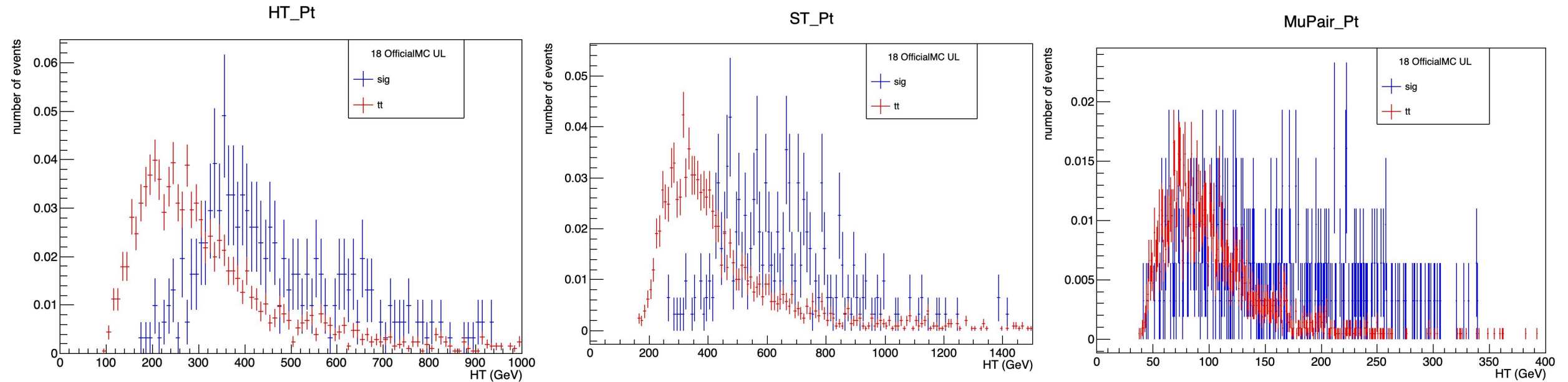


Cut Strategy

- Study case 1 first (maybe study case3 at the same time)
 - case1: $T' \rightarrow tH$; $t \rightarrow Wb \rightarrow qq\bar{b}$; $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l+l-\nu\nu$ (1 lepton pair, 3 jets and at least 1 b jet)
 - case2: $T' \rightarrow tH$; $t \rightarrow Wb \rightarrow b\bar{\nu}$; $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow qq\bar{l}$ (1 lepton pair, 3 jets and at least 1 b jet)
 - case3: $T' \rightarrow tH$; $t \rightarrow Wb \rightarrow qq\bar{b}$; $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow l+l-qq$ (1 lepton pair, 3 jets and at least 1 b jet)
- Basic cuts:
 - Cuts for muons
 - Tight ID cut: Muon_tightId
 - $Pt(\mu) > 20\text{GeV}$
 - $|\eta| < 2.4$
 - Tight isolation cut: goodMuons_miniPFRelIso_all < 0.05
 - Cuts for jets
 - Tight jet ID cut: Jet_jetId: 6
 - $Pt(\text{jet}) > 30\text{GeV}$
 - $|\eta| < 2.5$
 - Cuts for events
 - 1 OS muon pair
 - At least 3 jets
 - At least 1 b jet
 - Medium b-tag jet: goodJets_btagDeepFlavB > 0.2783
- Study 2 more cuts
 - HT, ST and muon pair Pt
 - ST/ HT/ HT+Muon Pair Pt
 - Reconstruct W/ top
 - Find a W peak and a top bump
 - DeltaR(muon, b jet)

Jet pT cuts study

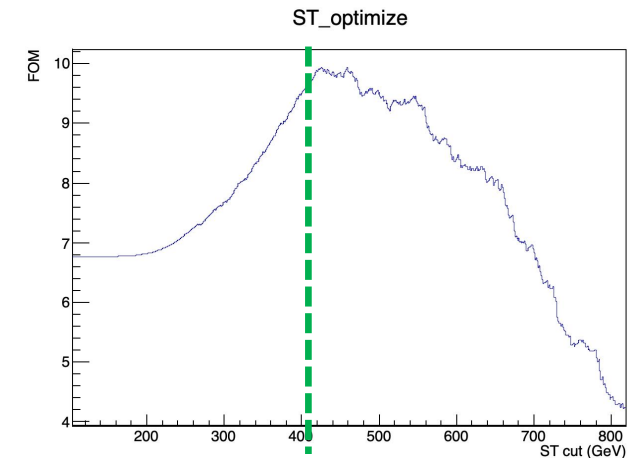
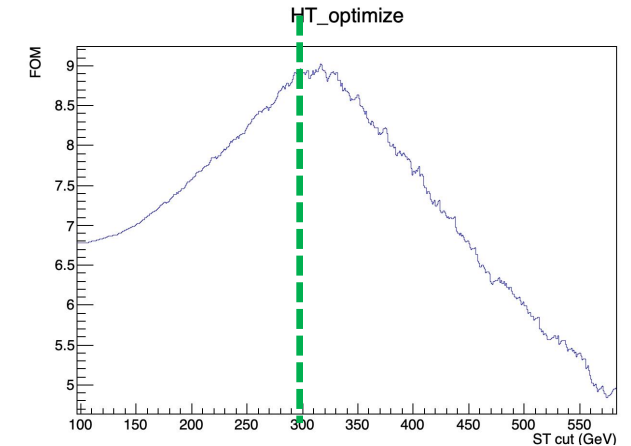
- Cut on one of the Pt variables
 - HT: sum of all jets
 - ST: sum of all muons and jets
 - Muon pair Pt: sum of muons pt



Jet pT cuts study

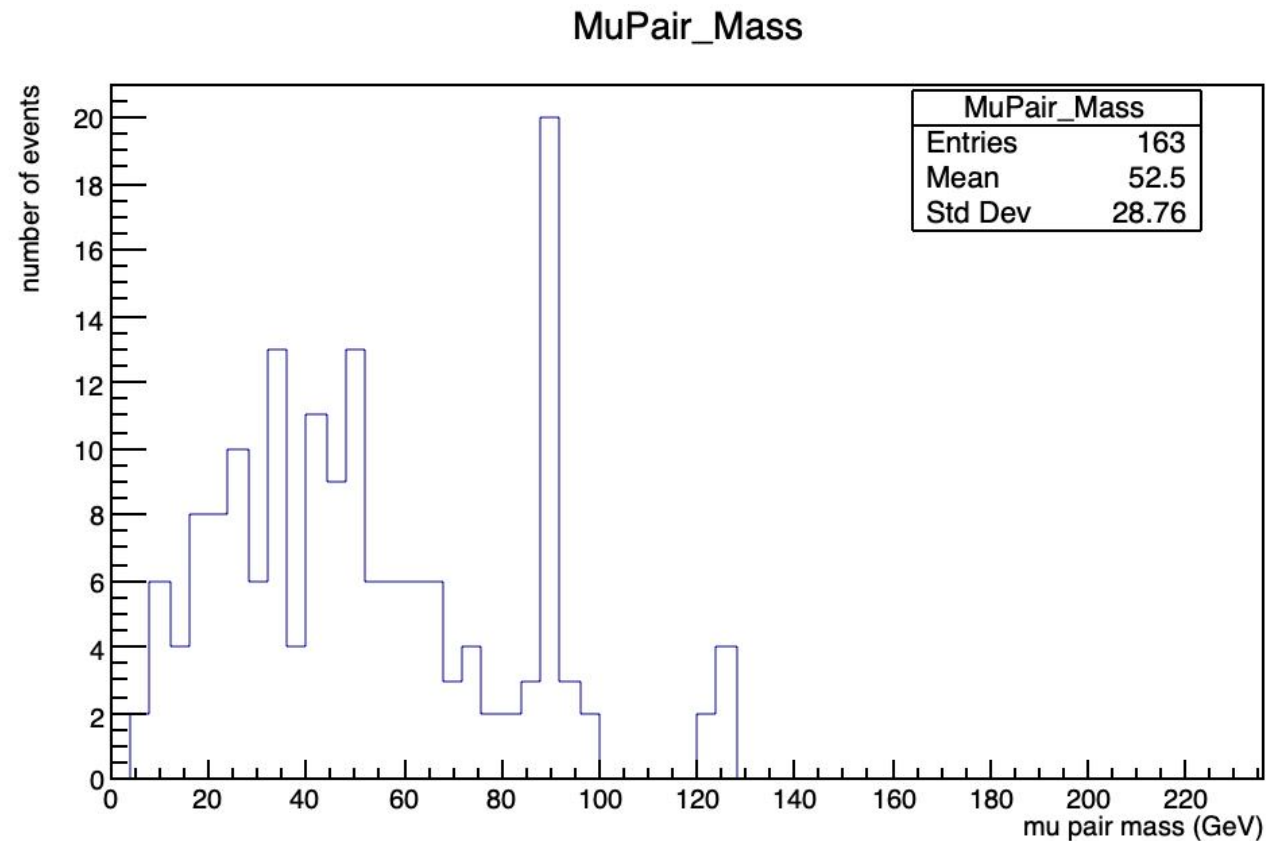
- Choose $HT > 300$ & μ pair $Pt > 140$

	Number of TT events (after scaling)	Number of Signal events (after scaling)	Ratio S/B_tt
Basic cuts&& $\Delta R(\mu^+, \mu^-) < 1$	17621.0	12.6	0.0715%
Basic cuts&& $\Delta R(\mu^+, \mu^-) < 1$ && μ pair $pt > 140$	2681.3	7.4	0.276%
Basic cuts&& $\Delta R(\mu^+, \mu^-) < 1$ && $ST > 400$	6661.5	11.8	0.177%
Basic cuts&& $\Delta R(\mu^+, \mu^-) < 1$ && $HT > 300$	6577.9	10.8	0.165%
Basic cuts&& $\Delta R(\mu^+, \mu^-) < 1$ && $HT > 300$ && μ pair $pt > 140$	1912.1	6.4	0.332%



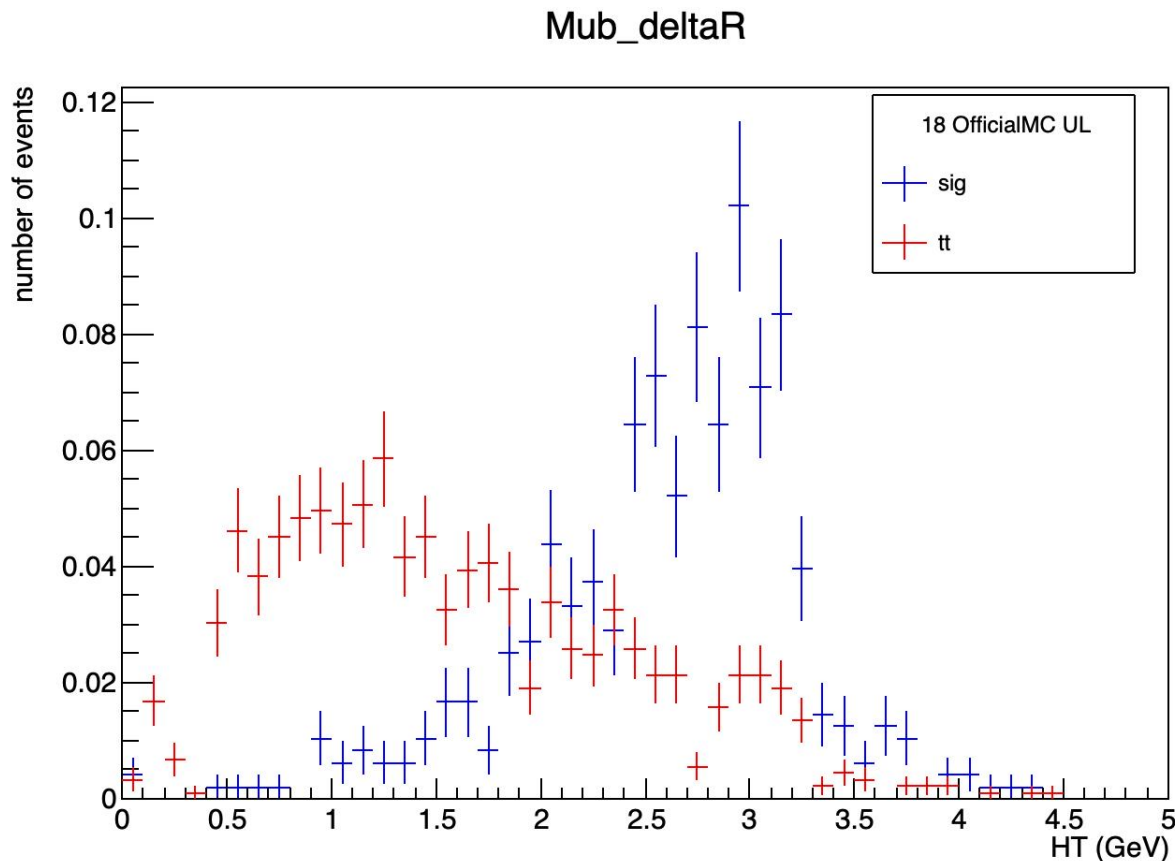
case3 issue

- After basic cuts $\Delta R(\mu^+, \mu^-) < 1$ & $HT > 300$ & μ pair $P_t > 140$
 - There is a clear Z peak in muon pair mass plot
 - A $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ peak
 - Maybe we can merge case1 and case3?

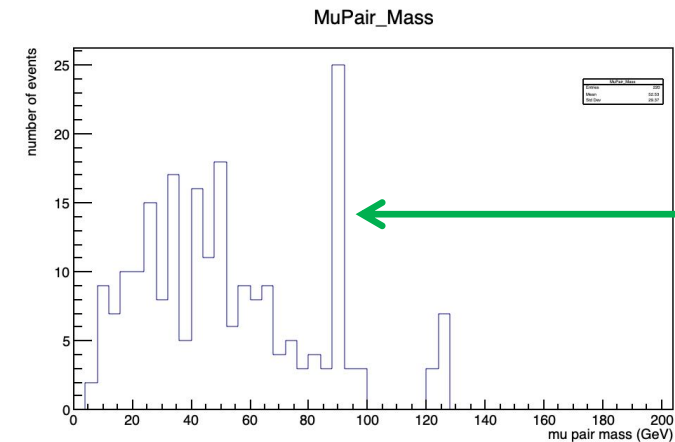


deltaR(b jet, muon)

- After basic cuts $\Delta R(\mu^+, \mu^-) < 1$ && $HT > 300$ && μ pair $P_t > 140$
- $\Delta R(b \text{ jet}, \mu\text{on})$ has different behavior for signal and $T\bar{T}$
 - A cut could be added
 - $\Delta R(\mu^+, b \text{ jet}) > 1.5$ && $\Delta R(\mu^-, b \text{ jet}) > 1.5$



	Number of TT events (after scaling)	Number of Signal events (after scaling)	Ratio S/B_tt
Basic cuts && $\Delta R(\mu^+, \mu^-) < 1$ && $HT > 300$ && μ pair $p_t > 140$ && $\Delta R(\mu^+, b \text{ jet}) > 1.5$ && $\Delta R(\mu^-, b \text{ jet}) > 1.5$	813.87	5.46	0.6713%



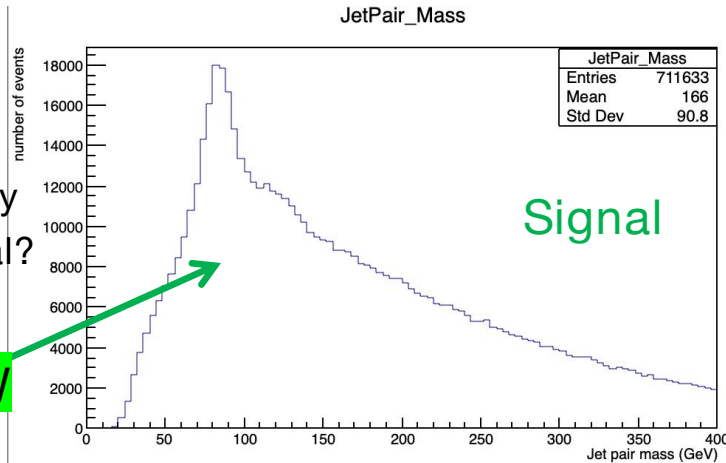
Jet reconstruction

➤ Non-b jet pair mass distribution & Triple jets mass distribution

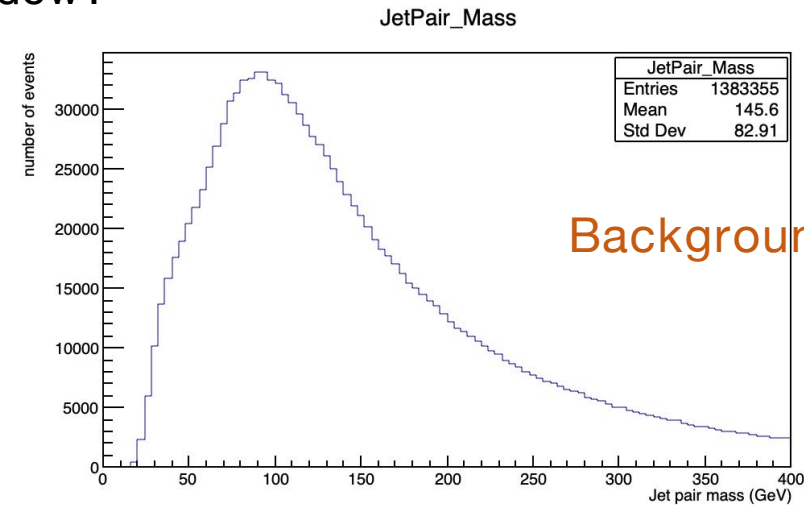
- non-b jet: goodJets_btagDeepFlavB<0.2783
- There is a W bump in signal MC!
- A W mass window cut could be added
 - What's the width of this window?

The “peak” is pretty wide, is that normal?

qq->W



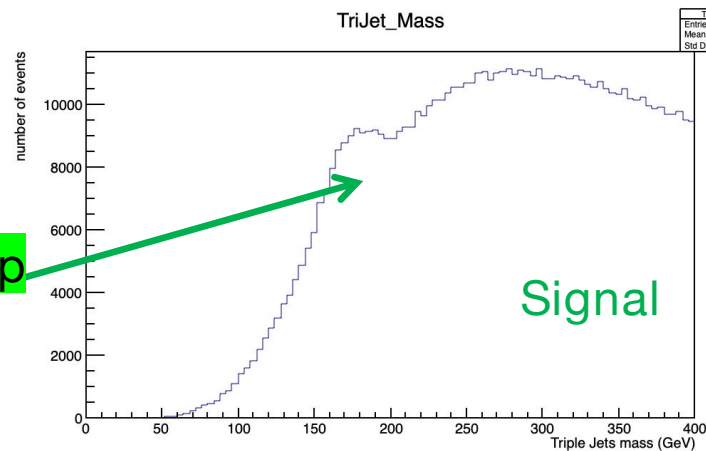
Signal



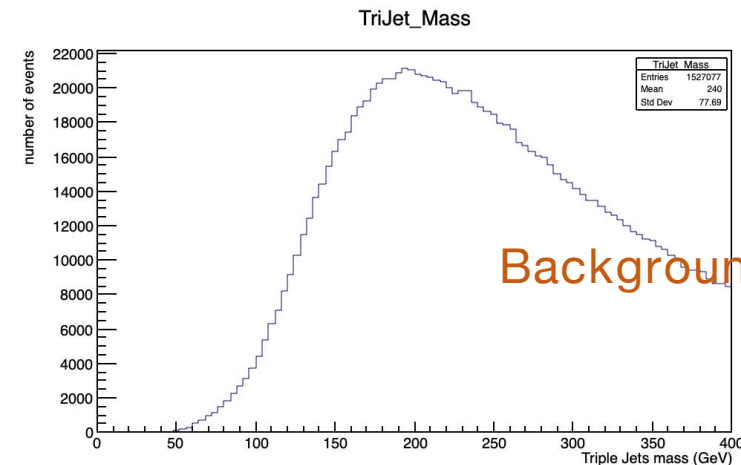
Background

These plots are after basic cuts

bqq->top



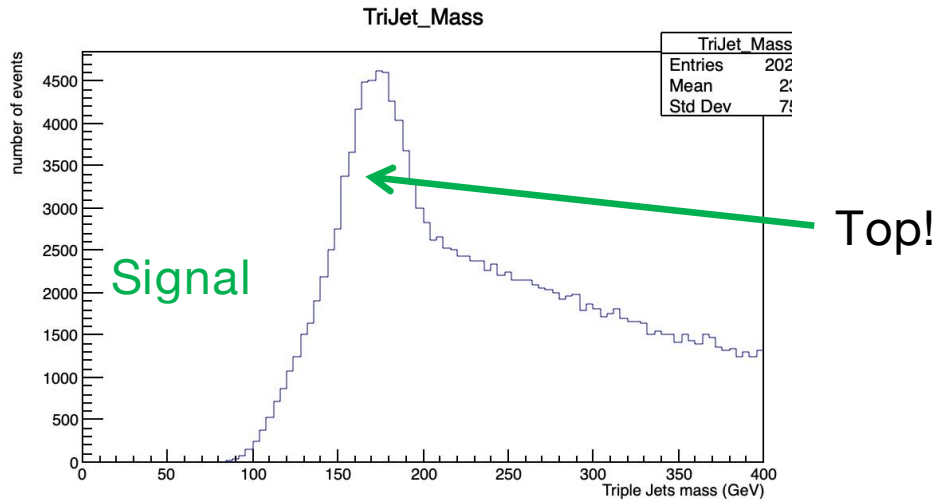
Signal



Background

Jet reconstruction

- Add a very inappropriate W mass window cut: $70 \text{ GeV} < \text{non-b jet pair mass} < 100 \text{ GeV}$



	Number of TT events (after scaling)	Number of Signal events (after scaling)	Ratio S/B_tt
Basic cuts&& deltaR (mu+, mu-) < 1 && HT > 300 && mu pair pt > 140 && deltaR(mu+, b jet) > 1.5 && deltaR(mu-, b jet) > 1.5 && 70 < non-b jet pair mass < 100	206.25	2.46	1.19%

