



Hyper-Kamiokande

IN2P3 contributions to Hyper-Kamiokande

Benjamin Quilain (LLR - CNRS/Ecole polytechnique)

on behalf of HK-France

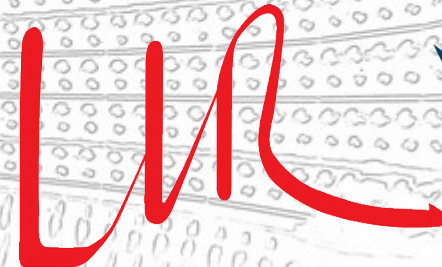


I L [^] N C E

International Laboratory for **A**strophysics,
Neutrino and **C**osmology Experiments

IN2P3
Les deux infinis

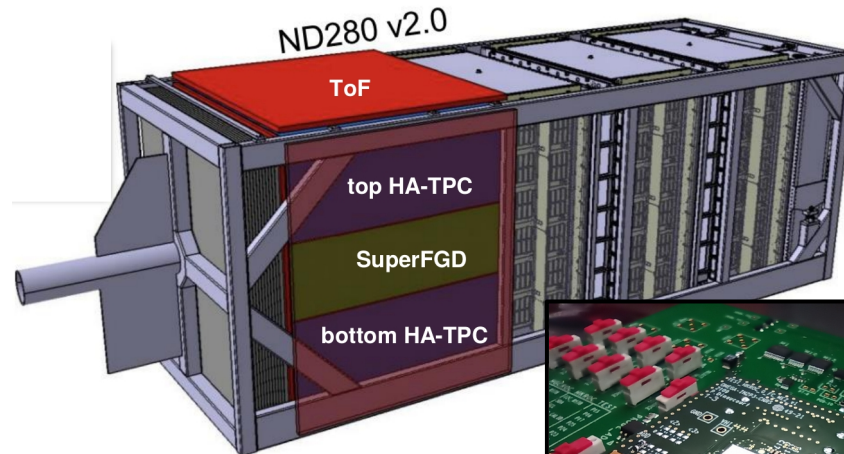
ΩMEGA
Microelectronics



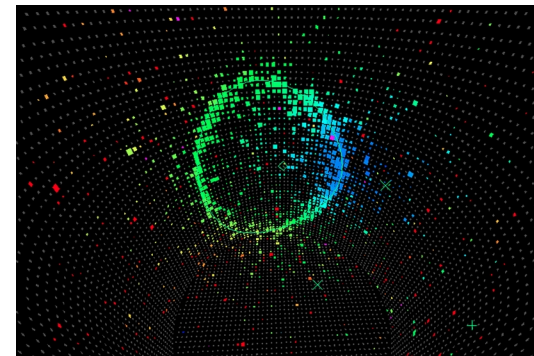
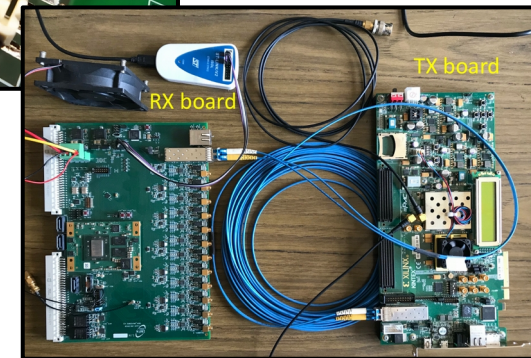
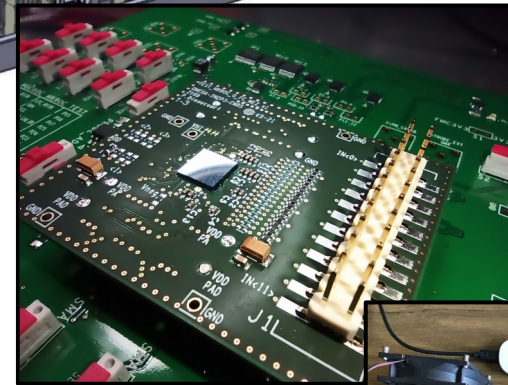
Conseil Scientifique de l'IN2P3, 2022/10/27

Summary of proposed contributions

One year ago, IN2P3-HK groups made the following proposal @CS :



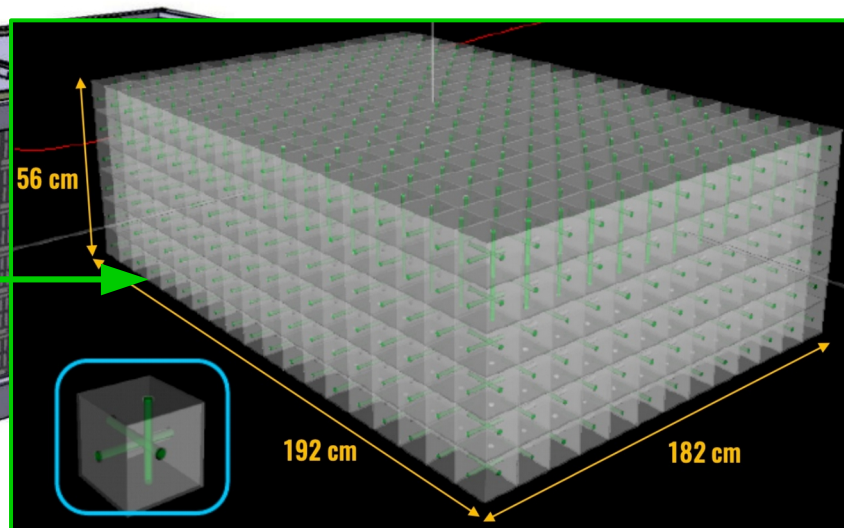
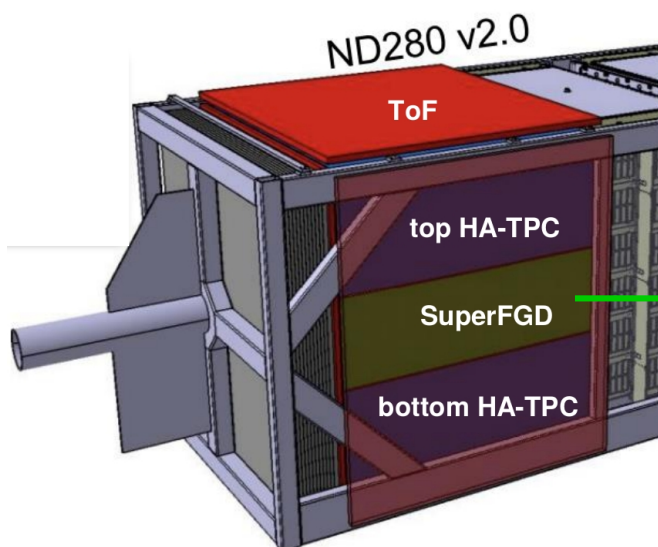
- The ND280-upgrade.
- HKROC complete digitizer for ID & OD.
- Time generation & clock distribution at Far Detector.
- Shared-item cost & assembly.
- CC-IN2P3 : HK Tier 1 computing system.





I. The ND280-upgrade

The ND280-upgrade : super-FGD



super-FGD :

- A massive target (2t).
- A high granularity tracker : 2 millions scintillating cubes of 1 cm-side.

2 million cubes @JPARC

(July 2022)



Front-end electronics

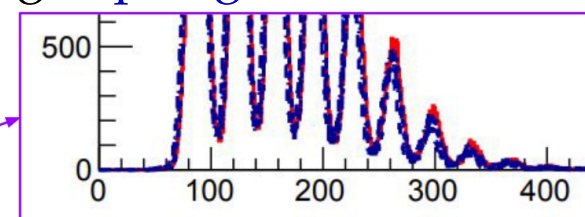
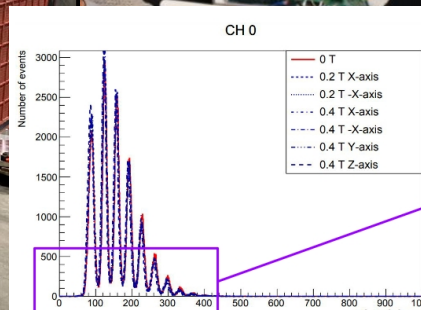
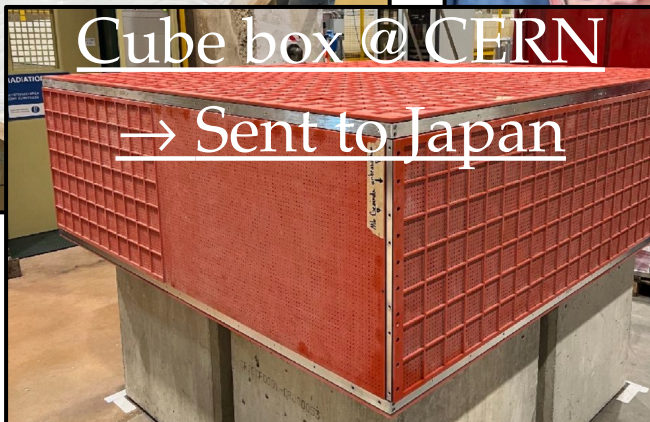


- Front-end final prototype validated.

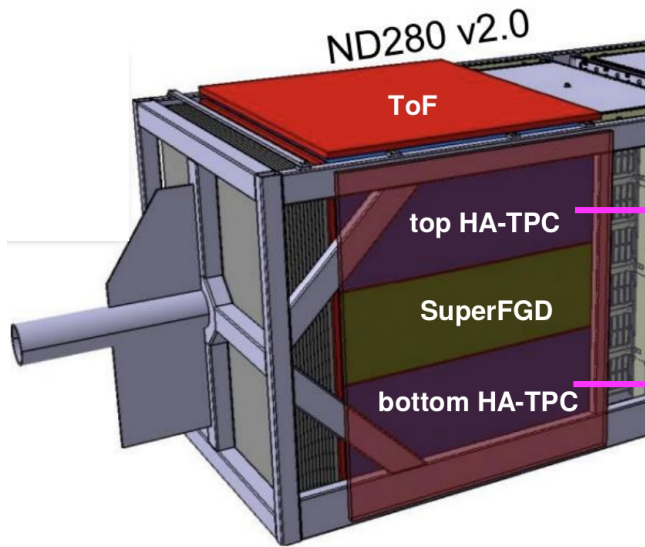
- Vertical slice tests:
→ Winter 2022

- Installation & commissioning : **spring 2022.**

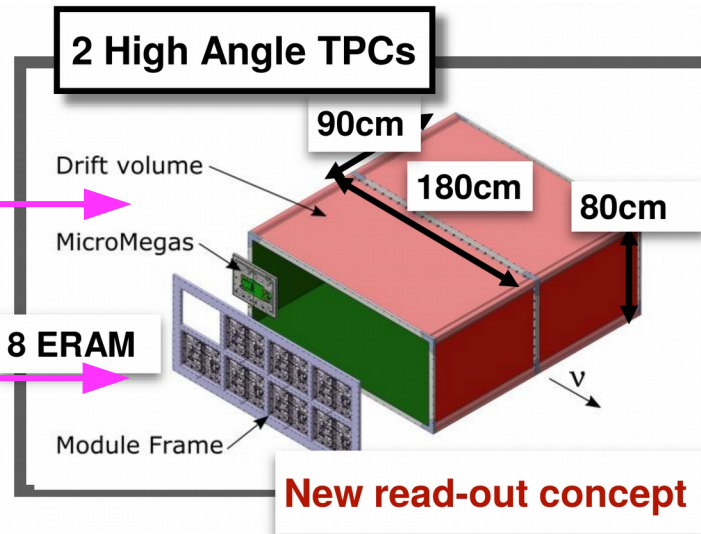
Cube box @ CERN
→ Sent to Japan



The ND280-upgrade : high-angle TPCs

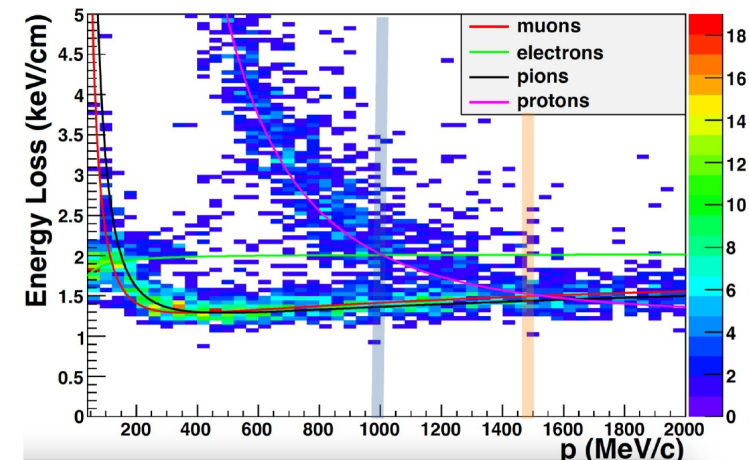
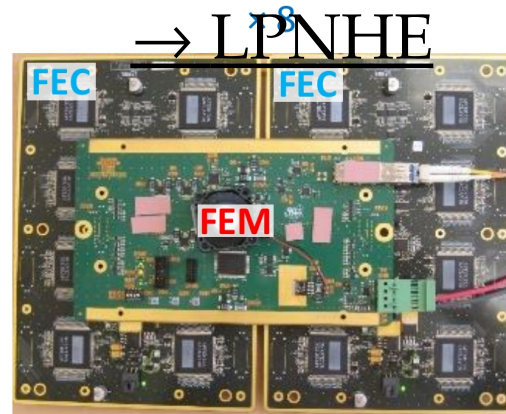


Test beam at CERN



Front-end electronics

- High-angle TPCs :
- Allow an almost 4π PID & momentum reconstruction for μ & π .



- Full upgrade : operating from 2023 at T2K → When HK starts :
 - Upgrade + INGRID (IN2P3) : only near detectors in HK !
 - HK will benefit of years of data taking to constrain the systematics.



II. The far detector electronics

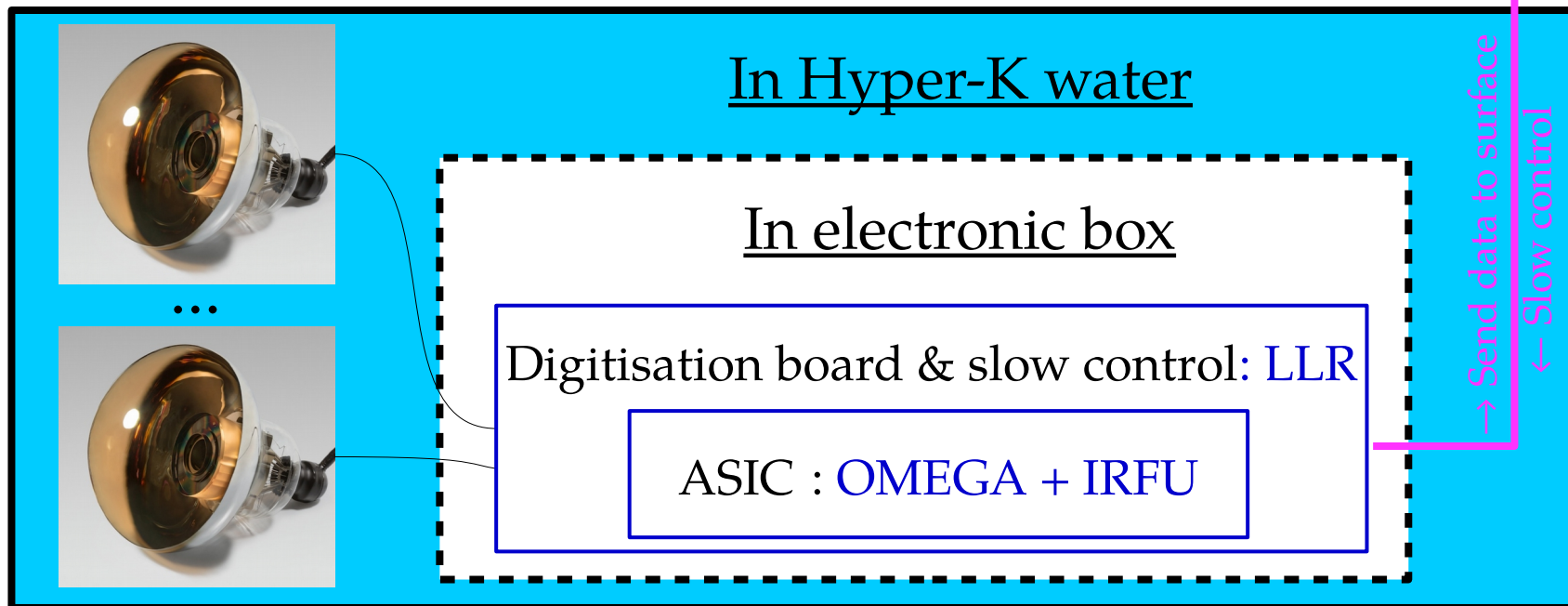
HK far detector electronics

- The whole HK physic signal will rely on 20k PMTs of 50 cm.

- PMT signal to be readout by electronics [under water](#) :

→ 24 channels/PMTs read in one stainless steel box under water.

Clock generation & distribution
LPNHE + IRFU

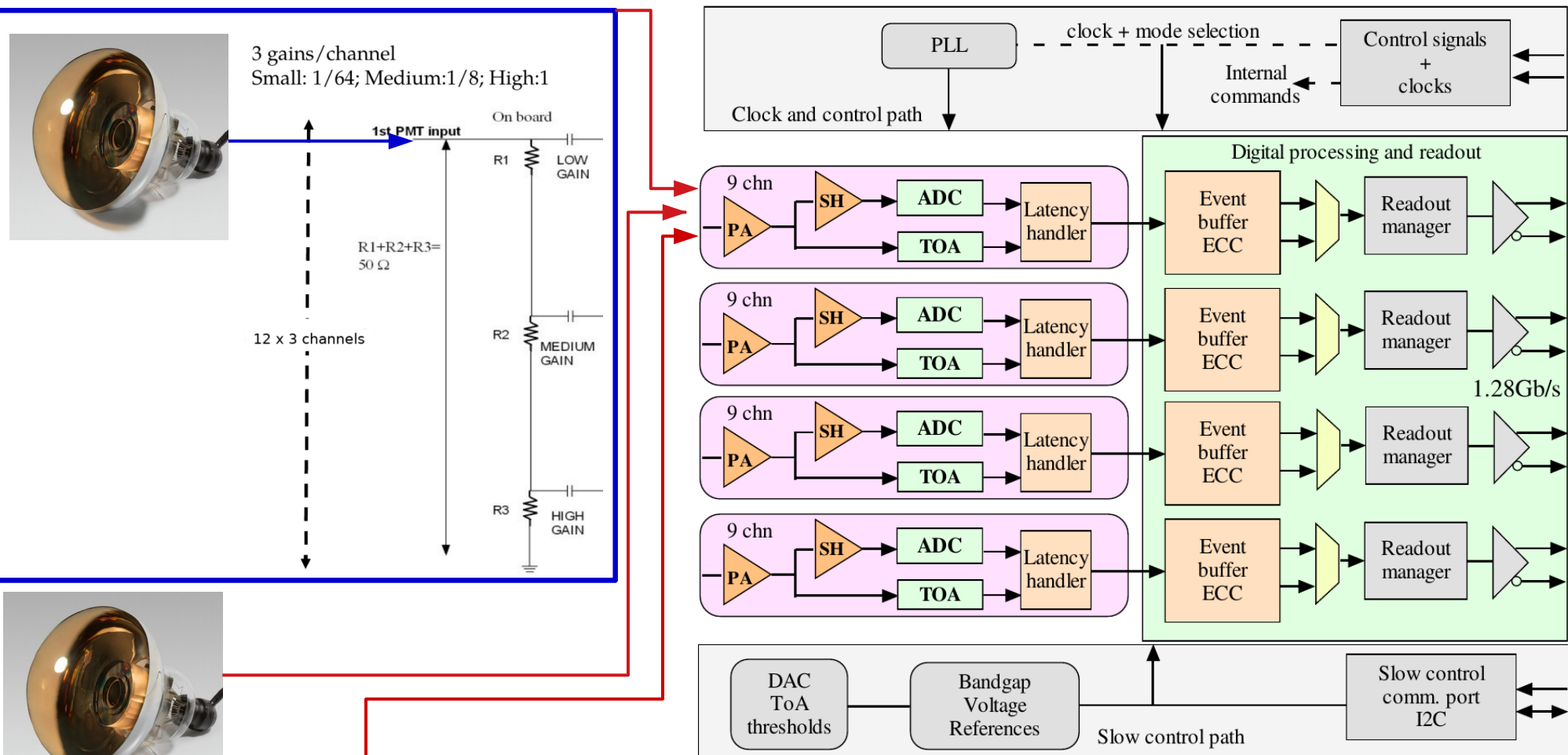


France's proposal : develop the whole PMT read-out digitization & synchronization systems

→ Absolutely central role in HK & synergy IN2P3-IRFU.

The HKROC digitizer

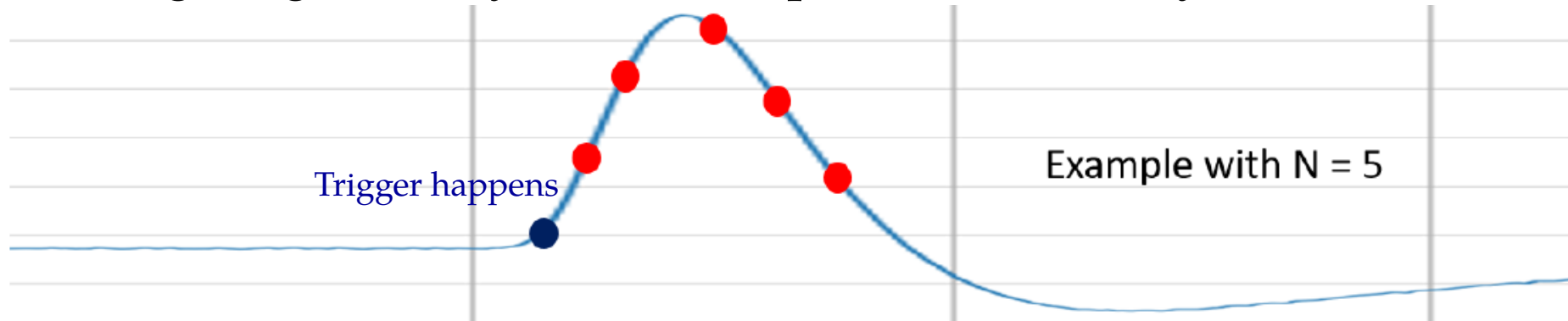
- Based on HKROC chip : 12 PMTs \leftrightarrow 36 channels (high,medium,low gain)



- TSMC CMOS 130nm etching.
- Dynamic range from 0 – 2500 pC : 3 gains / channel.
- 4 readout / ASIC @1.28 Gb/s : 1 readout \leftrightarrow 3 PMTs.
- If 1 PMT trigger : read all 3 PMTs of 1 readout.

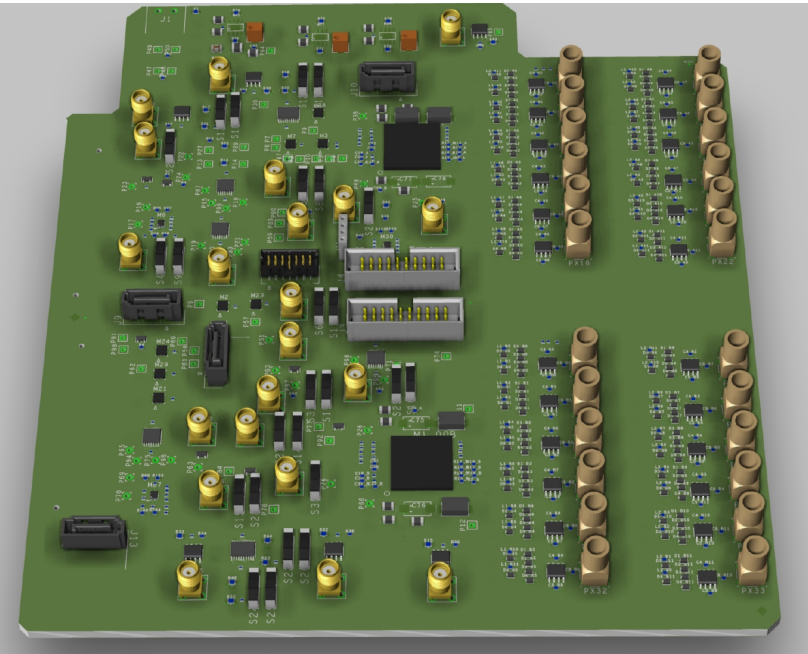
Overview of the HKROC digitizer

- HKROC is a waveform-like digitiser @40 MHz → 1 point every 25 ns.
→ Charge digitized by $N = 1 \rightarrow 7$ points (chosen by slow-control).



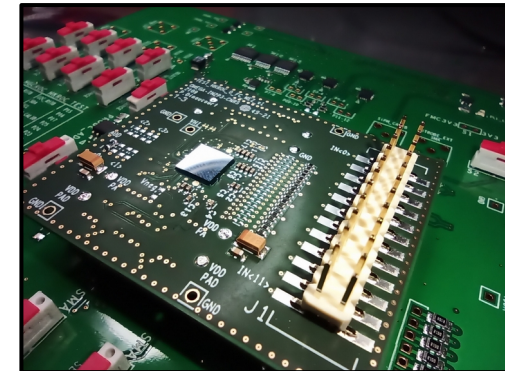
- HKROC digitizer : 24 PMT channels readout by 2 HKROC ASIC.

HKROC prototype v1



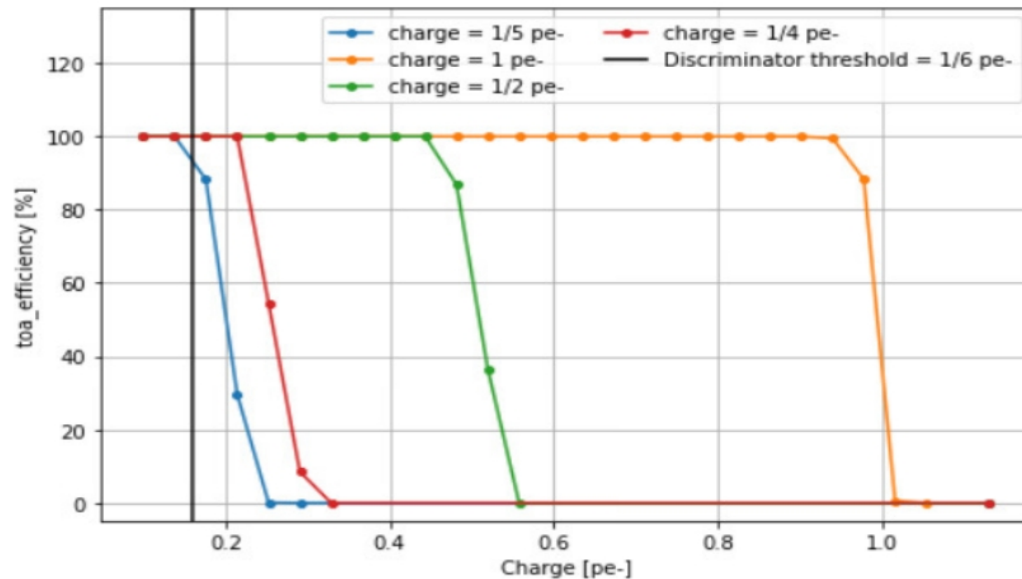
- Started R&D in summer 2020 : Make a chip in 2 years → Challenging schedule :
 1. Receive chip in Dec. 2021.
 2. Provide tested chip by end of June 2022.

- No delay in 2 years :
→ Chip came back in Jan. 2022 (pandemic).
→ Worked hard to finalize tests for June.



HKROC digitizer - trigger & timing results

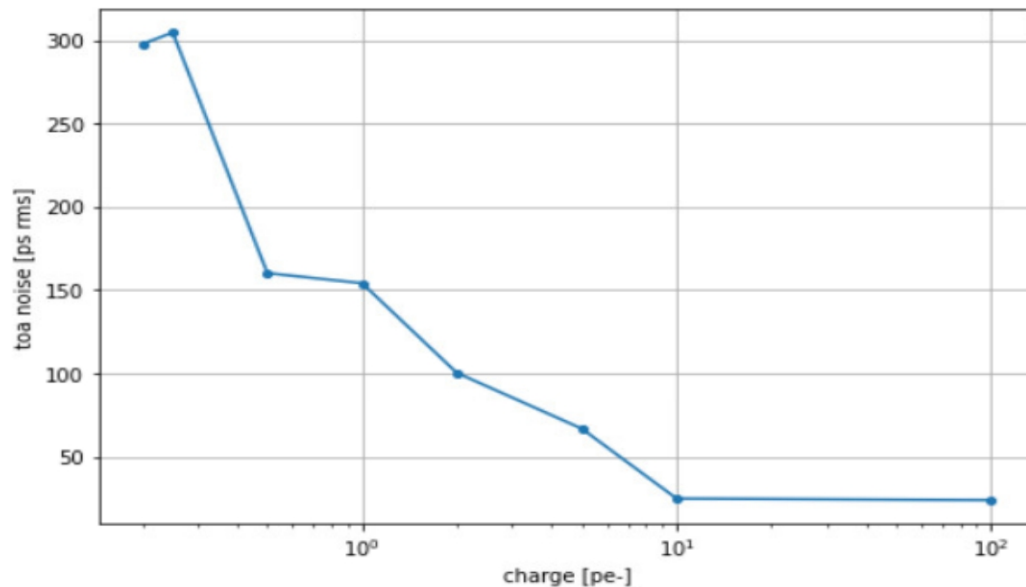
- HKROC-digitizer v1 received & completely tested in few months.



- Set threshold at 1/6 p.e.

- Hit efficiency :
90 % for 1/5 p.e events
~100 % if $\geq 1/4$ p.e

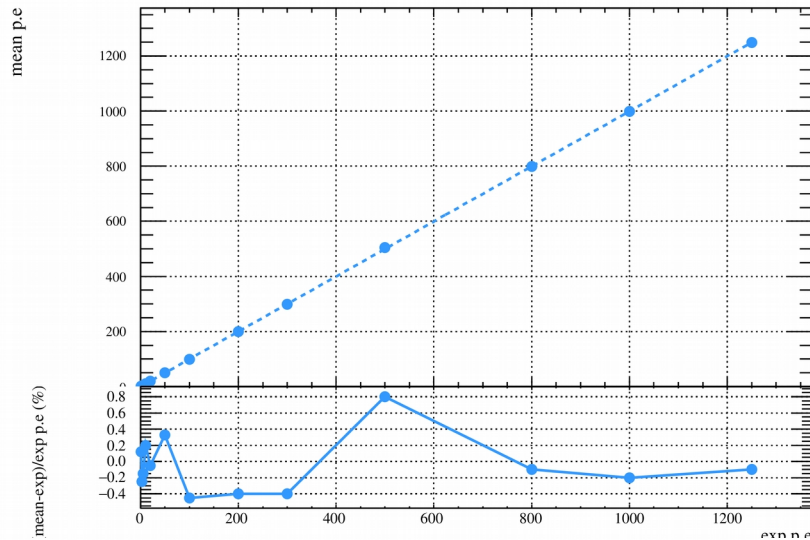
- Very low noise : < 1 Hz.



- TDC resolution :
150 ps @1 p.e [300 ps required]
 ≤ 30 ps @ 10 p.e [200 ps required]

→ Excellent agreement with HK₁₀ requirements.

HKROC digitizer - Charge results

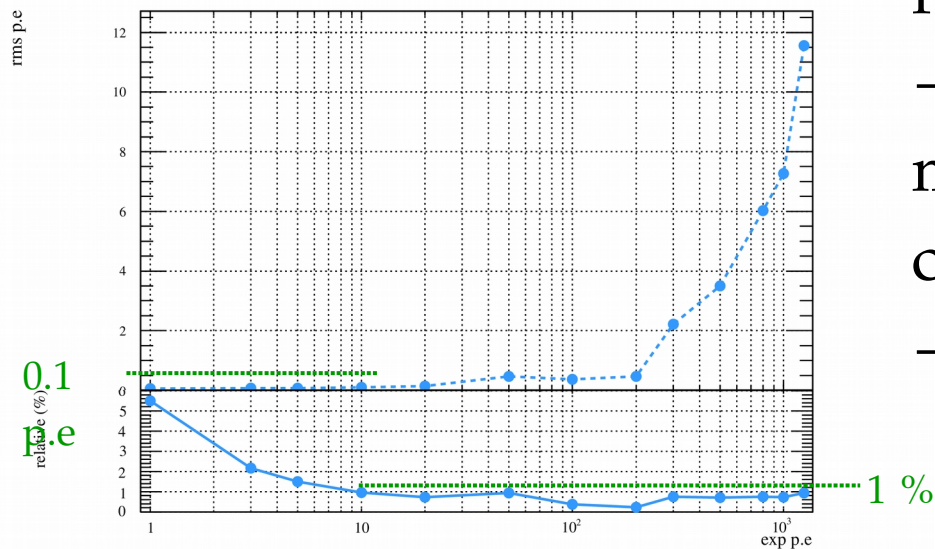
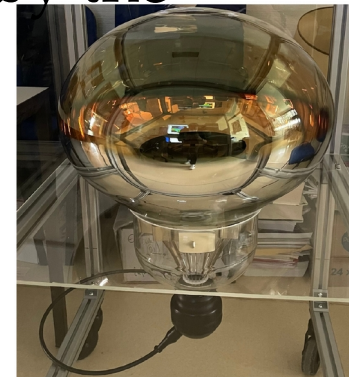


- Charge linearity $< \pm 1\%$ [1 to 1250 p.e.]

- Charge resolution :
 < 0.1 p.e @ ≤ 10 p.e, $< 1\%$ otherwise.

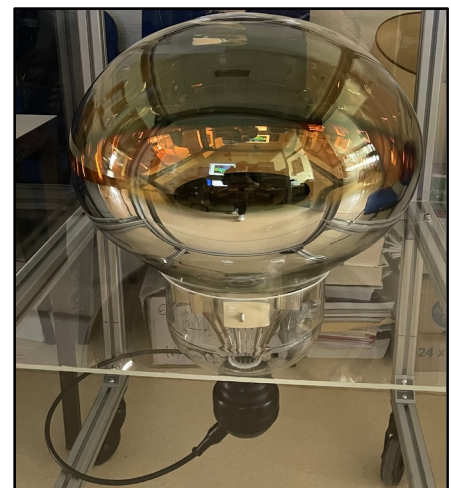
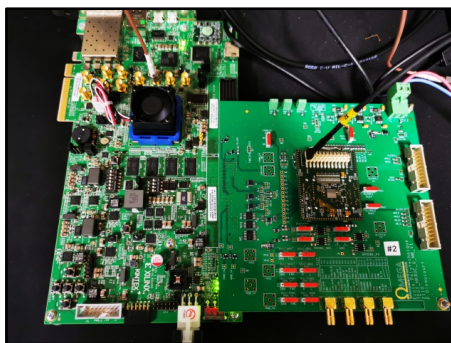
→ All characteristics fulfill HK requirements & confirmed w/ PMT.
→ Large improvements w/ HKROC much beyond requirements by the collaboration

→ Ex: dead-time ↓ **from**
 $1\ \mu\text{s} \rightarrow 30\ \text{ns}$.



- HKROC project has been **on-time & is a huge technical achievement** that has only been possible thanks to the great collaboration between the IRFU, OMEGA & LLR + financial support from X & IN2P3.

Summary of the digitizer measurements



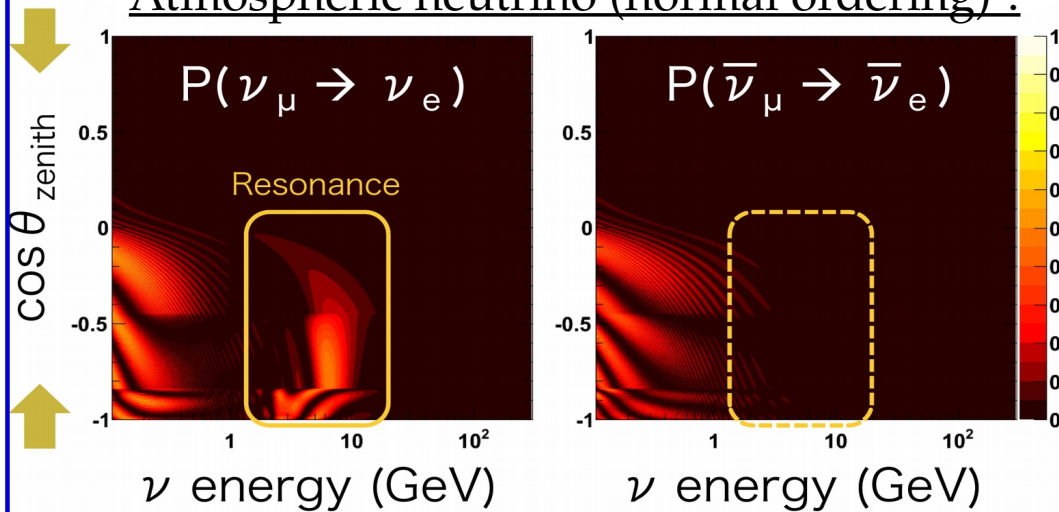
Item measured	Performances
Trigger efficiency at 1/6 p.e.	> 90% for 1/5 p.e signals 100% for $\geq 1/4$ p.e signals
Trigger noise at 1/6 p.e.	< 1 Hz (No trigger observed in 10 s)
TDC resolution	150 ps at 1 p.e, 70 ps at 5 p.e, 25 ps > 10 p.e Validated with PMT
Charge linearity	< 0.5% in high & medium gain channels < 1% in low gain channel up to 1250 p.e Validated with PMT
Charge resolution	< 0.1 p.e for signals up to 10 p.e < 1% for signal 40 – 300 p.e and > 750 p.e < 2.4% for all other cases. Will be improved by reducing the unnecessary voltage division. Validated with PMT
Dead-time & pile-up	≤ 30 ns for two signals of same amplitude ≤ 30 ns for a prompt ≤ 5 p.e and secondary of 1 p.e < 1 μ s for a prompt signal ≤ 850 p.e and secondary 1 p.e
Maximal hit-rate w/ 100% eff.	415 kHz in normal mode 950 kHz in SN-mode Potential extension beyond to be studied.
Cross-talk	Hit probability in neighbouring channel of a 1250 p.e signal is < 0.1% <i>Note that cross-talk found at ASIC level, but cut by FPGA. Identified and will be removed in ASIC v2.</i>
Maximal hit-rate w/ 100% eff.	415 kHz in normal mode 950 kHz in SN-mode Potential extension beyond to be studied.
Temperature dependency ²	time resolution $\Delta T = 1$ ps/ $^{\circ}$ C gain variation $\Delta Q = 0.05\%/^{\circ}$ C (no correction)
Resistance to HV	Unprotected ASIC received 10 ⁸ 5V injection without any impact on performances



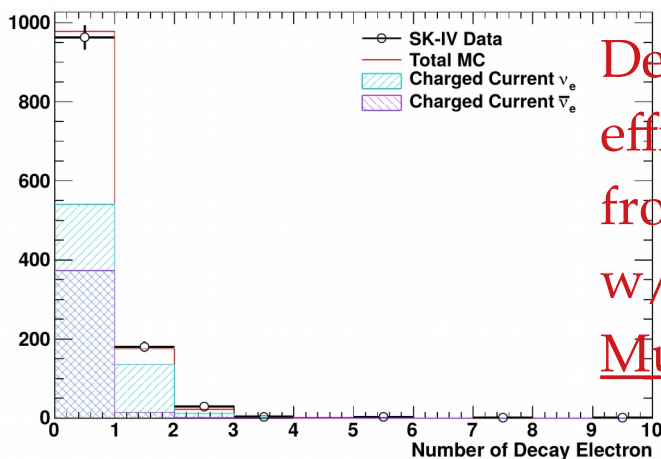
HKROC digitizer - Impact on physics

- Large impact on physics : ν mass ordering & Supernova ν .

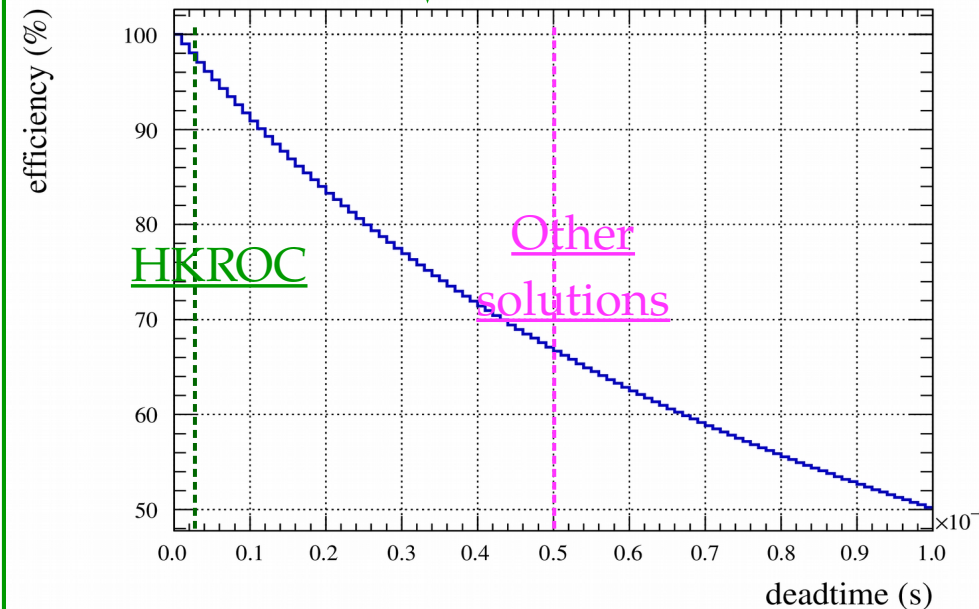
Atmospheric neutrino (normal ordering) :



- Normal hierarchy : $\uparrow \nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$.
 - Inverted hierarchy : $\uparrow \bar{\nu}_\mu \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e$.
- Decay-e are central to separate $\nu_e / \bar{\nu}_e$.



Decay-e hit
efficiency increased
from 68 % → 98 %
w/ HKROC for
Multi-GeV events

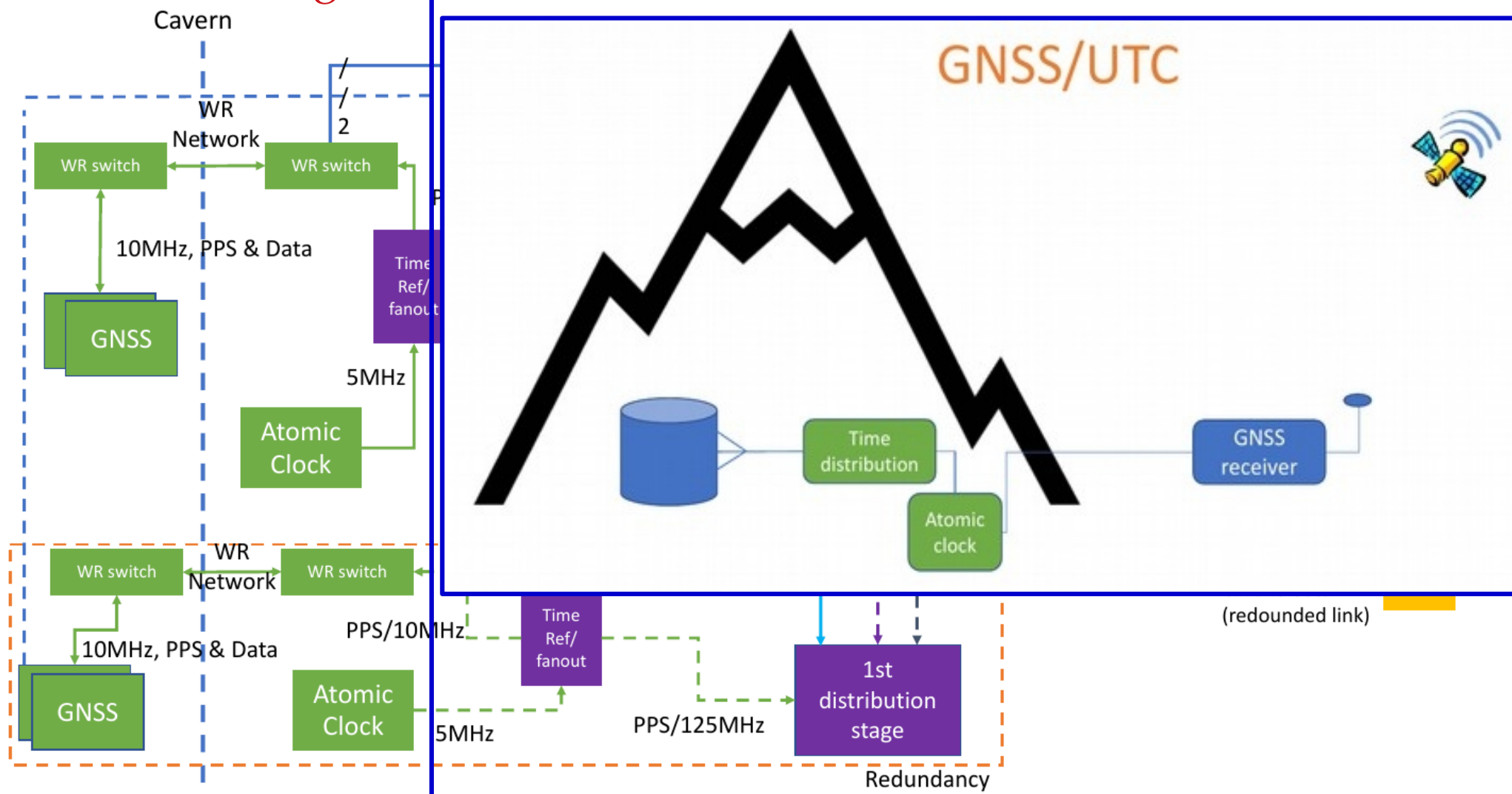


- For 1MHz [Betelgeuse] : HKROC allows to significantly increase efficiency from 67 % to 92.5 % compared to other solutions.

Overall view of the timing system

Time-generation :

- Provides local time w/ high stability to synchronize HK w/ v beam & other multi-messenger detectors



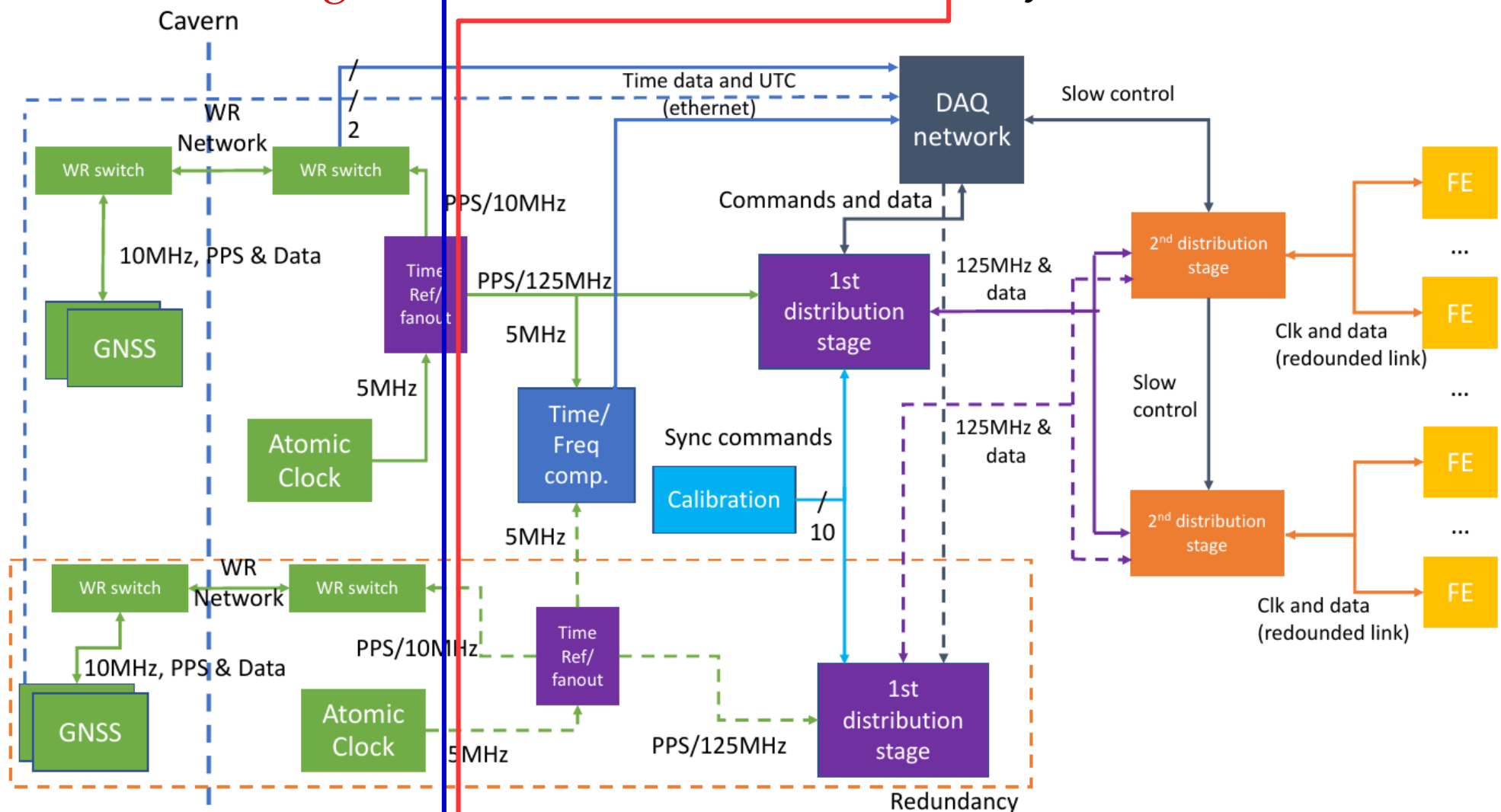
Overall view of the timing system

Time-generation :

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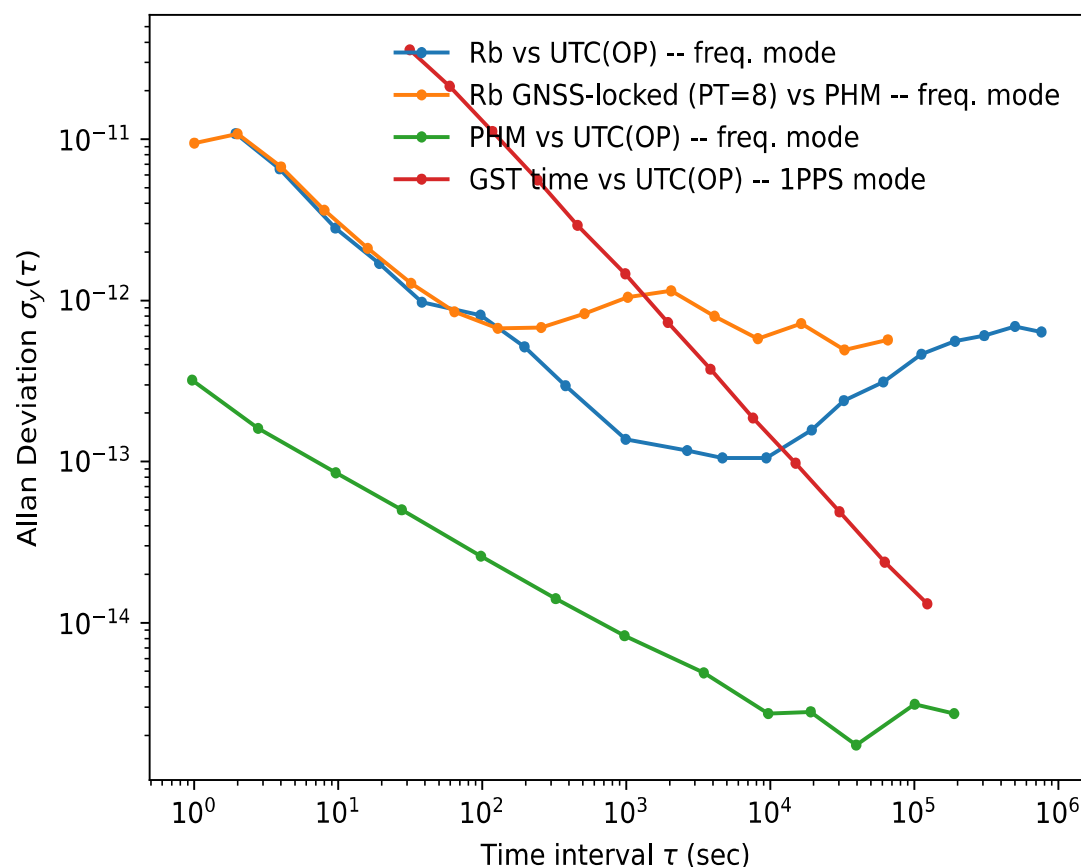
Time-distribution :

- Distribute the local time to all digitizers, and synchronize them.



Time-generation

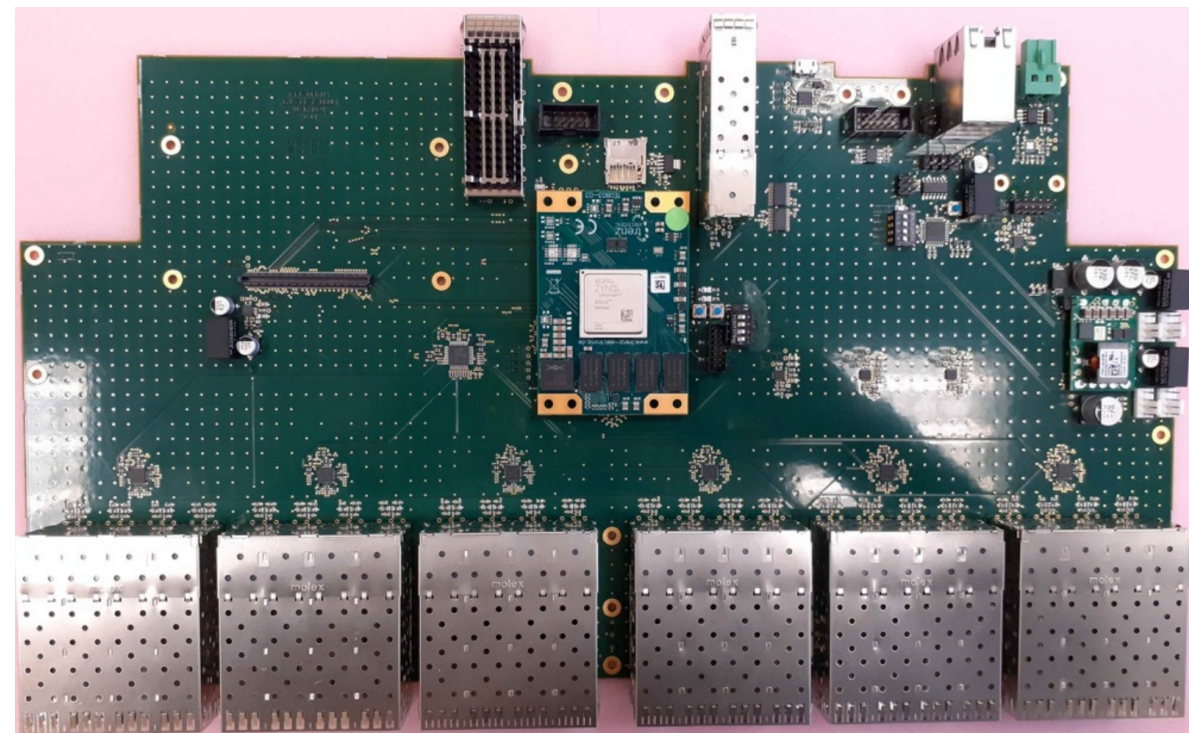
- Local time PPS generated by a 5 MHz Rb atomic clock.
- 2 GNSS receivers connected to same antenna to measure the difference between local PPS & UTC time → Transform local time to UTC.
- Collaboration w/ SYRTE which provide the French National time.



- Absolute time requirements for HK : ± 100 ns.
- Largely achieved w/ our system based on Rb clock.
→ Deviation of 10^{-12} s/day. ✓
- Wish \uparrow accuracy in future (v mass measurements etc.)
→ Reach 10^{-12} s w/ corrections. ✓

First stage distribution

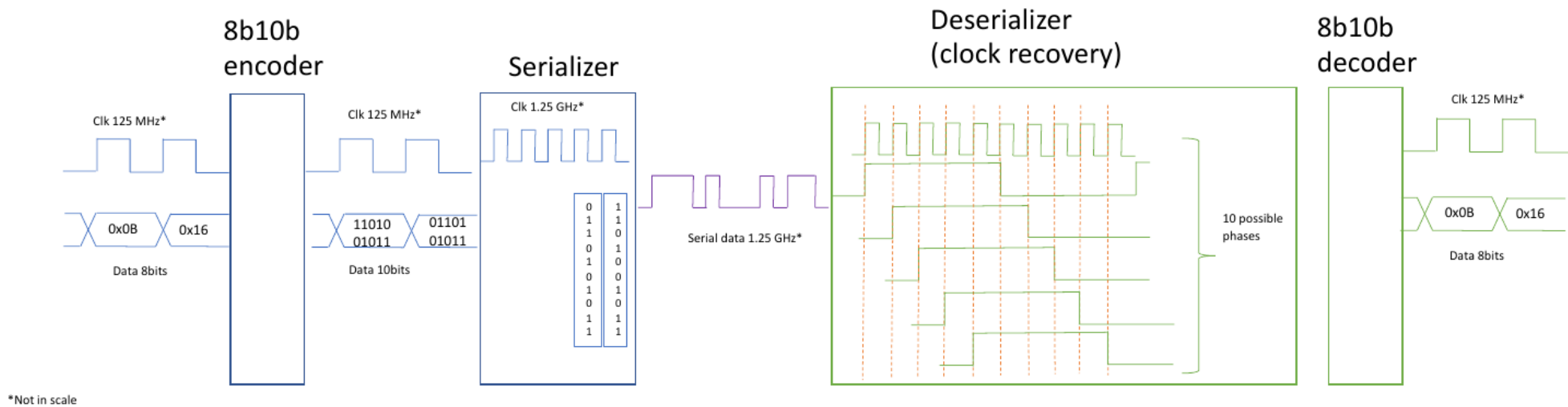
- First stage is on surface :
 1. Generates the 125 MHz clock for Hyper-K from the 5 MHz of the atomic clock.
 2. Broadcasts this clock and synchronize command to 2nd stage.
- CEA-IRFU has realized the 1st distribution stage very first prototype.



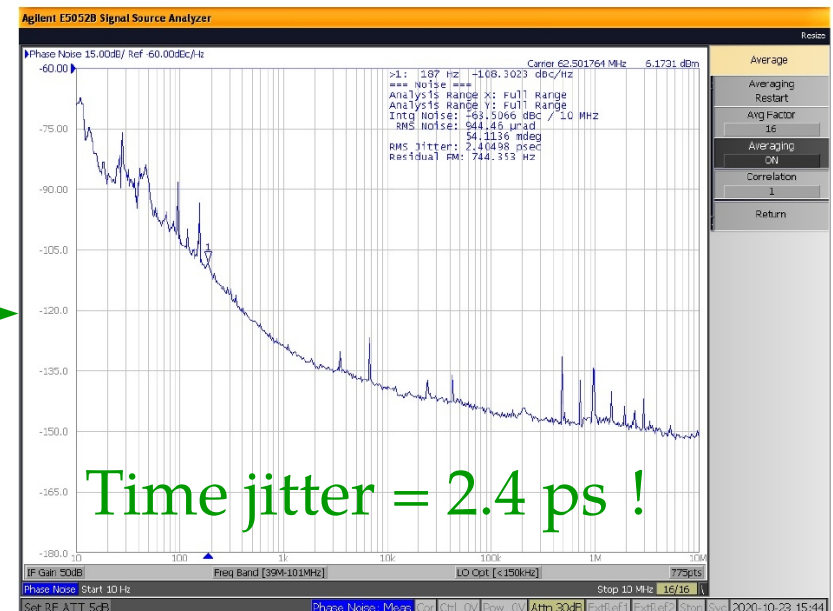
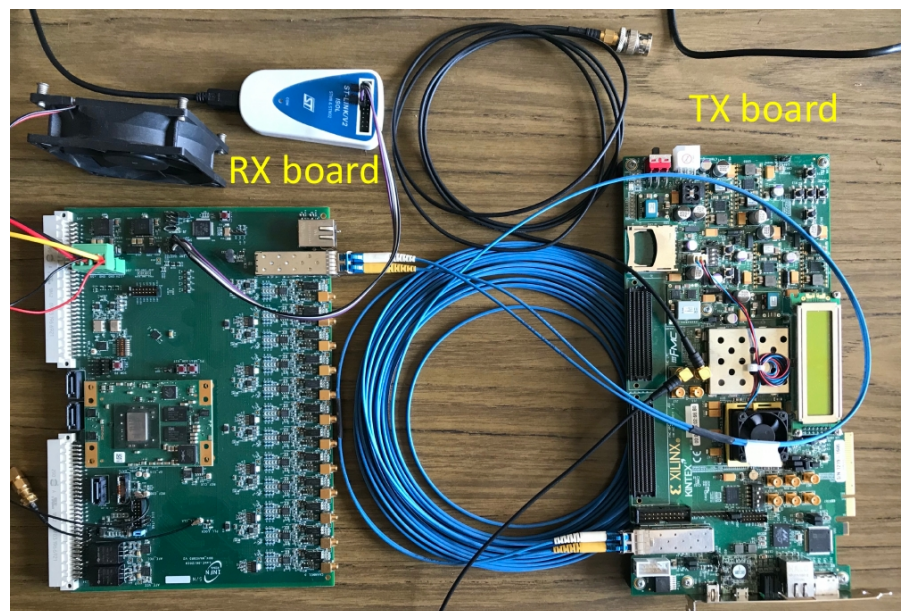
- The board has been received in April.
- Most of the tests are finalized.

Second stage distribution

- Second stage at surface & in water vessel :
→ Encodes, sends, & decodes the clock.

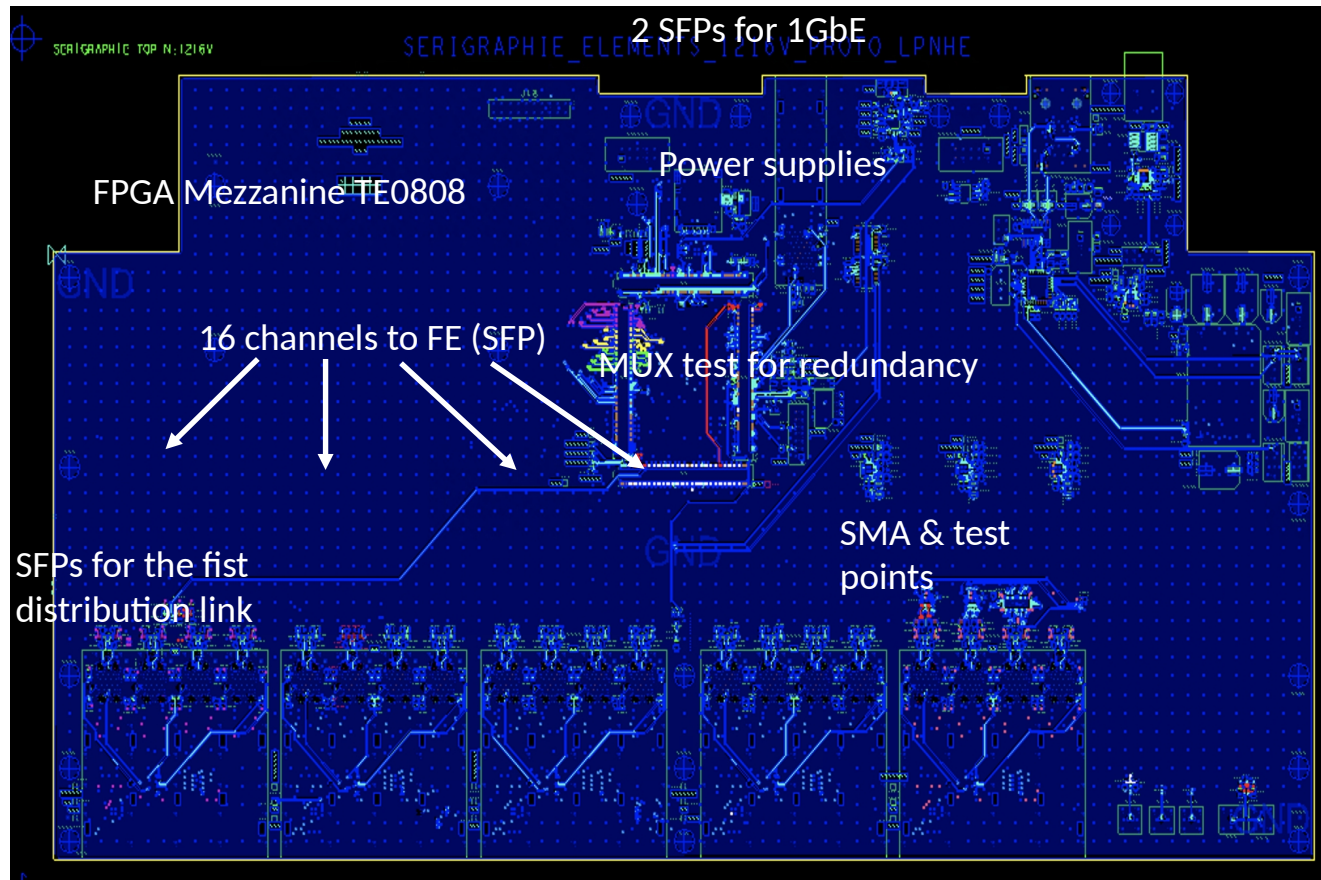


- Concept tested at LPNHE :



Second stage distribution

- Second stage prototype board : design finalized & send to fabrication.



- Firmware : under development using the same mezzanine (TE0808) and a motherboard EBV
- Software : Embedded under dev. Linux OS already installed and tested. Most peripherals control's sw already written.

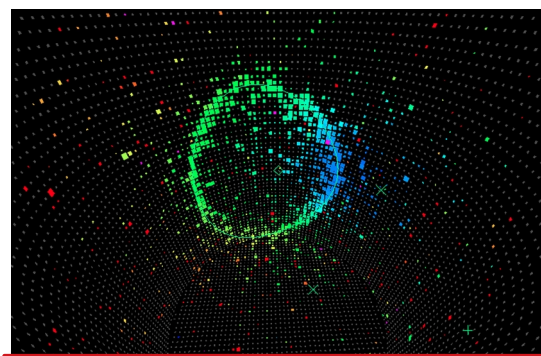


III. The computing system

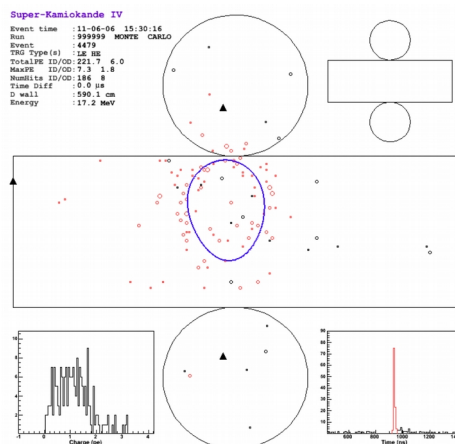
The HK computing strategy

Data & simulation storage

CPU resources



Trigger happens



Raw data

Copy of raw data
Simulated raw events

Simulation

Calibration

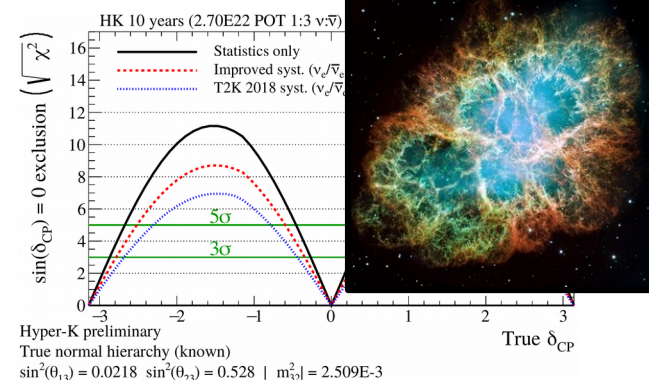
Calibrated data
Calibrated simulation

Reconstruction

Reconstructed
data & simulation

Physics
analyses

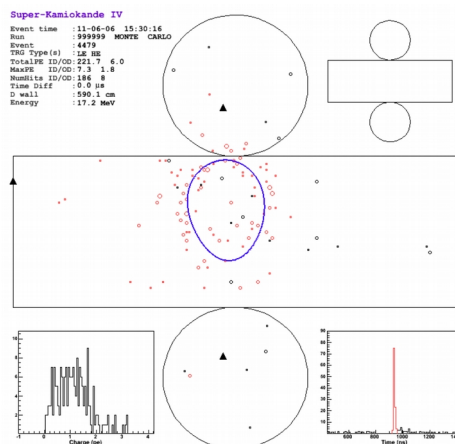
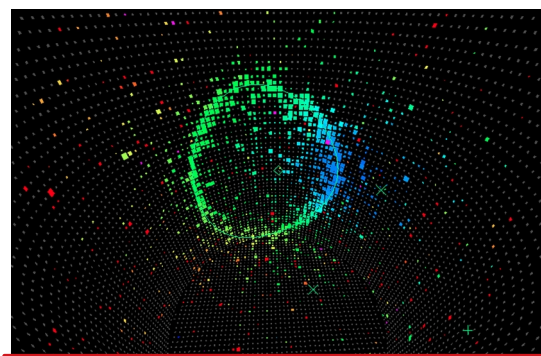
ν oscillation, DSNB search, GUT



The HK computing strategy

Data & simulation storage

CPU resources



Trigger happens

Raw data

Tier 0

Tier 1 & 2

Copy of raw data
Simulated raw events

Calibrated data
Calibrated simulation

Reconstructed
data & simulation

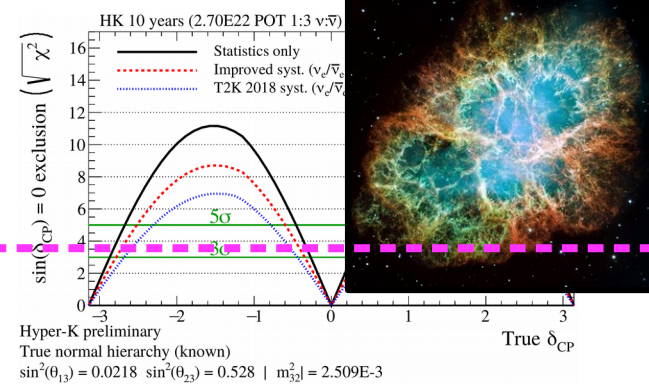
ν oscillation, DSNB search, GUT

Simulation

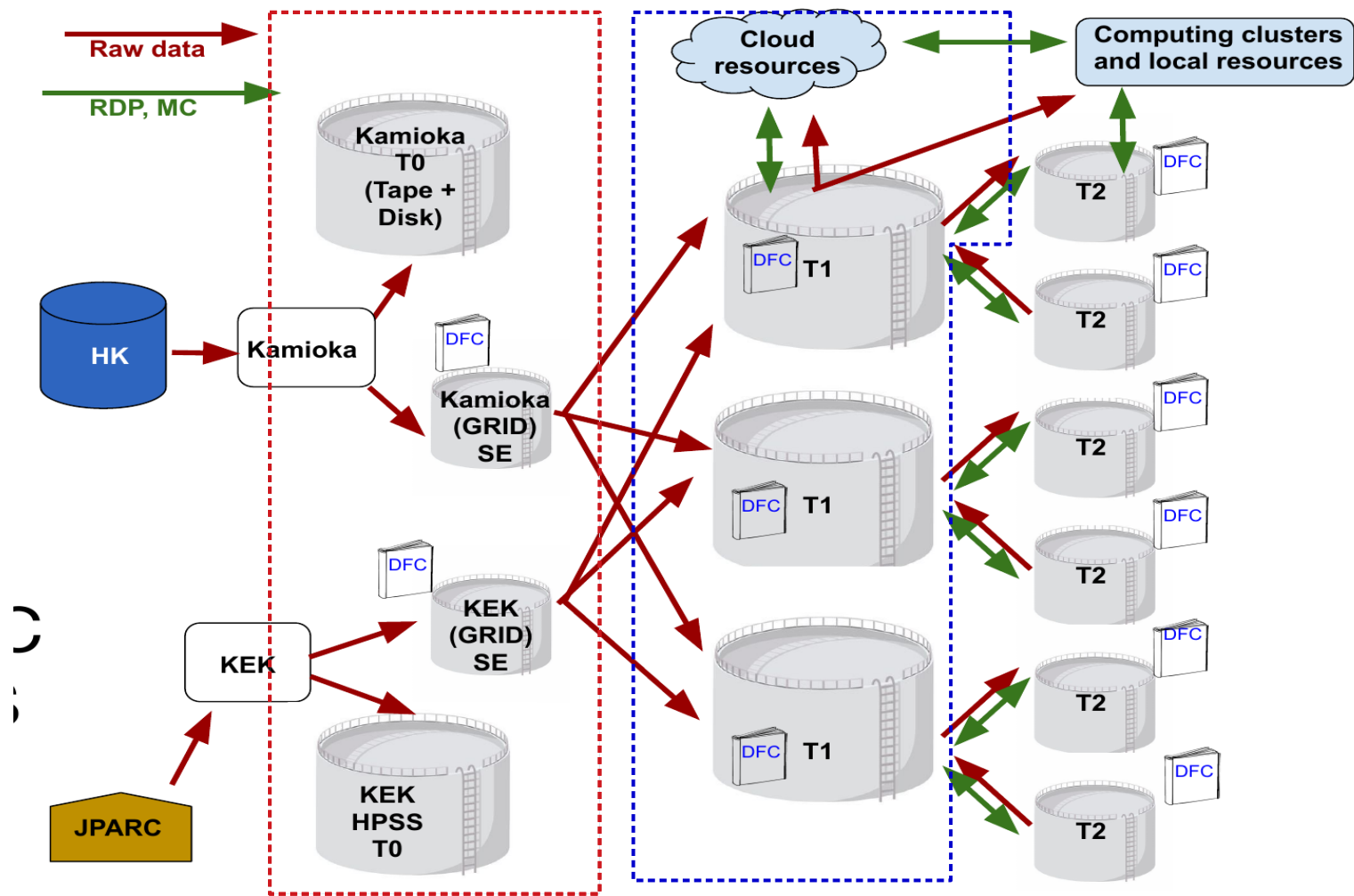
Calibration

Reconstruction

Physics
analyses



The HK computing strategy



- 1 data file \rightarrow Copied on ≥ 2 Tier 1 sites.
 - MC productions run on Tier 1 \rightarrow Then, 1 MC file : copied on 1 T1 + ≥ 1 T2
- \rightarrow The Tier 1 site contains a copy of each data & simulation file ! 23
- \rightarrow Offers a central visibility & privileged access to data !

Resources to host a Tier 1

- How much resources are required to store all HK data ?

→ Overall over 15 years : driven by the Far Detector

Name	Distance along beam	Angle wrt. beam	Expected data rate
INGRID	280 m	0°	78 GB/day
ND280	280 m	2.5°	214 GB/day
IWCD	2 km	0° – 4°	170 GB/day
Far detector	295 km	2.5°	5 TB/day

→ 2 PB / year for HK : Belle-II = 100 PB / year, DUNE = 30 PB/year.

→ Large request, but relatively small wrt to other experiments.

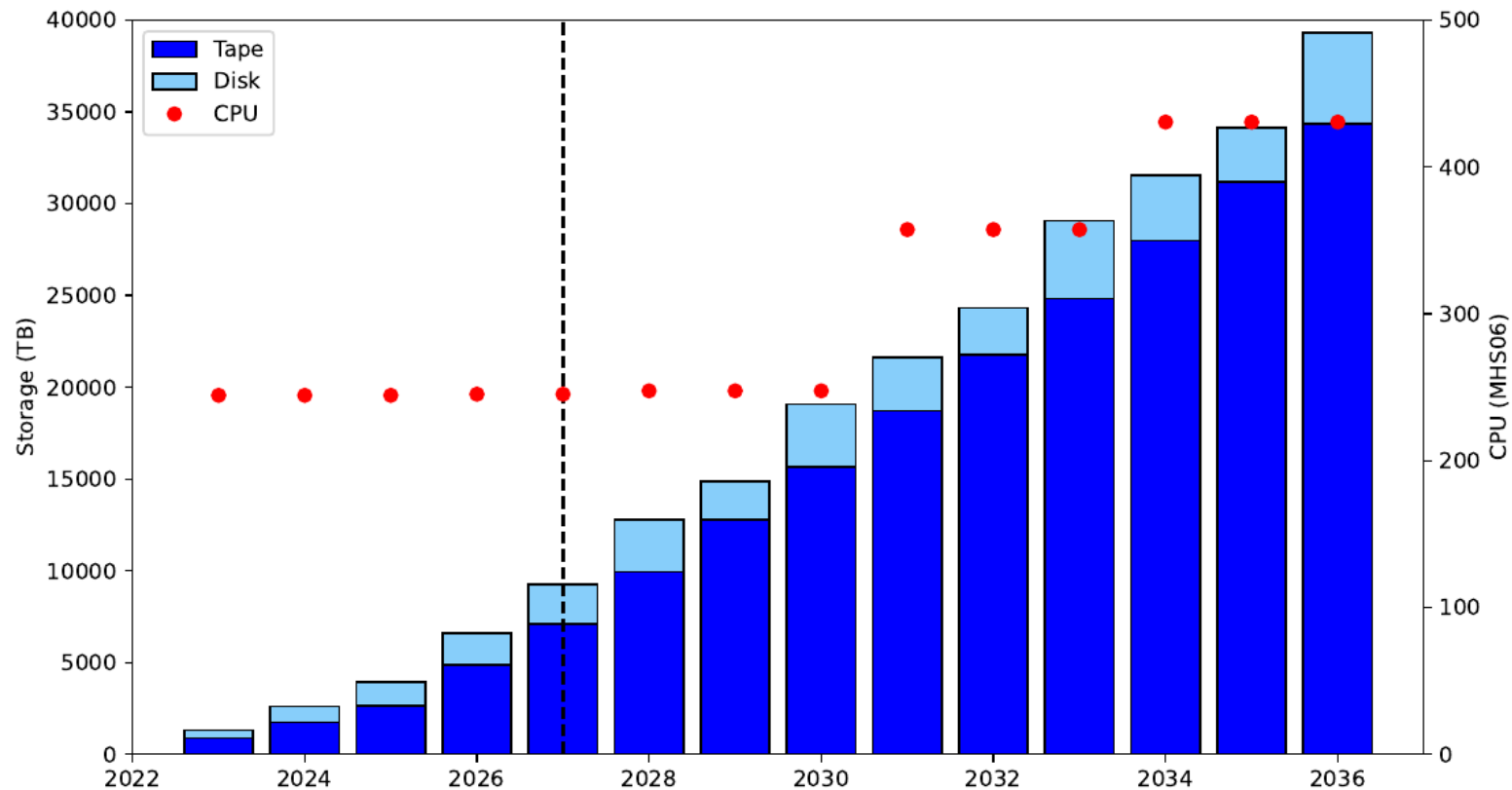
- Full data storage & CPU requested

Detector	Data and MC Storage (TB)	MC (HS06 CPU.h)
INGRID	226	0.51M
ND280	6,891	384M
IWCD	1,460	6700M
Far detector	27,3630	2,004M
Total	35,715	9,138M

→ About 9×10^9
HS06 CPU.h over 15
years.

The IN2P3 teams computing proposal

- Make CC-IN2P3 a **complete Tier-1** for HK data.



- Pros :

1. No other group has announced the capacity of a full Tier 1 so far.
2. Having all data in France offers an unparalleled visibility.
3. Complete synergy with our goal to lead the analyses in both low and high energy sectors.
4. CC-IN2P3 is already Tier-1 for T2K INGRID & ND280 data
→ Smooth transition & preparation until 2027.

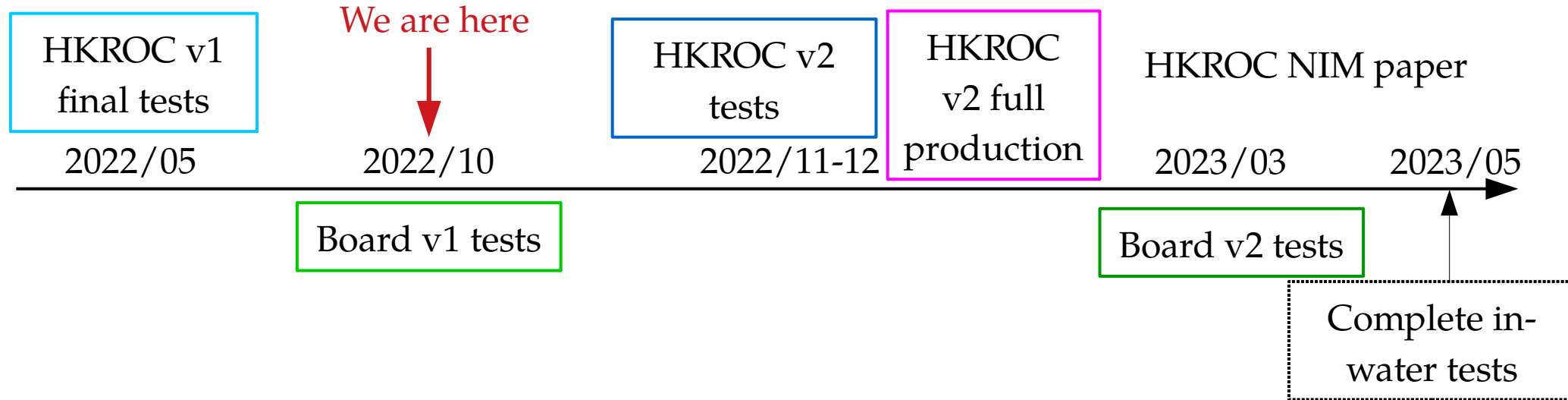


III. Incoming steps & timeline

Prospects for the HKROC digitizer

- 2 other digitizers were competing for HK : QTC (Japan), discrete (Italy).
→ Unfortunately, HKROC not chosen as primary solution for HK.
- Summary of the review:
 1. All 3 solutions for HK digitization are suitable both in terms of minimal requirements & schedule.
 2. The HKROC team has clearly shown the large advantages for physics.
 3. The HK management preferred an already final solution with less impact on physics compared to HKROC which will be finalized in 8 months → The main reason we were not selected was that we did not had a on-shelves solution ready (others had).
- HKROC has been built to be a waveform digitizer for any PMT-based experiment in the next 10-15 years.
→ We will finalize the HKROC development all the way to a modular front-end board.

HKROC digitizer timeline



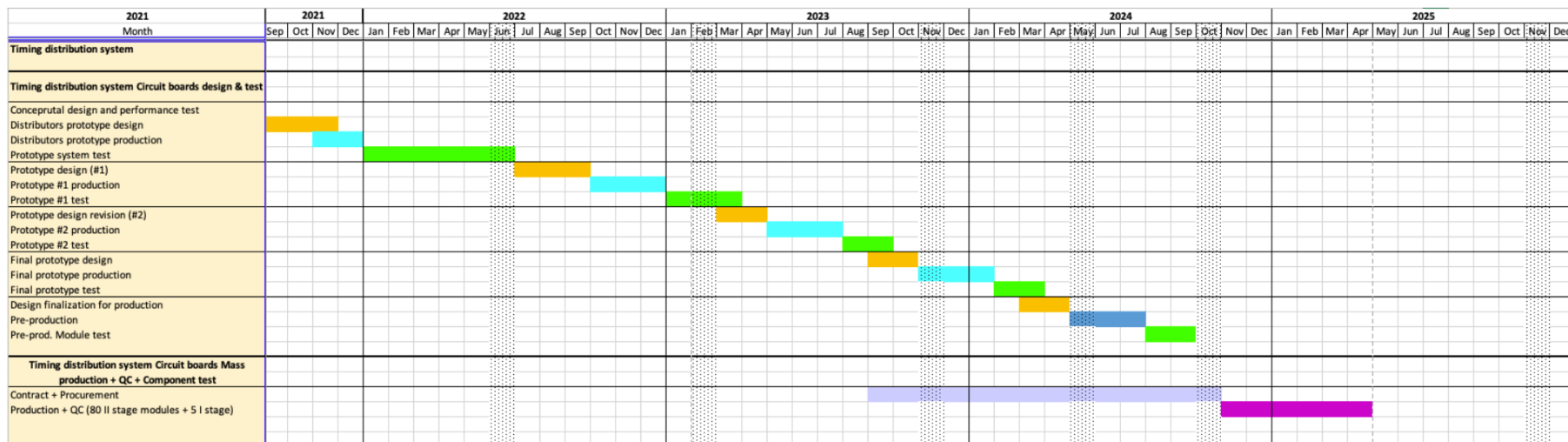
- We propose to keep our R&D original schedule :
→ **First complete digitizer board in spring 2023.**
- Several papers are prepared for a publication at the end of spring 2023.
→ Based on HKROC v2 & prototype board v1.
→ One NIM + others.

Status & timeline for the clock

- Final time generation & distribution scheme presented and validated by the HK electronics group.
- The timing system technical note has been submitted and is under technical evaluation.

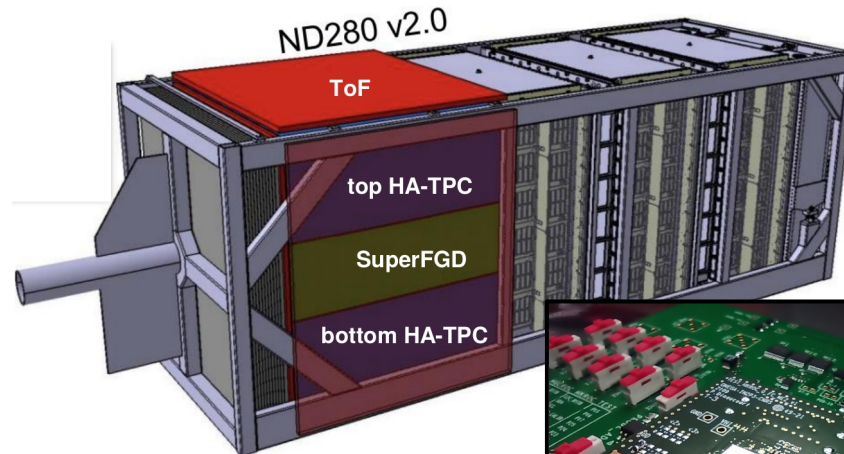
→ Thanks to the *incredible work* from LPNHE/IRFU & financial support provided by IN2P3 so far, the HK Steering&Resource board recognized that the IN2P3-CEA-INFN joint group is responsible for building the clock distribution & time synchronization system for the HK detector.

- Significant progresses on-going : ahead of official schedule
 - The development is going **perfectly well & on-time** !
 - Ordering components for the final production has started.

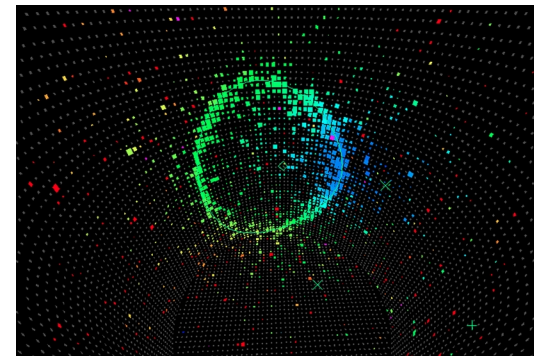
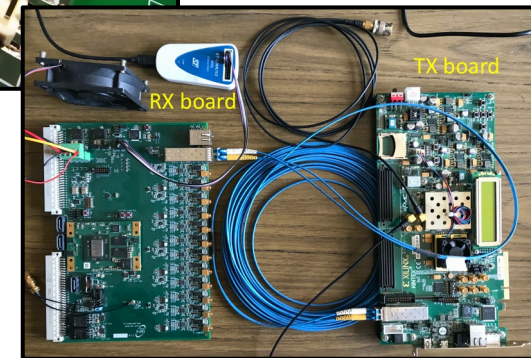
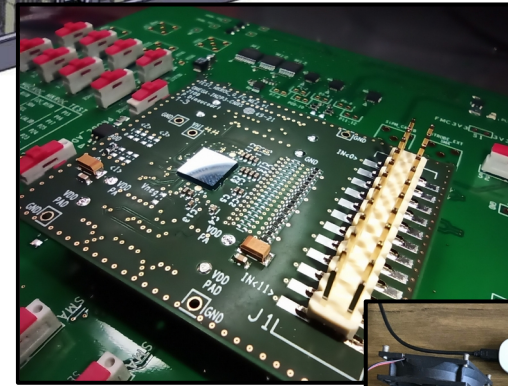


Summary of proposed contributions

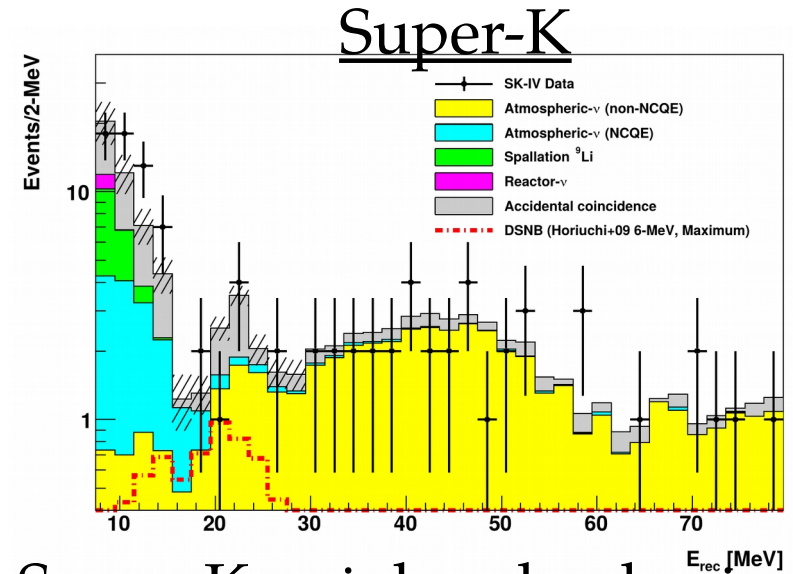
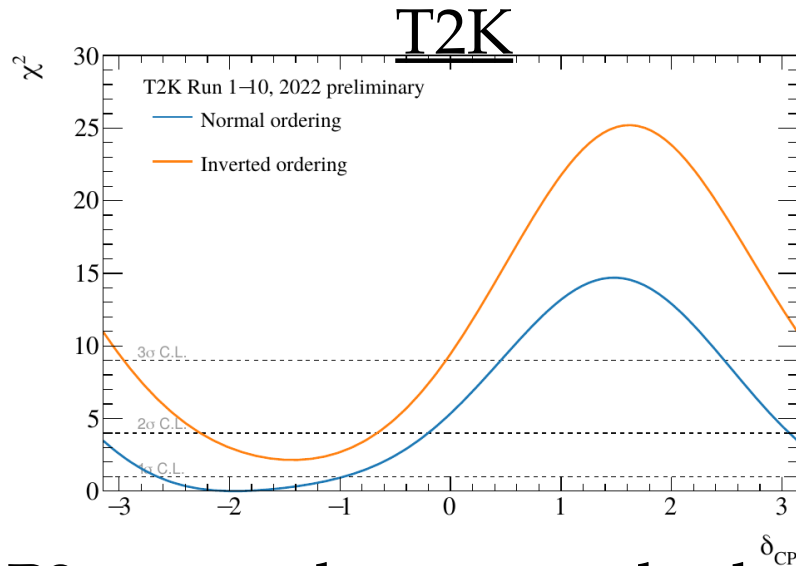
One year ago, IN2P3-HK groups made the following proposal @CS :



- The ND280-upgrade.
- ~~HKROC complete digitizer for ID & OD.~~
- Time generation & clock distribution at Far Detector.
- Shared-item cost & assembly.
- CC-IN2P3 : HK Tier 1 computing system.



Let's talk about physics & analyses



- IN2P3-groups have central roles in T2K & Super-Kamiokande physics.
→ Near-detector physics, T2K ν oscillation analysis, SK DSNB.
- Goal : Lead the future Hyper-K analyses from 2027 !
→ Need new reconstruction algorithms to update 20 years-old SK ones.
→ Have the unique chance to apply them 1st on Super-K & T2K data before HK start to : find DSNB, CP violation and mass ordering at 3σ ...
- For this purpose, we wish Hyper-K to become an IN2P3 master-project & Need new members in our groups to move from SK/T2K → HK.

Conclusions

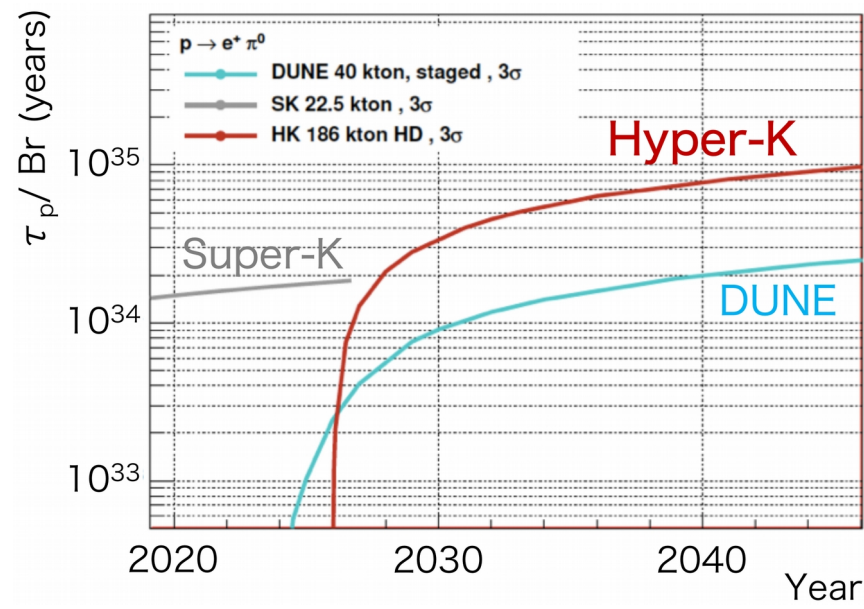
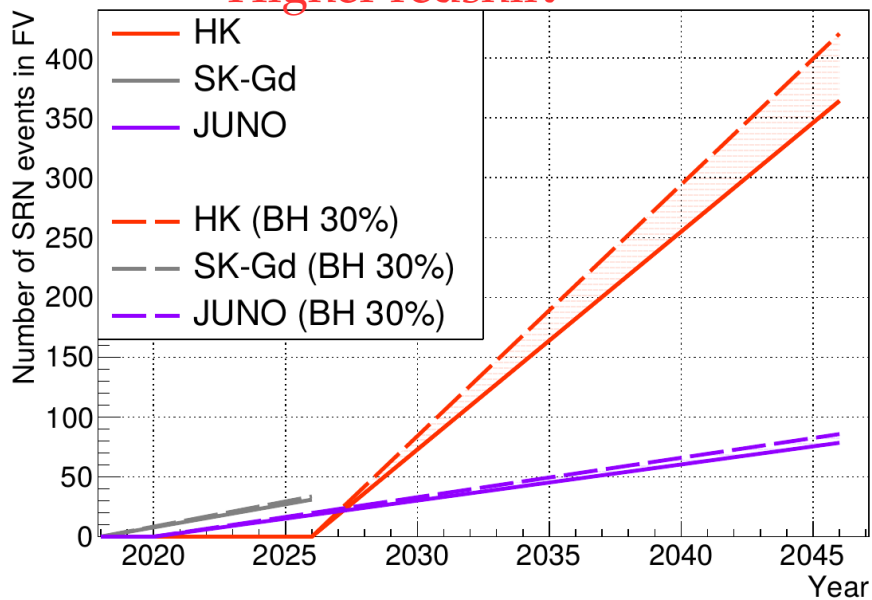
- Hyper-K will be the world-leading experiment in many aspects of neutrino physics for the next 20 years.
- RD4HK only started in January 2022, but tremendous progresses have been made :
 - 1. The HKROC ASIC has been received and completely characterized**
 - Excellent agreement with expectations, though this is very 1st version.
 - Largely surpass existing CATIROC & other solutions in Hyper-K.
 - Very very small cross-talk found (0.02 %) → To be reduced by a factor of 100 in HKROC v2.
 - 2. Clock generation & distribution system scheme has been completed :**
 - Time generation system has been validated through measurements.
 - First stage distribution first prototype completely characterized.
 - Second stage distribution first prototype sent to production.
- **Huge technical achievements & success in only 1 year !!**

Conclusions

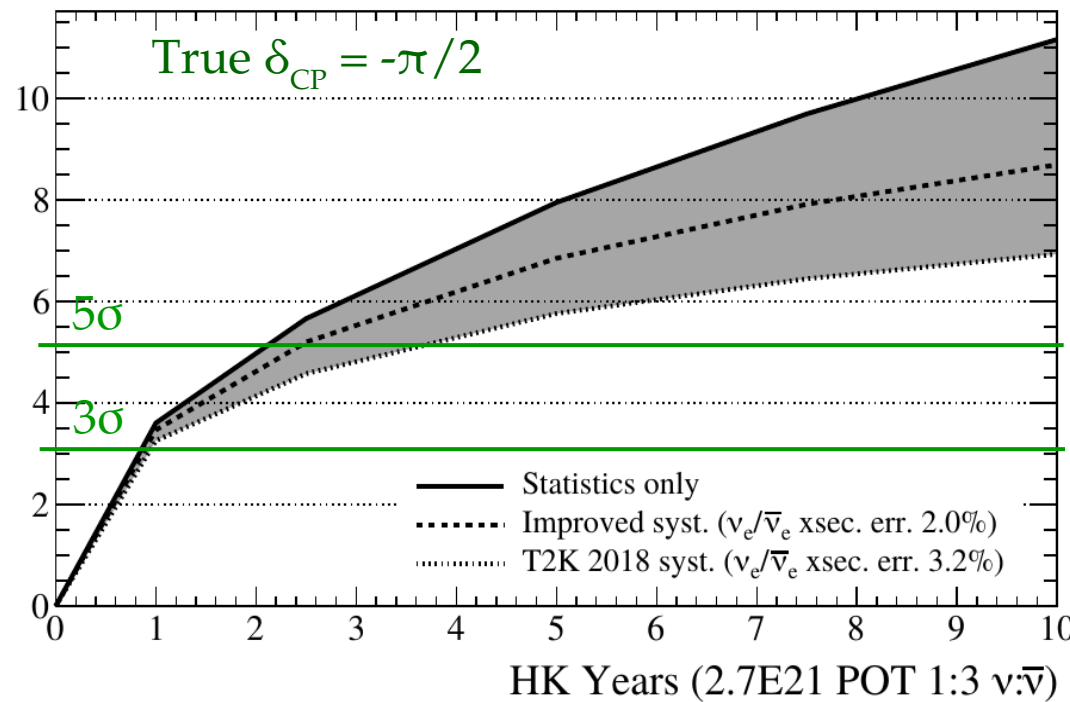
- HKROC digitizer & clock system development will continue in 2023.
 - Final production-ready digitizer for HKROC : ready by summer 2023
 - Timing : All the way to production !
- To accomplish & lead HK physics for 20 years, we need to go beyond RD4HK. And we need it **NOW** :
 1. Make CC-IN2P3 a Tier-1 for HK : absolutely central visibility & access to data, at a « relatively small » cost (2 PB/year).
 2. Build on our leaderships & expertise in T2K / Super-Kamiokande (acquired after 15 years of continuous work & investment by IN2P3) to lead the future HK low & high energy analyses.
- **This is the time to transform this project into a master project !**
 - And to ride the last train to prepare analysis tools.

Conclusions

Higher redshift



$\sin(\delta_{\text{CP}}) = 0$ exclusion ($\sqrt{\chi^2}$)



$\delta_{\text{CP}} = -\pi/2$: 5 σ after 2-4 years of data taking

→ Independent from ↓ systematic uncertainties.

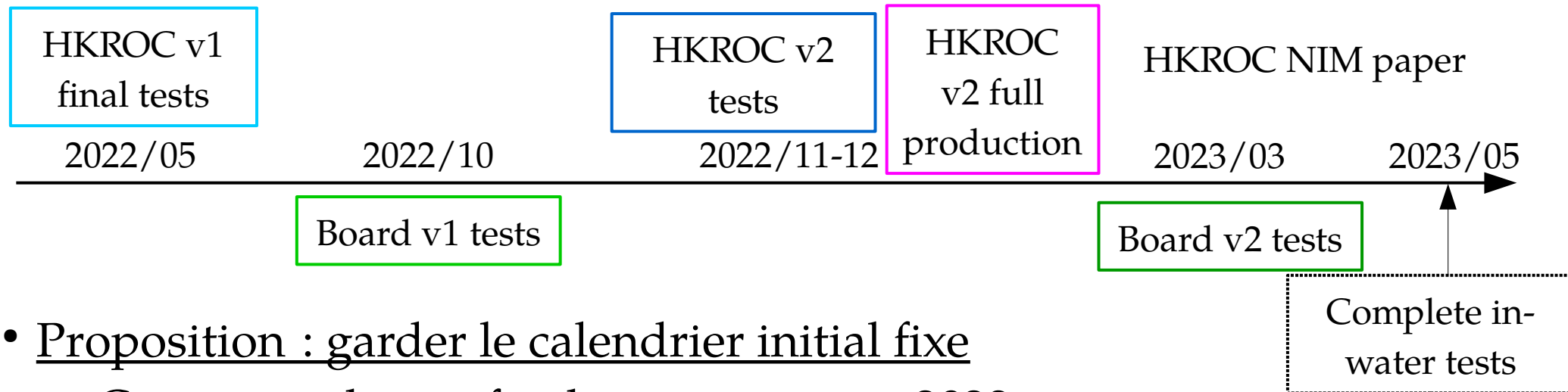
→ DUNE will require 7-8 years.



Additional slides

HKROC digitizer - Impact on physics

Le groupe HKROC propose de finaliser la R&D ASIC + carte :



- Proposition : garder le calendrier initial fixe
 - Carte complete et finale au printemps 2023.
 - Demande budgetaire additionnelle : prod. de quelques cartes v2.
- Papier NIM : Preparation pour publication fin printemps 2023.
 - Base sur HKROC v2 & carte proto v1 : tests finalises en Fevrier 2023.
- Hiver 2022 : contact avec d'autres manip utilisant des PMTs (IceCube gen2...), upgrade HK eventuel, HK outer-Detector etc.

HKROC digitizer - Impact on physics

- Conclusion de la revue: malheureusement, HKROC n'a pas ete selectionne en premiere position par Hyper-K.

Item	HKROC	QTC	Discrete	Weight
Basic requirements	4	4,857143	4,8571429	30,00%
Comparison of technical performance beyond basic requirements	4,428571	2,428571	3	15,00%
Proposed schedule and risks	3,071429	4,714286	4,7142857	25,00%
Resources	4,857143	4,428571	4,2142857	15,00%
Reliability	4,142857	4,214286	4,1428571	15,00%
TOTAL	3,982143	4,296429	4,3392857	

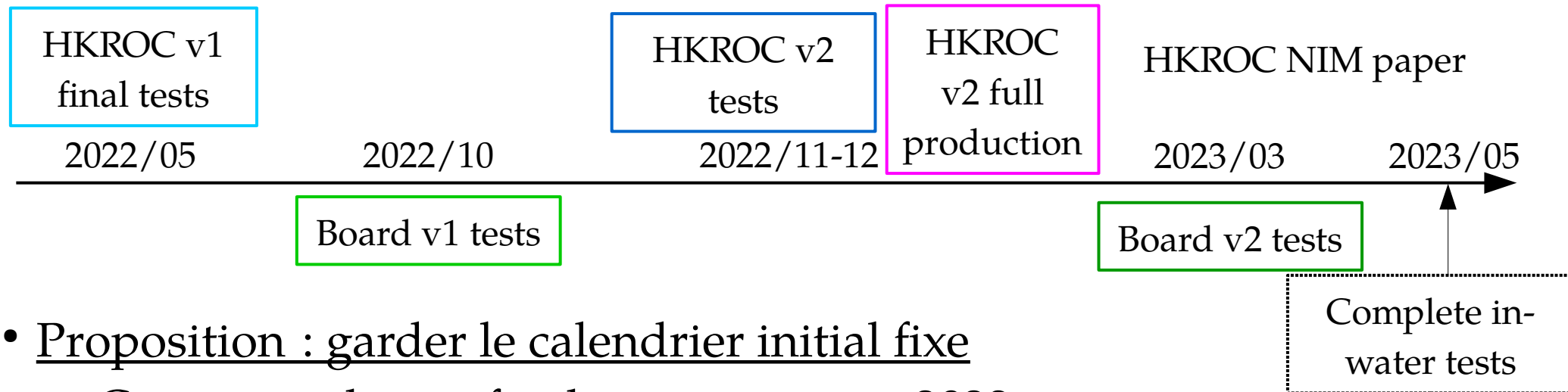
- En resume :

1. Les 3 solutions ont ete retenue comme parfaitement viable pour HK.
2. Le cross-talk de l'ASIC a impacte les « basic requirements & schedule. »
3. L'equipe HKROC a su demontre ses larges avantages sur la physique.
4. Le management a clairement prefere une solution déjà finale moins ambitieuse a une solution optimale mais qui sera finale dans 8 mois.

→ Nous avons **decide de proposer un projet alternatif permettant de maintenir ne visibilite forte pour l'IN2P3 et l'IRFU** : plusieurs options sont en cours d'evaluation/negociation.

HKROC digitizer - Impact on physics

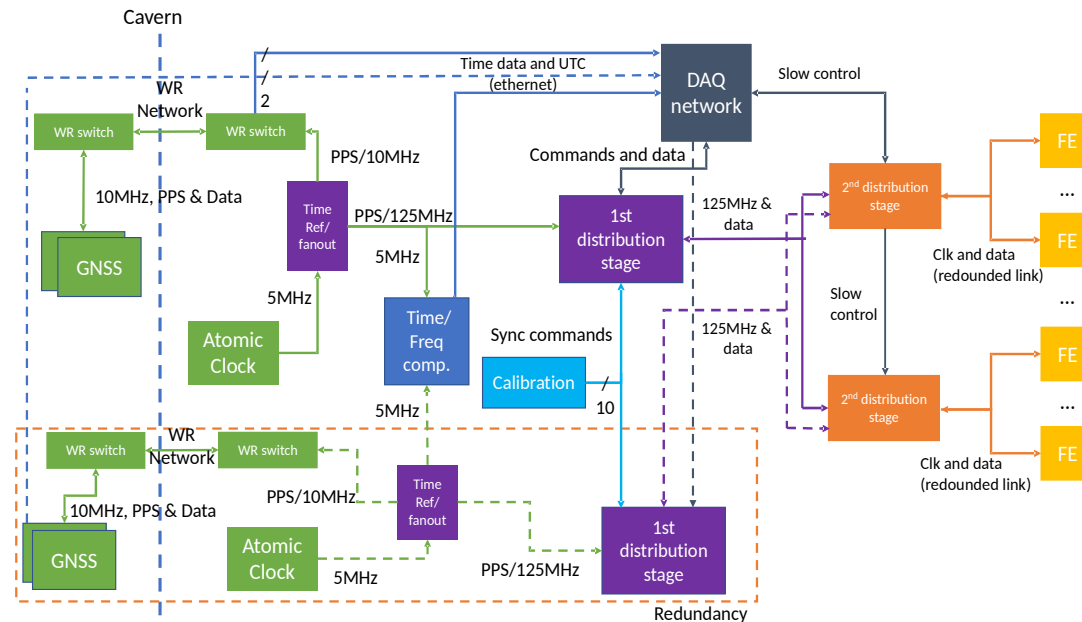
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Faits marquants 2022 - Electronique

- Final time distribution scheme presented and validated by the HK electronics group.
 - The time distribution subsystem technical note has been submitted and is under evaluation (delayed due to digitiser choice)
- It should be highlighted that there is no alternative solution in HK !



- Significant progresses on-going : ahead of official schedule
- **The development is going perfectly well & on-time !**
- Ordering components for the final production via PUMA procedure
 - Anticipation on the 2024 spending

Rappels de l'organisation RD4HK

Responsable national : B. Quilain

HKROC

F. Dulucq (OMEGA)

Digitiseur

J. Nanni (LLR)

Generation horloge

M. Guigue (LPNHE)

Distribution horloge

S. Russo (LPNHE)

OMEGA

S. Callier (IR)
S. Conforti (IR)
C. De la Taille (IR)
P. Dinaucourt (AI)
F. Dulucq (IR)
A. Mghazli (IR/CDD)
L. Raux (IR)
→ 1.3 FTE / an IR

LLR

A. Afiri (IR/CDD)
L. Bernardi (IR)
F. Gastaldi (IR)
J. Nanni (IR)
→ 1.2 FTE / an IR
A. Beauchene (PhD)
M. Buizza-Avanzini (CR)
O. Drapier (DR)
T. Mueller (CR)
P. Paganini (DR)
B. Quilain (CR)
→ 1.8 FTE / an phys.

LPNHE

E. Pierre (IR)
S. Russo (IR)
V. Voisin (IR)
→ 1.3 FTE / an IR
M. Guigue (MdC)
C. Giganti (CR)
L. Meller (PhD)
B. Popov (DR)
M. Zito (DR)
→ 1.2 FTE / an phys.

ILANCE

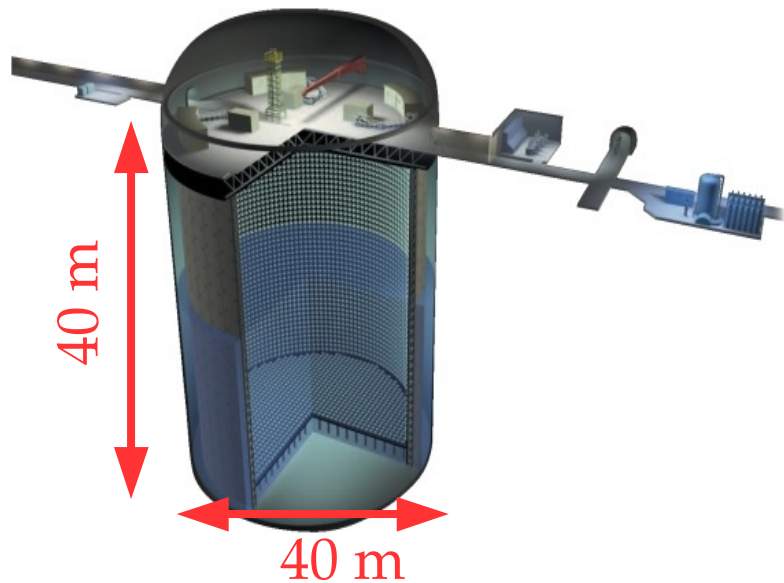
M. Gonin (DR)
G. Pronost (Posdoc)
→ 1.2 FTE / an phys.

FTE moyens calculés
sur 4 ans 48
(01/2022-12/2025)

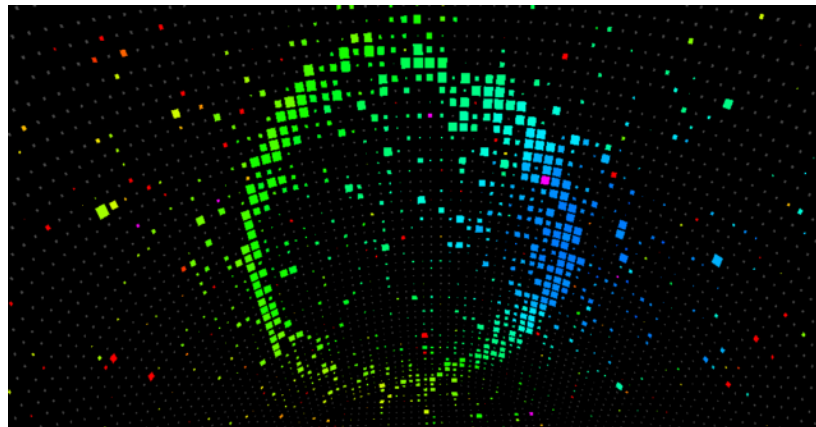
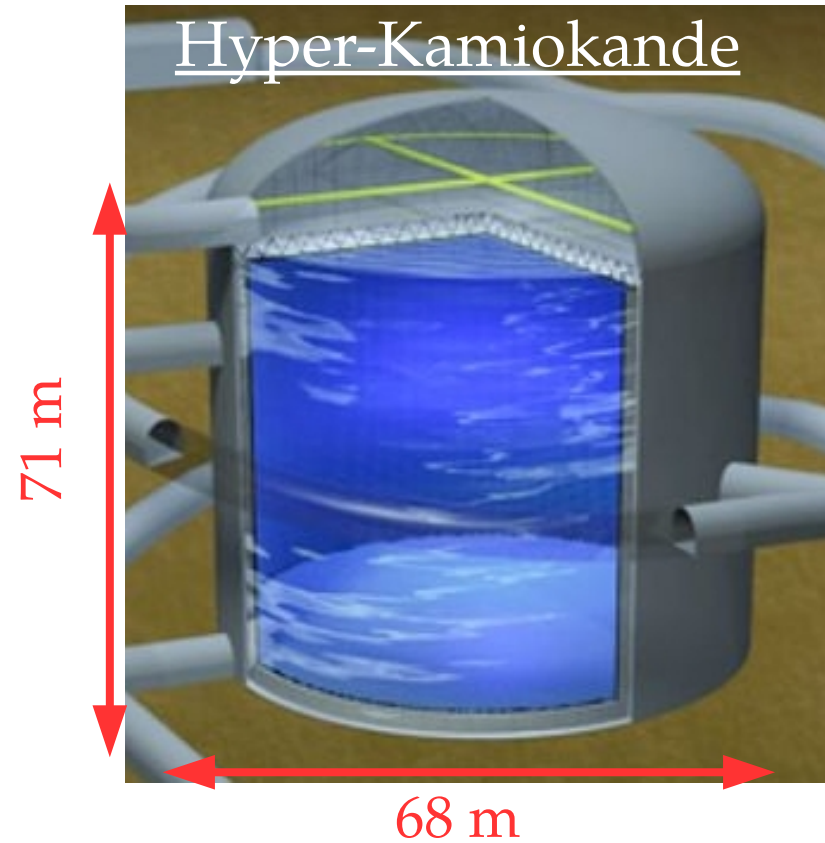
Reminder : what is Hyper-K ?

- Next generation of neutrino observatory in Japan → construction 2020-27
→ A 260 kton water Cherenkov detector → Fiducial Mass $\sim 8 \times$ SK.

Super-Kamiokande



Hyper-Kamiokande



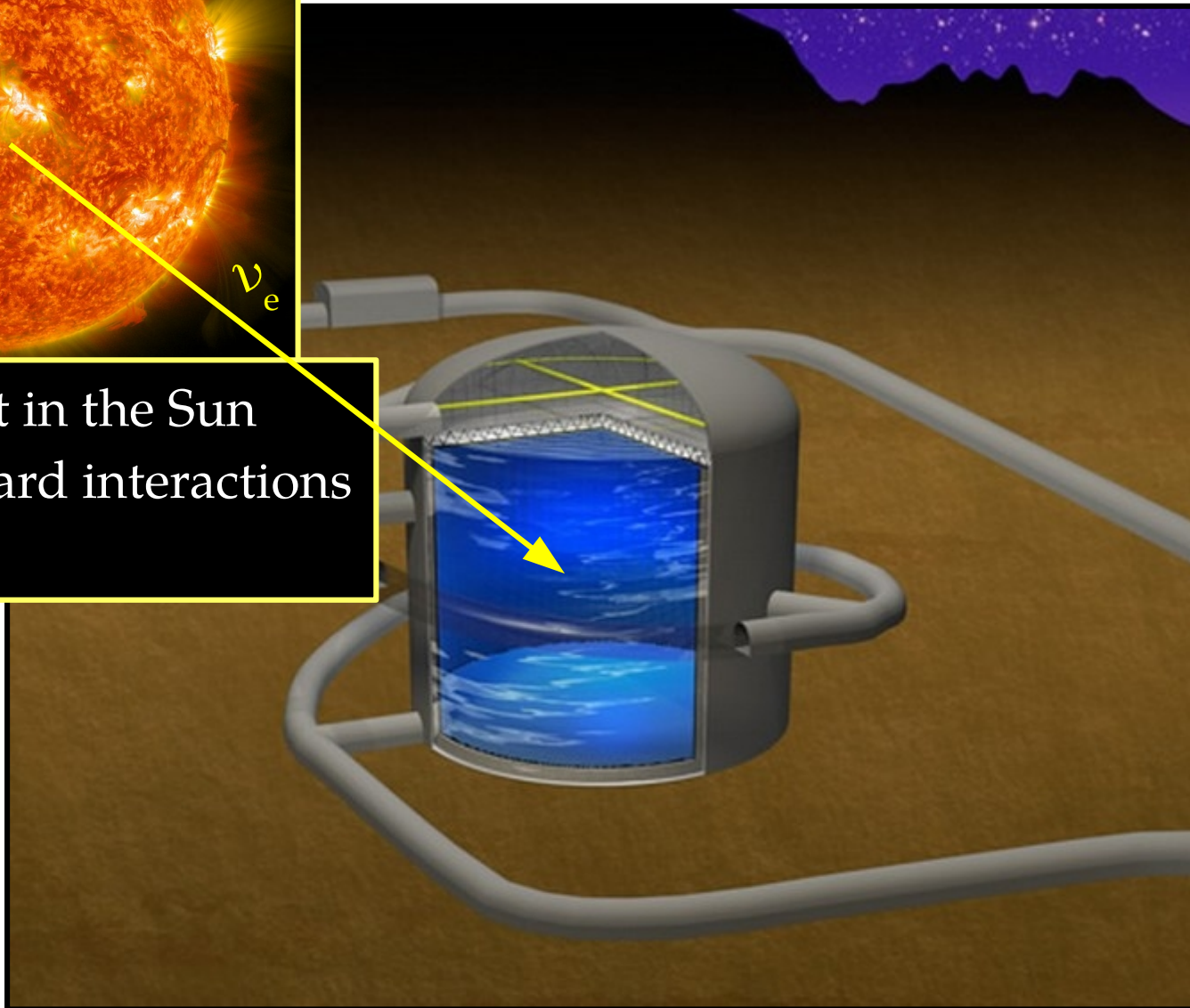
	Super-K	Hyper-K (1st tank)
Site	Mozumi	Tochibora
Number of ID PMTs	11,129	40,000
Photo-coverage	40%	40% (x2 sensitivity)
Mass / Fiducial Mass	50 kton / 22.5 kton	260 kton / 187 kton

Solar neutrinos

Physics case

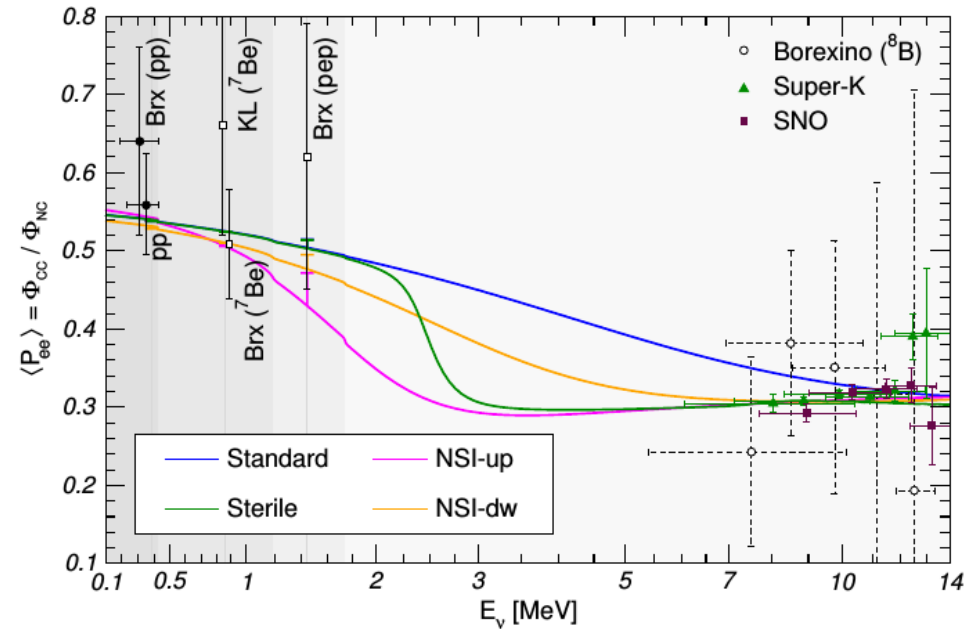
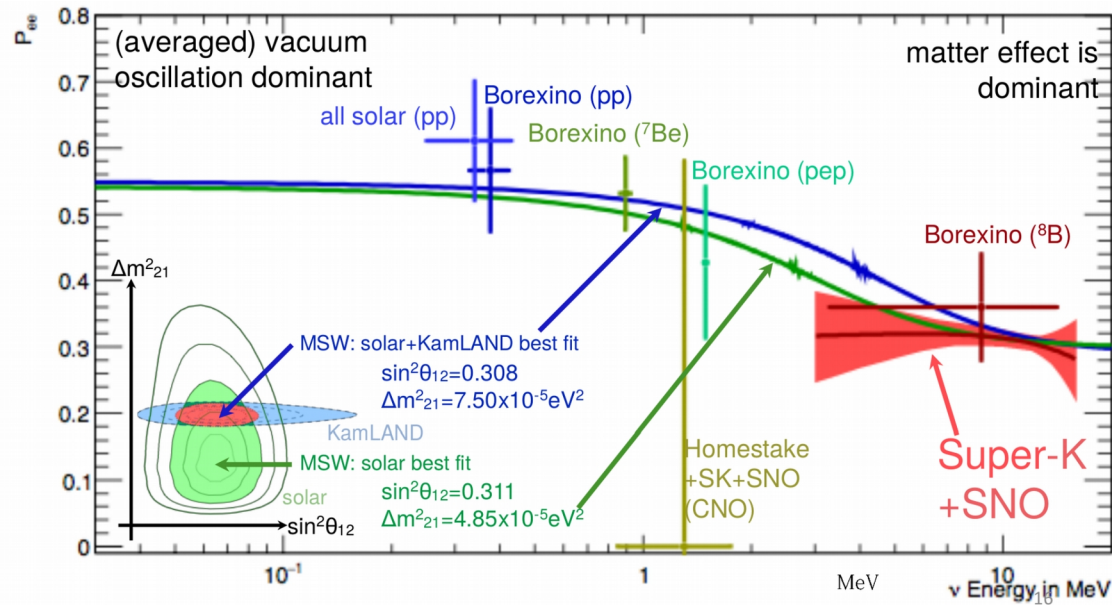
- MSW effect in the Sun
- Non-standard interactions in the Sun.

ν_e



Solar neutrinos : upturn

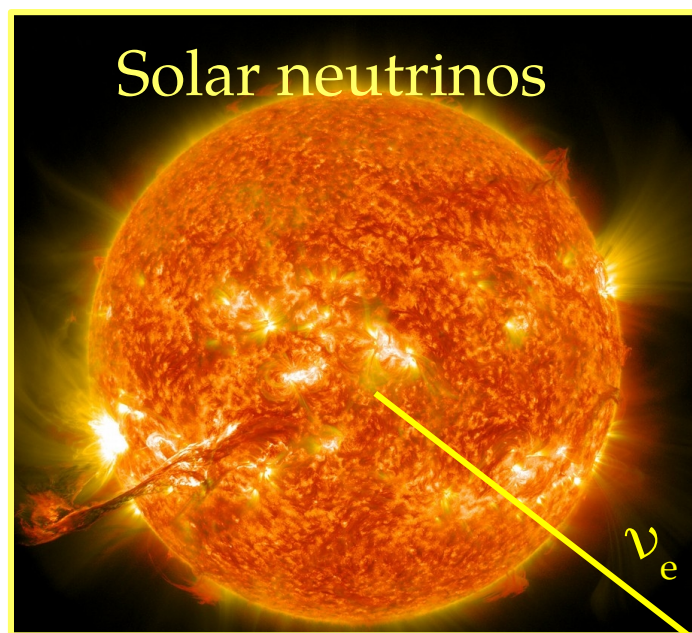
- Probe solar ν : SK/SNO found a high matter effect in the Sun
 \leftrightarrow Solar upturn shifted to lower energies



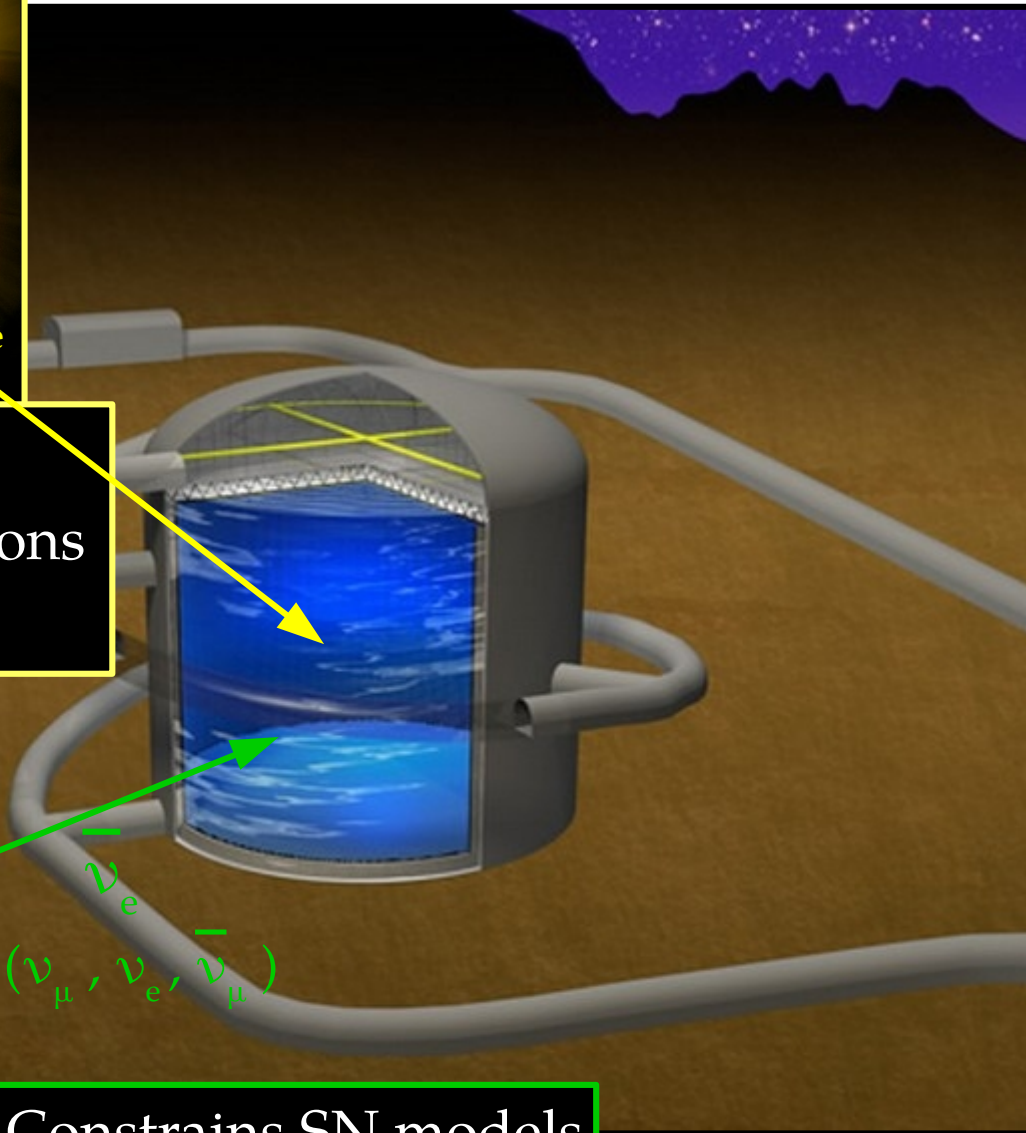
- SK deviates from standard upturn scenario $> 2\sigma$.
- Displacement of the upturn can be explained by :
 - Statistical fluctuation ?
 - Light sterile neutrino ?
 - Non Standard Interaction in the dense Sun ?

Physics case

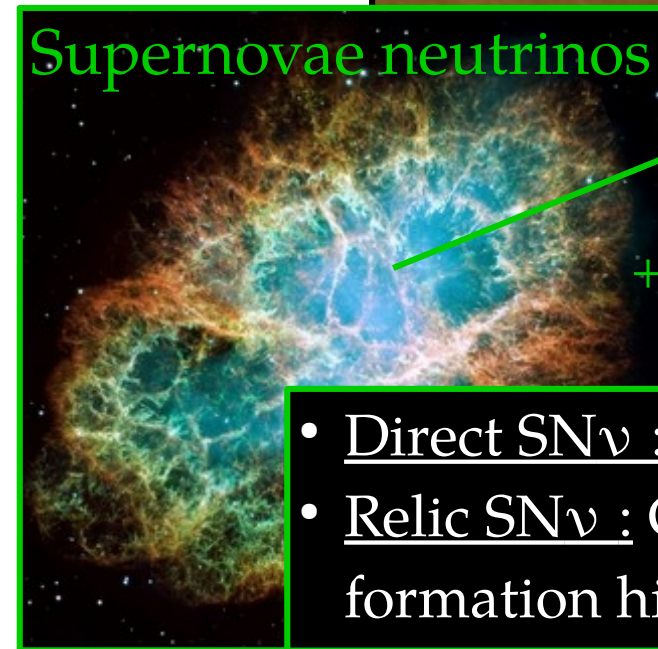
Solar neutrinos



- MSW effect in the Sun
- Non-standard interactions in the Sun.



Supernovae neutrinos



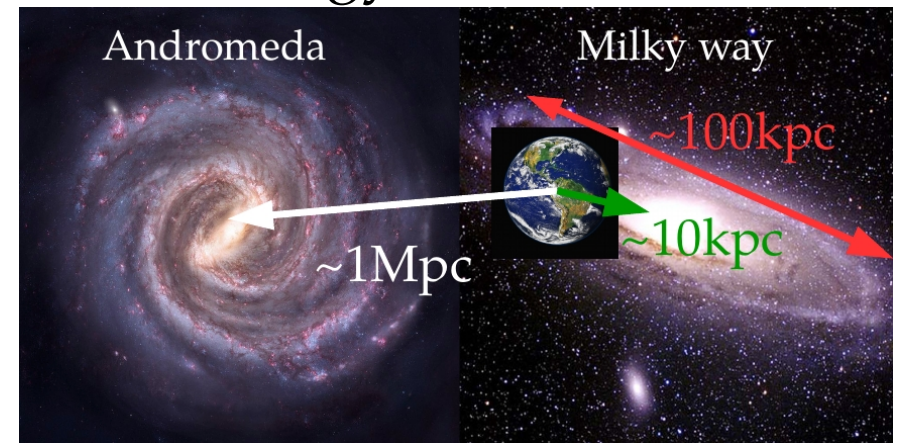
$\bar{\nu}_e$
+ $(\nu_\mu, \nu_e, \bar{\nu}_\mu)$

- Direct SN ν : Constrains SN models.
- Relic SN ν : Constrains cosmic star formation history

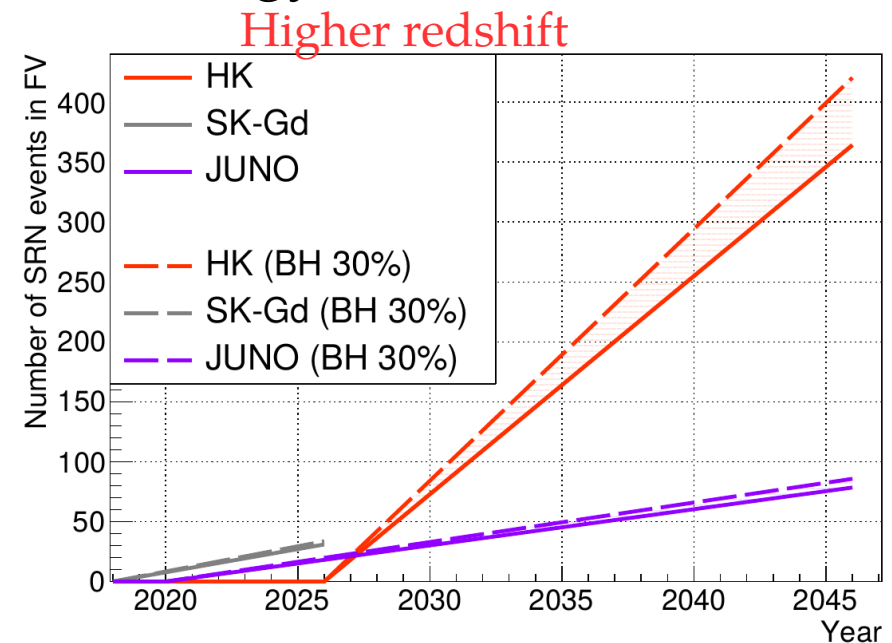
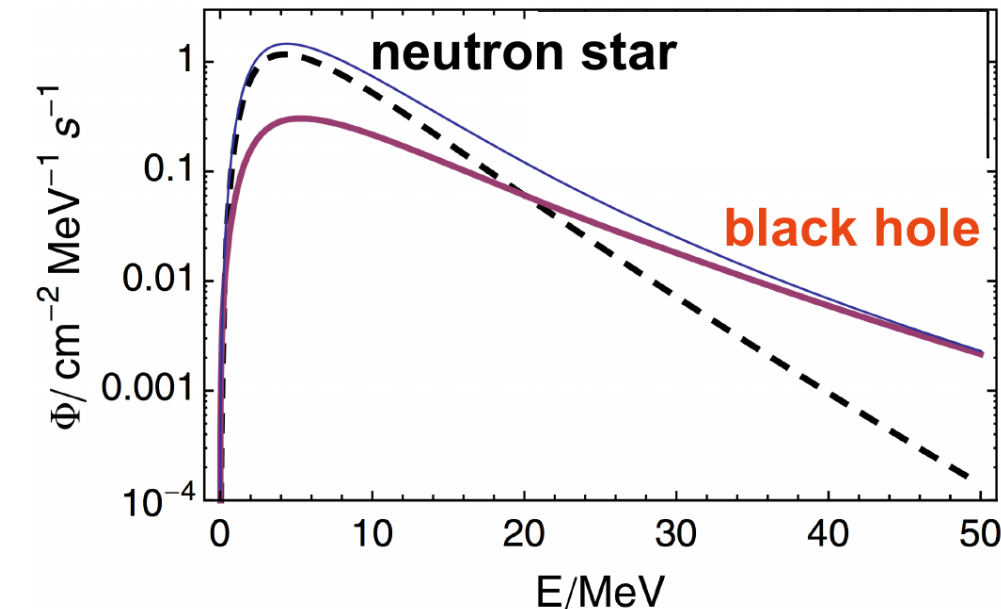
Supernovae neutrinos

- Unique probe for supernovae ν : 99 % of SN energy $\rightarrow \nu$.

- But direct ν detection very rare.
- HK also sensitive to extra-galactic SN ν from Andromeda !



- SN-relic neutrino \rightarrow new constraints on cosmic star history \rightarrow May be first detected in SK-Gd.
 \rightarrow But spectrum determined by HK : Low energy \leftrightarrow Probe older stars



- SK-Gd & then, HK are the pioneer experiments of this domain !

Solar neutrinos

Physics case

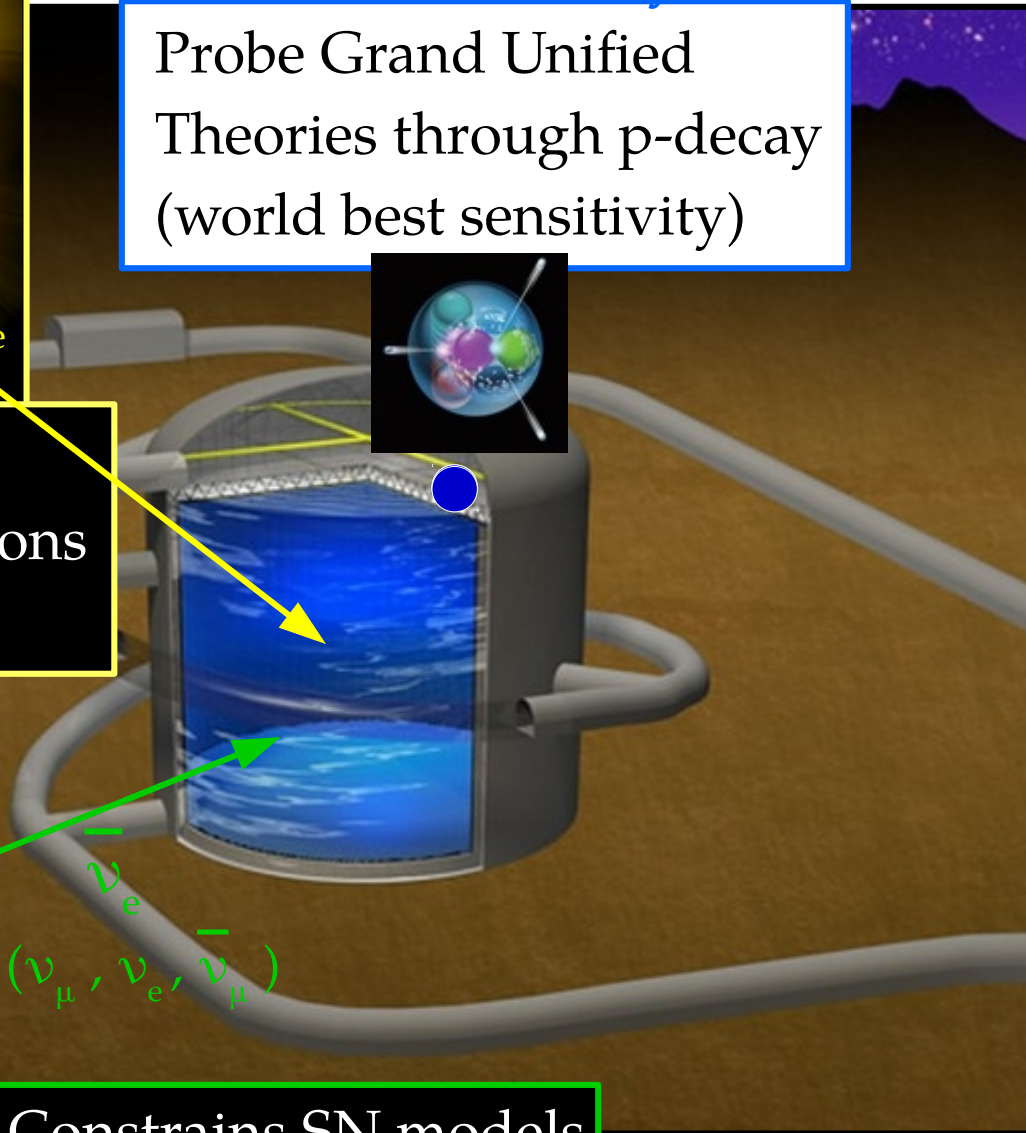
Proton decay

Probe Grand Unified Theories through p-decay (world best sensitivity)

- MSW effect in the Sun
- Non-standard interactions in the Sun.

Supernovae neutrinos

- Direct SN ν : Constrains SN models.
- Relic SN ν : Constrains cosmic star formation history



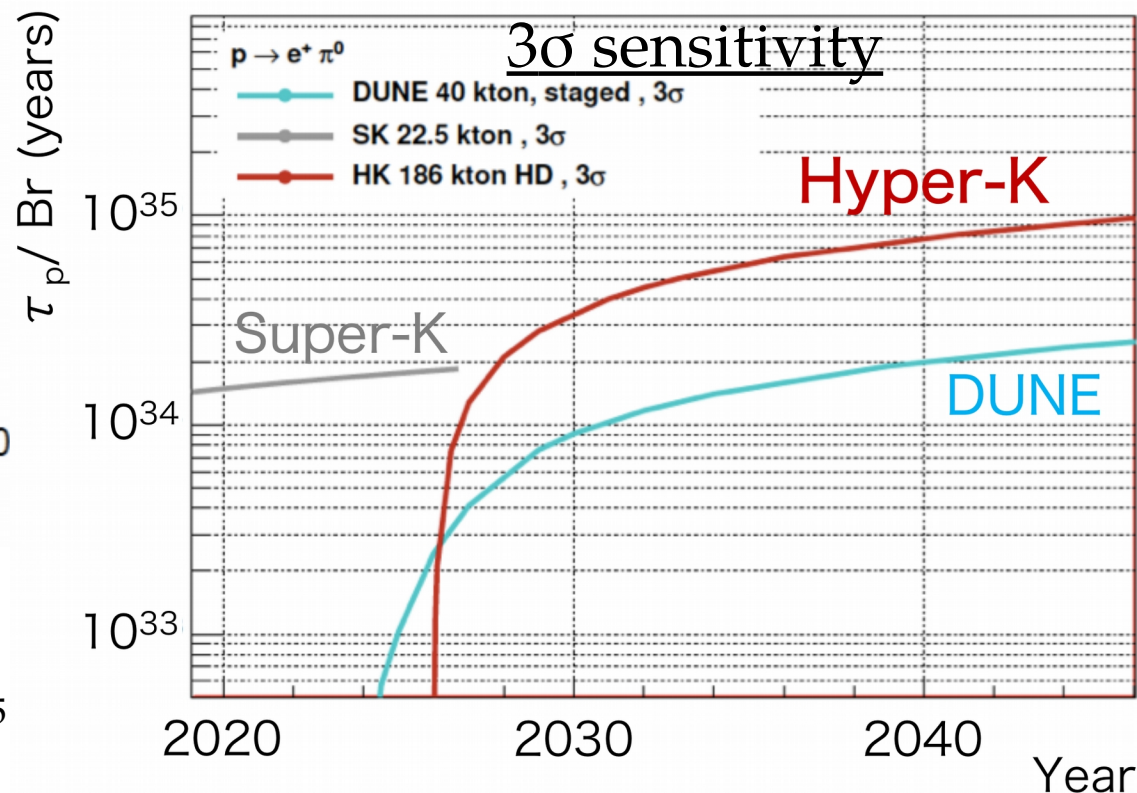
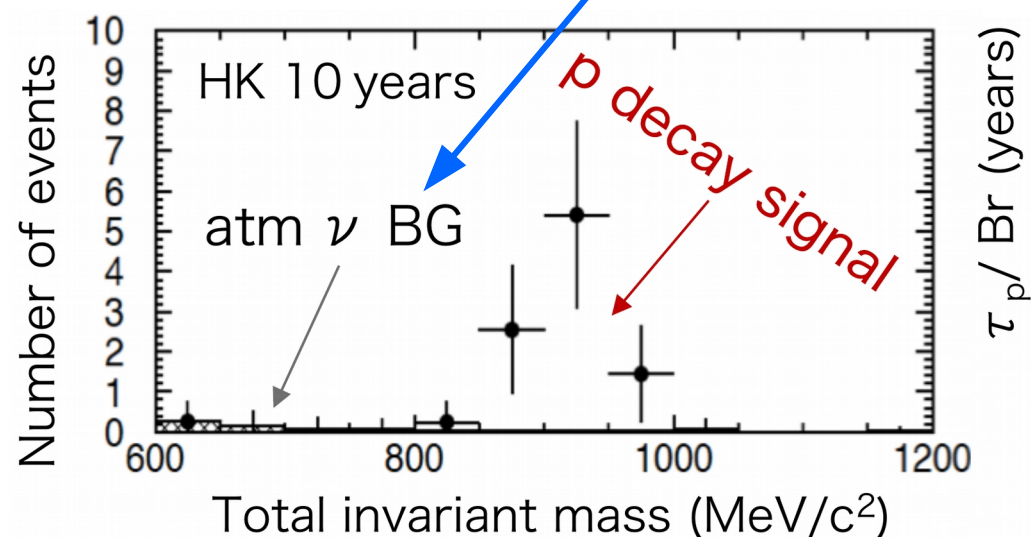
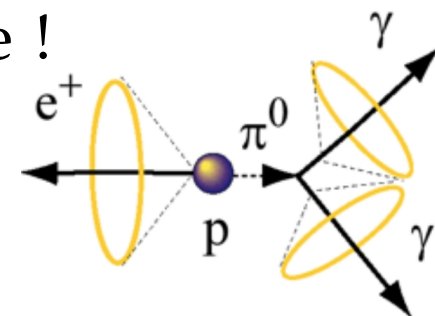
GUT and proton decay

- Probe Grand Unified Theories at a new scale through proton decay.

- Golden channel : $p \rightarrow e^+ + \pi^0 \rightarrow$ Almost background free !

→ Requires 2γ & reconstructed energy = Invariant M_p

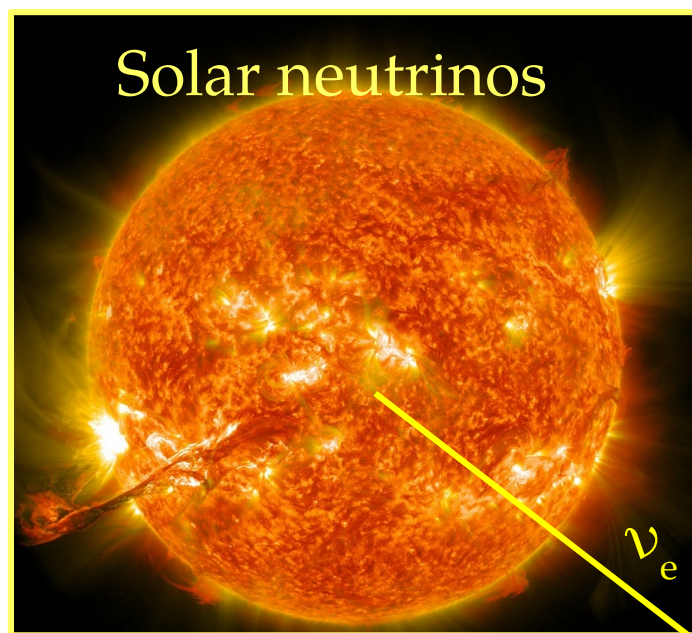
→ Bkg : Atmospheric ν producing e.g. a π^0 .



- 3σ sensitivity reach $\tau_p / \text{Br} = 10^{35}$

years → 1 order of magnitude beyond SK or DUNE

Solar neutrinos



- MSW effect in the Sun
- Non-standard interactions in the Sun.

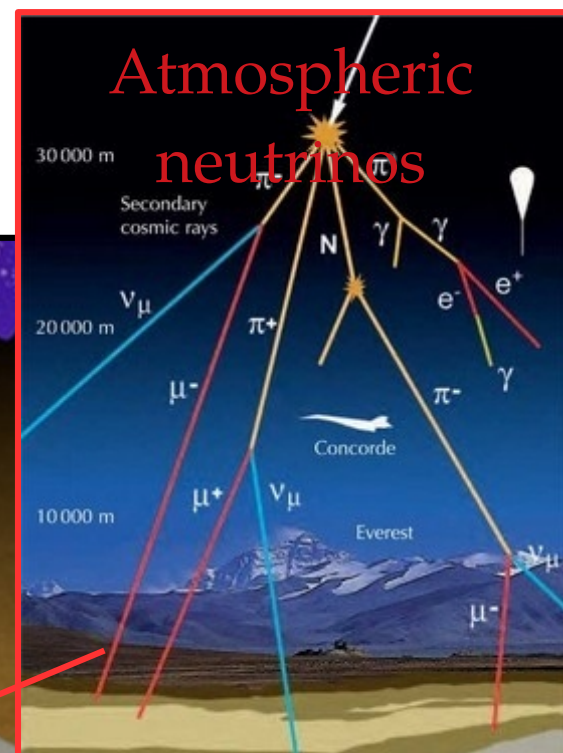
Physics case

Proton decay

Probe Grand Unified Theories through p-decay (world best sensitivity)



Atmospheric neutrinos



- Observe CP violation for leptons at 5σ
- Precise measurement of δ_{CP} .
- High sensitivity to ν mass ordering.



JPARC accelerator neutrinos

Supernovae neutrinos

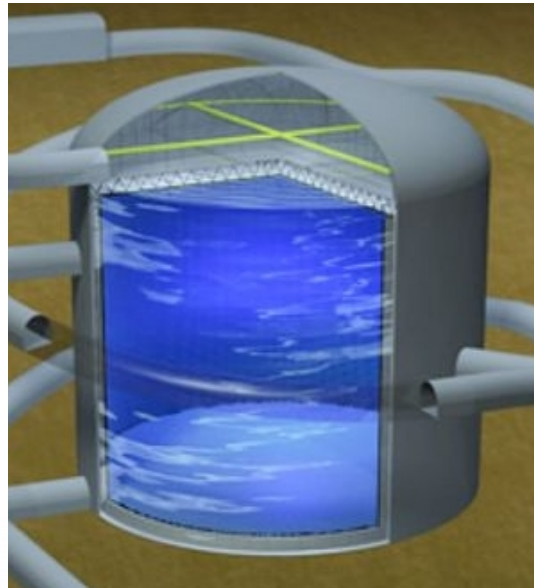
- Direct $SN\nu$: Constrains SN models.
- Relic $SN\nu$: Constrains cosmic star formation history

$\nu_e, \bar{\nu}_e, \nu_\mu, \bar{\nu}_\mu$
+ $(\nu_\mu, \nu_e, \bar{\nu}_\mu)$

Focus on CP violation

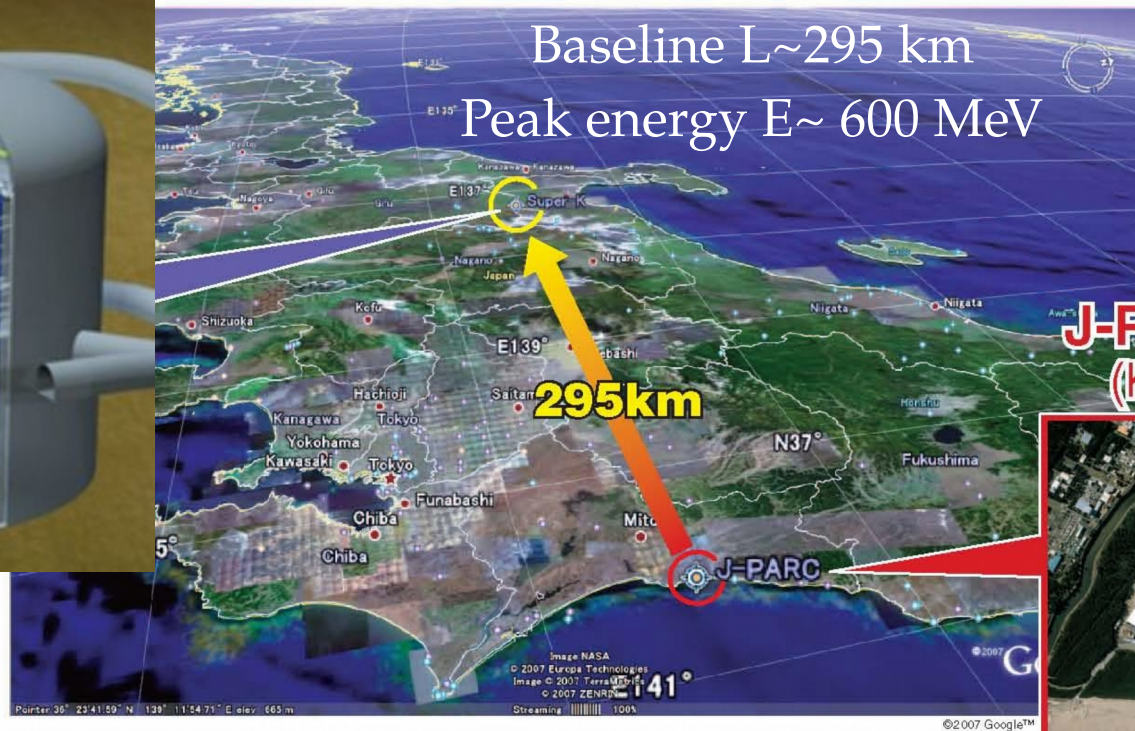
- CP violation search essentially based on accelerator ν : T2HK

Hyper-Kamiokande



Detect

$$\nu_{\mu}, \nu_e / \bar{\nu}_{\mu}, \bar{\nu}_e$$



Produce $\nu_{\mu} / \bar{\nu}_{\mu}$

J-PARC Main Ring
(KEK-JAEA, Tokai)



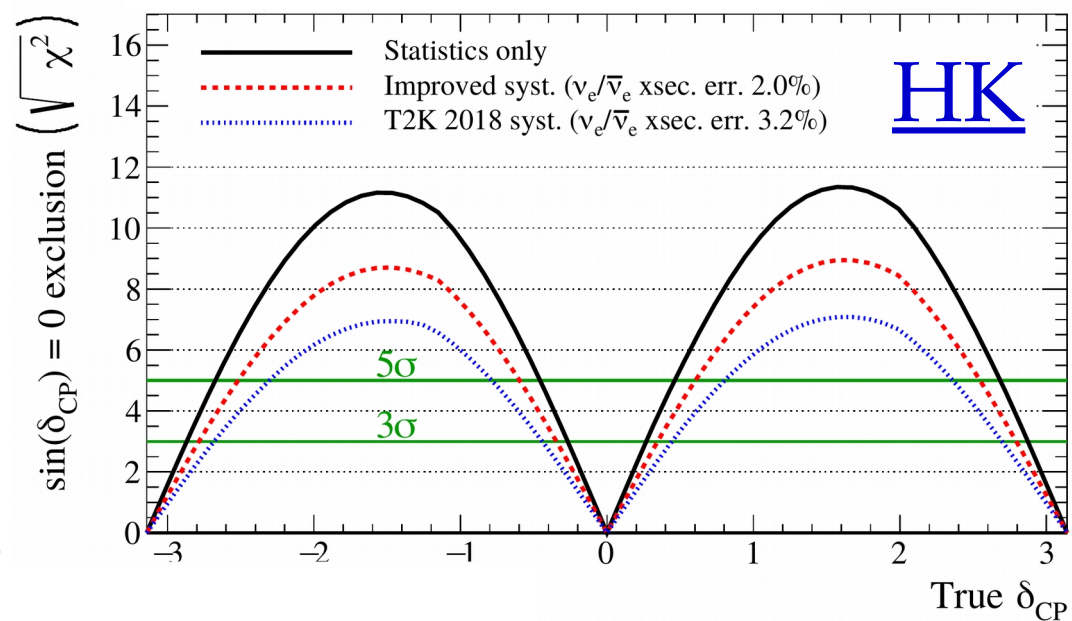
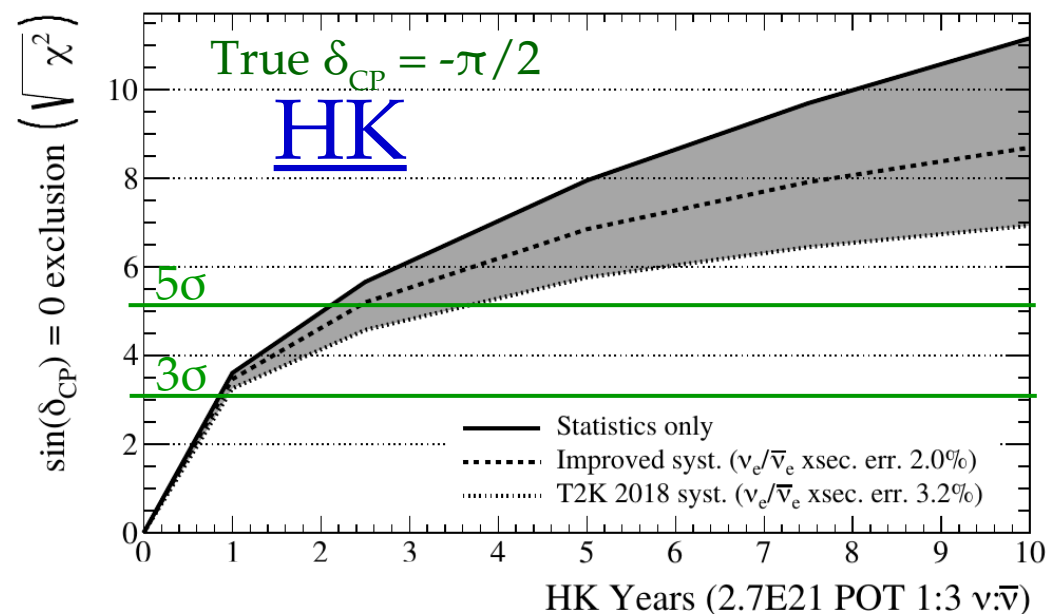
- ν_e appearance in a ν_{μ} beam and ν_{μ} disappearance & $\bar{\nu}$ equivalents.
- Detector technologies, calibration, analyses well-proven by T2K&SK.

\Rightarrow Quick start ! Which relies on 2 milestones :

- ↓ time to accumulate statistics → Beam upgrade.
- ↓ systematic uncertainties → Constrains ν_{μ} & ν_e flux before oscillation

Sensitivity to CP violation

- Assuming a run $\nu:\bar{\nu} = 1:3$ @1.3MW (can be adjusted).



- $\delta_{CP} = -\pi/2$: 5 σ after 2-4 years of data taking

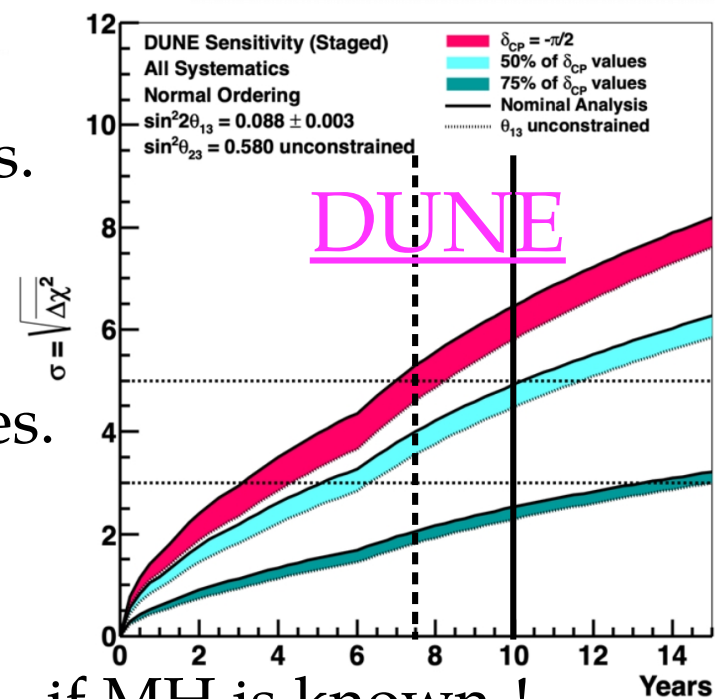
→ Independent from \downarrow systematic uncertainties.

→ DUNE will require 7-8 years.

- HK 10 years: 5 σ sensitivity on 60% of δ_{CP} values.

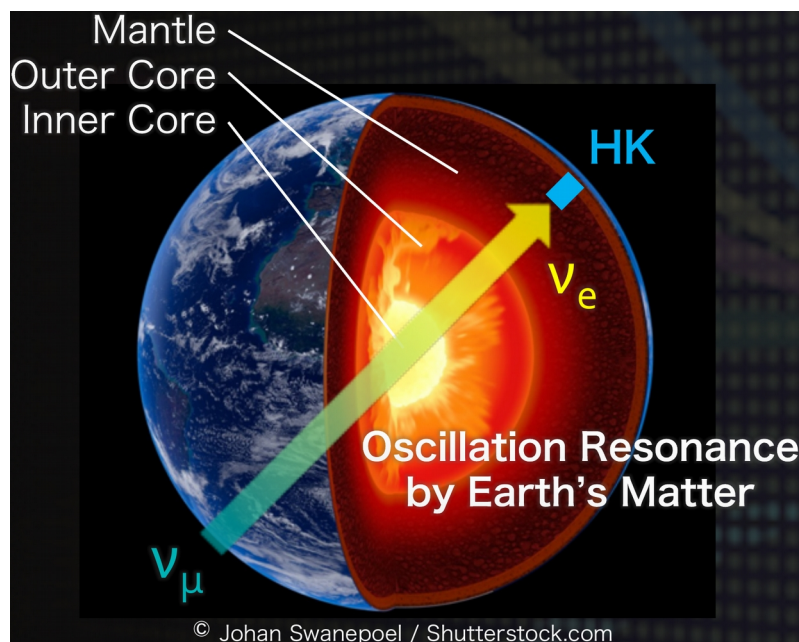
→ DUNE: 5 σ sensitivity on 40%

- HK has world-best sensitivity to CP violation ... if MH is known !

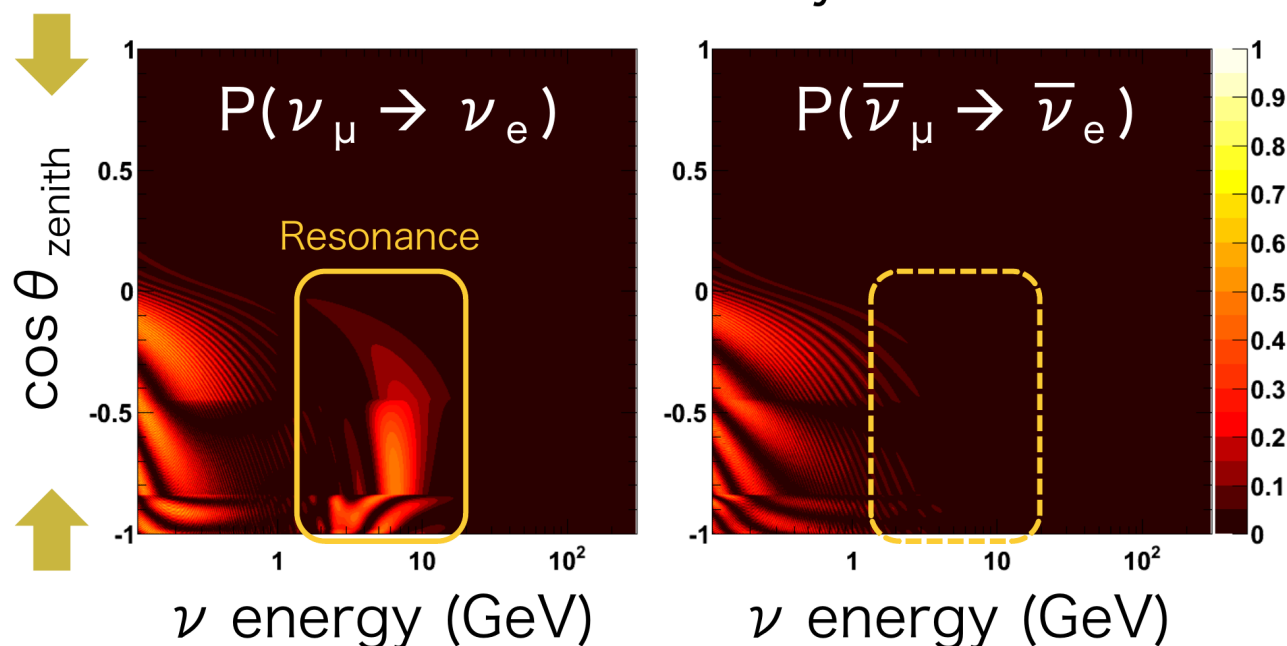


Atmospheric neutrinos

- Mass-hierarchy can be accessed through matter effects
→ The longer the baseline, the higher the effects



Normal Hierarchy case



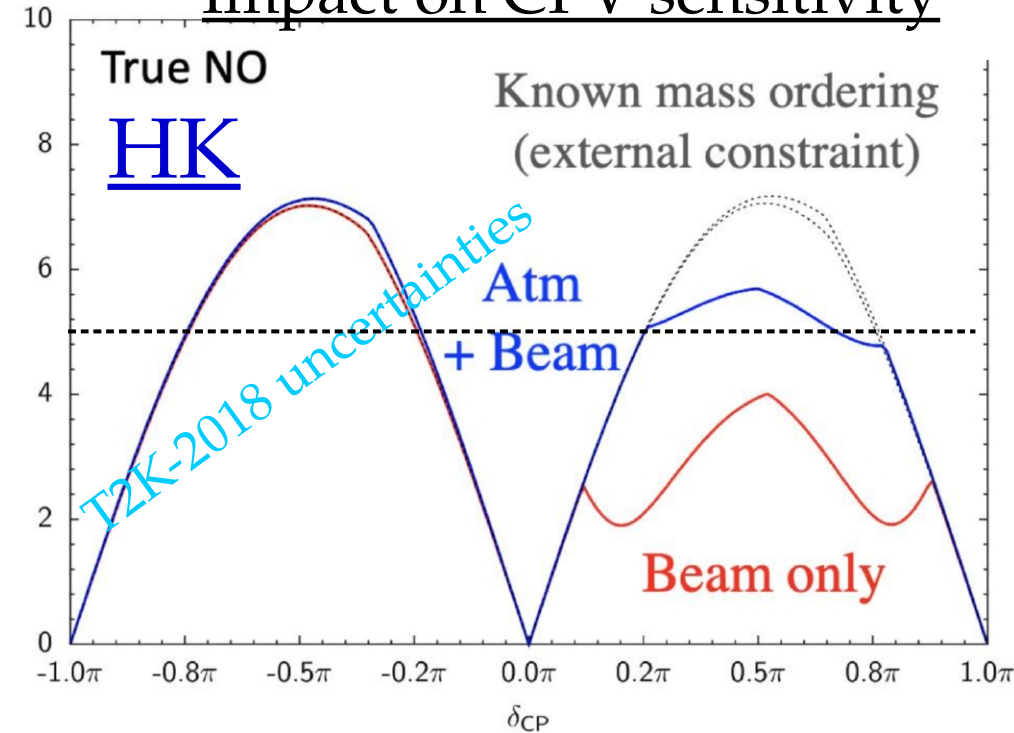
- Mass hierarchy determined with upward-going multi-GeV ν_e sample :

atm. baseline ≤ 13000 km \gg 295 km accelerator baseline

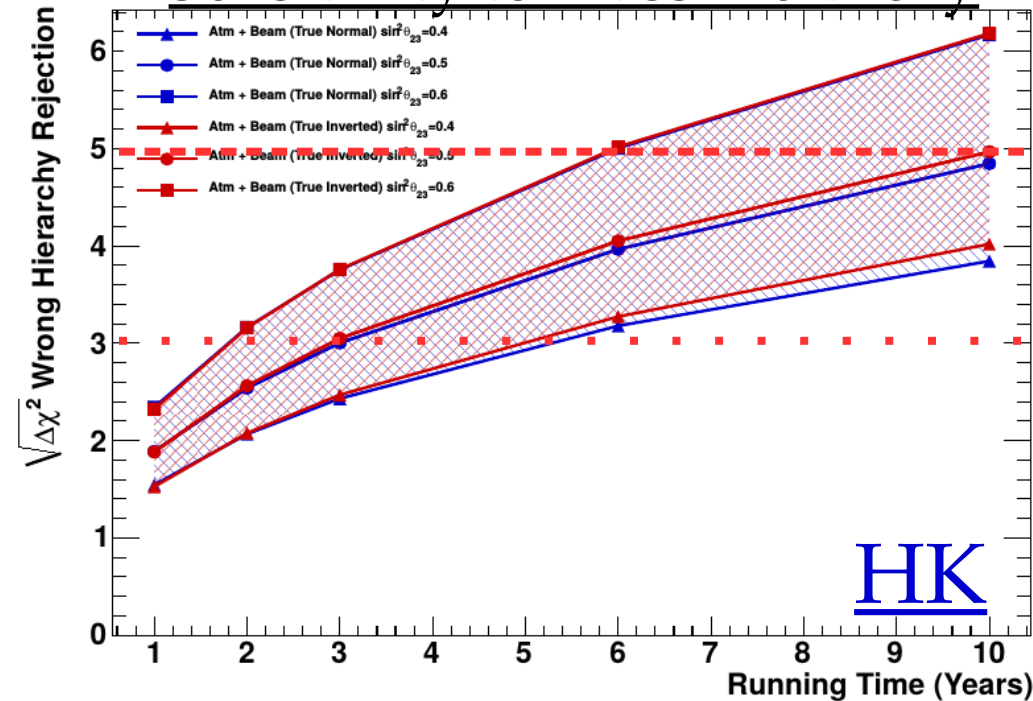
- Normal hierarchy : enhancement of $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$.
- Inverted hierarchy : enhancement of $\bar{\nu}_\mu \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e$.

Combination of atmospheric + beam ν

Impact on CPV sensitivity

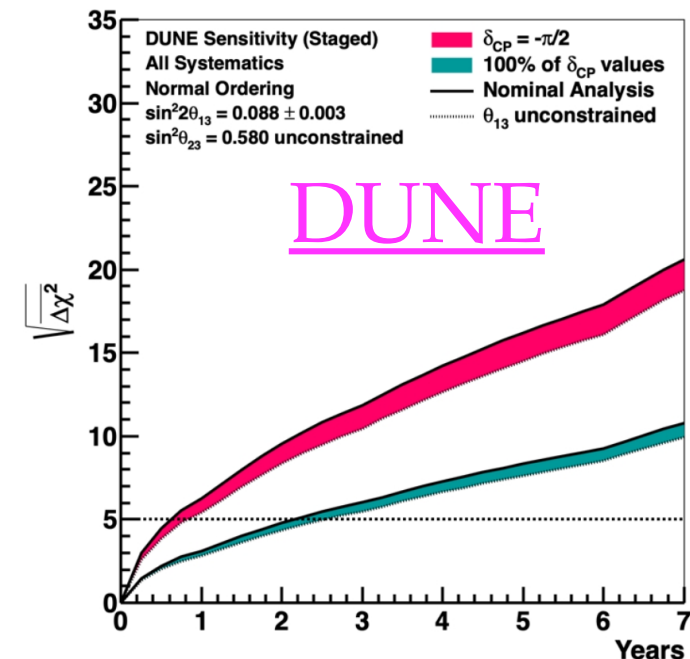


Sensitivity to mass hierarchy



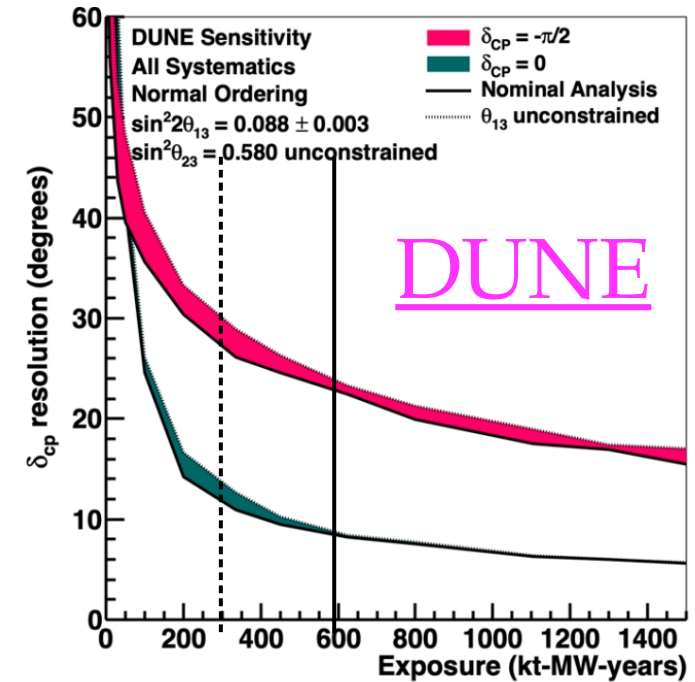
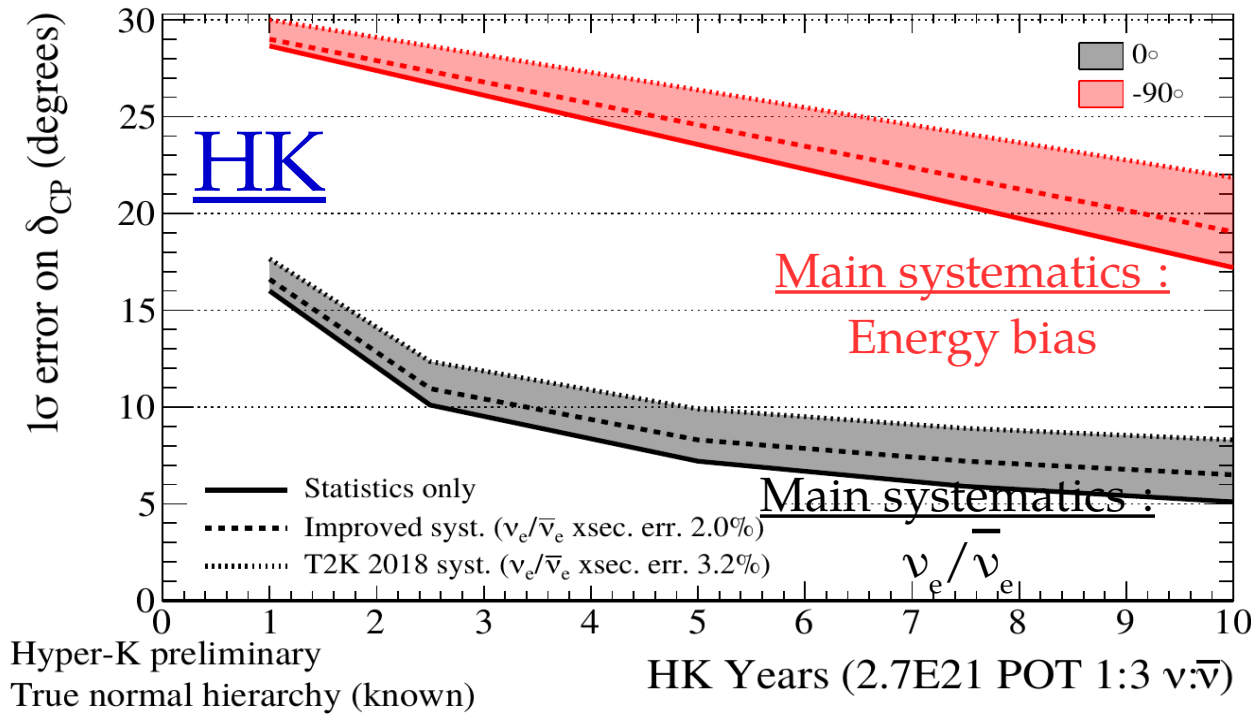
- Even if MH is not known when HK starts
→ Sensitivity to CPV is little affected if we add atmospheric ν .

- MH would be determined by :
 - HK after $\geq 6-10$ years via atmospheric.
 - **DUNE** : after 1-2 years.



Precision of δ_{CP} measurement

- After CPV is determined, accurate measurement of δ_{CP} will be crucial
 → Maximal CPV, leptogenesis, symetries of lepton's generations ...

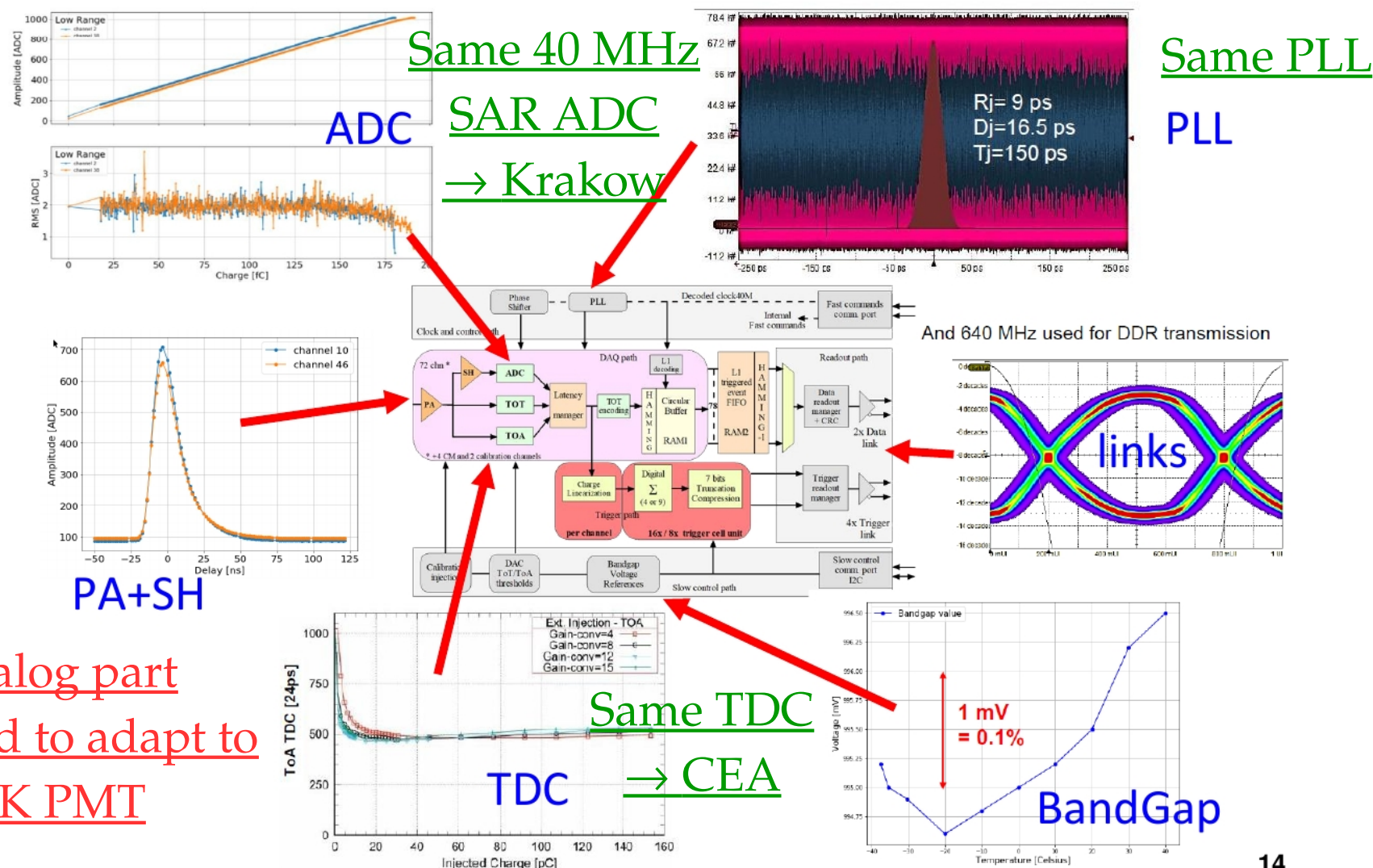


	5 years [HK & DUNE]	10 years [HK & DUNE]
CP conserved $\delta_{CP} = 0$	8° & 13°	6° & 9°
$\delta_{CP} = -\pi/2$	25° & 29°	19° & 24°

- HK will be the leading experiment for CPV & δ_{CP} measurements in the next 20 years.

Origins of the HKROC : the CMS HGCROC

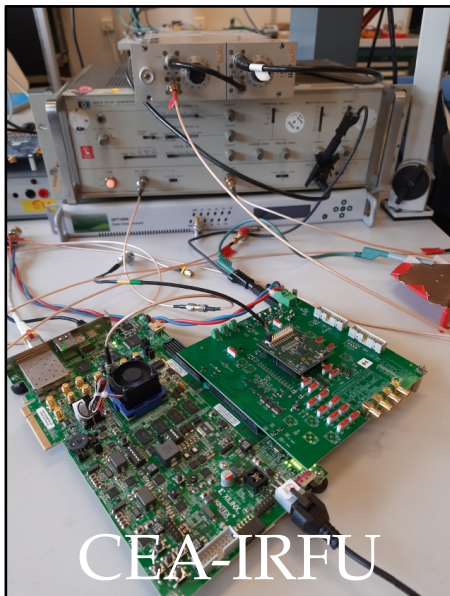
- HKROC based on HGCROC : chip developed for CMS-HGCalorimeter
→ Rely on many years of expertise & tests.



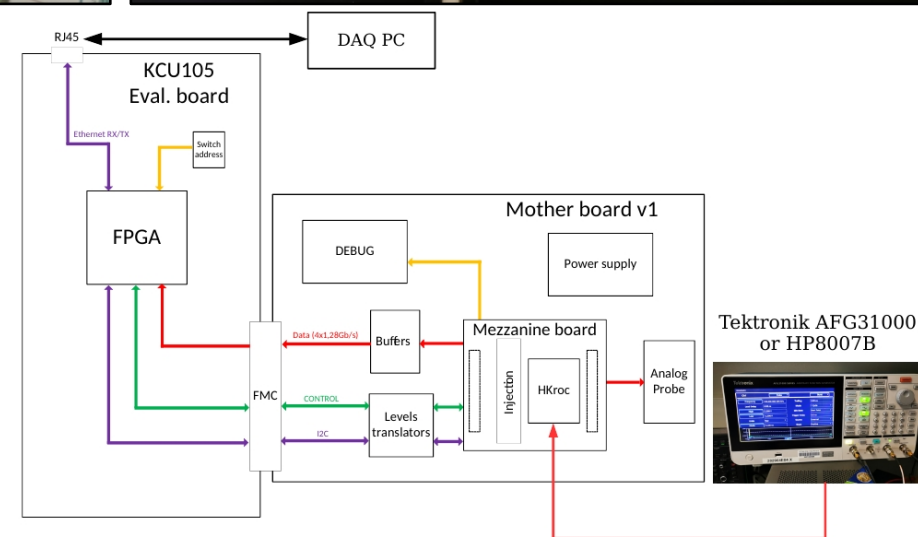
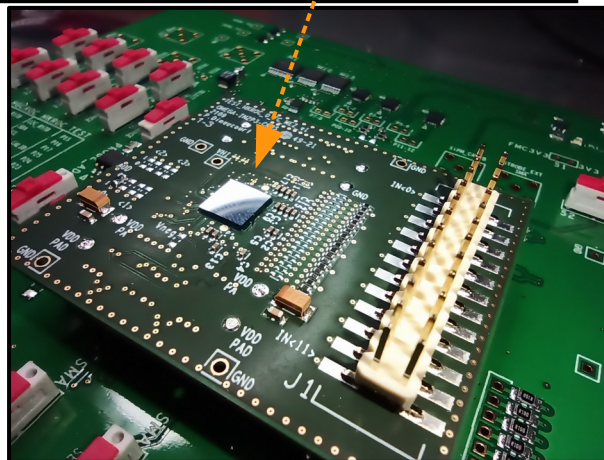
- Same experts have developed the HKROC (OMEGA, CEA, LLR).
→ Great synergy between our projects !

Performances of the HKROC digitizer

- Measurements @3 test bench/labs in parallel : CEA, OMEGA, LLR.
 - High redundancy to ↓ risk of mistakes.
 - Ready for the pre-production & production tests, also @3 labs.

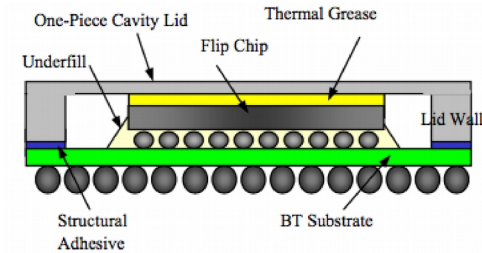


- Measurements based on HKROC v1 :
 - Back fom prod. on 01/28.
 - Chip size : 5 mm x 5 mm [Ultra-compact]



HKROC digitizer planning : ASIC

- Current version v1 : mounted on board w/ flip-chip.



- BGA-package for final board : ordered & in prod.
→ To be received in September.

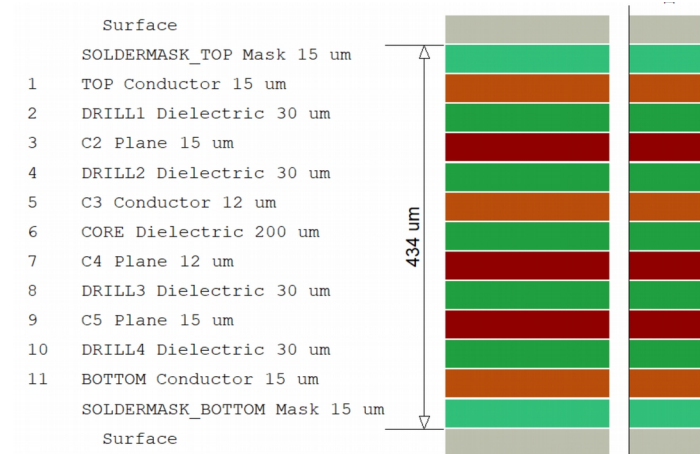
- Version v2 : A TSMC run for OMEGA already scheduled in **Dec. 2022**.

→ Will use it to fine tune HKROC for HK.

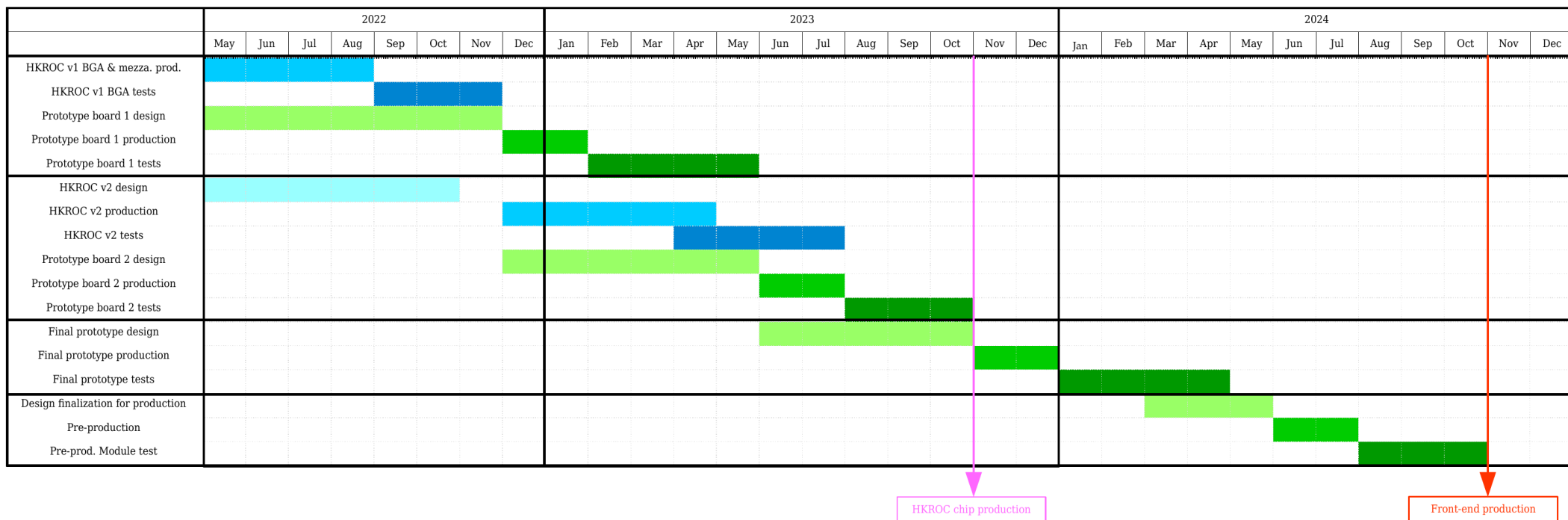
→ Completely remove cross-talk.

→ Likely to submit 2 versions :

- v2-A : minimal change wrt v1 for safety.
- v2-B : more aggressive changes to ↑ hit-rate largely beyond our requirements.



Updated schedule towards production

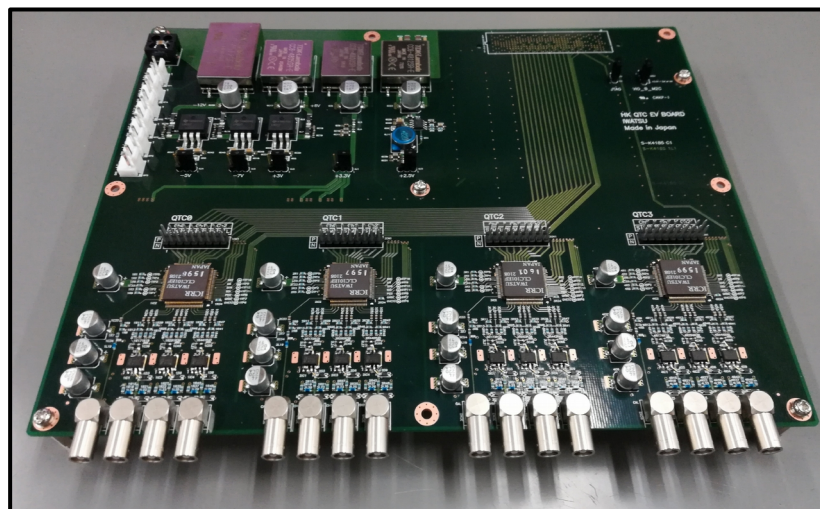


- ASIC production could be done in advance : from end of 2023.
→ Have **3 operating ROBOT** to test them at CEA, LLR & OMEGA (used for CMS to test 200,000 HGCROC chips).
- Board production : from Q4 2024 to mid-2025.
- We are completely on-time !

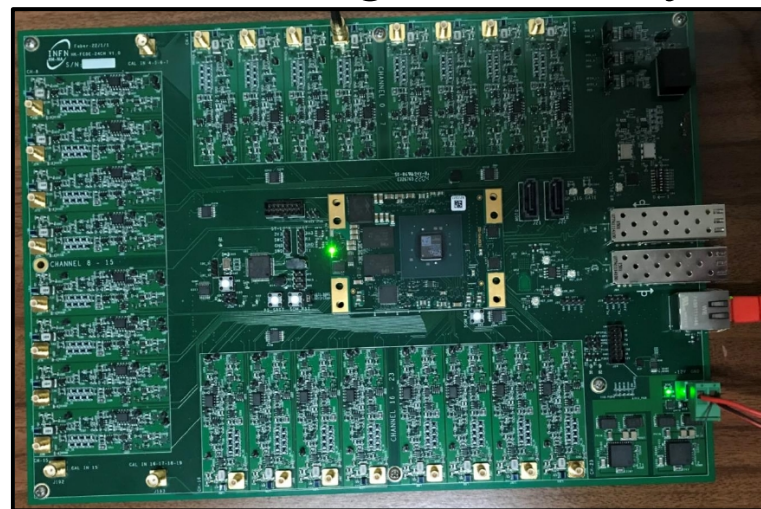
The Hyper-K candidate digitizers

- 3 digitizers considered : all high-specs but explore \neq digitization method

QTC digitizer (Japan)



Discrete digitizer (Italy)



	QTC	Discrete	HKROC
Charge digitizer	ASIC (QTC)	Commercial ADC	ASIC (HKROC)
Digitization method	Charge integration	Charge integration	Waveform digitizer
TDC	On FPGA	Same as QTC	HKROC internal TDC

- All 3 solutions will likely match the specs.
- Internal review will finish next week.
- Collaboration review has started

→ Decision by end of July.