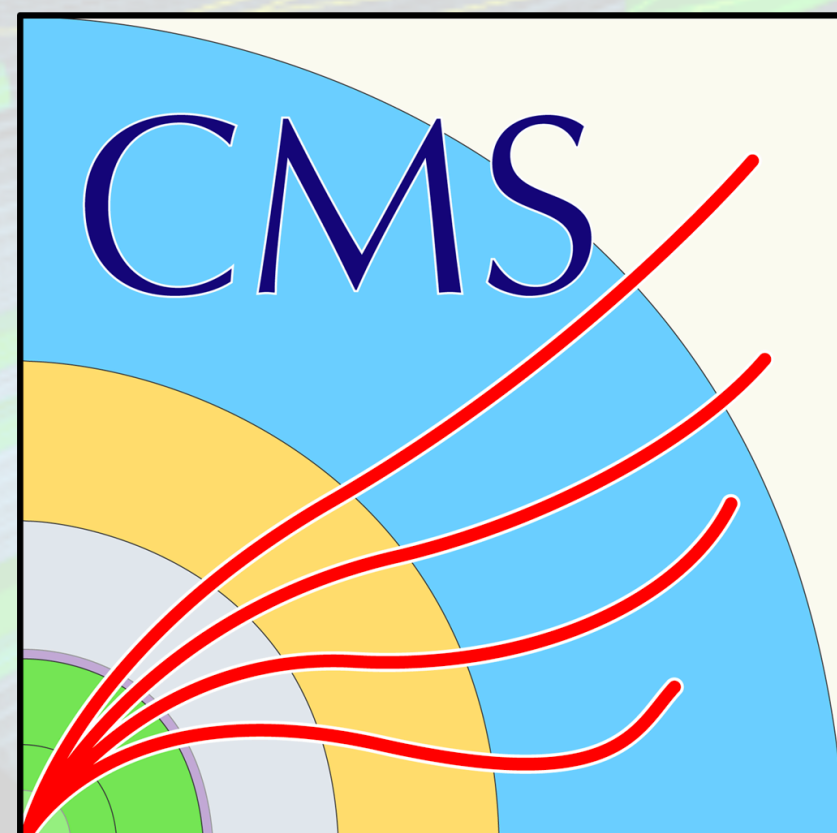


Measurement of the multiplicity dependence of charm hadron production in pPb collisions with CMS



Austin Baty
for the CMS Collaboration

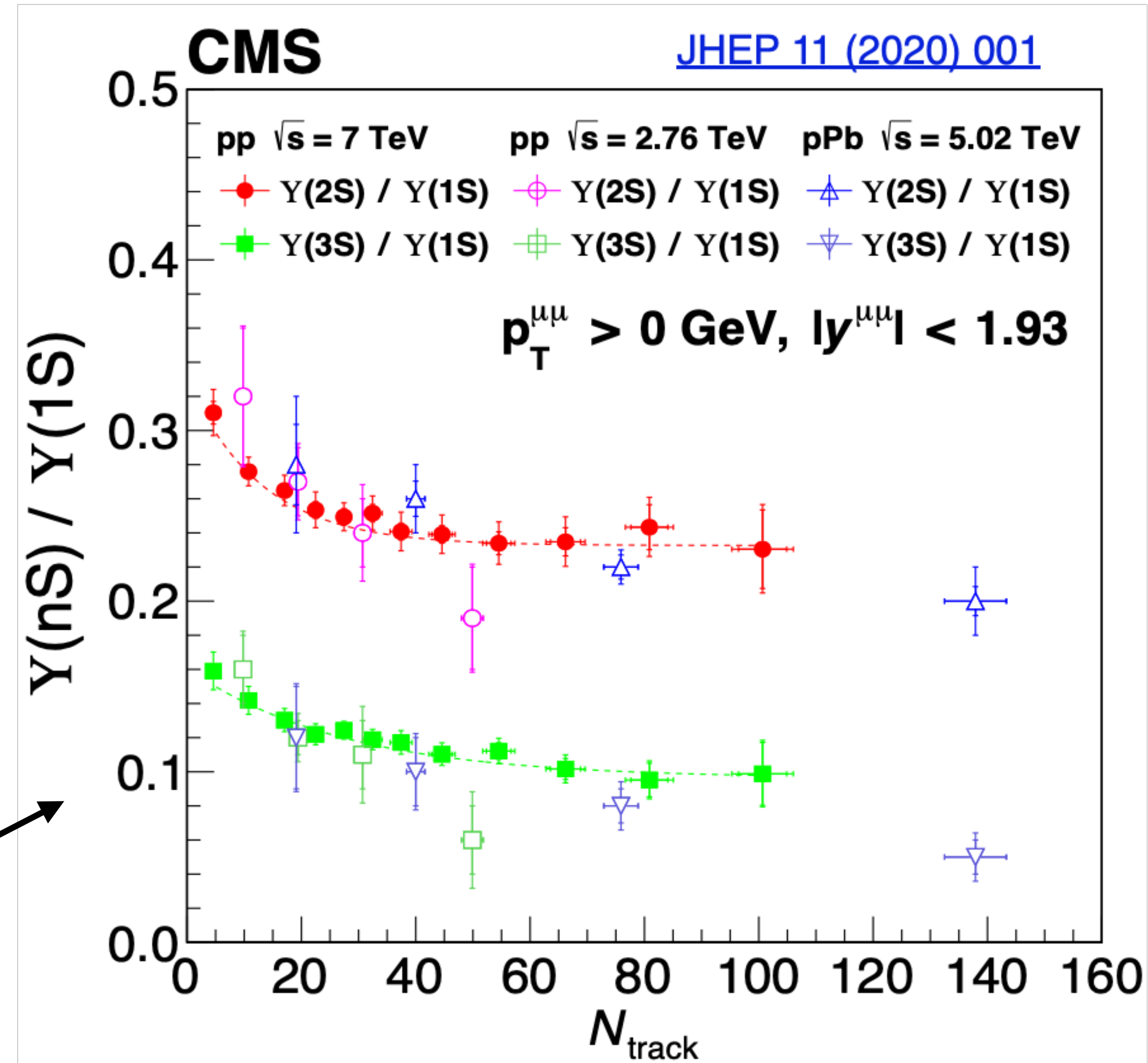
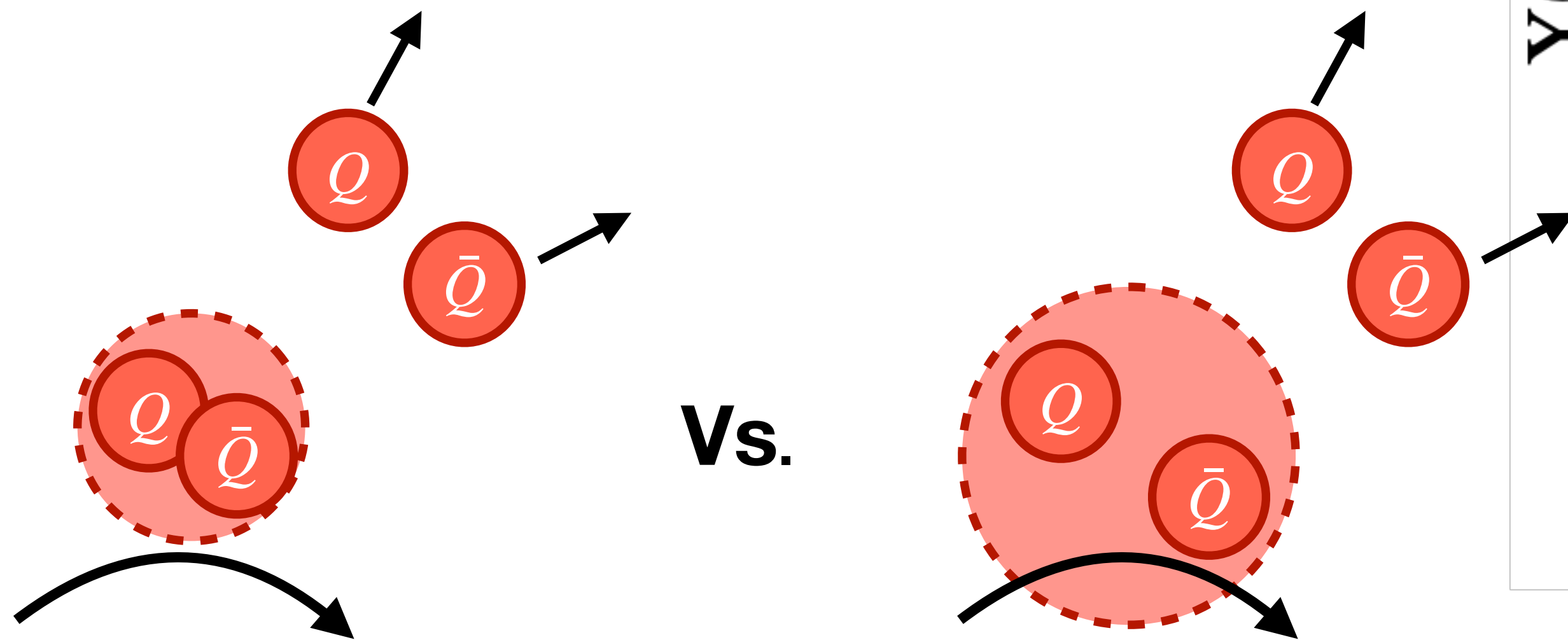
June 4, 2024
SQM 2024
Strasbourg, France



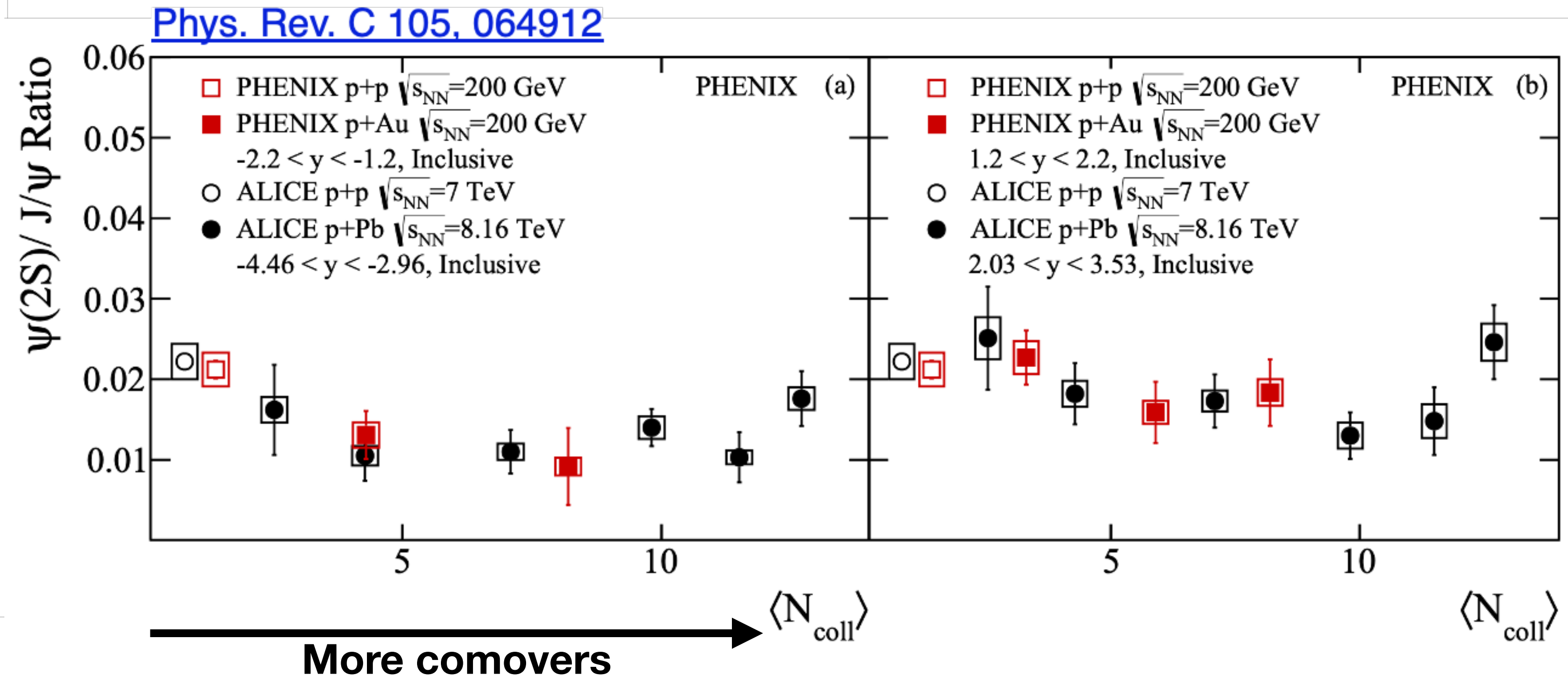
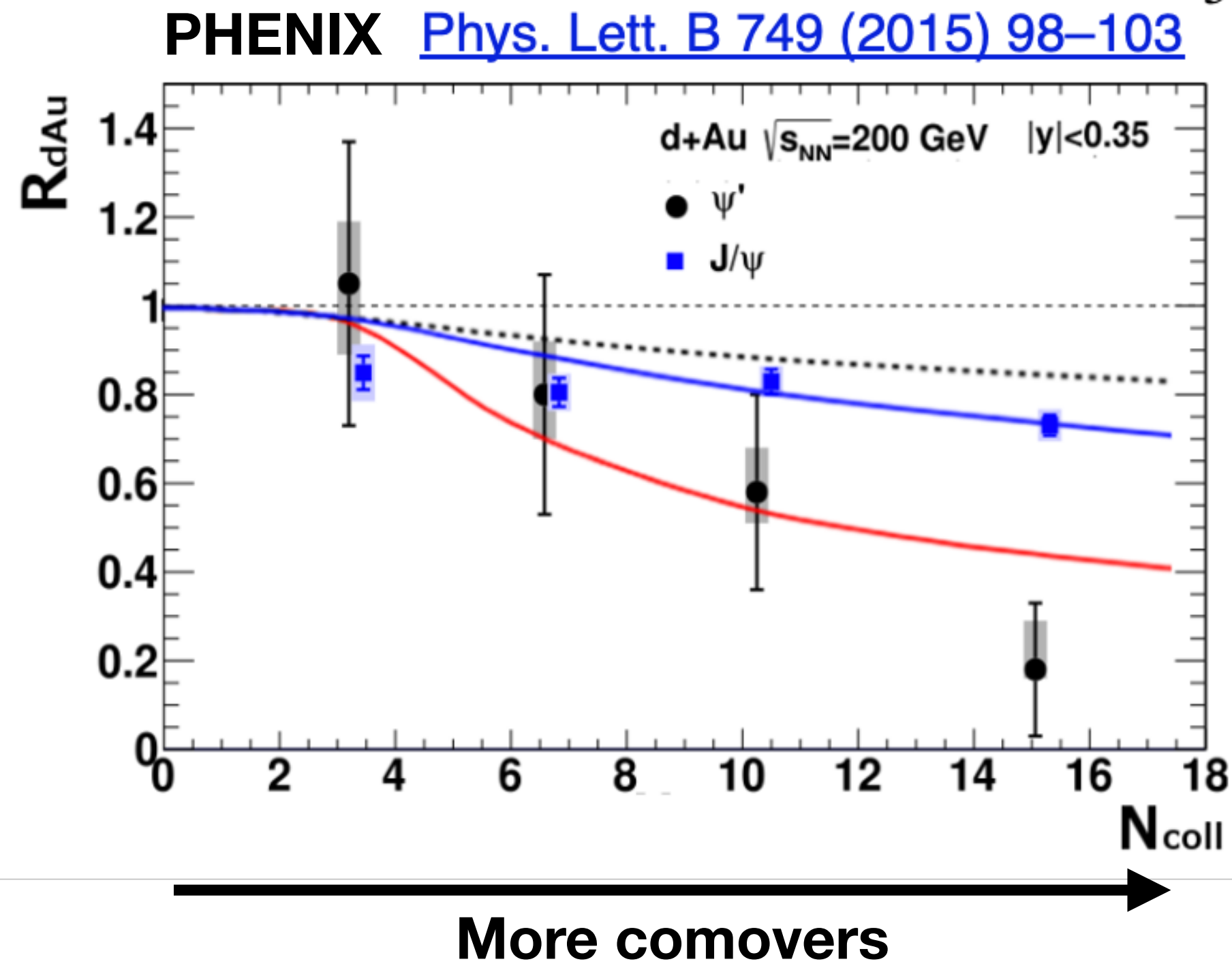
UNIVERSITY OF
ILLINOIS CHICAGO

Suppression of quarkonia excited states

- Quarkonia suppressed in AA collisions
- Suppression of excited states also seen in small systems
- Co-moving particles break up excited states more easily than ground states?
- Studies of $\Upsilon(nS)$ support this picture
- Suppression should scale with comover density

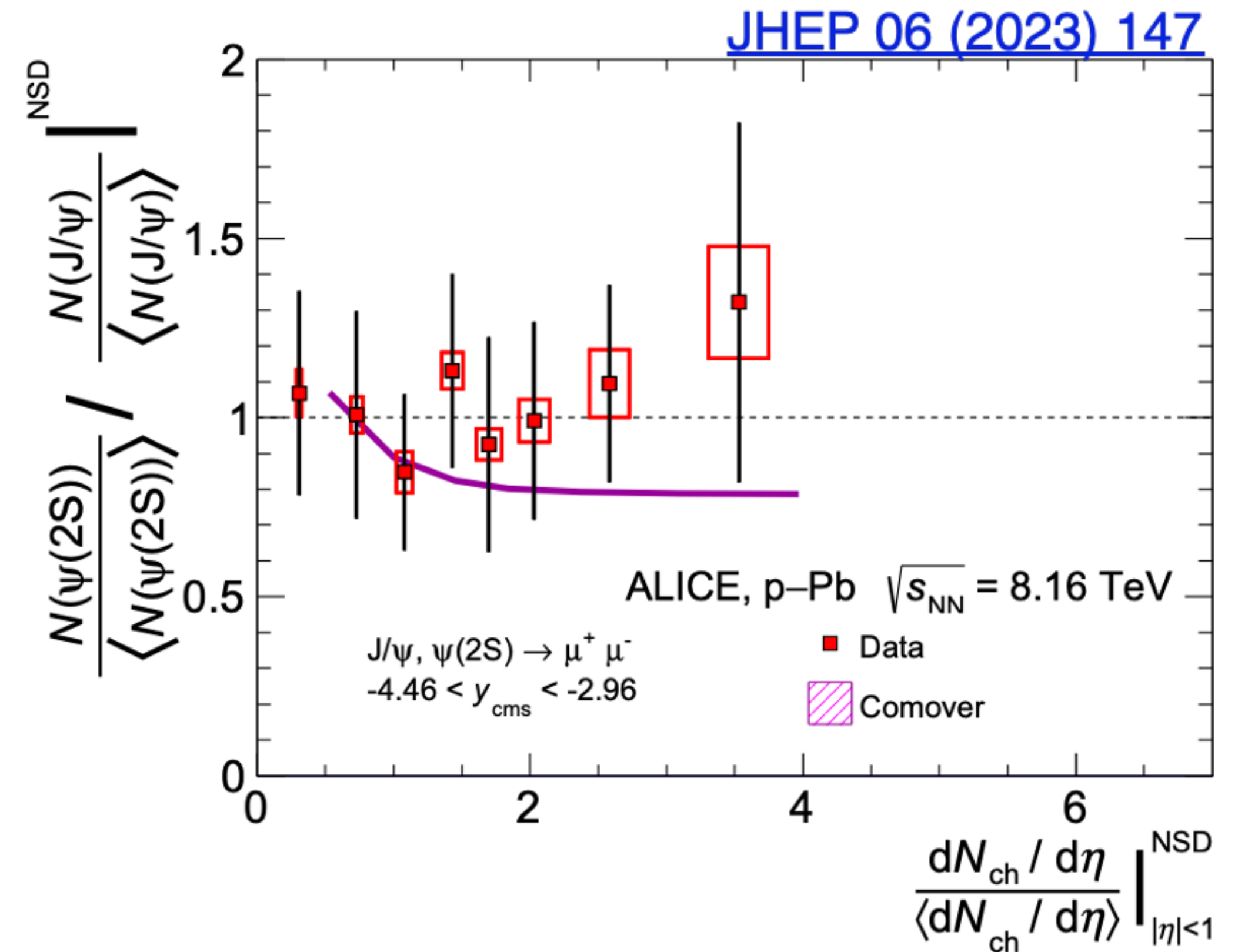
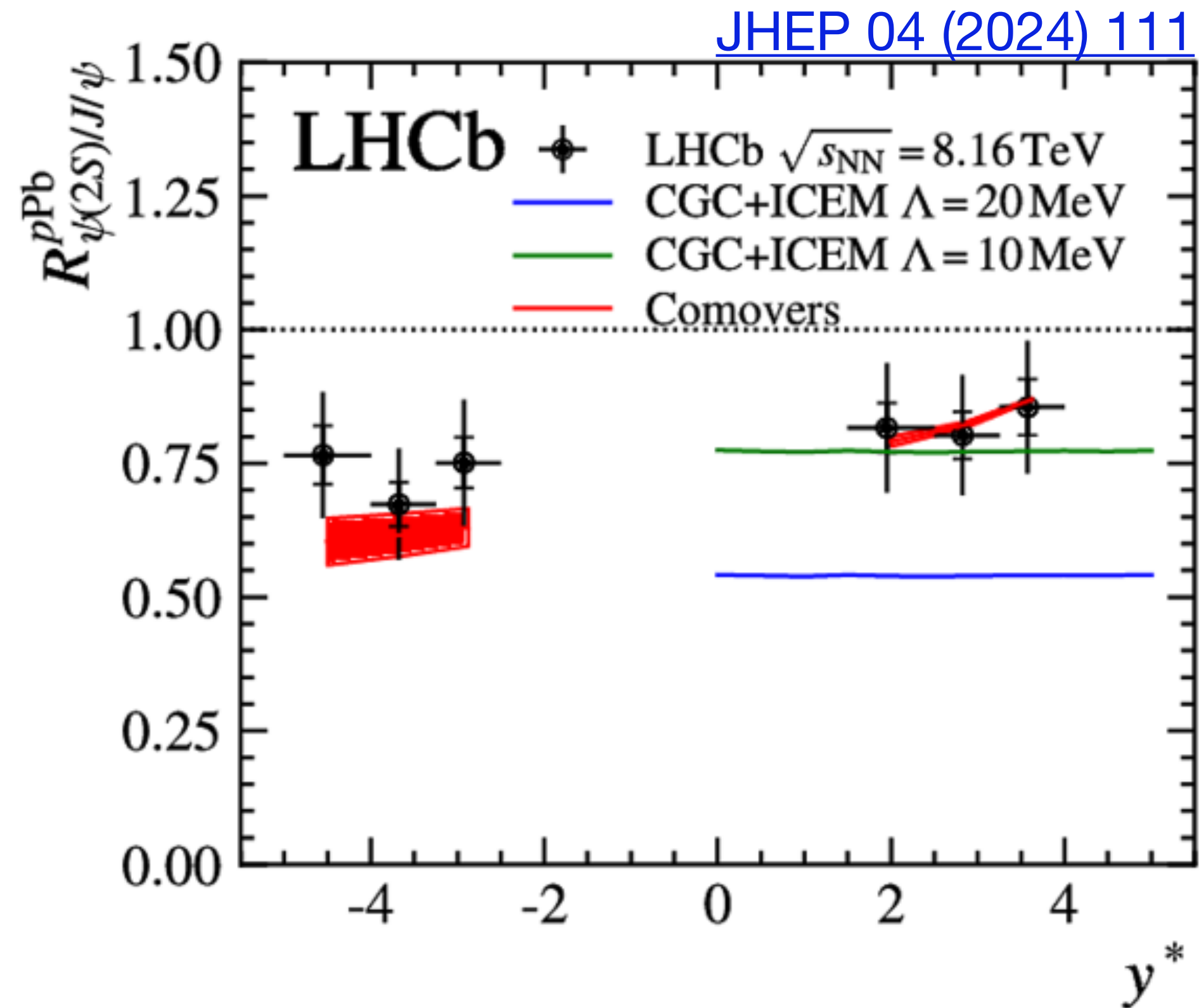


Studies of charmonia



- What about charmonia? - weakly bound excited state
 - Should be more sensitive to comover effects
- Initial studies performed in pAu, dAu, pPb vs N_{coll} inconclusive

Recent measurements



- LHCb measurements - rapidity dependence of excited state suppression?
- ALICE measurements - study dependence on comover density directly
- Interpretation limited by large uncertainties in both cases
 - Comover effect expected only for prompt charmonia
 - Need prompt/non-prompt separation!

Detector and dataset

- 8.16 TeV pPb data

- 175 nb⁻¹

- Dimuon trigger

- Charged hadron

multiplicity, N_{trk}^{corr}

measured in $|\eta| < 2.4$

and $p_T > 0.4$ GeV

CMS DETECTOR

Total weight : 14,000 tonnes
Overall diameter : 15.0 m
Overall length : 28.7 m
Magnetic field : 3.8 T

STEEL RETURN YOKE

12,500 tonnes

SILICON TRACKERS

Pixel (100x150 μm) $\sim 16\text{m}^2 \sim 66\text{M}$ channels
Microstrips (80x180 μm) $\sim 200\text{m}^2 \sim 9.6\text{M}$ channels

SUPERCONDUCTING SOLENOID

Niobium titanium coil carrying $\sim 18,000\text{A}$

MUON CHAMBERS

Barrel: 250 Drift Tube, 480 Resistive Plate Chambers
Endcaps: 468 Cathode Strip, 432 Resistive Plate Chambers

PRESHOWER

Silicon strips $\sim 16\text{m}^2 \sim 137,000$ channels

FORWARD CALORIMETER

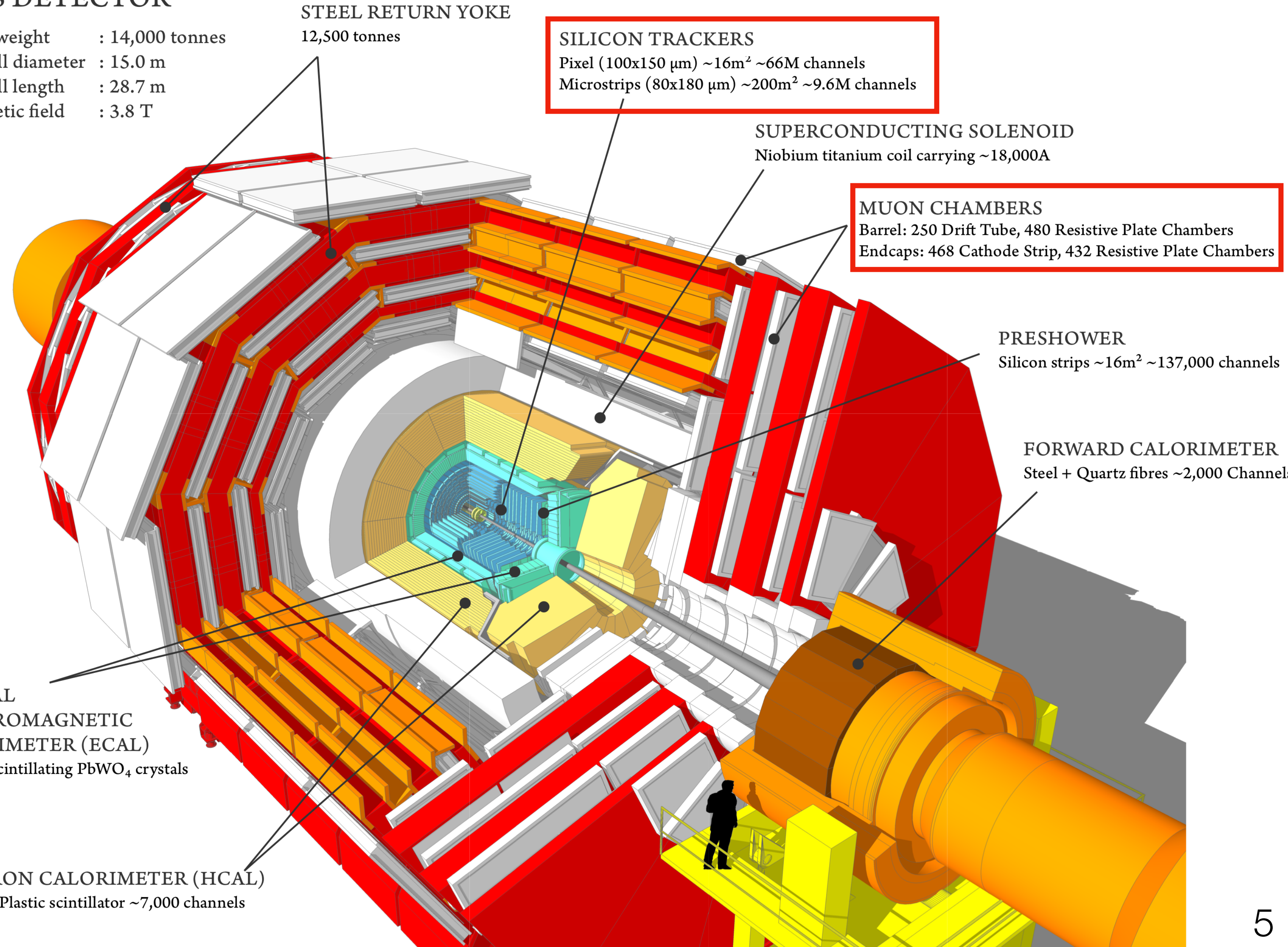
Steel + Quartz fibres $\sim 2,000$ Channels

CRYSTAL ELECTROMAGNETIC CALORIMETER (ECAL)

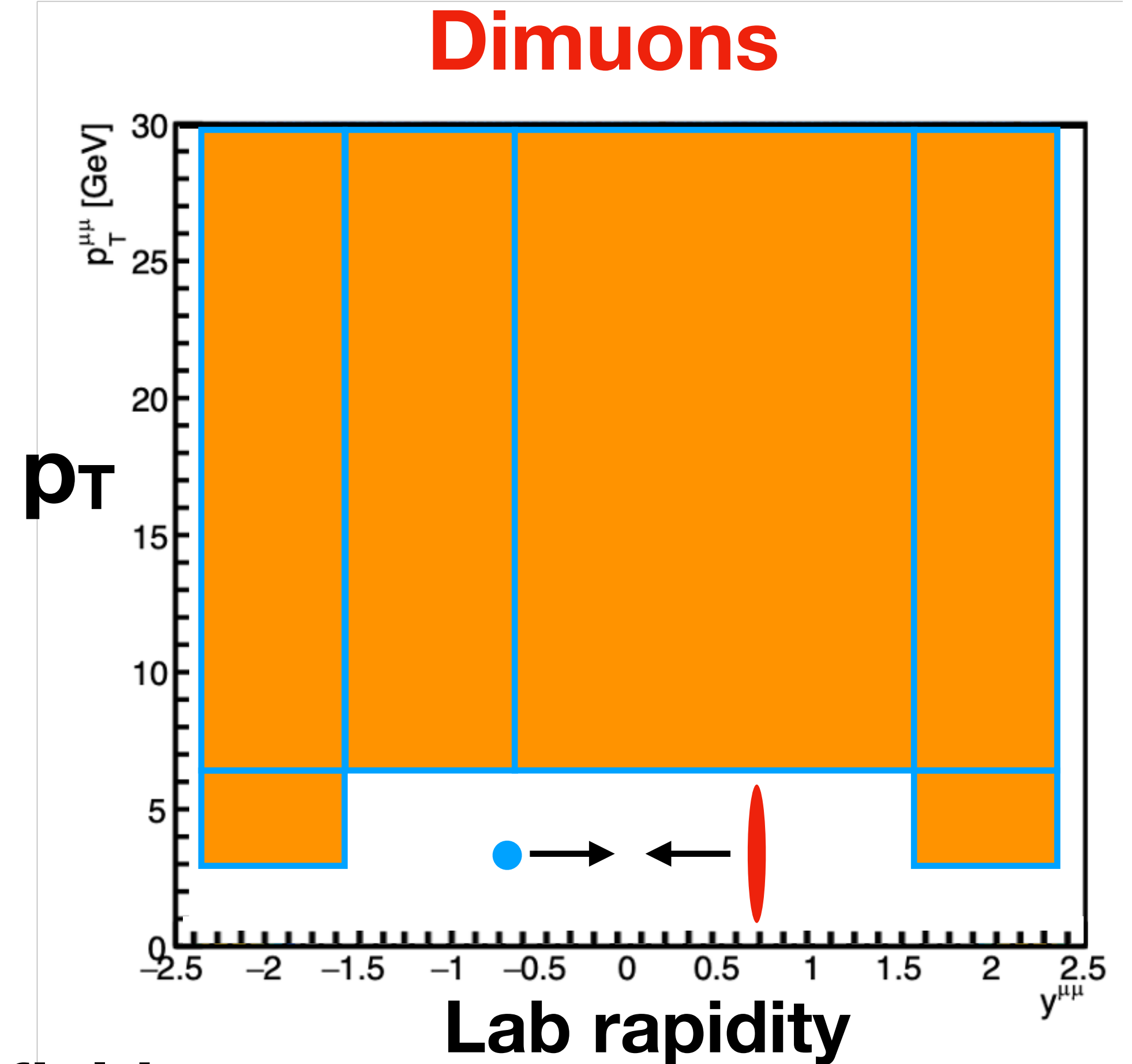
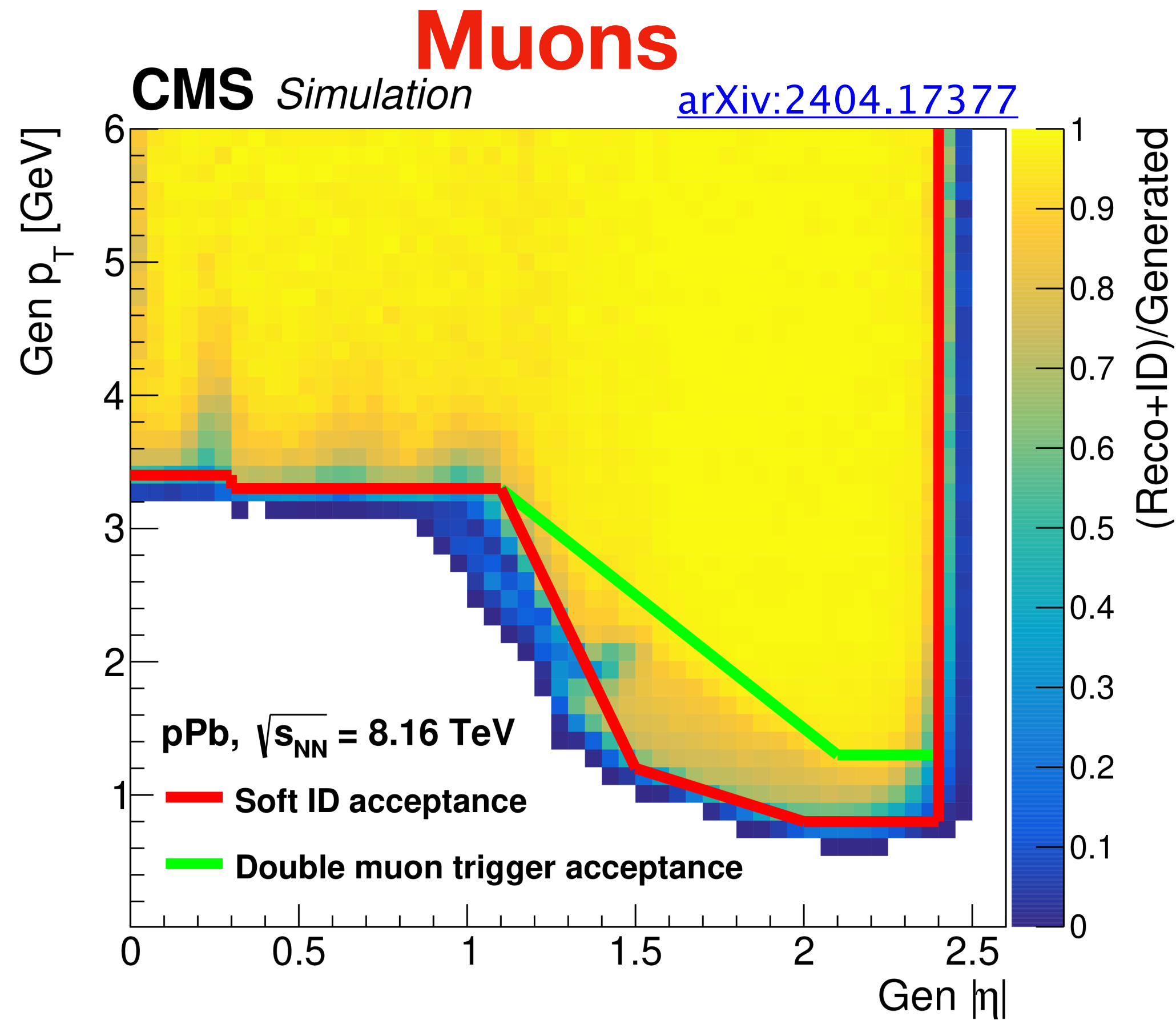
$\sim 76,000$ scintillating PbWO₄ crystals

HADRON CALORIMETER (HCAL)

Brass + Plastic scintillator $\sim 7,000$ channels

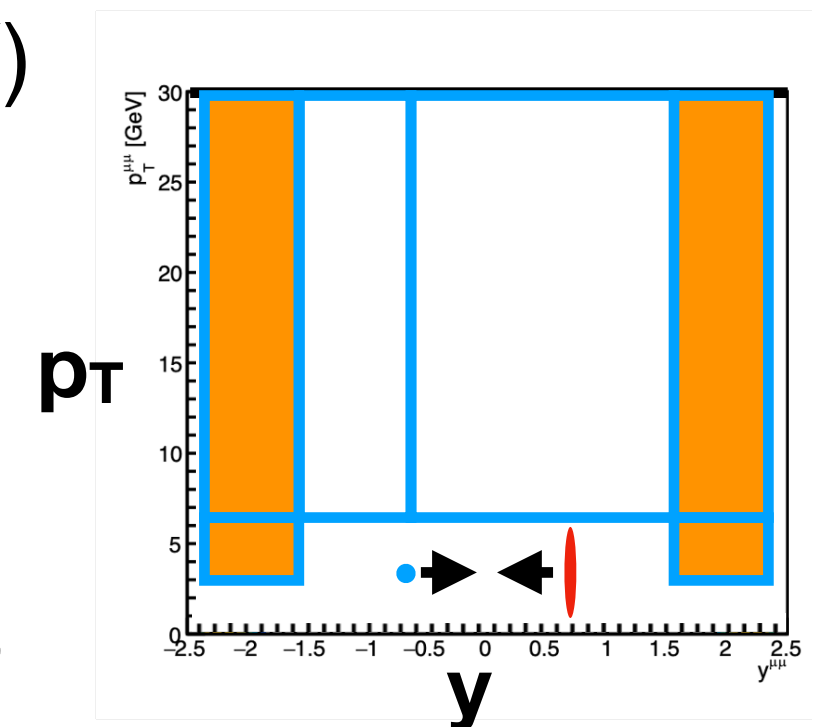
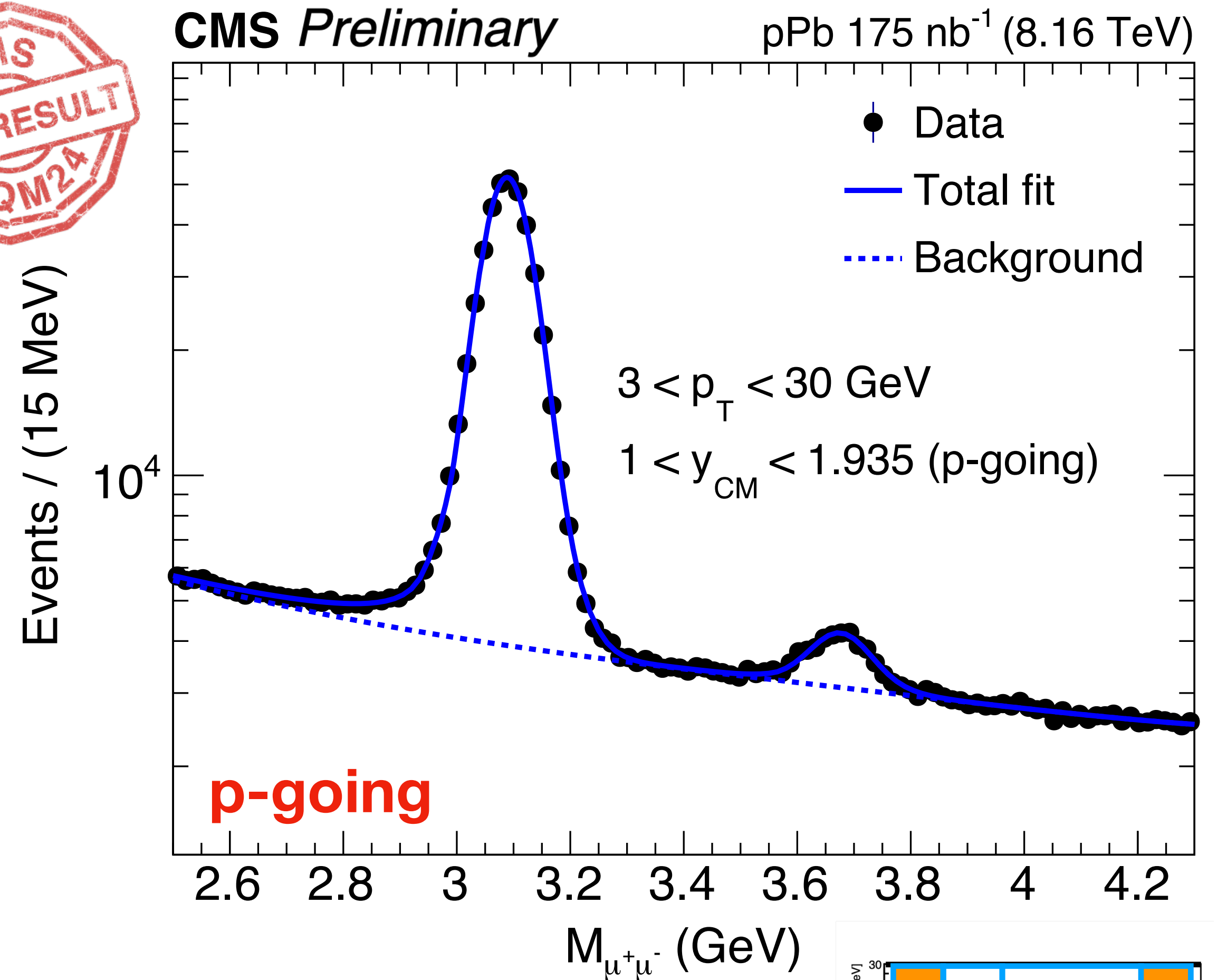
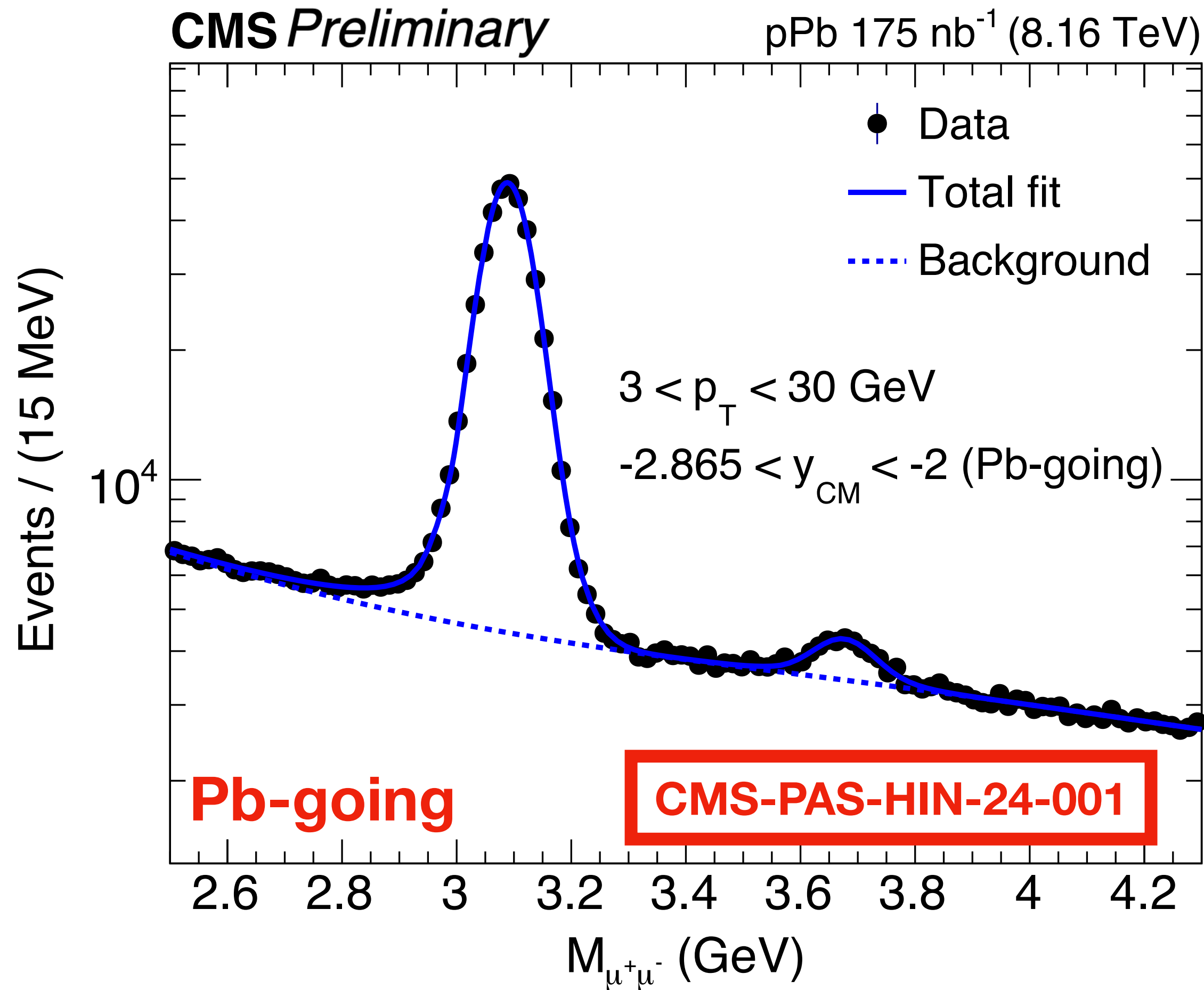


Muon and dimuon acceptance



- Midrapidity muon acceptance limited by B field
- Analysis performed in **6 bins** within dimuon acceptance
 - High- p_T (6.5-30 GeV) across all rapidity
 - Low- p_T (3-6.5 GeV) only in endcaps

Invariant mass peaks

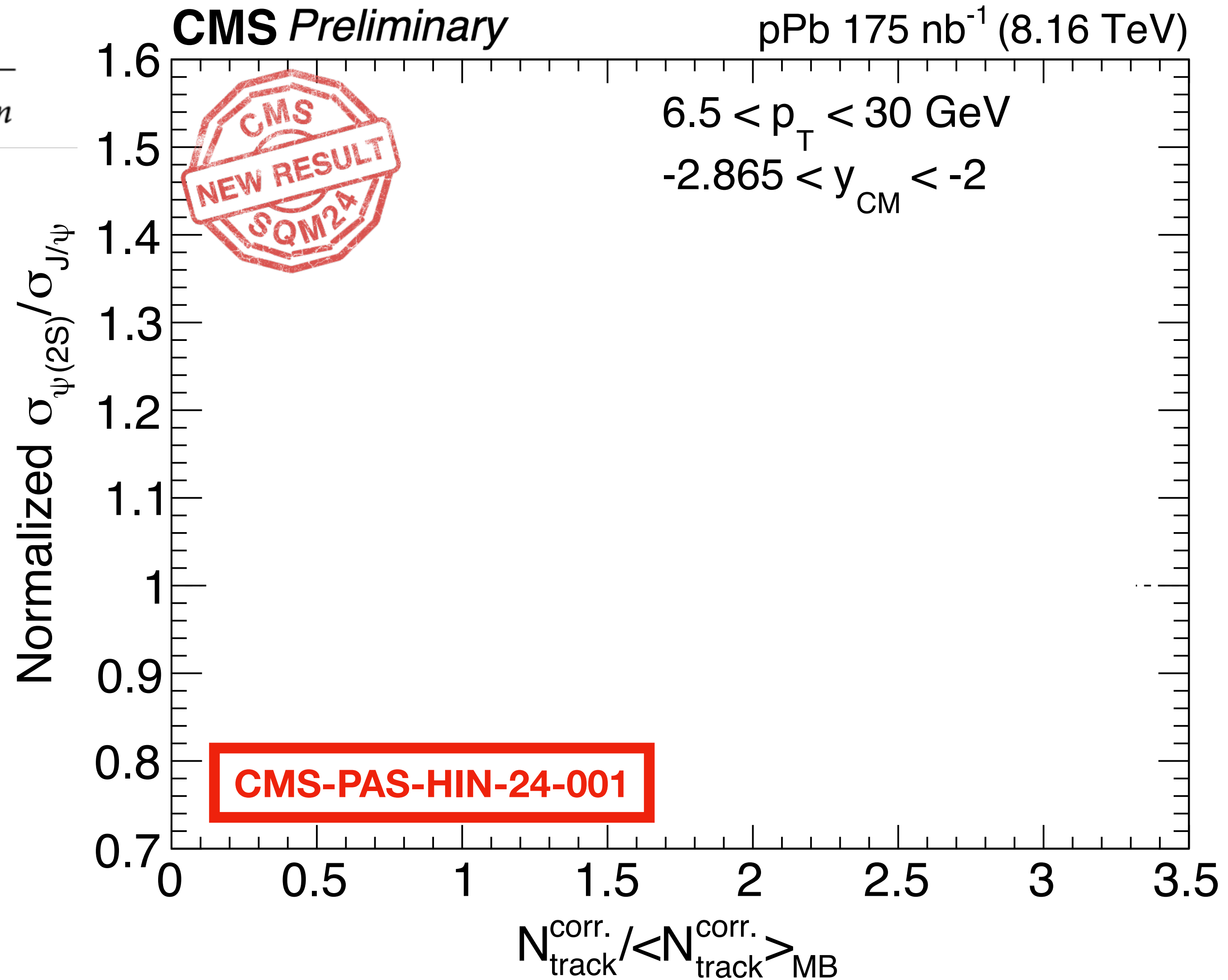
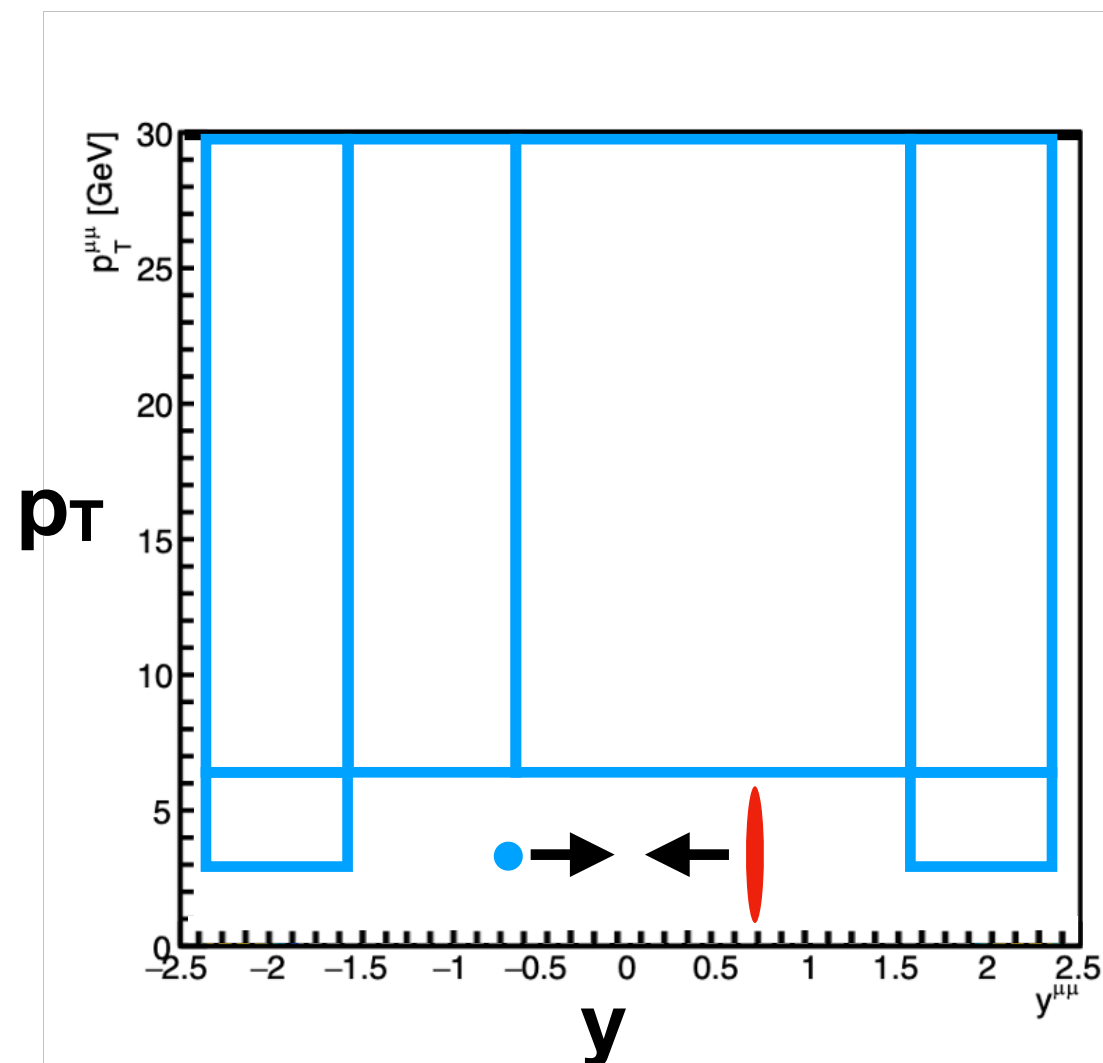


- Clear J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ peaks in both forward/backward regions
- Analysis mainly limited by $\psi(2S)$ statistics
- Prompt/non-prompt components separated w/ decay length cuts

Observable of interest

$$\text{Normalised } \sigma_{\psi(2S),n} / \sigma_{J/\psi,n} = \frac{\sigma_{\psi(2S),n} / \sigma_{J/\psi,n}}{\sum_n \sigma_{\psi(2S),n} / \sum_n \sigma_{J/\psi,n}}$$

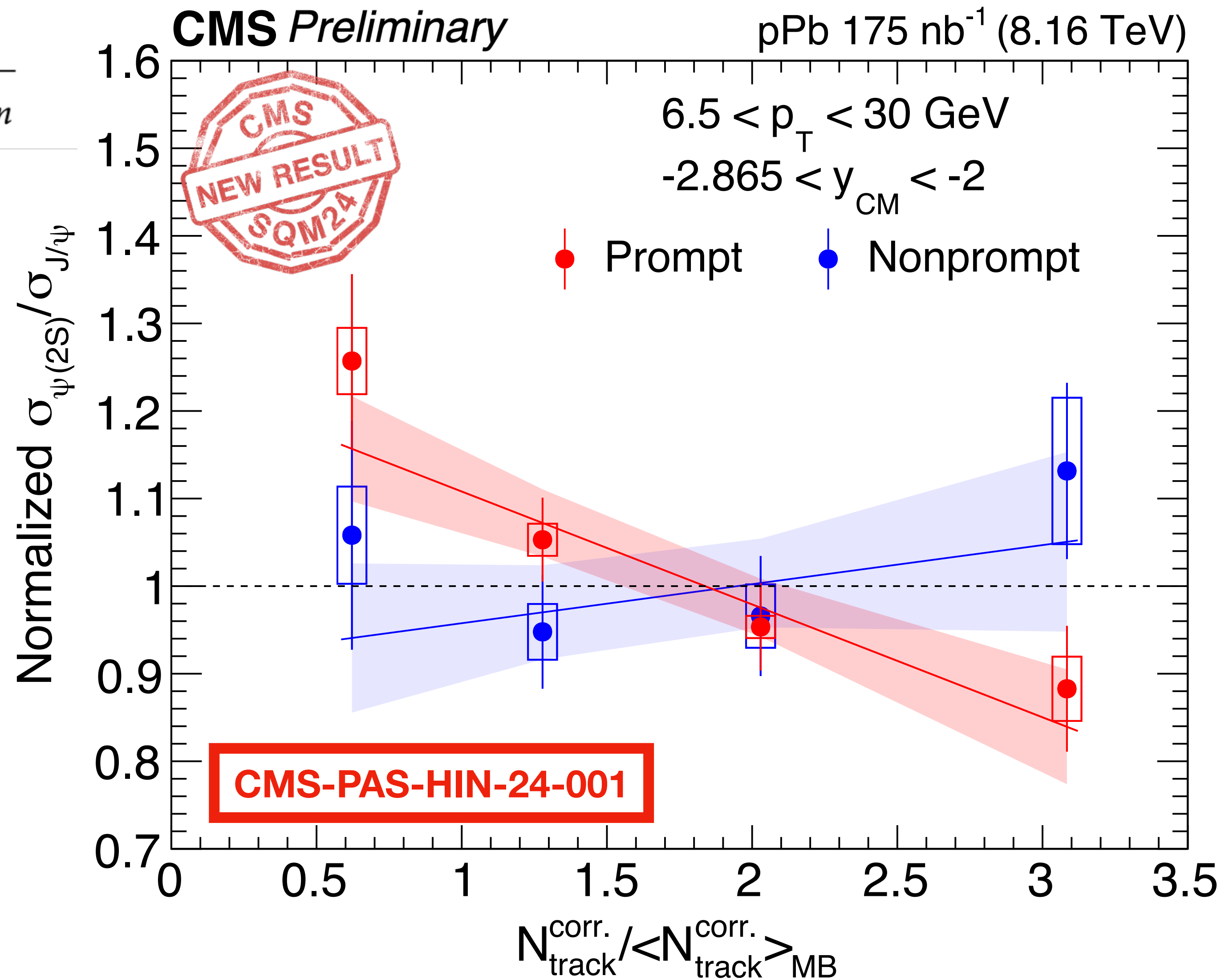
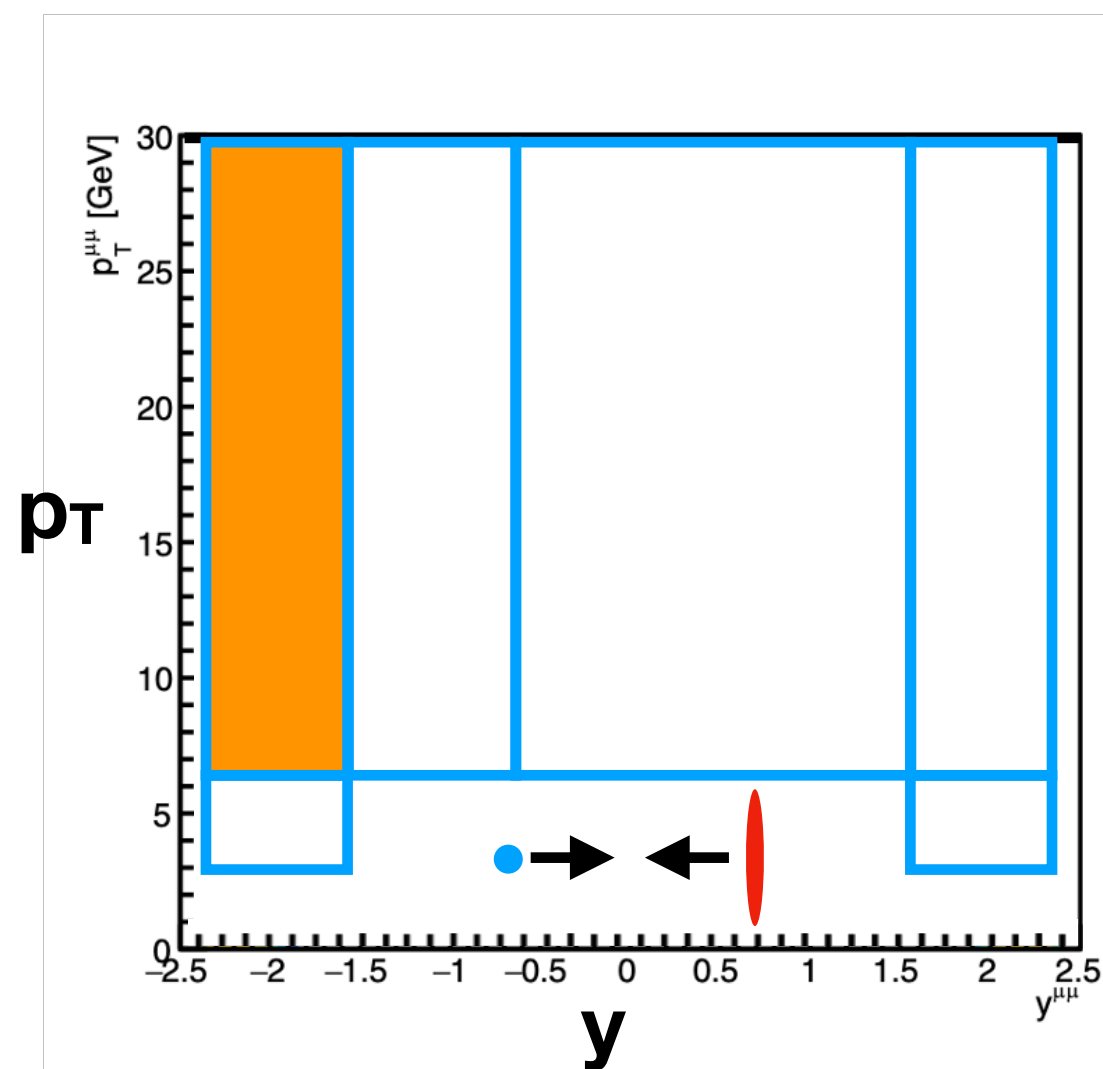
- Normalized ratio cancels acceptance, shadowing effects



Far-backward results

$$\text{Normalised } \sigma_{\psi(2S),n} / \sigma_{J/\psi,n} = \frac{\sigma_{\psi(2S),n} / \sigma_{J/\psi,n}}{\sum_n \sigma_{\psi(2S),n} / \sum_n \sigma_{J/\psi,n}}$$

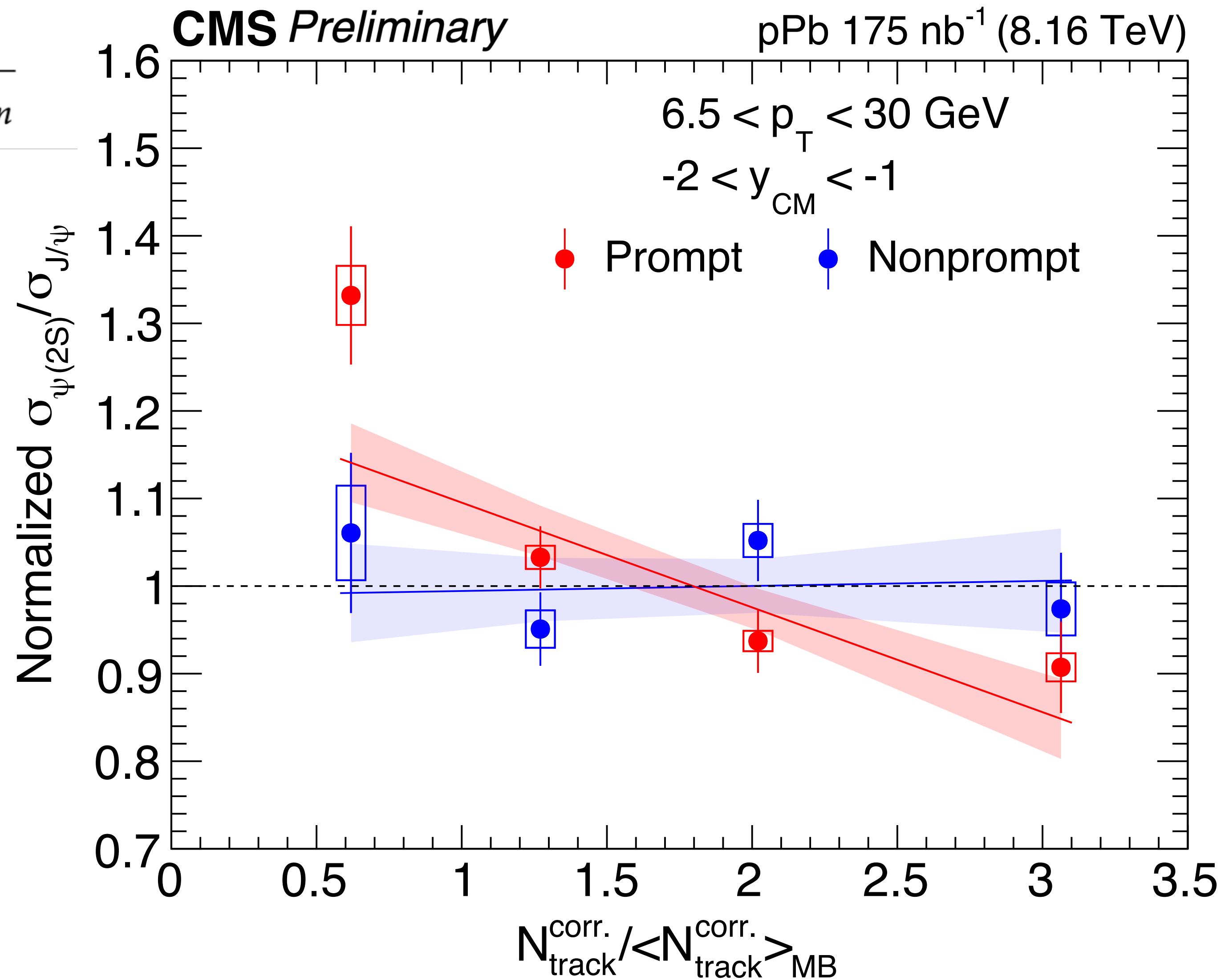
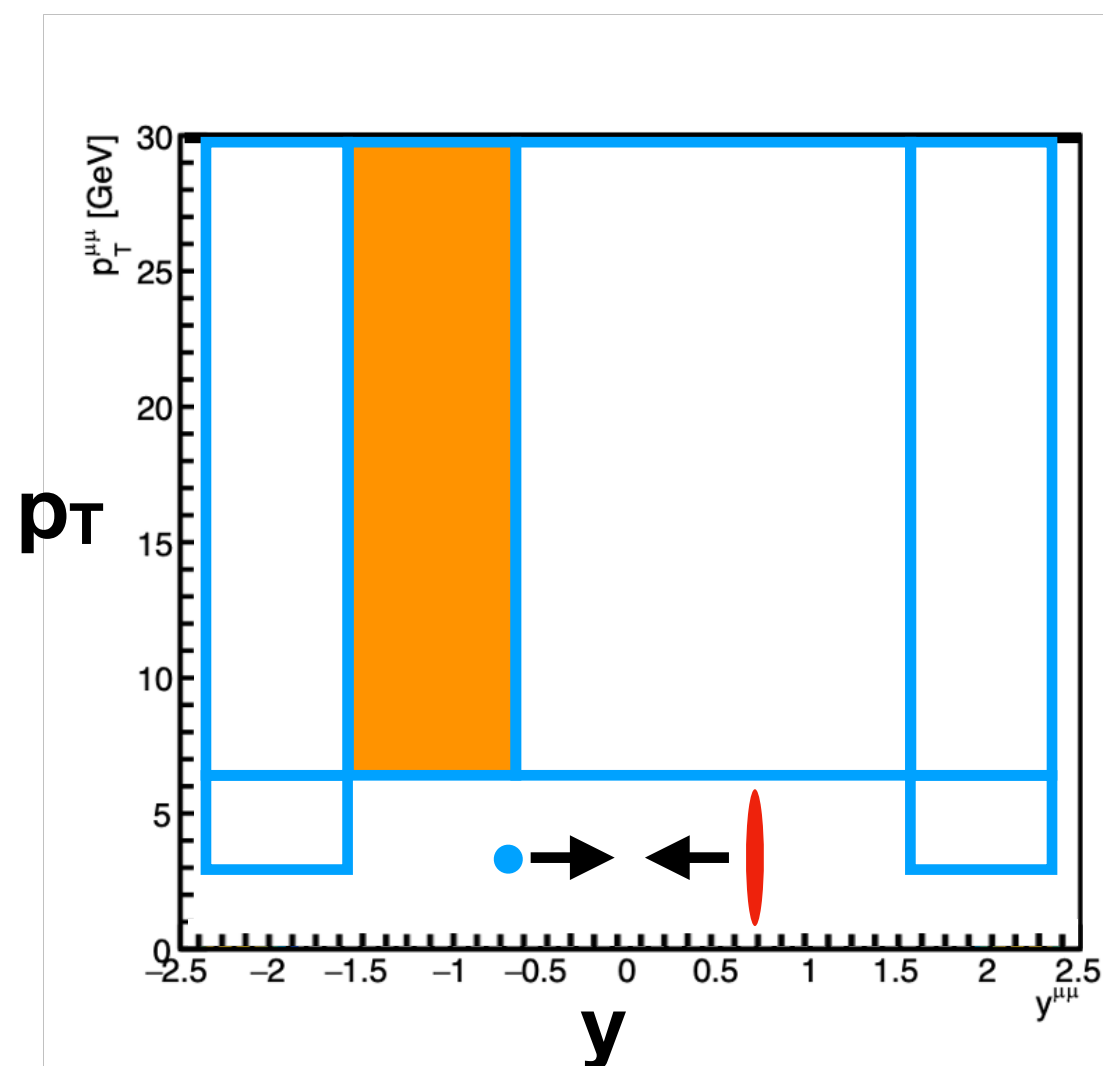
- Normalized ratio cancels acceptance, shadowing effects
- Clear slope vs. N_{trk}^{corr} for **prompt data**
- No slope for **non-prompt data**



Backward results

$$\text{Normalised } \sigma_{\psi(2S),n} / \sigma_{J/\psi,n} = \frac{\sigma_{\psi(2S),n} / \sigma_{J/\psi,n}}{\sum_n \sigma_{\psi(2S),n} / \sum_n \sigma_{J/\psi,n}}$$

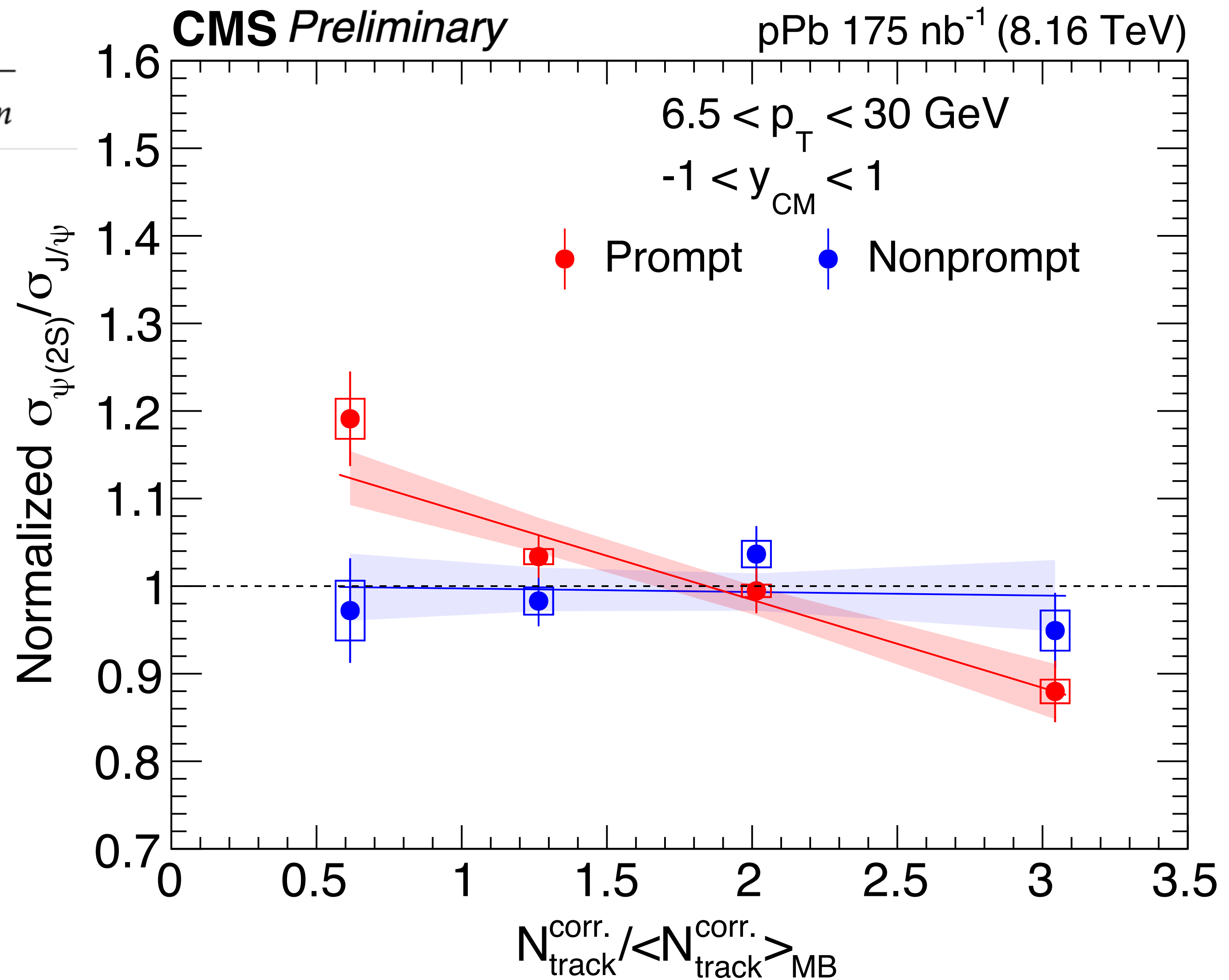
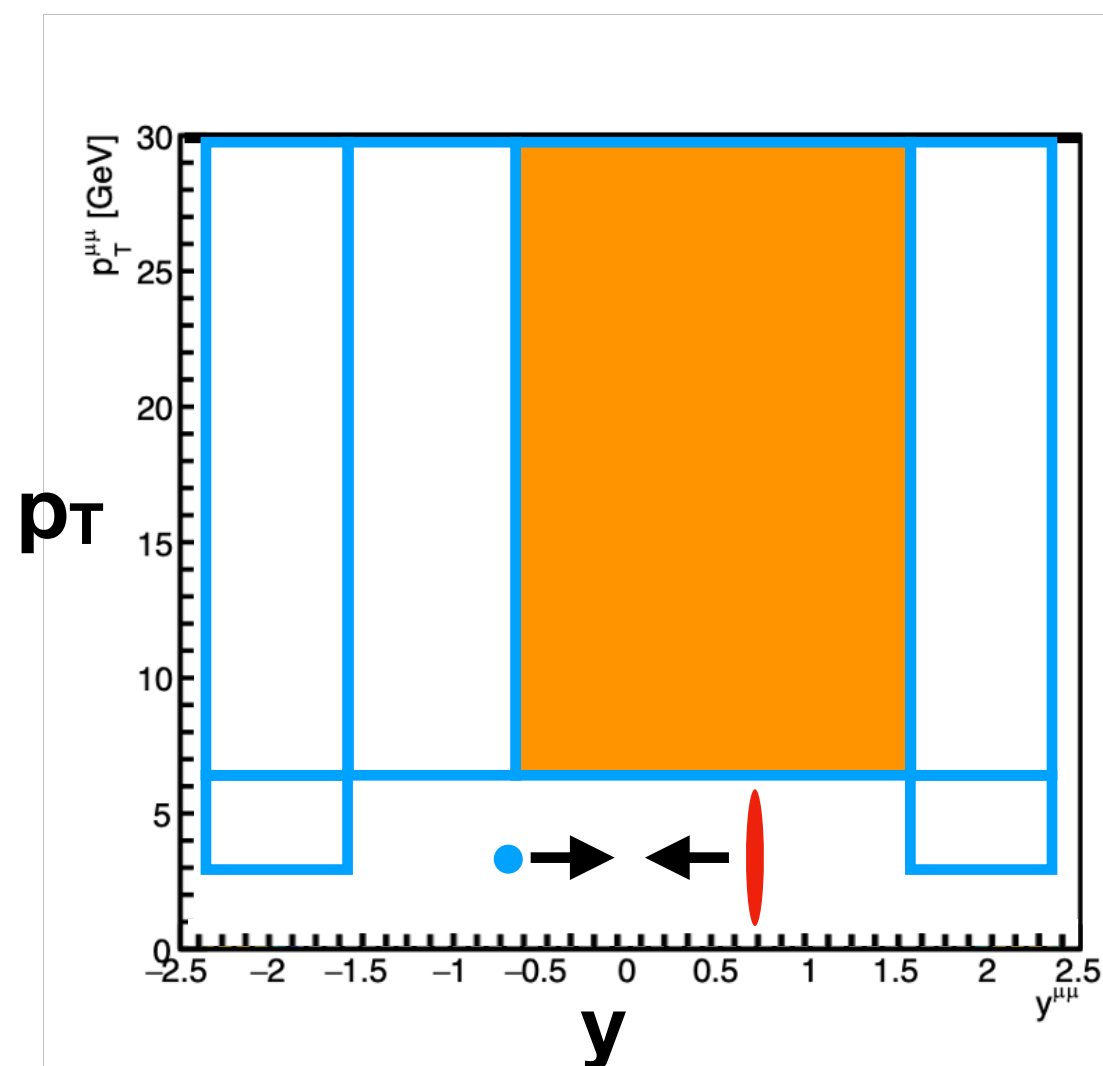
- **Normalized ratio cancels acceptance, shadowing effects**
- **Clear slope vs. N_{trk}^{corr} for prompt data**
- **No slope for non-prompt data**



Midrapidity results

$$\text{Normalised } \sigma_{\psi(2S),n} / \sigma_{J/\psi,n} = \frac{\sigma_{\psi(2S),n} / \sigma_{J/\psi,n}}{\sum_n \sigma_{\psi(2S),n} / \sum_n \sigma_{J/\psi,n}}$$

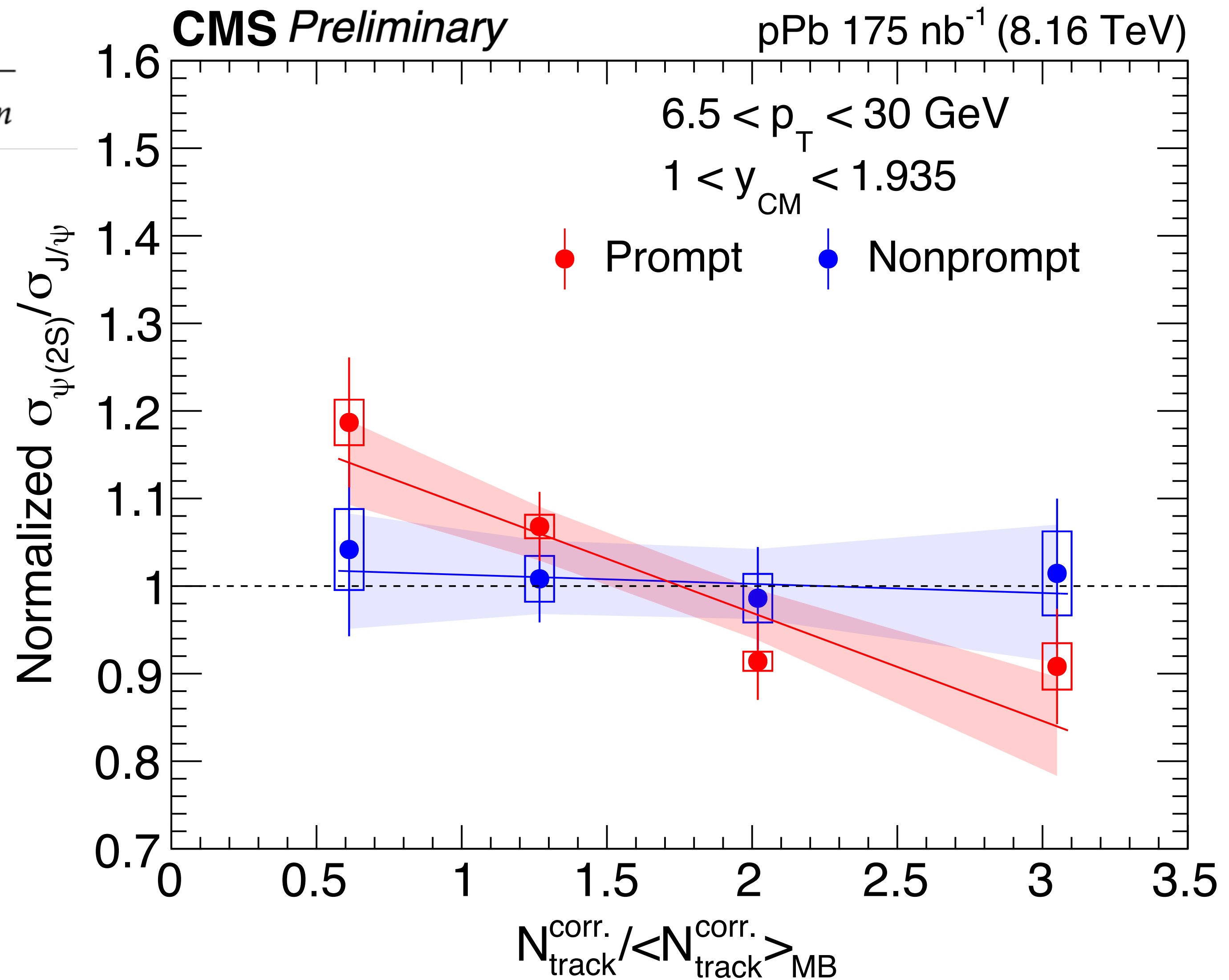
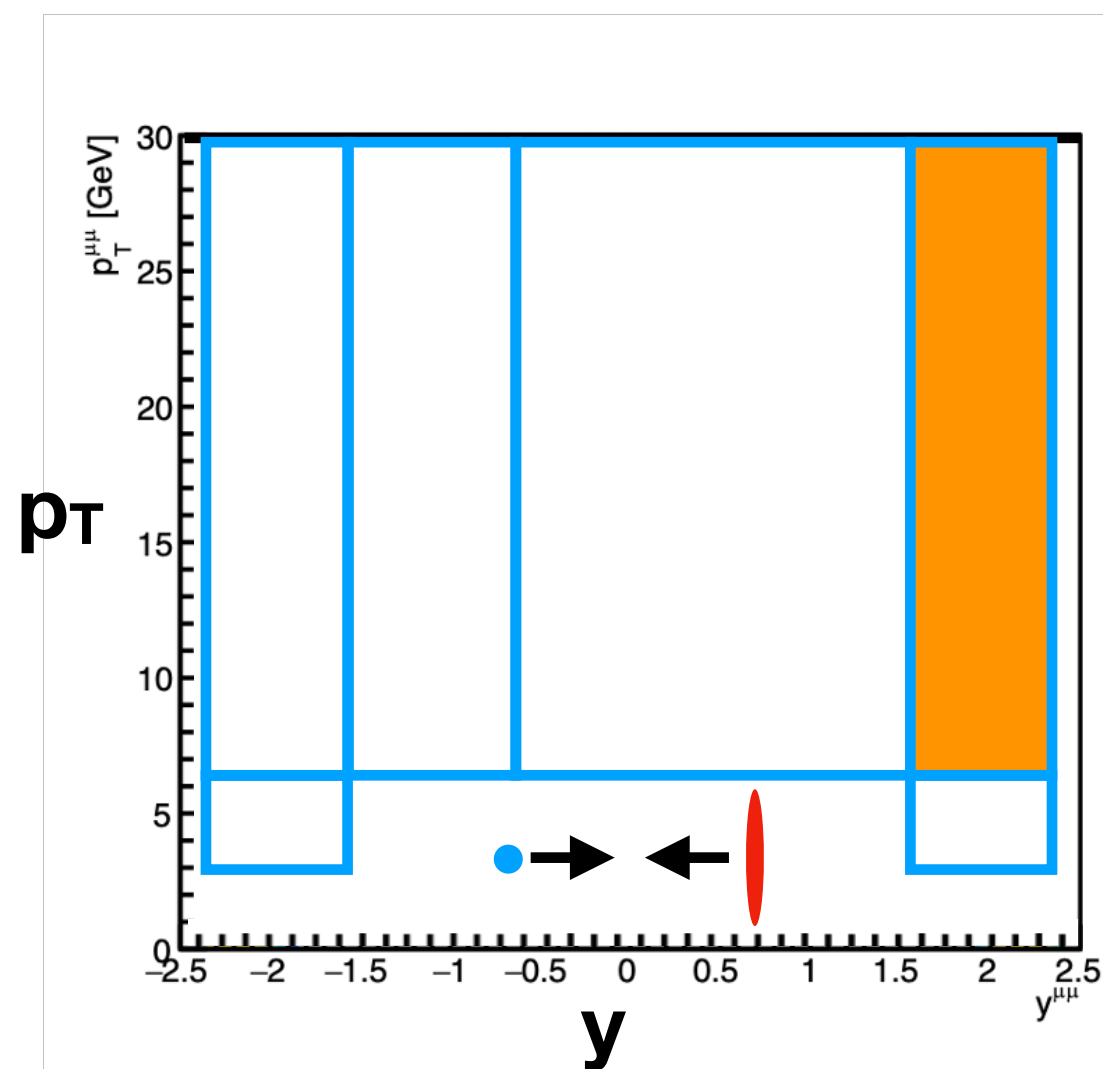
- **Normalized ratio cancels acceptance, shadowing effects**
- **Clear slope vs. N_{trk}^{corr} for prompt data**
- **No slope for non-prompt data**



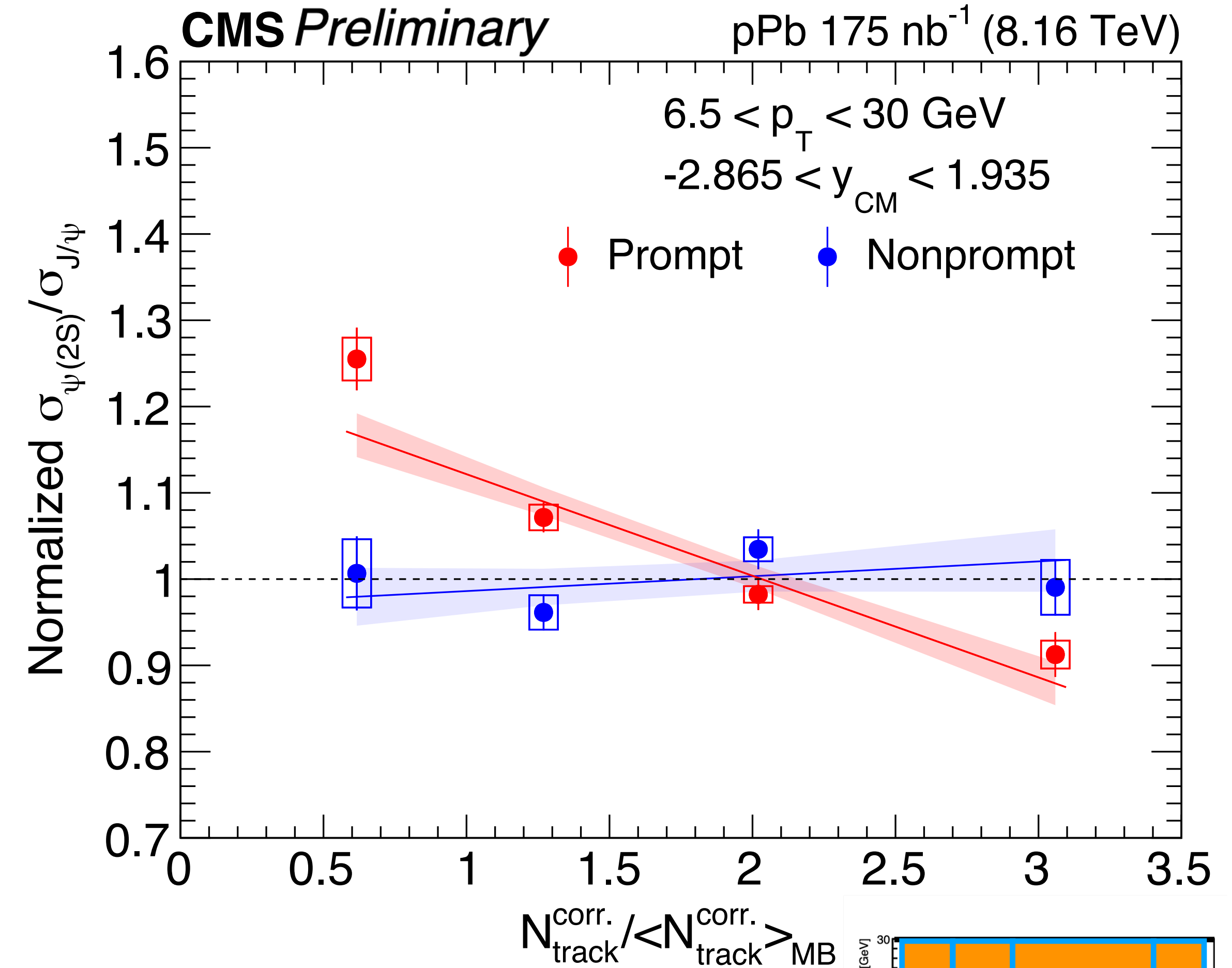
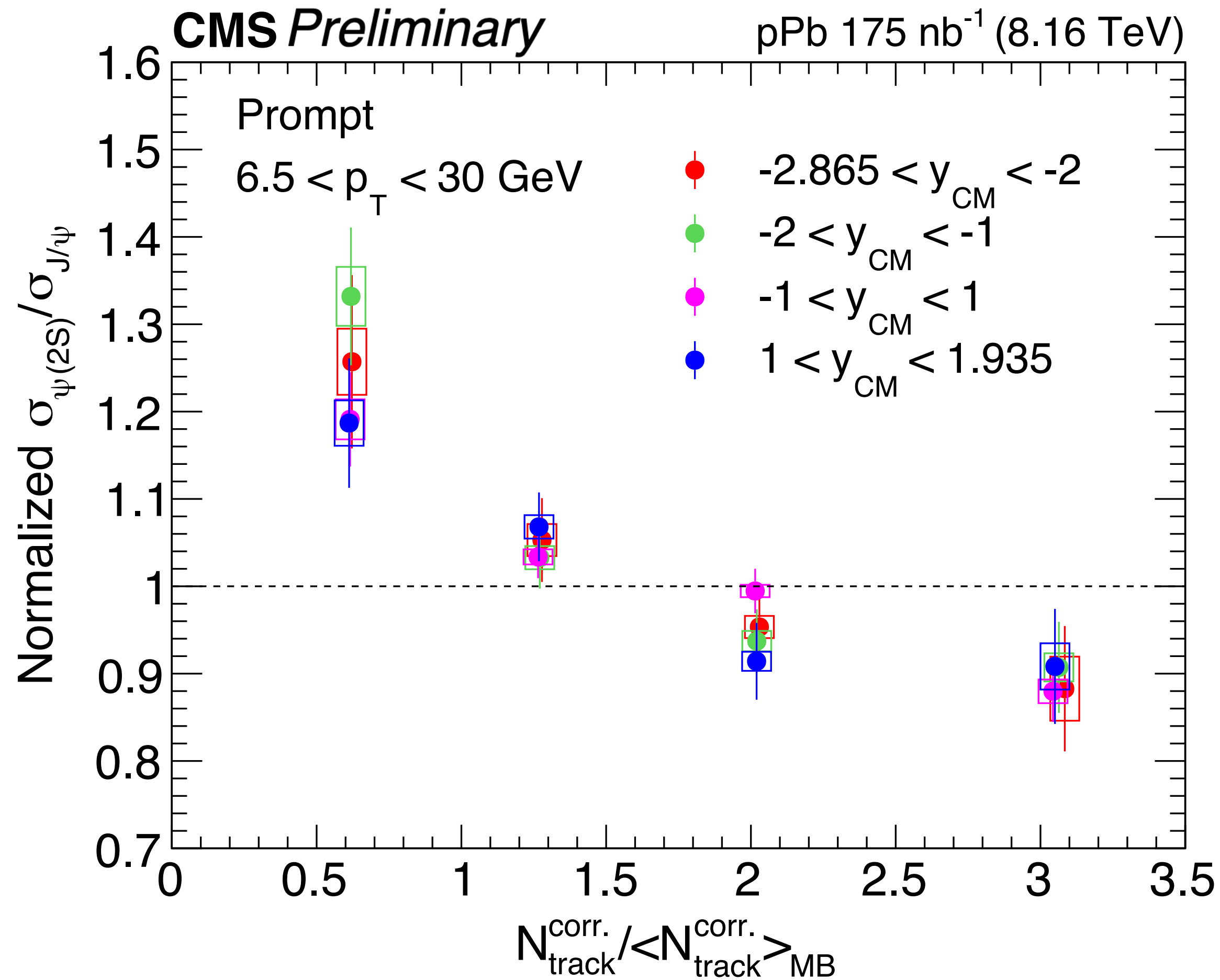
Forward results

$$\text{Normalised } \sigma_{\psi(2S),n} / \sigma_{J/\psi,n} = \frac{\sigma_{\psi(2S),n} / \sigma_{J/\psi,n}}{\sum_n \sigma_{\psi(2S),n} / \sum_n \sigma_{J/\psi,n}}$$

- **Normalized ratio cancels acceptance, shadowing effects**
- **Clear slope vs. N_{trk}^{corr} for prompt data**
- **No slope for non-prompt data**



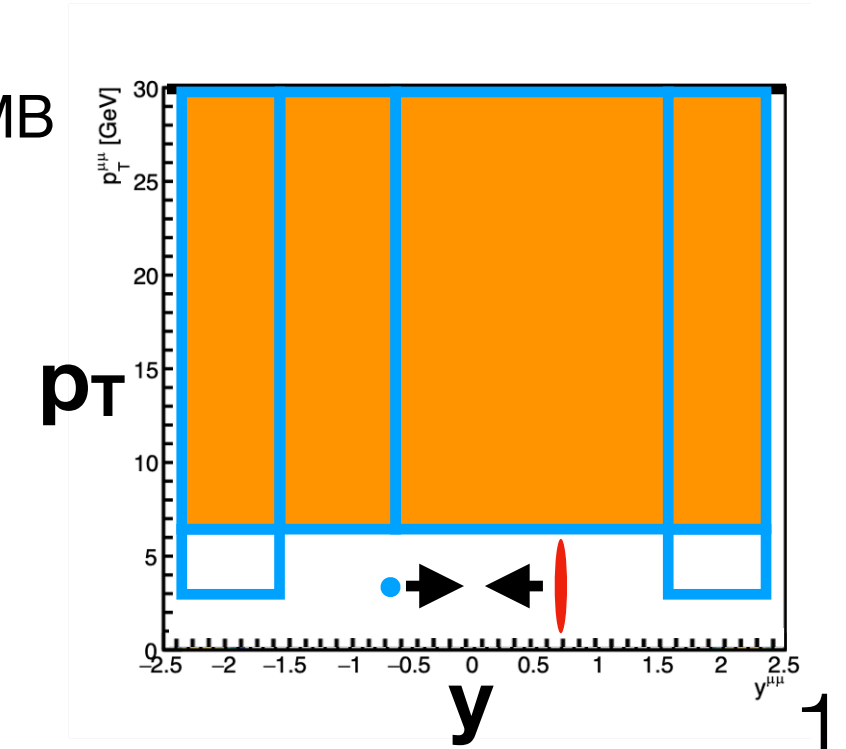
Summary of high- p_T results



• $N_{\text{trk}}^{\text{corr}}$ dependence similar for all rapidities → combine

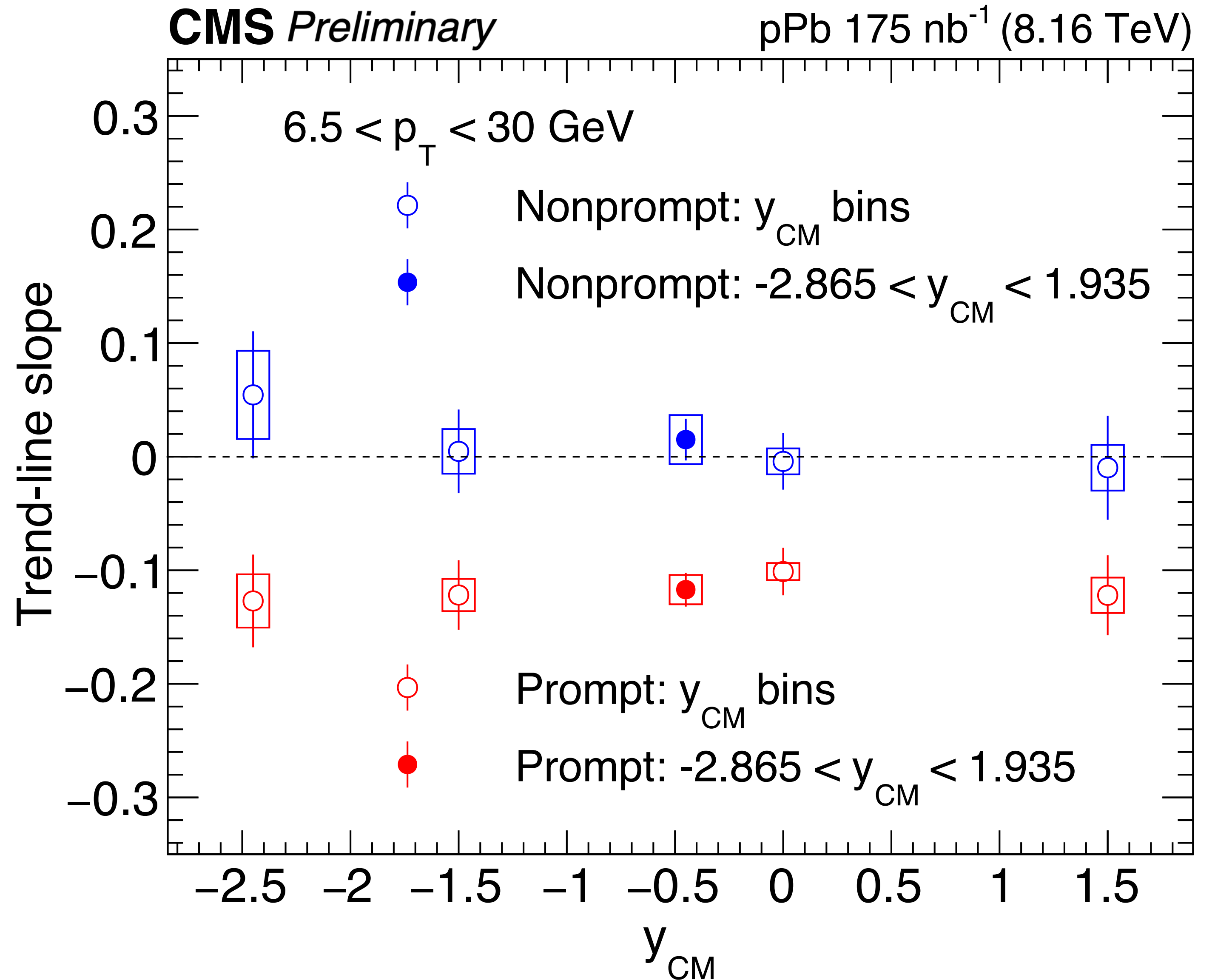
• **5.9 σ deviation** from flat line for prompt

• Observation of multiplicity dependence of $\sigma_{\psi(2S)}/\sigma_{J/\psi}$ in pPb

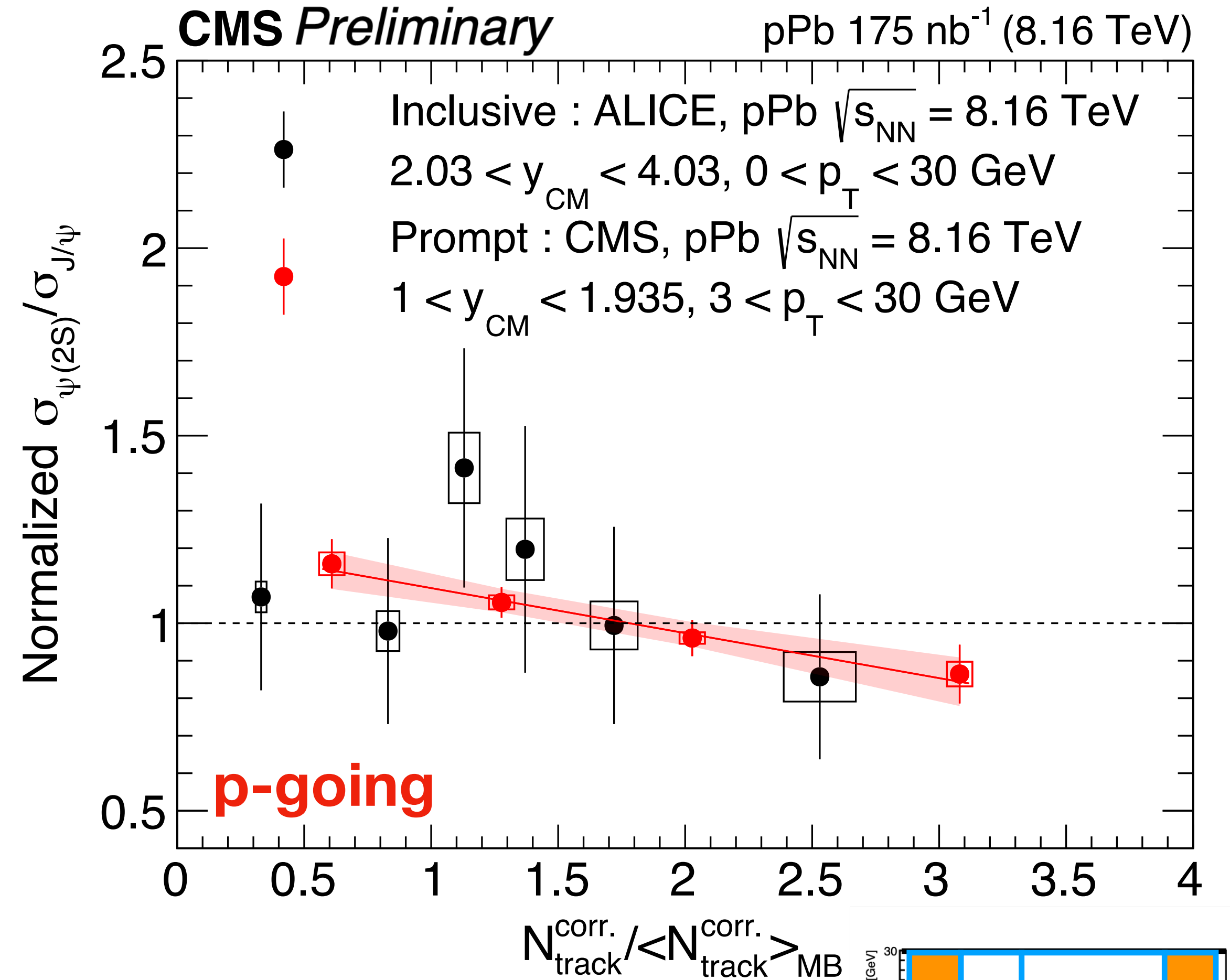
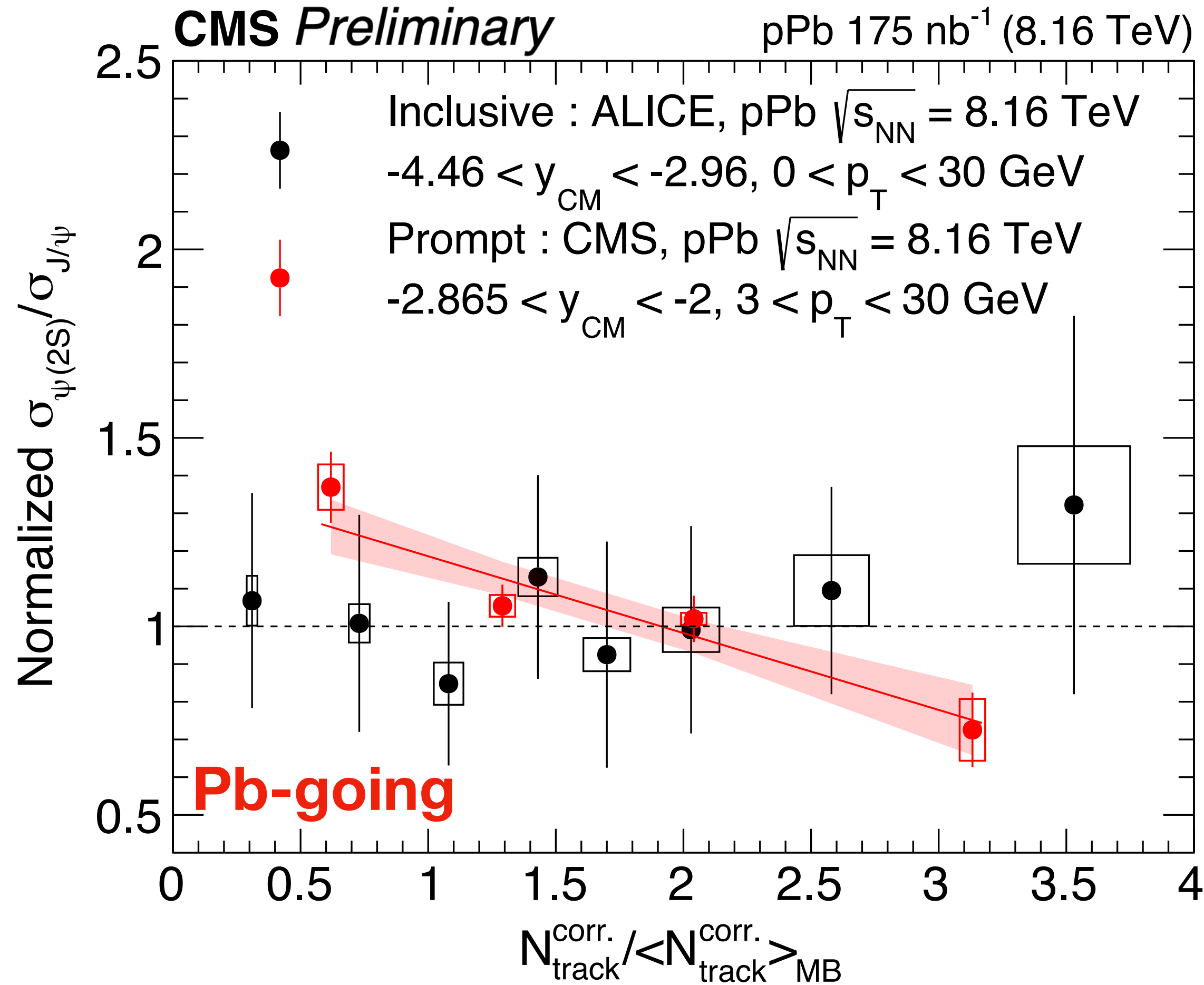


Rapidity dependence of slope

- **Slope of linear fits vs rapidity**
 - **Correlations between points in N_{trk}^{corr} accounted for**
- **No clear rapidity dependence**
 - **Average p_T is ~ 10 GeV**
- **All non-prompt measurements consistent with 0**

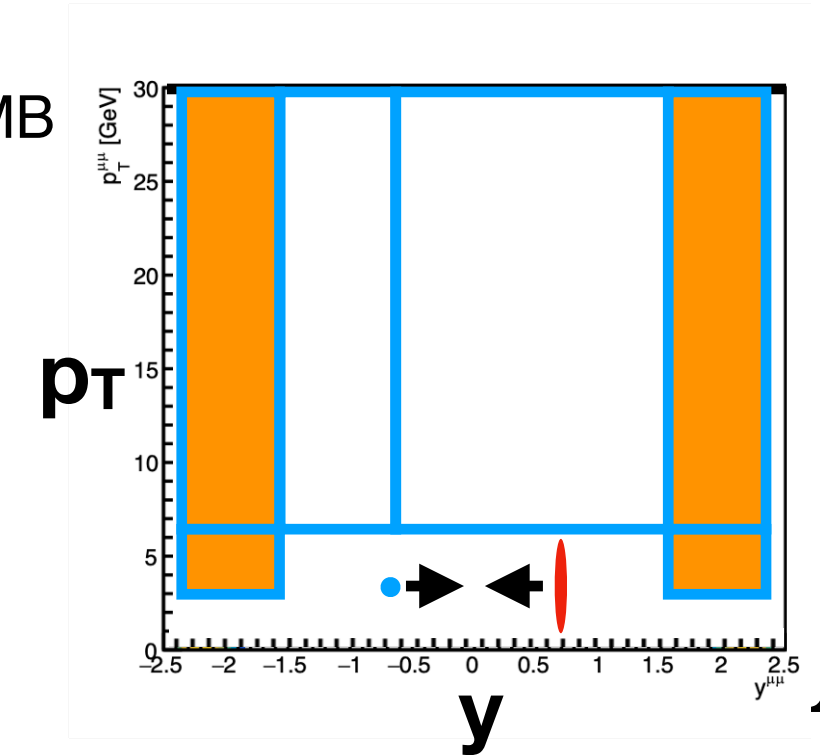


Comparison to ALICE results

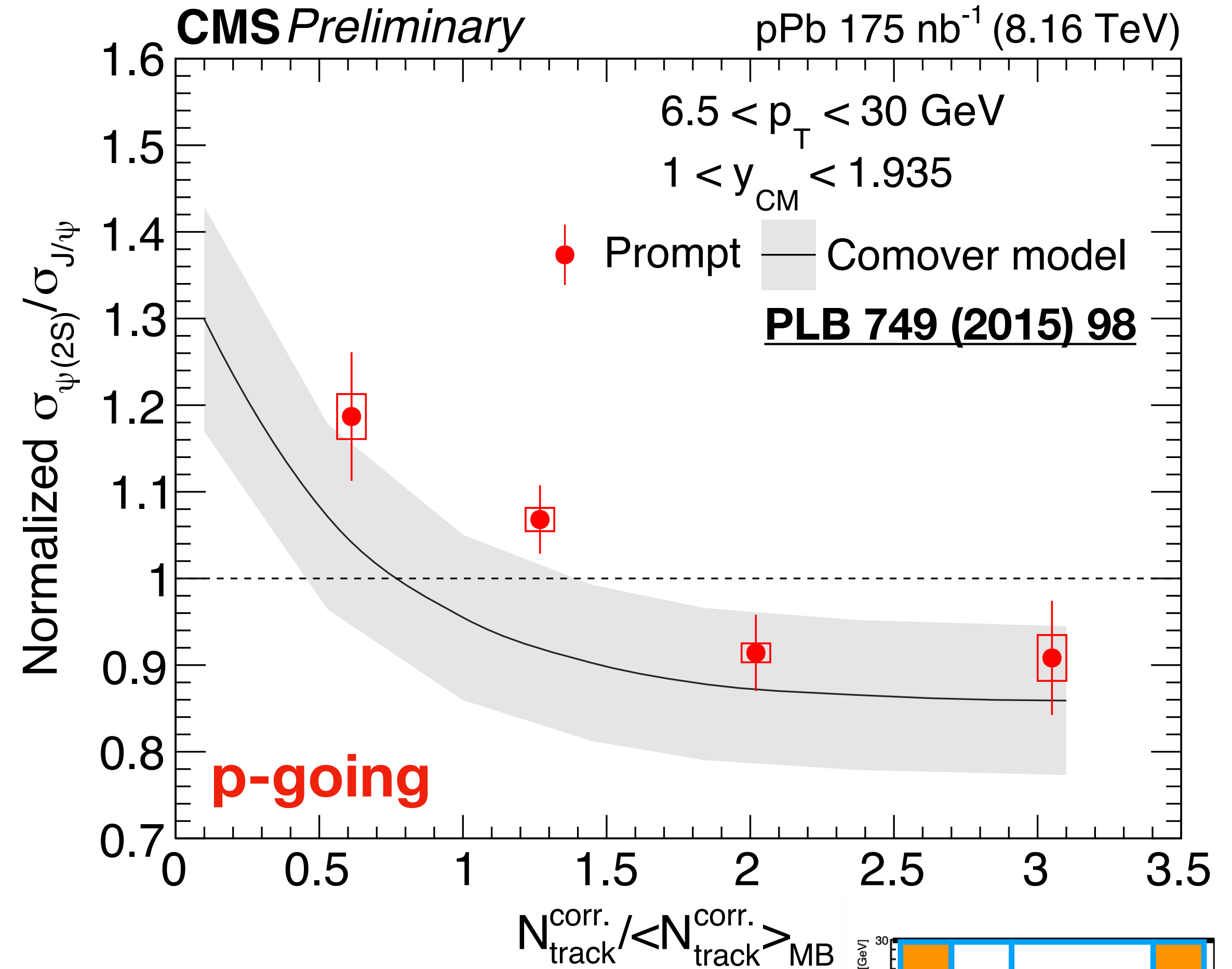
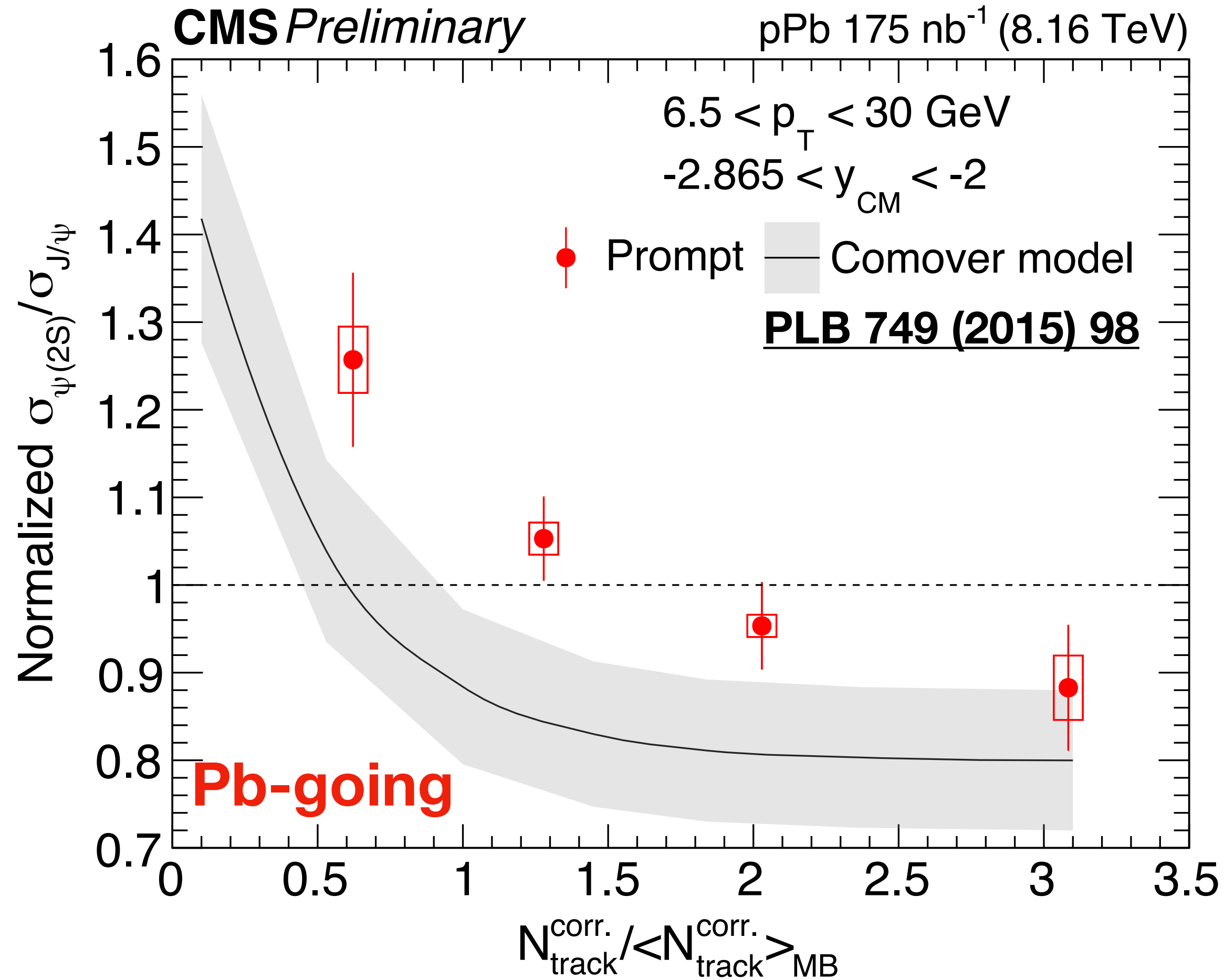


- **CMS prompt data vs. ALICE inclusive data***

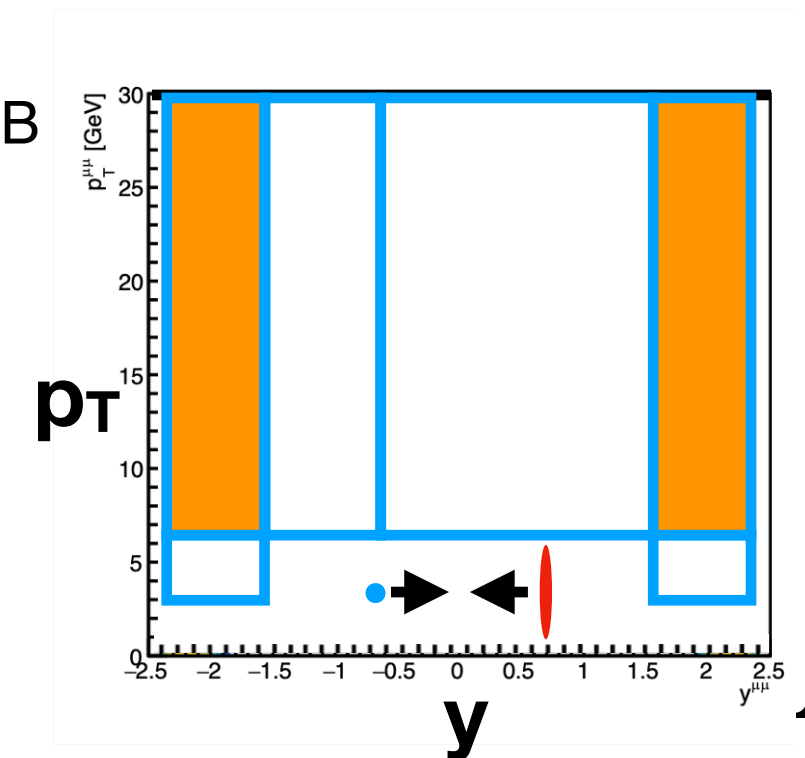
- y_{cm} and p_T ranges slightly different but results are consistent



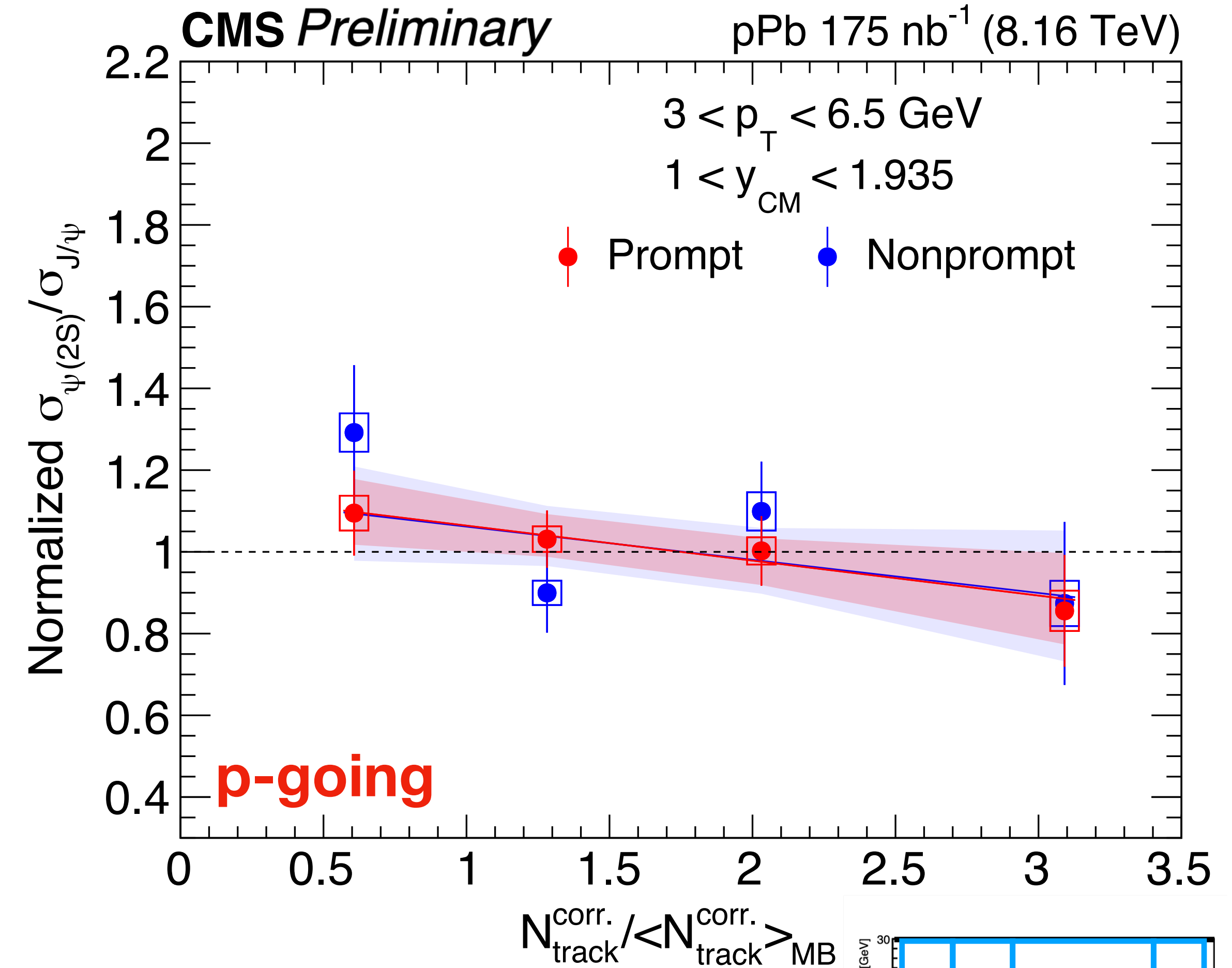
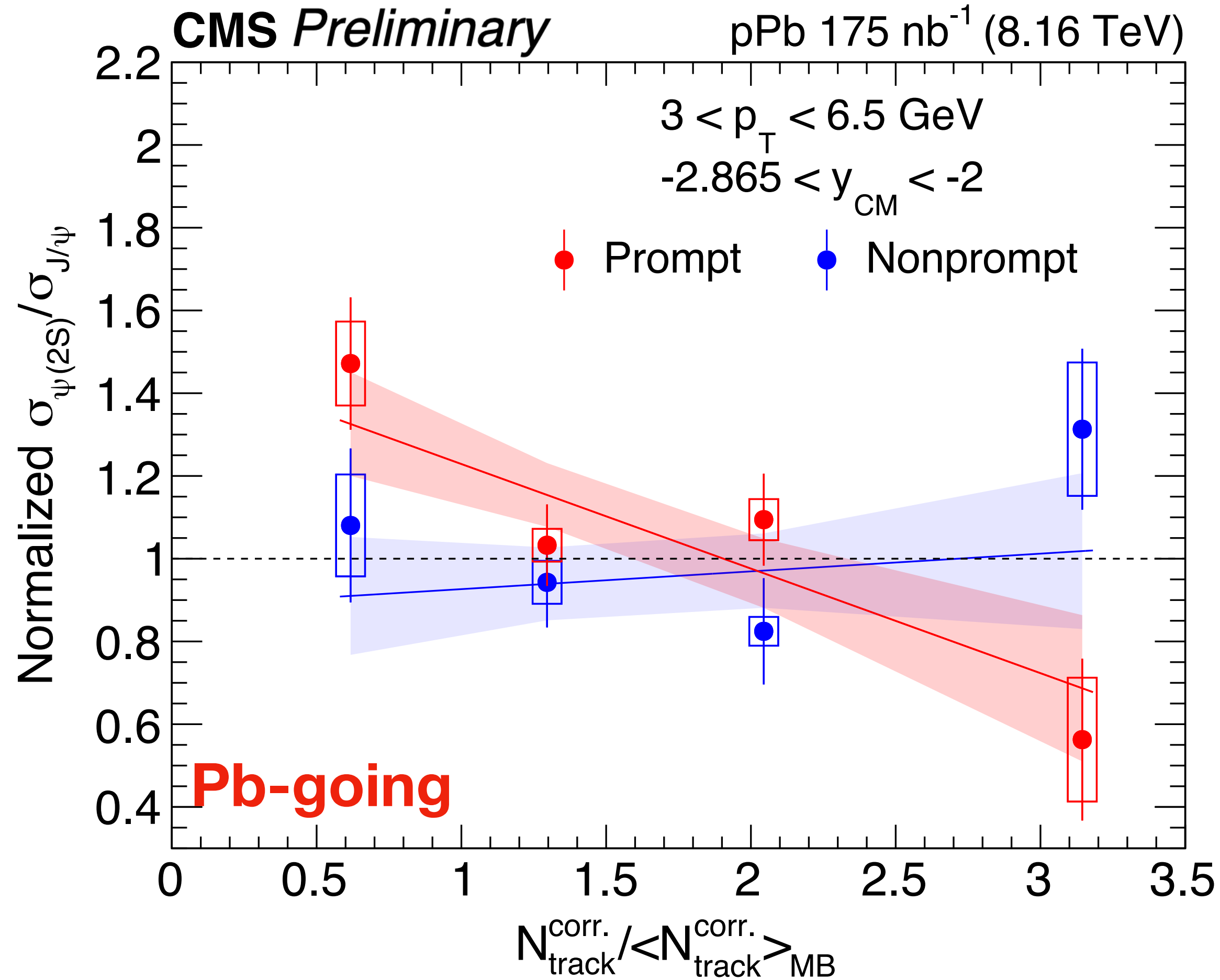
Comparison to Theory



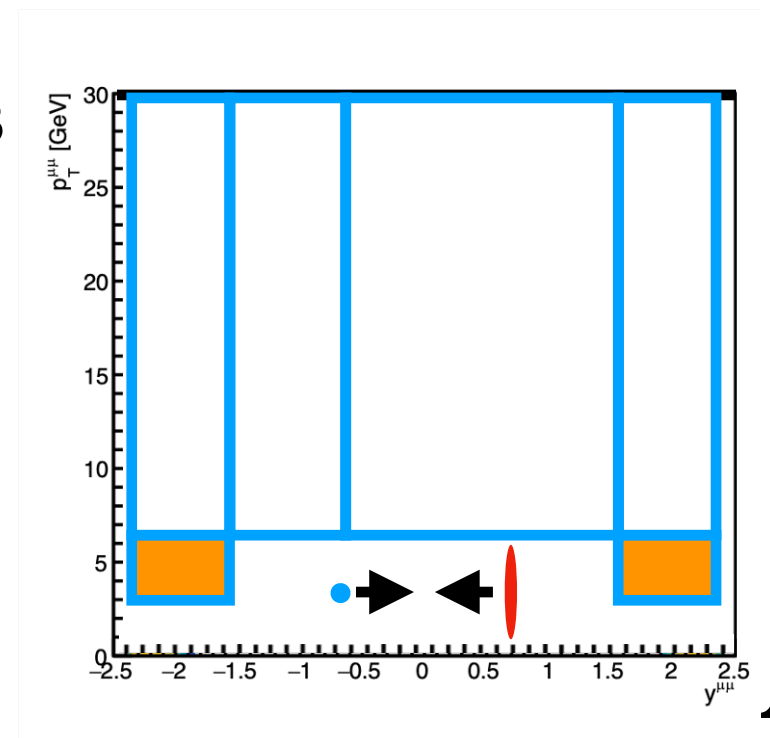
- Model includes comover interactions
- Reasonable agreement in p-going side
- Less suppression in Pb-going side compared to model



Low- p_T results



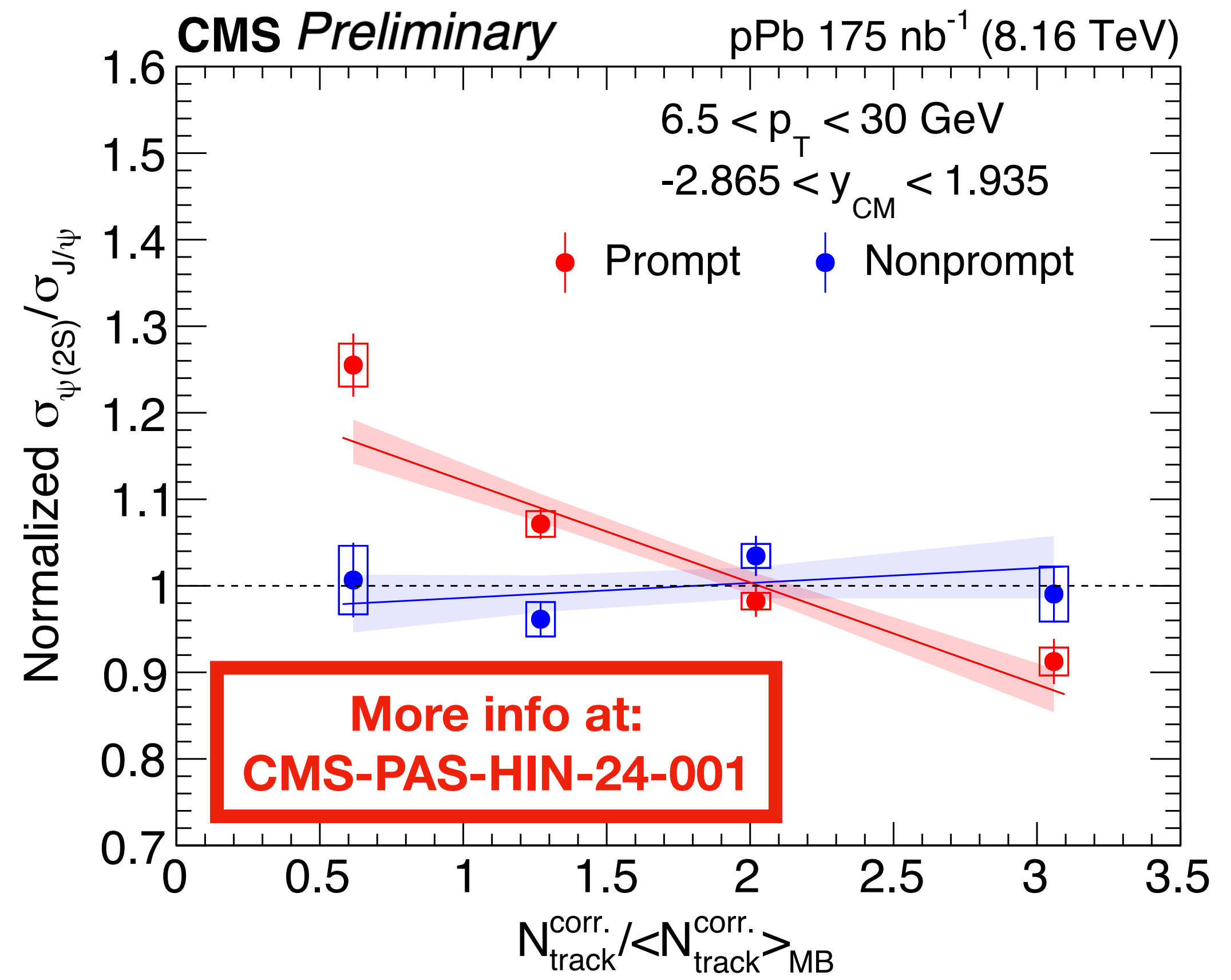
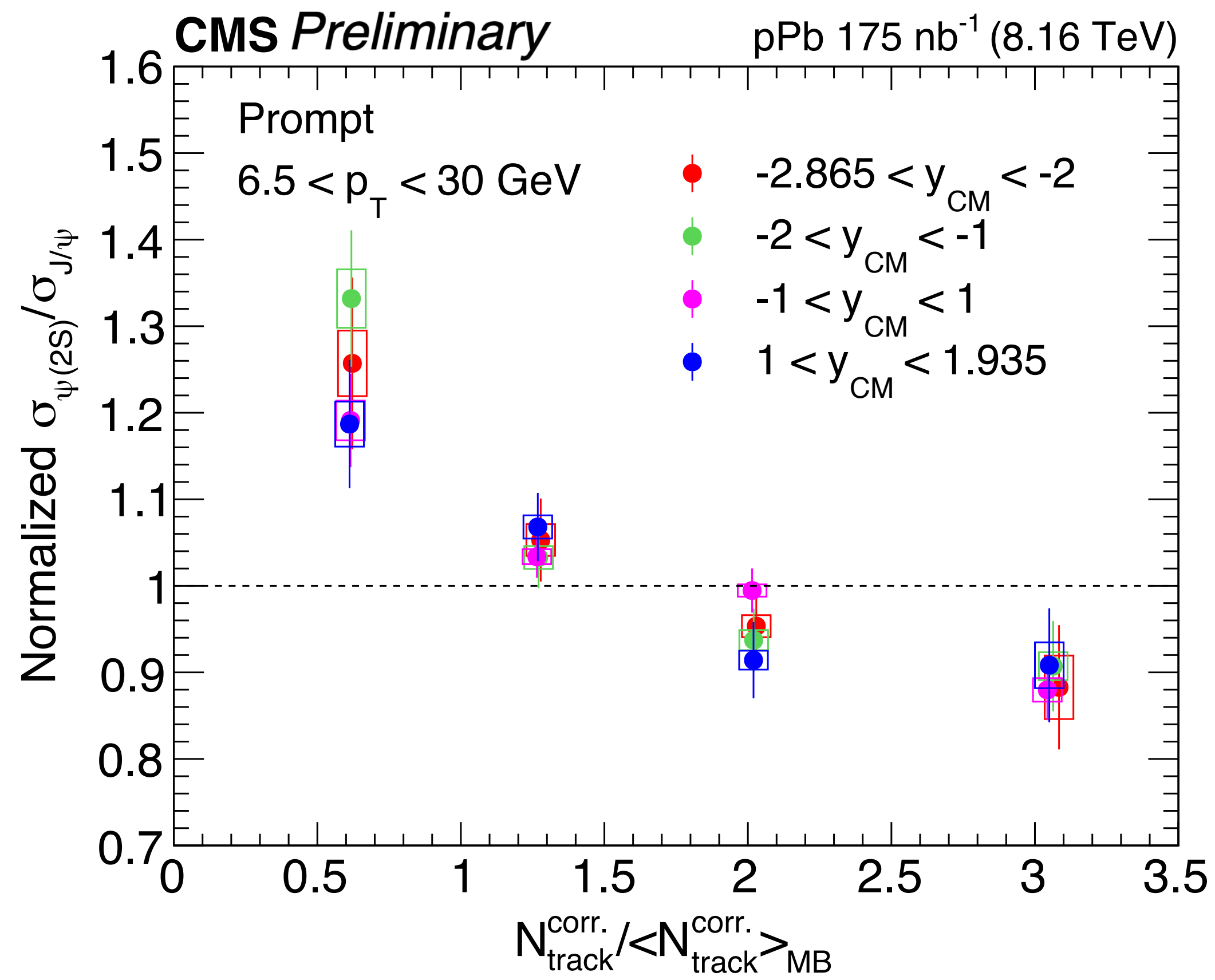
- Far-backward and forward results at lower p_T
- Hint of stronger N_{trk}^{corr} dependence for prompt in Pb-going side (2.4σ)
- Limited by statistical precision



Summary



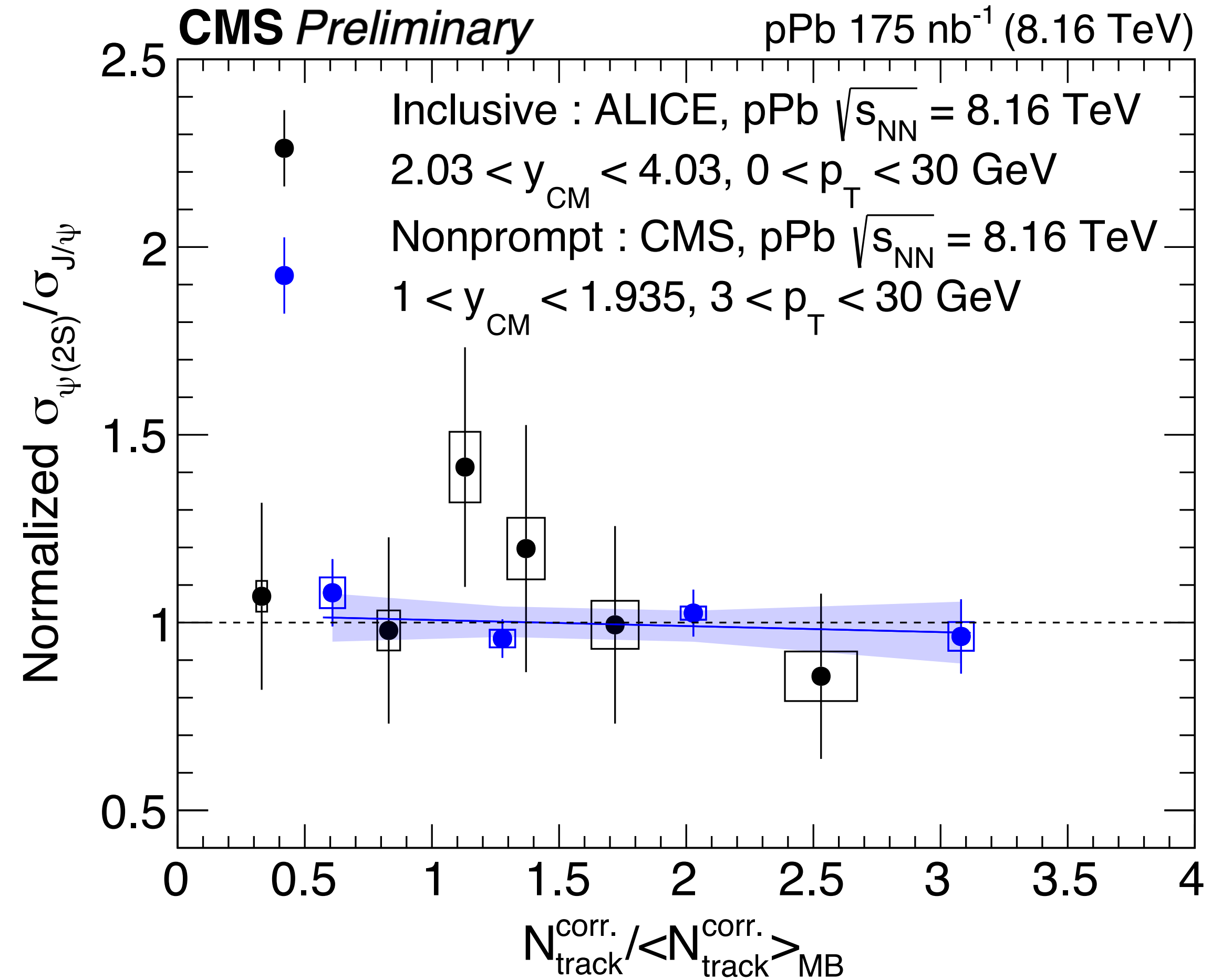
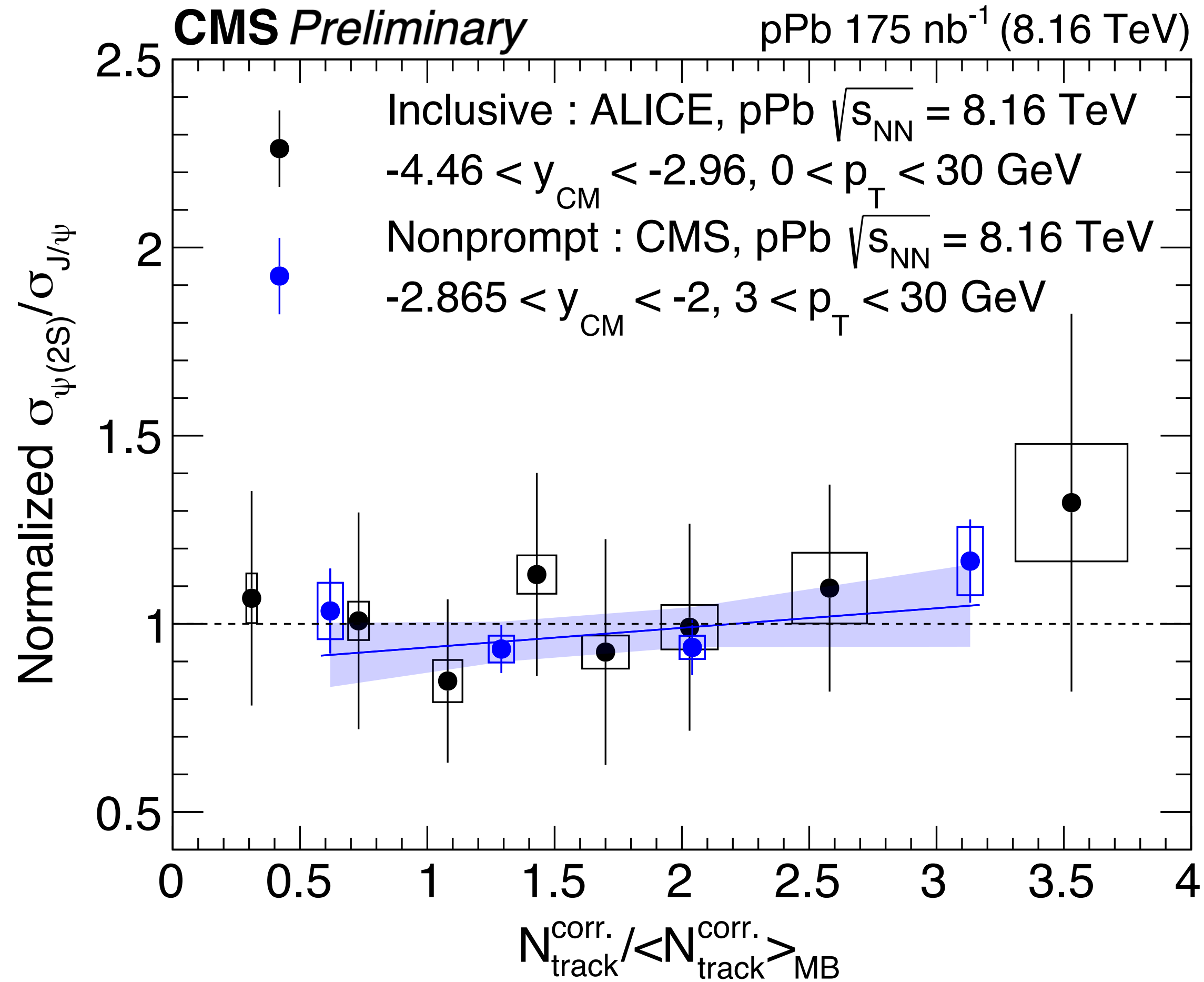
- First observation of multiplicity-dependence of prompt $\sigma_{\psi(2S)}/\sigma_{J/\psi}$ in pPb
- Non-prompt ratio consistent with unity
- Hint of rapidity dependence at lower p_T
- Supports picture where suppression increases with comover density
- Data constrain hadronization models of charm hadrons in small systems





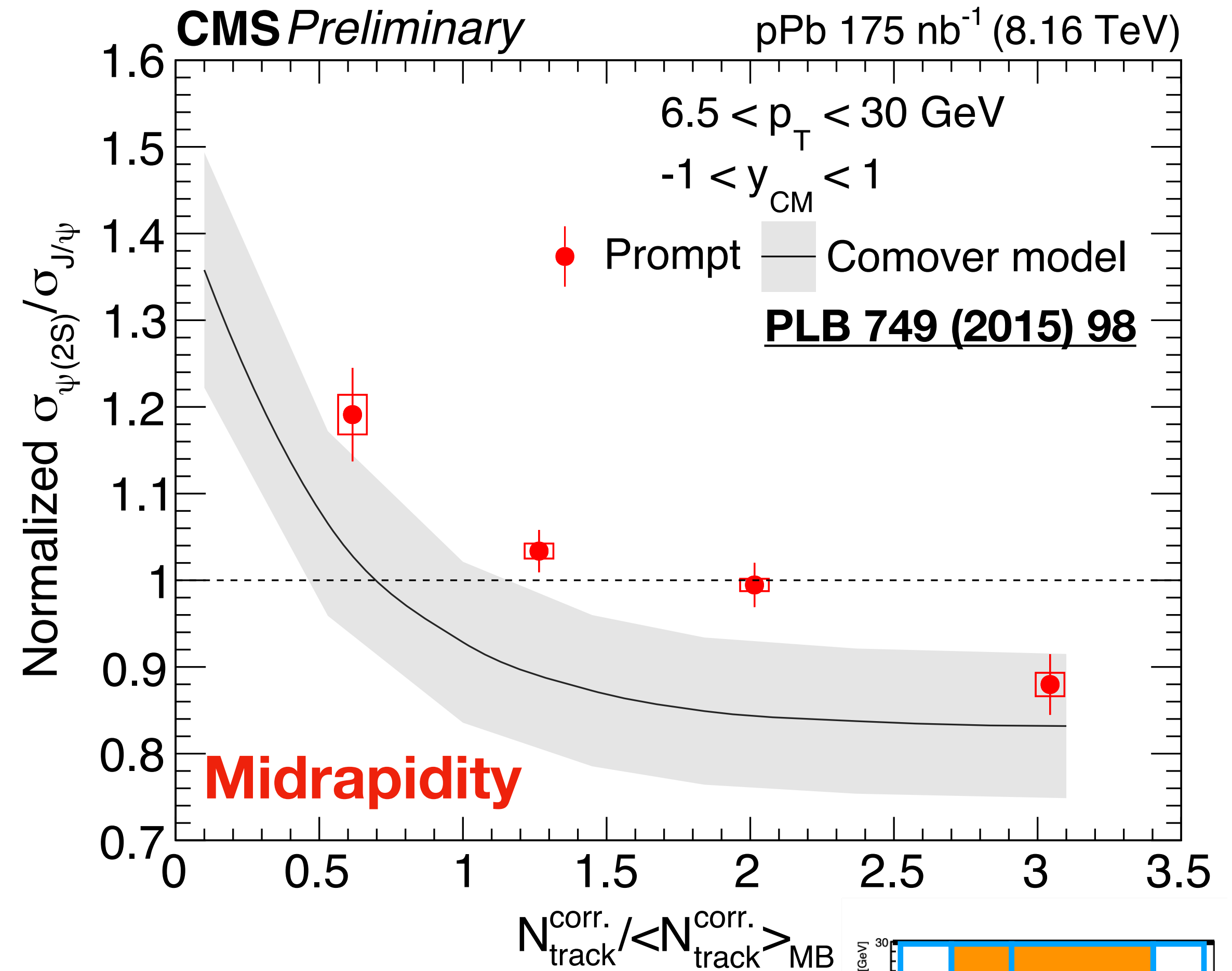
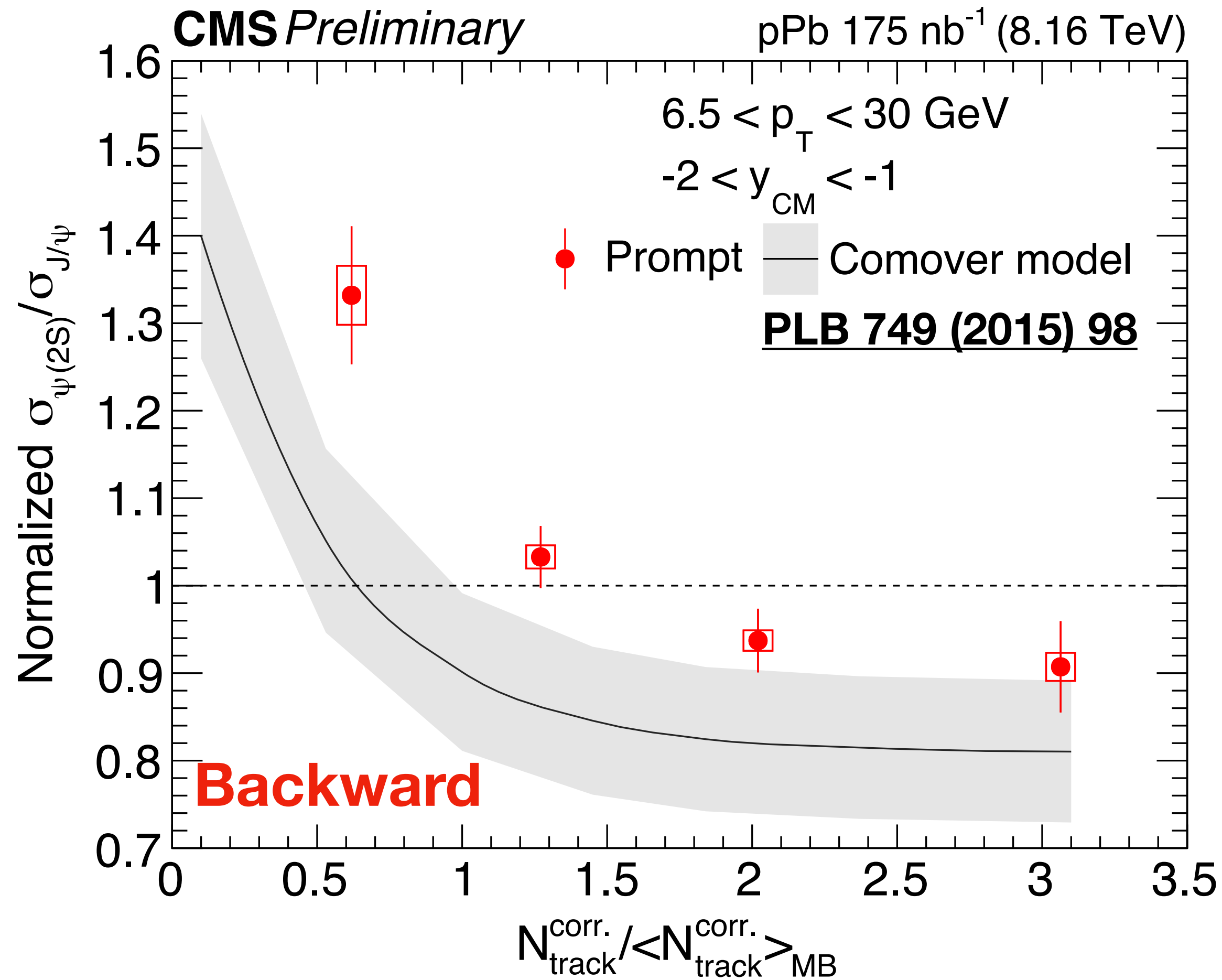
Backup

Non-Prompt vs ALICE

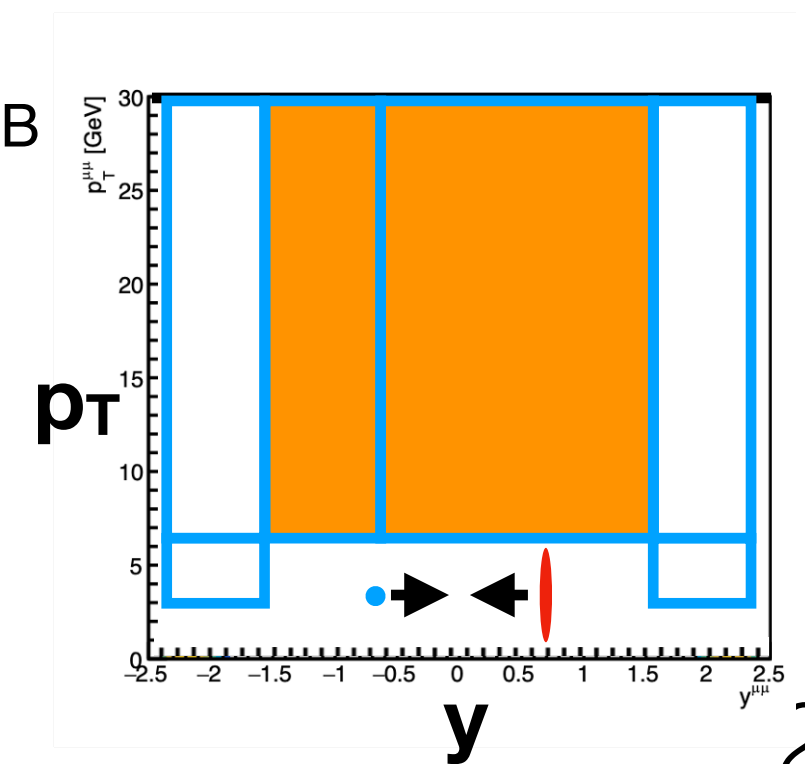


- **ALICE data also compatible with non-prompt CMS results**

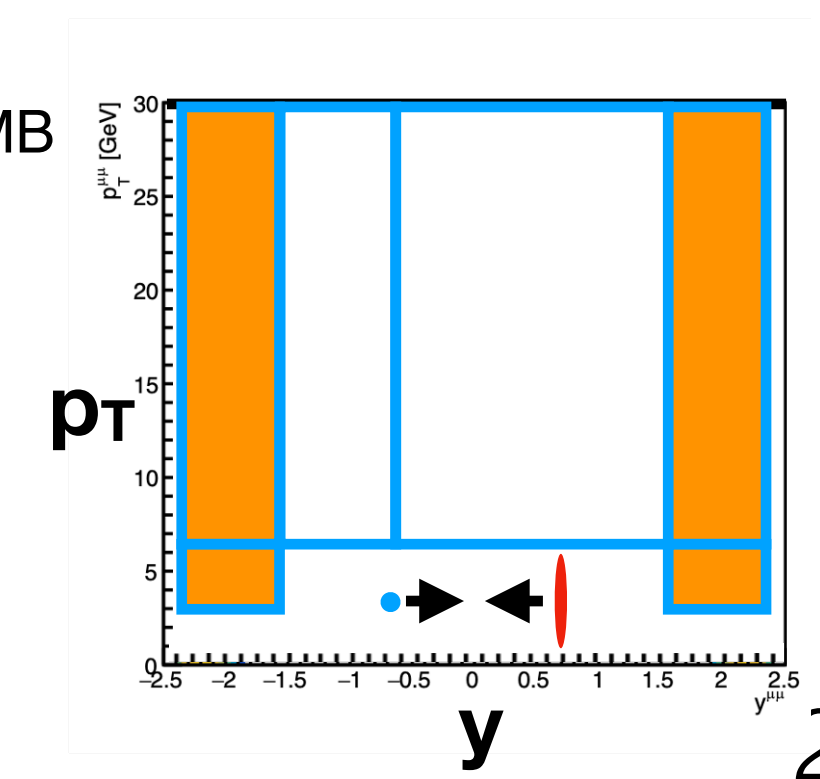
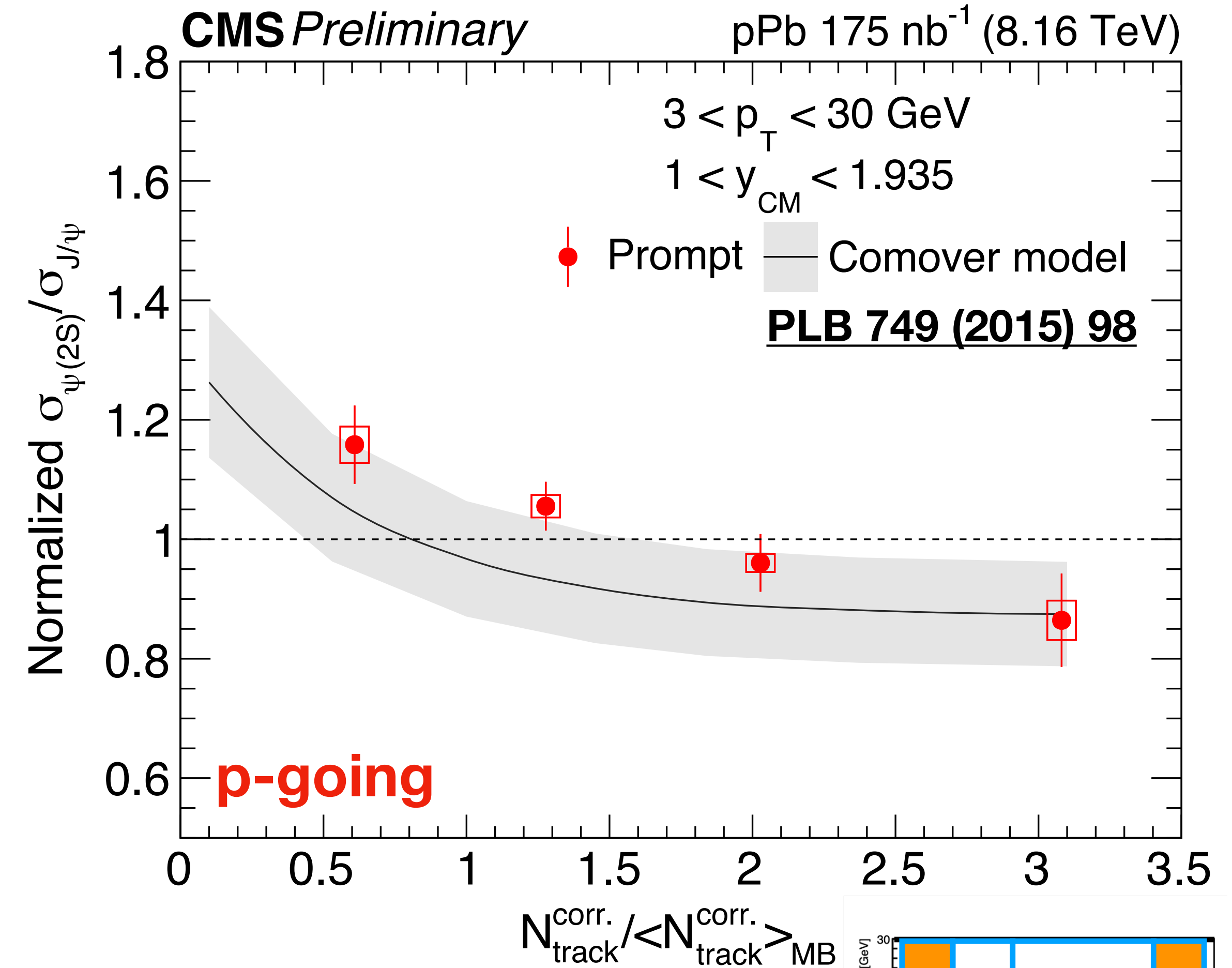
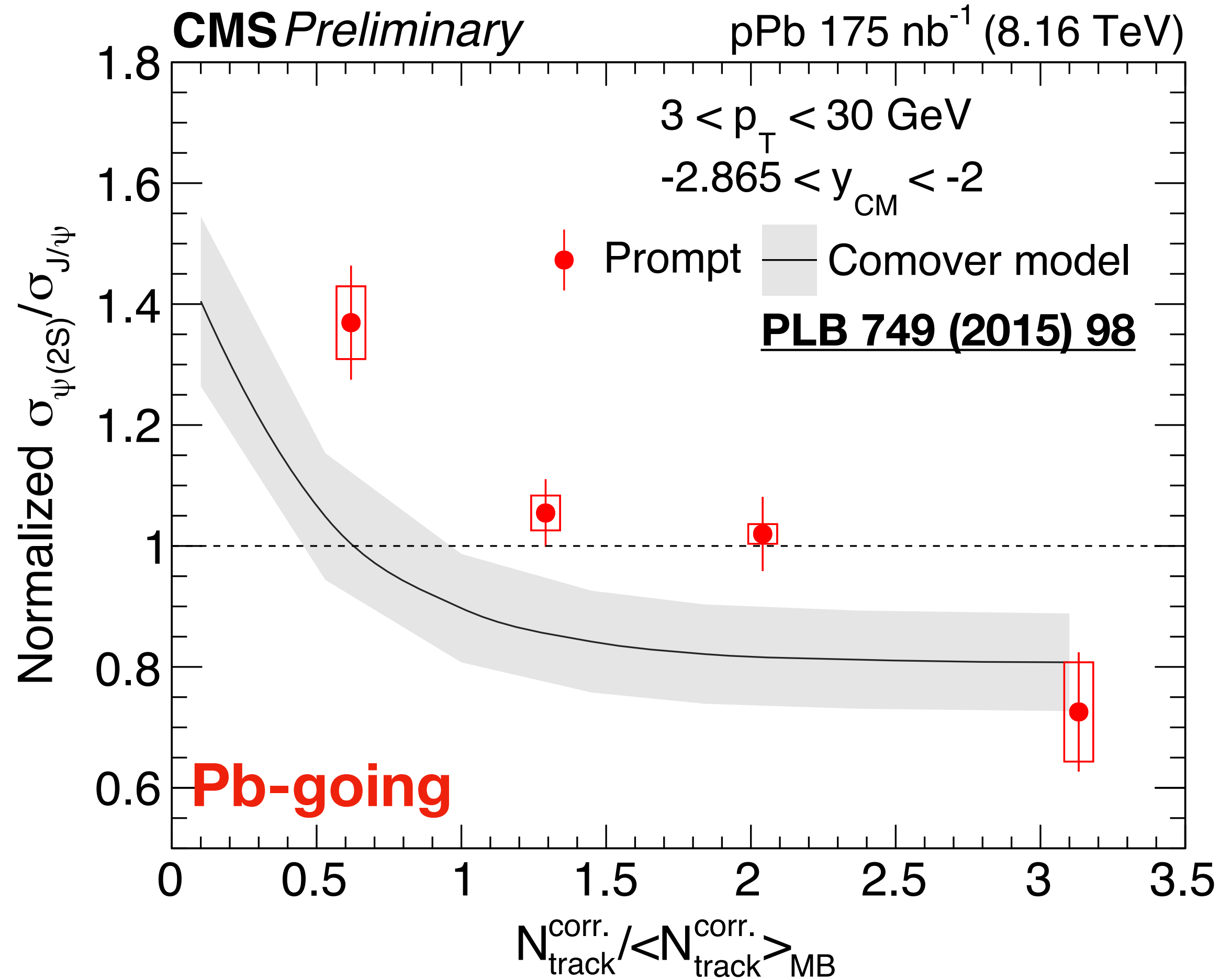
Comparison to Theory - midrapidities



- Theory predicts more suppression than data

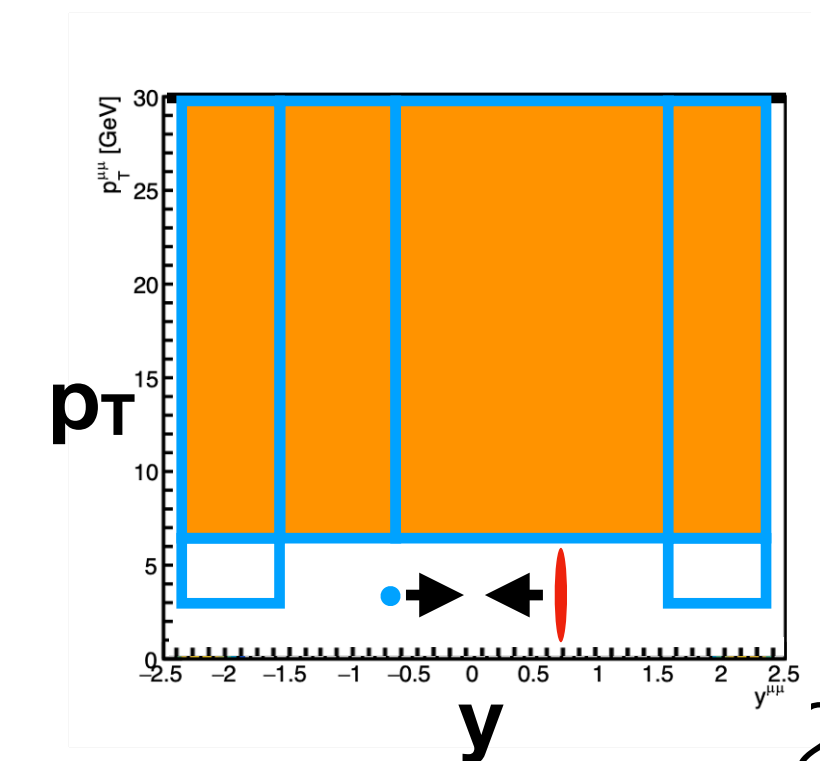
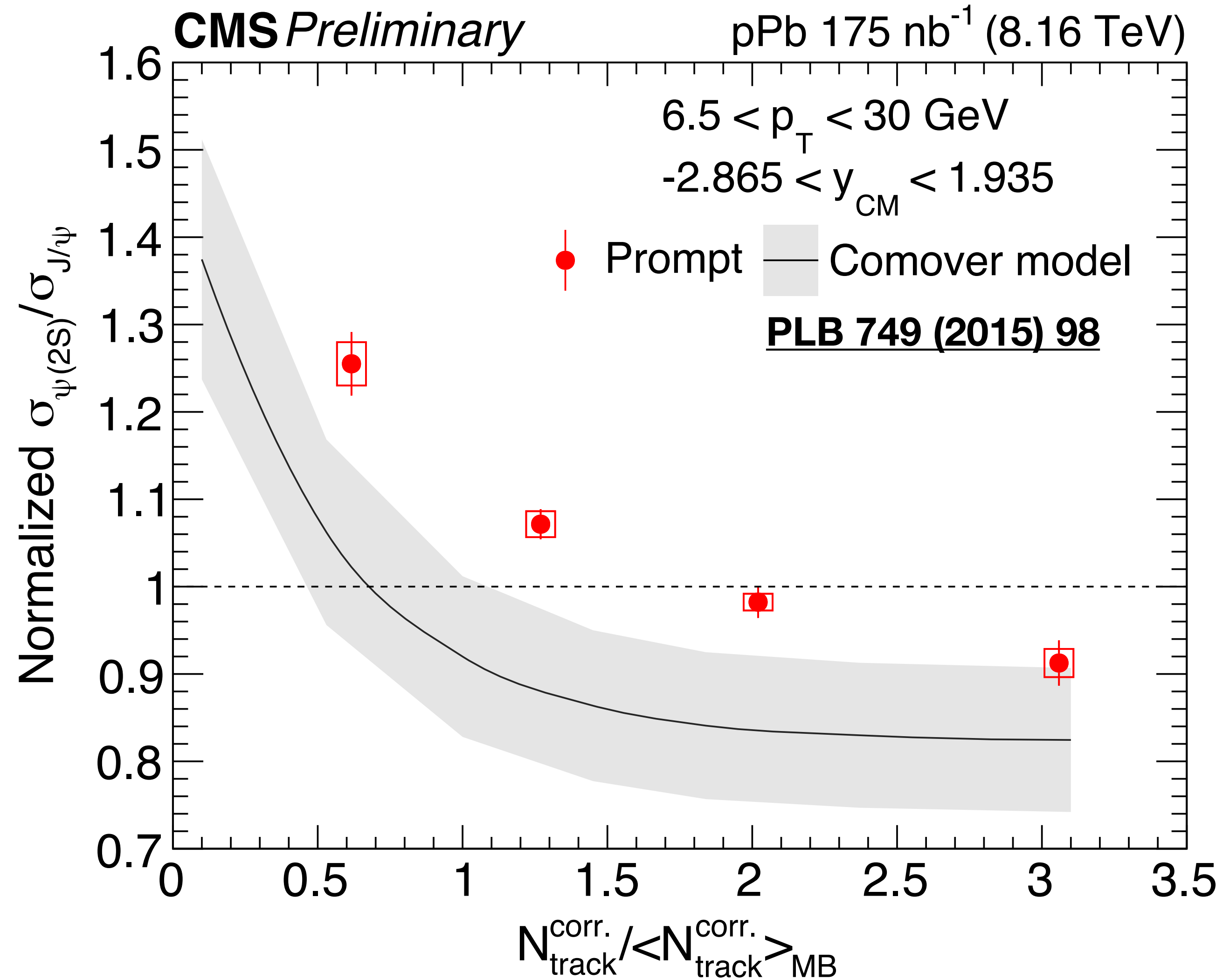


Comparison to Theory - with low p_T



- **Similar conclusions as with 6.5-30 GeV selection**

Comparison to Theory - inclusive



- Shape seems similar but scale of suppression is larger in model

13 TeV pp results

- Clear suppression of prompt charmonia vs N_{trk} observed by LHCb in pp
 - Supported by co-mover model
- ALICE data also suggestive of co-mover suppression but less clear

