

# QFT methods for GW Physics

*Stavros Moughiakakos*

LUTH



PSL 

 Université  
Paris Cité



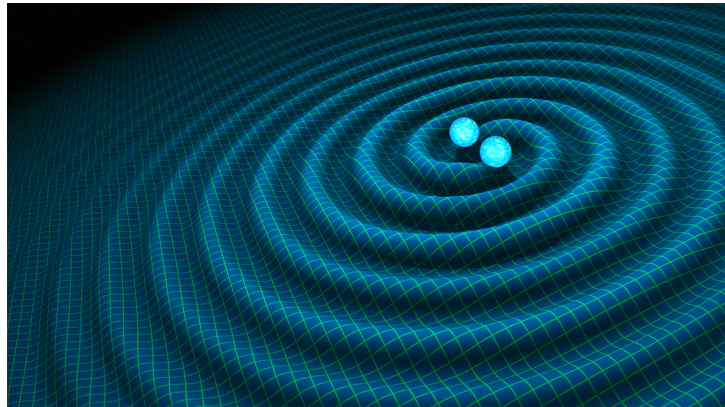
Atelier API “Ondes gravitationnelles et objets compacts”

**[1912.06276]** M. Levi, **S.M.**, M. Vieira

**[2010.08882]** **S.M.**, P. Vanhove

**[2102.08339]** **S.M.**, M. M. Riva, F. Vernizzi

**[2204.06556]** **S.M.**, M. M. Riva, F. Vernizzi



**Binary Coalescence**

***Gravitational  
Wave***



**LIGO**

[1602.03837]

**GW150914**

NOBEL PRIZE 2017  
THORNE, BARISH, WEISS

**Gravitational wave era**



## Gravitational wave era

1. Observational window on “strong” gravity
2. Multi-messenger Astronomy from the largest particle collider
3. Search for “new physics”



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**BUT**

**Weak signal  
(much noise)**



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**Accurate  
Prediction**

**(“new physics”  
highly suppressed)**



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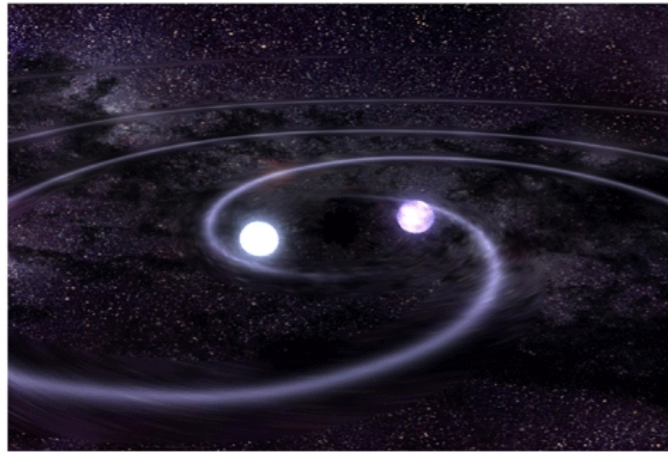
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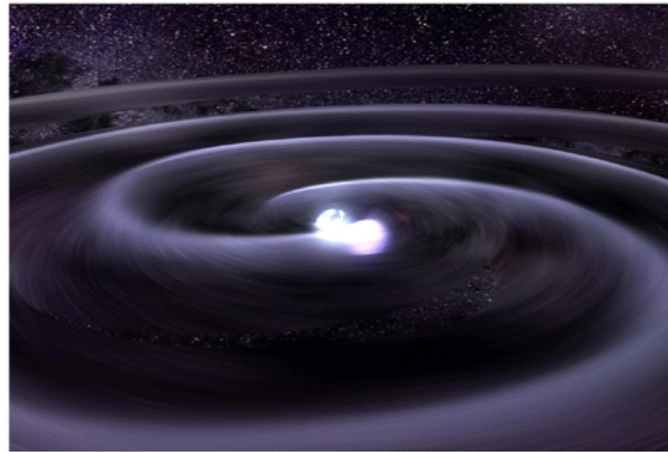
**Gravitational Binary Problem**



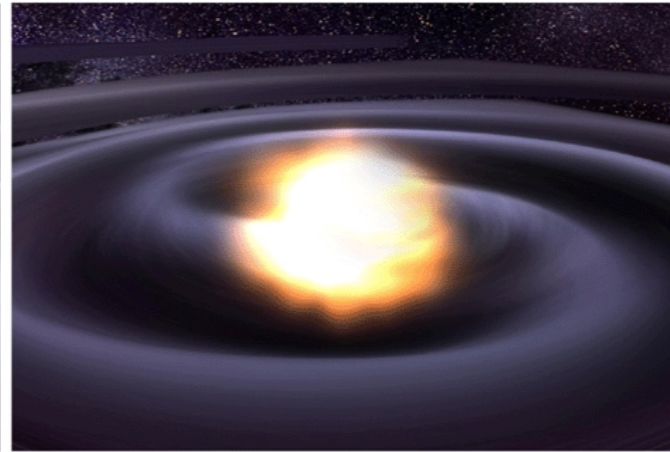
# Gravitational Binary Problem



**Inspiral**



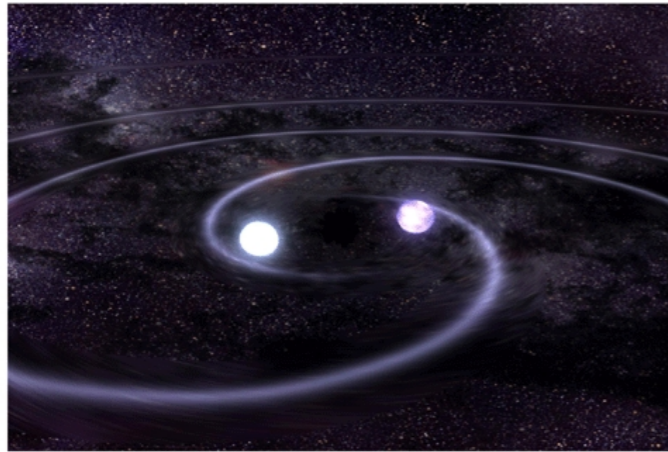
**Merger**



**Ringdown**



# Gravitational Binary Problem

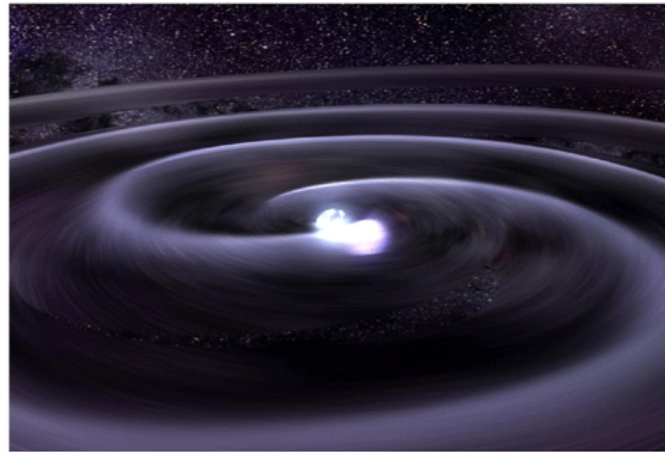


**Inspiral**

*Analytic treatment*

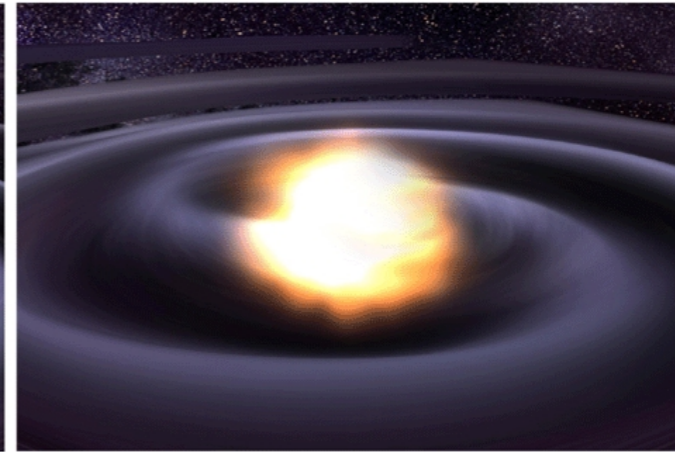
$$\frac{v}{c} \ll 1, \frac{R_{Schw}}{r_{orb}} \ll 1$$

weak field



**Merger**

**Numerical Relativity**

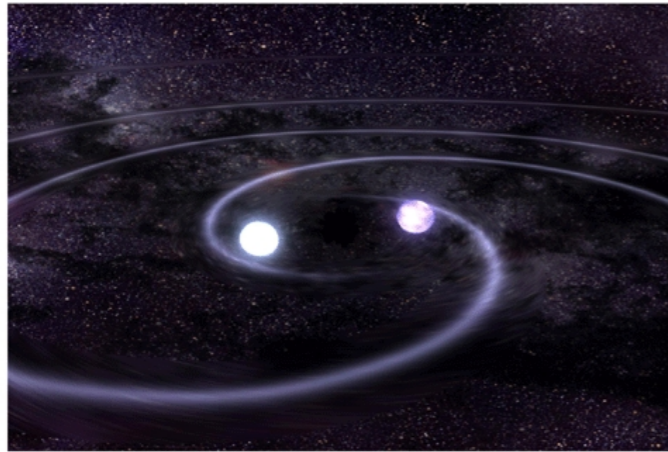


**Ringdown**

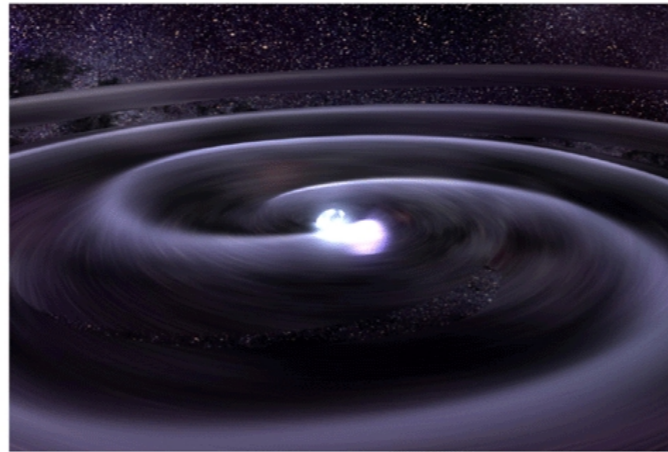
**BH perturbation theory**



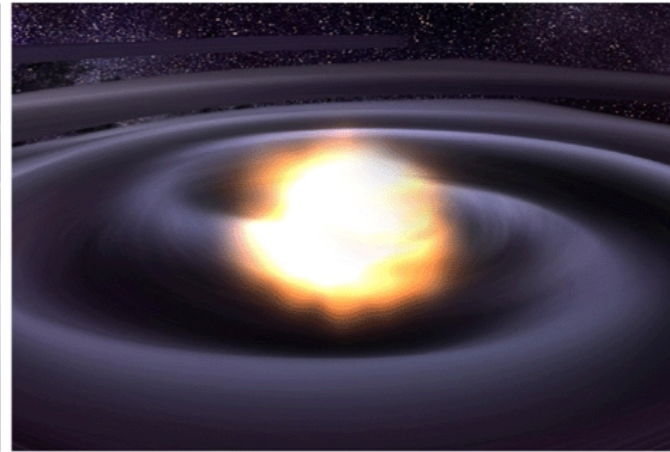
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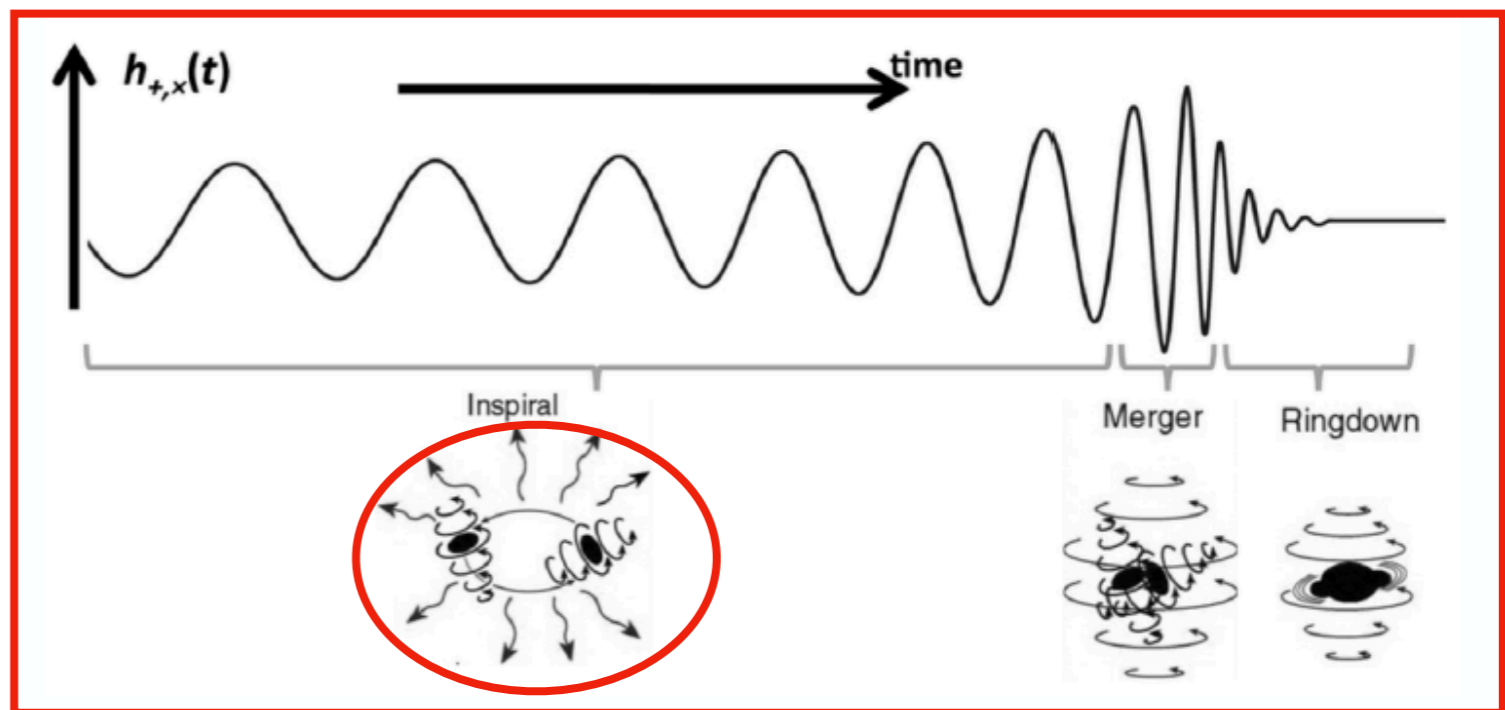
$$\frac{v}{c} \ll 1, \frac{R_{Schw}}{r_{orb}} \ll 1$$

weak field

**Most of the signal during the inspiral phase**

*Numerical Relativity*

*BH perturbation theory*



# Gravitational Binary Problem

**Self-force**

**Post-Minkowskian**

Pertrubative expansion  
in  $\nu = \mu/M$  (EMRIs)

Pertrubative expansion  
in  $G_N$

Buonanno, Damour

**Effective  
One-Body  
Formalism**

**Post-Newtonian**

**Numerical  
Relativity**

**Waveform  
templates**

Pertrubative expansion  
in  $G_N$  and  $\frac{v}{c}$ , where

$$\frac{G_N m}{r_{orb}} \sim \left(\frac{v}{c}\right)^2$$

(from virial theorem)

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**(from virial theorem)**

- Traditional approaches within GR [[Damour, Blanchet, Buonanno, Bernard et al.](#)]
- Do we have existing toolbox that can be exploited?
- Alternative way to reformulate the problem using QFT language and tools
- EFT + Scattering Amplitudes + Feynman Integrals
- Theoretically interesting and computationally efficient

# Outline

1. Post-Newtonian (PN)
2. Post-Minkowskian (PM) vs Post-Newtonian (PN)
3. Outlook



# Outline

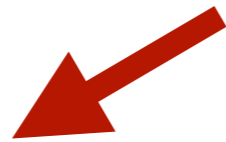
**1. Post-Newtonian (PN)**

**2. Post-Minkowskian (PM) vs Post-Newtonian (PN)**

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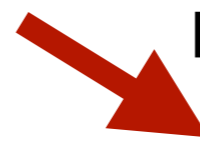
# Post-Newtonian

*Post-Newtonian*



**Traditional GR**

**Damour, Blanchet, Buonanno,  
Bernard et al.**



**Particle Physicist's  
point of view**

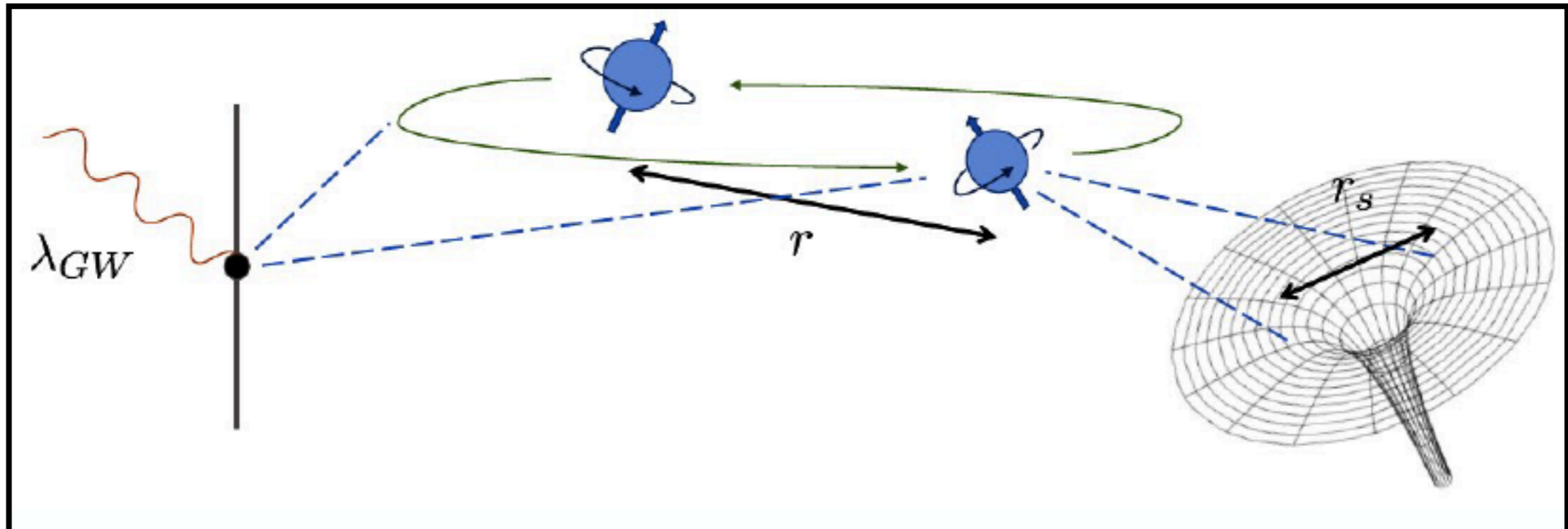
***NRGR/PNEFT***

**[0409156] Rothstein, Goldberger,  
Porto, Foffa, Sturani, Levi, Steinhoff et al.**

# PNEFT / NRGR

## Tower of EFTs

[1601.04914] Porto  
[1807.01699] Levi

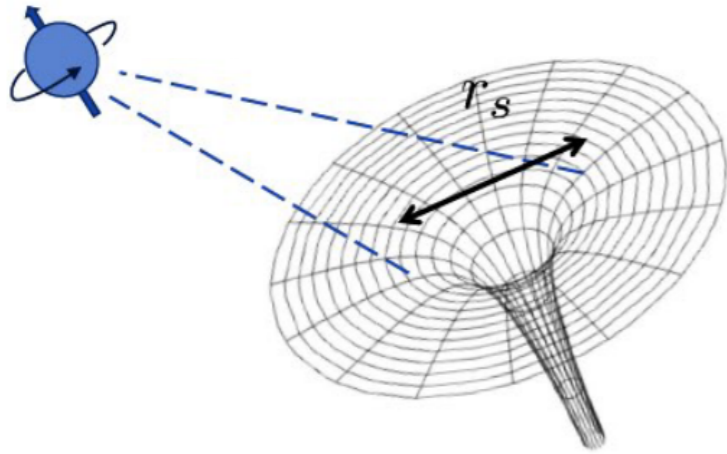


**Hierarchy of scales:**  $r_s \ll r \ll \lambda_{rad}$

$$\frac{r_s}{r} \approx v^2, \quad \frac{r}{\lambda_{rad}} \approx v$$

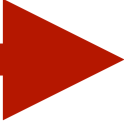
# PNEFT / NRGR

## Internal zone



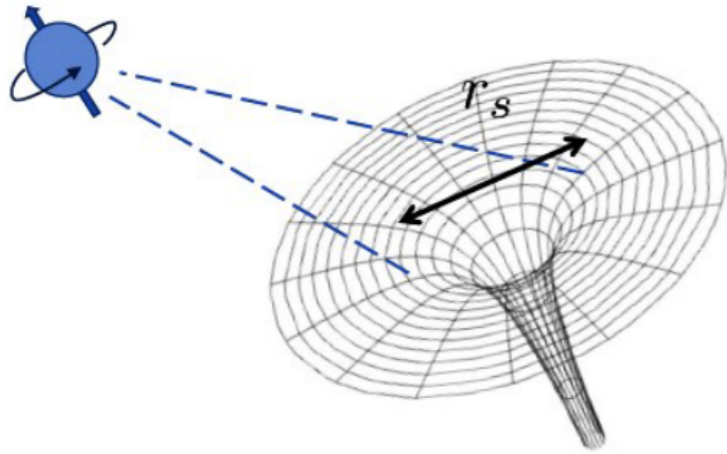
$$\mathcal{S} = -\frac{1}{16\pi G_N} \int d^4x \sqrt{g} R[g_{\mu\nu}] + \dots$$

$$g_{\mu\nu} \equiv g_{\mu\nu}^S + \tilde{g}_{\mu\nu}$$

**(Bottom-Up)**  
**(pure GR)**  **integrate out**  $g_{\mu\nu}^S$

# PNEFT / NRGR

## Internal zone



$$\mathcal{S} = -\frac{1}{16\pi G_N} \int d^4x \sqrt{g} R[g_{\mu\nu}] + \dots$$

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(Bottom-Up)

(pure GR)

integrate out  $g_{\mu\nu}^s$

$$\mathcal{S}_{eff}[x(\sigma), \tilde{g}] = -\frac{1}{16\pi G_N} \int d^4x \sqrt{\tilde{g}} \tilde{R}[\tilde{g}_{\mu\nu}] + \mathcal{S}_{p.p.}$$

$$\mathcal{S}_{p.p.} = - \int d\sigma \left[ m\sqrt{u^2} + \frac{1}{2} S_{\mu\nu} \Omega^{\mu\nu} \right]$$

**point particle**

$$+ c_R \int d\sigma \tilde{R} \sqrt{u^2} + c_V \int d\sigma \tilde{R}_{\mu\nu} \frac{u^\mu u^\nu}{\sqrt{u^2}} + \dots$$

**redundant on-shell**

$$+ \int d\tau Q_E^{ij}(\tau) E_{ij}(x) + \dots + (E \rightarrow B)$$

**finite size**

**dissipative (6.5PN)**

$$\left( Q_E^{ij} \right)_R = c_E E^{ij} + \dots$$

**tidal (5PN)**

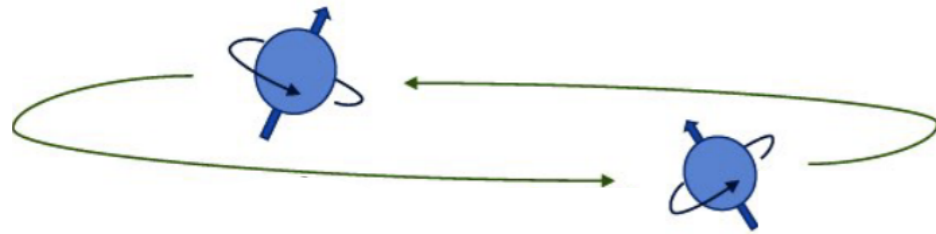
$$+ \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \int d\sigma \frac{(-1)^n C_{ES^{2n}}}{(2n)! m^{2n-1}} D_{\mu_{2n}} \dots D_{\mu_3} E_{\mu_1 \mu_2} \frac{S^{\mu_1} \dots S^{\mu_{2n}}}{\sqrt{u^2}}$$

$$+ \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \int d\sigma \frac{(-1)^n C_{BS^{2n}}}{(2n+1)! m^{2n}} D_{\mu_{2n+1}} \dots D_{\mu_3} B_{\mu_1 \mu_2} \frac{S^{\mu_1} \dots S^{\mu_{2n+1}}}{\sqrt{u^2}}$$

**non-minimal spin couplings**

# PNEFT / NRGR

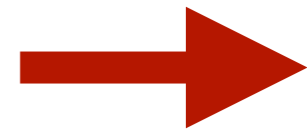
## Potential zone



$$\mathcal{S}_{cons.} = \mathcal{S}_{EH} + \mathcal{S}_{GF} + \mathcal{S}_{p.p.1} + \mathcal{S}_{p.p.2}$$

$$\tilde{g}_{\mu\nu} = \eta_{\mu\nu} + H_{\mu\nu} + h_{\mu\nu}$$

(Top-Down)

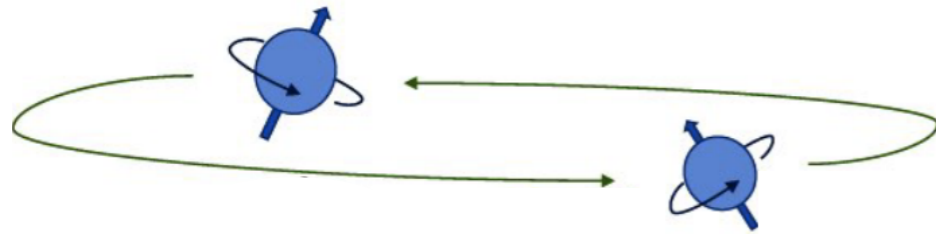


integrate out  $H_{\mu\nu}$



# PNEFT / NRGR

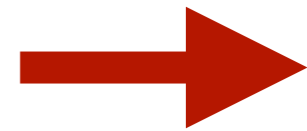
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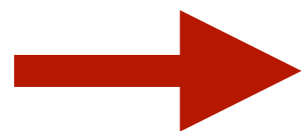
$(h_{\mu\nu} = 0)$

$H_{\mu\nu}$  **instantaneous propagators**  $k_0 \sim v/r, |\vec{k}| \sim 1/r$

Feynman rules

$$\frac{1}{k_0^2 - \vec{k}^2} = -\frac{1}{\vec{k}^2} \left(1 + \frac{k_0^2}{\vec{k}^2} + \dots\right) = -\frac{1}{\vec{k}^2} (1 + \mathcal{O}(v^2))$$

QFT diagrammatics



$\mathcal{S}_{cons.}$

UV divergencies (renormalization)

IR divergencies (zero-bin)

# PNEFT / NRGR

**Radiation zone**

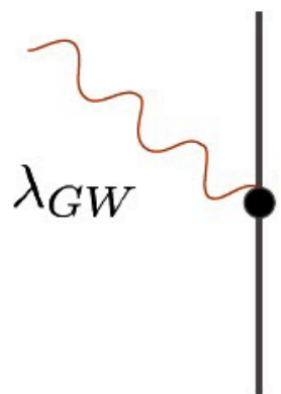
**(Bottom-Up)**

$$\bar{g}_{\mu\nu} \equiv \eta_{\mu\nu} + h_{\mu\nu}$$

$$\mathcal{S}_{eff} = -\frac{1}{16\pi G_N} \int d^4x \sqrt{\bar{g}} \bar{R} + \mathcal{S}_{GF}[h] + \mathcal{S}_{p.p.(comp.)}$$

$$\mathcal{S}_{p.p.(comp.)} = - \int dt \sqrt{\bar{g}} \left( M(t) + \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_{ijk} L^k(t) (\Omega_{LF}^{ij} + \omega_{\mu}^{ij} u^{\mu}) \right)$$

$$- \sum_{l=2}^{\infty} \left( \frac{1}{l!} I^L(t) \nabla_{L-2} E_{i_{l-1}i_l} - \frac{2l}{(l+1)!} J^L(t) \nabla_{L-2} B_{i_{l-1}i_l} \right)$$



$$\mathcal{A}_h(\omega, \mathbf{k}) = \frac{\epsilon_{ij}^*(\mathbf{k}, h)}{4M_{Pl}} [\omega^2 I^{ij}(\omega) + \dots]$$

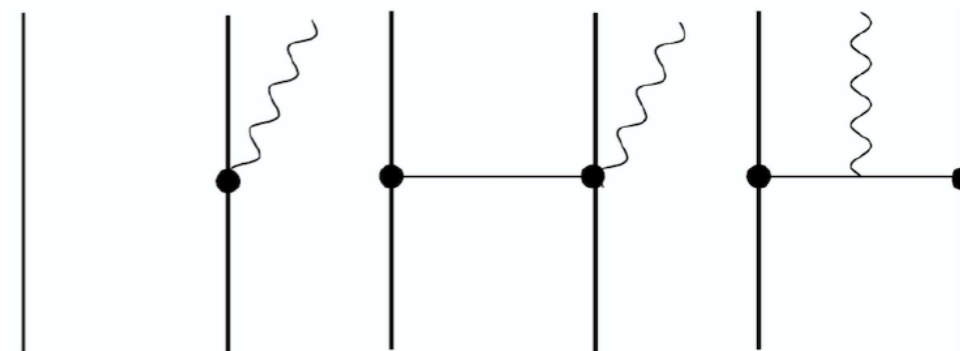
$\mathcal{A}_h(\omega, \mathbf{k})$



**(Top-Down)**

**Potential zone**

$+ h_{\mu\nu}$



$$\mathcal{A}_h(\omega, \mathbf{k}) = -\frac{\epsilon_{ij}^*(\mathbf{k}, h)}{2M_{Pl}} T^{ij}(\omega, \mathbf{k})$$

# PNEFT / NRGR


**Radiation zone**

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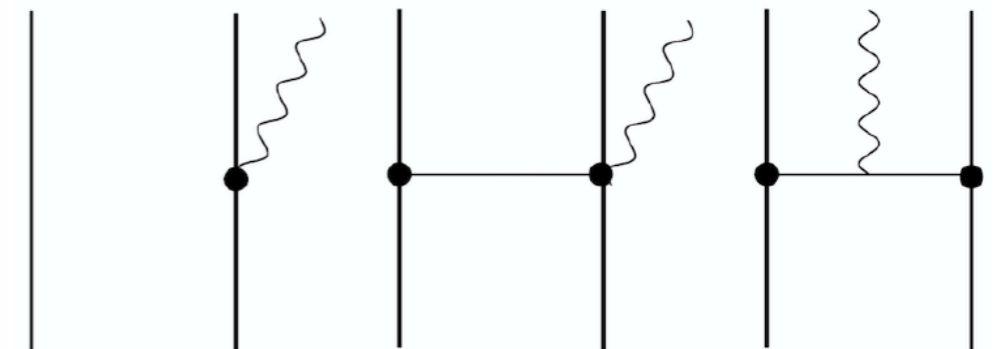
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$\mathcal{A}_h(\omega, \mathbf{k})$   
  
**MATCHING**

**Potential zone**

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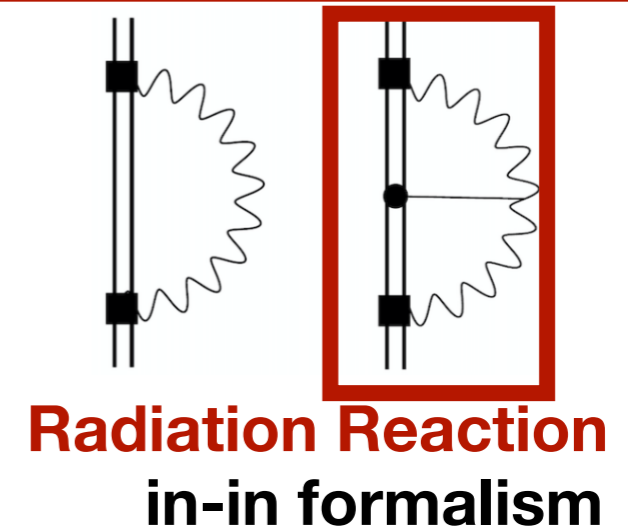
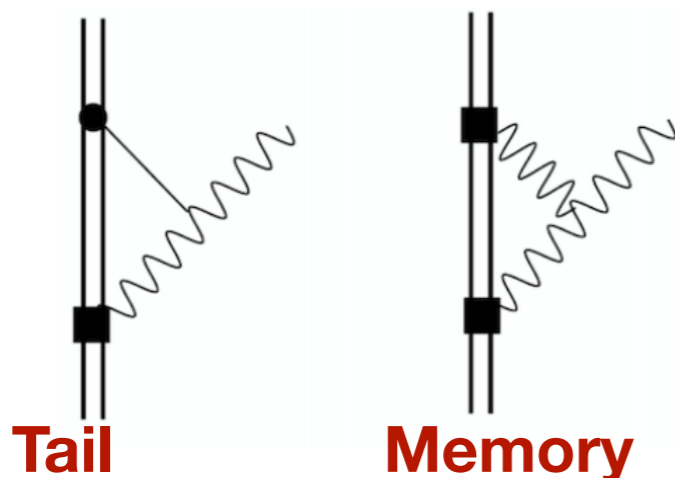
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[1703.06433] Porto, Rothstein

**zero-bin subtraction**

**IR(potential)/UV(radiation)**

**conservative contribution**



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# Quantum Amplitudes for Classical Gravity

## *Gravity as an Effective Field Theory*

DeWitt  
t'Hooft, Veltman  
Donoghue et al.

$$\mathcal{S}_{eff} = \frac{1}{16\pi G_N} \int d^d x \sqrt{g} R + \mathcal{O}(R^2, R_{\mu\nu} R^{\mu\nu}, \dots) + \mathcal{S}_{matter}$$

- **Non-Renormalizable QFT:** (local, unitary, Lorentz invariant)
- **GR as a first order approximation**
- **Standard symmetries of GR**
- **Low energy DOF's:** graviton + matter fields
- **Weak field approximation:**  $g_{\mu\nu} = \eta_{\mu\nu} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} h_{\mu\nu}^{(n)}$

# Quantum Amplitudes for Classical Gravity

## Experience from particle physics

### Quantum Gravitational Scattering Amplitudes for 2-body Scattering

via on-shell, generalized unitarity, BCJ

Bern et al.  
Di Vecchia, Russo, Veneziano et al.  
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[9409265]  
Bern, Dixon, Dunbar, Kosower

[1004.0476]  
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[0405239] Donoghue, Holstein  $\Rightarrow$   $G_N^{l+1}$  [2010.08882] S.M., Vanhove

**Classical PM Scattering Amplitude**

eikonal (DVHRV) [2104.03256]  $\downarrow$  KMO'C [1811.10950]

**Classical observables (B2B)**

3PM [1901.04424]  
4PM [2101.07254]  
Bern, Parra-Martinez et al.

[1906.01579] Cristofoli, Bjerrum-Bohr, Damgaard, Vanhove  
[1808.02489] Cheung, Rothstein, Solon

**Hamiltonian**

**Bound problem**

Physical problem for GWs

[1910.03008] Kalin, Porto  
[1911.09130] Saketh, Vines  
[2109.05994] Steinhoff, Buonanno

physical intuition

Issues with:  
UR limit (3PM)-r.r. divergence (4PM)-tail inclusion of radiation (potential vs full soft region)



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# PM vs(?) PN

**Post-  
Minkowskian**

(Scattering)

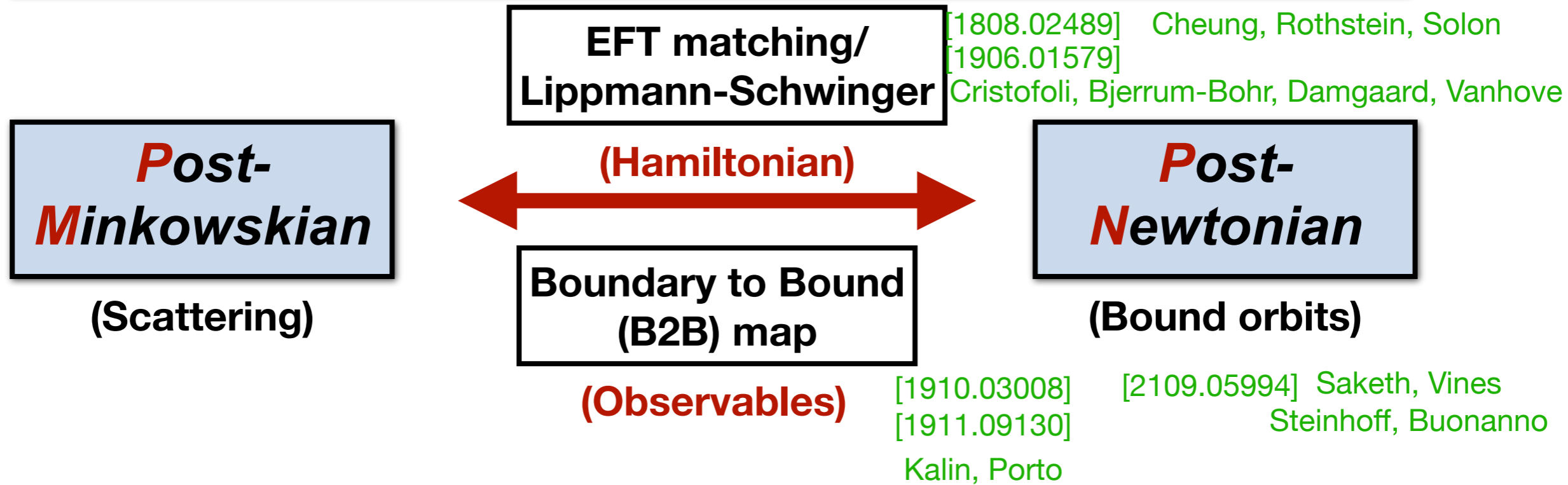
**Post-  
Newtonian**

(Bound orbits)

	0PN		1PN		2PN		3PN		4PN		5PN				
<b>1PM</b>	[1]	+	$v^2$	+	$v^4$	+	$v^6$	+	$v^8$	+	$v^{10}$	+	...	x	$G^1$
<b>2PM</b>			[1]	+	$v^2$	+	$v^4$	+	$v^6$	+	$v^8$	+	...	x	$G^2$
<b>3PM</b>					[1]	+	$v^2$	+	$v^4$	+	$v^6$	+	...	x	$G^3$
<b>4PM</b>							[1]	+	$v^2$	+	$v^4$	+	...	x	$G^4$
<b>5PM</b>									[1]	+	$v^2$	+	...	x	$G^5$
<b>6PM</b>											[1]	+	...	x	$G^6$

[1908.01493] Bern et al

# PM ~~vs~~ PN



	0PN	1PN	2PN	3PN	4PN	5PN			
<b>1PM</b>	[1]	+ $v^2$	+ $v^4$	+ $v^6$	+ $v^8$	+ $v^{10}$	+ ...]	x	$G^1$
<b>2PM</b>		[1]	+ $v^2$	+ $v^4$	+ $v^6$	+ $v^8$	+ ...]	x	$G^2$
<b>3PM</b>			[1]	+ $v^2$	+ $v^4$	+ $v^6$	+ ...]	x	$G^3$
<b>4PM</b>				[1]	+ $v^2$	+ $v^4$	+ ...]	x	$G^4$
<b>5PM</b>					[1]	+ $v^2$	+ ...]	x	$G^5$
<b>6PM</b>						[1]	+ ...]	x	$G^6$

[1908.01493] Bern et al

# PM vs PN

EFT matching/  
Lippmann-Schwinger

[1808.02489] Cheung, Rothstein, Solon  
[1906.01579]  
Cristofoli, Bjerrum-Bohr, Damgaard, Vanhove

**Post-Minkowskian**  
(Scattering)

**Post-Newtonian**  
(Bound orbits)

(Hamiltonian)



Boundary to Bound  
(B2B) map

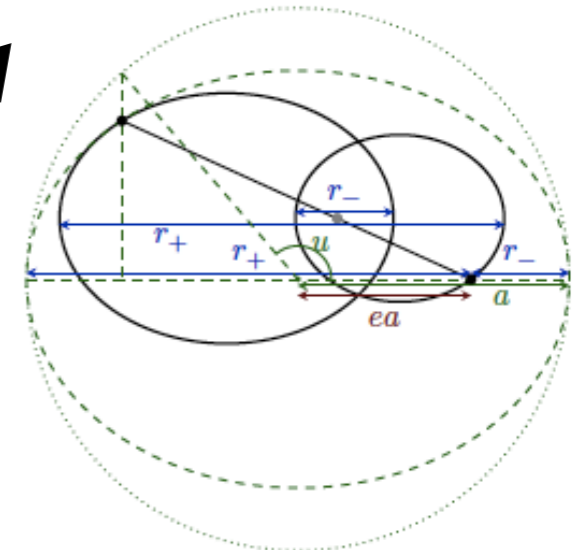
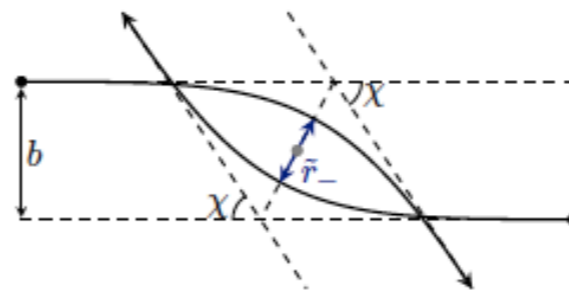
(Observables)

[1910.03008] [2109.05994] Saketh, Vines  
[1911.09130] Steinhoff, Buonanno  
Kalin, Porto

EFT for NR scalars

$$L_{\text{int}} = - \int_{\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{k}'} V(\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{k}') A^\dagger(\mathbf{k}') A(\mathbf{k}) B^\dagger(-\mathbf{k}') B(-\mathbf{k})$$

Ansatz: 
$$V(p, r) = \frac{Gc_1(p^2)}{|r|} + \frac{8G^2c_2(p^2)}{r^2} + \dots$$



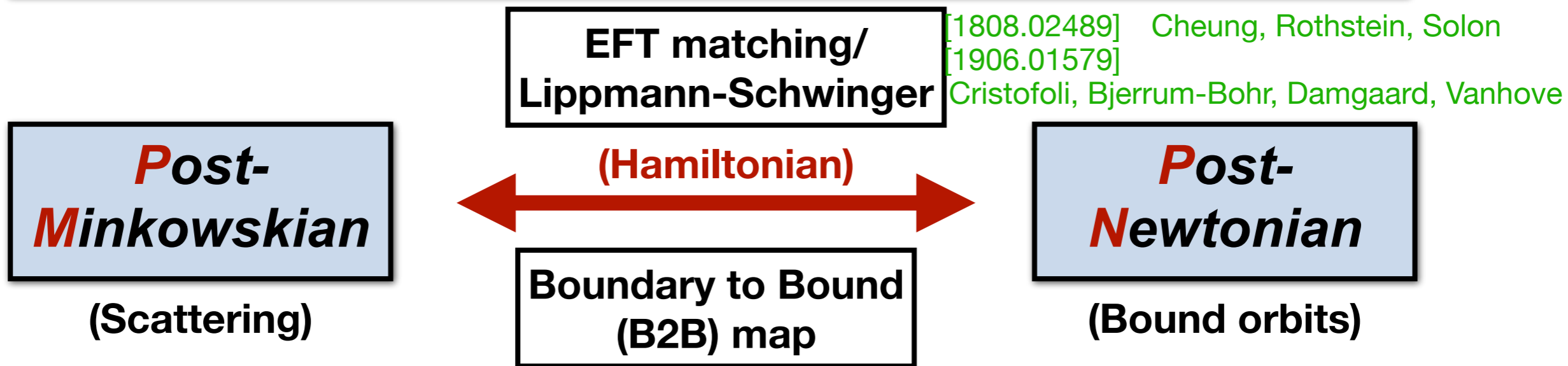
$$\Delta\Phi(J, \mathcal{E}) = \chi(J, \mathcal{E}) + \chi(-J, \mathcal{E}), \quad \mathcal{E} < 0,$$

$$\Delta E_{\text{ell}}(J) = \Delta E_{\text{hyp}}(J) - \Delta E_{\text{hyp}}(-J)$$

$$\Delta J_{\text{ell}}(J) = \Delta J_{\text{hyp}}(J) + \Delta J_{\text{hyp}}(-J)$$

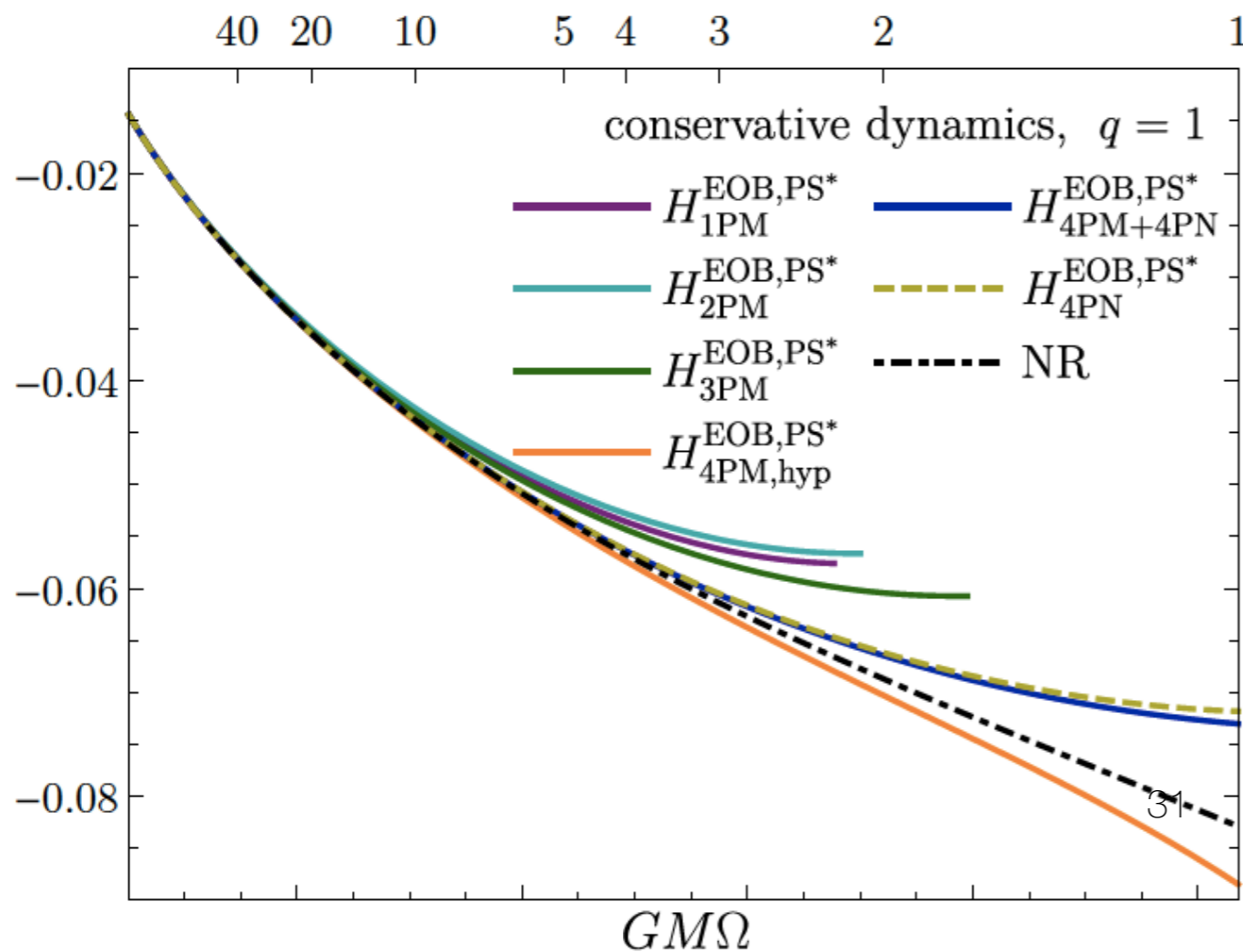
Matching with full theory Amplitude fixes coeffs.

# PM ~~vs~~ PN



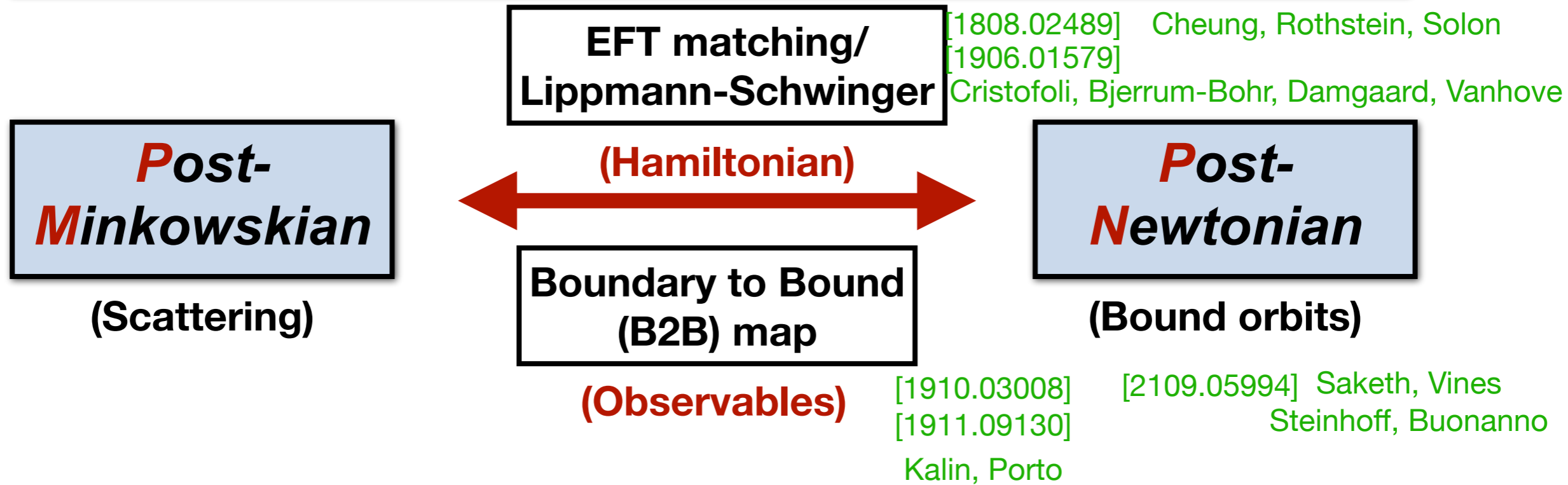
[1808.02489] Cheung, Rothstein, Solon  
 [1906.01579] Cristofoli, Bjerrum-Bohr, Damgaard, Vanhove

GW cycles before merger **(Observables)** [1910.03008] [2109.05994] Saketh, Vines  
 [1911.09130] Steinhoff, Buonanno  
 Kalin, Porto



[2204.05047] Buonanno et al

# PM ~~vs~~ PN



1. Scattering to Bound  
with radiation
2. Higher orders
3. Radiation effects
4. Spin, finite size



- High precision**
1. NS (EoS)
  2. Exotic objects
  3. GR modifications
  4. Quantum gravity(?)

# Outline

1. Post-Newtonian (PN)
2. Post-Minkowskian (PM) vs Post-Newtonian (PN)
3. Post-Minkowskian Effective Field Theory (PMEFT)
4. Outlook



# Outlook

## ***WHAT WE HAVE LEARNED SO FAR***

- **QFT methods are competitive/complementary to traditional**
- **PN & PM complementarity**
- **NRGR self consistent + physical intuition**
- **Radiation effects are crucial**
- **Integration techniques are a bottleneck**
- **Each higher order exhibits new difficulties**

## ***WHAT WE ARE LOOKING FOR***

- **Higher orders both in PN & PM**
- **Radiation, spin, finite size effects**
- **Extension of Scattering to Bound maps**
- **GR modifications & (?) Quantum signatures**

*Thank you very much for your attention!*