

# The connectivity of the Cosmic Web: impact of dark energy and neutrino mass

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Observatoire astronomique de Strasbourg

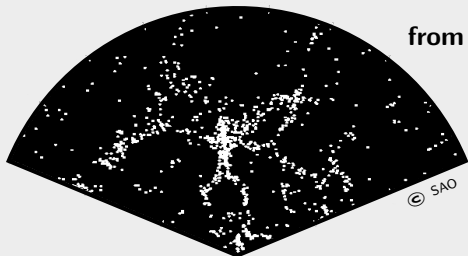


Observatoire **astronomique**

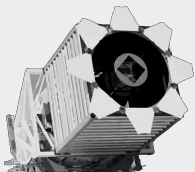
de Strasbourg | ObAS

de Lapparent et al. 1986

# Cosmic web from observations ...

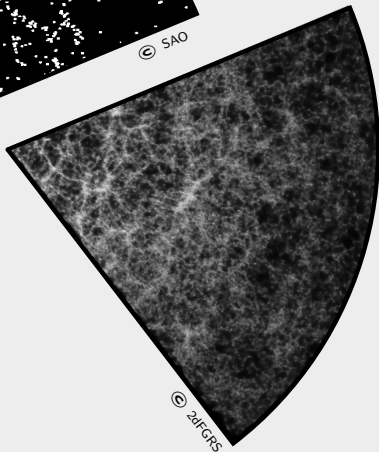
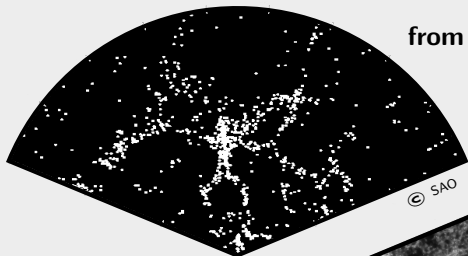


Sloan Foundation Telescope

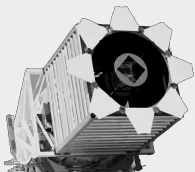


de Lapparent et al. 1986  
Colless et al. 2003

## Cosmic web from observations ...

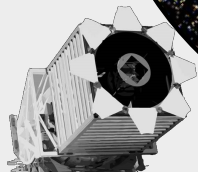
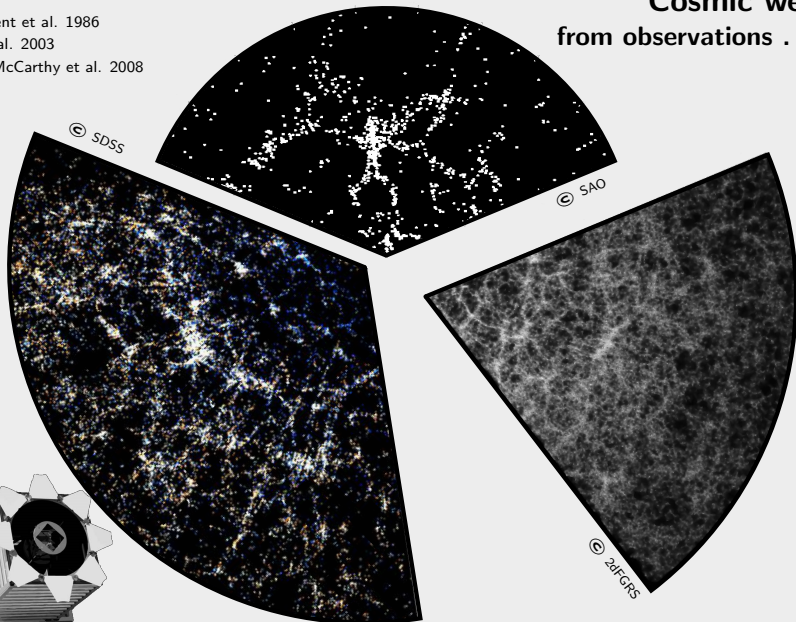


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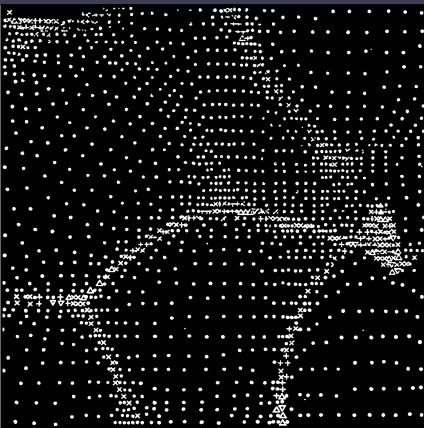


de Lapparent et al. 1986  
Colless et al. 2003  
Adelman-McCarthy et al. 2008

## Cosmic web from observations ...







## Cosmic web ... to theory

Klypin & Shandarin 1993

Bond, Kofman & Pogosyan 1996

Sergei Shandarin

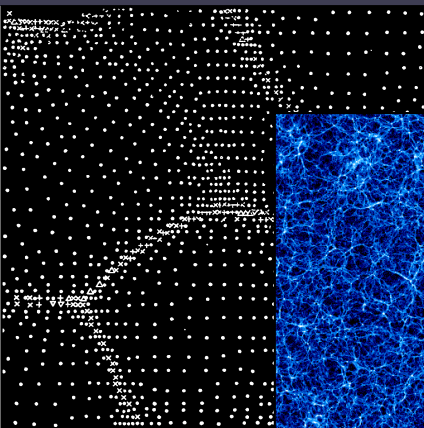
Zel'dovich 1970



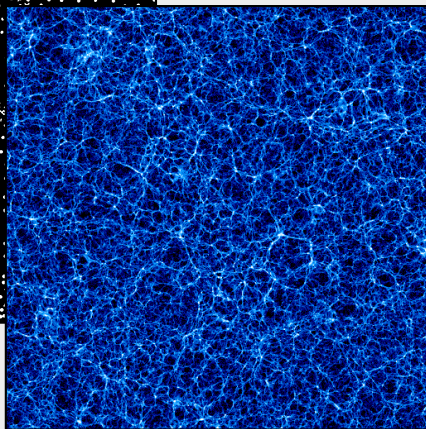
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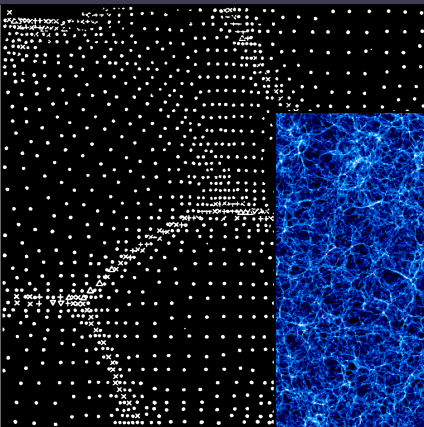
Marenostrum • Yepes et al. 2007



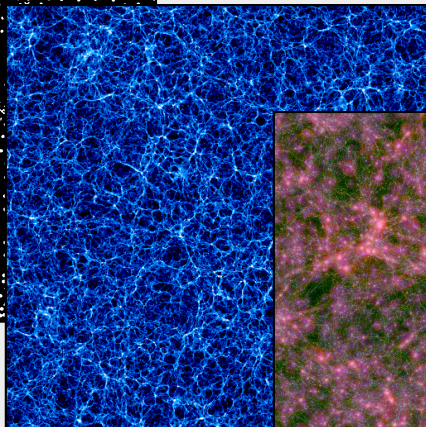
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Klypin & Shandarin 1993

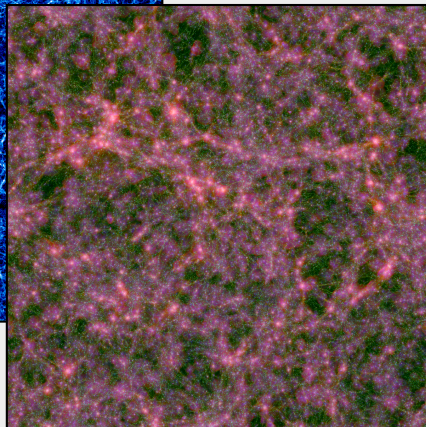
Bond, Kofman & Pogosyan 1996



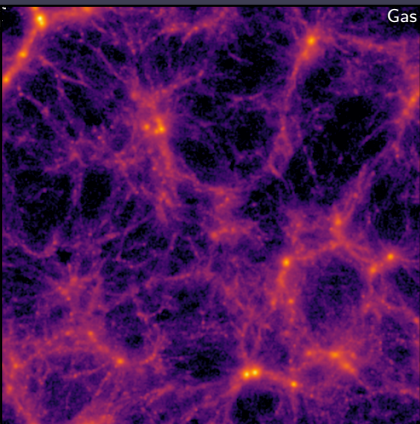
Sergei Shandarin  
Zel'dovich 1970



Marenostrum • Yepes et al. 2007



HORIZON-AGN • Dubois et al. 2014



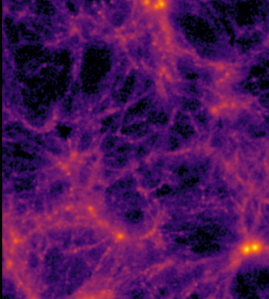
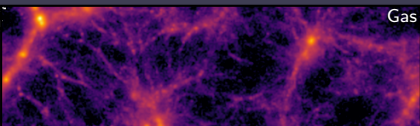
SIMBA • Davé et al. 2019

## Cosmic connectivity

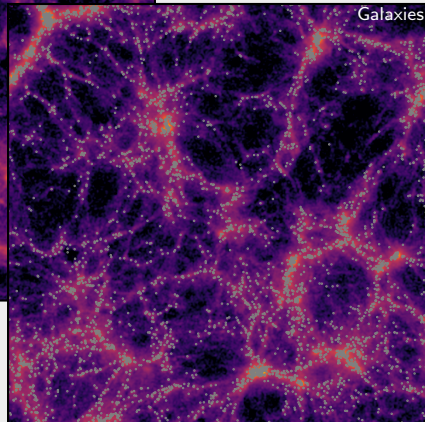
Codis, Pogosyan & Pichon 2018

## Cosmic connectivity

Codis, Pogosyan & Pichon 2018



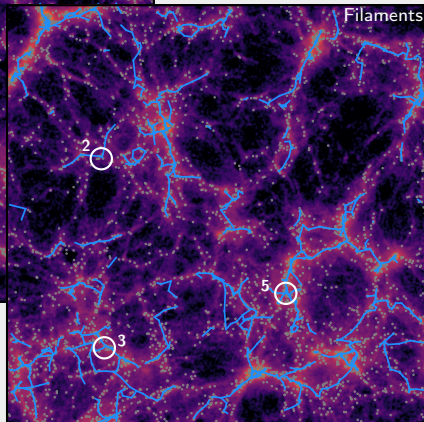
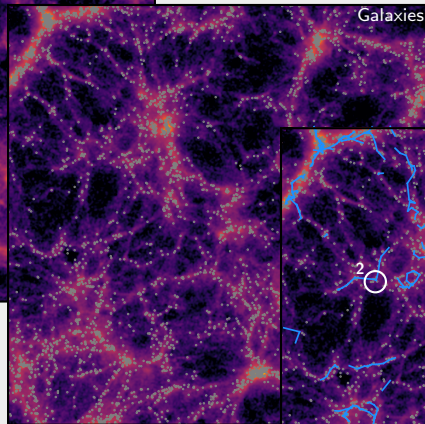
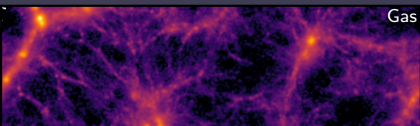
SIMBA • Davé et al. 2019





## Cosmic connectivity

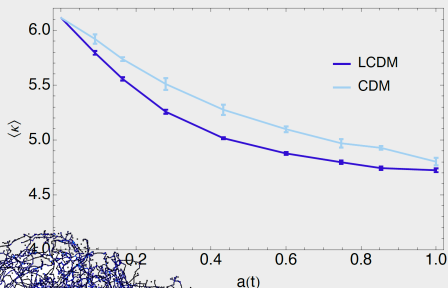
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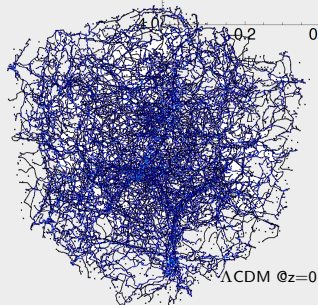
SIMBA • Davé et al. 2019

# Connectivity of the 3D dark matter distribution

## Redshift evolution of connectivity as a probe of dark energy



18  $\Lambda$ CDM, 4 CDM simulations:  
 $50 h^{-1}$  Mpc  
 $256^3$  DM particles

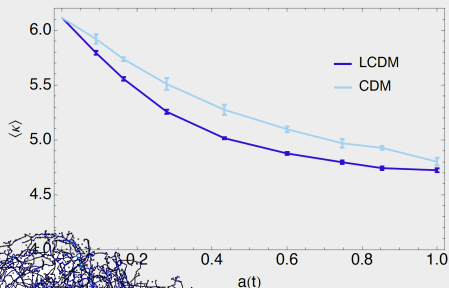


DisPerSE (Sousbie 2011)

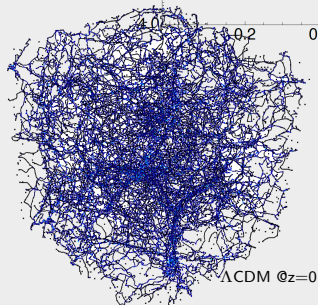
Codis, Pogosyan & Pichon 2018  
 (see also for GRF connectivity predicted from first principles)

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Redshift evolution of connectivity as a probe of dark energy



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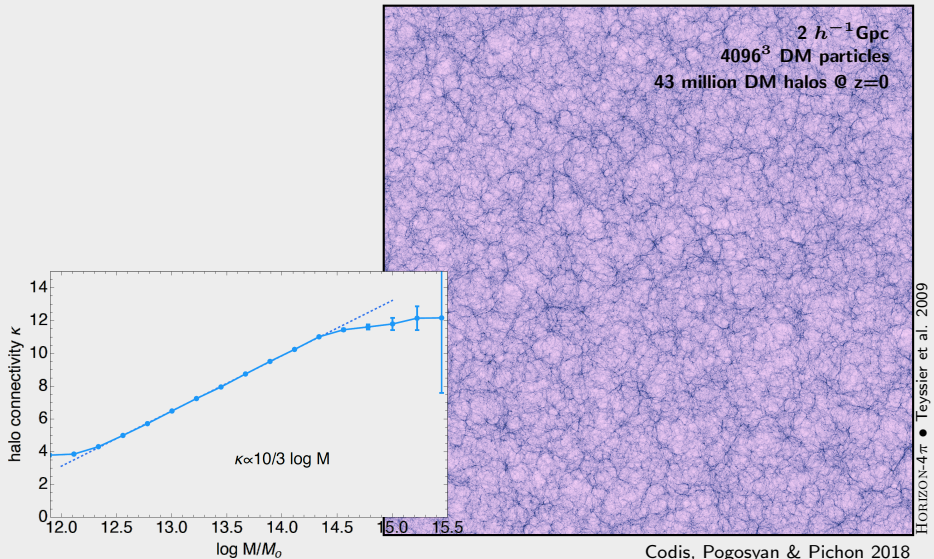
DisPerSE (Sousbie 2011)

- connectivity decreases with time
- dark energy ( $\Lambda$ ) changes the overall shape

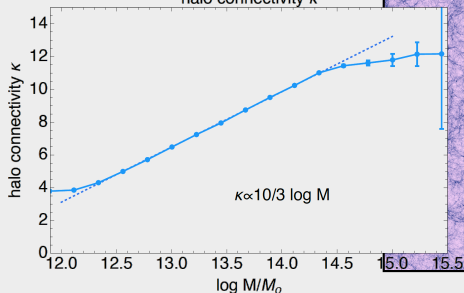
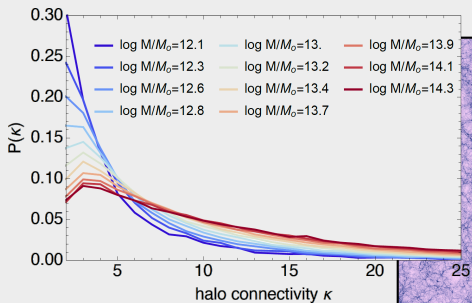
Codis, Pogosyan & Pichon 2018  
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## Connectivity of dark matter halos



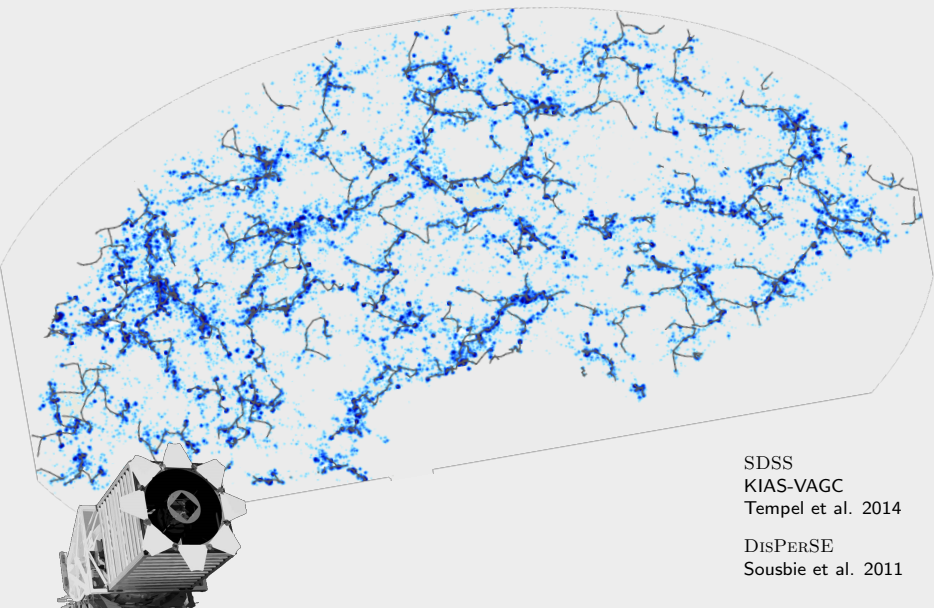
## Connectivity of dark matter halos



$2 h^{-1} \text{Gpc}$   
 $4096^3$  DM particles  
 43 million DM halos @  $z=0$

Codis, Pogosyan &amp; Pichon 2018

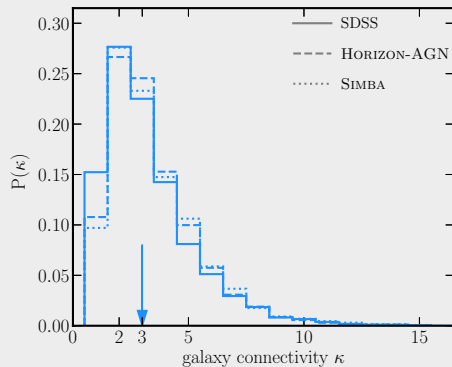
## Connectivity of galaxies



SDSS  
KIAS-VAGC  
Tempel et al. 2014

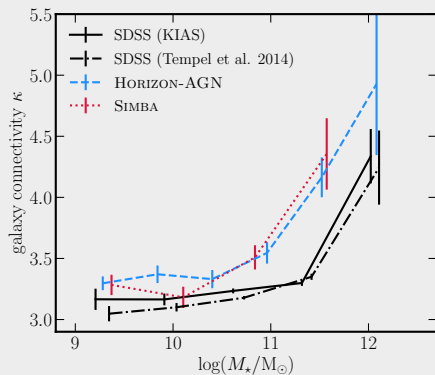
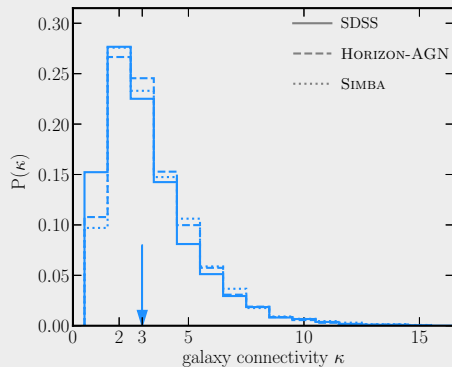
DISPERSE  
Sousbie et al. 2011

# Connectivity of galaxies



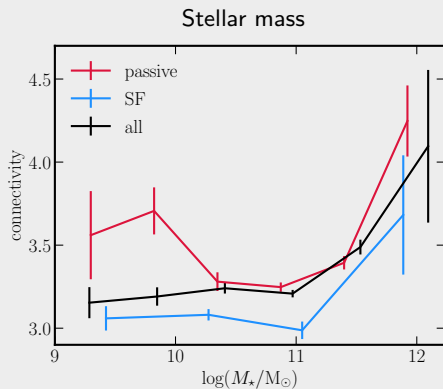
see also Darragh-Ford et al. 2019 for BCGs

## Connectivity of galaxies

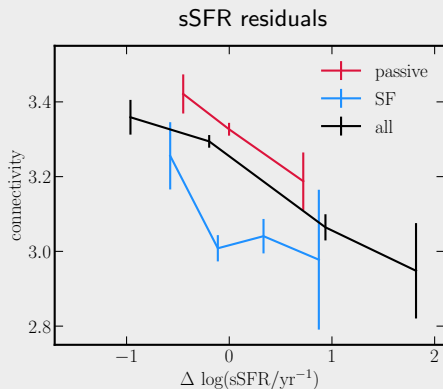
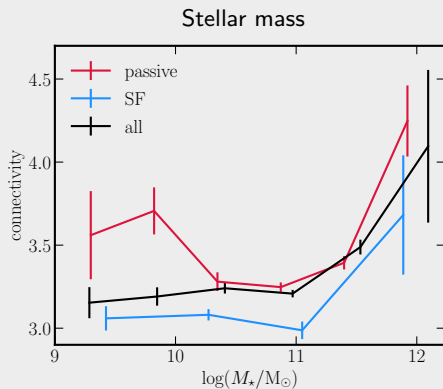


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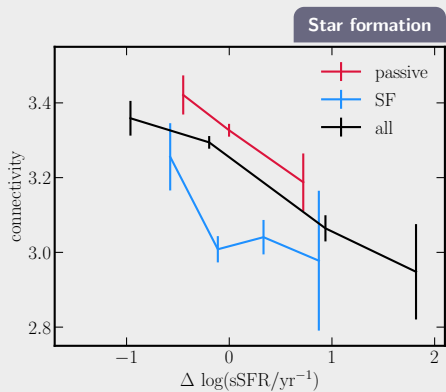
## Connectivity of galaxies



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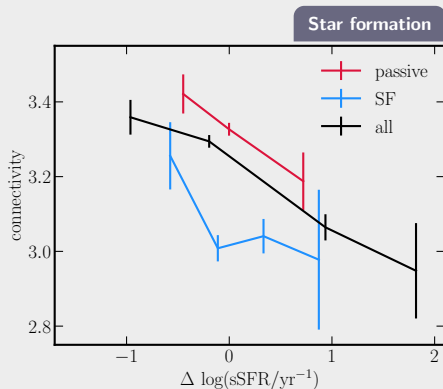
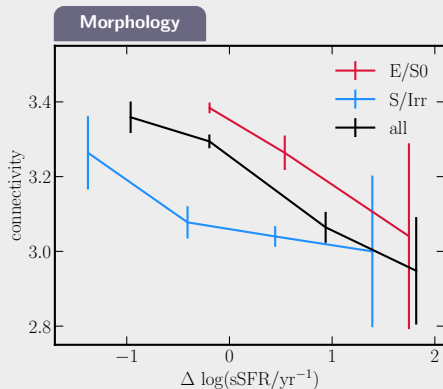


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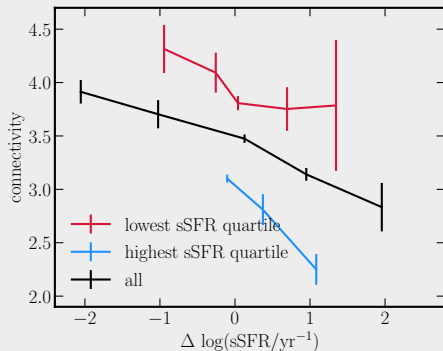




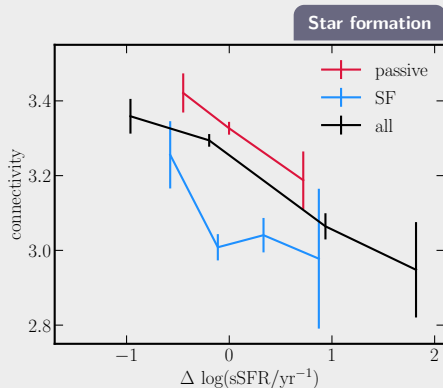
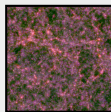
## Connectivity of galaxies



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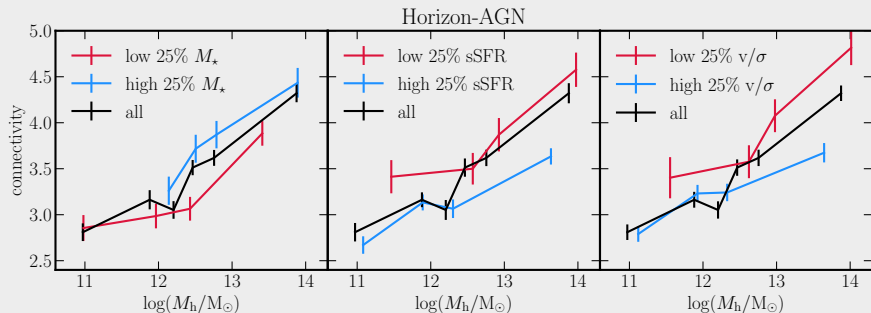
Horizon-AGN  
(also Simba)



SDSS



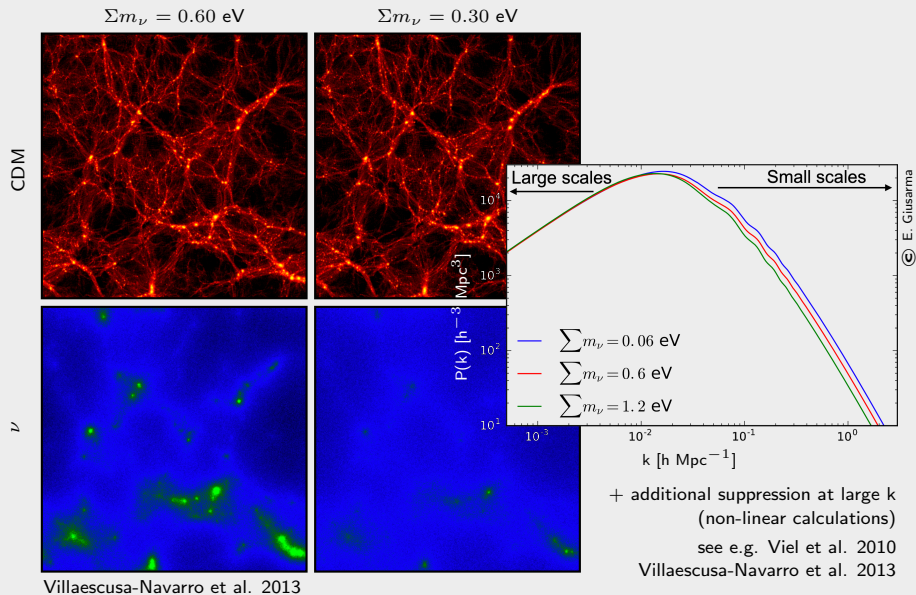
## Connectivity of galaxies' halos



At fixed halo mass, galaxies with higher connectivity tend to have

- higher mass
- lower sSFR
- more ellipsoidal morphology

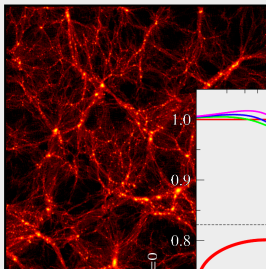
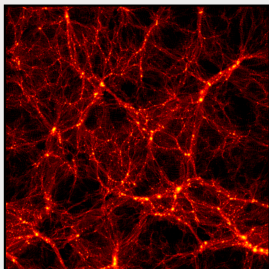
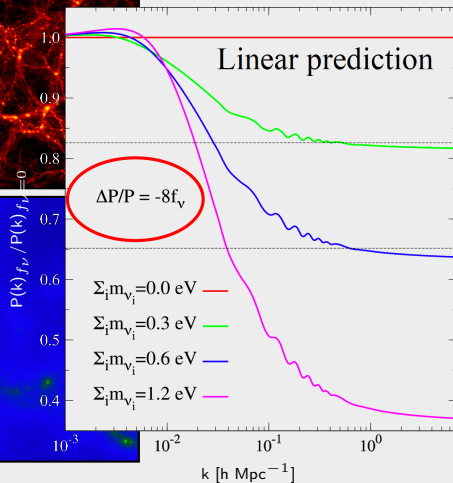
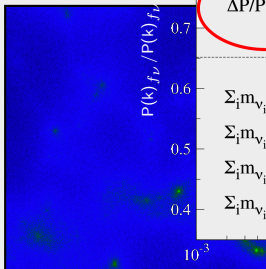
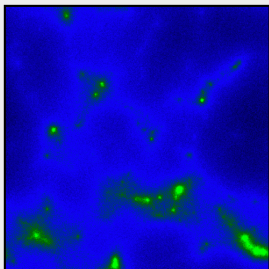
## Massive neutrinos



## Massive neutrinos

 $\Sigma m_\nu = 0.60 \text{ eV}$  $\Sigma m_\nu = 0.30 \text{ eV}$ 

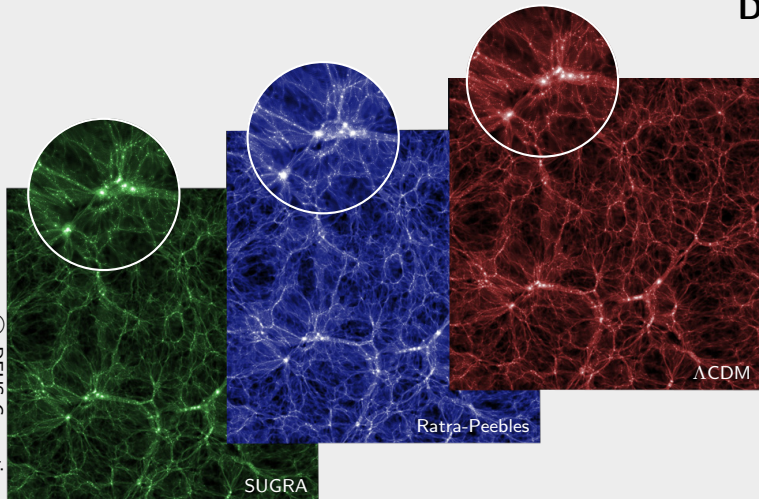
CDM

 $\nu$ 

Villaescusa-Navarro et al. 2013

© C. Carbone

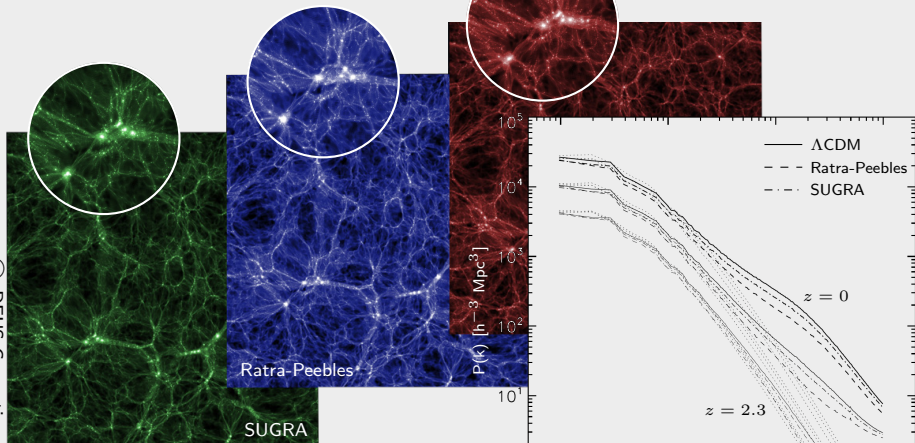
## Dark energy



## realistic quintessence models

see e.g. Alimi et al. 2010  
 Rasera et al. 2010  
 Courtin et al. 2011

## Dark energy



Rasera et al. 2010

## DEMNUi

## Dark Energy and Massive Neutrino Universe

## Suite of 11 simulations:

**Massive neutrinos:**  $M_\nu = 0.00, 0.16, 0.32$  eV

Evolving **dark energy**  $(w_0, w_a) = (-0.9, \pm 0.3)$   
 $= (-1.1, \pm 0.3)$   
 $= (-1.0, 0.0)$

Shared by all models:

$\Omega_m = 0.32, \Omega_b = 0.05, h = 0.67, n_s = 0.96, A_s = 2.126 \times 10^{-9}$

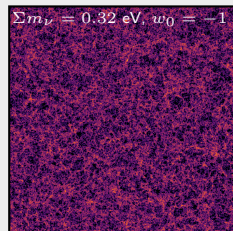
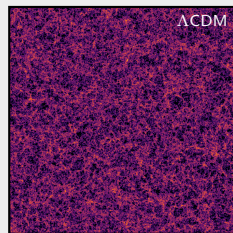
GADGET-3 +  $\nu$  component (Viel et al. 2010)

Box size =  $2 h^{-1}$  Gpc

$2 \times 2048^3$  particles (DM +  $\nu$ )

Softening length  $\epsilon = 20h^{-1}$  kpc

Minimum halo mass  $\sim 2.5 \times 10^{12} h^{-1} M_\odot$

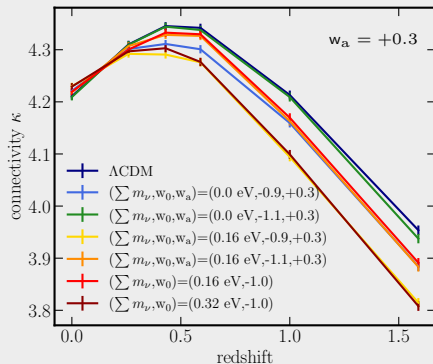
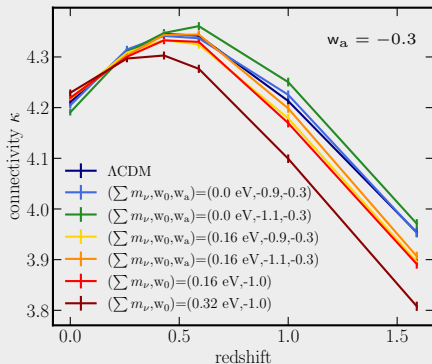


Castorina et al. 2015  
Carbone et al. 2016



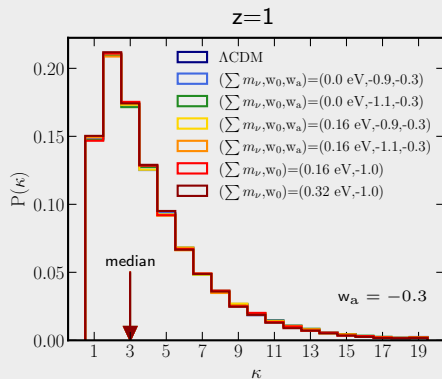
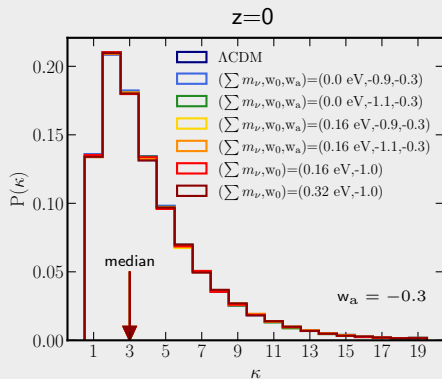
# Connectivity of halos

## Redshift evolution



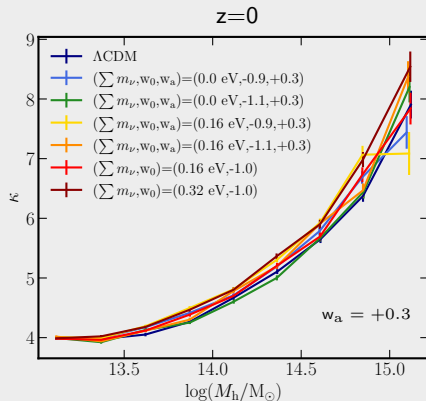
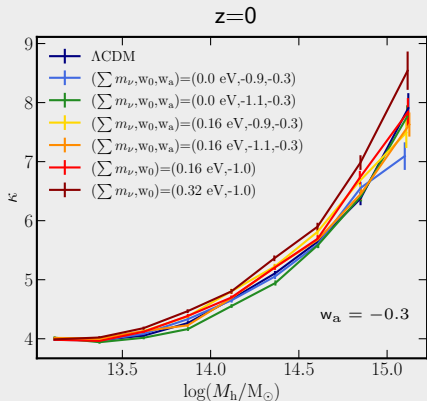
# Connectivity of halos

## Full distribution



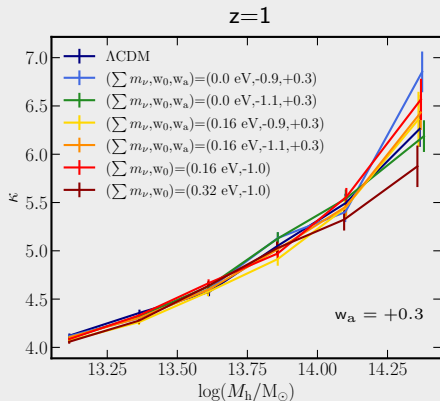
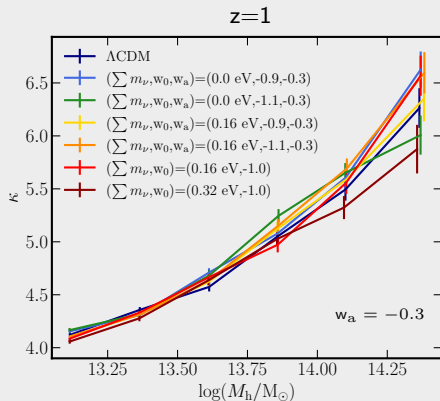
# Connectivity of halos

## Mass dependence I



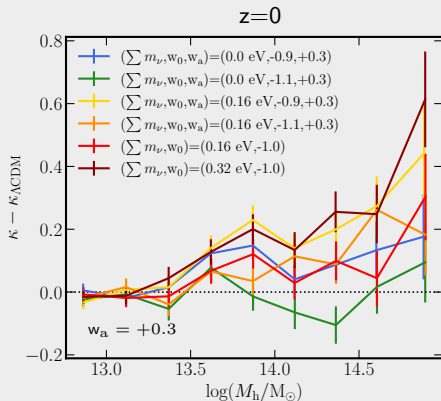
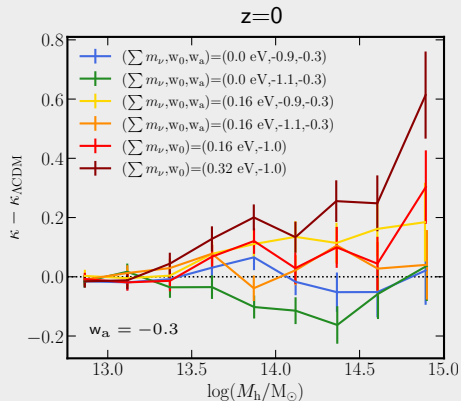
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## Mass dependence I



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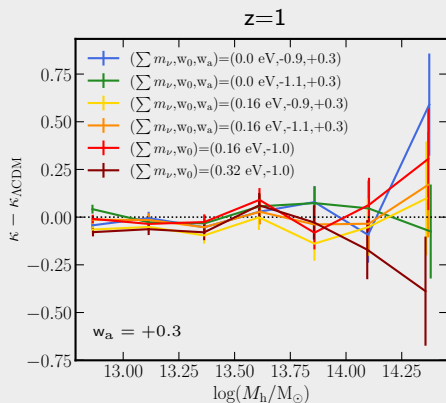
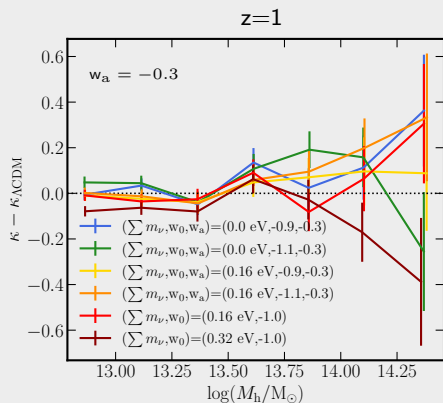
## Mass dependence II



$\Lambda\text{CDM}$  degenerate with  $(\sum m_\nu, w_0, w_a) = (0.16 \text{ eV}, -1.1, -0.3)$   
 but also  $(\sum m_\nu, w_0, w_a) = (0.0 \text{ eV}, -0.9, -0.3)$  and  $(0.0 \text{ eV}, -1.1, +0.3)$

# Connectivity of halos

## Mass dependence II



preliminary

degeneracy broken for  $(\Sigma m_\nu, w_0, w_a) = (0.16 \text{ eV}, -1.1, -0.3)$  and  $(0.0 \text{ eV}, -0.9, -0.3)$

## Connectivity

Natural probe of the growth of structure

Potentially interesting probe of the nature of DE and  $\Sigma m_\nu$

Critical ingredient driving the assembly history of DM halos & galaxies:

- rarer peaks (more massive halos & galaxies) are multiply connected
- at fixed  $M_*$ : less star forming and less rotation supported galaxies are more connected
- same trends at fixed  $M_h \Rightarrow$  the geometry of filamentary infall impacts galaxy properties beyond the depth of the local potential well
- connectivity is a practical observational proxy for past and present accretion (minor mergers or diffuse infall)