

Cosmology with type Ia supernovae velocities

Carreres Bastien

- *CPPM Seminar October 2022* -

Current cosmological model

What we observe : a flat universe in accelerated expansion

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What we observe : a flat universe in accelerated expansion

General Relativity + Λ CDM

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General Relativity + Λ CDM

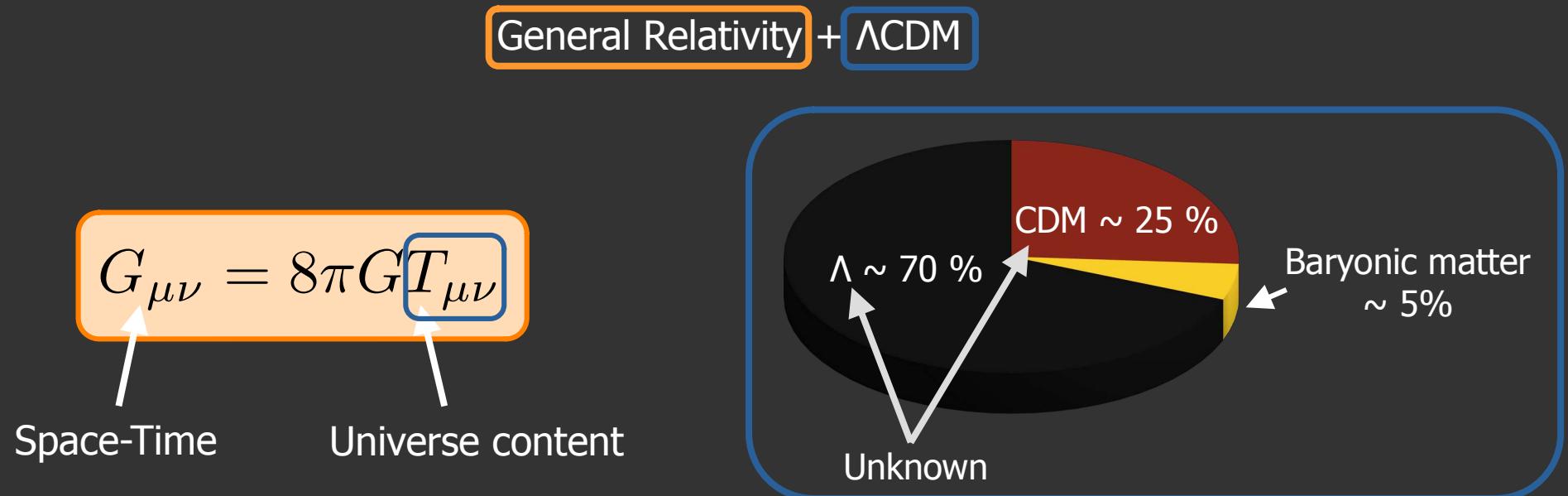
$$G_{\mu\nu} = 8\pi G T_{\mu\nu}$$

Space-Time

Universe content

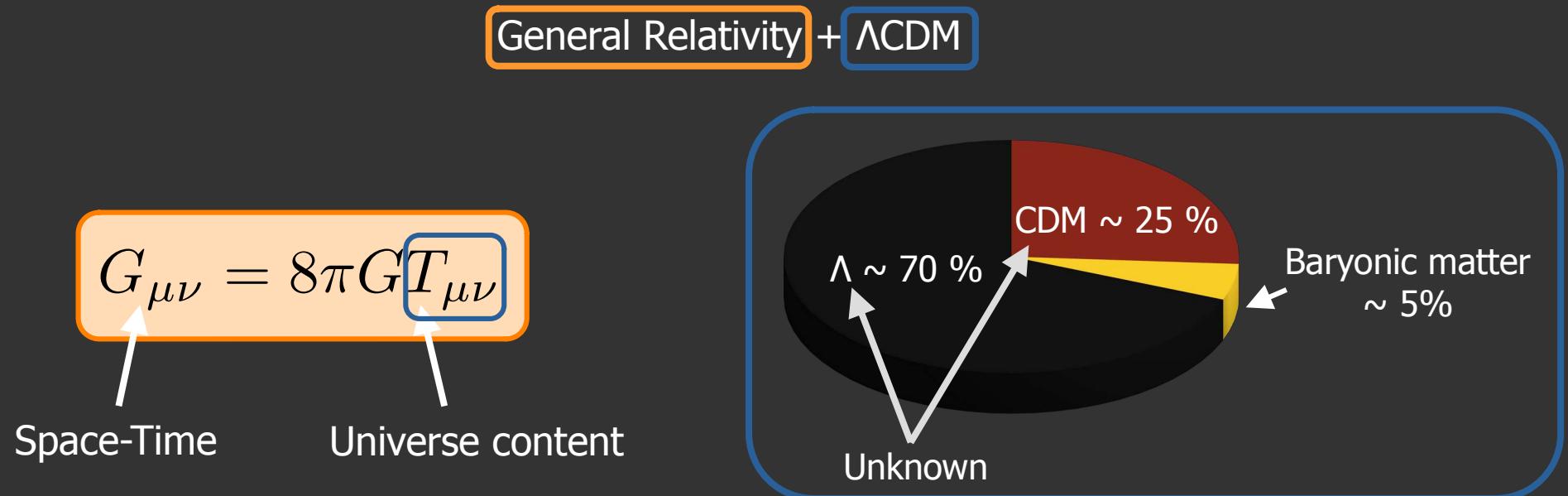
Current cosmological model

What we observe : a flat universe in accelerated expansion



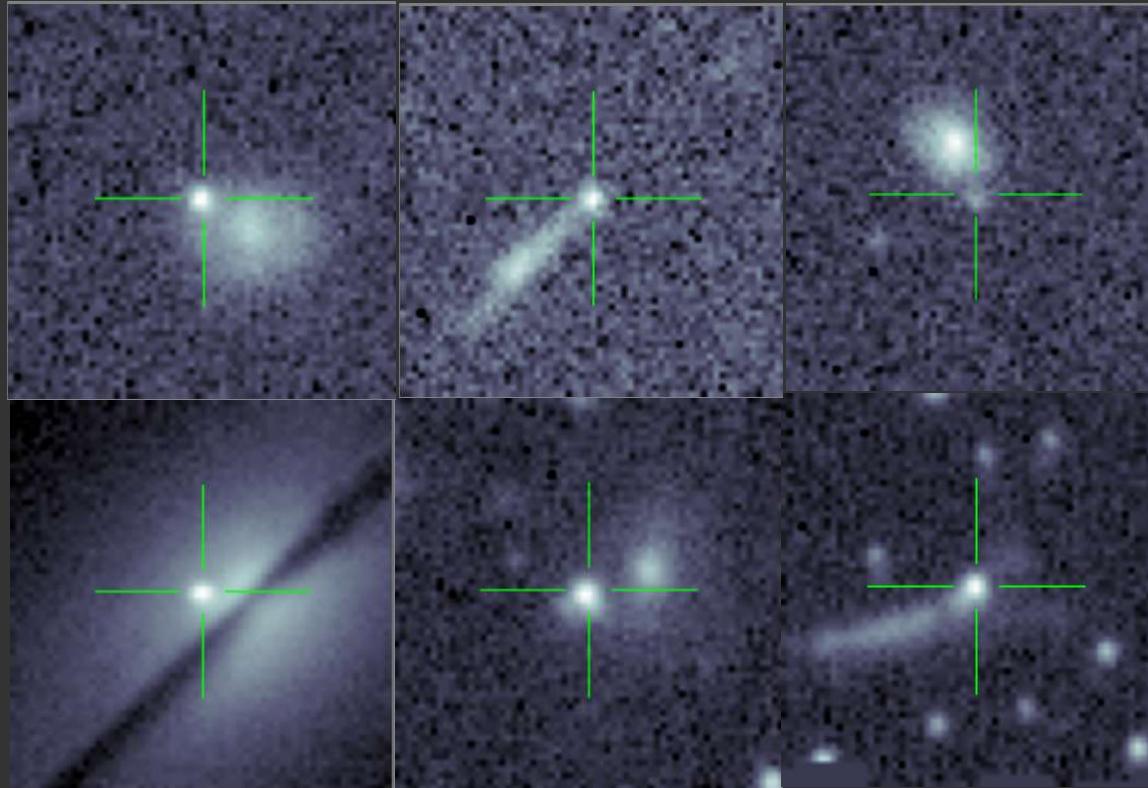
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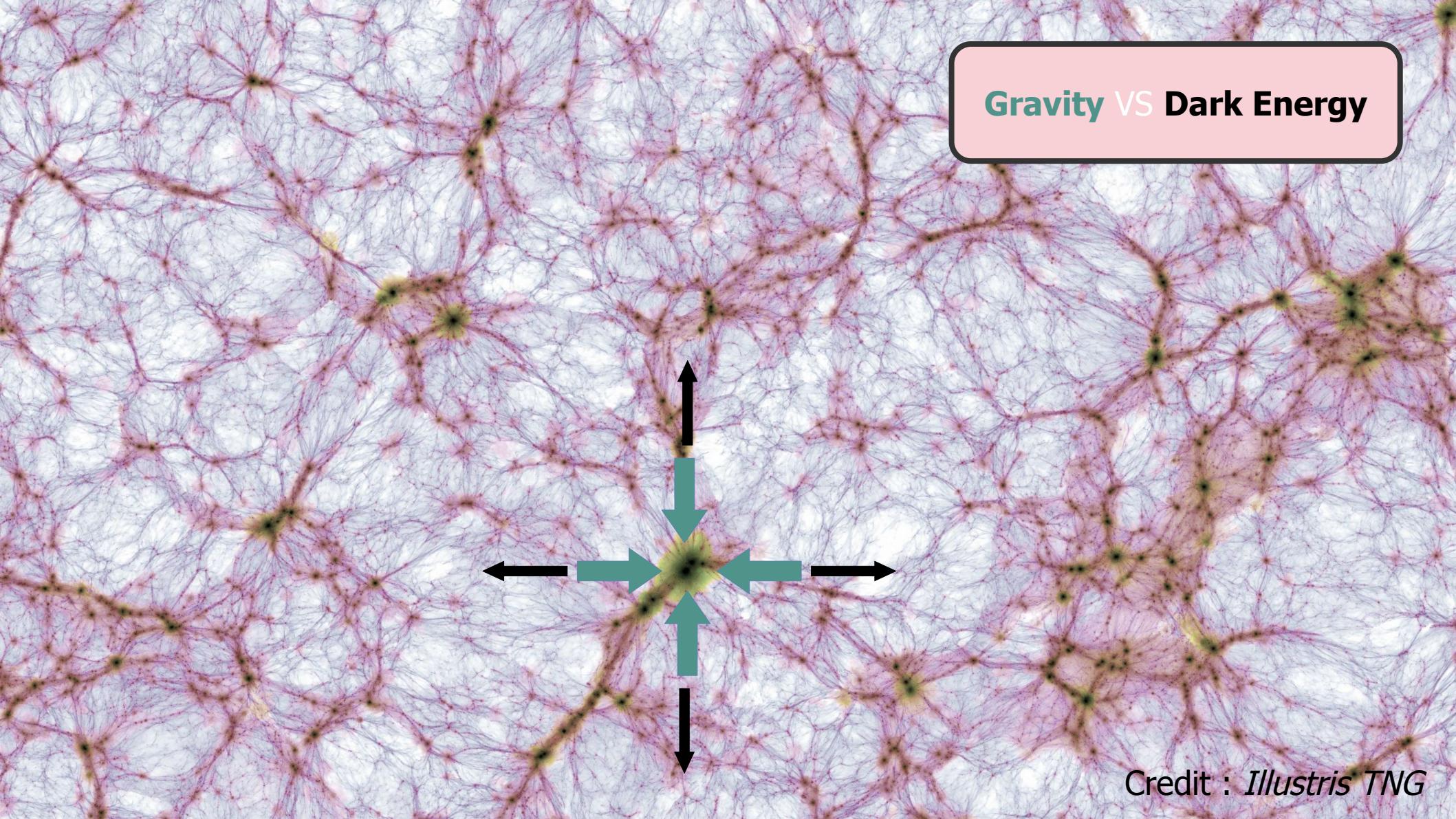
What we observe : a flat universe in accelerated expansion



Is dark energy just a cosmological constant?
or a more complex fluid? or some deviation to GR?

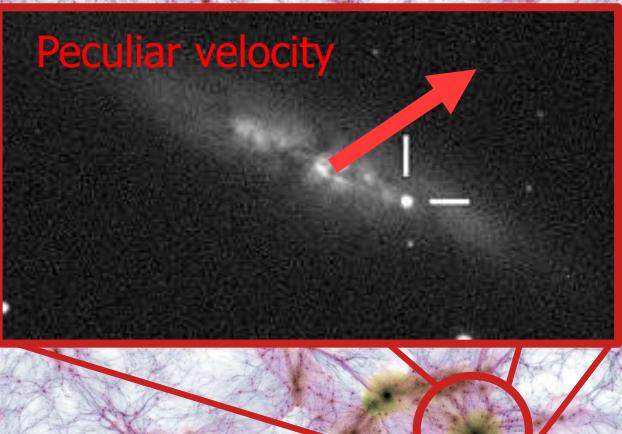
**My thesis : use the huge sample of SN Ia observed by ZTF
to test alternatives to General Relativity**



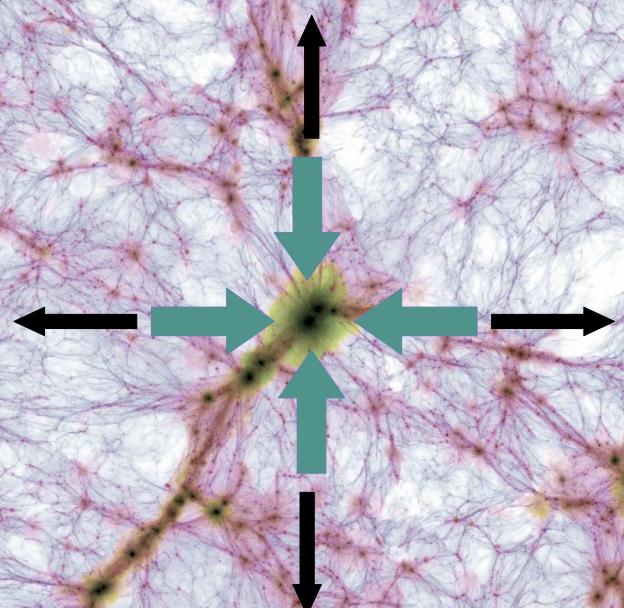


Gravity VS Dark Energy

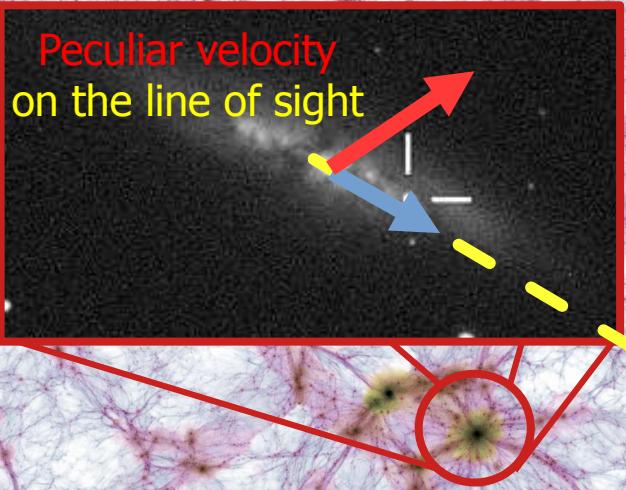
Credit : *Illustris TNG*



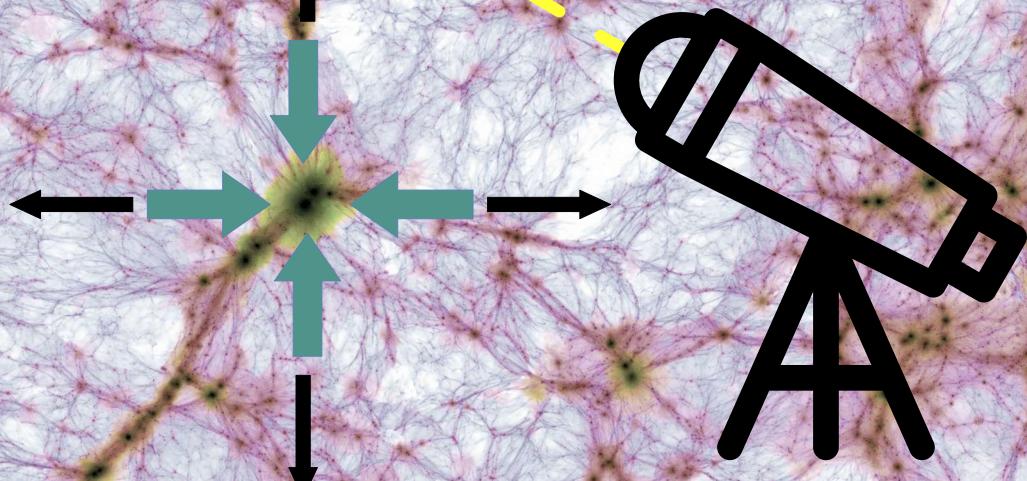
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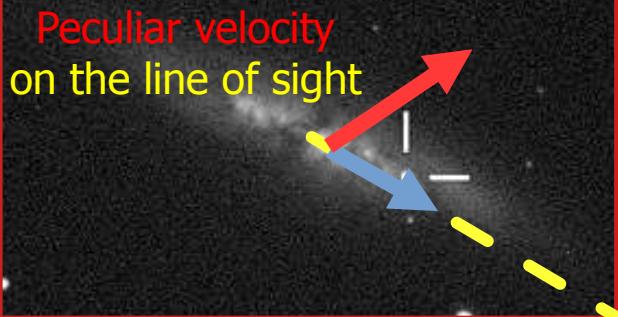
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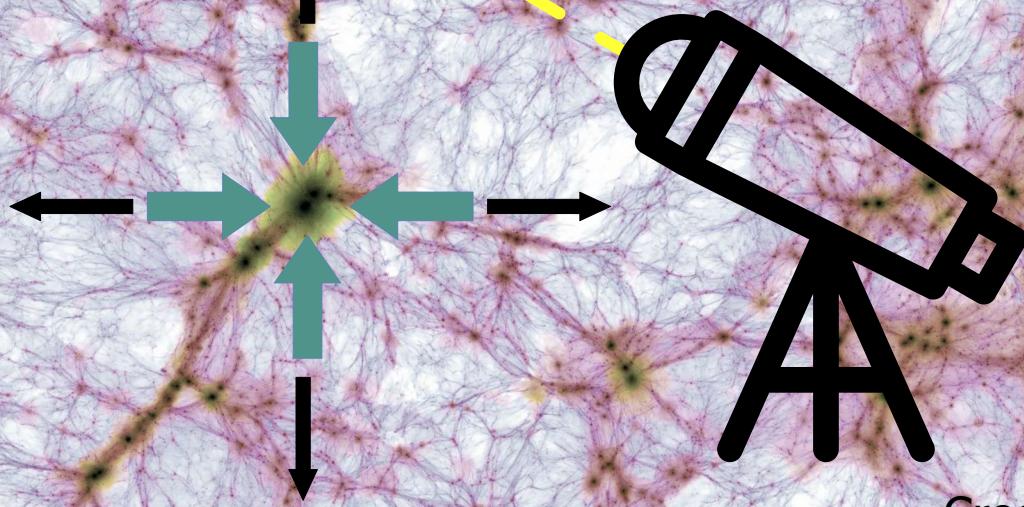


Peculiar velocity
on the line of sight

Gravity VS Dark Energy

The growth rate
 $f\sigma_8$

quantifies the evolution of
large scale structures and is
linked to the velocity field



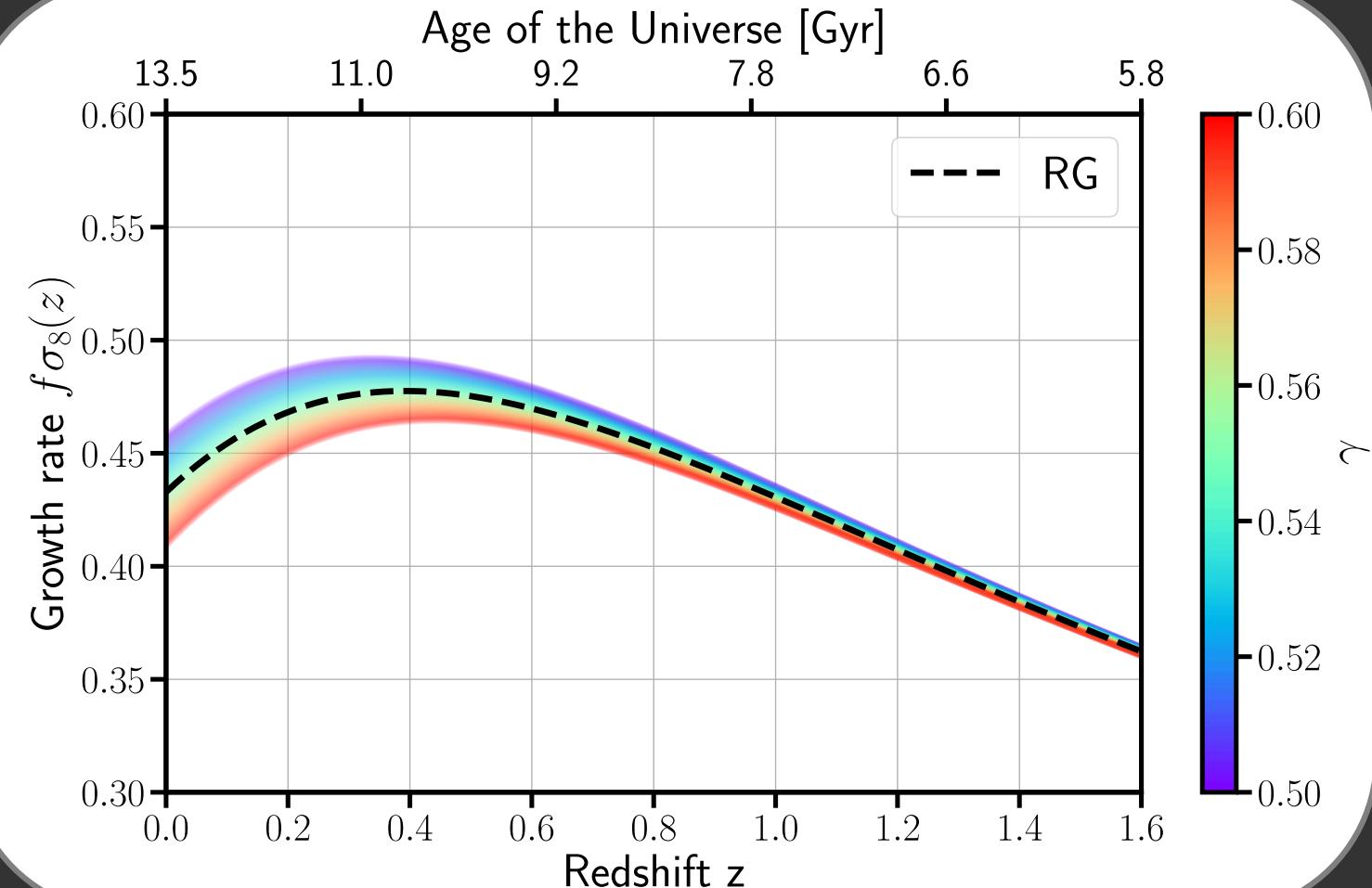
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$f\sigma_8$: a probe of dark energy and general relativity

$$f\sigma_8 \simeq (1 - \Omega_\Lambda)^\gamma$$

Ω_Λ
Dark energy
density

γ
Gravitational growth
index :
allows to quantify
deviation to GR

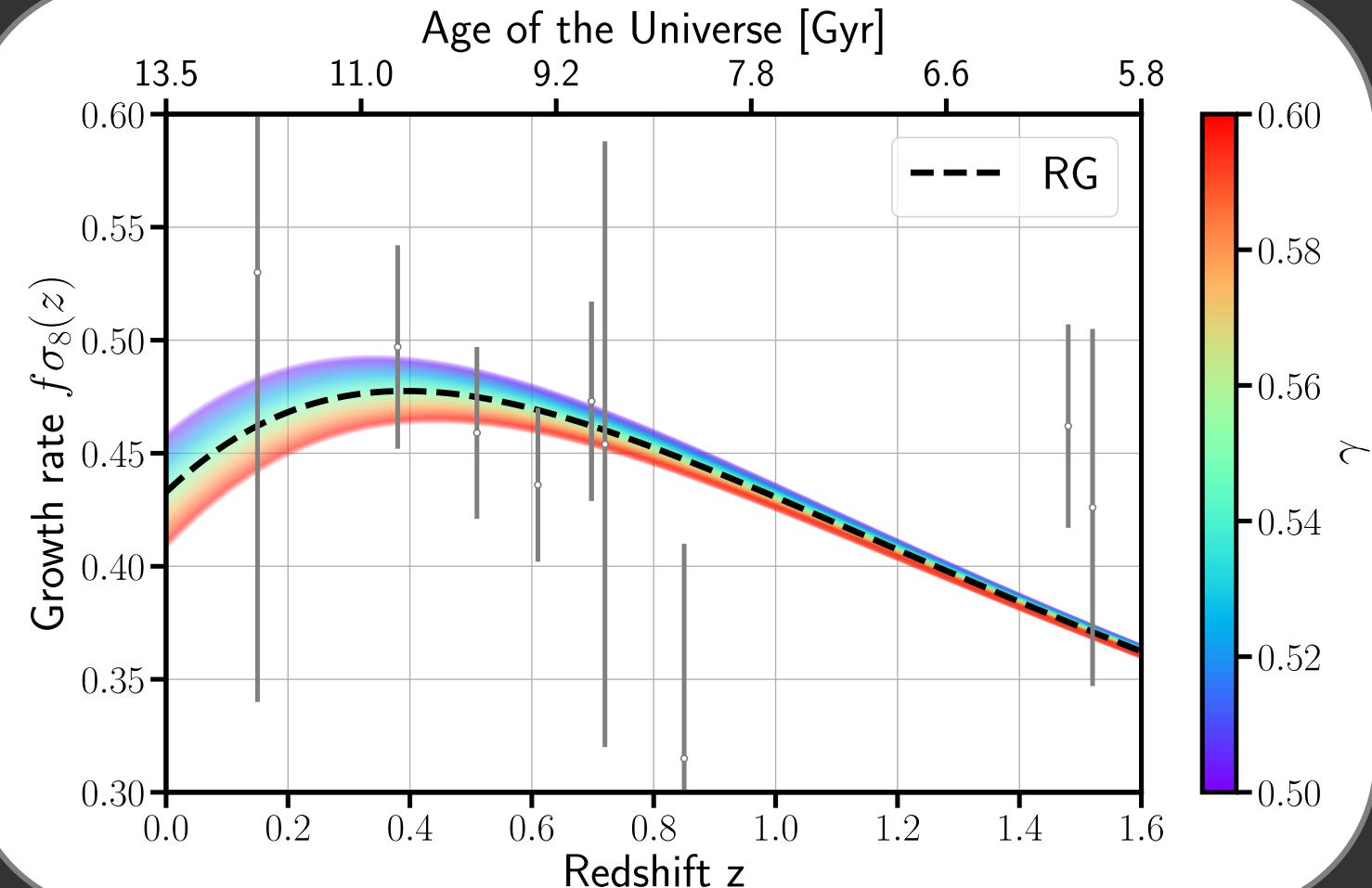


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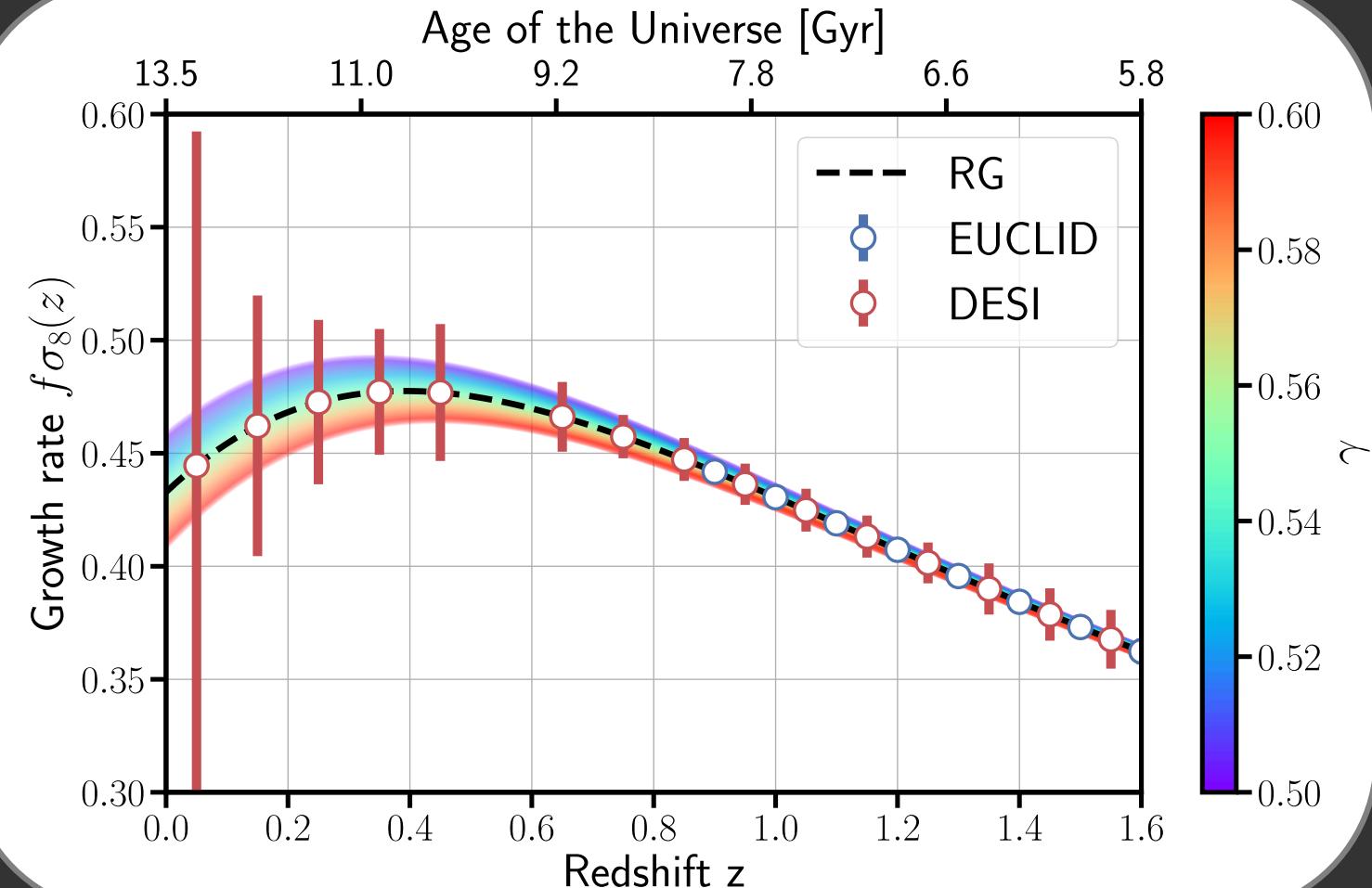
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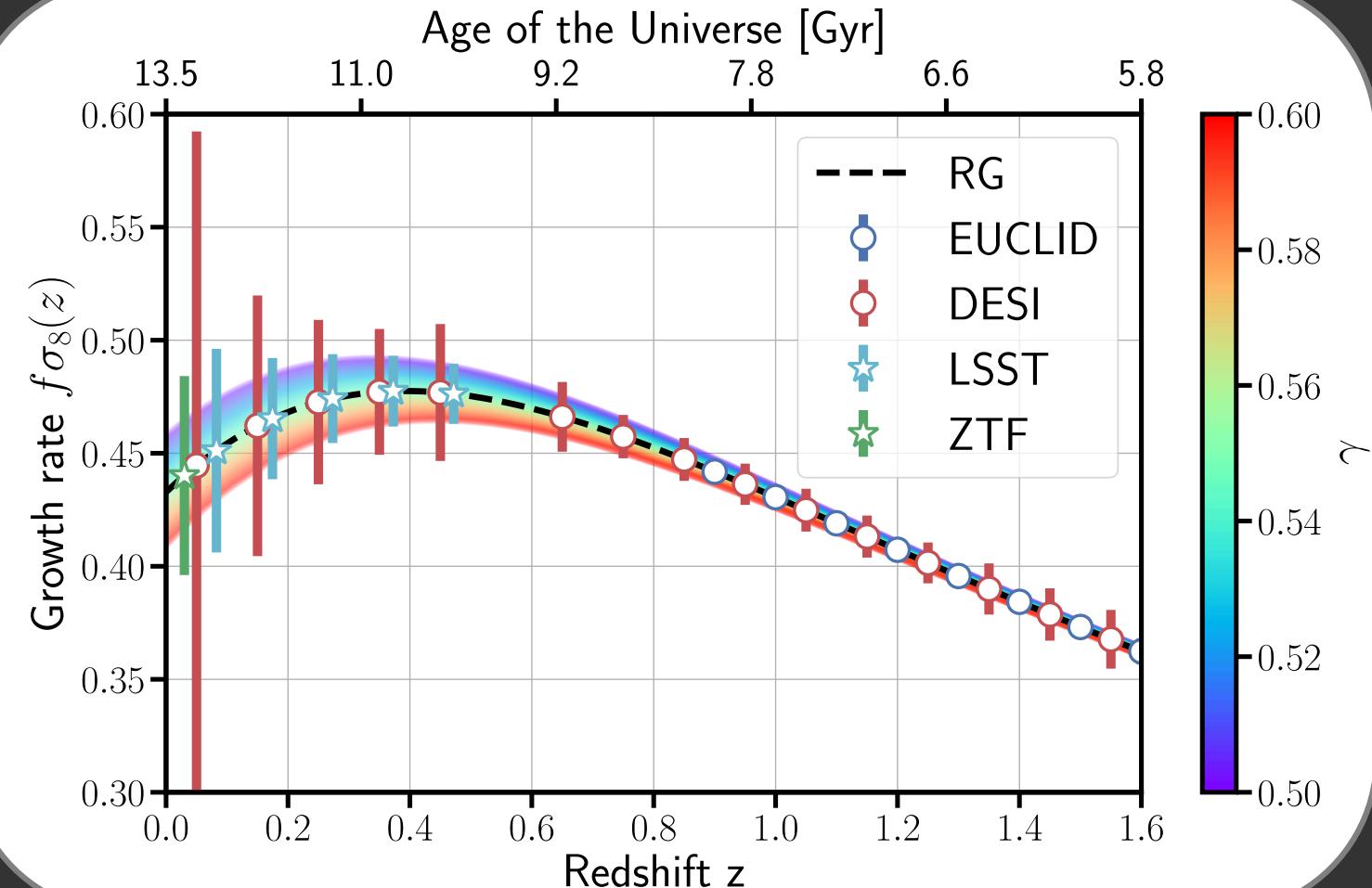
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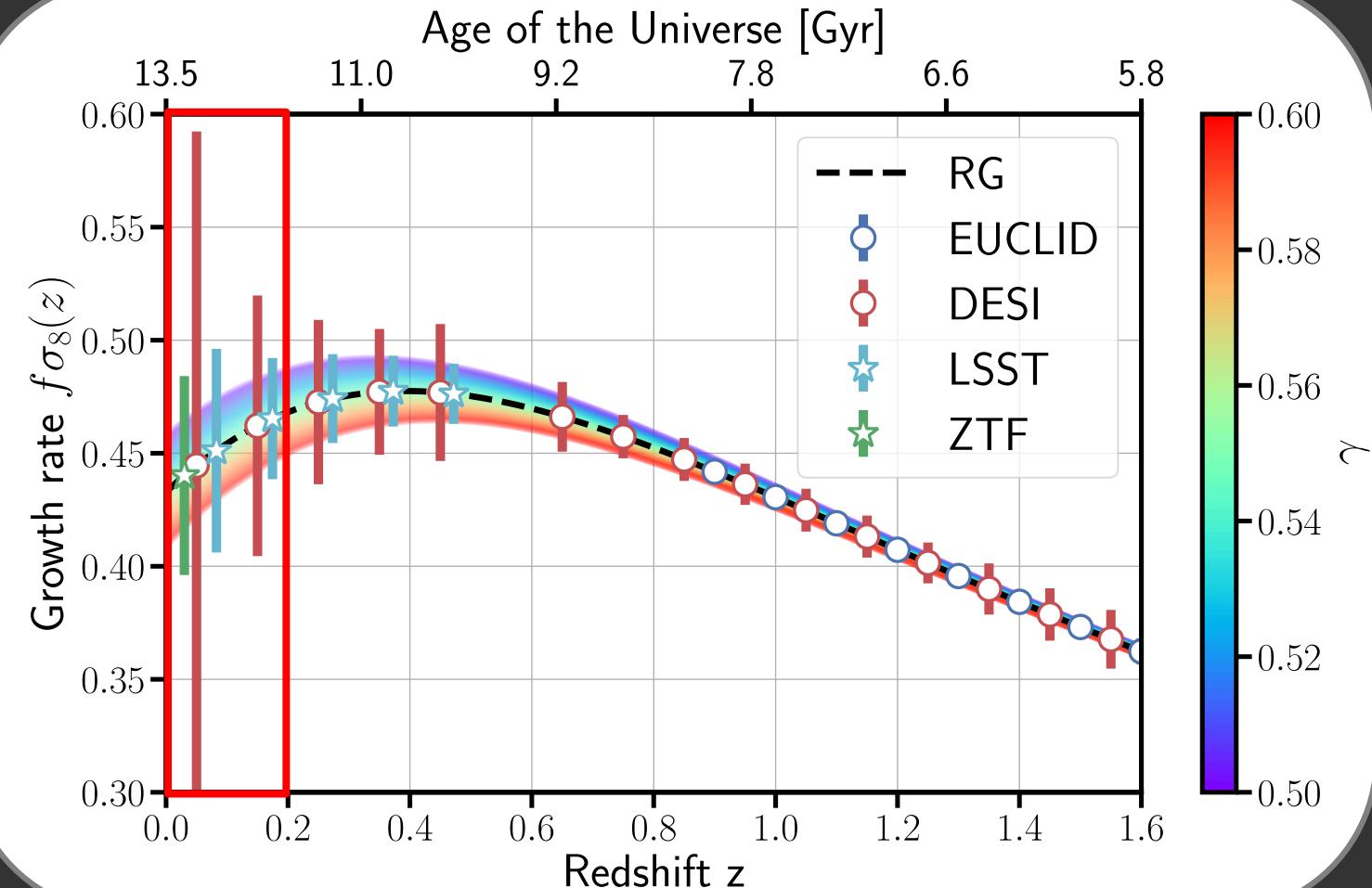
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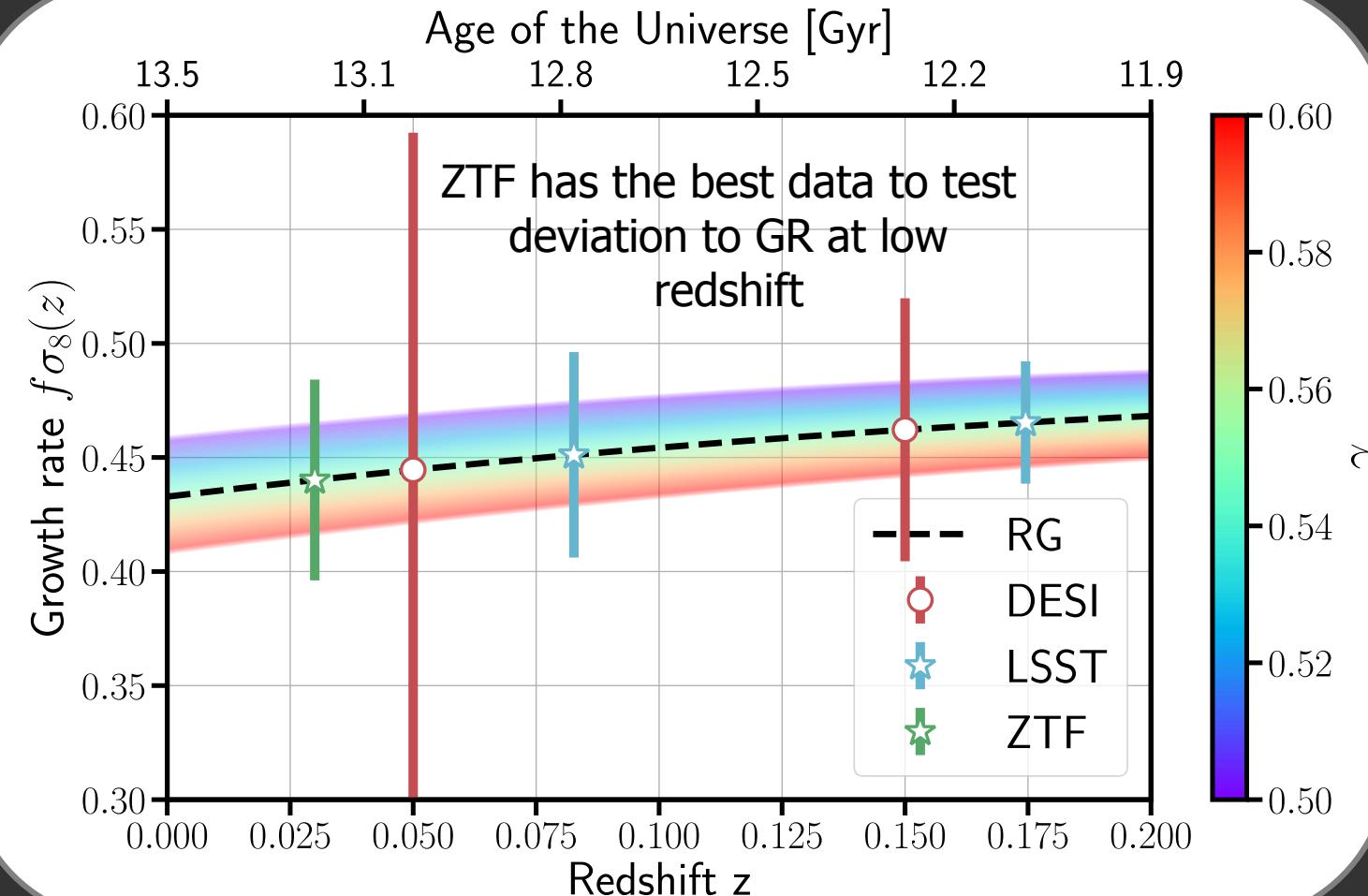


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SN Ia : build the Hubble diagram

$$L \simeq cst$$



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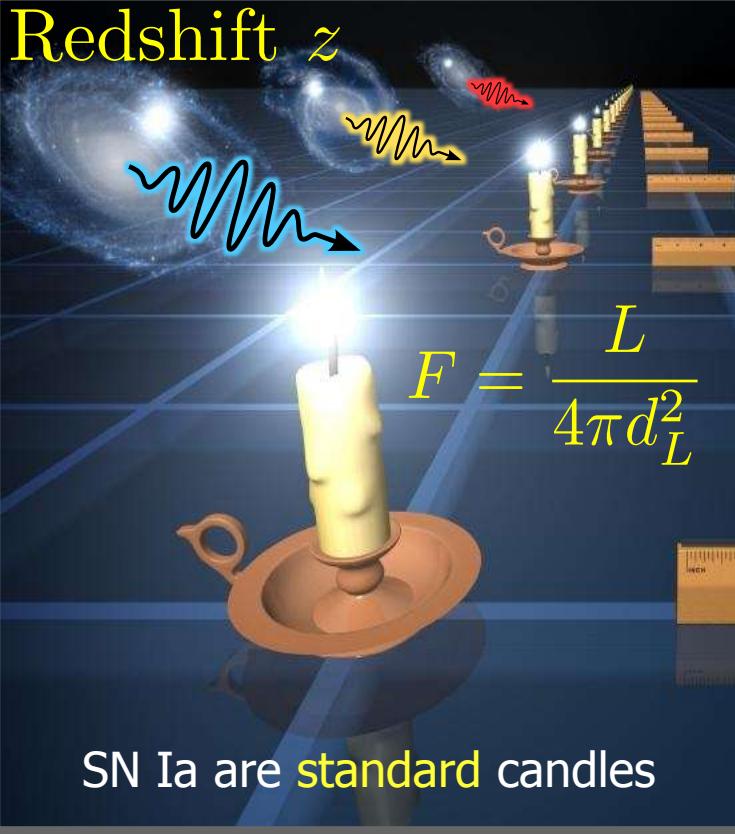
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$$L \simeq cst$$

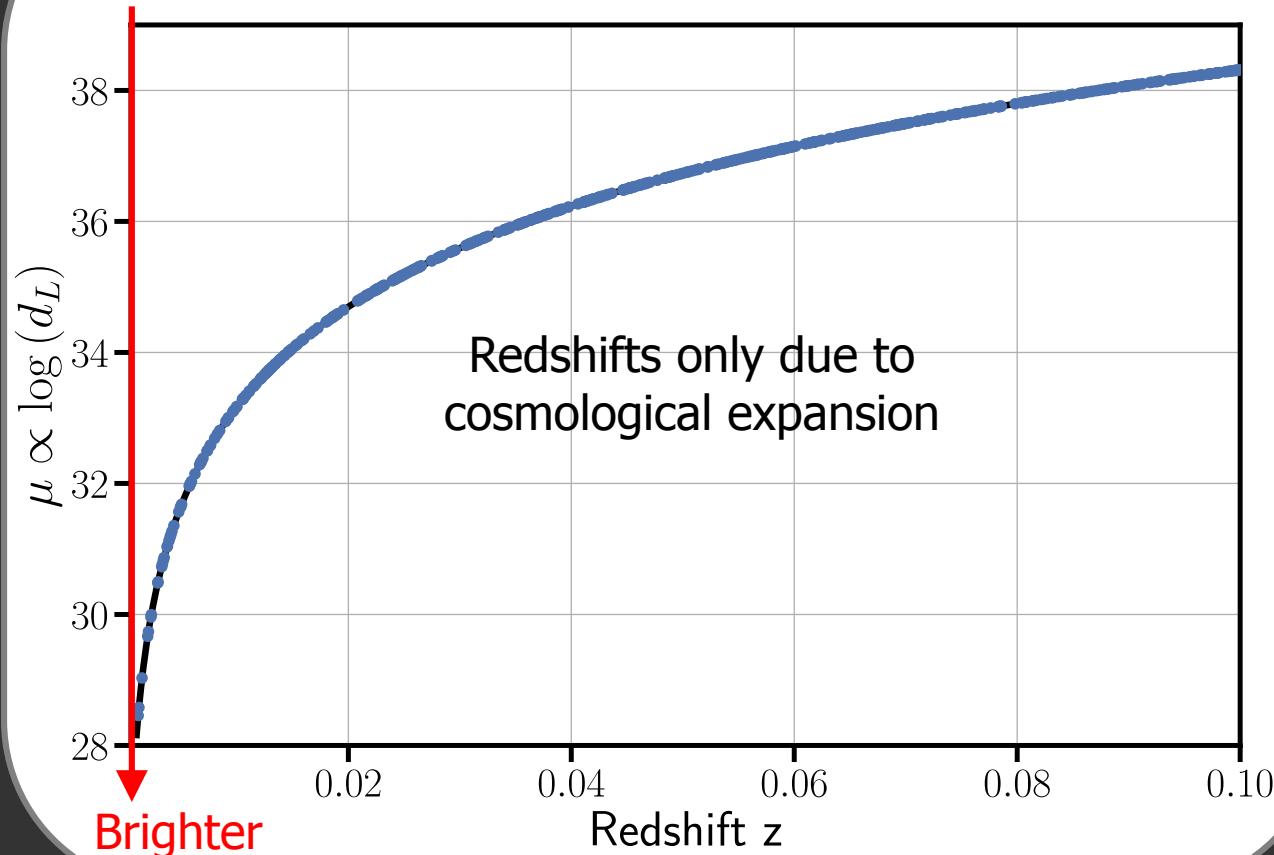
Redshift z



SN Ia are standard candles

Fainter

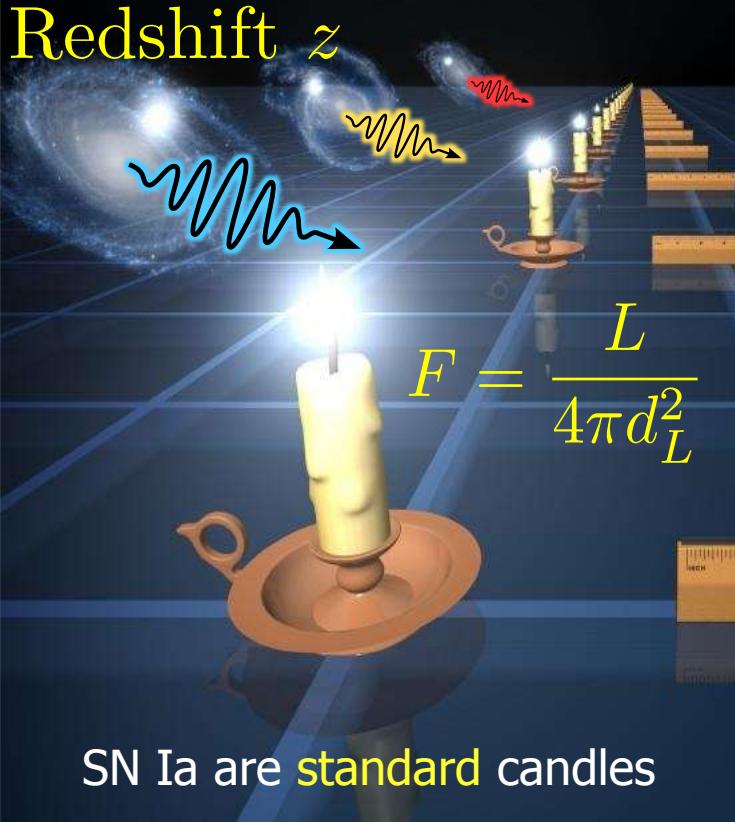
SN Ia Hubble diagram



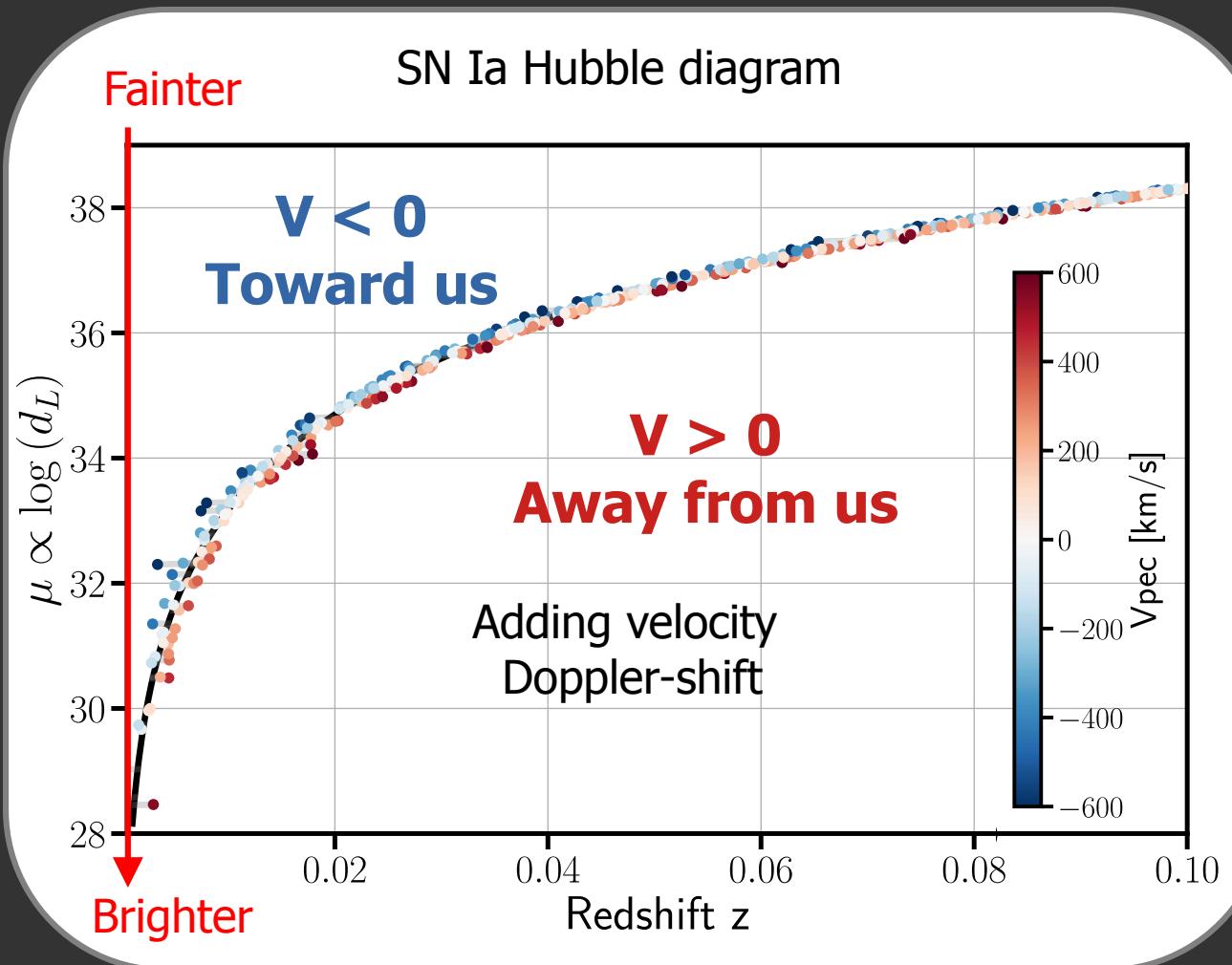
SN Ia : build the Hubble diagram

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Redshift z



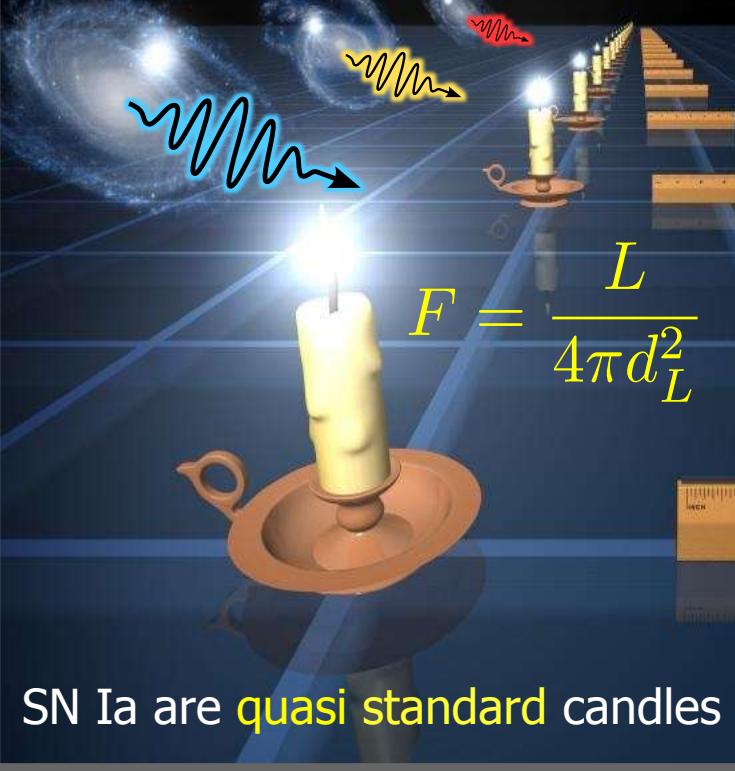
SN Ia are standard candles



SN Ia : build the Hubble diagram

$$L \simeq cst$$

Redshift z



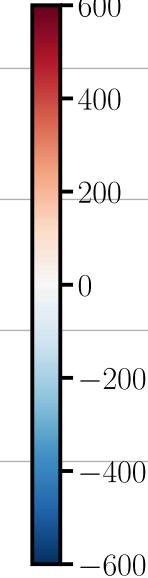
SN Ia are quasi standard candles

SN Ia Hubble diagram

Fainter

$$\mu \propto \log(d_L)$$

Adding noise



Brighter

0.02

0.04

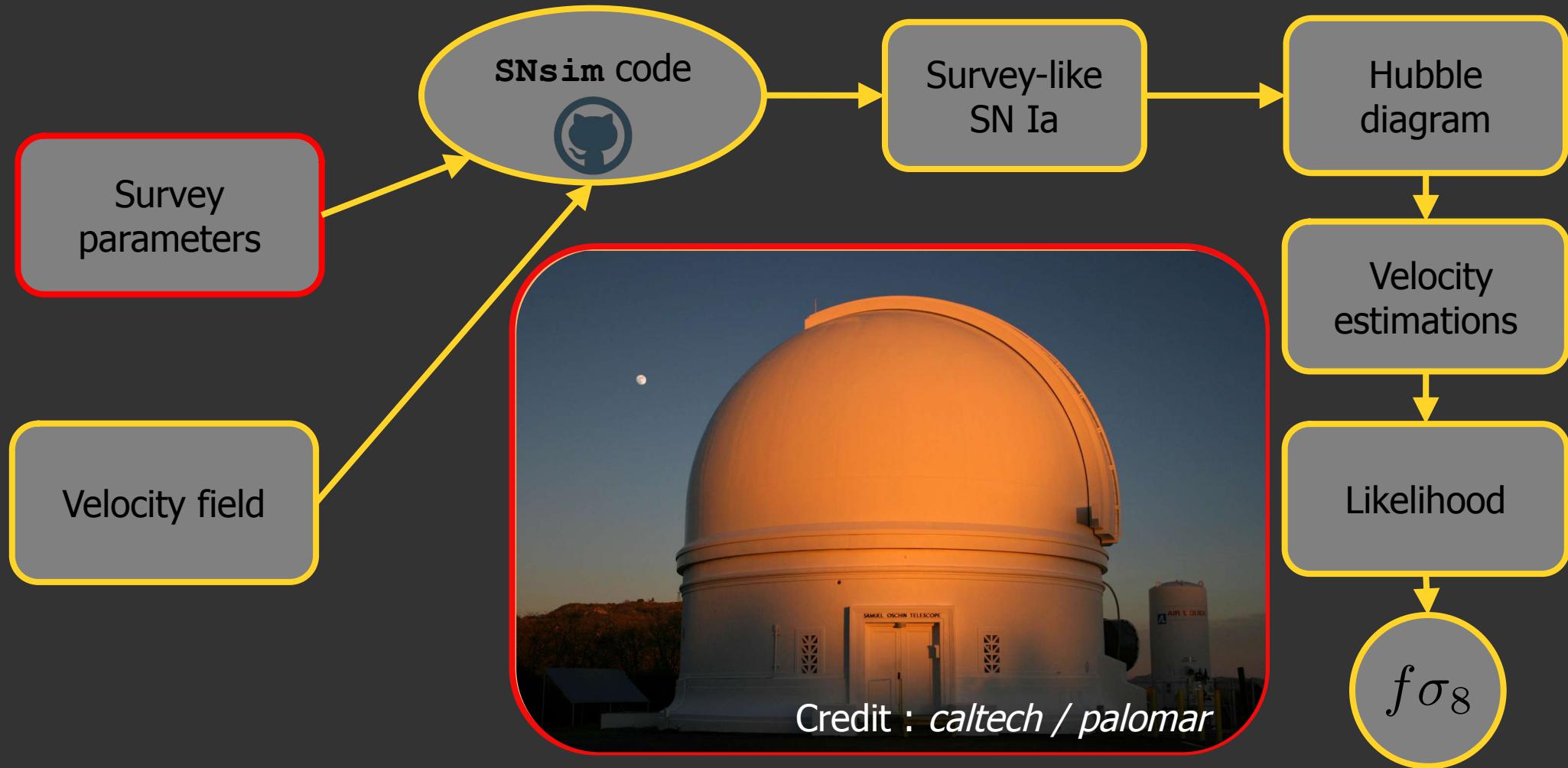
0.06

0.08

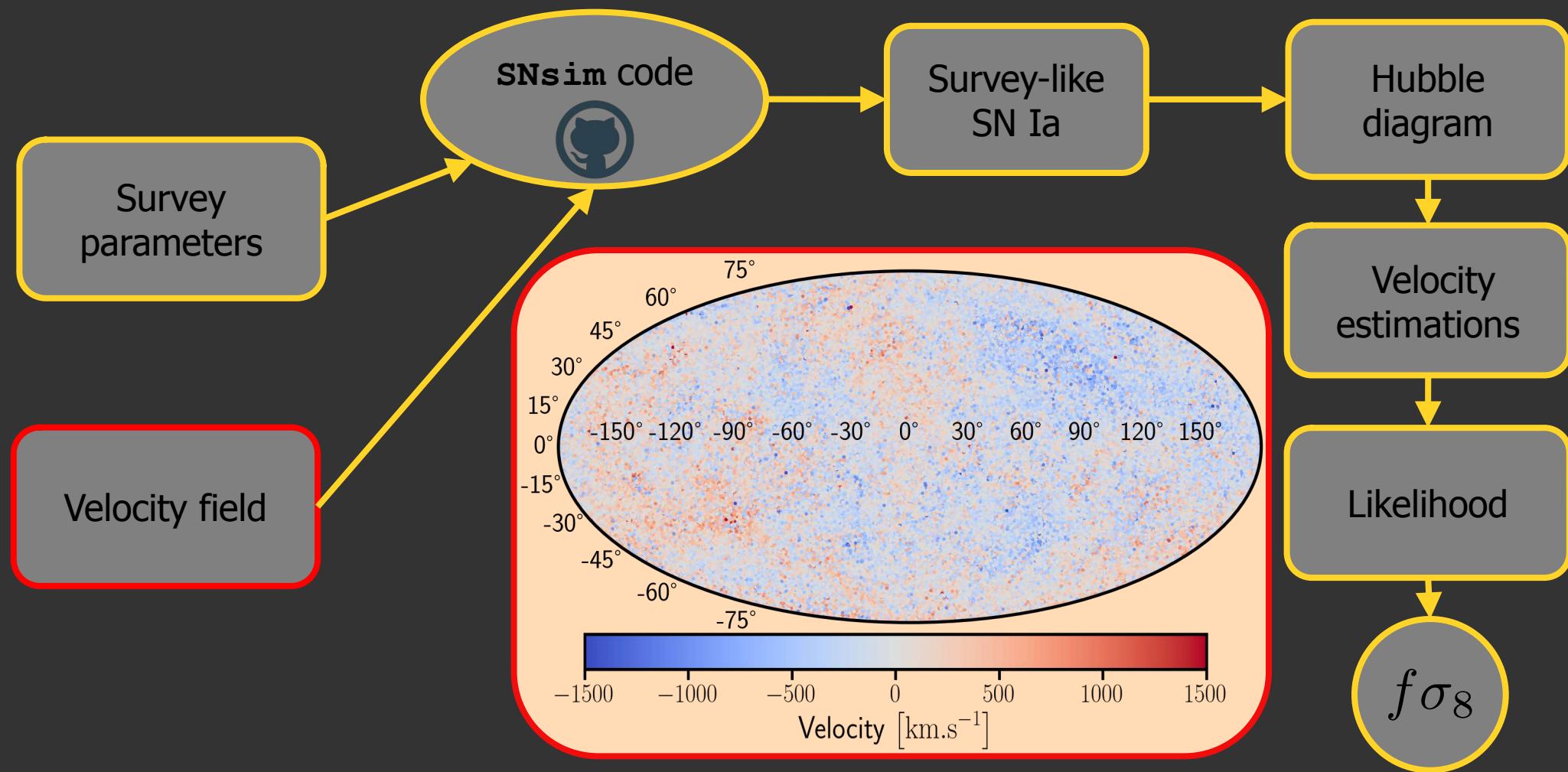
0.10

Redshift z

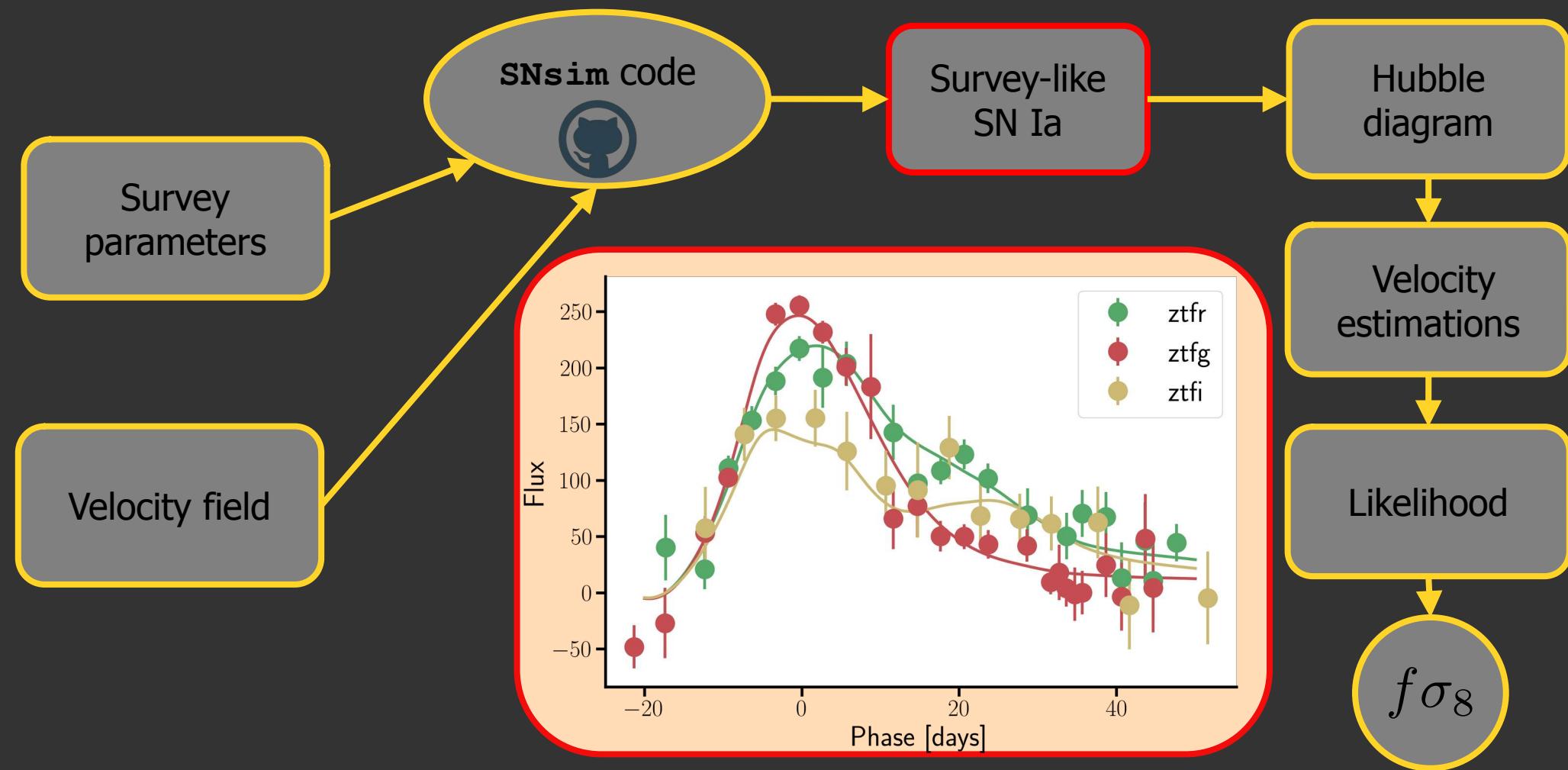
Using simulations to prepare the $f\sigma_8$ analysis



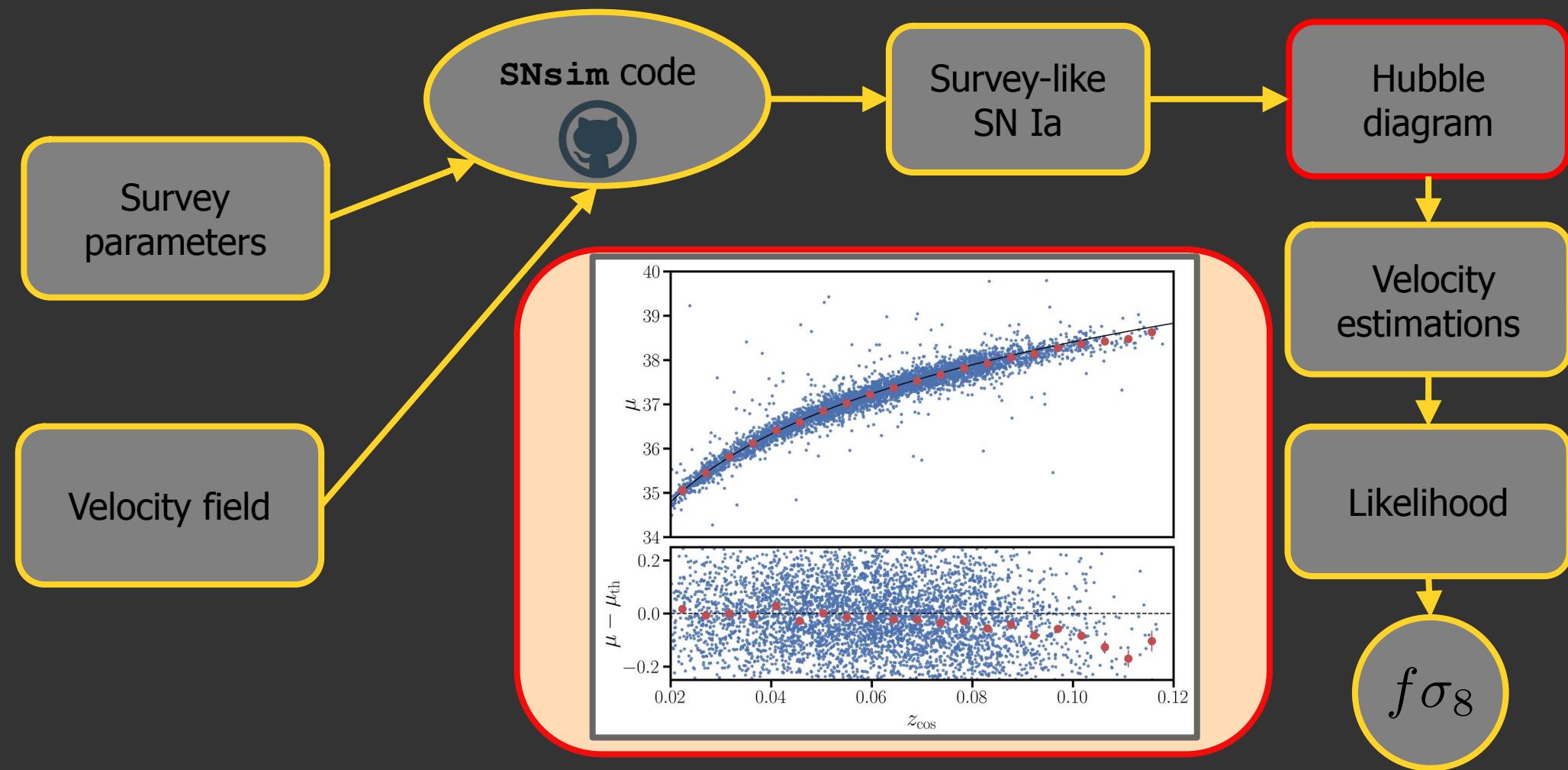
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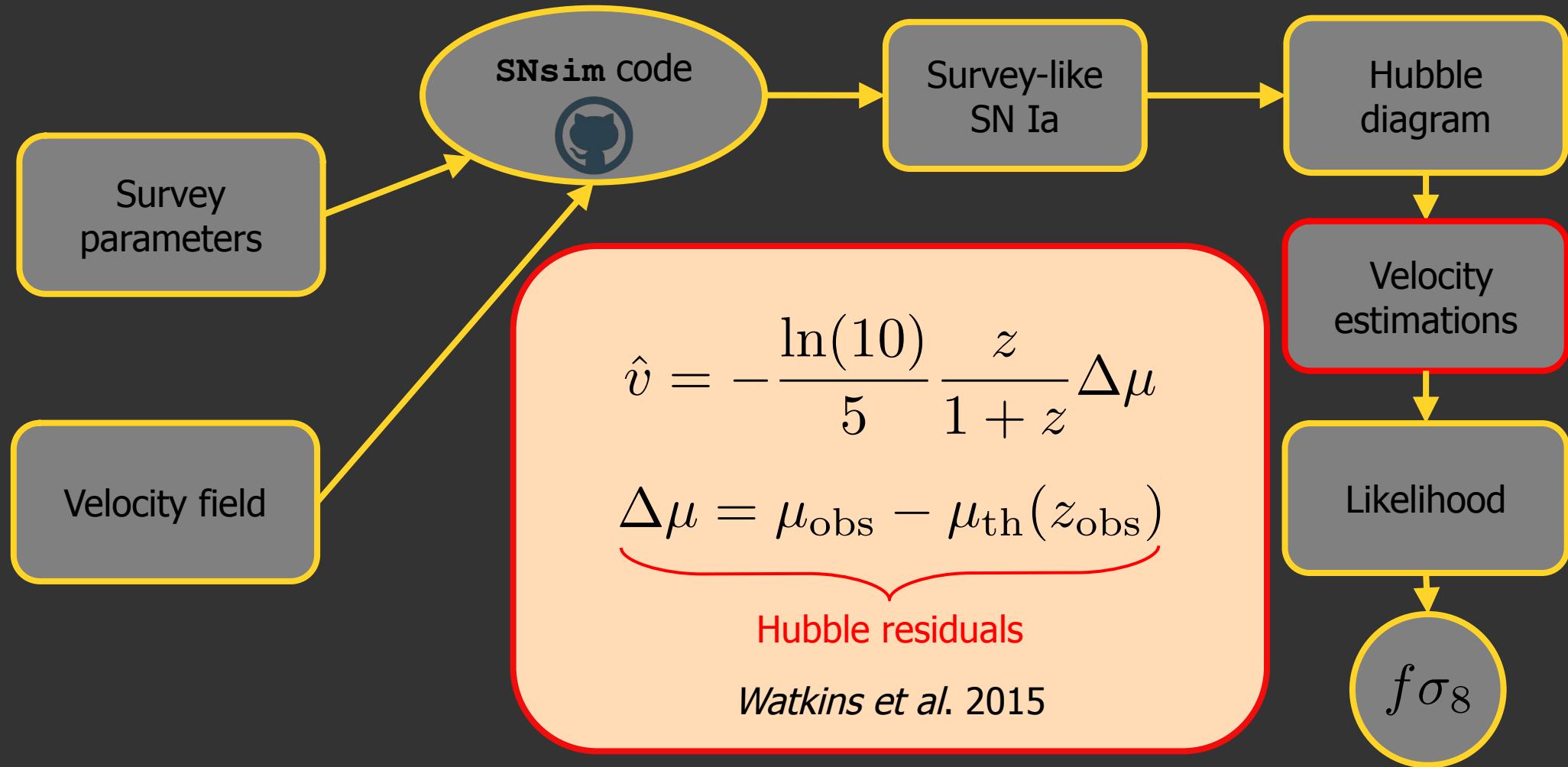
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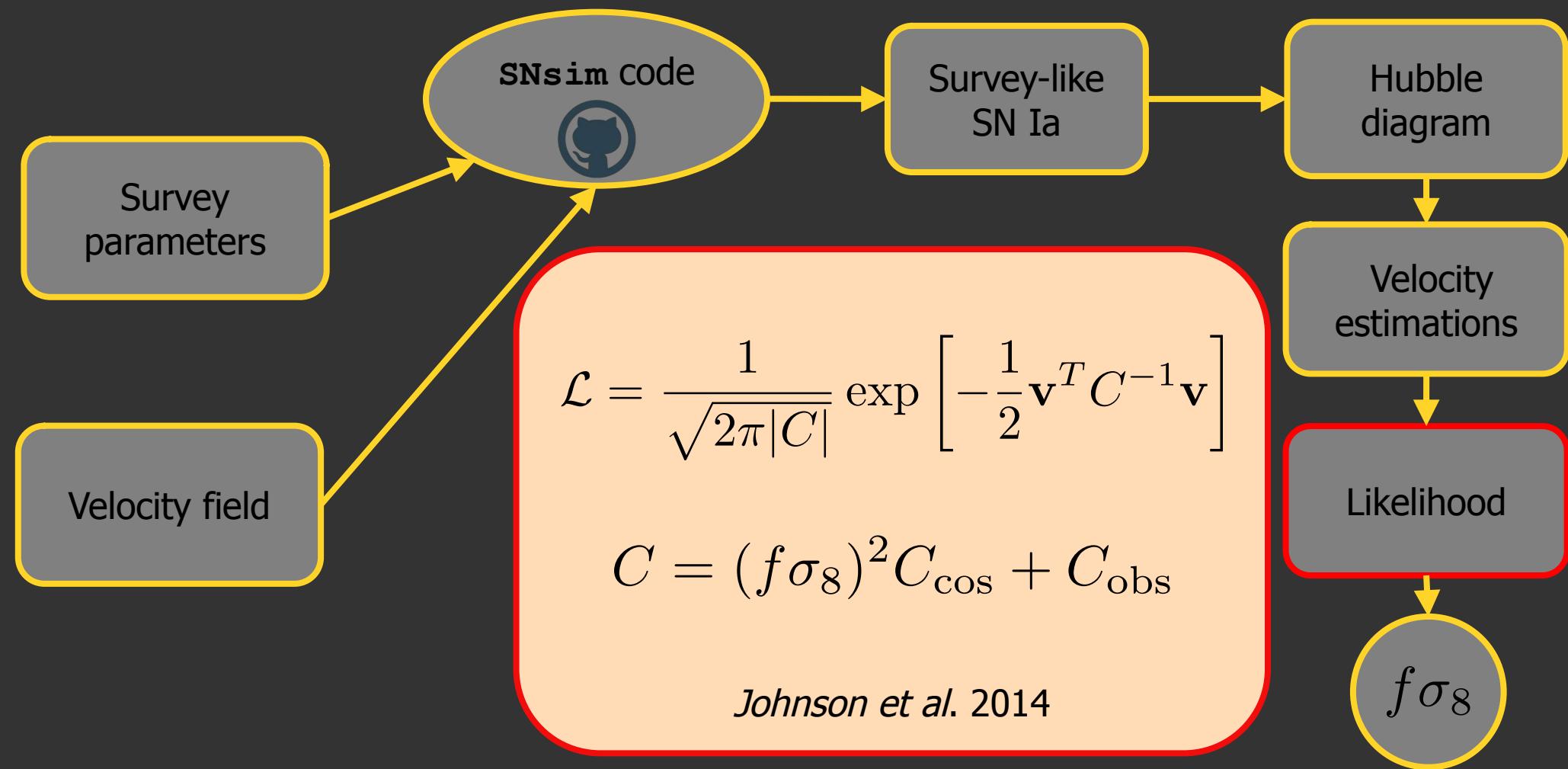
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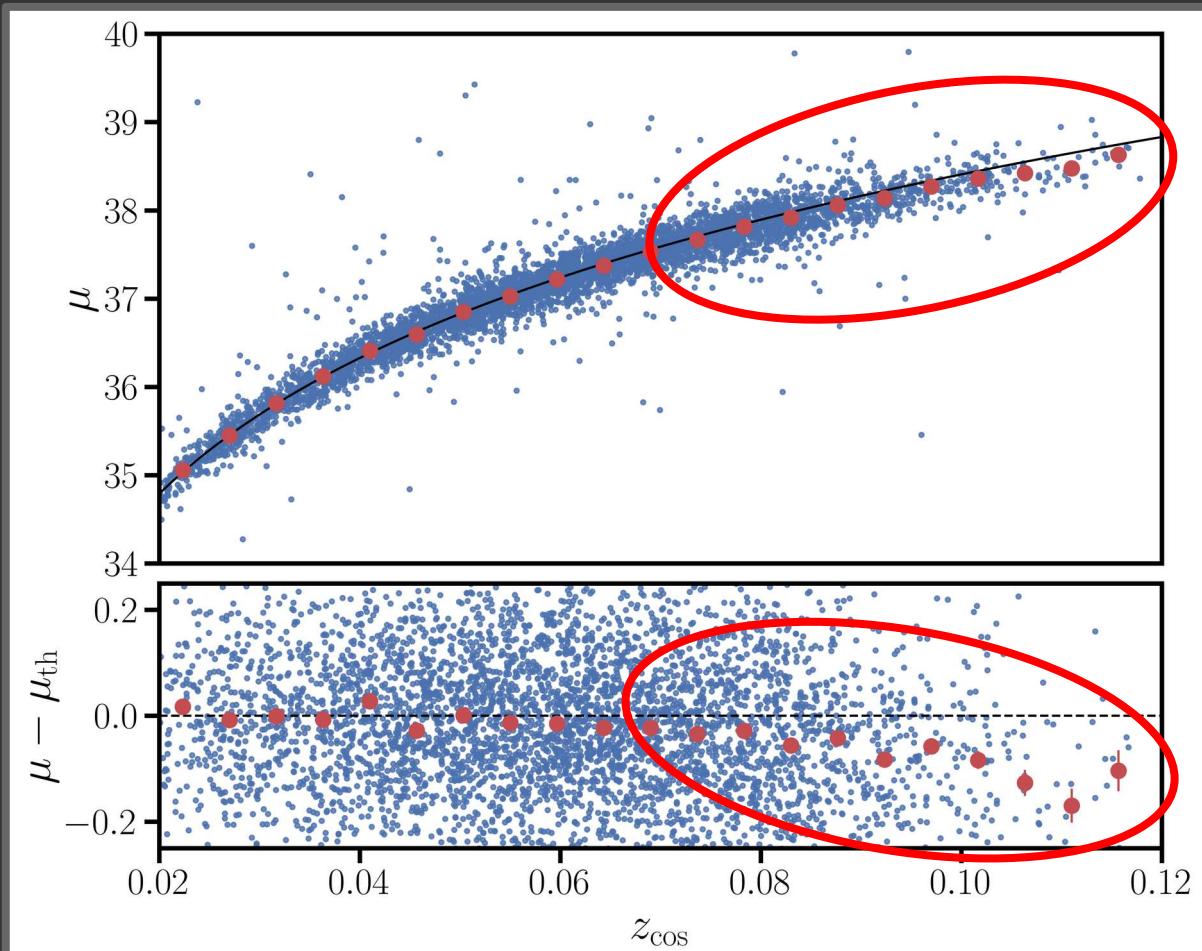


Using simulations to prepare the $f\sigma_8$ analysis



Example of bias : sample selection

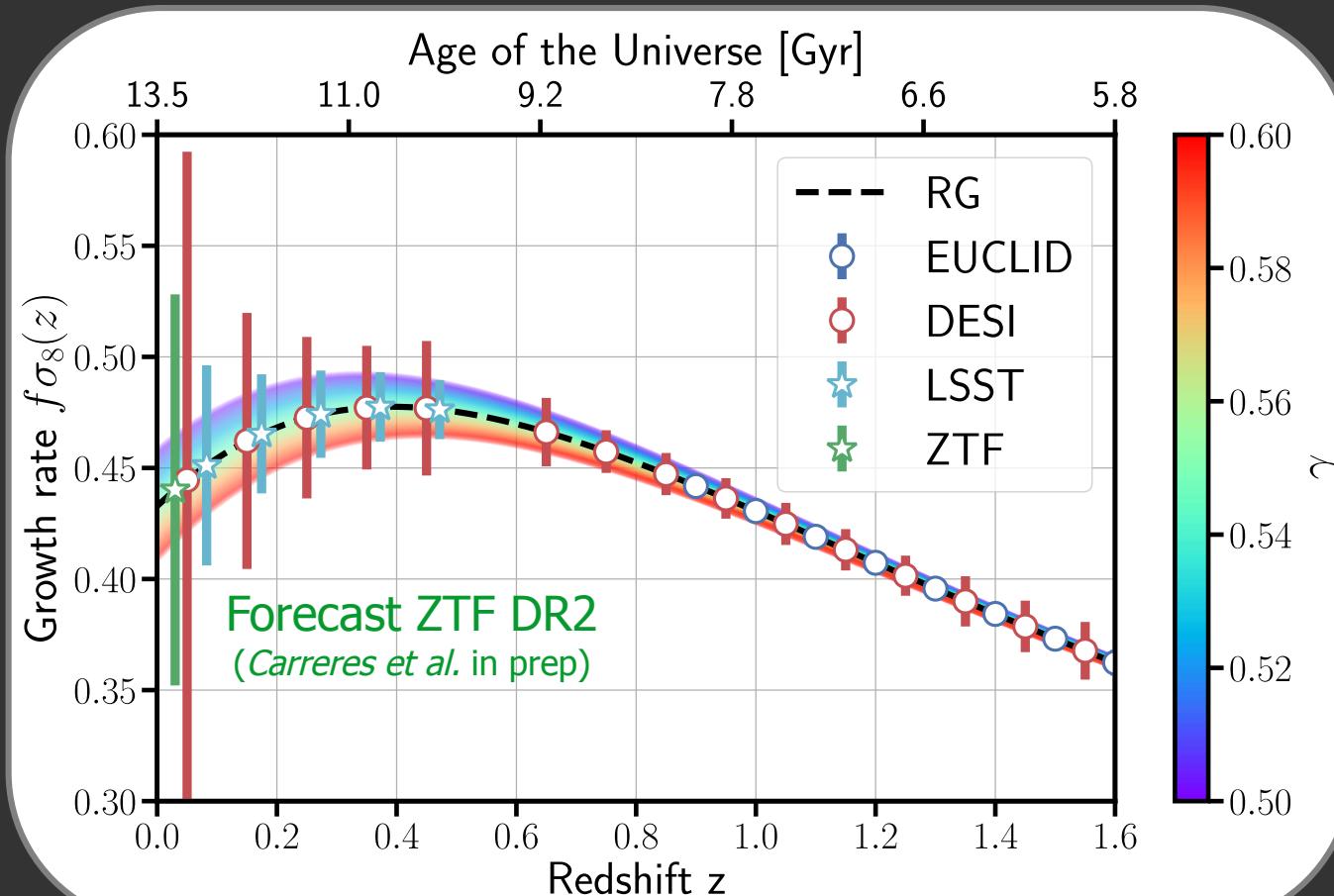
For distant objects only bright ones are detected, leading to a **selection bias**



The sample selection bias : growth rate results

Results for the **growth rate** :

- Bias appear when including SN Ia with a redshift $z > 0.08$
- For $z > 0.08$ the relative bias increase up to $\sim 70\%$
- With sample at $z < 0.06$ no bias and relative error of $\sim 20\%$



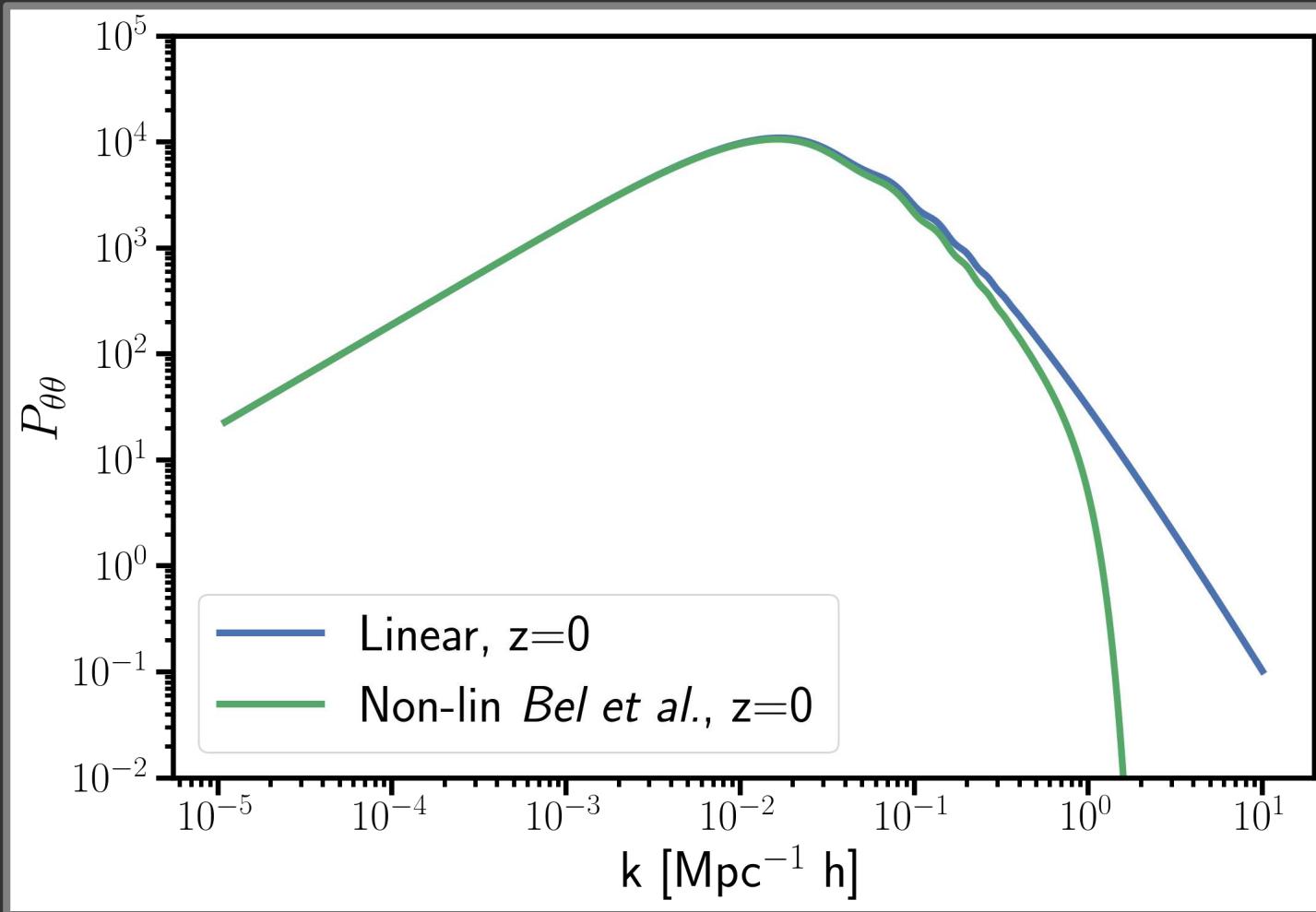
Conclusion

- The growth rate of structure $f\sigma_8$ is a good way to probe dark energy and deviation to GR
- SN Ia survey such as ZTF or LSST will allow to measure more precisely this parameter at low redshift, where the deviation is largest

Thank you for your attention

BACKUP

Power spectrum



Line of sight velocity covariance

$$C_{ij}^{vv} = \frac{(H_0 f \sigma_8)^2}{2\pi^2} \int P_{\theta\theta}(k) W_{ij}(k; \mathbf{r}_i, \mathbf{r}_j) dk$$

True velocities in simulated sample

