





TESSERACT @ LSM

A proposal for a new generation light DM search cryogenic experiment in Modane

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TESSERACT: *Dark Matter candidates*

Dark matter candidate: About 50 orders of magnitude in mass (assuming it is an elementary particle)



TESSERACT: *keV-GeV « light » Dark Matter*

- Consistent with simple thermal production after inflation (like other massive particles) ٠
- Typically requires a new force mediator too, not just the DM particle.
- Direct detection searches via electron scattering (ERDM) or nuclear scattering (NRDM) ٠



TESSERACT: Dark Matter interaction type



TESSERACT: Extending the Dark Matter mass search window from meV-to-GeV with ultra low-threshold cryogenic detectors with multiple targets and particle identification capabilities



TESSERACT: Proposal experiment at LSM

<u>Transition Edge Sensors with Sub-Ev Resolution And Cryogenic Targets</u>



- DOE Funding for R&D and project development began in June 2020 (Dark Matter New Initiative)
- One experimental design, and different target materials with complementary DM sensitivity, all using TES
- Includes SPICE (Al₂O₃ and GaAs) and HeRALD (LHe)
- ~40 people from 8 institutions
- Actively searching for an underground lab





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- Adding Ge/Si semiconductors with TES (heat) and electrodes (ion) readout
- Benefit from EDW+Ricochet Ge bolometer expertise and low-background cryogenic setup
- Ongoing discussions with IN2P3 Ricochet and EDW partners (LPSC, IJCLab, IP2I)
- Actively looking for a future cryogenic DM experiment







TESSERACT: New generation TES phonon sensors





- 3.5 eV (RMS) already achieved with a 10g Si detector and Tc = 41 mK
- Targeted Tc around 15-20 mK recently achieved !
 - ~100 meV threshold achievable
- Next challenge: parasitic power (vibrations, EMI, IR photons) needs to be <aW to fully reach TES sensitivity



TESSERACT: SPICE

<u>Sub-eV</u> Polar Interactions Cryogenic Experiment: Al₂O₃

1. Sapphire supports many optical phonon modes. (phonons with a high energy:momentum ratio)

Instead thinking about 'kicking an atom' we now think about recoiling off the lattice, and 'exciting a phonon'.

Optical phonons are kinematically well-matched to lowmass dark matter (similar effective mass)

2. Sapphire is a polar crystal

(couples well to E&M-like inputs)

Allows to extend DM scattering searches via light dark photon down to keV masses **not accessible** to any other target materials

Possibility to extend further down to 100-meV (eV) DM masses thanks to absorption on phonon (electron)



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Only polar materials



TESSERACT: SPICE

Sub-eV Polar Interactions Cryogenic Experiment: GaAs



- · GaAs has very high scintillation yield, well suited for heat/light dual readout down to 100 eV
- GaAs has a lower ERDM sensitivity than Ge/Si but allows for **control of the backgrounds**:
 - photon:phonon ratio depends on the recoiling particle type: NR/ER discrimination
 - photon/phonon coïncidence in two separate sensors: instrumental background rejection
 - No charge leakage

TESSERACT: *HeRALD*

<u>He</u>lium <u>R</u>oton <u>Apparatus for Light Dark matter</u>



He Atom Vacuum Interface Recoil Photon Recoil Quasiparticle

Advantage of He-4:

- Well kinetically matched to GeV-scale DM
- Easy to purify, intrinsically radio pure
- Remains liquid/superfluid down to 0K
- Monolithic and scalable
- Extremely rich signal outputs: scintillation, quasiparticles, triplet excimers and IR photons for **particle identification and fiducialization**
- TES calorimetry for signal readout

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HeRALD operation:

- LHe cell operated at 20-50 mK with wafer-like cryogenic detectors with TES
 - Submerged in liquid to detect:
 - UV photons, triplet molecules, IR photons
 - Suspended in vacuum to detect:
 - UV/IR photons and **He atoms** from qp induced evaporation (signal gain ~9)
- Segmented sensors allows for instrumental background rejection from coincidences



TESSERACT: *HeRALD*

<u>He</u>lium <u>R</u>oton <u>Apparatus for Light Dark matter</u>





First experimental results !

• Clear population of double-pulses at the energies we expect for 55Fe

We include an 55Fe source shining down into the

target (x-rays, ~6 keV)

sensor

x-rays

- Broad distribution in Δt out to a 'cliff' of ~240µs (2cm, R+ 100m/s)
- Anti-correlation seen as expected from solid angle (prompt smaller when Δt bigger)
- More data and new exciting results upcoming

A collection of similar-sized pulses





TESSERACT: Ge/Si semiconductors



<u>Low-Voltage</u> approach for optimal particle identification





Ricochet resolution goals: 10 eV (heat) + 20 eVee (ionisation) **CryoCube array:** 1K stage (HEMT elec.) and 10 mK (detectors + elec.) **Achieved:**

- Heat: 17 30 eV (RMS)
- Ionisation: 32.1 eVee (RMS) ==> Improvement by ~7, already better than HPGe experiments, but with heat readout in addition !

For TESSERACT:

- Switch to TES for sub-eV heat energy threshold
- Modified geometry for 3-6 eVee (RMS) ionisation resolution
- ER/NR identification down to 10s of eVnr
- Heat Only discrimination down to 50 eVnr
- Particularly well suited for low-mass NRDM with PID



TESSERACT: Ge/Si semiconductors





- Stable operation up to 70 V ٠
- Clear pulses from the SSED (NbSi TES) acting as a Heat Only veto
- single e-h sensitivity with no sensitivity non ionising events **For TESSERACT:**
 - Switch to low-imp. TES heat sensor for sub-eV heat energy threshold ٠
 - High control of IR backgrounds and charge leakage •
 - Heat Only discrimination down single e-h pair (3 eV) •
 - Exquisite sensitivities to ERDM with Heat Only discrimination •





- The experiments will be operated in an underground lab *Discussions are just beginning with underground labs*
- The shielding design has converged on a compact lead/polyethylene approach.
 - Shielding will come off on rails so as to enable quick and straightforward access to the cryostat.
 - There will be two copies of the setup, for enabling both 1) underground R&D and detector optimisation, and 2) DM science data taking in parallel
- Significant emphasis on vibrational and EM noise suppression.
- Integration of dedicated low energy NR and ER calibration sources GDR DuPHY - J. Billard



- Simulation based on rock composition & density of the Homestake mine
 - Simulated background events for external γ (n) from ²³⁸U & ²³²Th chains
 - Neutrons from (α, n) and spontaneous fission in cavern walls
- Internal backgrounds modelled using measured activities in Ti, SS, Cu & PE by LZ, SuperCDMS and others
- Total background dominated by internal background with a total rate of 1.2 DRU at 1 keV
- Further background reduction possible using event multiplicity and surrounding cryogenic active vetos



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Ge/Si sensitivities under calculations



TESSERACT@Modane:

Extending the Dark Matter mass search window from meV-to-GeV with **ultra low-threshold cryogenic detectors** with **multiple targets** and **particle identification capabilities** with two identical cryogenic setups installed in the **ultra-low background environment from the LSM**

Back up

TESSERACT: *Energy calibration*

Dedicated low energy and mono-energetic neutron source

- 24 keV photo-neutrons from ¹²⁴Sb-⁹Be ٠
- Iron cross-section dip at 24 keV neutrons ٠
- 3-GBq Sb produced at nuclear reactor ٠
- Currently being characterised ٠
- Also the possibility to use a DT generator à la Ricochet • as the source of primary neutrons to be down-converted

כוווכן 0.8

P

Inno 0.1

Compton scattering from 57-Co for low-energy ER • calibration



Energy [keV]

0.04

36