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Recent results from KamLAND-Zen, a neutrinoless double-beta decay search experiment using ^{136}Xe

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Neutrinoless double-beta ($0\nu2\beta$) decay is physics beyond the Standard Model. If discovered, it would demonstrate that neutrinos are their own antiparticles, a property known as Majorana nature.

KamLAND-Zen is a project to search for the $0\nu2\beta$ decay of ^{136}Xe . It uses an organic liquid scintillator with dissolved xenon gas as both the source and detector. The experimental apparatus is located in the Kamioka Mine in Gifu, Japan, 1,000 m below Mt. Ikenoyama. At this depth, the cosmic ray muon arrival rate is $\sim 10^{-5}$ that of the surface. The current phase (KamLAND-Zen 800) uses 750 kg of xenon (^{136}Xe is 91% enriched) and has been running since January 2019.

This presentation will cover recent results from KamLAND-Zen, including the search for the $0\nu2\beta$ decay [1] and the measurement of muon spallation products in the xenon-loaded liquid scintillator [2].

References

- [1] KamLAND-Zen Collaboration, Phys. Rev. Lett., 130, 051801 (2023).
- [2] KamLAND-Zen Collaboration, (Accepted by Phys. Rev. C), arXiv:2301.09307 (2023).

Auteur principal: HACHIYA, Takahiko (RCNS, Tohoku U., Japan)

Co-auteur: COLLABORATION, KamLAND-Zen

Orateur: HACHIYA, Takahiko (RCNS, Tohoku U., Japan)

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