



The NEXT experiment

Gonzalo Díaz López

LPNHE since April 23
(IGFAE/USC until February 23)

International Research Network Neutrino
June 20th, Nantes

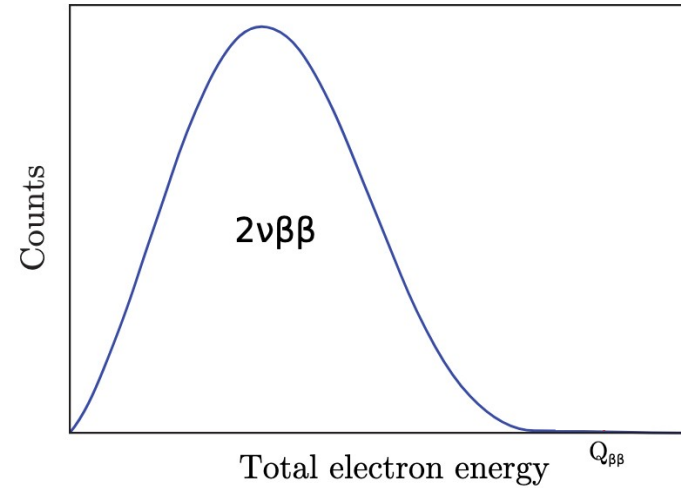
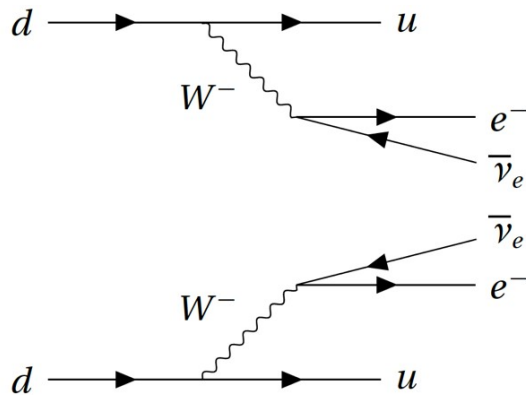
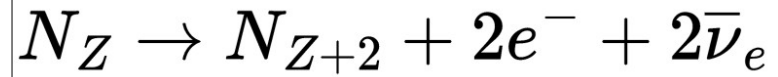


- Introduction: double beta decay
- NEXT, detection concept and phases
- Calibration and reconstruction in NEXT
- Main results: NEXT-White
- Near future prospects: NEXT-100
- Towards tonne scale

- Introduction: double beta decay
- NEXT, detection concept and phases
- Calibration and reconstruction in NEXT
- Main results: NEXT-White
- Near future prospects: NEXT-100
- Towards tonne scale

Double beta decay

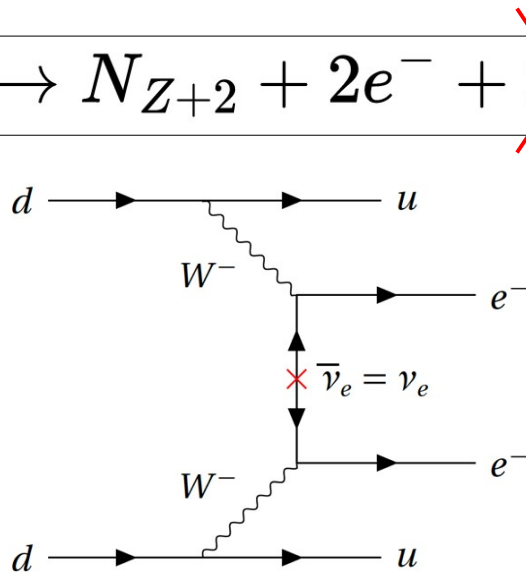
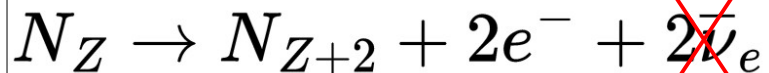
- Double beta decay **with neutrinos**



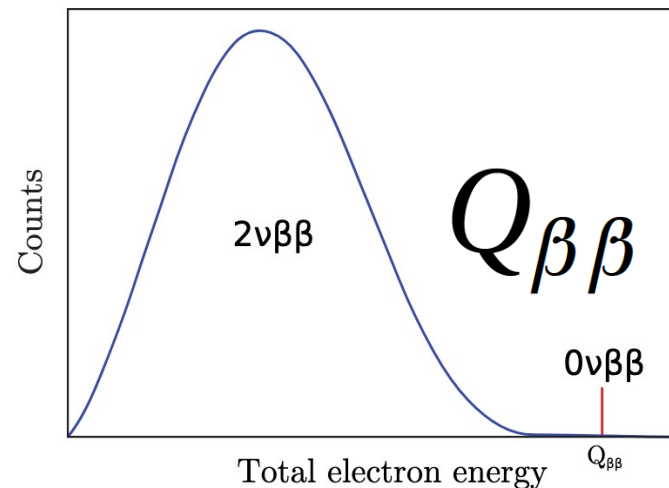
$T_{1/2} \sim 10^{20}$ years

Double beta decay

- Double beta decay **without neutrinos**
- Neutrinos must be **Majorana** particles (neutrino = antineutrino)
- Sensitive to neutrino mass ordering and absolute scale



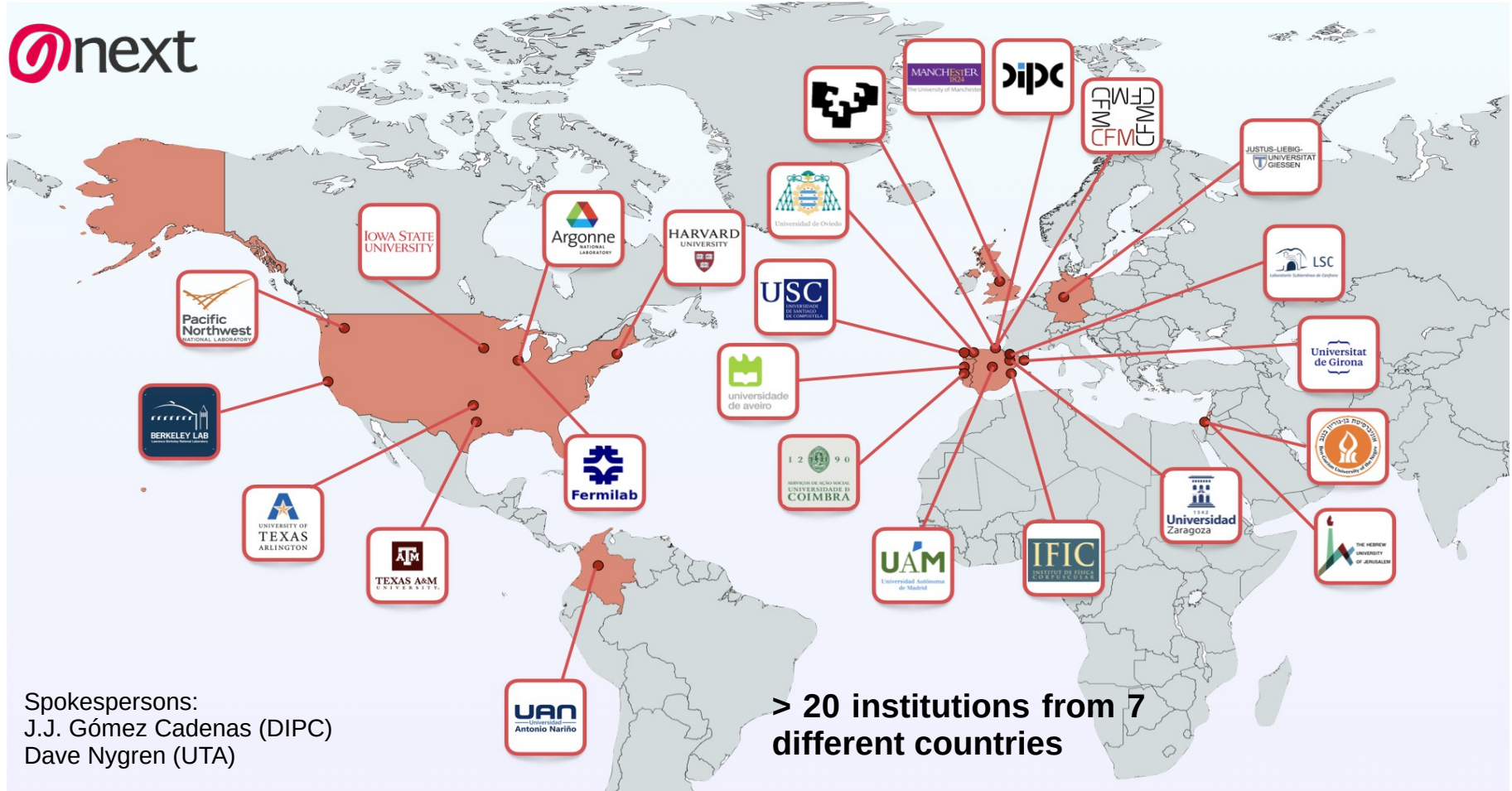
LEPTON NUMBER VIOLATION!!



$T_{1/2} > 10^{26}$ years

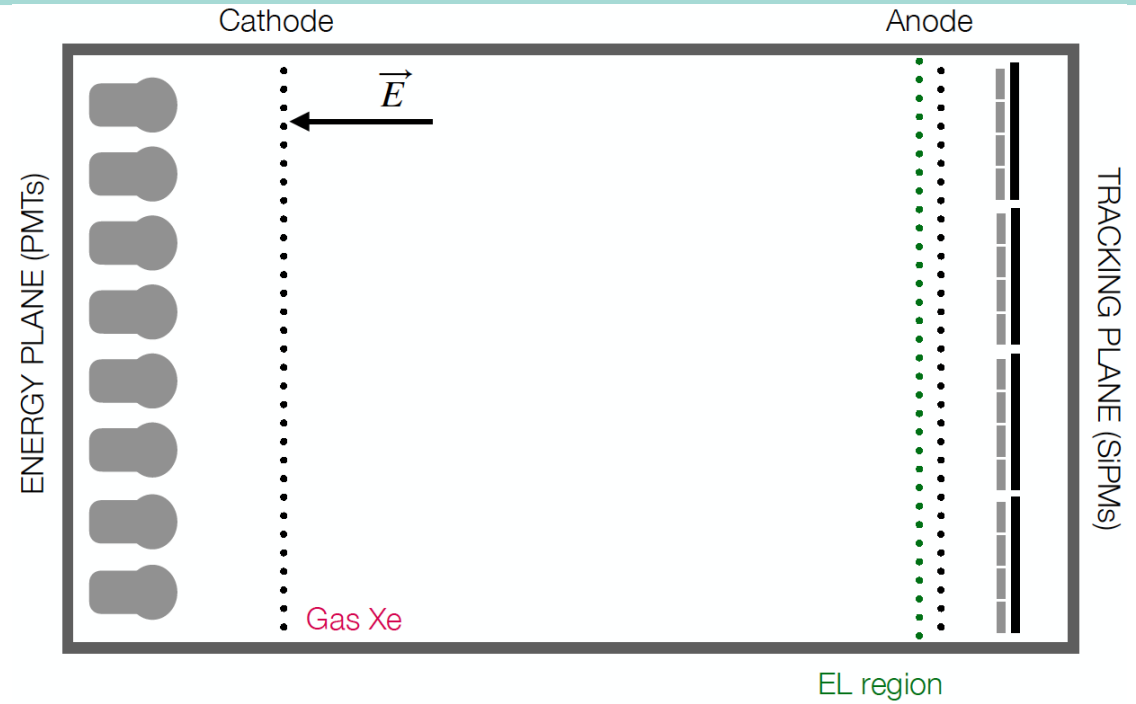
- Introduction: double beta decay
- **NEXT, detection concept and phases**
- Calibration and reconstruction in NEXT
- Main results: NEXT-White
- Near future prospects: NEXT-100
- Towards tonne scale

Neutrino Experiment with a Xenon TPC



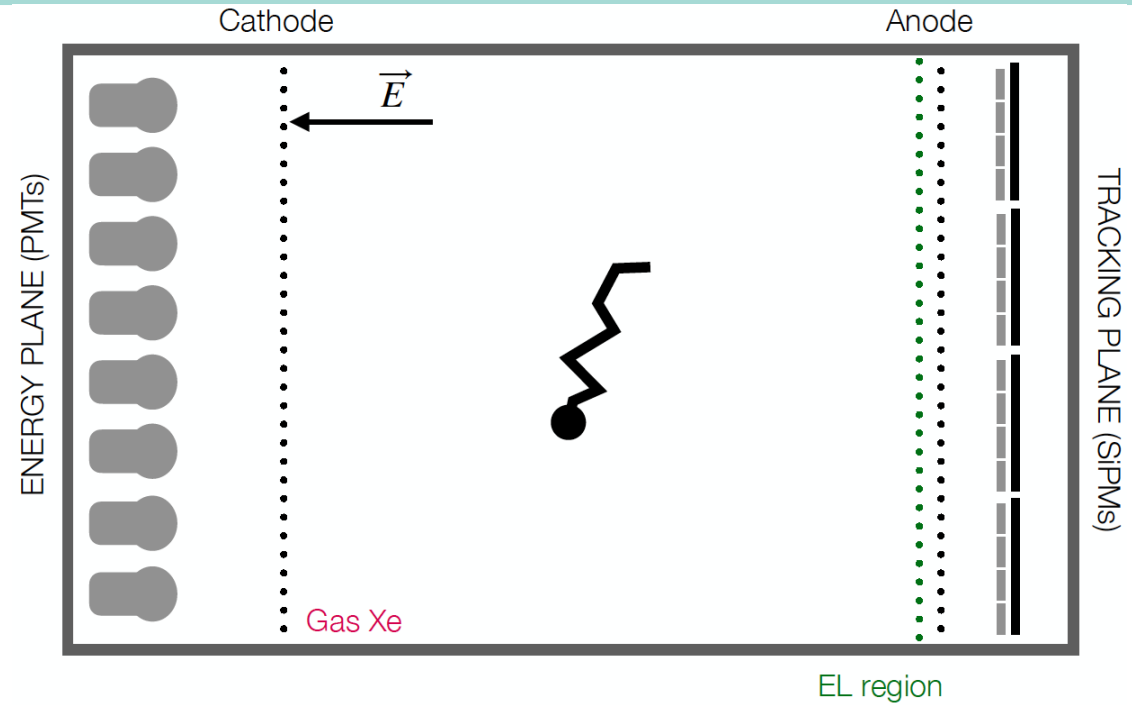
NEXT detection concept

- High pressure xenon (**enriched to ^{136}Xe**) TPC
- Asymmetric configuration:
 - Energy plane (PMTs)
 - Tracking plane (SiPMs)



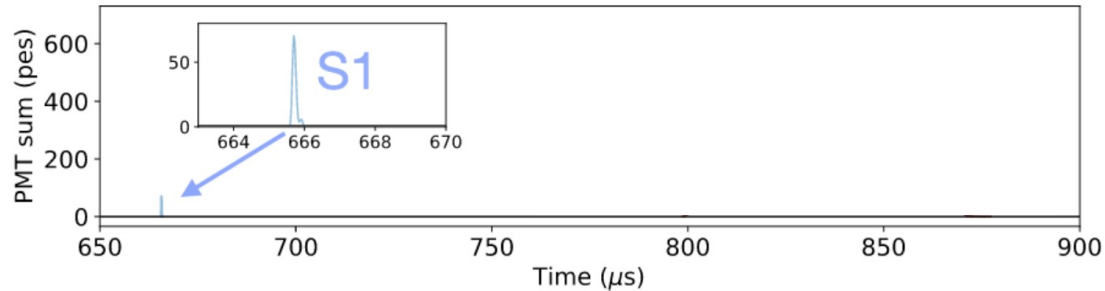
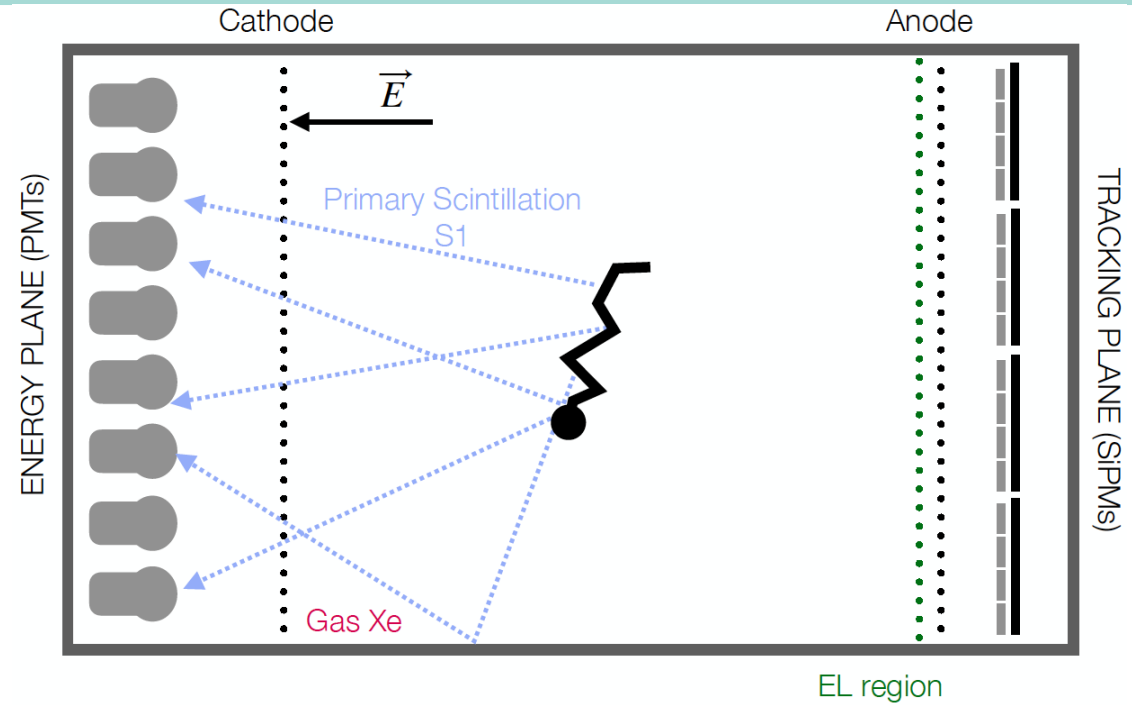
NEXT detection concept

- High pressure xenon (enriched to ^{136}Xe) TPC
- Asymmetric configuration:
 - Energy plane (PMTs)
 - Tracking plane (SiPMs)
- Excitation + Ionization



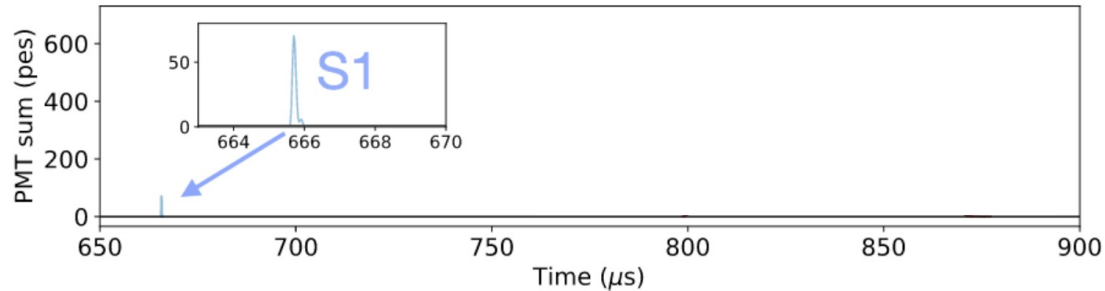
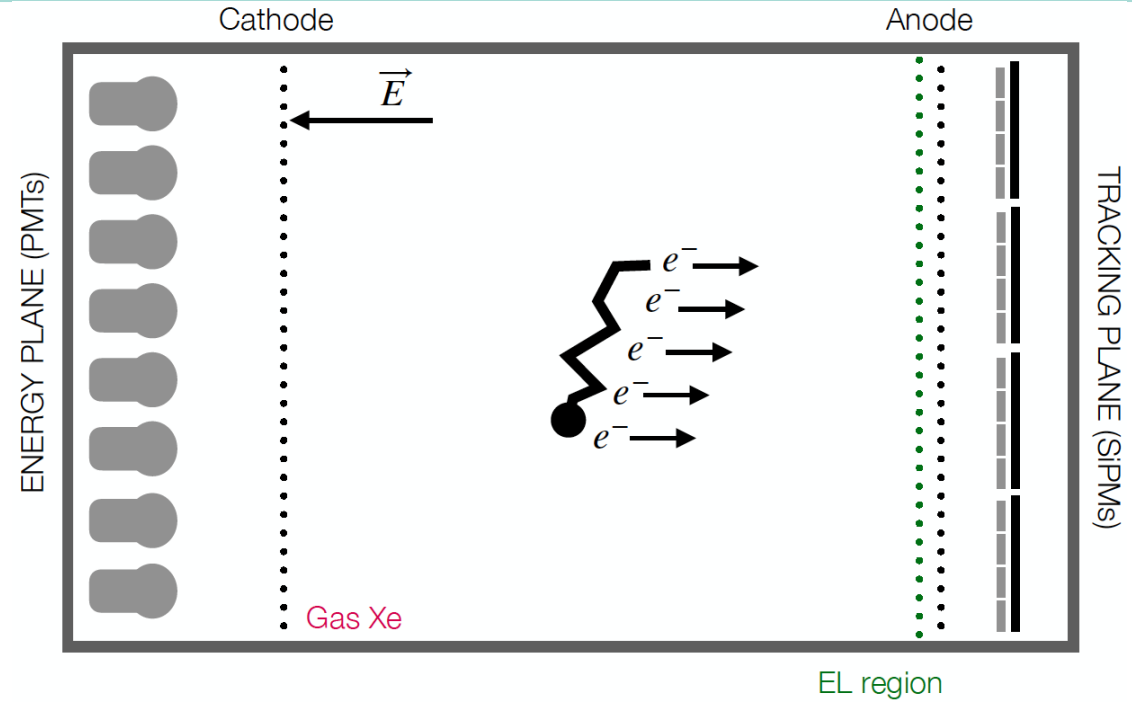
NEXT detection concept

- High pressure xenon (enriched to ^{136}Xe) TPC
- Asymmetric configuration:
 - Energy plane (PMTs)
 - Tracking plane (SiPMs)
- Excitation + Ionization
- Scintillation light (S1)



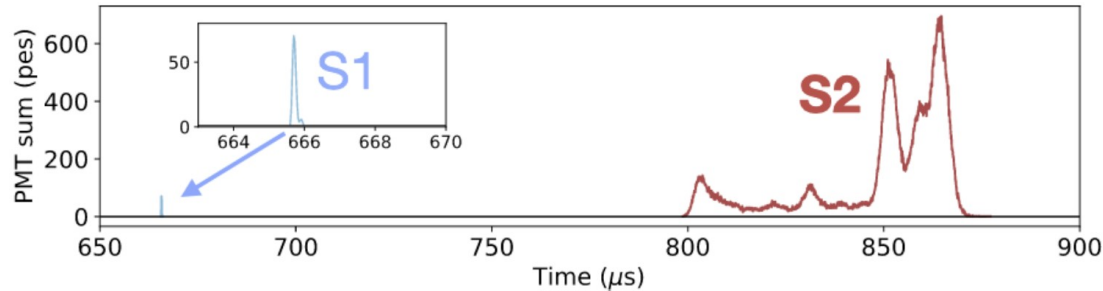
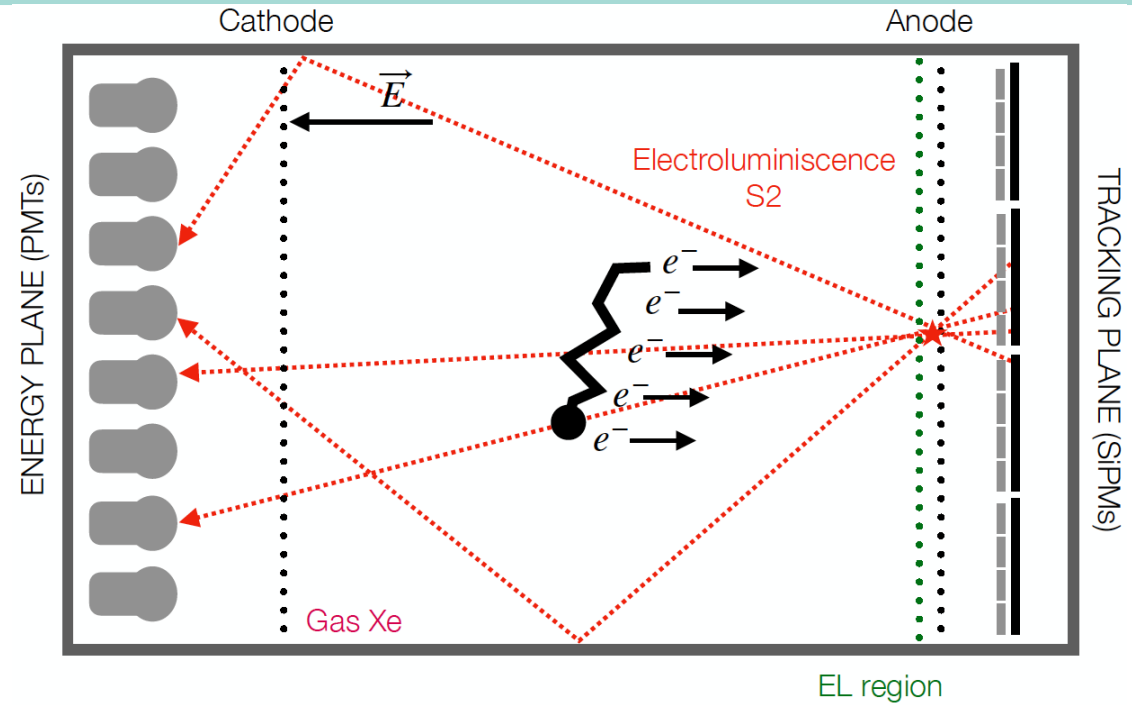
NEXT detection concept

- High pressure xenon (enriched to ^{136}Xe) TPC
- Asymmetric configuration:
 - Energy plane (PMTs)
 - Tracking plane (SiPMs)
- Excitation + Ionization
- Scintillation light (S1)
- Drifting



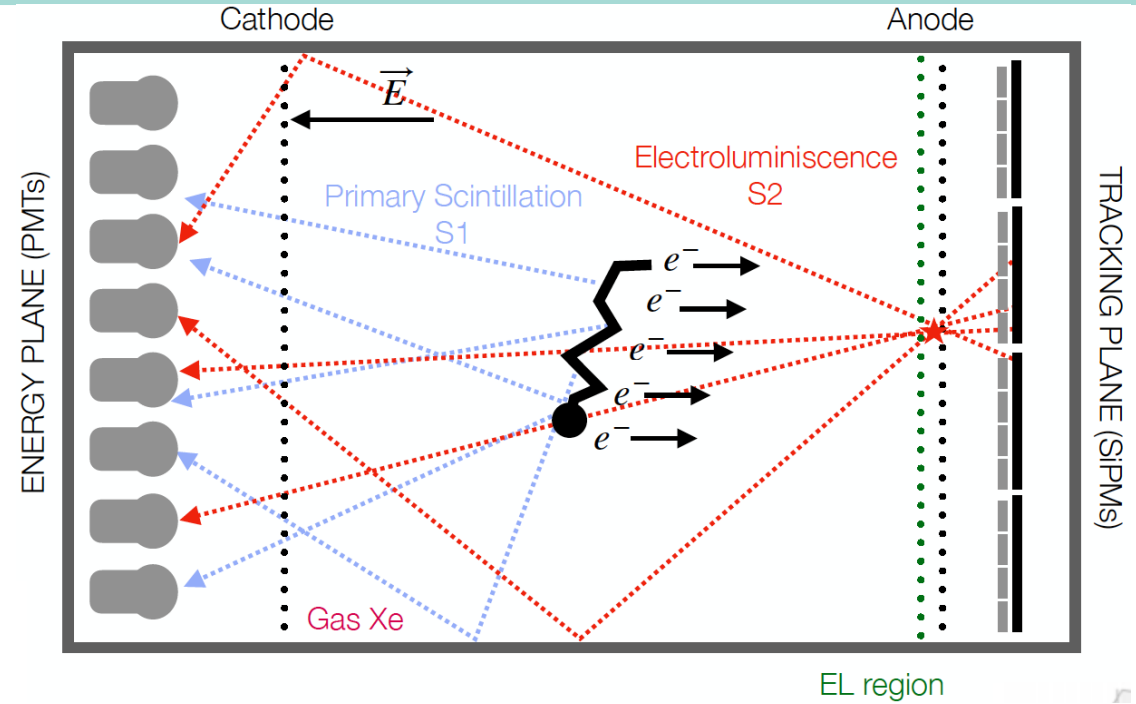
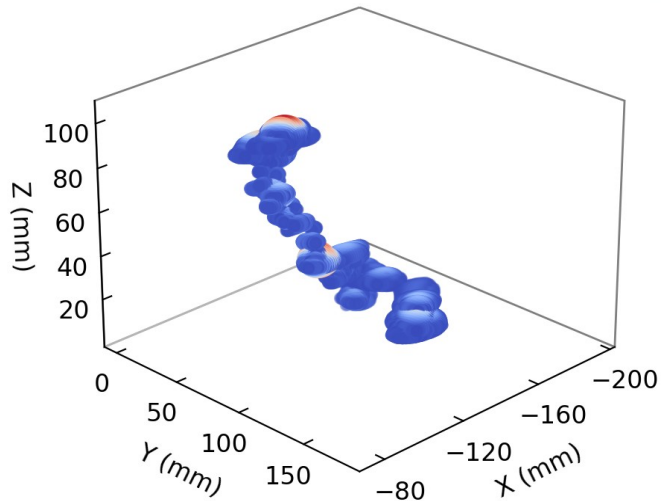
NEXT detection concept

- High pressure xenon (enriched to ^{136}Xe) TPC
- Asymmetric configuration:
 - Energy plane (PMTs)
 - Tracking plane (SiPMs)
- Excitation + Ionization
- Scintillation light (S1)
- Drifting
- Electroluminescence light (S2)



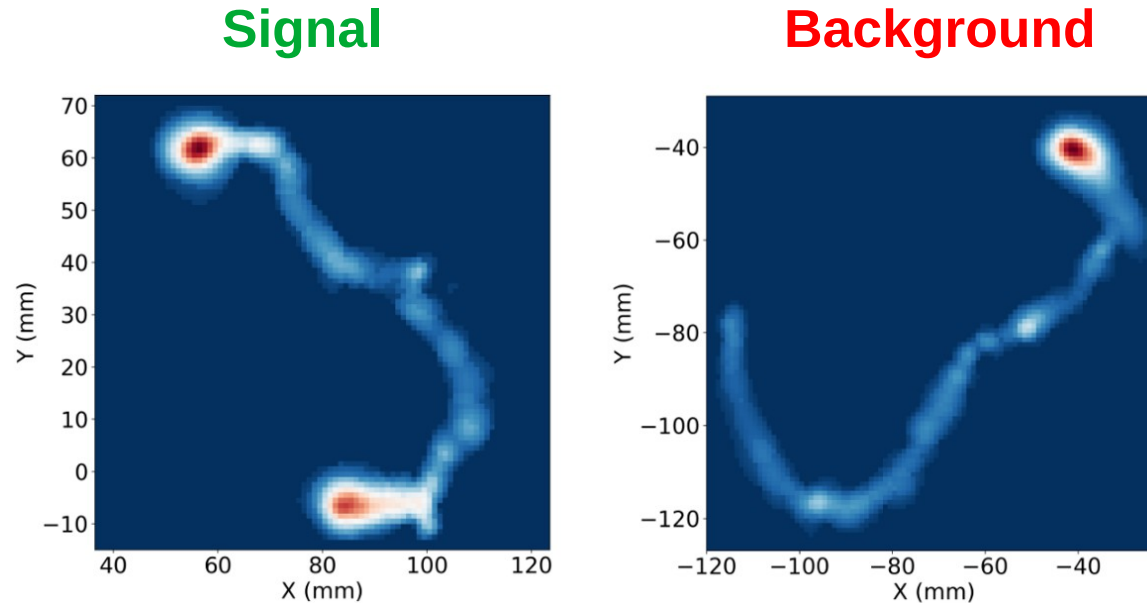
NEXT detection concept

- High pressure xenon (enriched to ^{136}Xe) TPC
- Asymmetric configuration:
 - Energy plane (PMTs)
 - Tracking plane (SiPMs)
- Excitation + Ionization
- Scintillation light (S1)
- Drifting
- Electroluminescence light (S2)
- 3D reconstruction



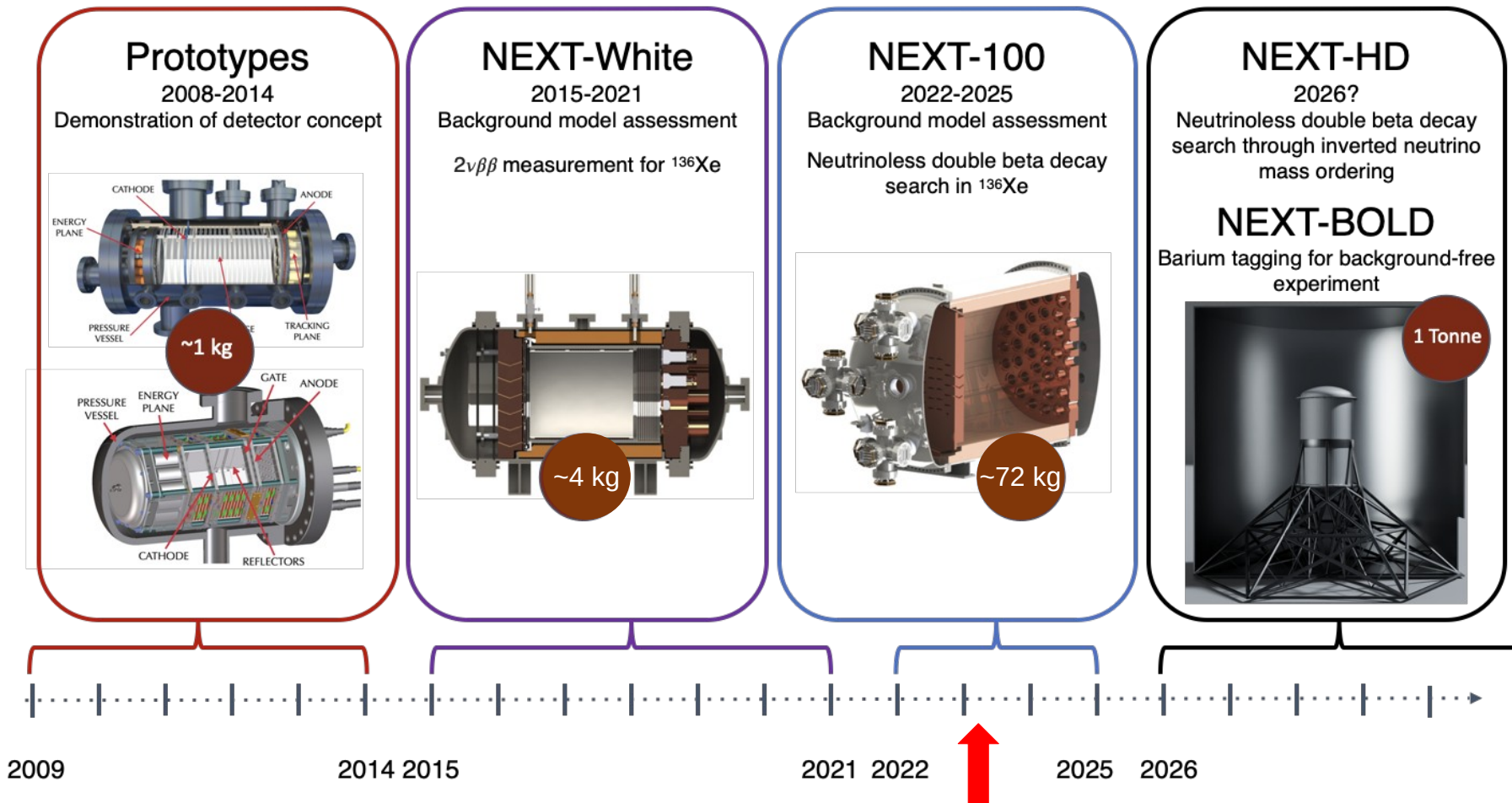
NEXT detection concept

- Gaseous Xenon: resolution + long tracks
- Long tracks: signal vs background discrimination! (Bragg's peak)



(*event candidates in the $2\nu\beta\beta$ ROI from NEXT-White data, [JINST 8 P05025](#))

Timeline



We are here now
NEXT-100 under construction

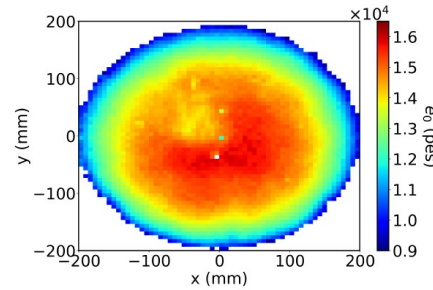
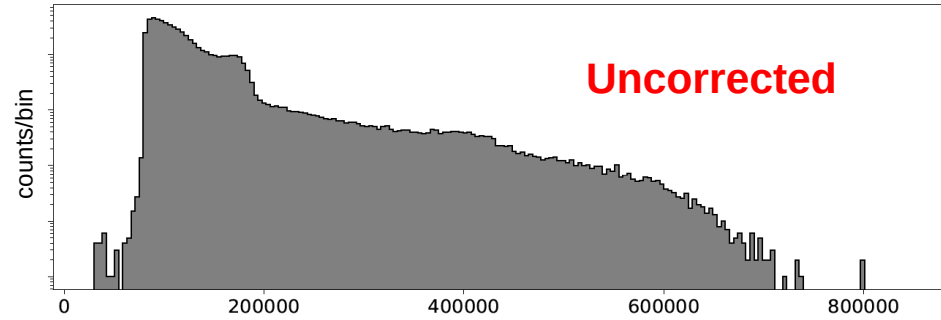
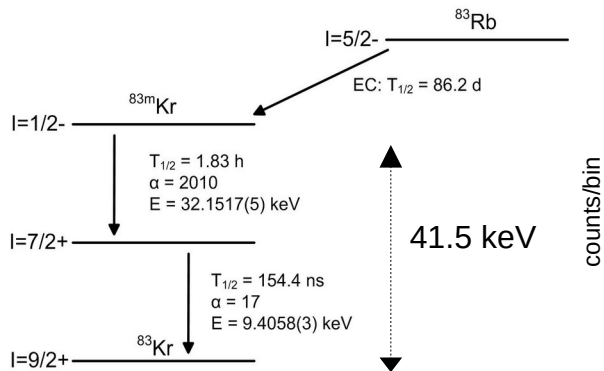
Timeline



- Introduction: double beta decay
- NEXT, detection concept and phases
- **Calibration and reconstruction in NEXT**
- Main results: NEXT-White
- Near future prospects: NEXT-100
- Towards tonne scale

Calibration and reconstruction in NEXT

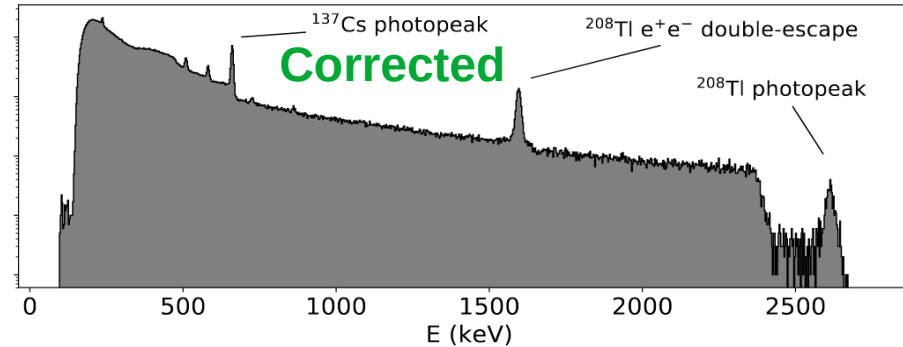
- ^{83m}Kr point-like depositions
- Geometrical + Attachment maps



$$\bar{E}(x, y, z) = \bar{E}_0(x, y) \times e^{-z/\tau(x, y)}$$

↑
geometrical

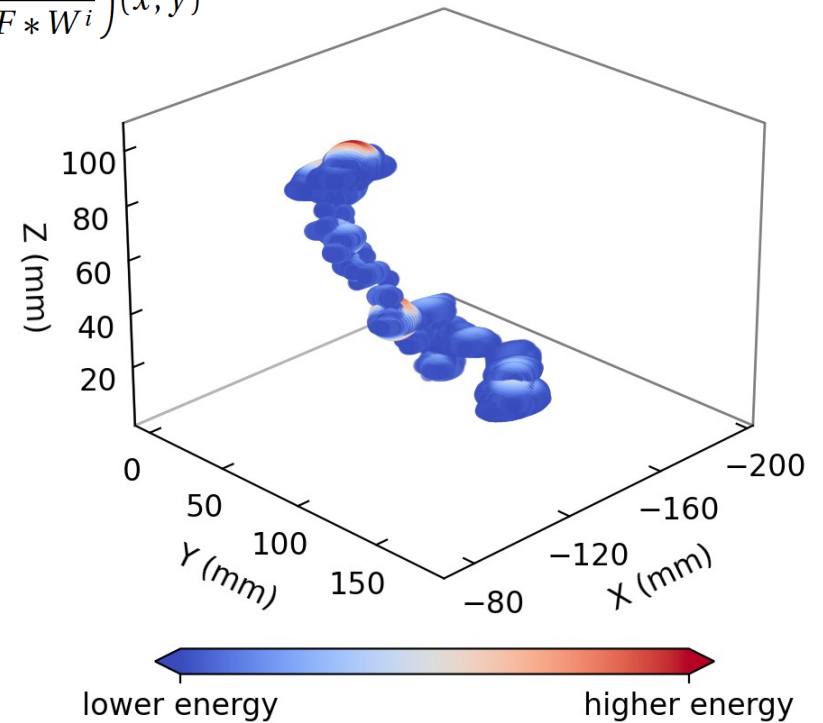
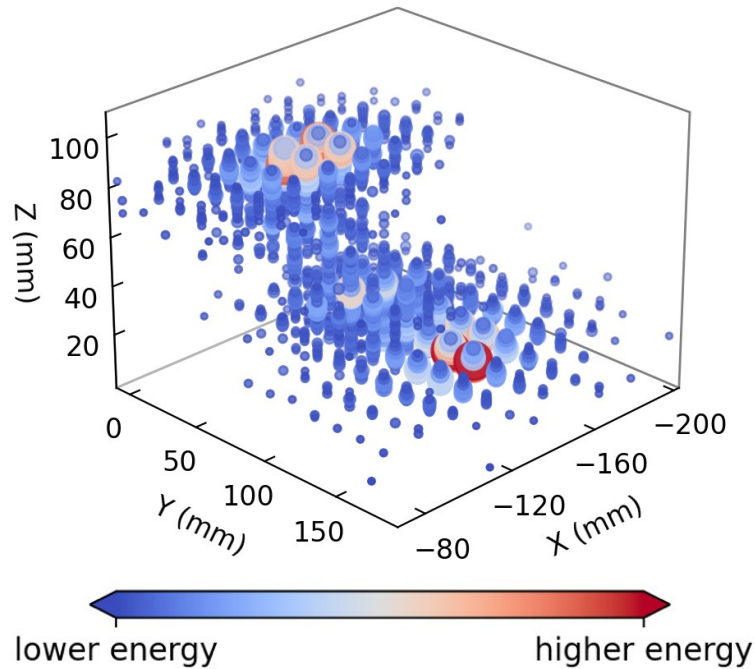
↑
lifetime



Calibration and reconstruction in NEXT

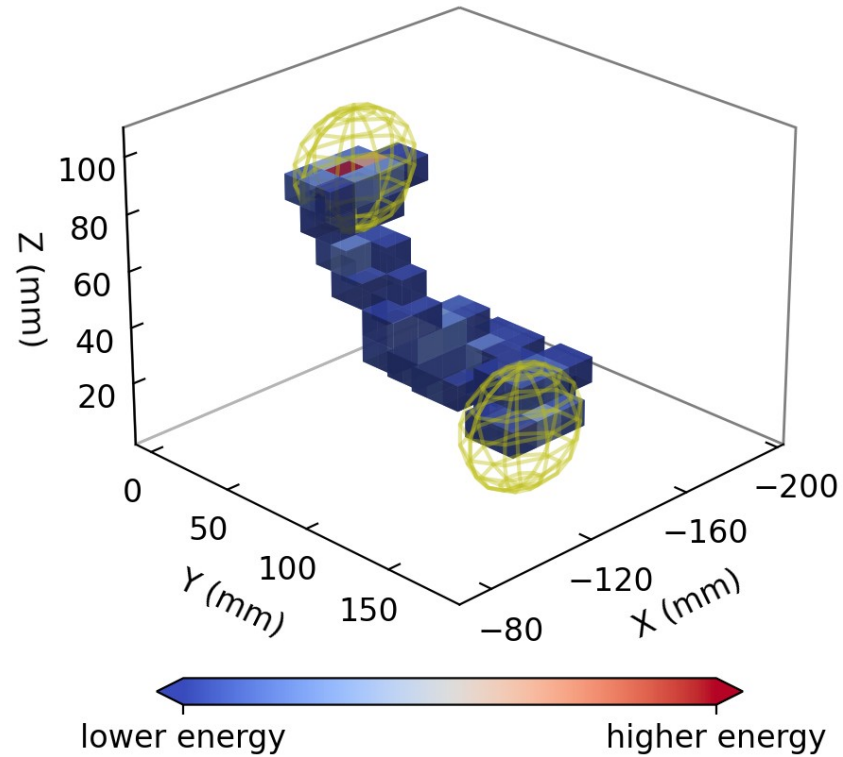
- Deconvolute diffusion and PSF effect
- Lucy-Richardson algorithm

$$W^{i+1}(x, y) = W^i(x, y) \cdot \left(\text{PSF}^T * \frac{H}{\text{PSF} * W^i} \right) (x, y)$$



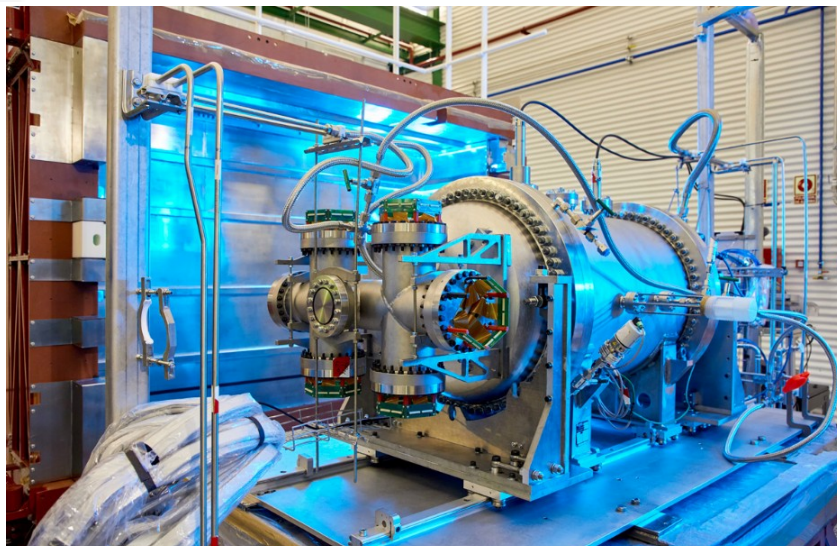
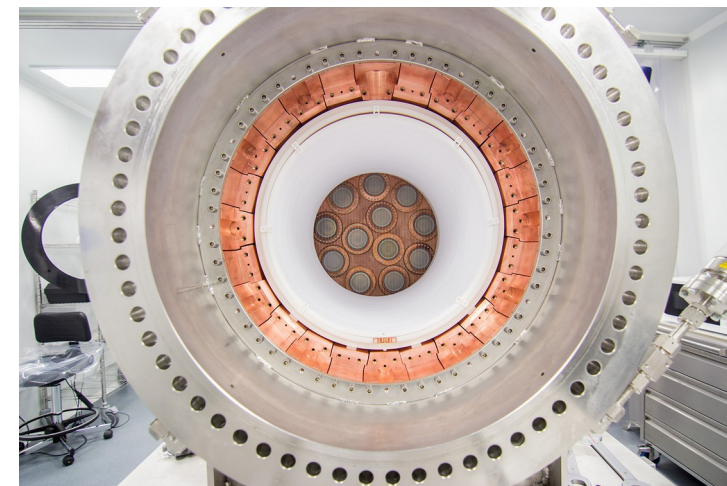
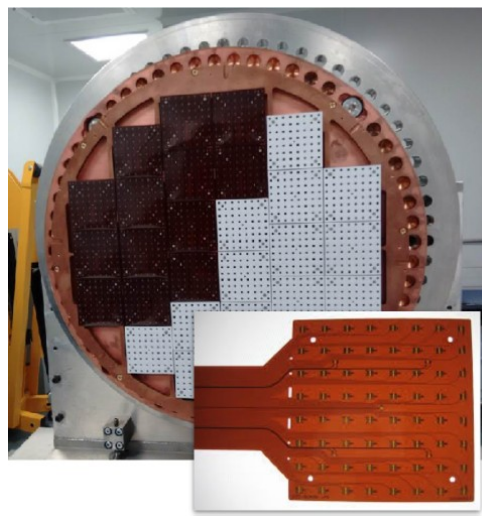
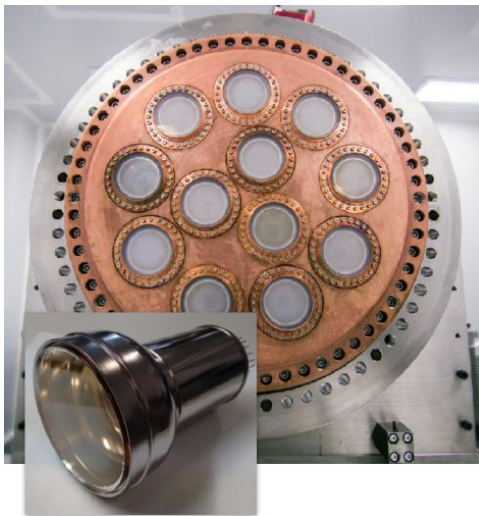
Calibration and reconstruction in NEXT

- Track voxelization
- Find extremes: BFS algorithm
- Define blobs



- Introduction: double beta decay
- NEXT, detection concept and phases
- Calibration and reconstruction in NEXT
- **Main results: NEXT-White**
- Near future prospects: NEXT-100
- Towards tonne scale

NEXT-White detector



- 4 kg Xe at 8.5 bar (90% ^{136}Xe)
- 50 cm (drift) x 40 cm (diam), 6 mm (EL)
- 12 PMTs (30% coverage)
- 1792 SiPMs at 1 cm pitch
- shielding: 20 cm (Pb), 6 cm (Cu)

NEXT-White main results

a) **Energy resolution** of $(0.91 \pm 0.07)\%$ FWHM at 2.6 MeV (near $Q\beta\beta$)

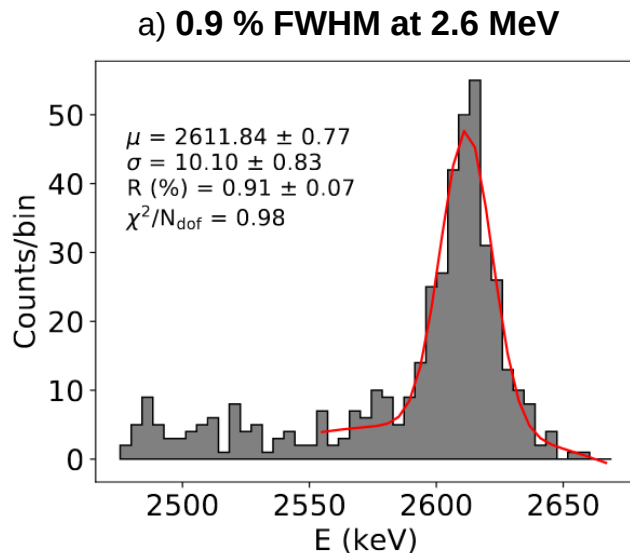
[JHEP 10 \(2019\) 230](#)

b) Demonstration of topological **signal vs background rejection**

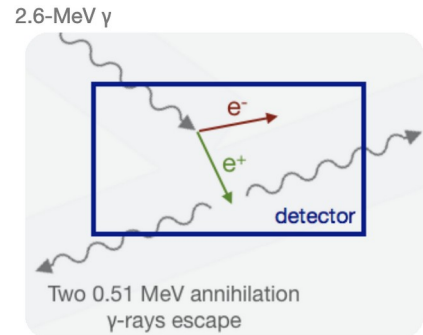
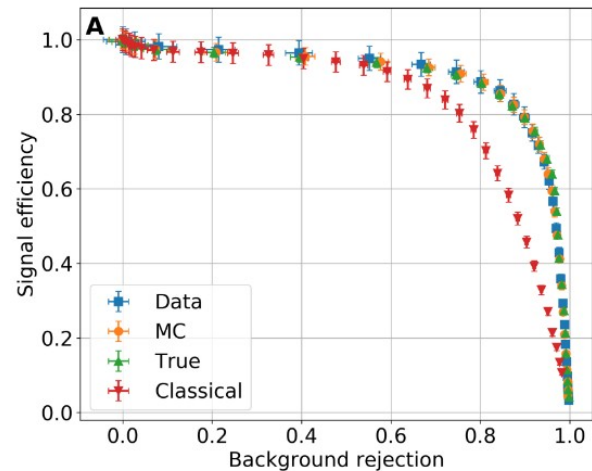
[JHEP 10 \(2019\) 52](#) || [JHEP 01 \(2021\) 189](#) || [JHEP 07 \(2021\) 146](#)

c) Measurement of **$2\nu\beta\beta$ half-life**

[JHEP 10 \(2019\) 51](#) || [Phys. Rev. C 105, 055501 \(2022\)](#)



b) **signal vs background discrimination**

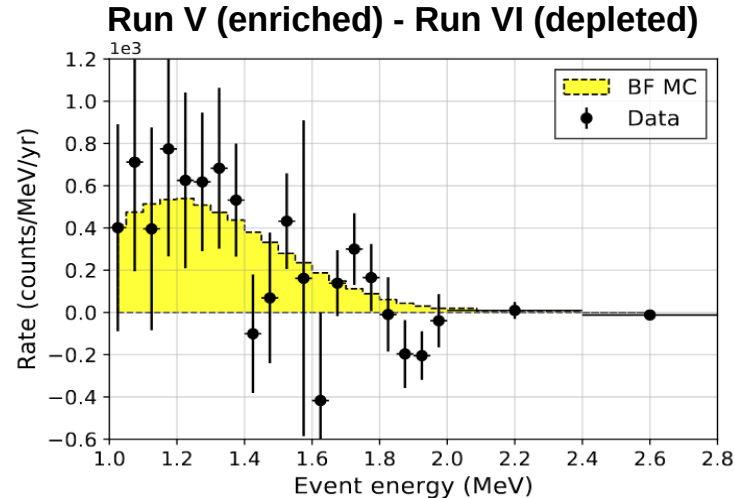
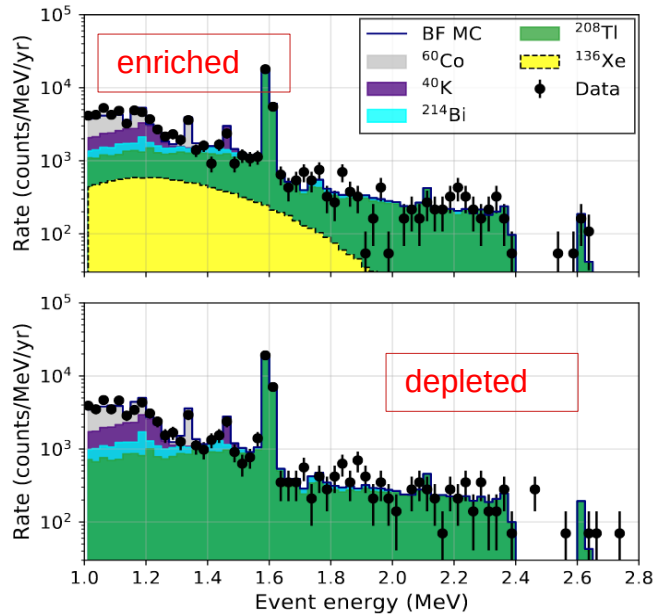


NEXT-White main results

c) Measurement of $2\nu\beta\beta$ half-life

- signal selection: single-track + topological
- new background subtraction technique
- $\sim 4\sigma$ significance
- compatible with EXO-200 and KamLand-Zen

Phys. Rev. C 105, 055501 (2022)

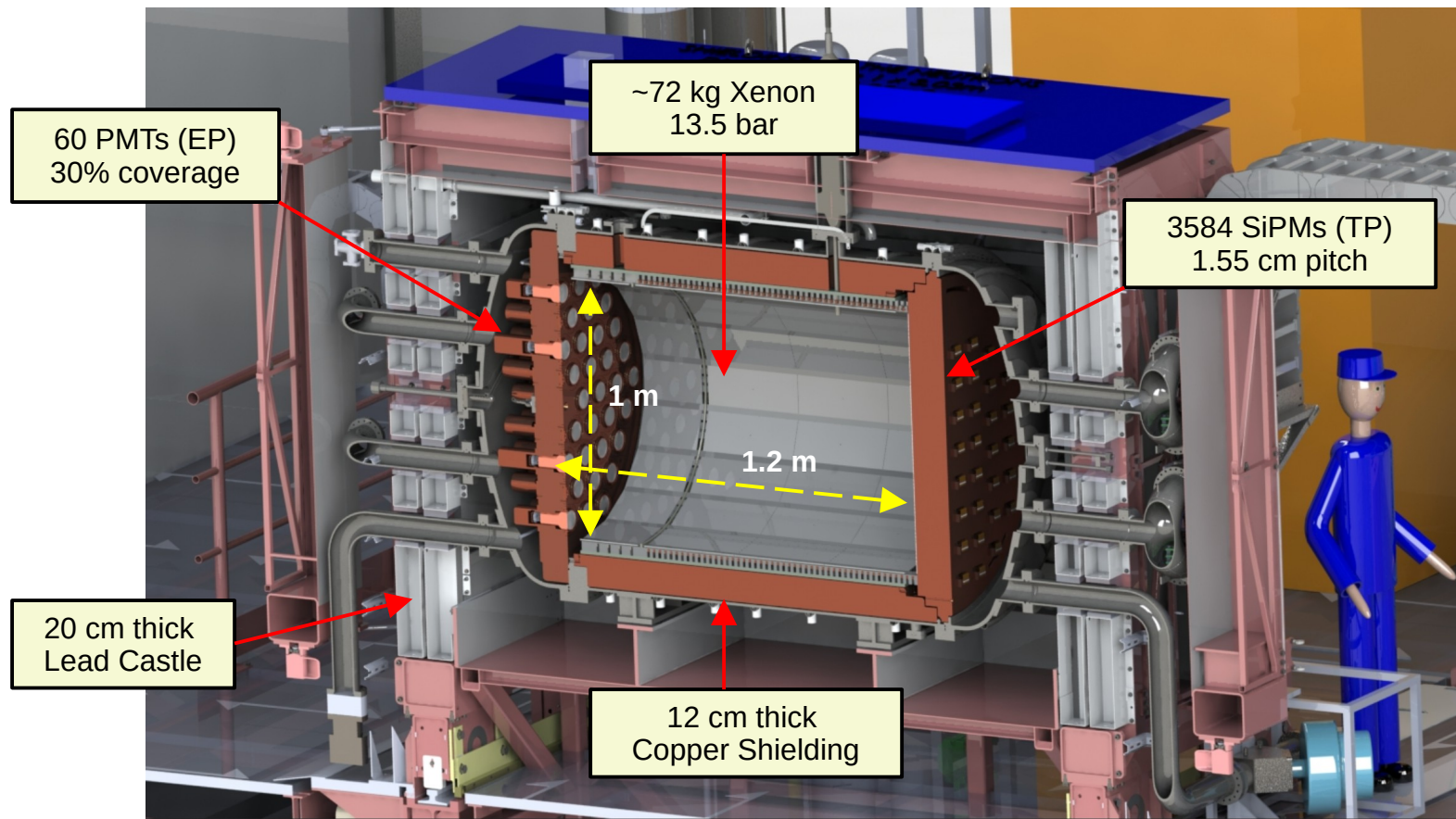


$$T_{1/2}^{2\nu\beta\beta} = 2.34^{+0.80}_{-0.46}(\text{stat.})^{+0.30}_{-0.17}(\text{sys.}) \times 10^{21} \text{ years}$$

- Introduction: double beta decay
- The NEXT detection concept and timeline
- Calibration and reconstruction in NEXT
- Main results: NEXT-White
- **Near future prospects: NEXT-100**
- Towards tonne scale

NEXT-100

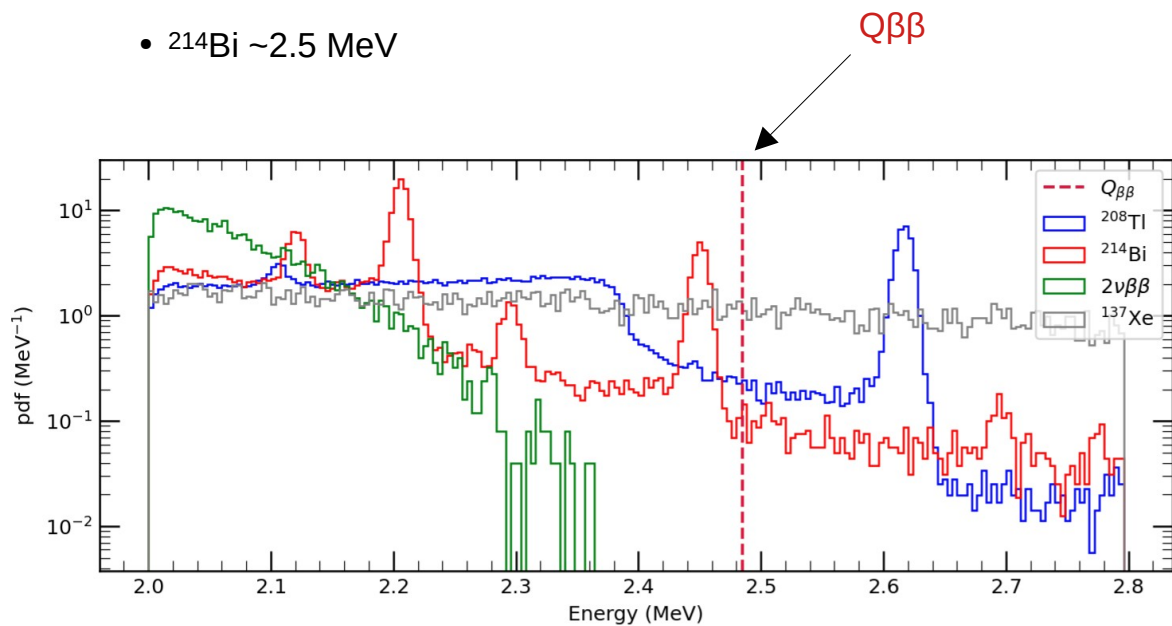
2 X NEXT-White!
Under construction at LSC!



NEXT-100 $0\nu\beta\beta$ background model

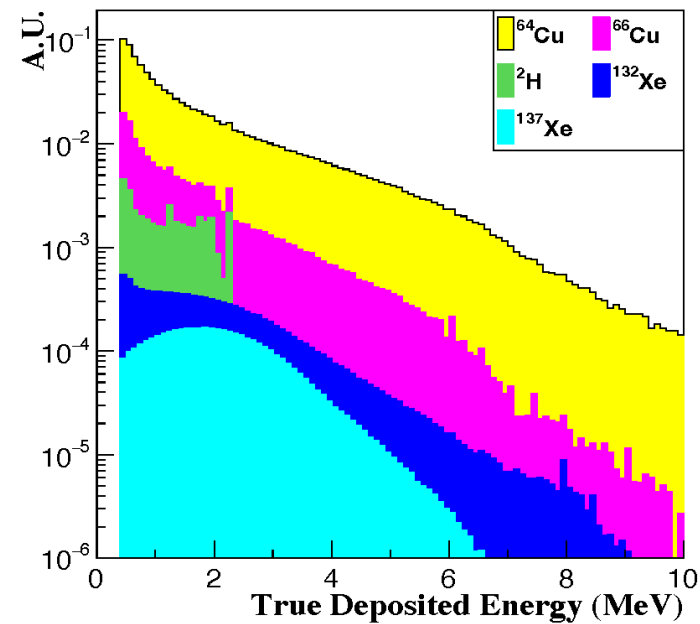
Radiogenics

- ^{208}Tl ~2.6 MeV
- ^{214}Bi ~2.5 MeV



Cosmogenics

- ^{137}Xe + prompt- γ (~95% Cu)
- >99% prompt- γ within 2 ms (\Rightarrow μ -veto)



(* from P. Novella)

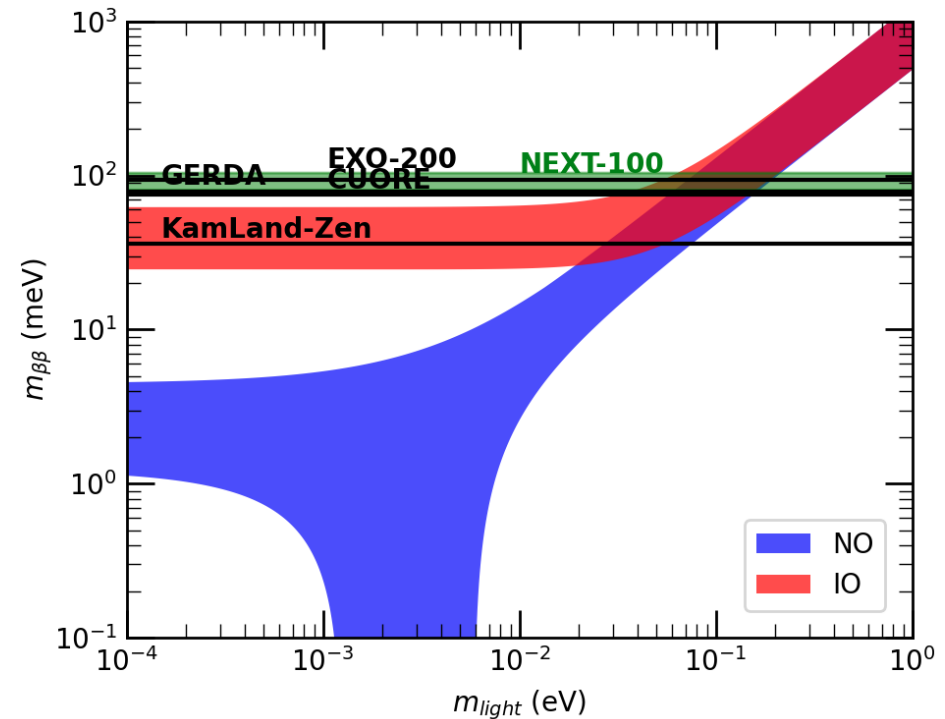
NEXT-100 $0\nu\beta\beta$ sensitivity

- Sensitivity estimated by a detailed detector simulation
- Radiogenic activities taken from the material screening campaign
- Cosmogenic contribution estimated from simulation of measured muon flux at LSC
- Expected background rate @ $Q\beta\beta$ (with μ -veto):
0.9 (rad.) + 0.2 (cos.) counts/yr

$$S(T_{1/2}^{0\nu\beta\beta}) > 2.4 \times 10^{25} \text{ years (90\% CL)}$$

$$\left(T_{1/2}^{0\nu}\right)^{-1} = G_{0\nu} \cdot |M_{0\nu}| \cdot \left(\frac{m_{\beta\beta}}{m_e}\right)^2$$

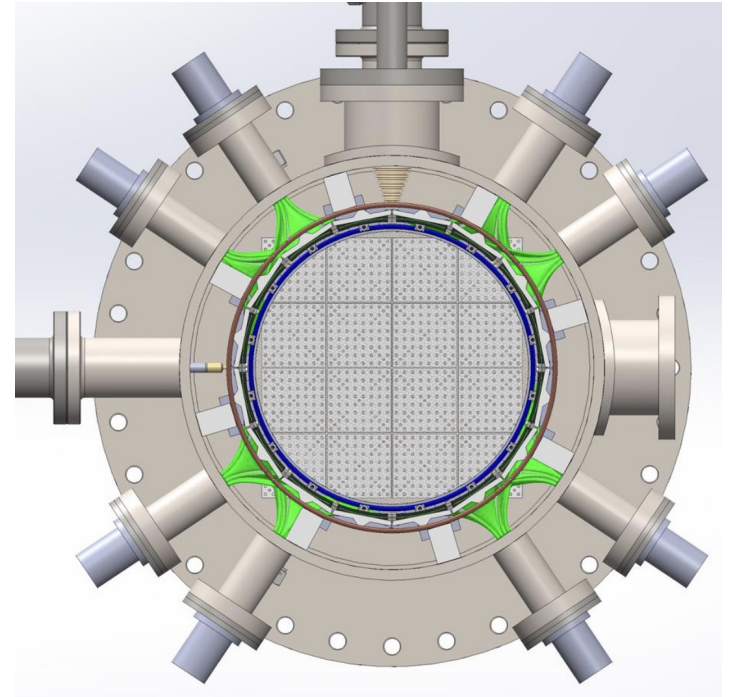
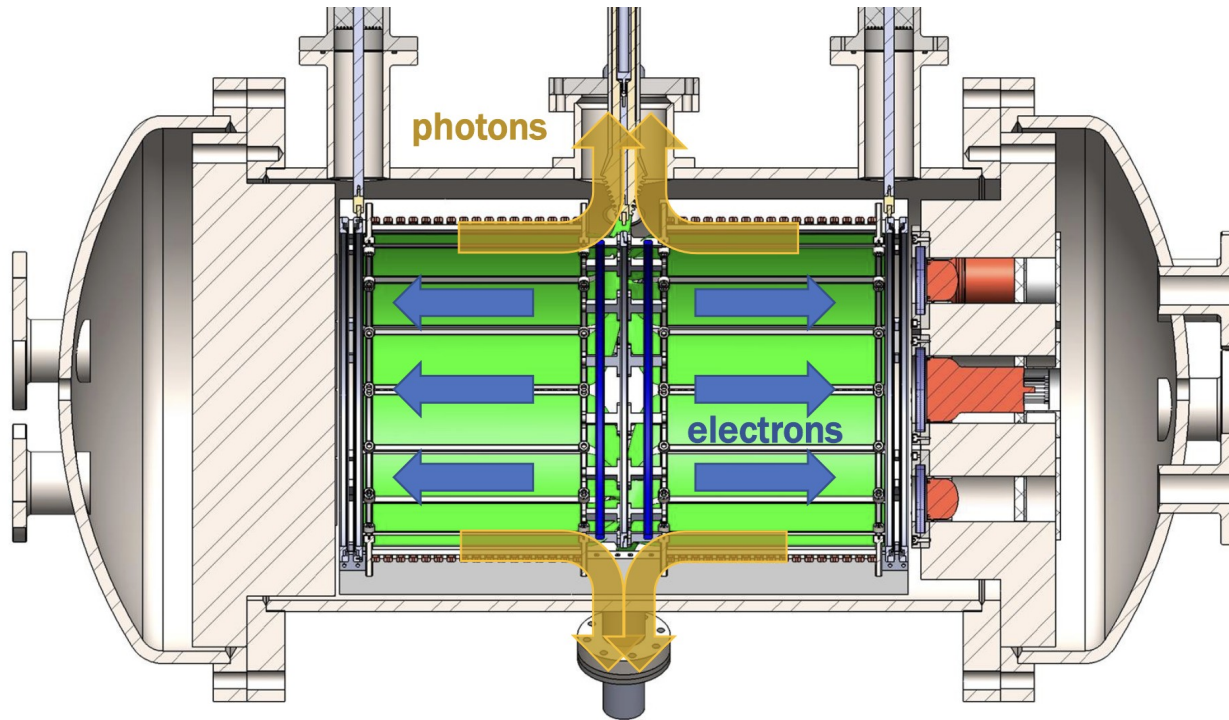
$$m_{\beta\beta} = |c_{12}^2 c_{13}^2 m_1 + s_{12}^2 c_{13}^2 e^{i2\lambda_2} m_2 + s_{13}^2 e^{i2(\lambda_3 - \delta_{13})} m_3|$$



- Introduction: double beta decay
- The NEXT detection concept and timeline
- Calibration and reconstruction in NEXT
- Main results: NEXT-White
- Near future prospects: NEXT-100
- **Towards tonne scale**

Towards tonne scale

- Larger detector => lower photon CE
- **NEXT-HD**: symmetric + WLS fibers

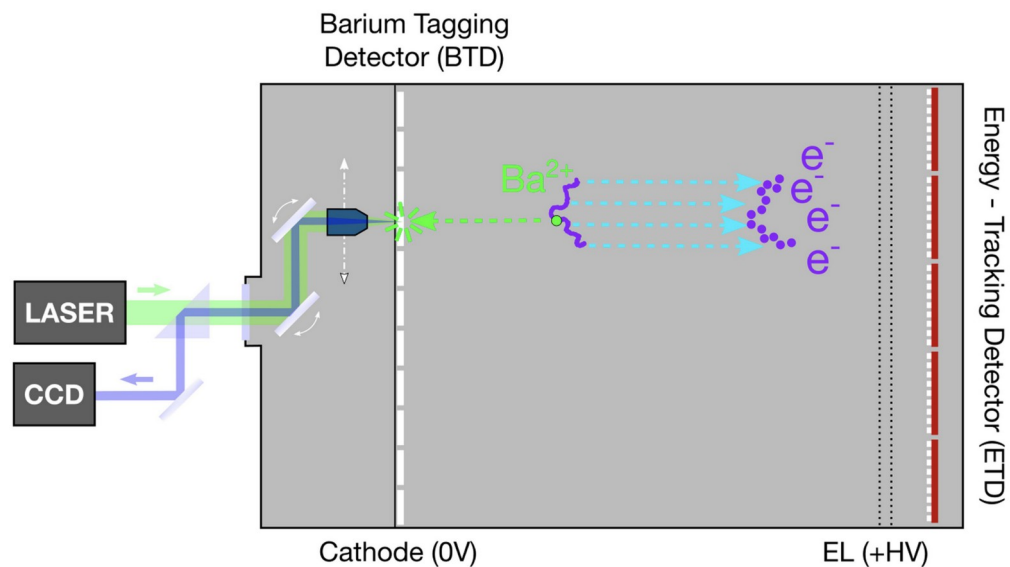
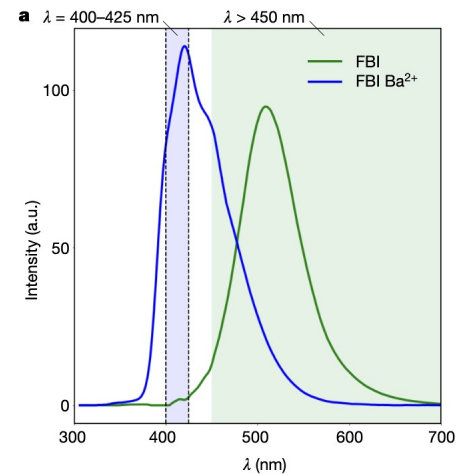
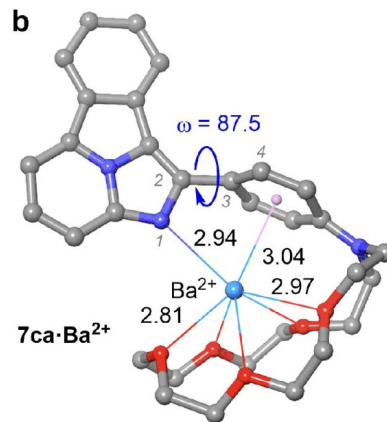


Towards tonne scale



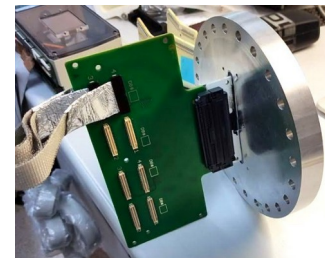
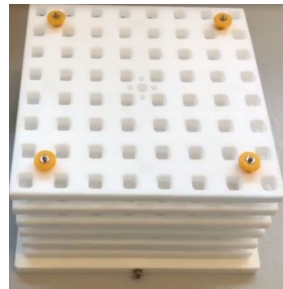
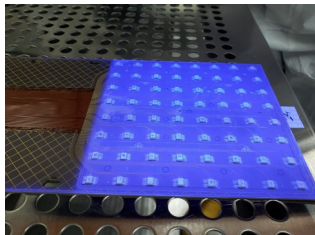
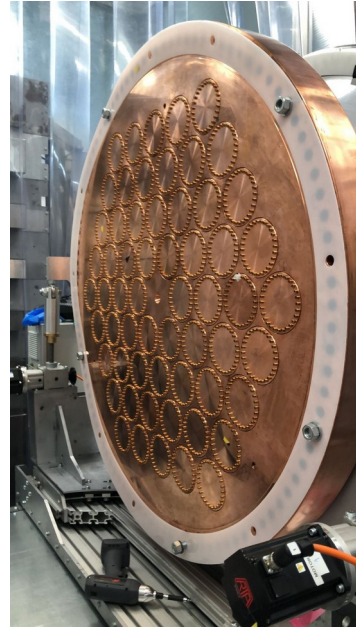
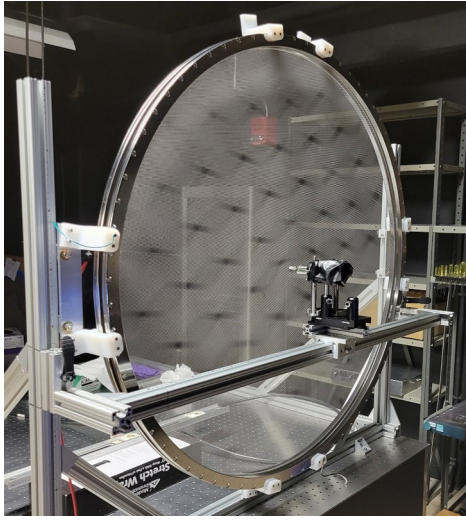
- Barium tagging => zero-background
- Development of FBI compounds

Nature 583, 48–54 (2020)



Thanks for your attention

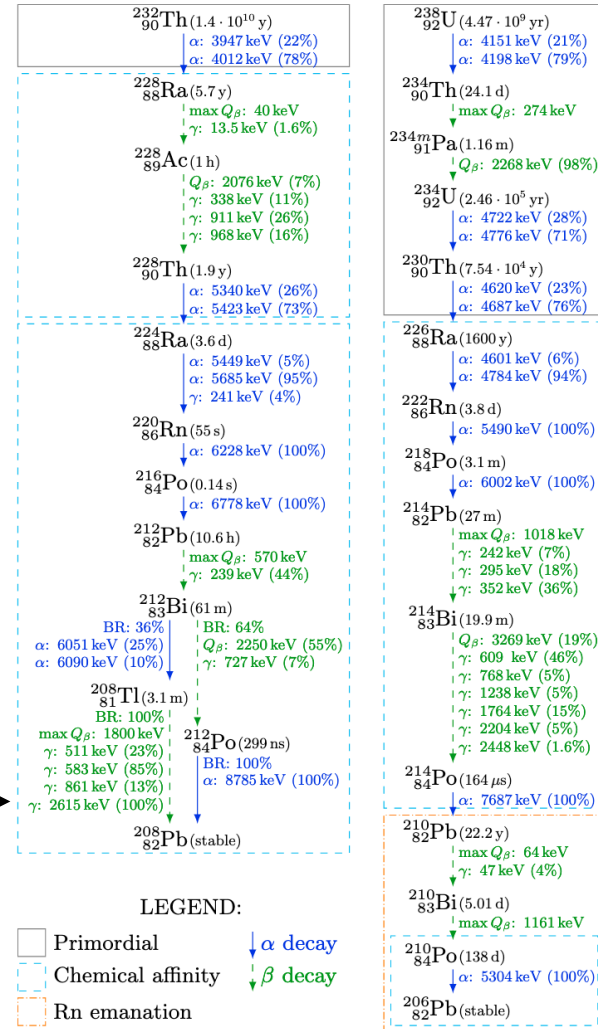
Ongoing NEXT-100 construction...



Backup

Background model

- $Q_{\beta\beta} \sim 2.5 \text{ MeV}$
- **Terrestrial natural backgrounds**
 - Detector material impurities
 - Airborne radon
 - Radiation from rocks
- **Cosmogenic backgrounds**
 - Prompt activations
 - Long activations (^{137}Xe $T_{1/2} \sim 4 \text{ min}$)
- $2\nu\beta\beta$



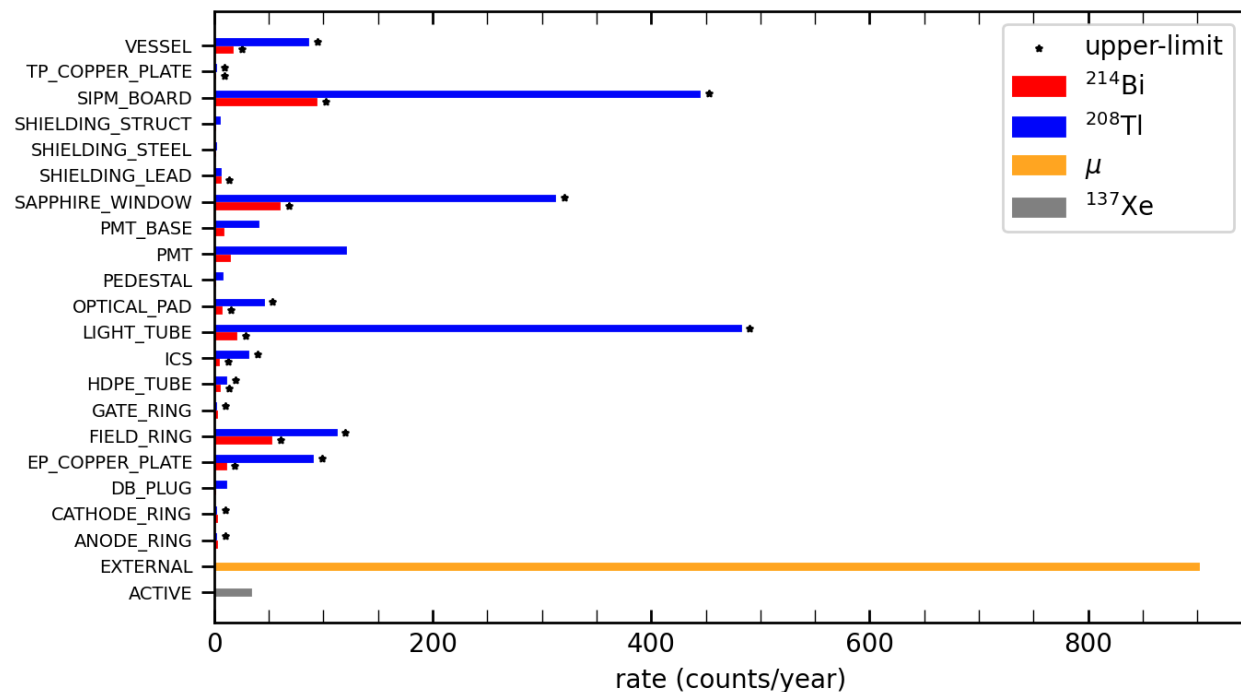
Background model

Volume	Material	Technique	A(²⁰⁸ Tl)	A(²¹⁴ Bi)
LEAD-BOX	Lead	GDMS	$2.17 \cdot 10^2$	$< 5.32 \cdot 10^3$
STEEL-BOX	Steel	HPGe	8.74	$2.03 \cdot 10^1$
PEDESTAL	Steel	HPGe	$5.04 \cdot 10^2$	$3.58 \cdot 10^2$
BEAMS	Steel	HPGe	$7.08 \cdot 10^2$	$5.03 \cdot 10^2$
VESSEL	Steel	GDMS, HPGe	$< 8.82 \cdot 10^2$	$< 3.42 \cdot 10^3$
ICS	Copper	GDMS	< 7.87	$< 1.67 \cdot 10^1$
EP-COPPER-PLATE	Copper	GDMS	$< 4.73 \cdot 10^1$	$< 8.20 \cdot 10^1$
SAPPHIRE-WINDOW	Sapphire	HPGe	$< 2.16 \cdot 10^1$	$< 6.60 \cdot 10^1$
OPTICAL-PAD	Silicone	HPGe	$< 3.19^*$	$< 7.92^*$
PMT	Kovar	HPGe	$1.14 \cdot 10^1$	$2.10 \cdot 10^1$
PMT-BASE	Kapton	HPGe	$1.54 \cdot 10^1$	$4.09 \cdot 10^1$
TP-COPPER-PLATE	Copper	ICPMS	< 0.21	< 2.28
SIPM-BOARD	-	-	< 9.22	$< 3.56 \cdot 10^1$
BOARD-PLUGS	Peek	HPGe	$1.18 \cdot 10^2$	$1.55 \cdot 10^2$
LIGHT-TUBE	Teflon	ICPMS, HPGe	< 7.97	< 3.55
FIELD-RING	Copper	ICPMS	< 2.69	$< 2.69 \cdot 10^1$
CATHODE-RING	Steel	ICPMS	$< 5.03 \cdot 10^{-2}$	1.14
ANODE-RING	Steel	ICPMS	$< 5.19 \cdot 10^{-2}$	1.18
GATE-RING	Steel	ICPMS	$< 5.19 \cdot 10^{-2}$	1.18
HDPE-TUBE	HDPE	ICPMS, HPGe	$< 3.74 \cdot 10^{-1}$	< 3.07

- Radiogenic screening campaign

- μ flux @ LSC $\sim 3.44 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ m}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

($\gamma > 2.4 \text{ MeV}$) x (screening) x (nexus 2.4-2.5 MeV)



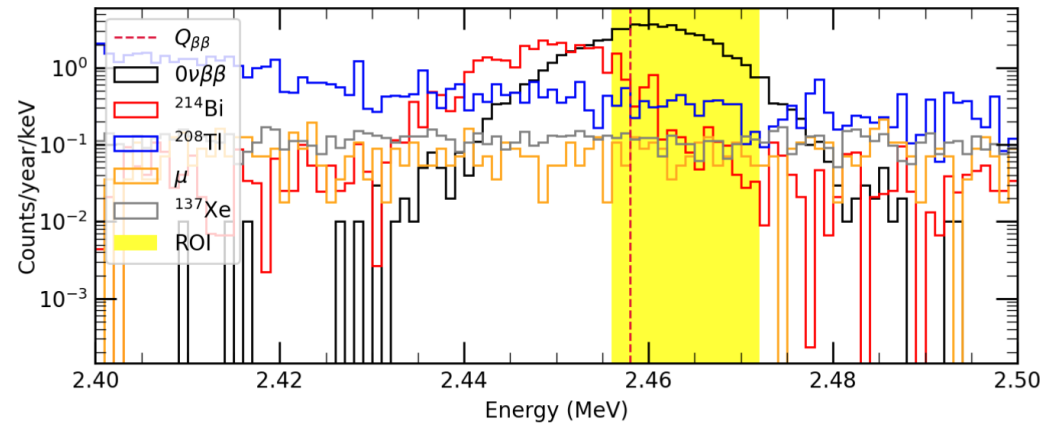
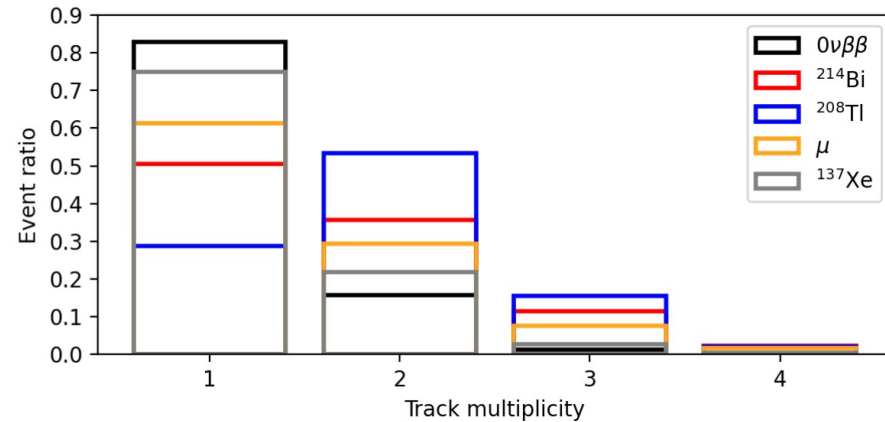
Sensitivity to $0\nu\beta\beta$. Counting experiment

- *Analysis selections*

- **nexus** (2.4 < E (MeV) < 2.5)
- **reconstruction** (1S1 & 1S2)
- **energy** (2.4 < E (MeV) < 2.5)
- **fiducial** (R<45 cm & Z<2 cm)
- **single track**
- **blob overlap**

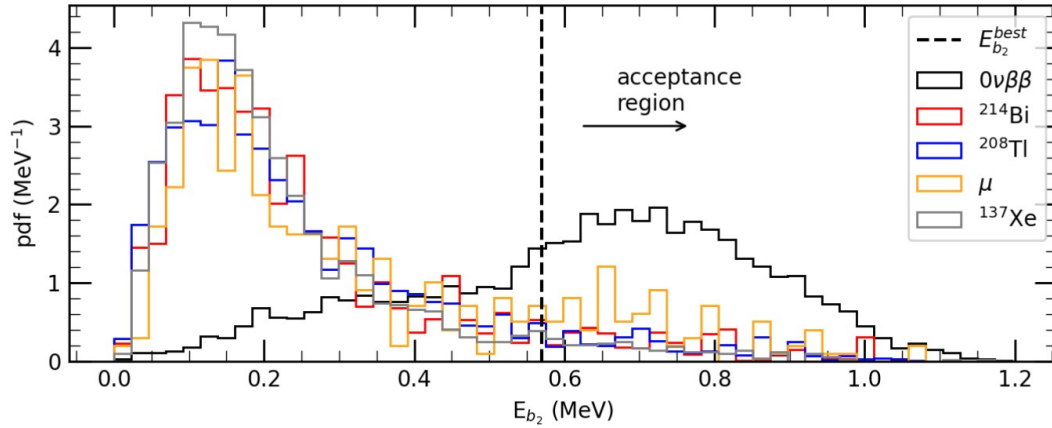
- *Signal selections*

- **ROI**
- **topological**

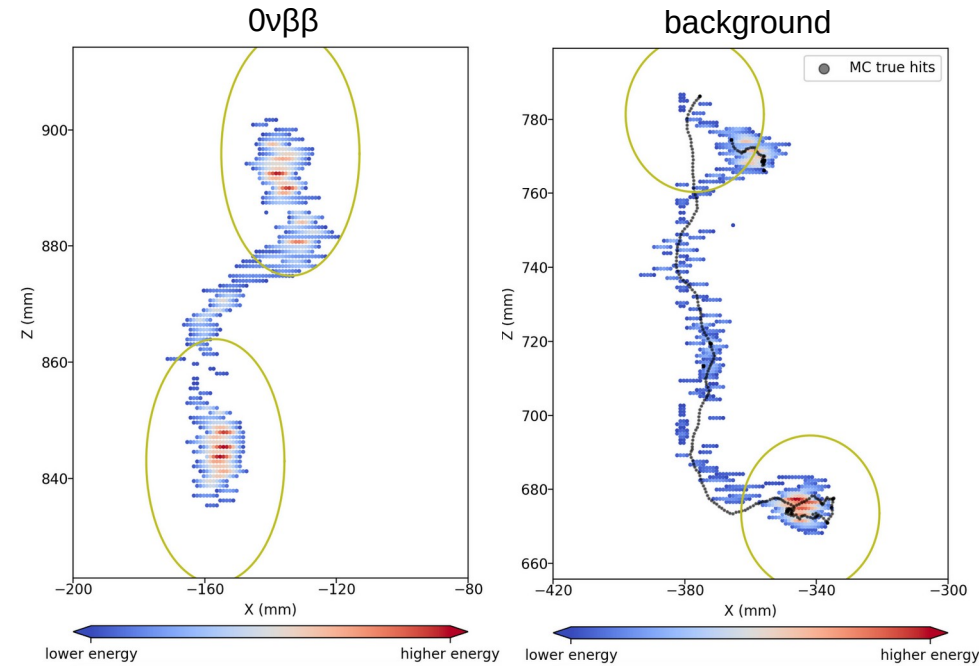


Sensitivity to $0\nu\beta\beta$. Counting experiment

- **topological** selection (64% vs 9%)



Example of accepted events

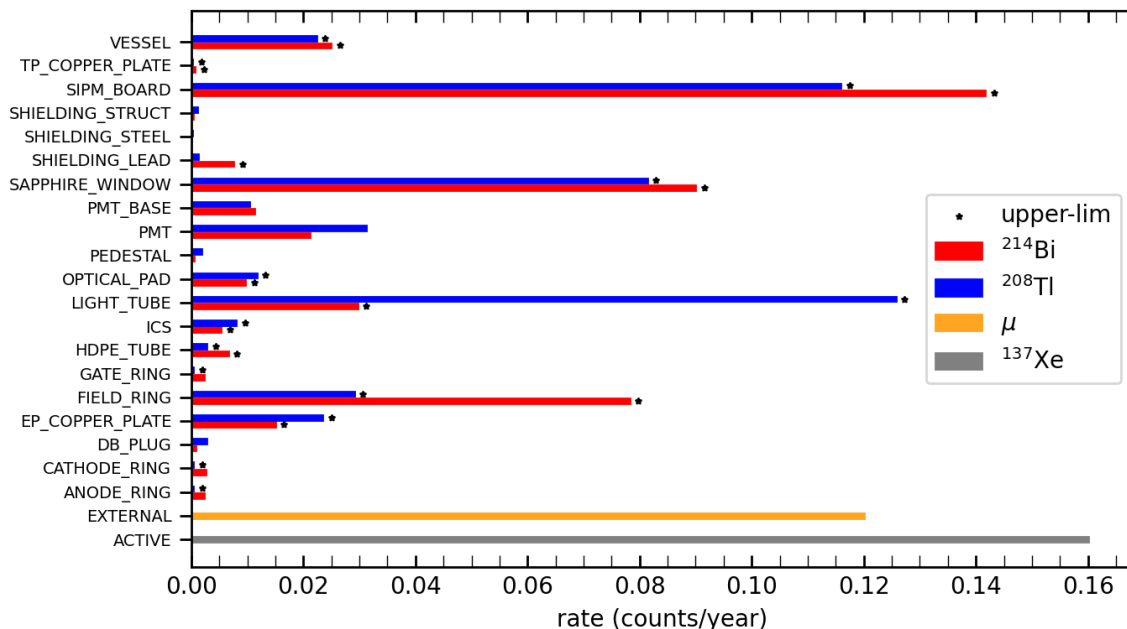


Sensitivity to $0\nu\beta\beta$. Counting experiment

- Background rate (μ -veto) ~ **1.1 counts/year**
- Signal efficiency **18 %**

(counts/year)	nexus	reco	ene	fid	track	ovl	ROI	topo
^{214}Bi	296	94	76	71	35	35	4.9	0.45
^{208}Tl	1800	312	277	240	56	56	5.2	0.47
muons (μ)	900	50	15	13	7	7	1.32	0.12
^{137}Xe	33	25	19	15	11	11	1.73	0.16

efficiencies (%)	reco	ene	fid	track	ovl	ROI	topo
$0\nu\beta\beta$	83	54	50	42	42	28	18



Sensitivity to $0\nu\beta\beta$. Counting experiment

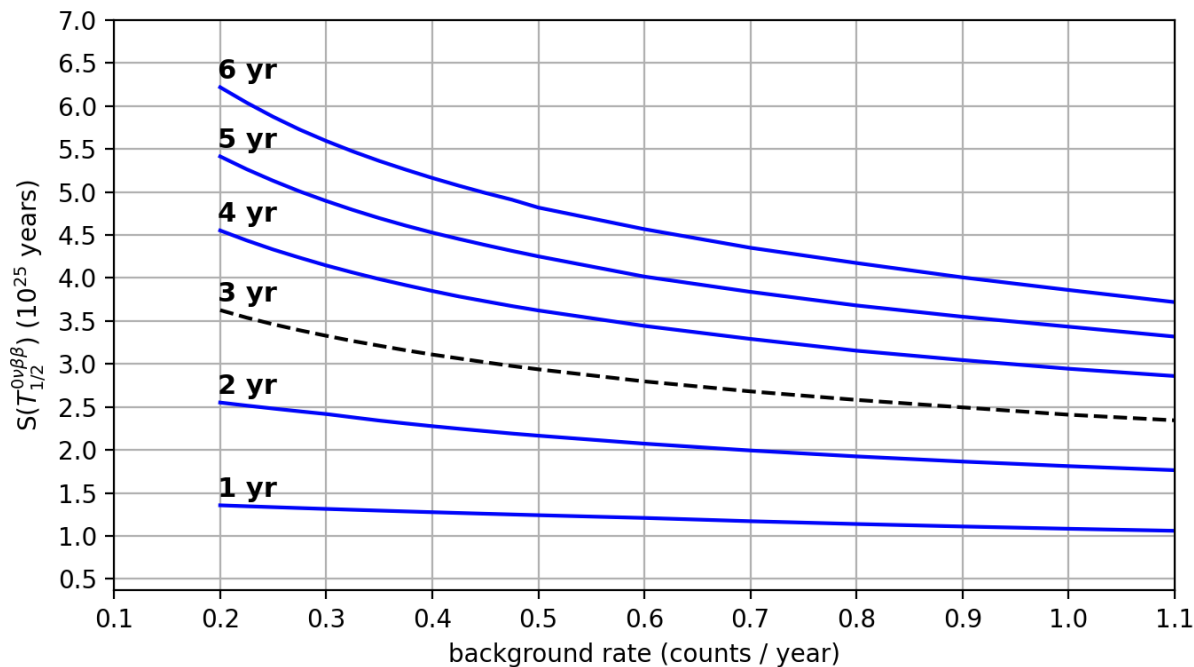
tentative NEXT-100
running time: **3 years**

^{136}Xe atoms:
72 kg @ 90%

$$S(T_{1/2}^{0\nu\beta\beta}) = \log(2) \cdot \epsilon_s \cdot \frac{t \cdot N_0}{S(b)}$$

signal eff.: **18 %**

background mean U.L.



$$S(T_{1/2}^{0\nu\beta\beta}) > 2.4 \times 10^{25} \text{ years (90\% CL)}$$