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**中国科学院近代物理研究所**  
Institute of Modern Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences

# Measurements of global and local spin polarization of $\Lambda$ and $\bar{\Lambda}$ in Au+Au collisions from the RHIC Beam Energy Scan

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(for the STAR Collaboration)

科技部



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# Outline



➤ Introduction

➤ STAR Detector at RHIC

➤ Results and Discussions:

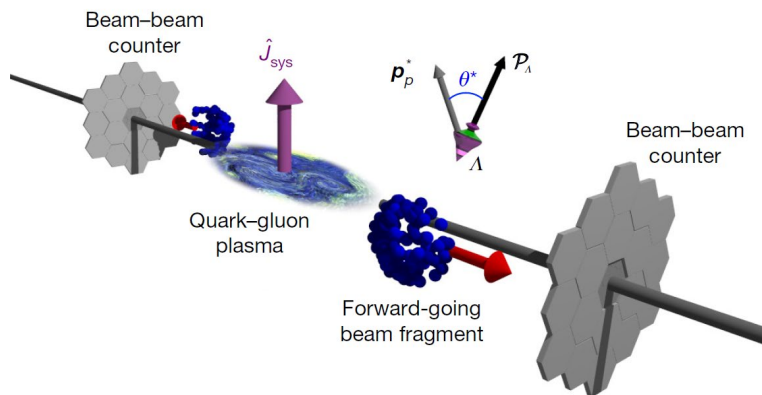
- Energy Dependence of Global Polarization:
- Energy Dependence of Local Polarization (in-plane and out-of-plane)
- First Study of Baryonic Spin Hall Effect

➤ Summary

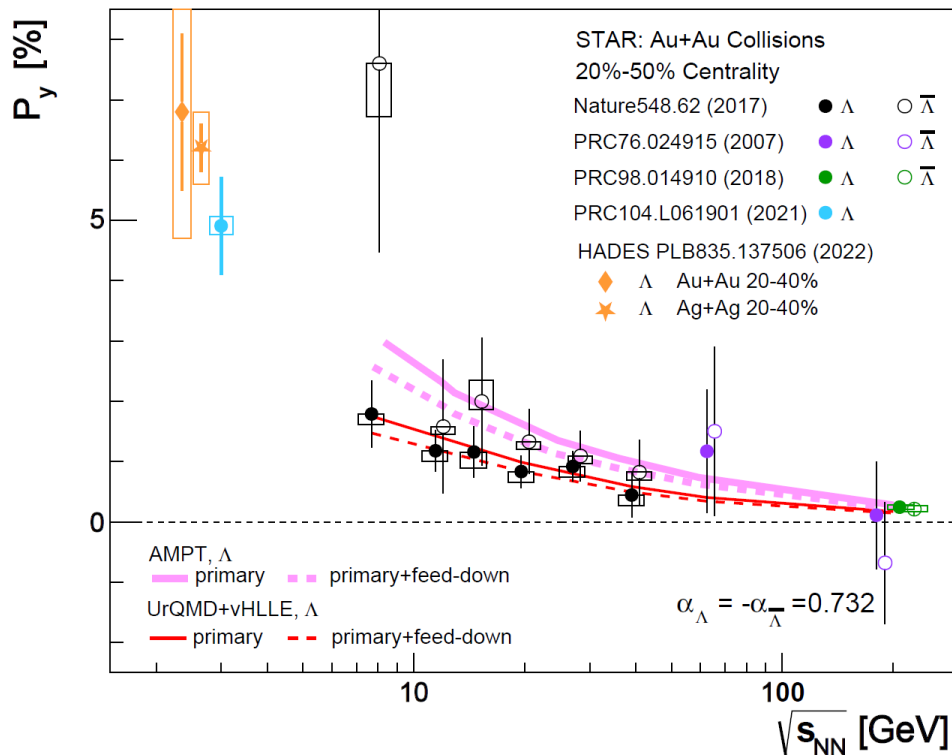


# Introduction

# Global Spin Polarization



STAR Collaboration, Nature 548 (62) (2017)



Sun Xu et al., Acta Phys. Sin. 72(7), 072401 (2023)

- ✓ 2005: prediction of the global polarization
- ✓ 2017: observation of the  $\Lambda$  global polarization

Z. –T. Liang and X. –N. Wang Phys. Rev. Lett. 94, 102301 (2005); erratum 96, 039901

$$P_y = \frac{8}{\pi\alpha_{\Lambda}} \frac{1}{R_{EP}^{(1)}} \langle \sin(\psi_1 - \phi_p^*) \rangle$$

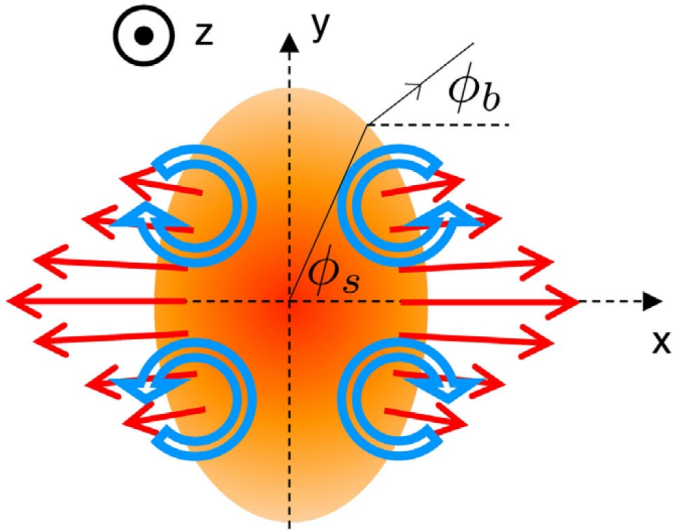
$\alpha_{\Lambda}$ :  $\Lambda$ 's decay parameter

$\psi_1$ : 1<sup>st</sup> order event-plane angle

$\phi_p^*$ : the azimuthal angle of the daughter proton in  $\Lambda$  rest frame

- Significant energy dependence in  $\Lambda$  global polarization
- Help to understand the vortical nature of the QCD matter
- Hints of splitting between  $\Lambda$  and  $\bar{\Lambda}$ , expected from late-stage magnetic field sustained by the QGP

# Local Spin Polarization



- Elliptic flow (stronger flow in-plane than out-of-plane) is expected to generate a longitudinal component of polarization ( $P_z$ )

$$P_z = \frac{\langle \cos\theta_p^* \rangle}{\alpha_H \langle (\cos\theta_p^*)^2 \rangle}$$

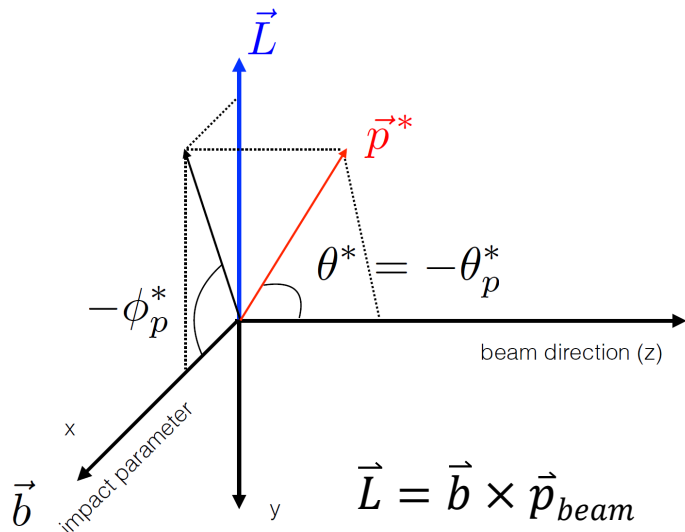
$$P_y = \frac{8}{\pi\alpha_\Lambda} \frac{1}{R_{EP}^{(1)}} \langle \sin(\psi_1 - \phi_p^*) \rangle$$

$\theta_p^*$ : polar angle

$\psi_1$ : the first-order event plane angle

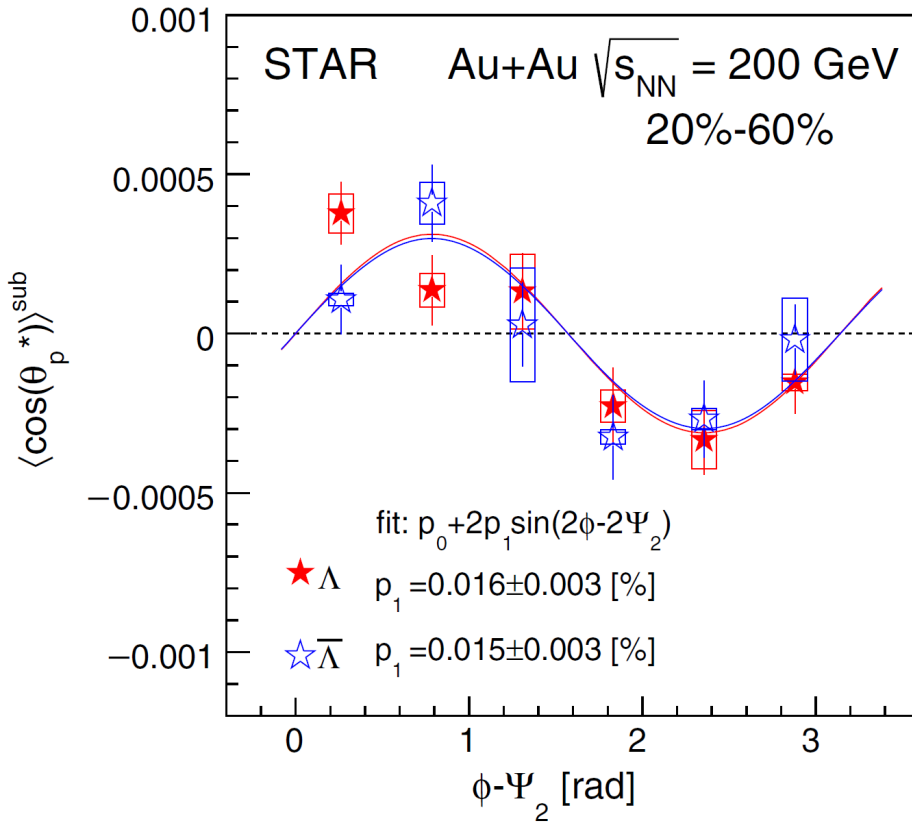
$\alpha_\Lambda$ : hyperon decay parameter

$R_{EP}^{(1)}$ : the first-order event plane resolution

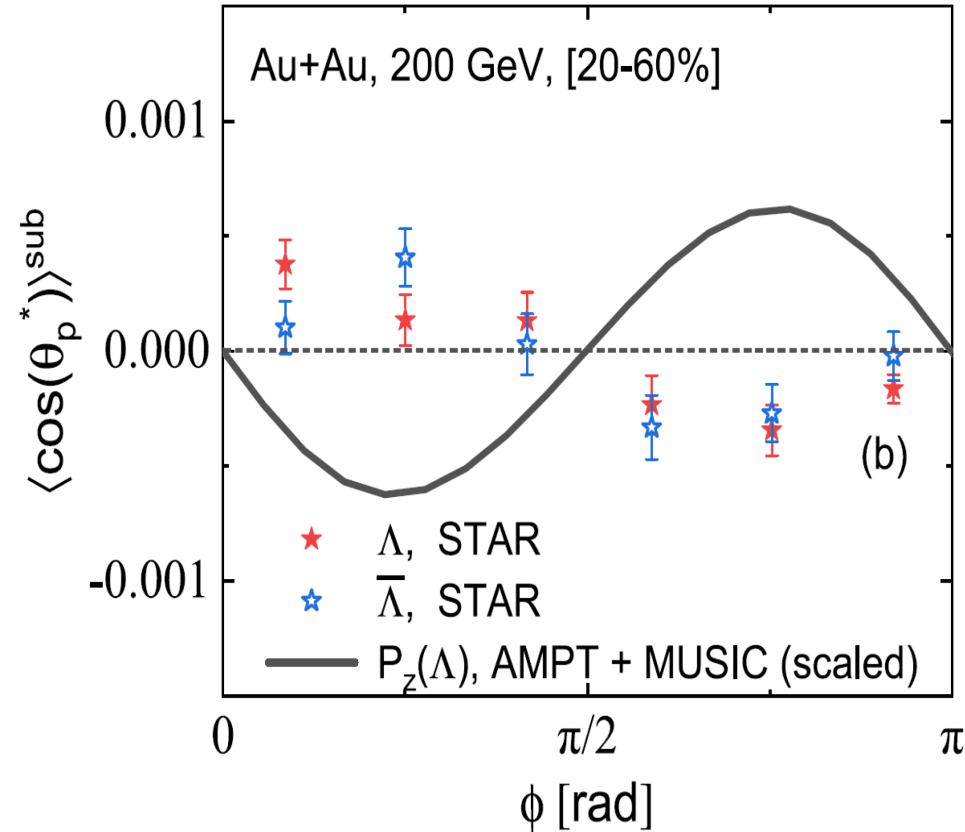


STAR, PRL 123,132301 (2019)

# Local Spin Polarization



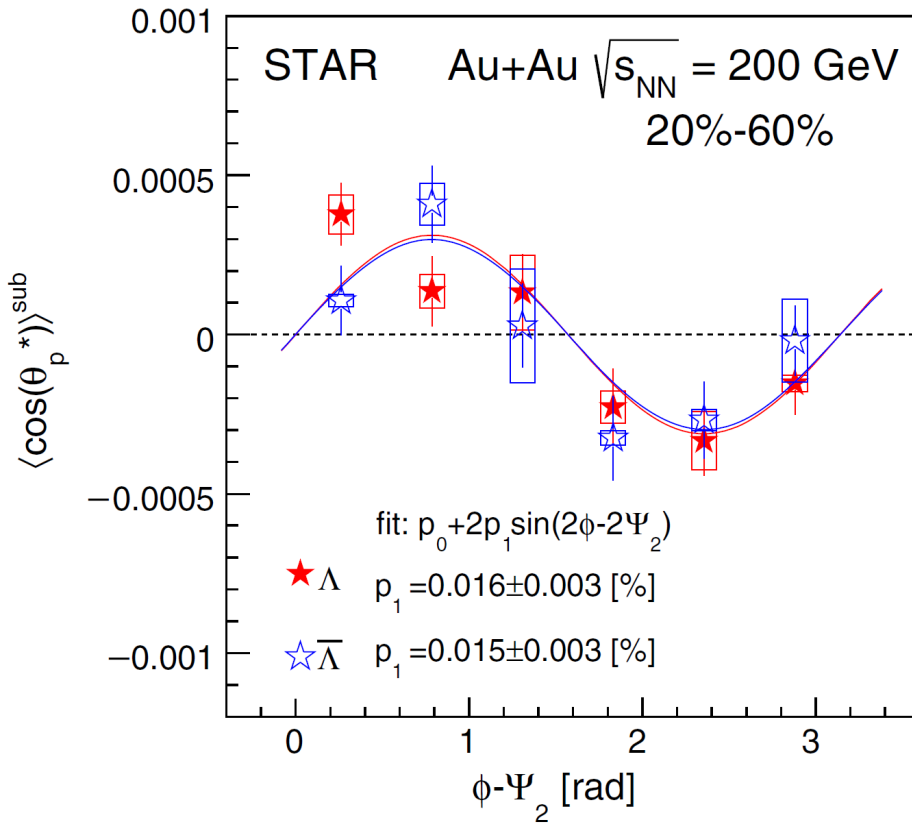
STAR, PRL 123,132301 (2019)



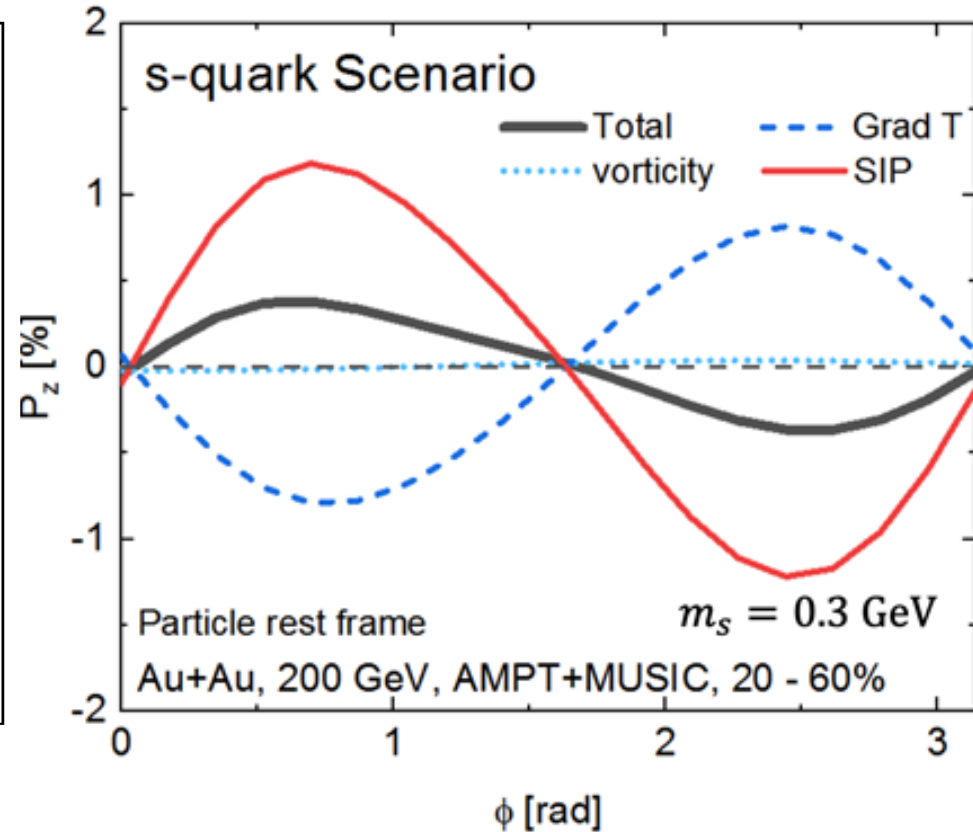
B Fu et al., PRC 103, 024903 (2021)

- Observation of local  $P_z$  in Au+Au collisions at 200 GeV
- Many models fail to capture the trend with the proper sign

# Local Spin Polarization



STAR, PRL 123,132301 (2019)



Total: Vorticity + Grad T + **SIP**

B. Fu, S. Liu et al. PRL 127, 142301 (2021)

F. Becattini et al. PRL 127, 272302 (2021)

- New developments, Shear Induced Polarization (**SIP**) may capture the trend
- Local polarization to be measured in BES

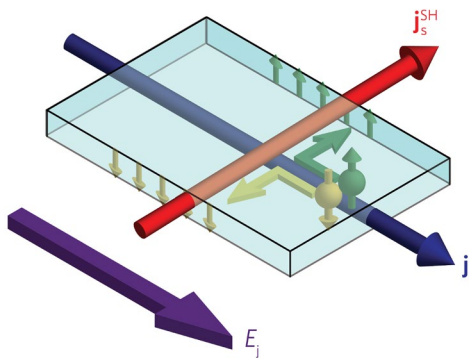
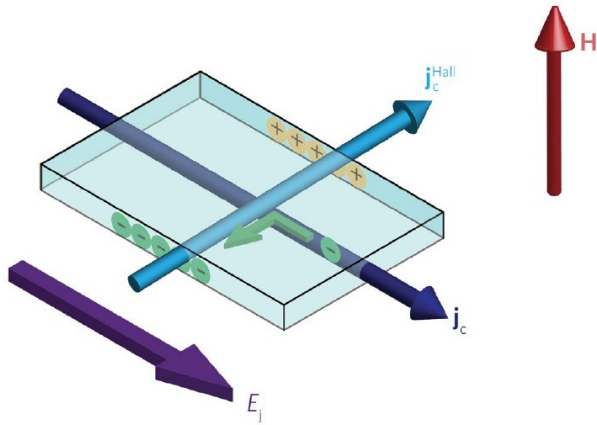
# What is Spin Hall Effect ?



Edwin Herbert Hall (1855-1938)

Mikhail I. Dyakonov

Vladimir I. Perel



HE: charge imbalance (1879)

SHE: spin imbalance (2004)

S. Meyer et al., Nature Materials, 2017

## Spin Hall Effect

1971: predicted by Mikhail I. Dyakonov and Vladimir I. Perel

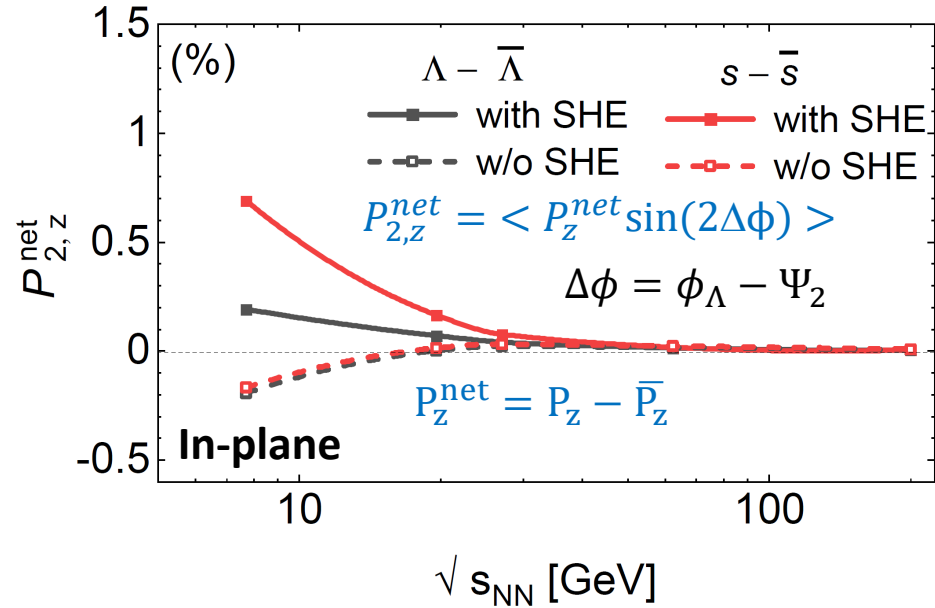
30 years later, it was observed in semiconductors (Y. K. Kato et al., Science 306,1910(2004))

“Spin-orbit” interaction

$$P \propto \pm p \times E$$

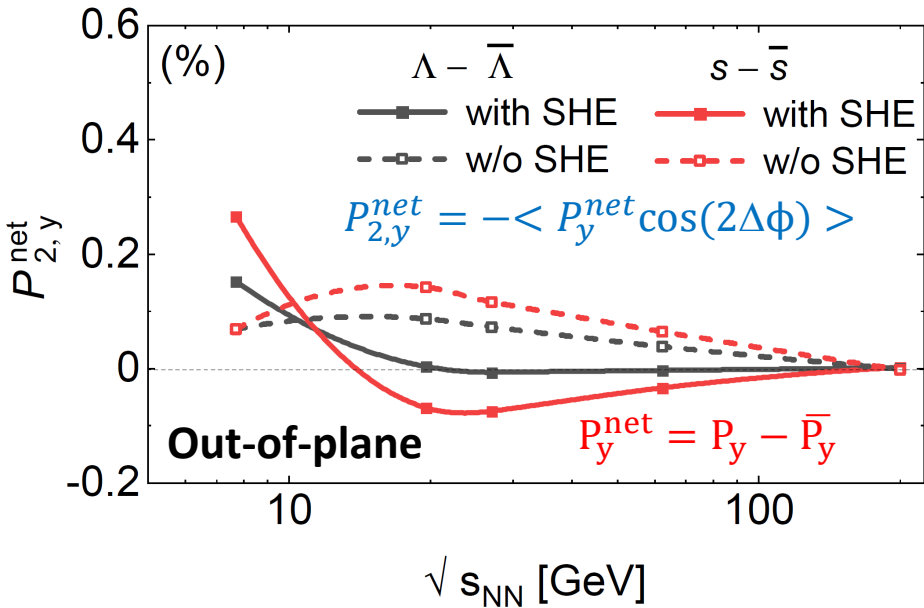


# Baryonic Spin Hall Effect



$$P \propto \pm p \times \nabla \mu_B$$

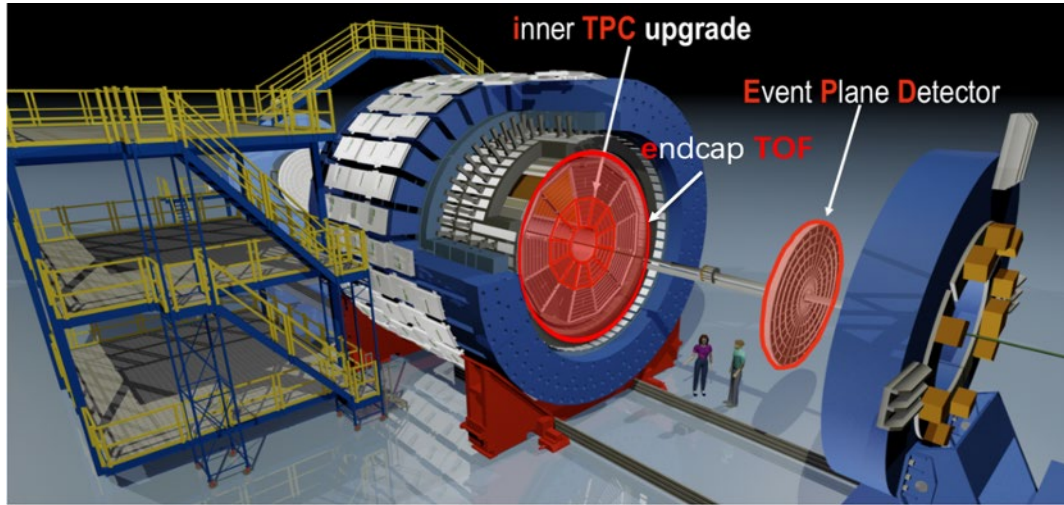
- Sign of  $P_{2,z}^{net}$  is opposite with and without SHE at BES energies



**In heavy-ion collisions:**  
**New proposal of probing spin Hall effect driven by baryon chemical potential gradient ( $\nabla \mu_B$ ) via local  $\Lambda$  polarization**

S. Y. F. Liu, Phys.Rev.D 104 , 054043 (2021)  
 B. Fu, S. Liu et al. PRL 127, 142301 (2021)  
 B. Fu et al., arXiv:2201.12970v1

# The STAR Detector



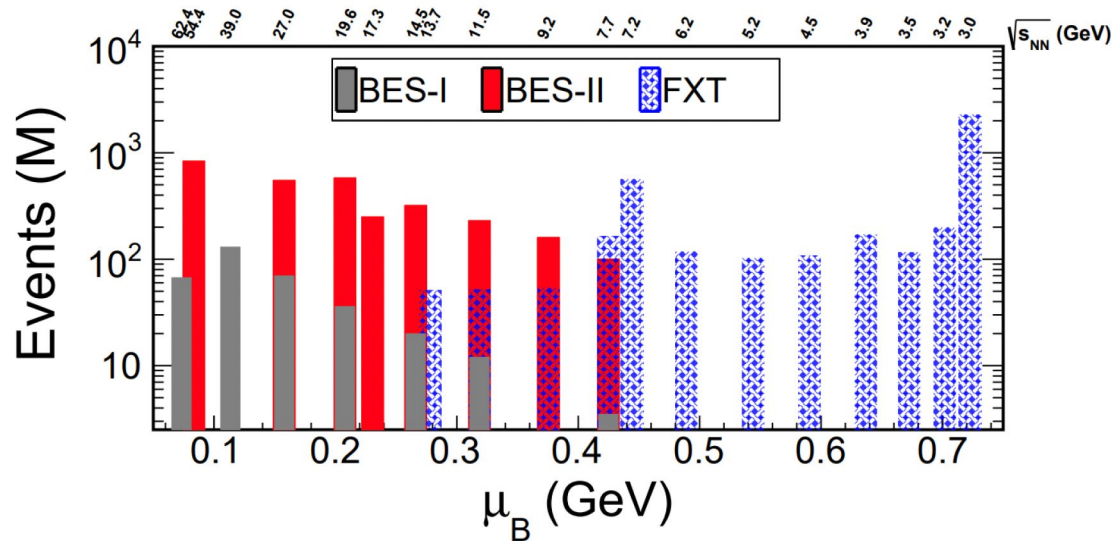
STAR Collaboration, Nature 548 (62) 2017

TPC: **T**ime **P**rojection **C**hamber (PID & Event plane reconstruction)

TOF: **T**ime **O**f **F**light  $\rightarrow$  PID

EPD: **E**vent **P**lane **D**etector (Event plane reconstruction),  $|\eta| \in [2.1, 5.1]$

BES-I (2010-2017) and BES-II (2018-2021) statistics



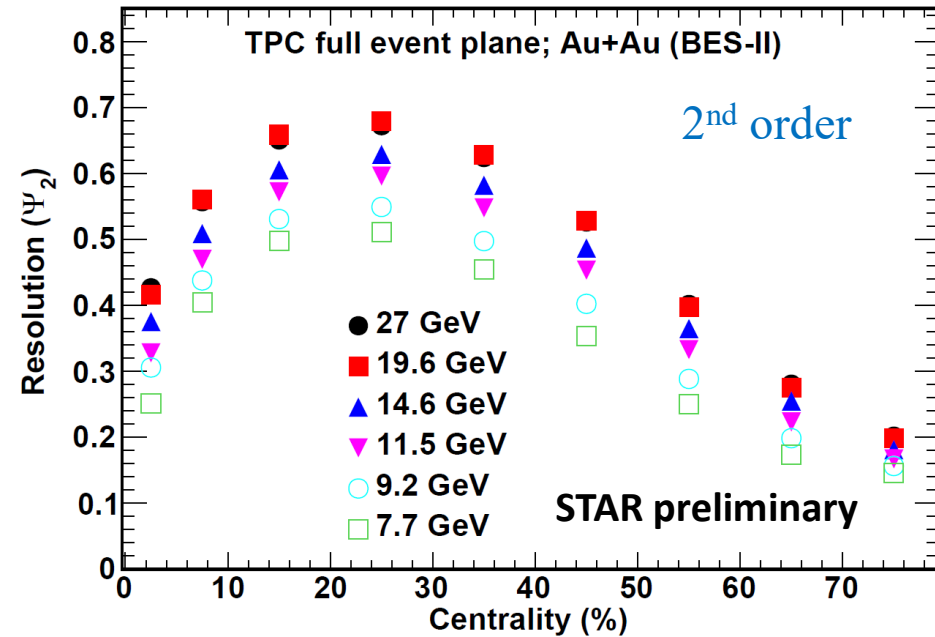
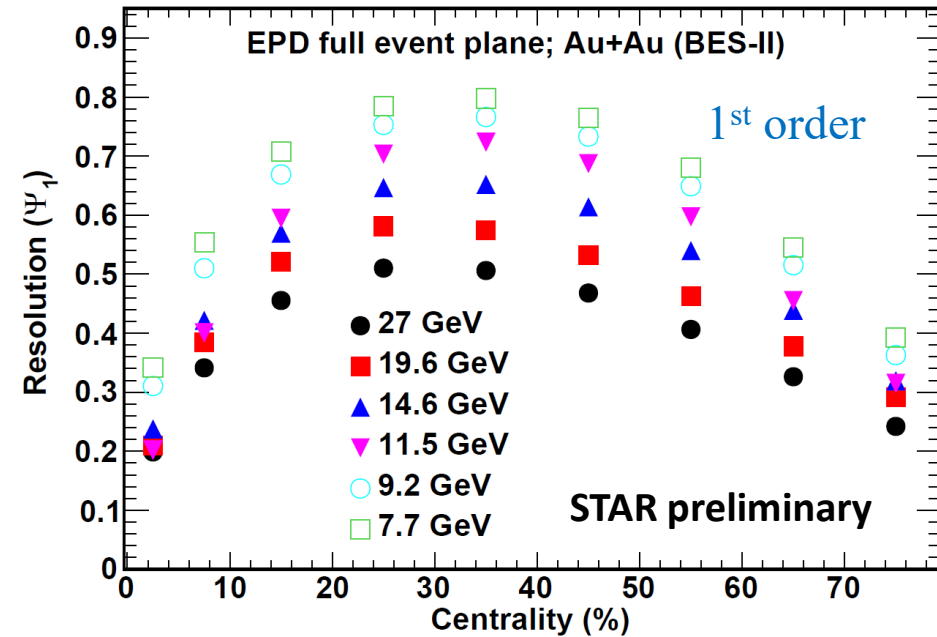
**High statistics from BES-II**

$\rightarrow$  opportunity to measure polarization of  $\Lambda$  precisely

$\rightarrow$  probe the polarization splitting between  $\Lambda$  and  $\bar{\Lambda}$  with high precision

# Results of $\Lambda$ polarization

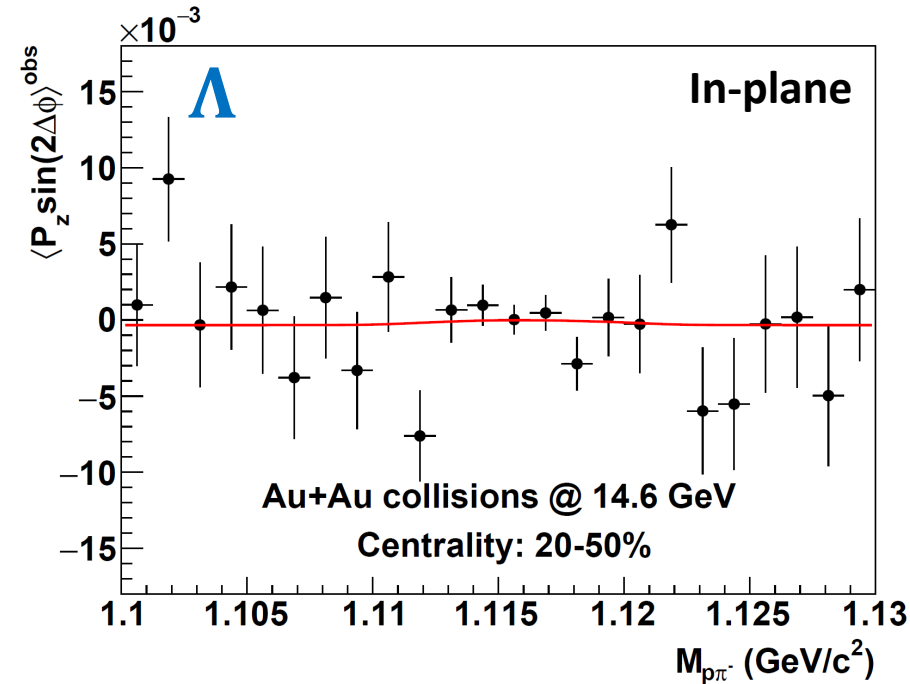
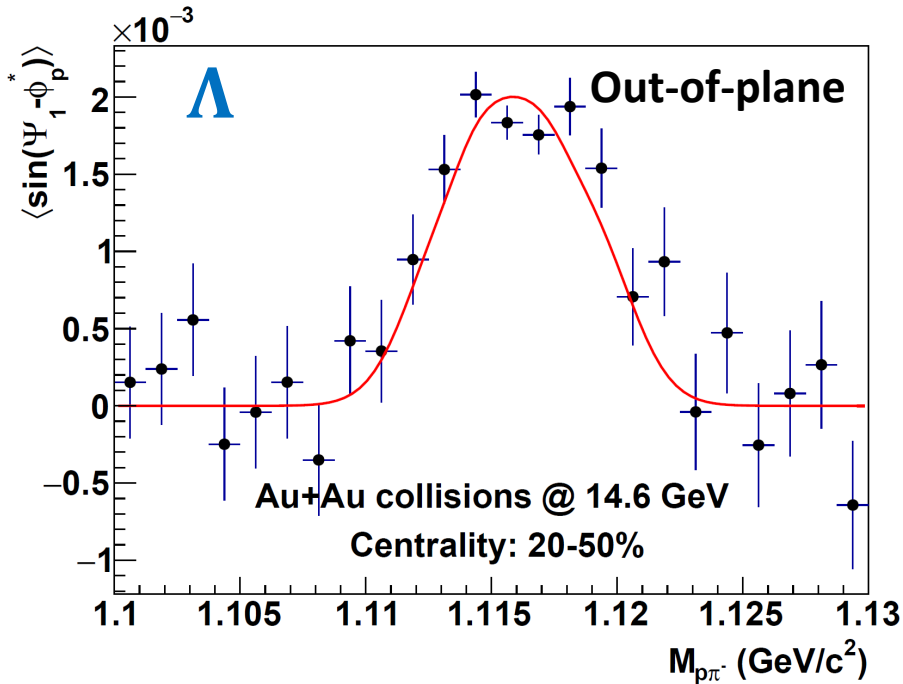
# Event Plane Resolution



## EPD (BES-II)

About a factor of 1.5 increase in event plane resolution compared to previously used BBC detector (BES-I)

# Polarization Extraction



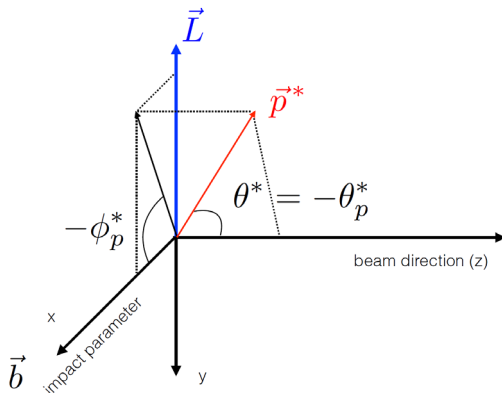
$$P_y = \frac{8}{\pi \alpha_\Lambda} \frac{1}{R_{EP}^{(1)}} \langle \sin(\psi_1 - \phi_p^*) \rangle$$

$$\langle P_z \sin(2(\phi_\Lambda - \psi_2)) \rangle^{obs}$$

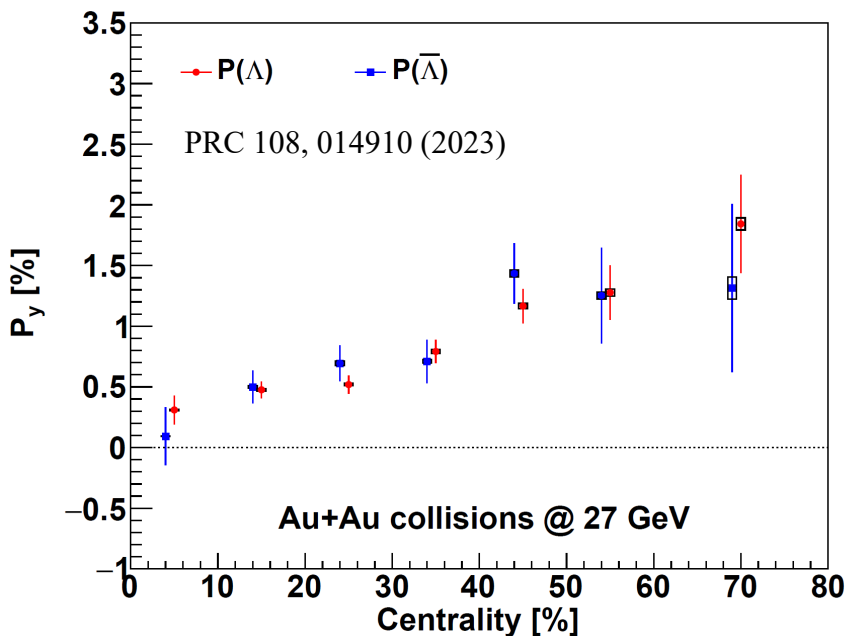
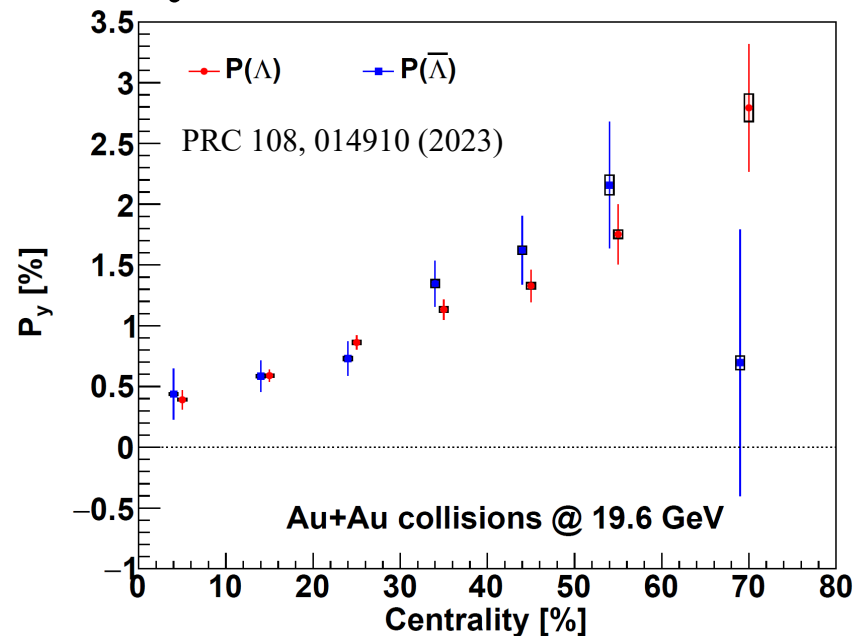
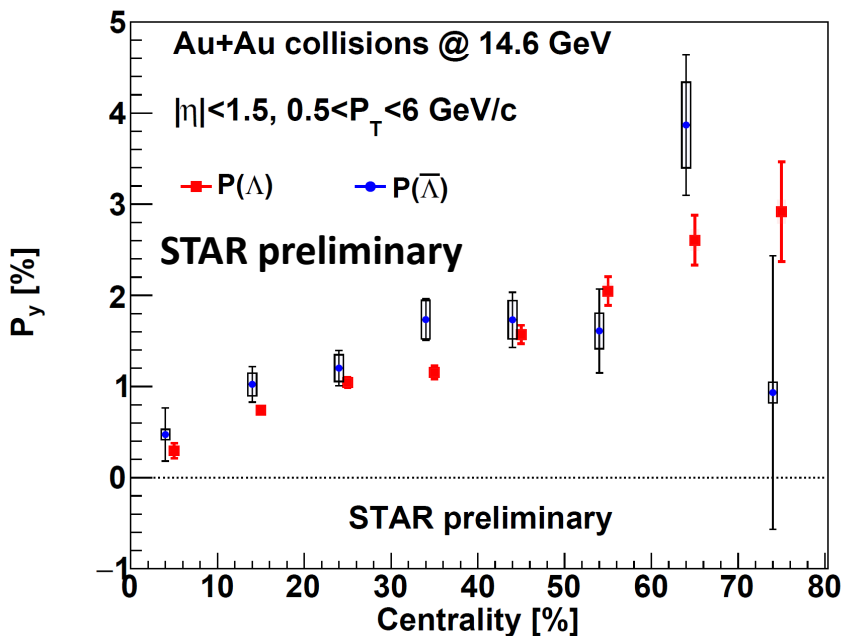
$$= (1 - f^{Bg}(M_{inv})) \langle P_z \sin(2(\phi_\Lambda - \psi_2)) \rangle^{Sg} + f^{Bg}(M_{inv}) \langle P_z \sin(2(\phi_\Lambda - \psi_2)) \rangle^{Bg}$$

$\phi_p^*$ : azimuthal angle of the daughter (anti)proton in  $\Lambda$ 's rest frame

$$\Delta\phi = \phi_\Lambda - \psi_2$$



# Global Polarization $P_y$ vs Centrality

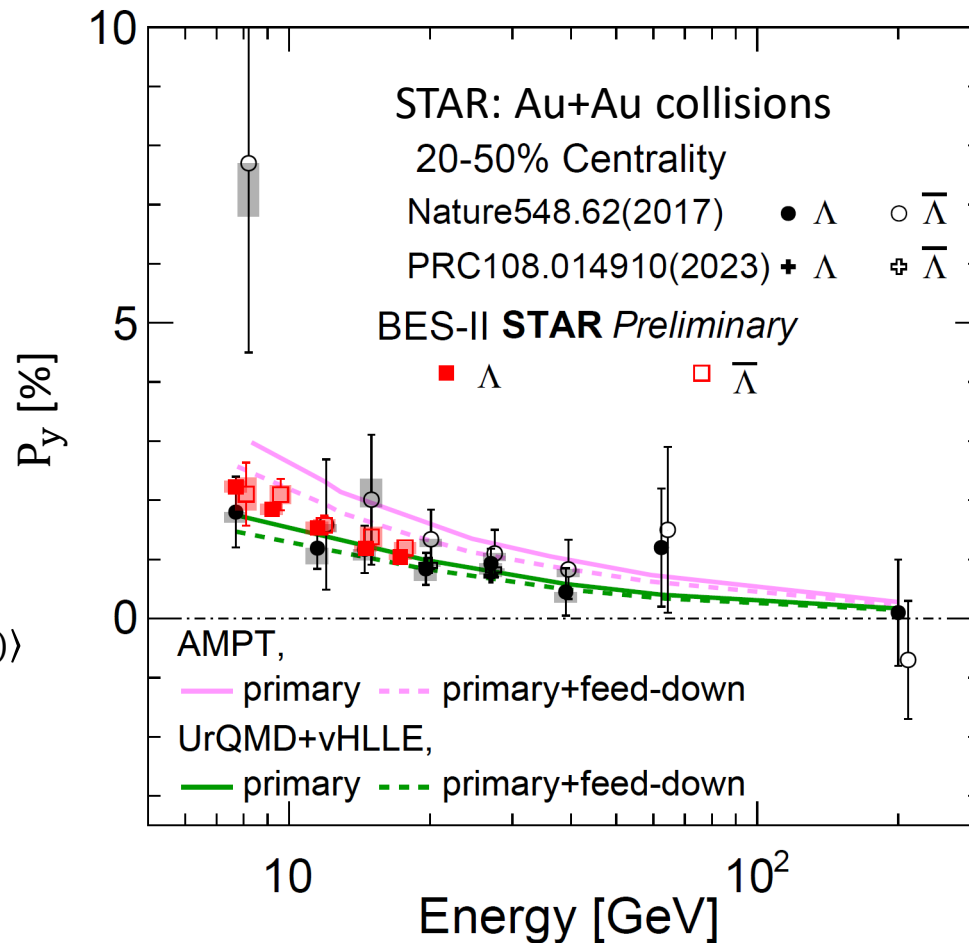


- Clear centrality dependence of global polarization of  $\Lambda$  and  $\bar{\Lambda}$  are observed
- Trend consistent with expectation from vorticity

# Global Polarization $P_y$ vs Energy



$$P_y = \frac{8}{\pi\alpha_\Lambda} \frac{1}{R_{EP}^{(1)}} \langle \sin(\psi_1 - \phi_p^*) \rangle$$

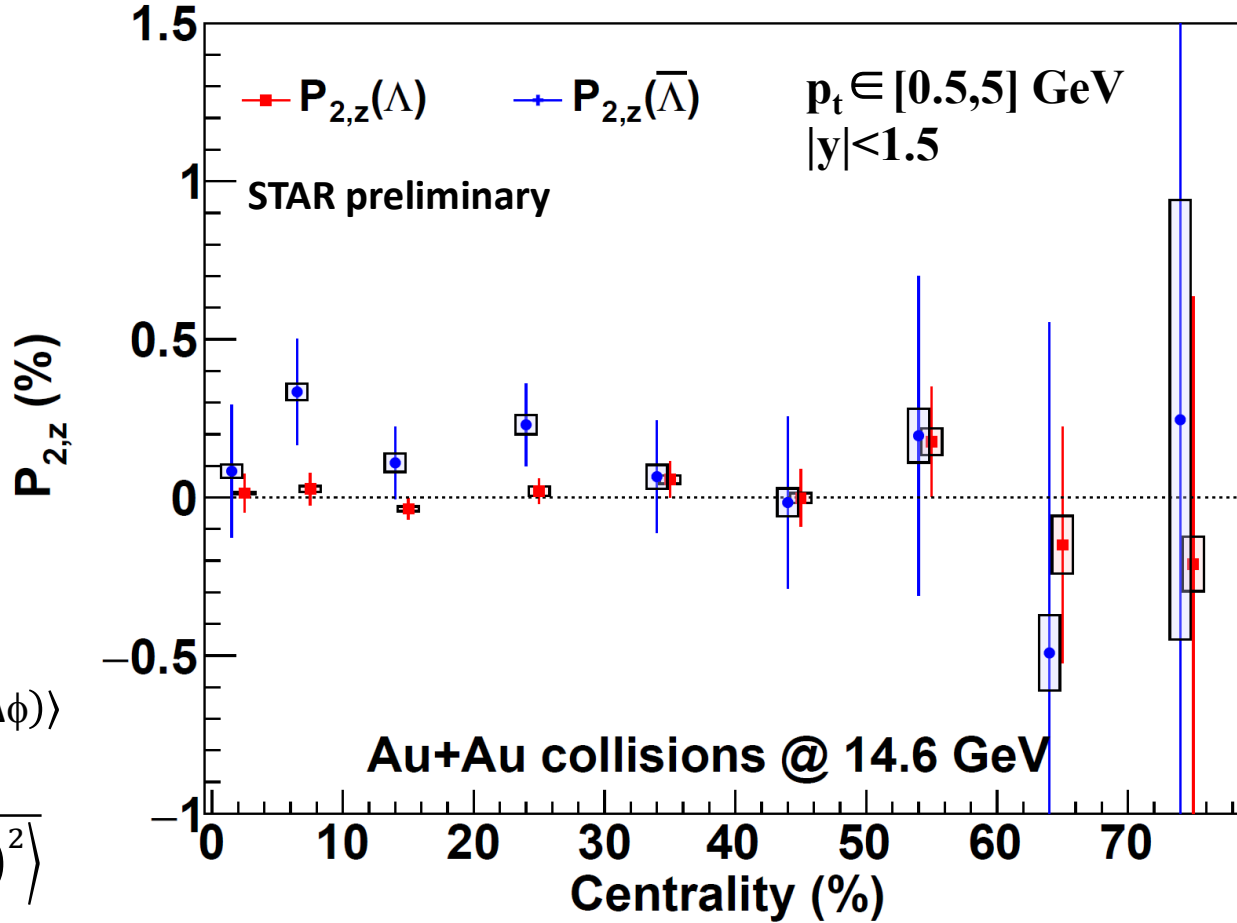


- Significant global polarization of  $\Lambda$  and  $\bar{\Lambda}$  are observed
- Results from BES-II and BES-I are consistent within uncertainties (reduction of errors by about a factor of 5)





# $\Lambda$ 's Local Polarization $P_{2,z}$ vs Centrality



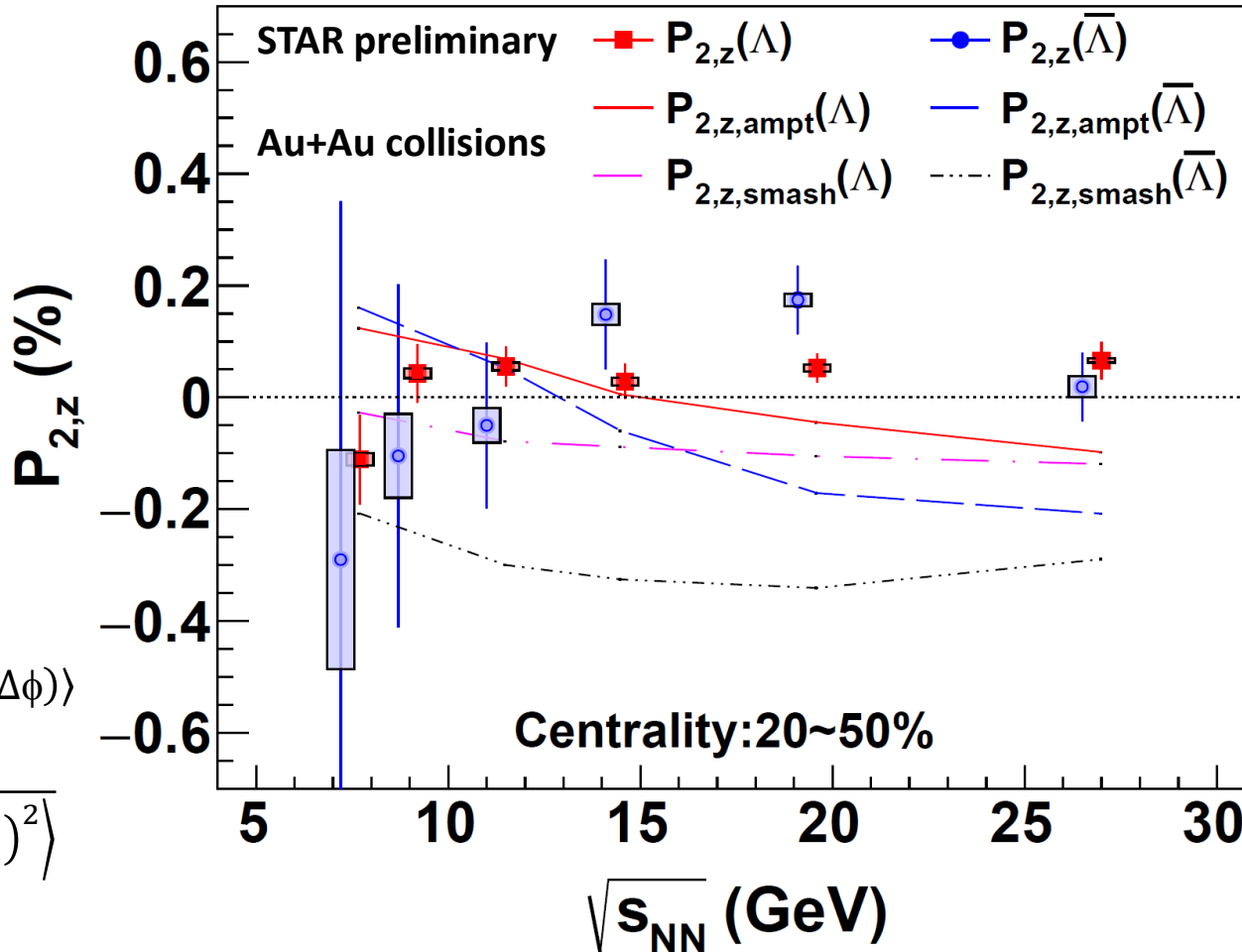
$$P_{2,z} = \langle P_z \sin(2\Delta\phi) \rangle$$

$$P_z = \frac{\langle \cos\theta_p^* \rangle}{\alpha_\Lambda \langle (\cos\theta_p^*)^2 \rangle}$$

$$\Delta\phi = \phi_\Lambda - \psi_2$$

- No significant centrality dependence of  $P_{2,z}$  within uncertainties

# $\Lambda$ 's Local Polarization $P_{2,z}$ vs Energy



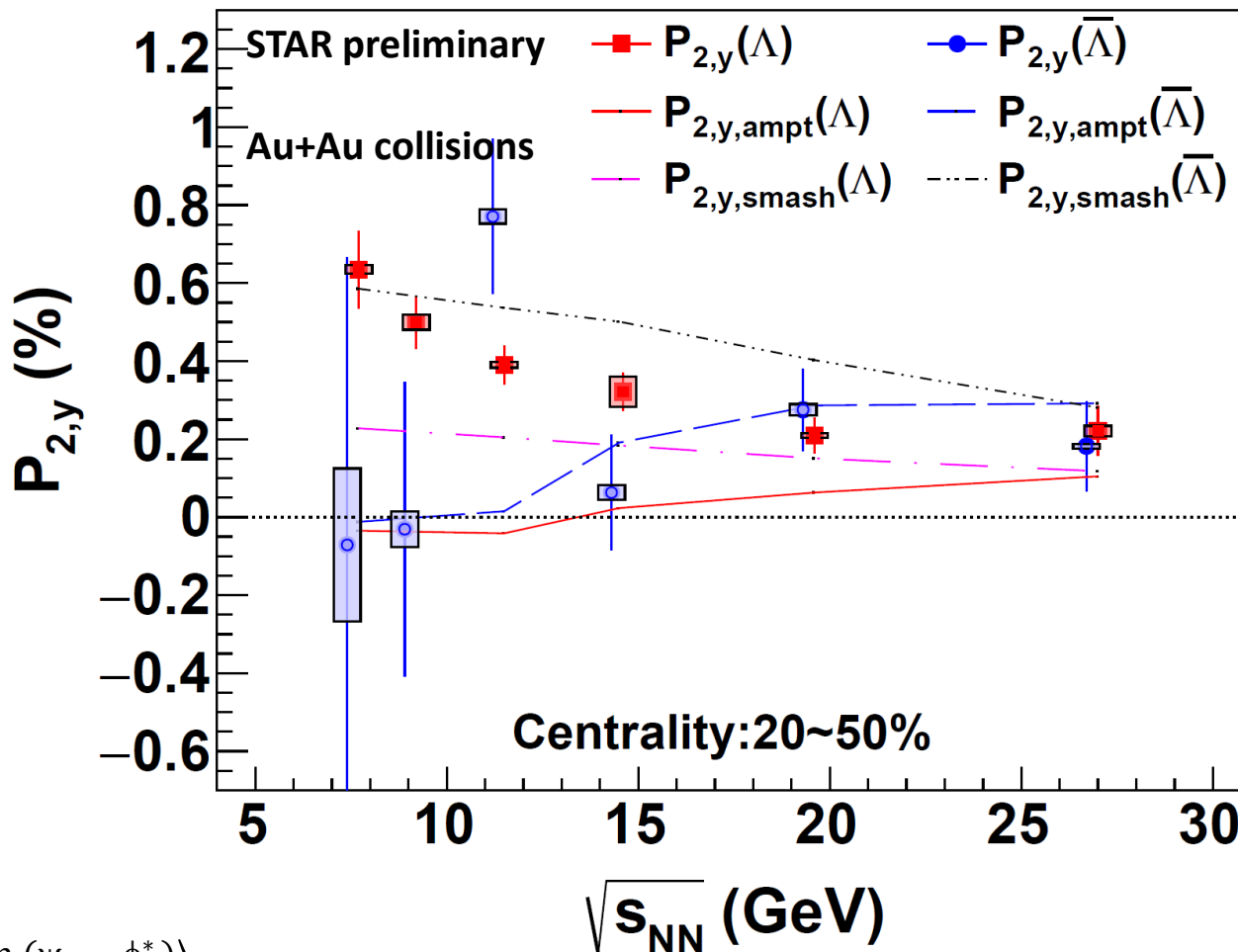
$$P_{2,z} = \langle P_z \sin(2\Delta\phi) \rangle$$

$$P_z = \frac{\langle \cos\theta_p^* \rangle}{\alpha_\Lambda \langle (\cos\theta_p^*)^2 \rangle}$$

$$\Delta\phi = \phi_\Lambda - \psi_2$$

- Hints of sign change of  $P_{2,z}$  at 7.7 GeV, baryon diffusion with  $\Lambda$ -scenario predicts sign change opposite to data
- Measurements at lower energies underway

# $\Lambda$ 's Local Polarization $P_{2,y}$ vs Energy



$$P_y = \frac{8}{\pi\alpha_\Lambda} \frac{1}{R_{EP}^{(1)}} \langle \sin(\psi_1 - \phi_p^*) \rangle$$

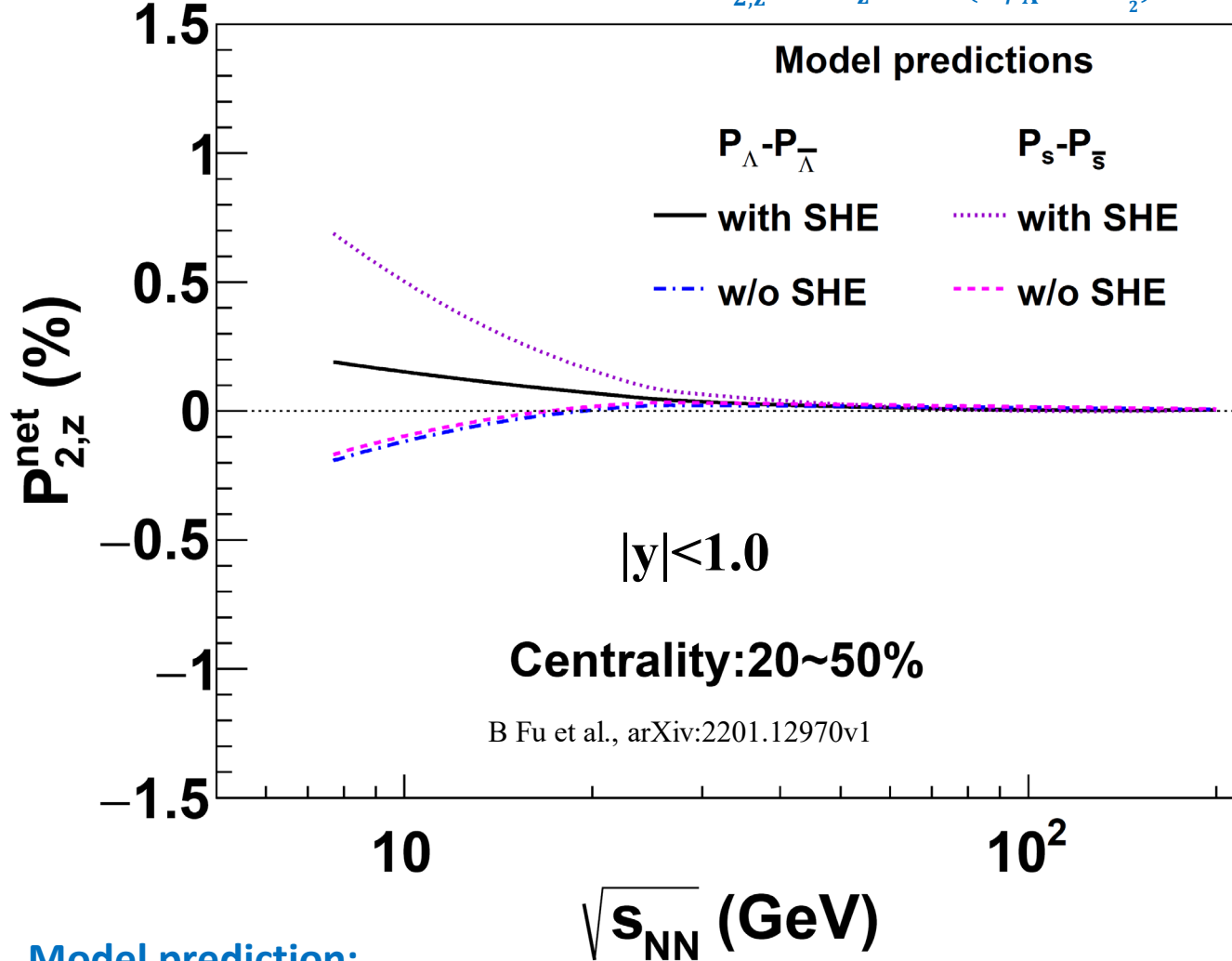
$$P_{2,y} = \langle P_y \cos(2\Delta\phi) \rangle$$

$$\Delta\phi = \phi_\Lambda - \psi_2$$

- $\Lambda$  shows monotonic increase with decrease in energy
- Current models can not depict the results properly

# Baryonic SHE

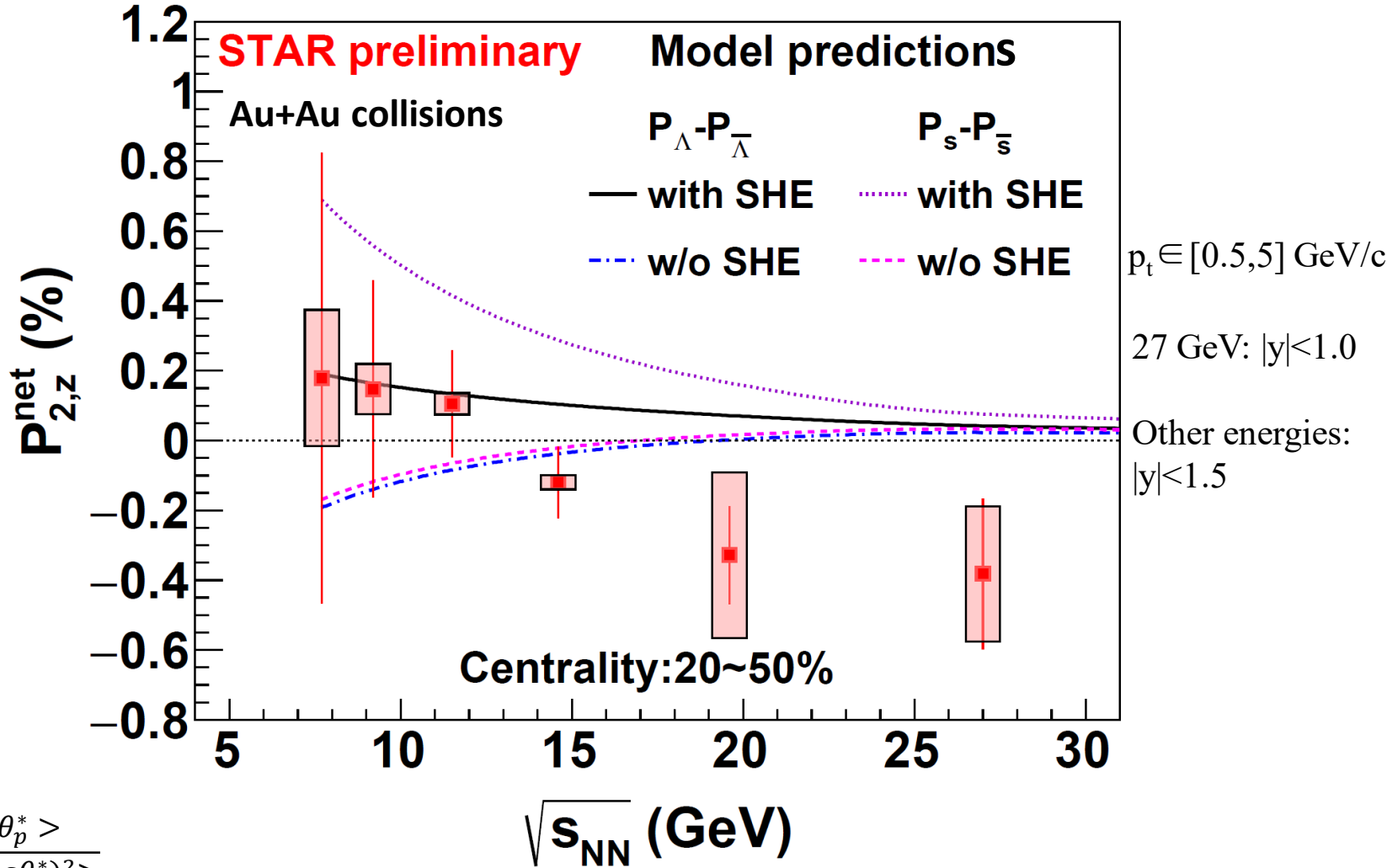
$$P_{2,z}^{net} = \langle P_z^{\Lambda-\bar{\Lambda}} \sin(2\phi_{\Lambda} - 2\Psi_2) \rangle$$



## Model prediction:

- Monotonic energy dependence of net local polarization of  $P_{2,z}^{net}$
- SHE may change the sign of  $P_{2,z}^{net}$  at high baryon density region

# Baryonic SHE



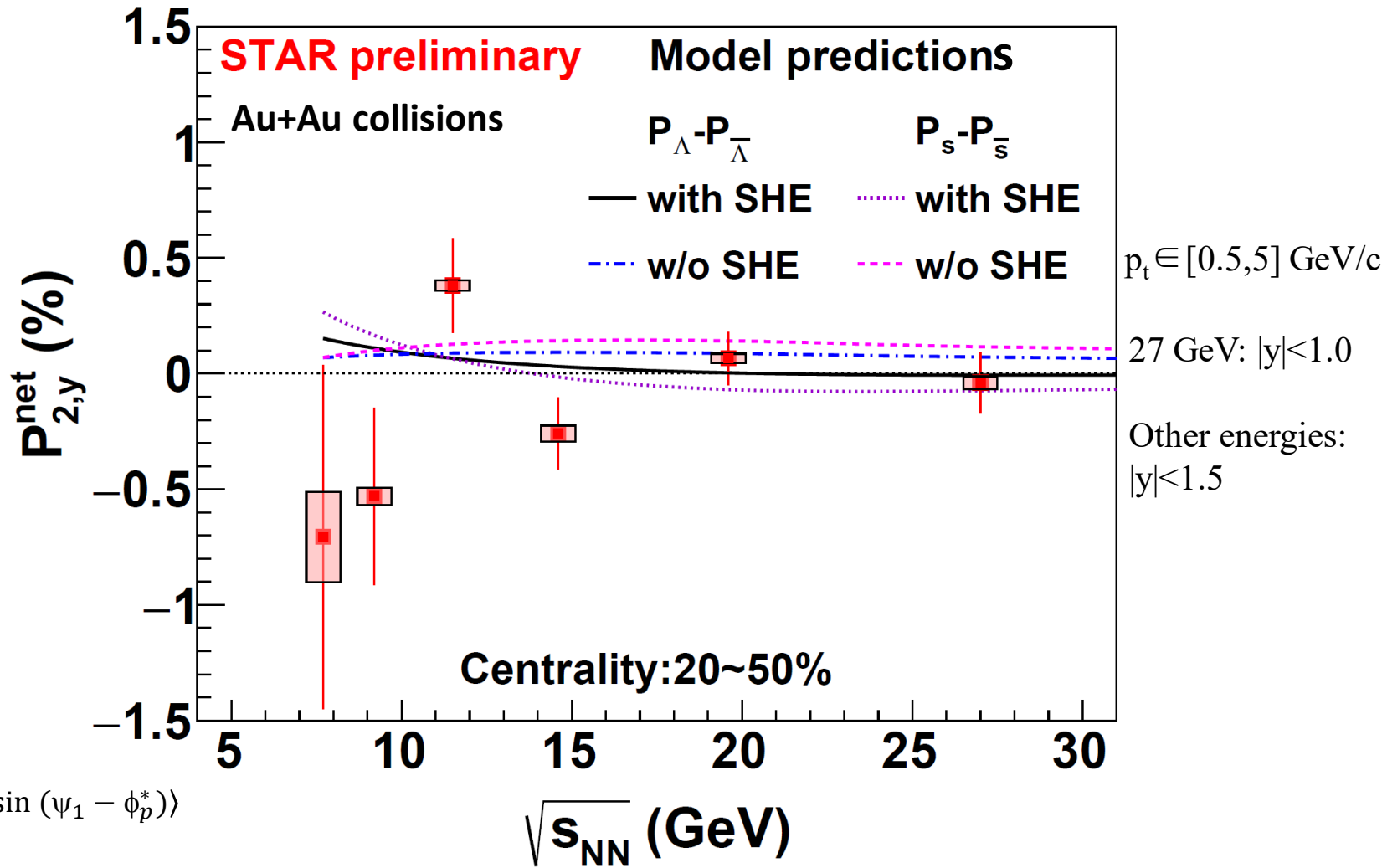
$$P_z = \frac{\langle \cos\theta_p^* \rangle}{\alpha_H \langle (\cos\theta_p^*)^2 \rangle}$$

$$P_z^{\text{net}} = P_z(\Lambda) - P_z(\bar{\Lambda})$$

$$P_{2,z}^{\text{net}} = \langle P_z^{\text{net}} \sin(2\Delta\phi) \rangle$$

• Hints of sign change with decreasing energy

# Baryonic SHE



$$P_y = \frac{8}{\pi\alpha_{\Lambda}} \frac{1}{R_{EP}^{(1)}} \langle \sin(\psi_1 - \phi_p^*) \rangle$$

$$P_y^{\text{net}} = P_y(\Lambda) - P_y(\bar{\Lambda})$$

$$P_{2,y}^{\text{net}} = -\langle P_y^{\text{net}} \cos(2\Delta\phi) \rangle$$

• Hints of sign change with decreasing energy

# Summary



- ✓ **Global polarization** of  $\Lambda$  and  $\bar{\Lambda}$  in Au+Au collisions at 7.7, 9.2, 11.5, 14.6 GeV (BES-II)
  - Global polarization of  $\Lambda$  and  $\bar{\Lambda}$  may be unaffected by the magnetic field
- ✓ **Local polarization** of  $\Lambda$  and  $\bar{\Lambda}$  in Au+Au collisions at 7.7, 9.2, 11.5, 14.6, 19.6, 27 GeV (BES-II)
  - Hints of sign change of  $P_{2,z}$  at 7.7 GeV is observed
  - Monotonic energy dependence in  $P_{2,y}$  of  $\Lambda$  with the decreasing energy
- ✓ **Baryonic SHE**
  - First study of baryonic spin Hall effect by measuring net local polarization  $P_{2,z(y)}^{net}$  in Au+Au from 7.7 to 27 GeV
  - Hints of sign change of  $P_{2,z(y)}^{net}$
  - **Analysis of Au+Au collisions at lower energies underway**

*Thank you for your attention !*