

Exploring applications for MAPS outside the collider domain

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Motivation & outline

- Maps are used as particle detectors in big colider experiments (ATLAS, ALICE, CBM, BELLE)
- Because C4Pi is involved in big colider projects:
 - Know-how & Technology R&D
 - Reusability of elements
 - Sharing the silicon => possible to submit small prototypes
- Smaller projects could also benefit from having a custom MAPS detectors



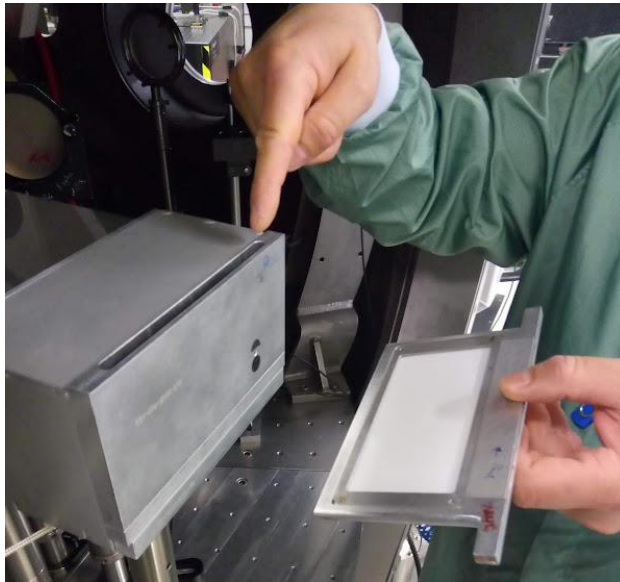
OUTLINE

- Monitoring the outcome of laser-plasma acceleration
- Ion detection
- Molecular neuro imaging
- Low energy X-ray spectroscopy
- Future advancements?

Monitoring the outcome of laser-plasma acceleration

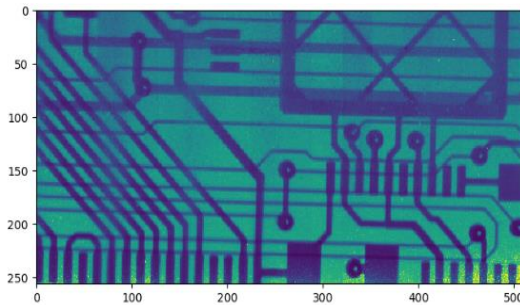
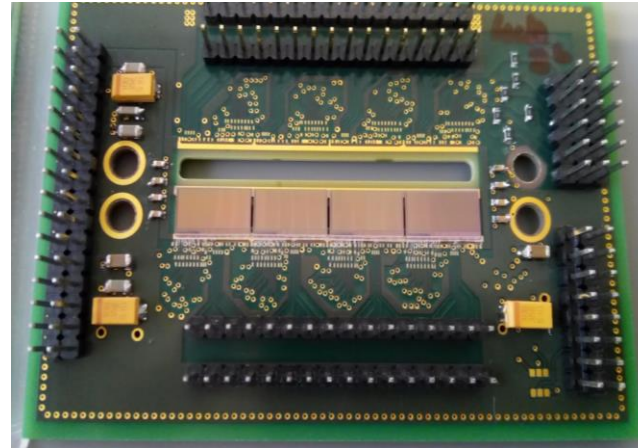
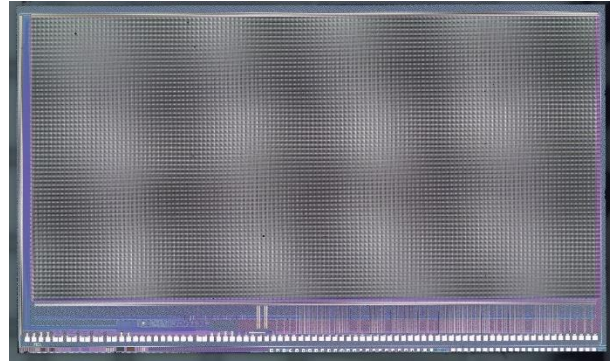
- Goal : Replace Imaging Plate in a Thomson parabola spectrometer
 - Detection of protons – **few MeV** to 100 MeV
- Large area detector needed => several cm²
- EM fields in the range of MV/m => EM shielding !!

IN2P3 master project ALP- Ions with LP2I Bordeaux



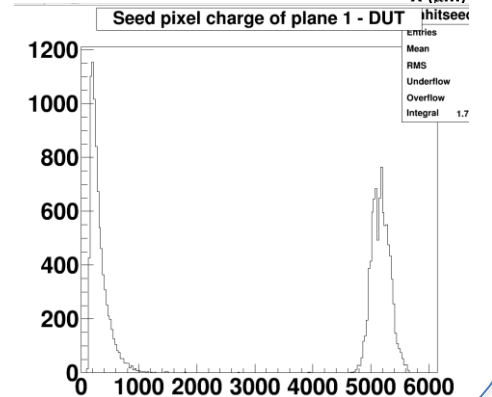
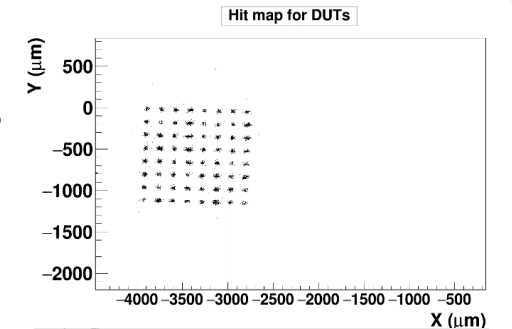
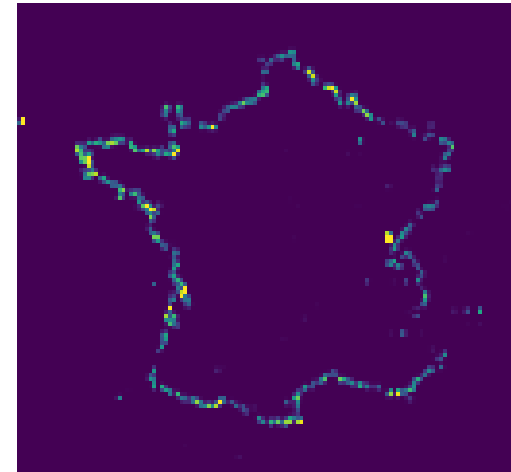
Monolithic Imager

- Matrix of 256x512 pixels
- 5 x 10 mm active area
- Pixel size 20x20 μm
- Rolling/global shutter
- Analog readout with programmable num. of outputs (32/16/8/4)
- Multi-chip detectors possible



*Image of a flex PCB taken with MI
Irradiated with an Cu X-ray tube*

Measurements at AIFIRA 3 MeV protons

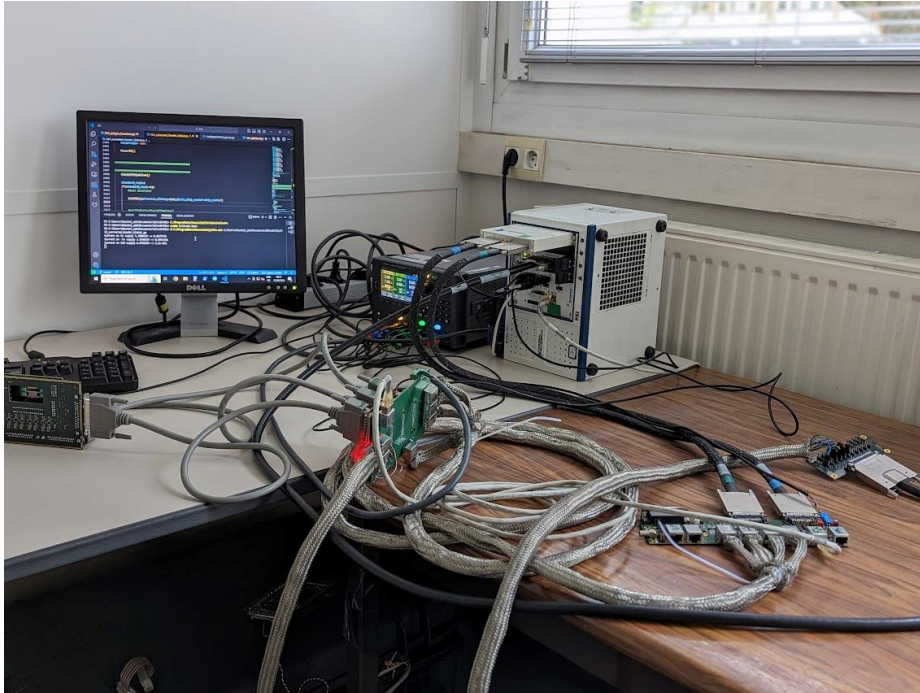


Next steps in this project:

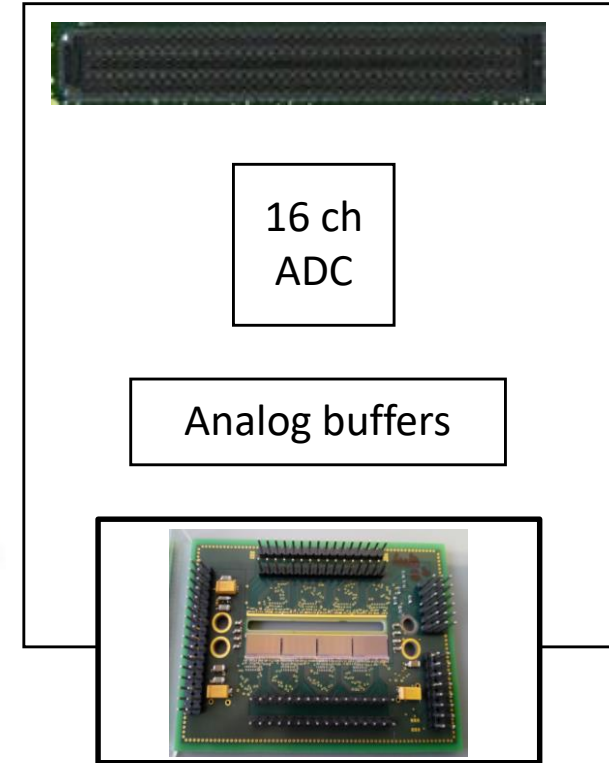
- Next version of Monolithic Imager with bigger input diode => smaller gain for low energy protons.
- Tests of shielding at LULI with the current setup (shielded cables + box)=> July 2023
-
- New, compact readout in developement => see next slide

New readout

Current setup:
NI PXI with digital + ADC cards + cables..

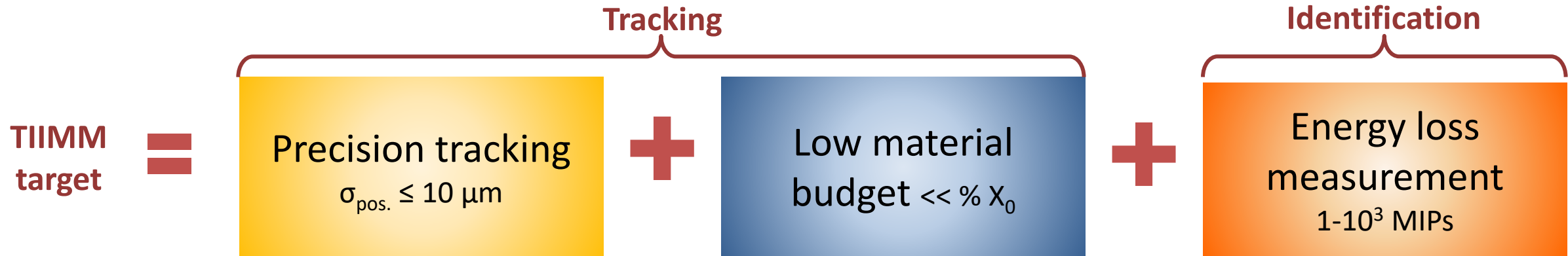


NI SbRIO 9609 + Custom ADC board

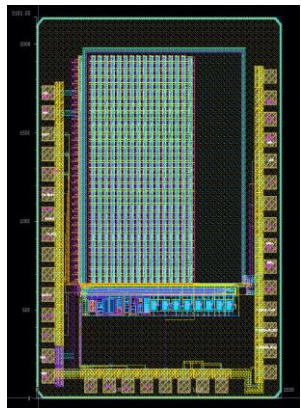


- Size ~ 10x10 cm – plug in board ~10cm x 15 cm?
- Shielded box + fiber output from the => EMP
- Cooling needed => Heat will be a problem (vacuum)

Ion identification – TIIMM project

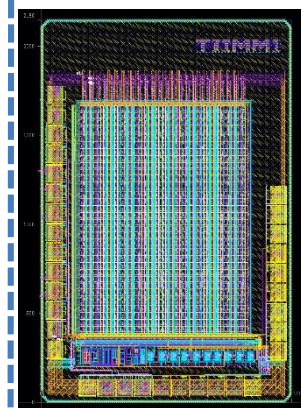


- First submission: preliminary prototype (TIIMM0) submitted in March 2020.
- Second submission: TIIMM0/TIIMM1/TIIMM1A/TIIMM1B prototypes received in August 2022



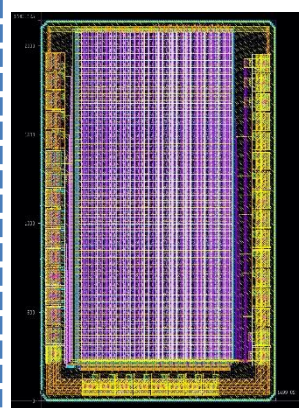
TIIMM0 (second submission)
 Chip area: 2.2 mm * 1.5 mm
 Matrix: 32 (rows) * 16 (col)
 Pixel pitch: 40 μm x 40 μm

Corrected from the first submission



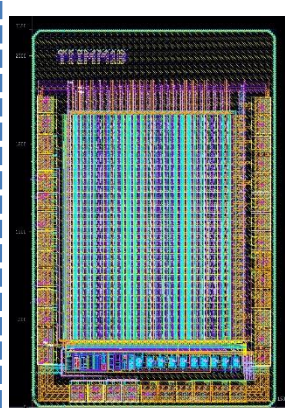
TIIMM1 sensor
 Chip area: 2.2 mm * 1.5 mm
 Matrix: 32 (rows) * 24 (col)
 Pixel pitch: 41.2 μm x 40 μm

New front-end



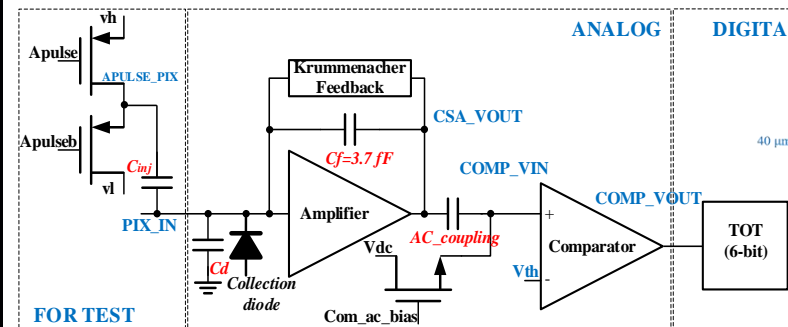
TIIMM1A sensor
 Chip area: 2.2 mm * 1.5 mm
 Matrix: 46 (rows) * 32 (col)

New front end
 Analog part study only

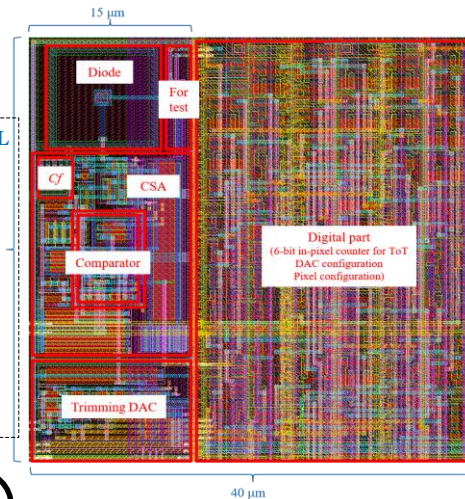


TIIMM1B sensor
 Chip area: 2.2 mm * 1.5 mm
 Matrix: 32 (rows) * 24 (col)
 Pixel pitch: 41.2 μm x 40 μm

New front-end enhanced

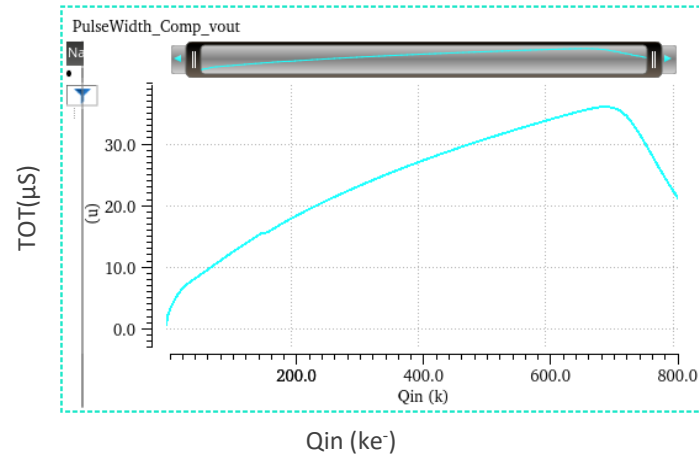
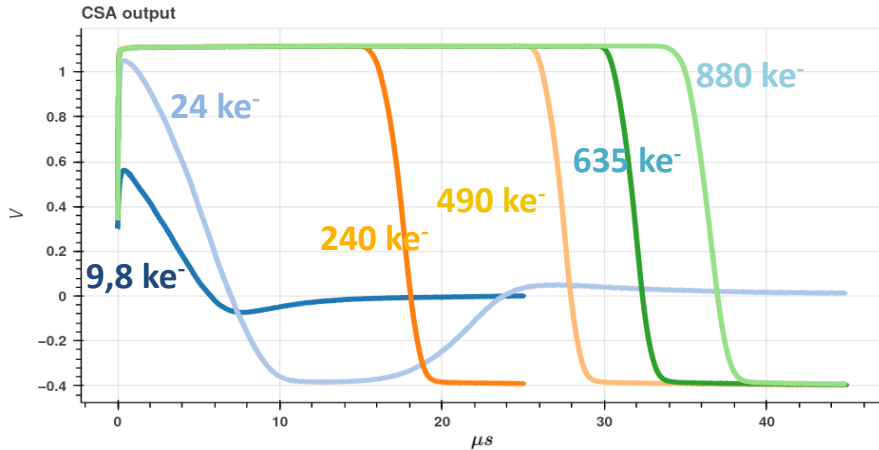


- Krummenacher feedback
- AC coupled comparator
- 6-bit TOT



Ion identification – laser measurements

Cadence Simulations

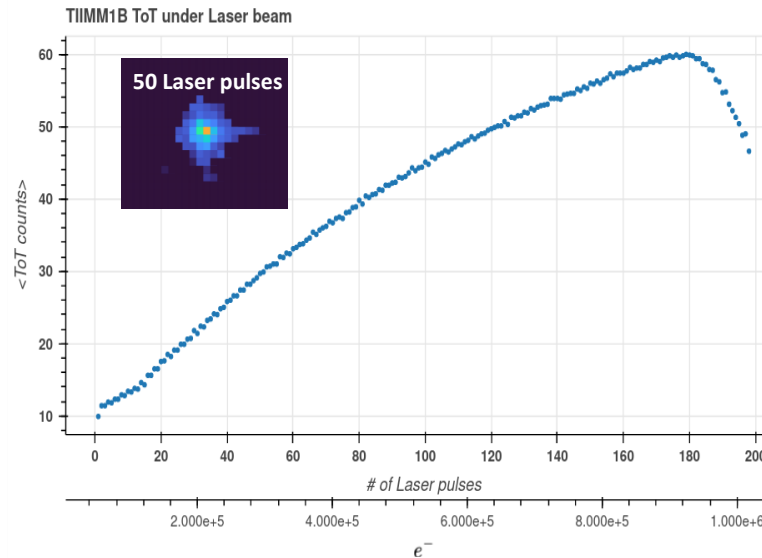
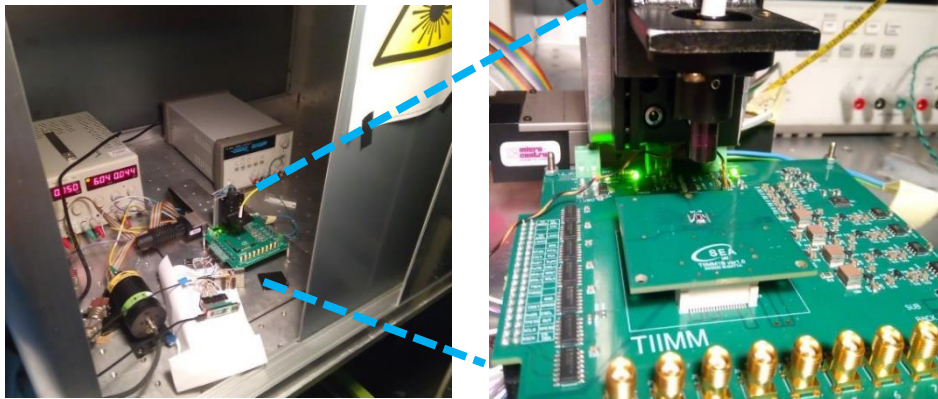


Next steps:

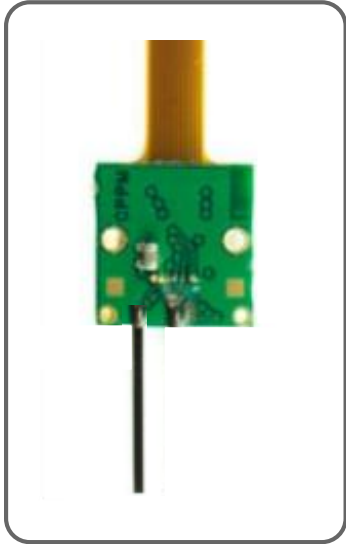
- New readout completed
- Tests at Cyrce (p. 26 MeV)
- Ion beam tests

Laser measurements

- Laser wavelength : 1061 nm
- Laser on XY table (1 μm step)



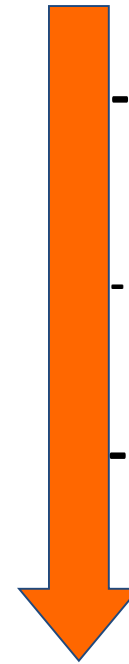
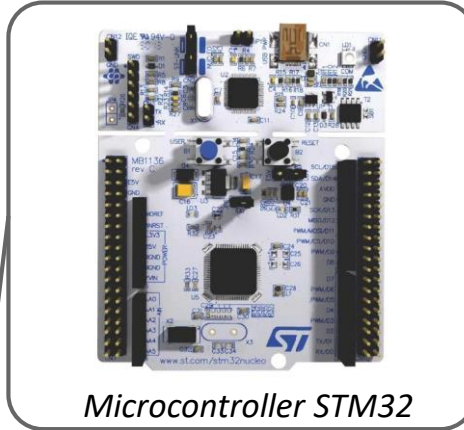
Molecular imaging – MAPSSIC project



1. Sensitive probe
2x IMIC sensors

2. Backpack

- Microcontroller
- Power supply
- RF antenna



- **2022** → Sensor Production
- **2023** → Characterization /MC studies
- **2024** → Biological validation
- **2025** → Behavioural applications

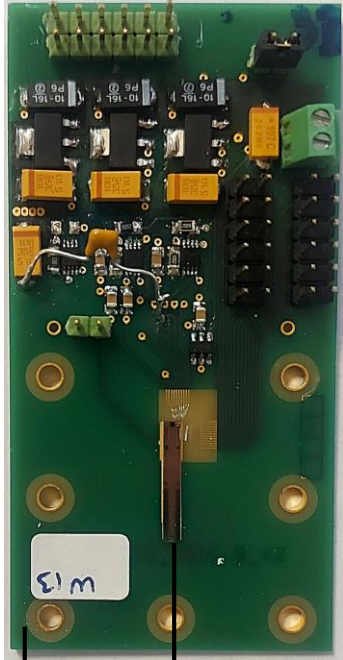
Features:

- Sensitive to **short range β^+**
- Record **kinetic** of **radiotracers**
- Wireless** probe
- Autonomy** to the rat

Constraints:

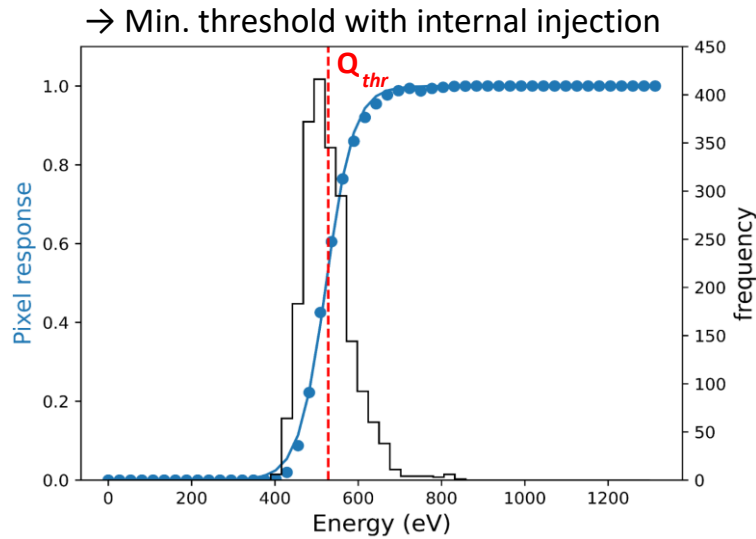
- Gamma transparency**
- Light: **< 10% of rat weight**
- Biocompatible**
- Low power consumption**

Sensor validation



IMIC sensor

Testing PCB



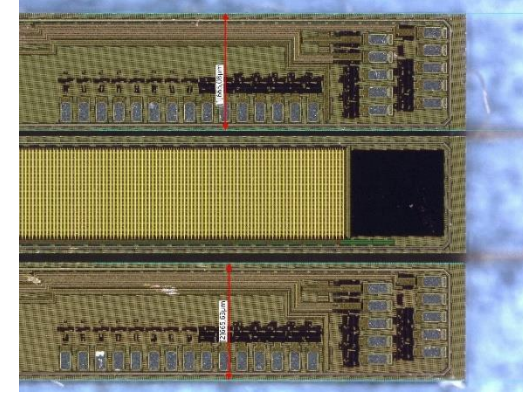
Understand the sensor's characteristics

Set nominal parameters

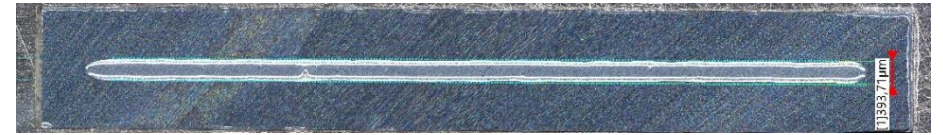
- Charge injections
- Sealed sources
 - beta: ^{204}Tl , ^{22}Na
 - X ray: ^{55}Fe

2xSensor detector construction

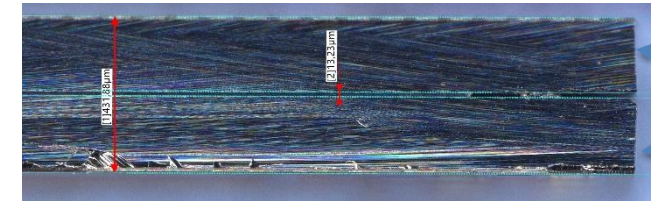
Dicing sensors



Apply glue

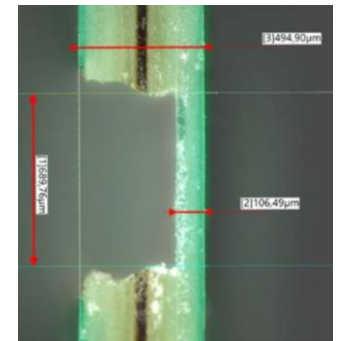
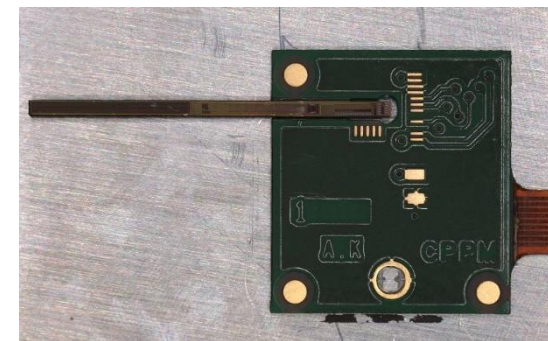


Assembly



sensors

Mount the Sensor on the carrier PCB



From: Samir El ketara - IJCLab

Low energy spectroscopy – using Monolithic Imager

■ First tests done at the lab

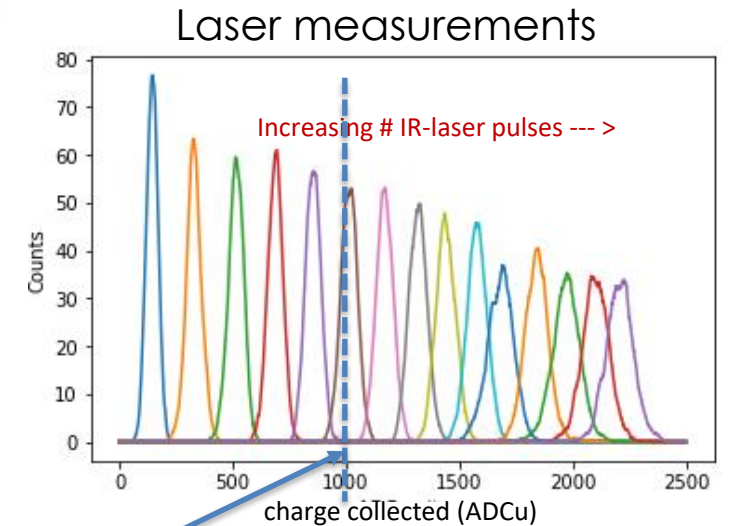
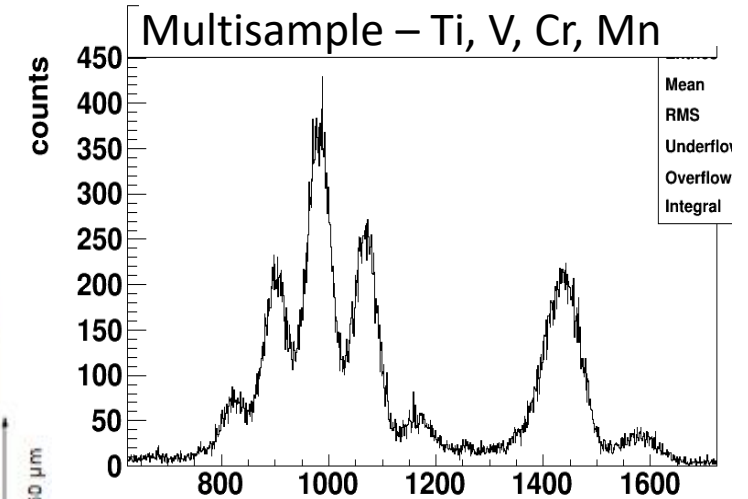
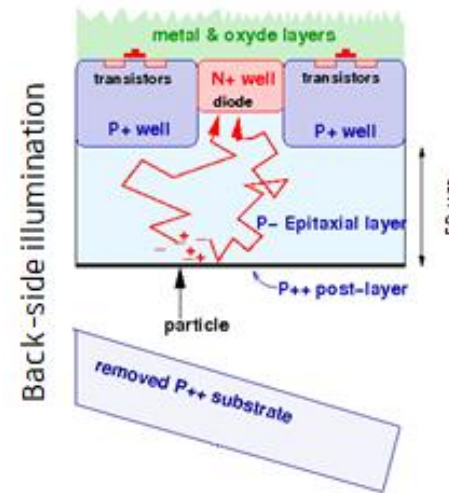
- Readout noise below 20 e- rms
- Energy resolution for the Cr line (5.4 keV) is 325 eV (@ room temp)

■ Make the detector sensitive to low energies

- Front side illumination => oxide + metals
 - 99% of 1keV X-rays stopped in 10 μ m of silicon oxide
- Back side illumination:
 - Thin down to epitaxial later (50 μ m)
 - Ion implantation + laser annealing (entry window - tens of nm)

■ Low energy applications:

- Sub keV X-ray measurements at Synchrotron facilities (SOLEIL,..)
- Low energy Beta detection (tritium)



5 keV

■ Sensors technology

- Different thickness of the epi layer – thinner for higher energies, thicker for efficiency

■ Analog sensors readout problem

- Stay analog - develop a compact readout solution for multichip detectors
- Go digital - Develop an on-chip ADC (12 bit, 20 MS/s)

■ Digital sensors

- Start of the TIIX project (IPHC and IP2I Lyon)
 - Combine the TIIMM analog front-end with the readout from OBELIX (Optimized BELle II pIXel)
 - Time stamping 25-100 ns



- Maps are well suited for projects outside of collider domain
- System on chip – detector + analog + digital on chip

| Project name | Description | Particles detected | Challenge |
|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| ALPion | Laser plasma acceleration | Protons few MeV-100 MeV | Shielding Large amplitude |
| TIIMM / TIIX | Ion identification | Ions, .. | High dynamic range |
| MAPSSIC | Molecular imaging | β^+ positrons | Low power |
| Monolithic imager | Low energy spectroscopy | Low energy X-rays & β | Low noise |

Merci pour votre attention