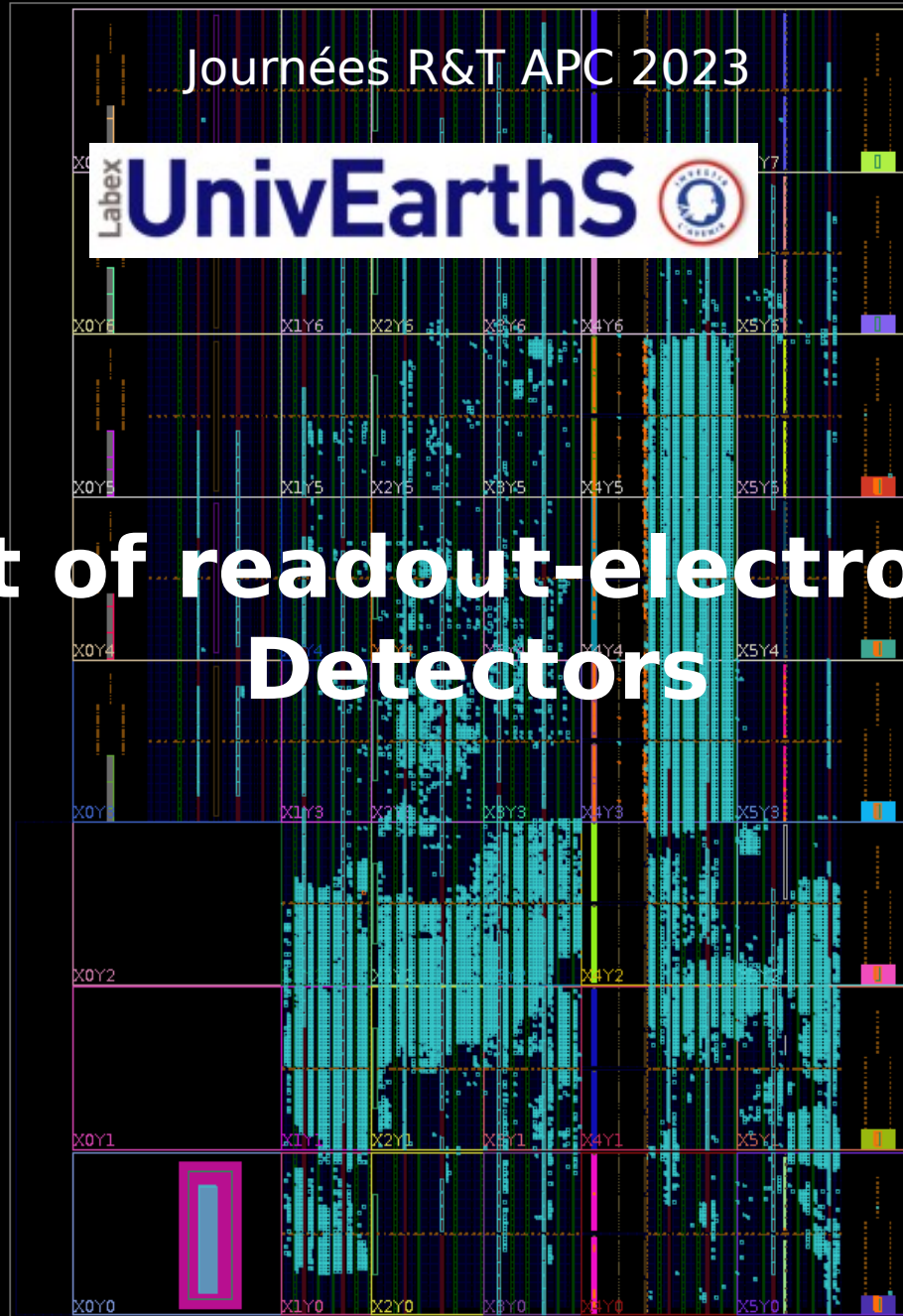


Journées R&T APC 2023



Development of readout-electronic for NGKID Detectors



Michel Piat - Jie Hu -
Beng Ky* - Jean Lesrel -
Guy Monier

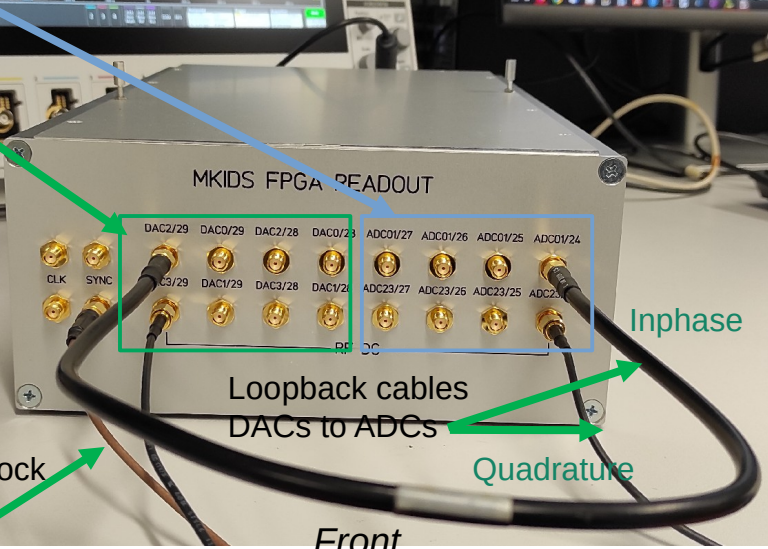
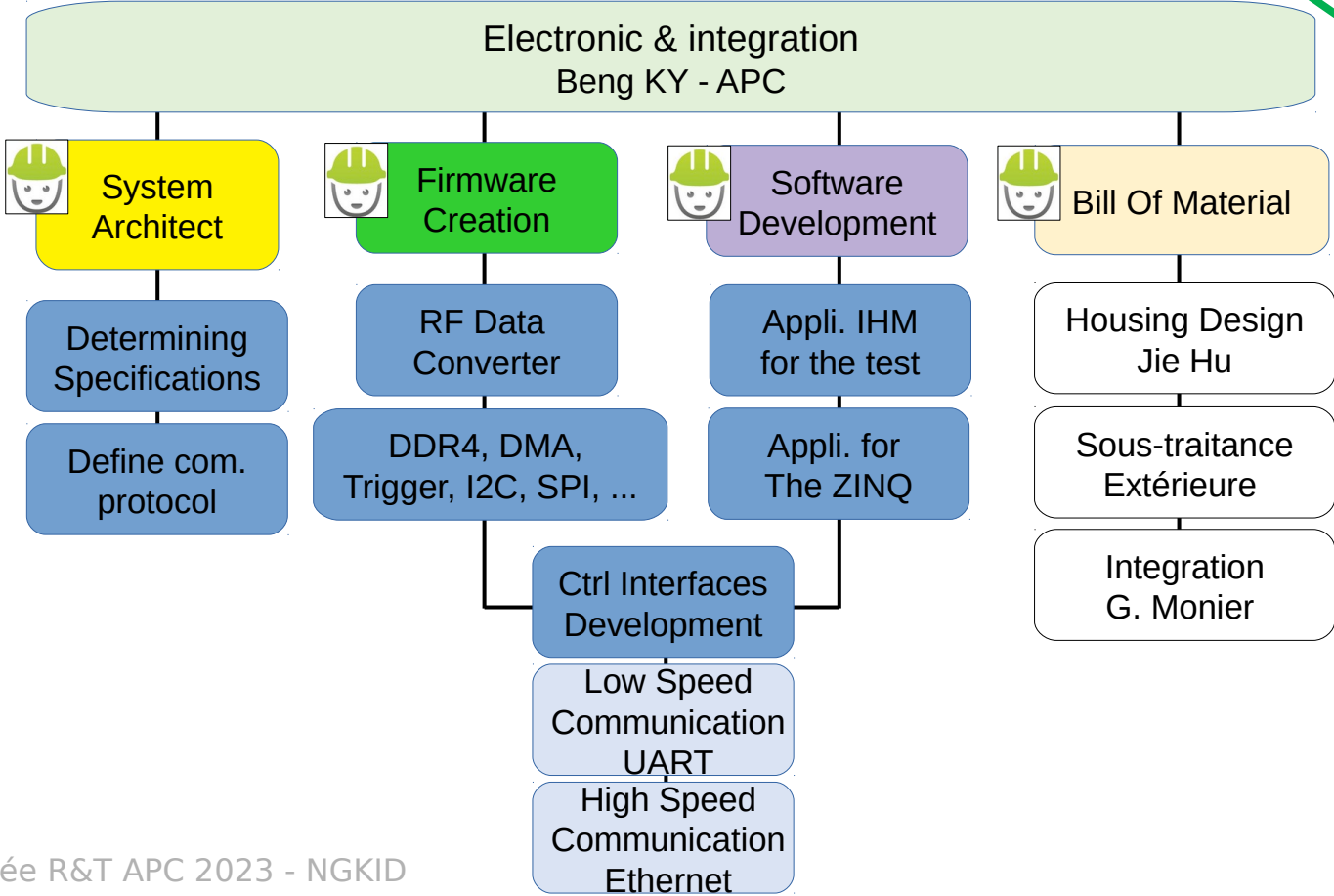
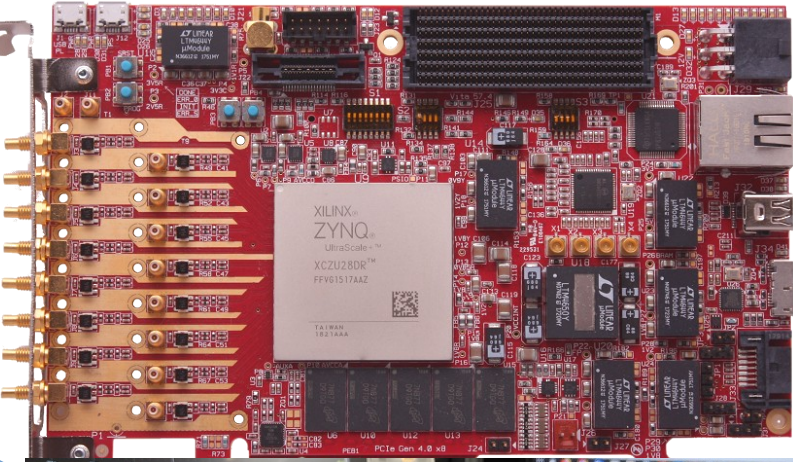
Implication technique de l'APC et principaux défis (1)

WP3: KIDs readout electronics

FPGA board HTG-ZRF8 from HitechGlobal

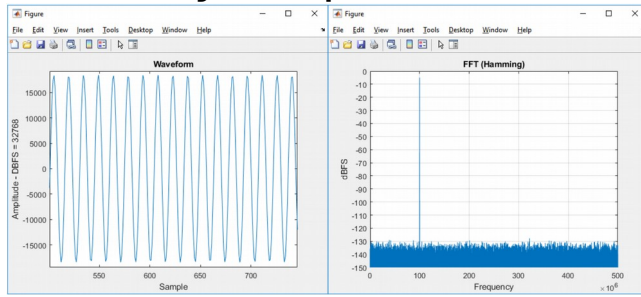
8 channels 4 GSPS 12-bit ADC

8 channels of 6.4 GSPS 14-bit DAC

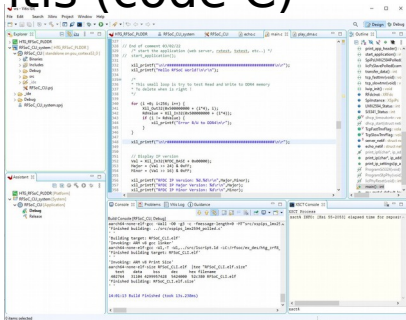


Implication technique de l'APC et principaux défis (2)

Matlab (by script)



Vitis (code C)

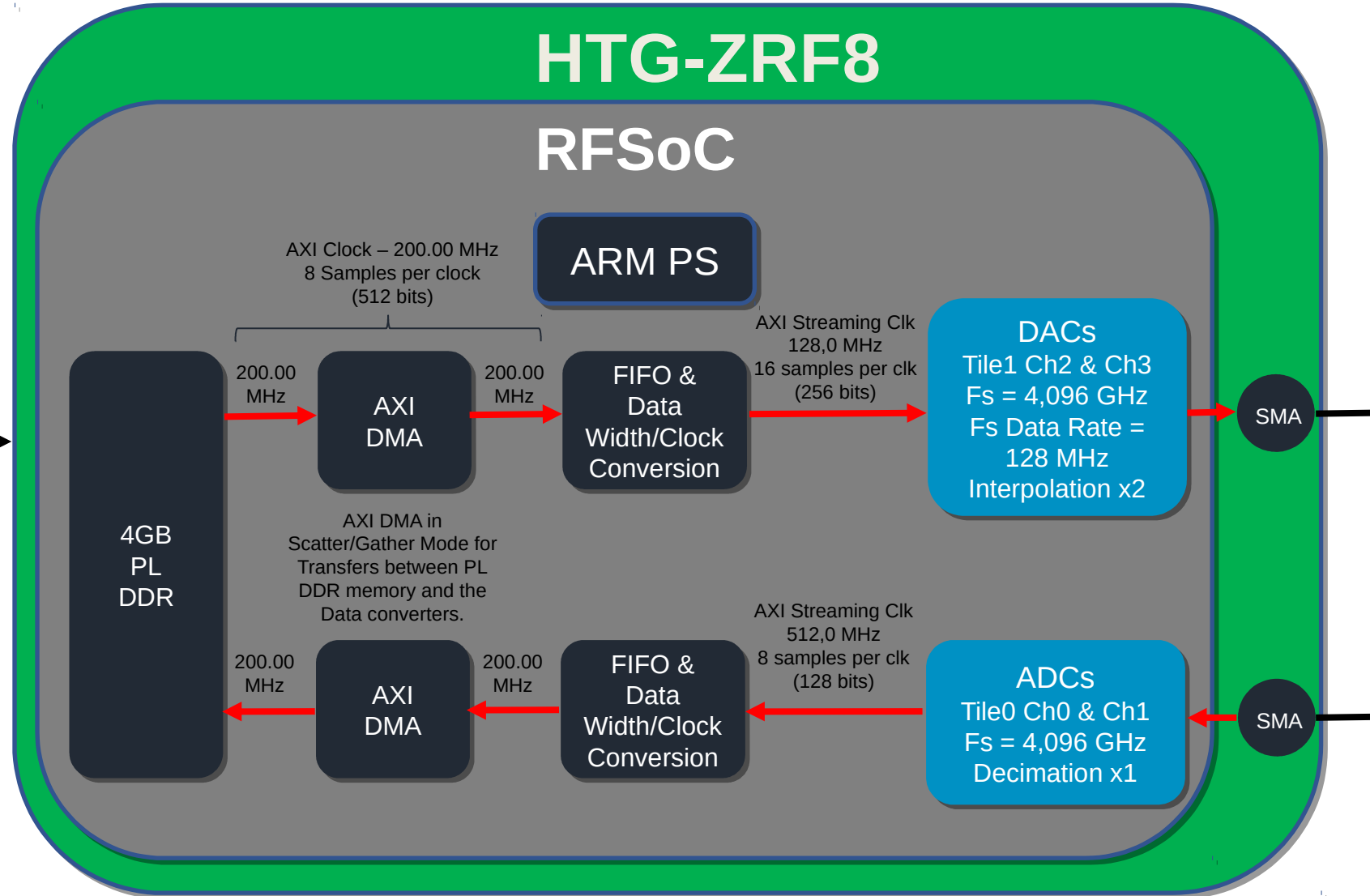
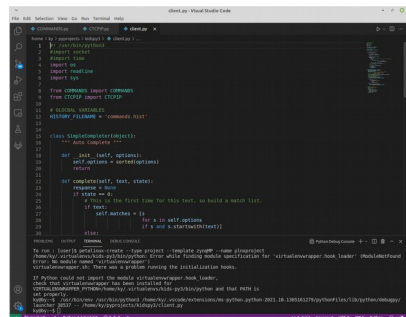


Laptop

- Vivado
- Vitis
- MATLAB
- JTAG
- Interface to HTG-ZRF8
- Ethernet & UART

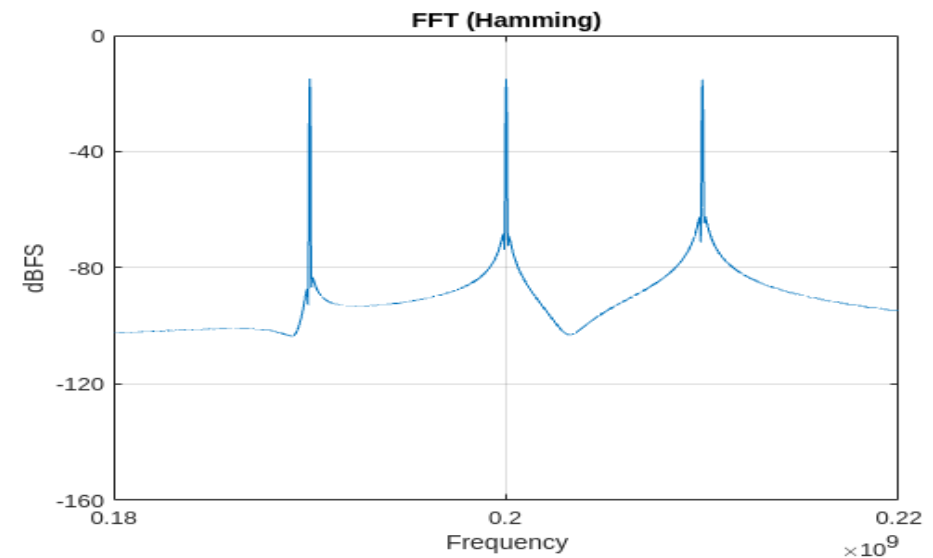
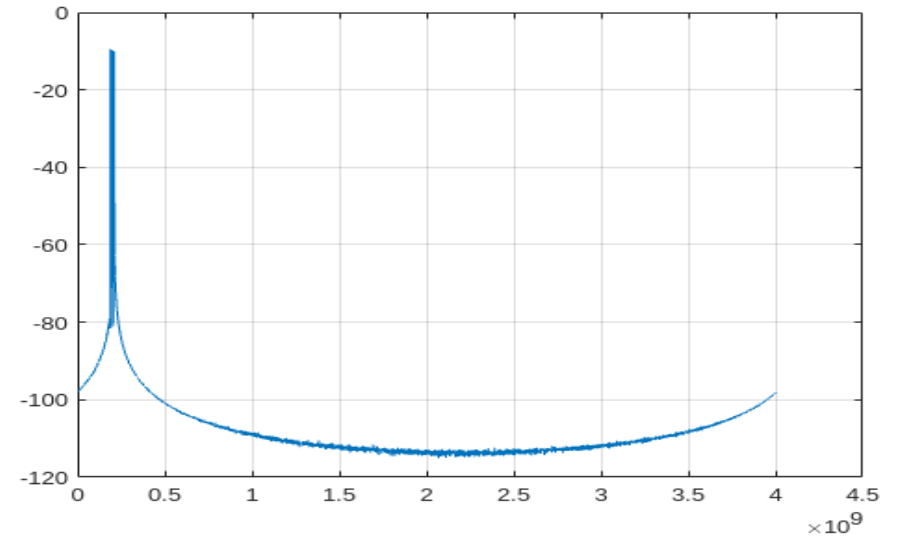
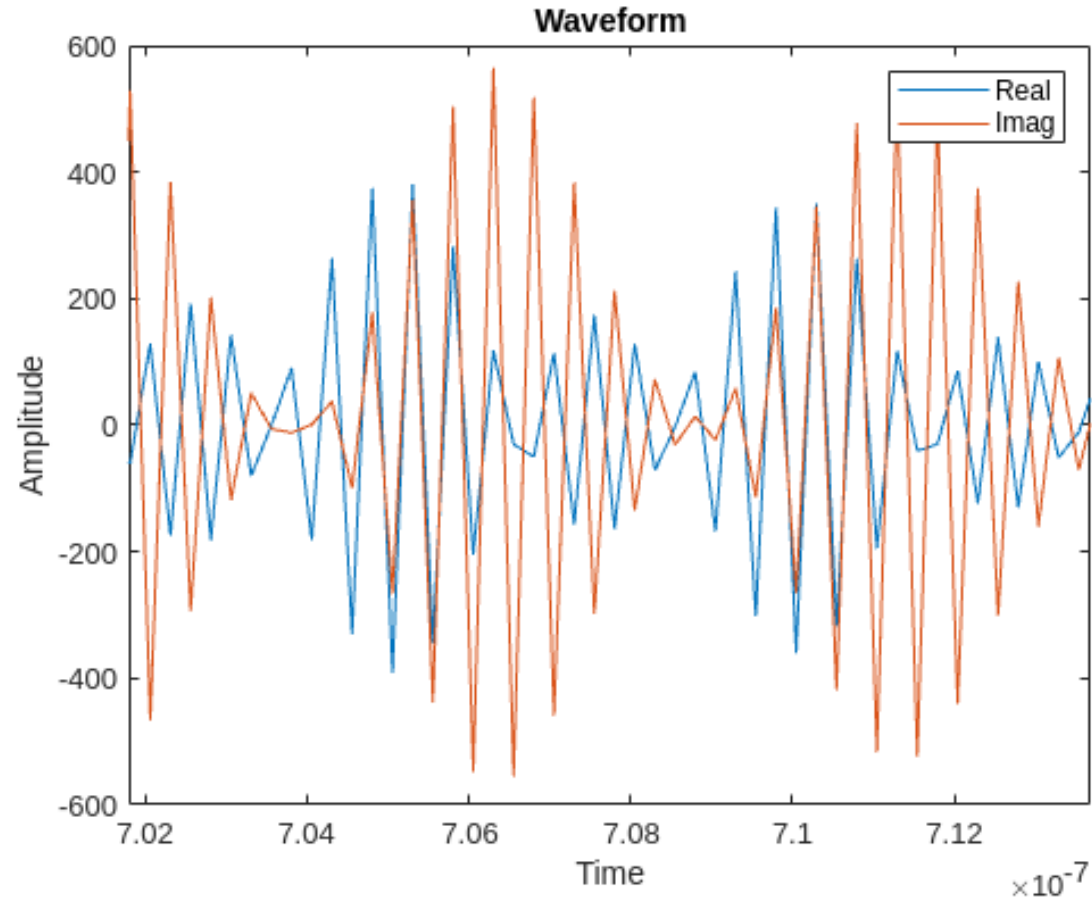


VSCoDe (code Python)



Principaux faits marquants (1)

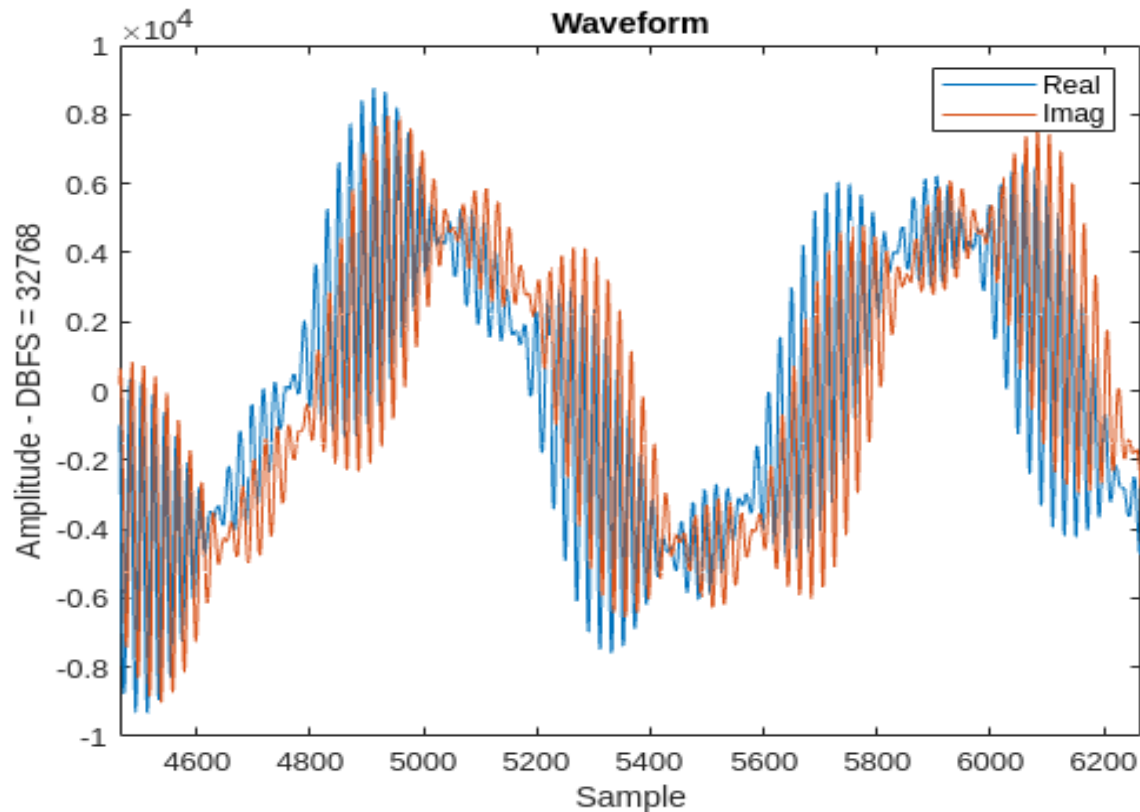
MATLAB 3 Tones Generator time domain and FFT waveforms



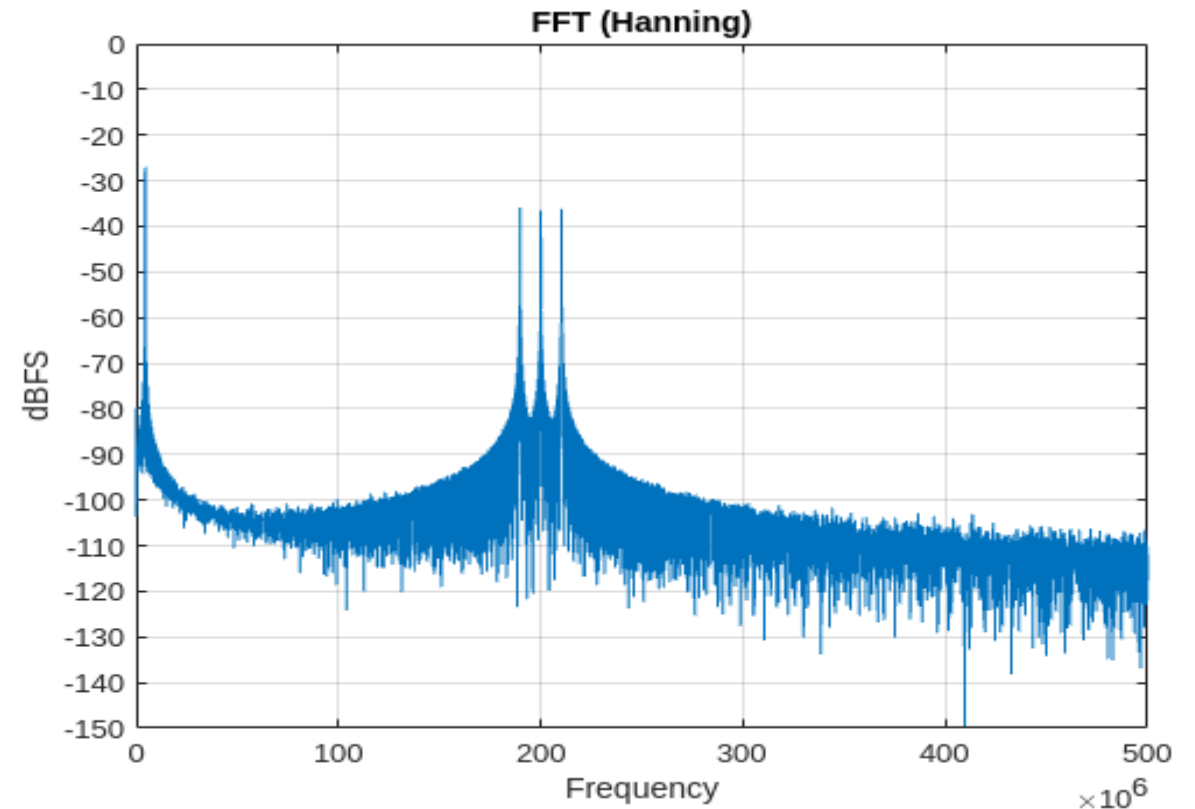
Principaux faits marquants (2)

ADC Capture with MATLAB (3 tones from DAC)

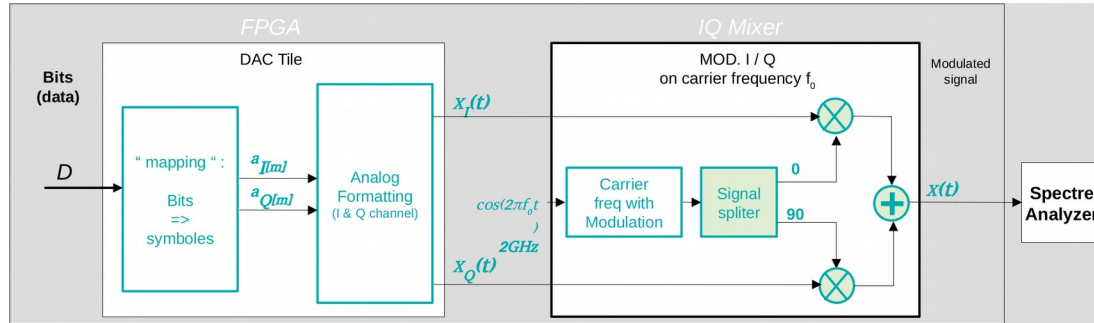
Waveforme



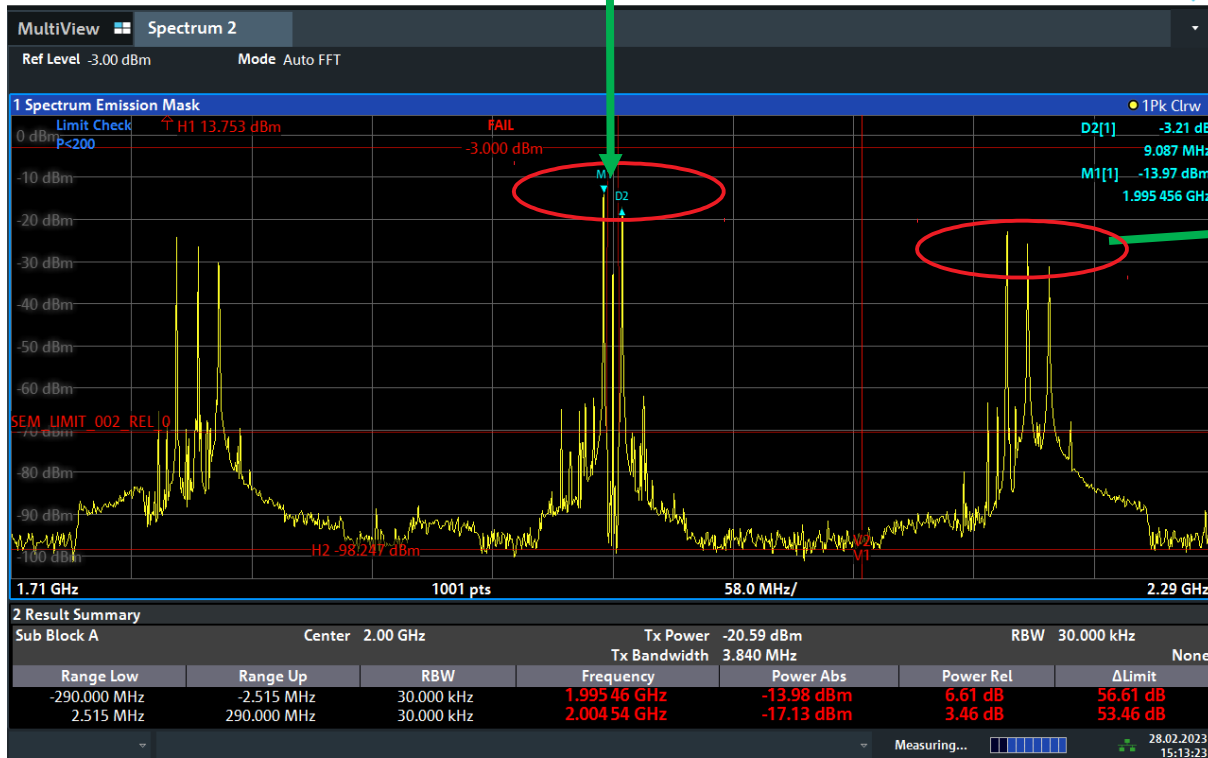
FFT



DAC Play (with an IQ Mixer)



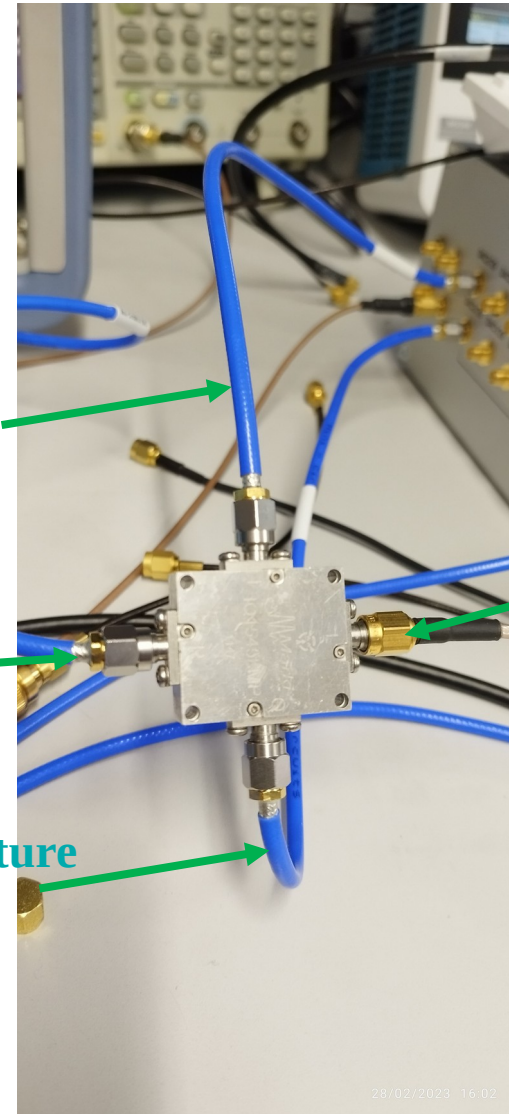
LO = 2GHz



In-phase

LO = 2GHz

Quatrature

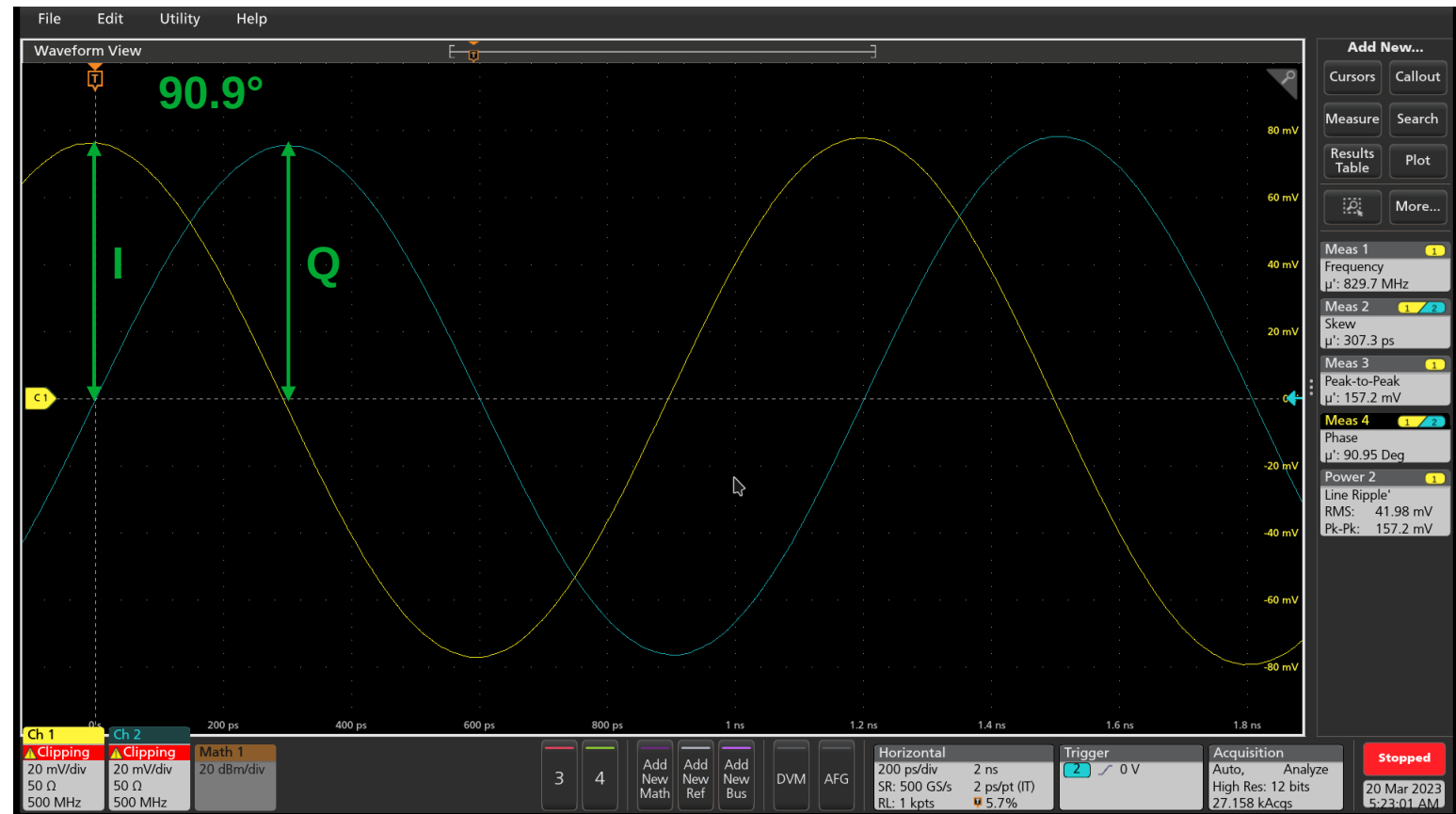
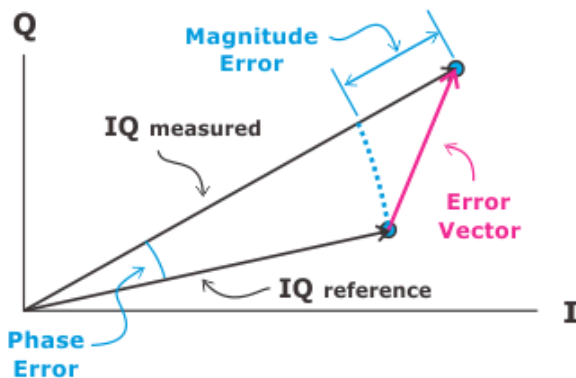


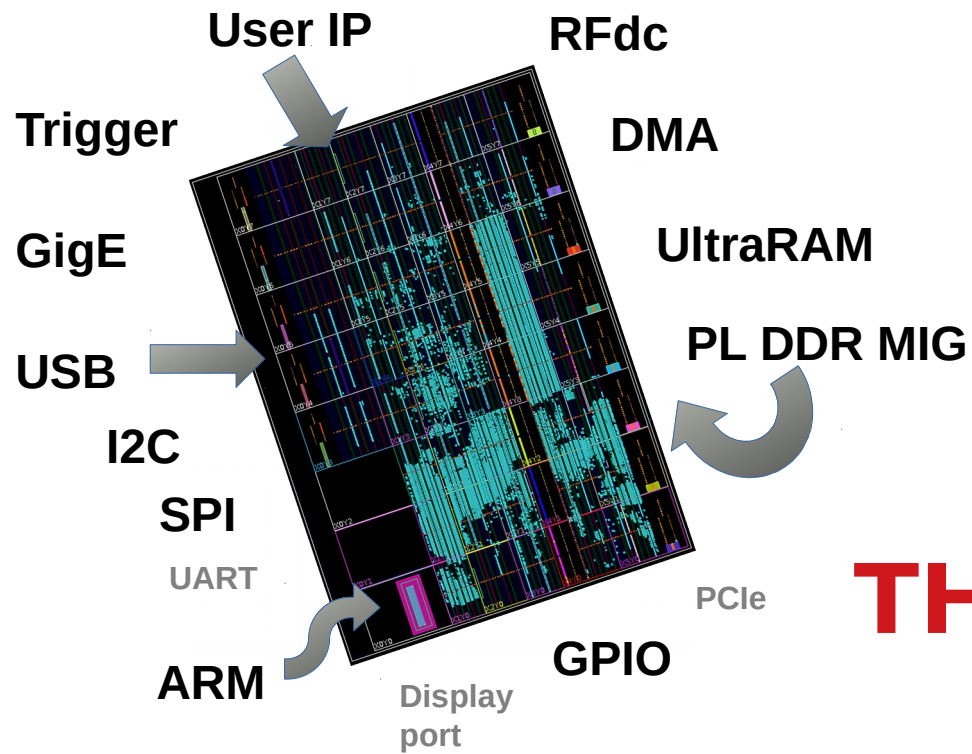
Objectifs :

- Écrire des codes C et/ou des scripts Matlab pour calibrer les signaux I/Q afin d'obtenir des signaux les plus stable possible.

Les dégradations I/Q entraînant une incertitude de mesure peuvent résulter de composants non appariés dans les chemins de signaux I et Q séparés.

- 1- Déséquilibre du gain I/Q
- 2- Déséquilibre de phase I/Q
- 3- Décalage I/Q
- 4- Dérive temporelle I/Q





THANK YOU

