{recoil} + E_{luke}$$
$$= E_{recoil} + \frac{1}{3 eV} E_{ion} \Delta V$$



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Julien Billard (IPNL) - HDR



