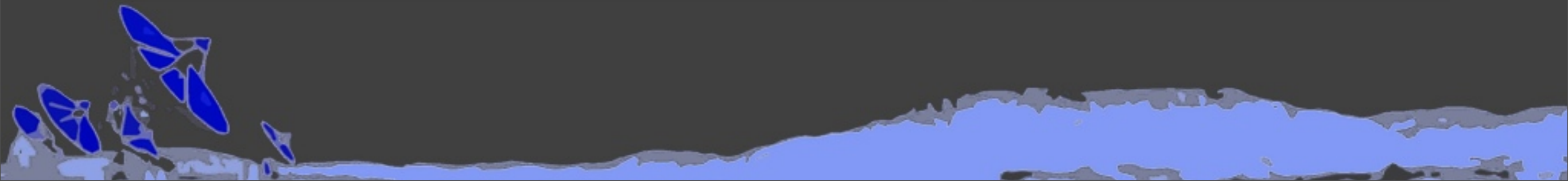
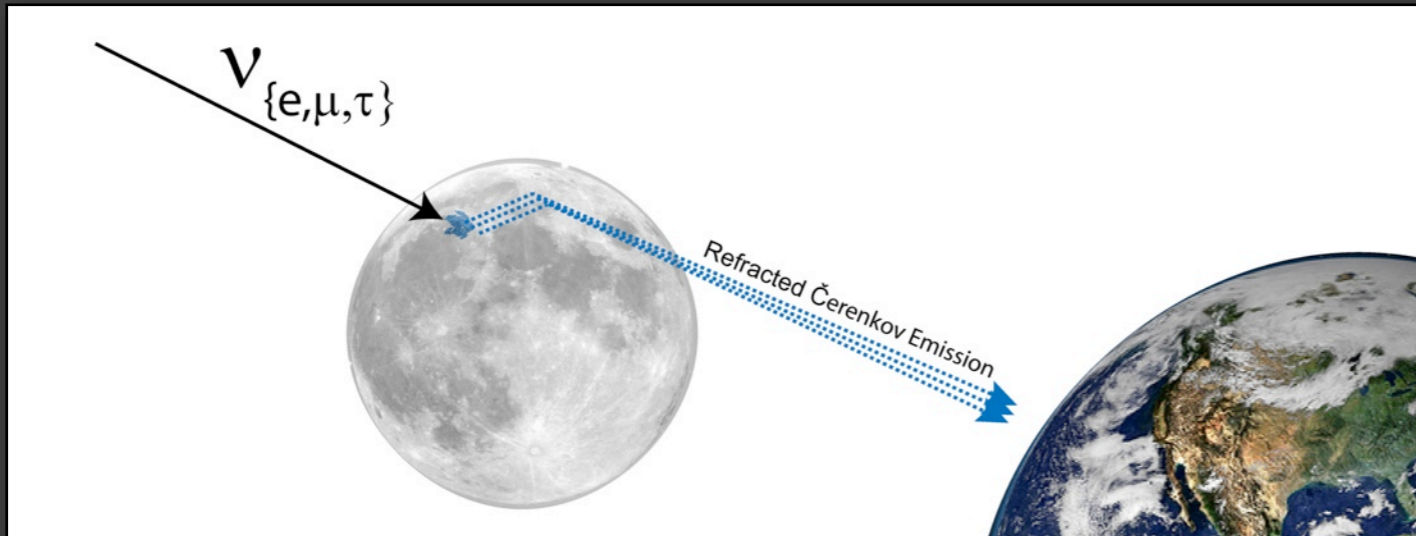


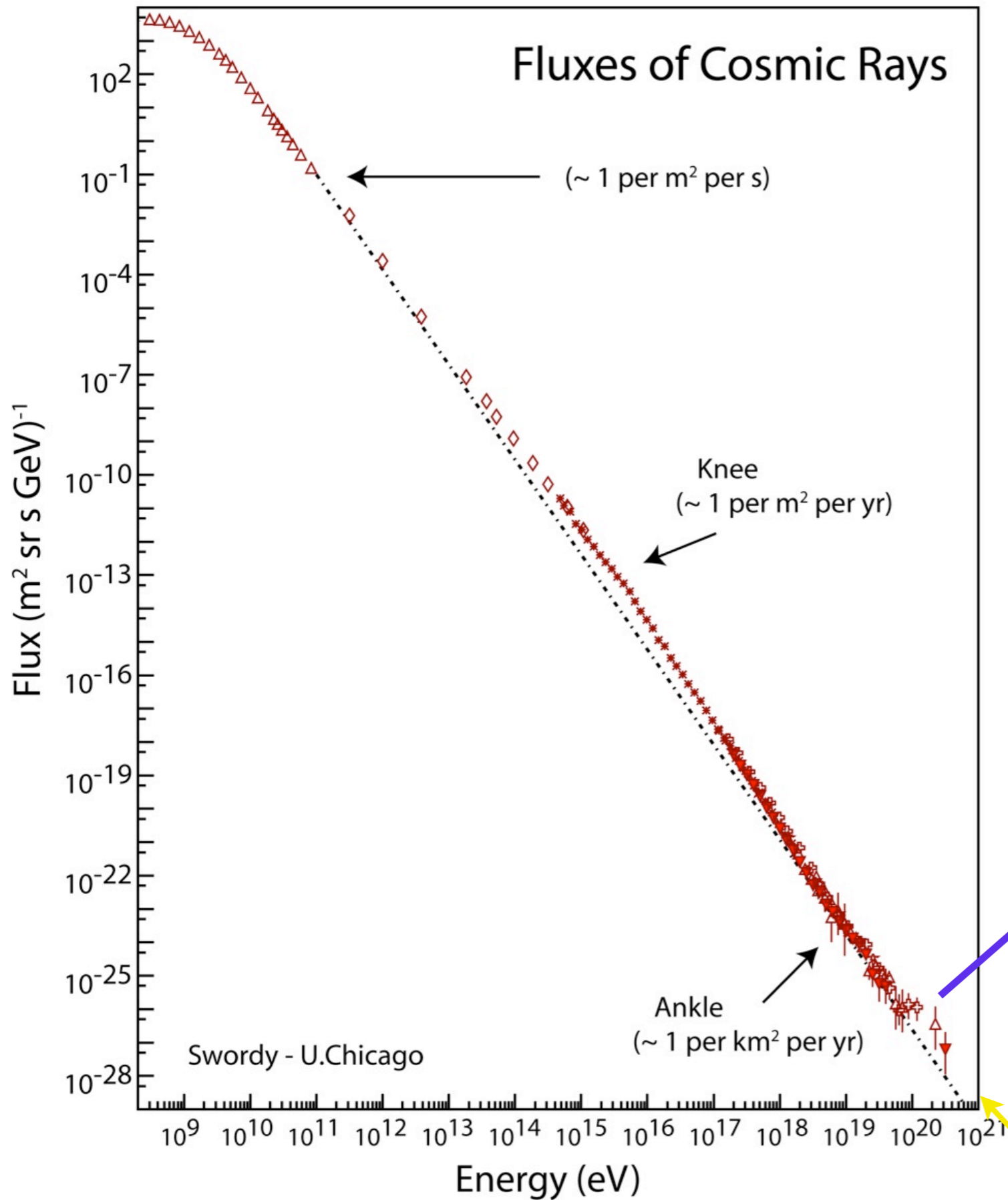


# Radio EVLA Search for UHE Neutrinos (RESUN)

Robert Mutel, Ted Jaeger, Ken Gayley  
University of Iowa

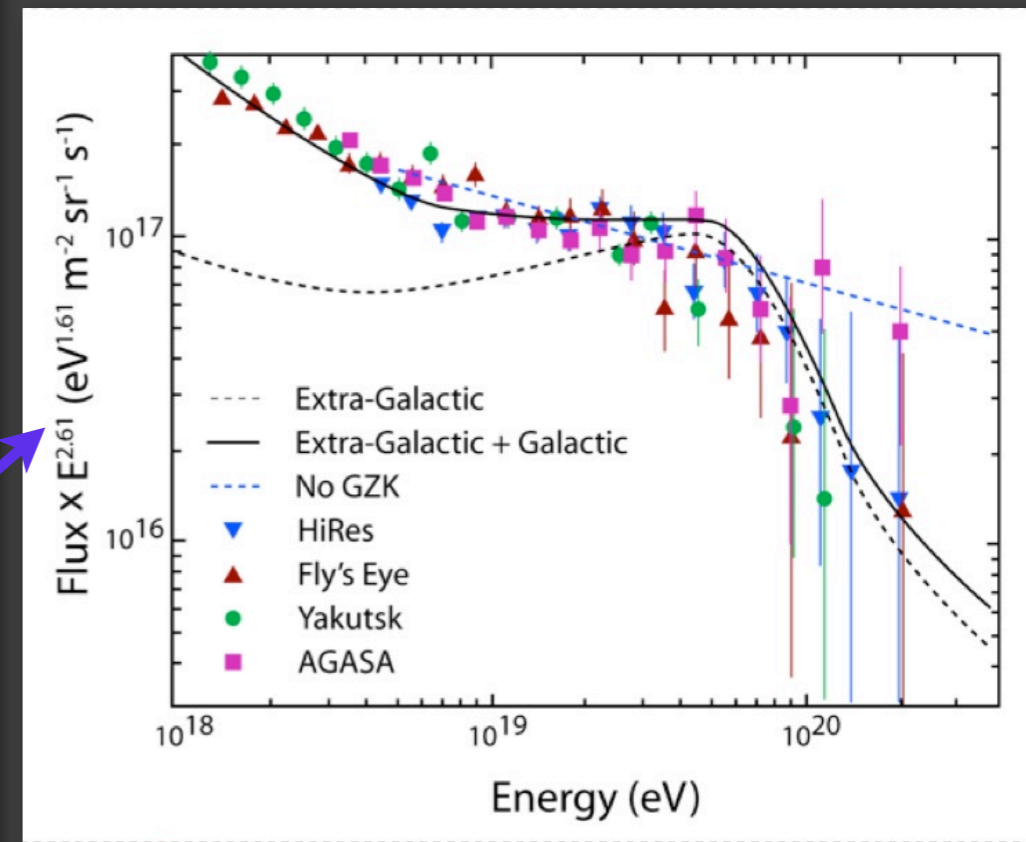


# Fluxes of Cosmic Rays

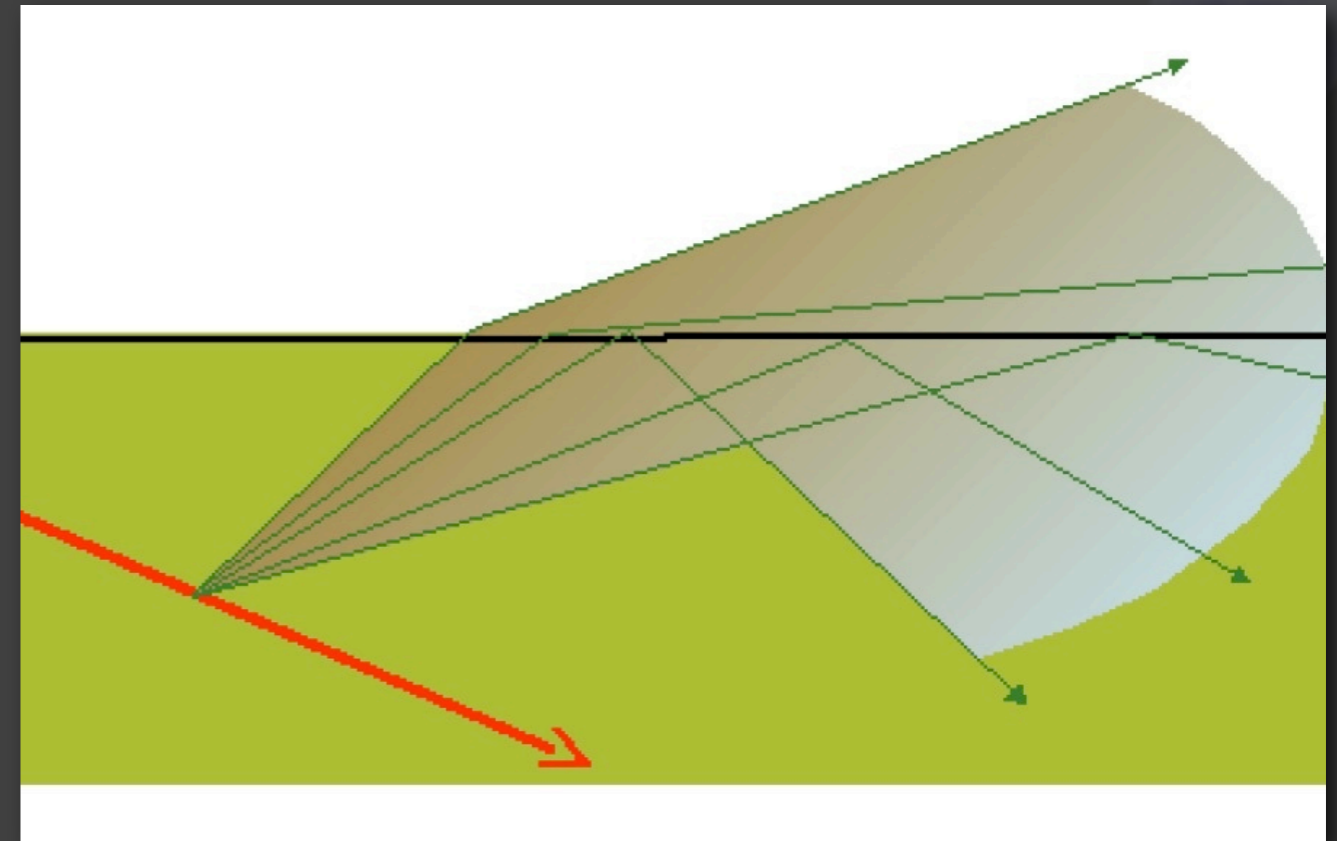
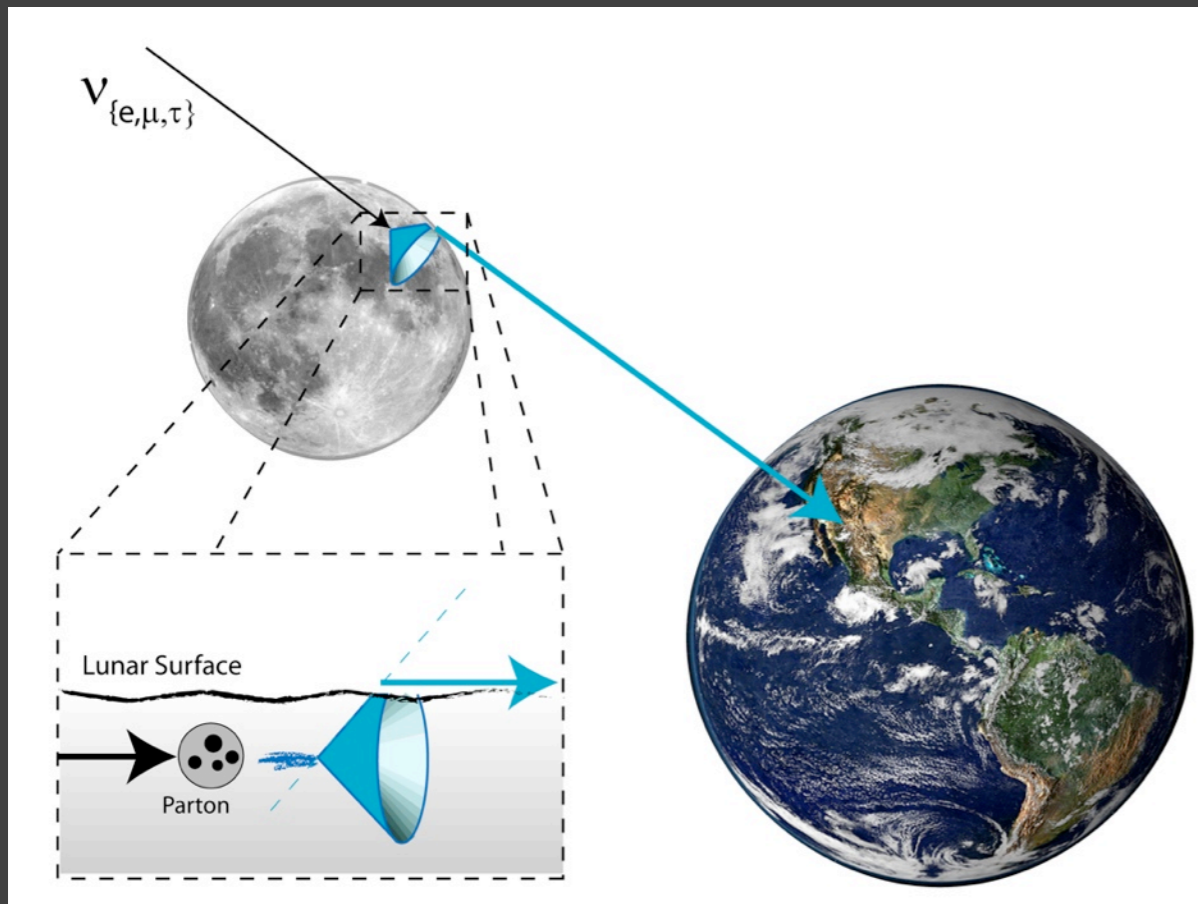


# COSMIC RAY SPECTRUM

RESUN SEARCHES FOR UHE NEUTRINOS ABOVE GZK LIMIT  
( $E > 10^{19.5}$  EV)



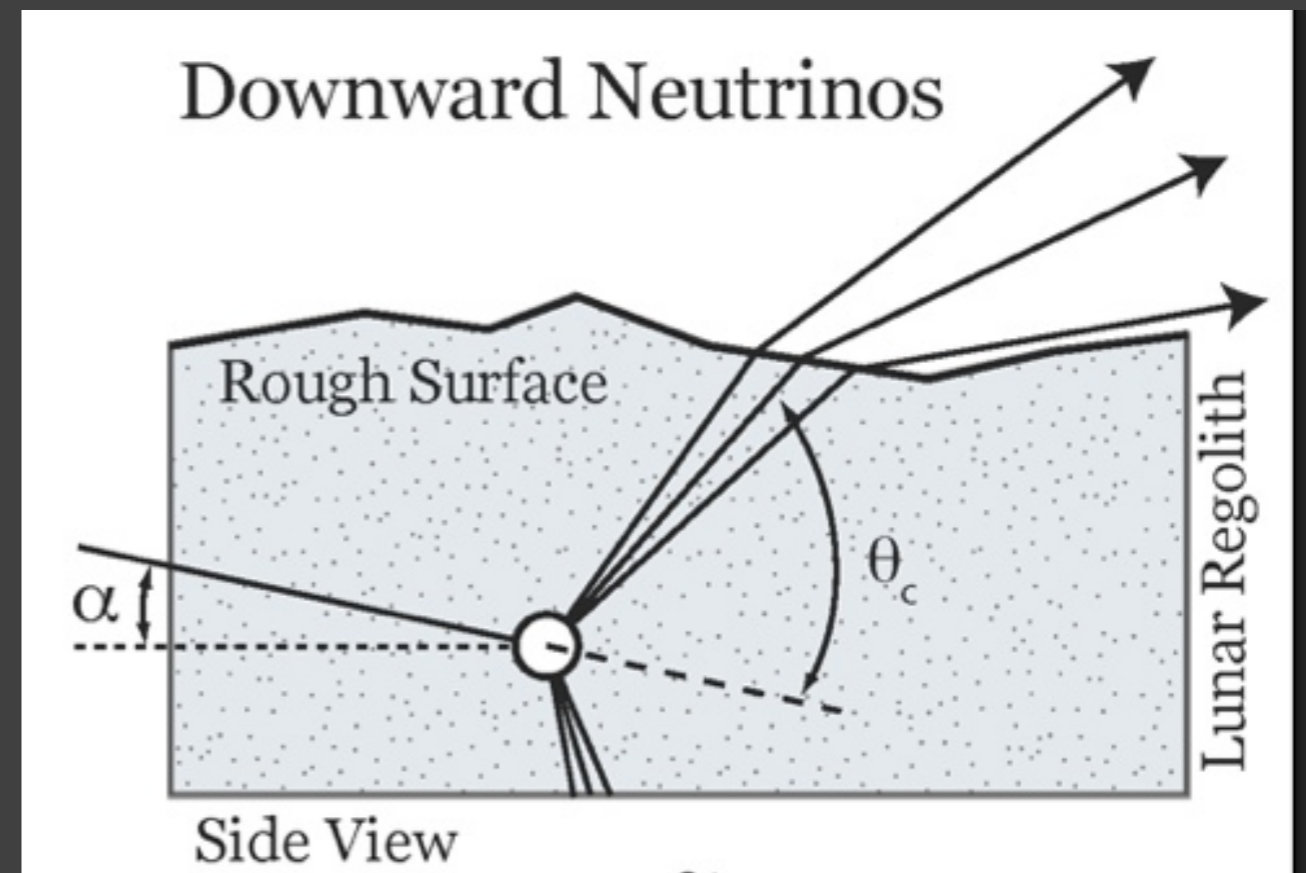
TERRA INCOGNITA



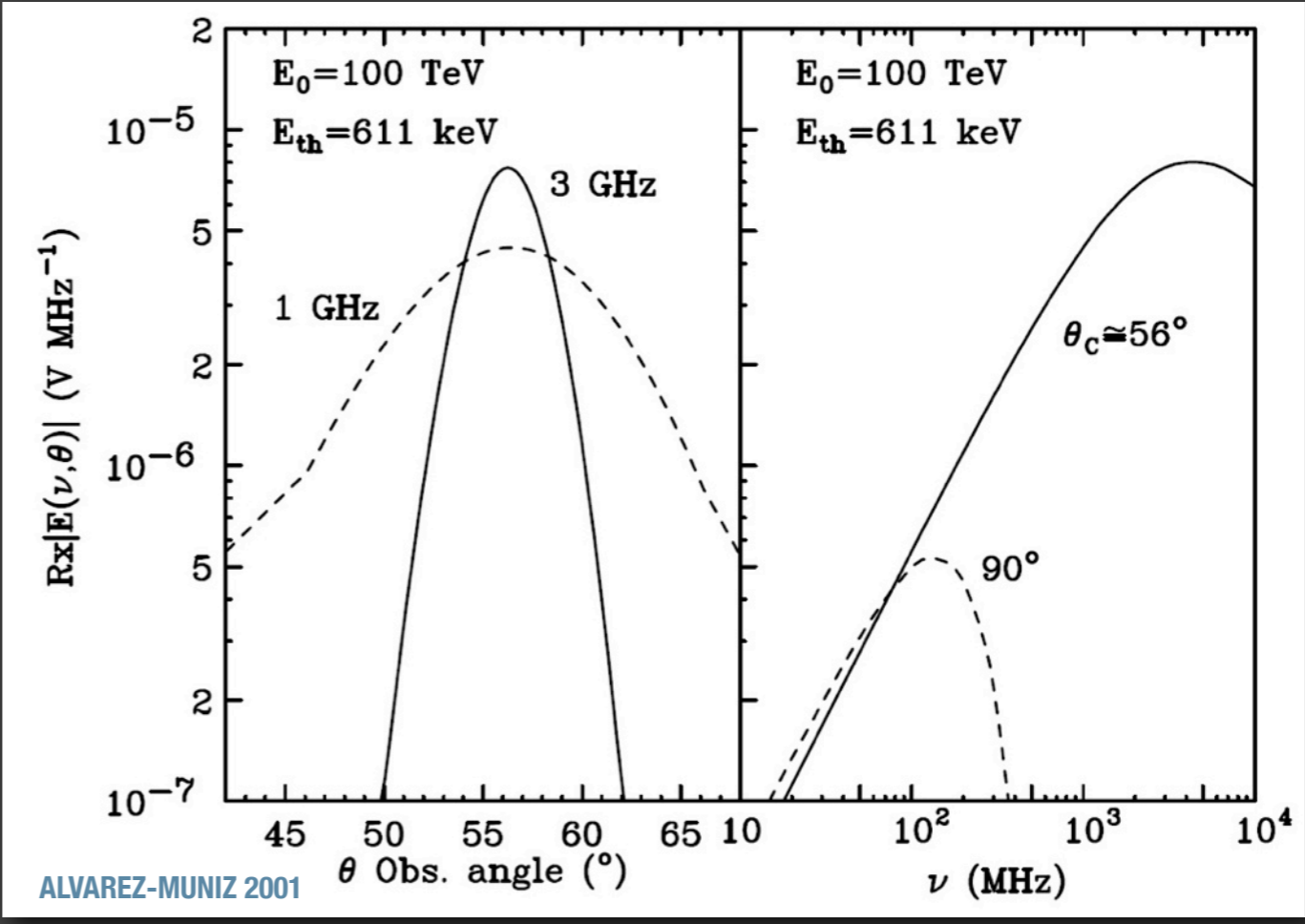
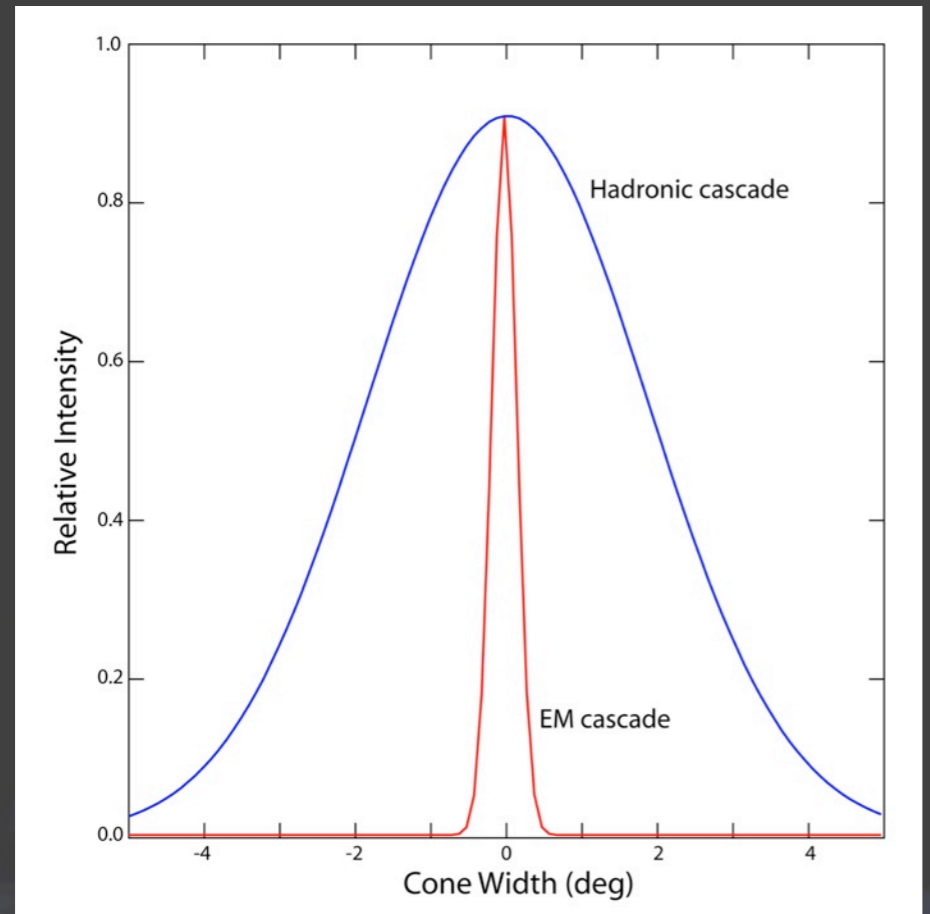
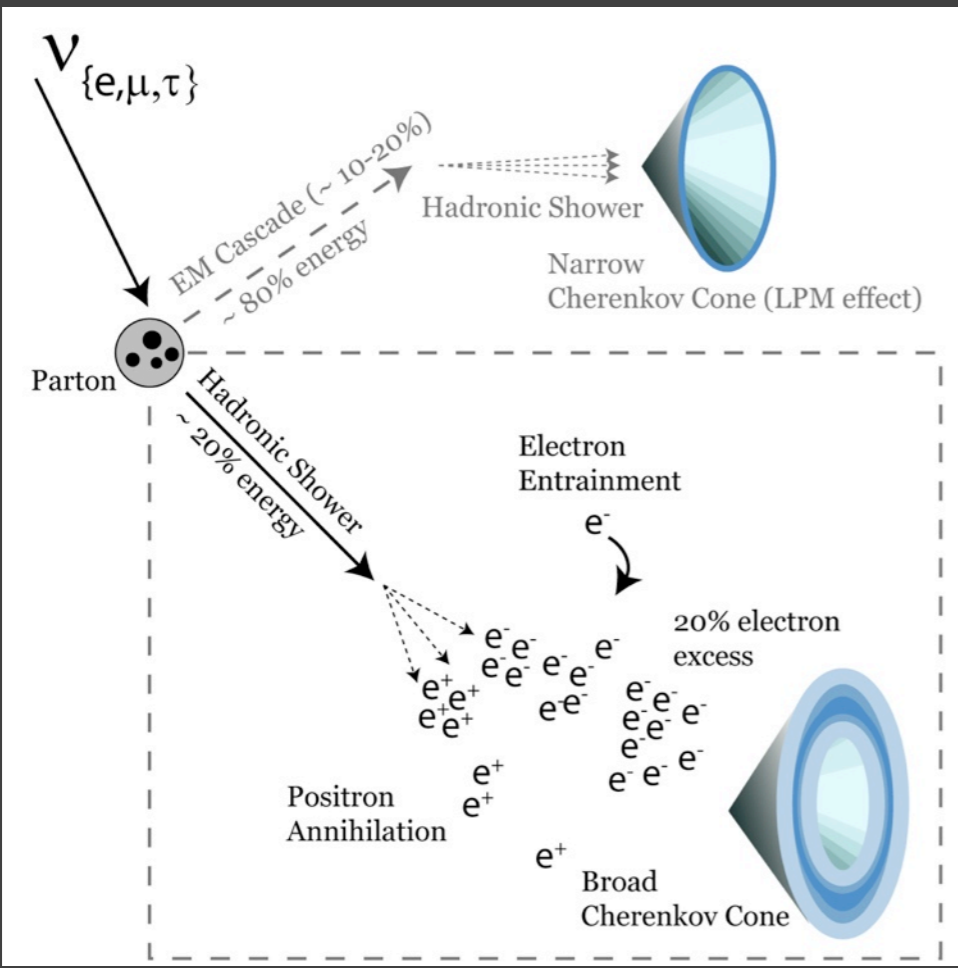
# CERENKOV RADIATION CONE ESCAPE GEOMETRY

ONLY GLANCING TRAJECTORIES PRODUCE ESCAPING RADIATION

LUNAR SURFACE ROUGHNESS GREATLY INCREASES ESCAPE PROBABILITY



# CERENKOV BEAM CHARACTERISTICS



# ANALYTIC APERTURE IS A FUNCTION OF LUNAR INTERACTIONS PARAMETERS, FREQUENCY, DETECTOR SENSITIVITY

$$P(E) = \frac{2}{\pi^{5/2}} \frac{(n_r^2 - 1)}{n_r^2} f_o^2 \left( \frac{L_\gamma}{L_\nu} \right) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dw e^{-w^2} \int_0^{\pi/2} d\phi' \times \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} d\Delta \Upsilon \left( 1 - \frac{\Delta^2}{f_o^2 \Delta_o^2} \right) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} d\alpha e^{-\tau_\nu} \int_0^{\phi_R} d\phi \xi(\beta) \mathcal{H}_R(\phi_R)$$

$$A(E) \cong A_o \frac{(n_r^2 - 1)}{8n_r} \frac{L_\gamma}{L_\nu} f_o^3 \Delta_o (\Psi_{ds} + \Psi_{dr} + \Psi_u),$$

where

$$\Psi_{ds} = f_o \Delta_o$$

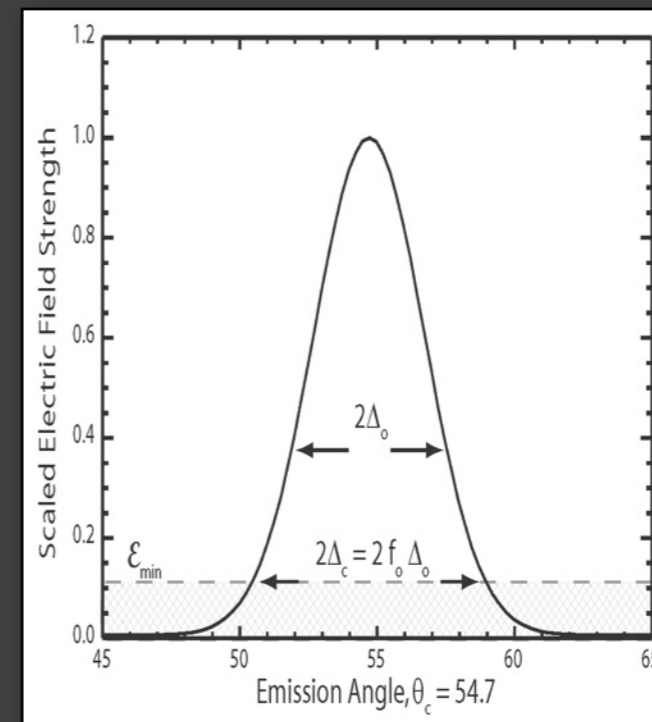
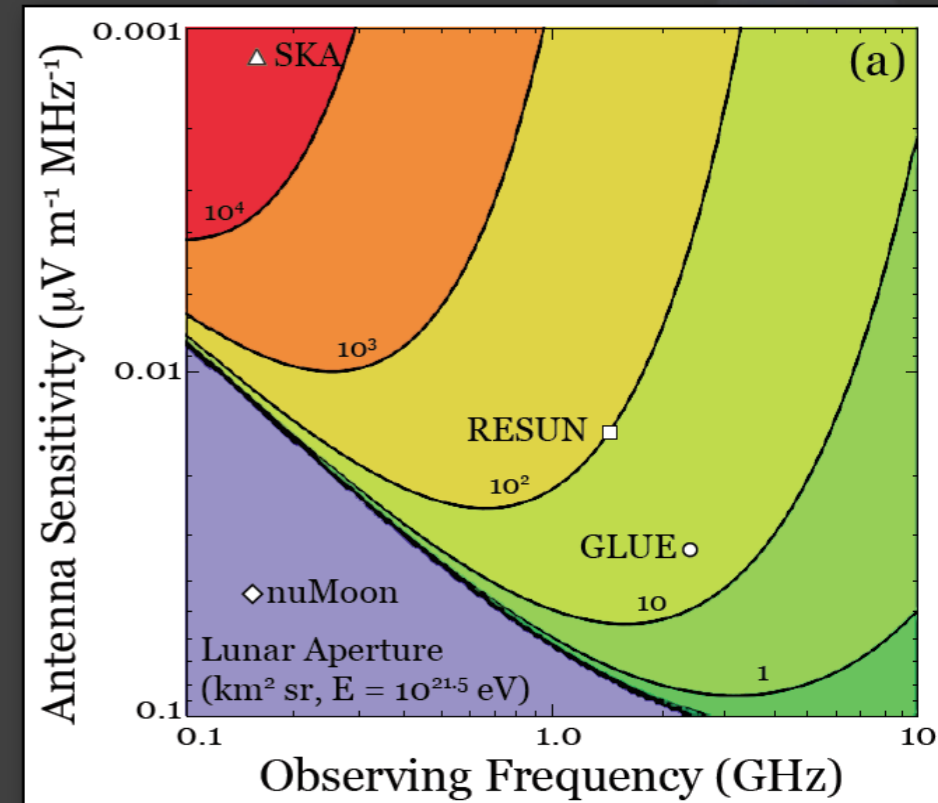
accounts for downward detections without help from roughness,

$$\Psi_{dr} = \frac{16}{3\pi^{3/2}} \sigma_o = 0.96 \sigma_o$$

accounts for downward detections assisted by roughness, and

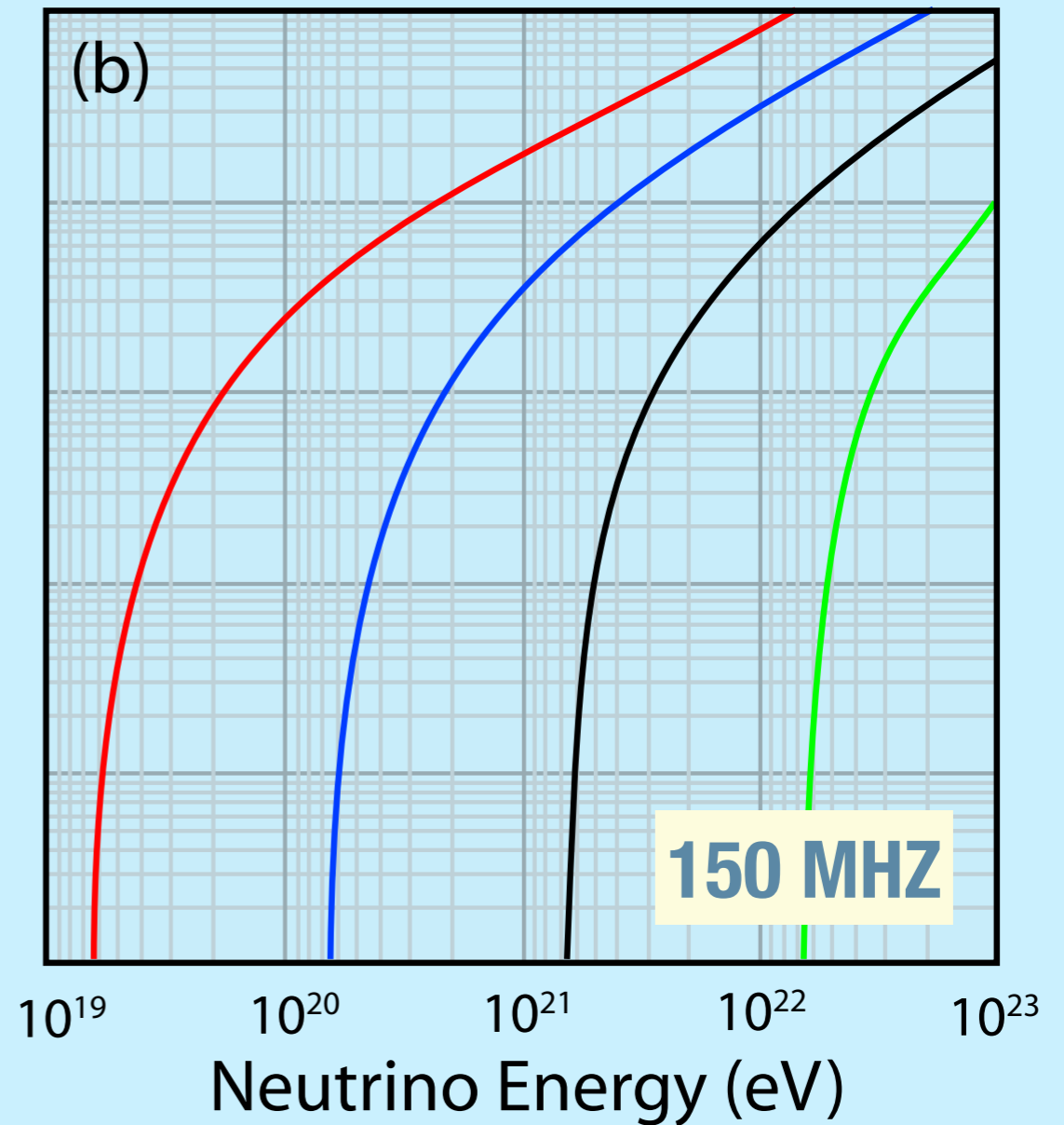
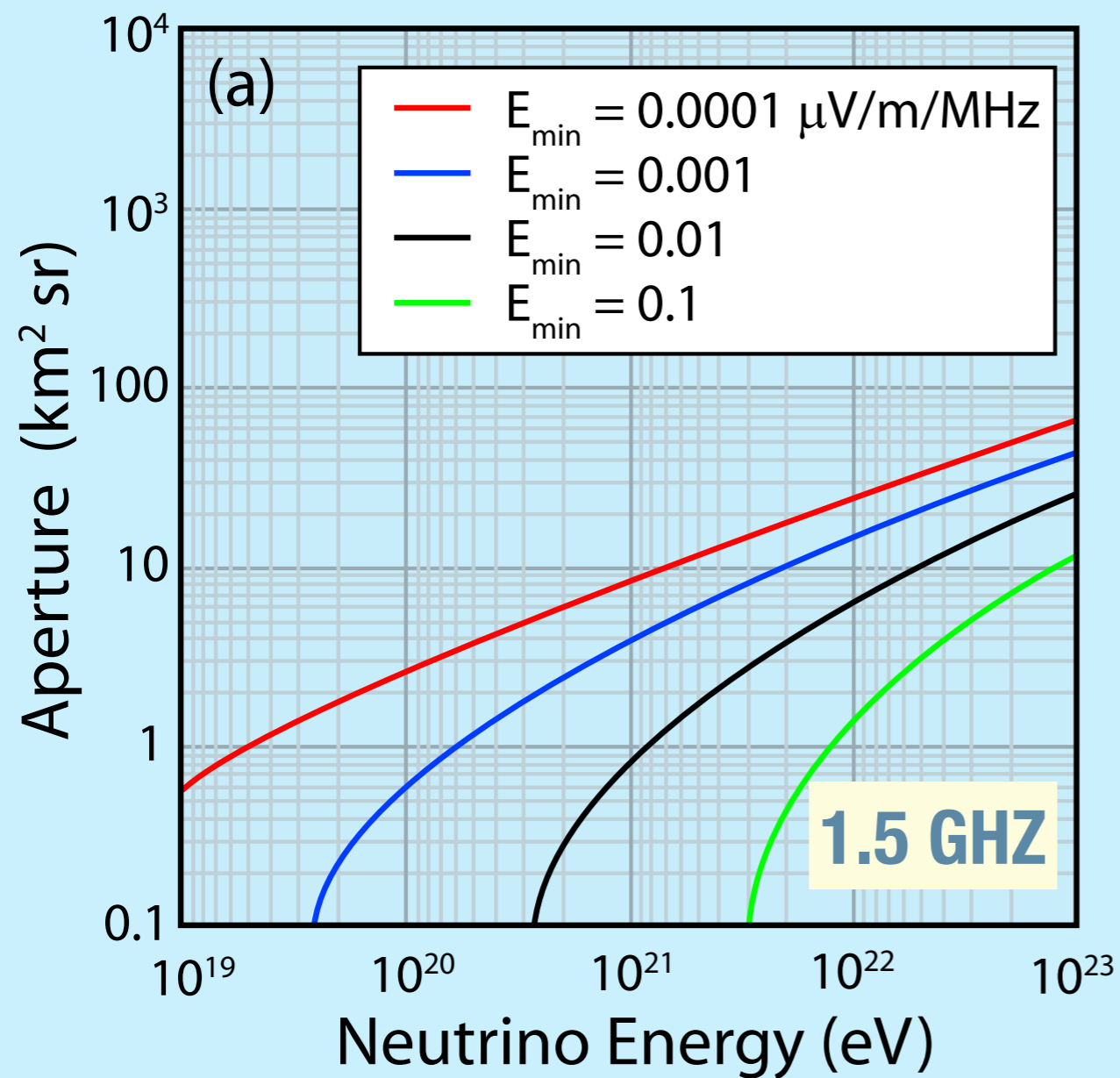
$$\Psi_u = \frac{16}{3} \alpha_o = 5.3 \alpha_o$$

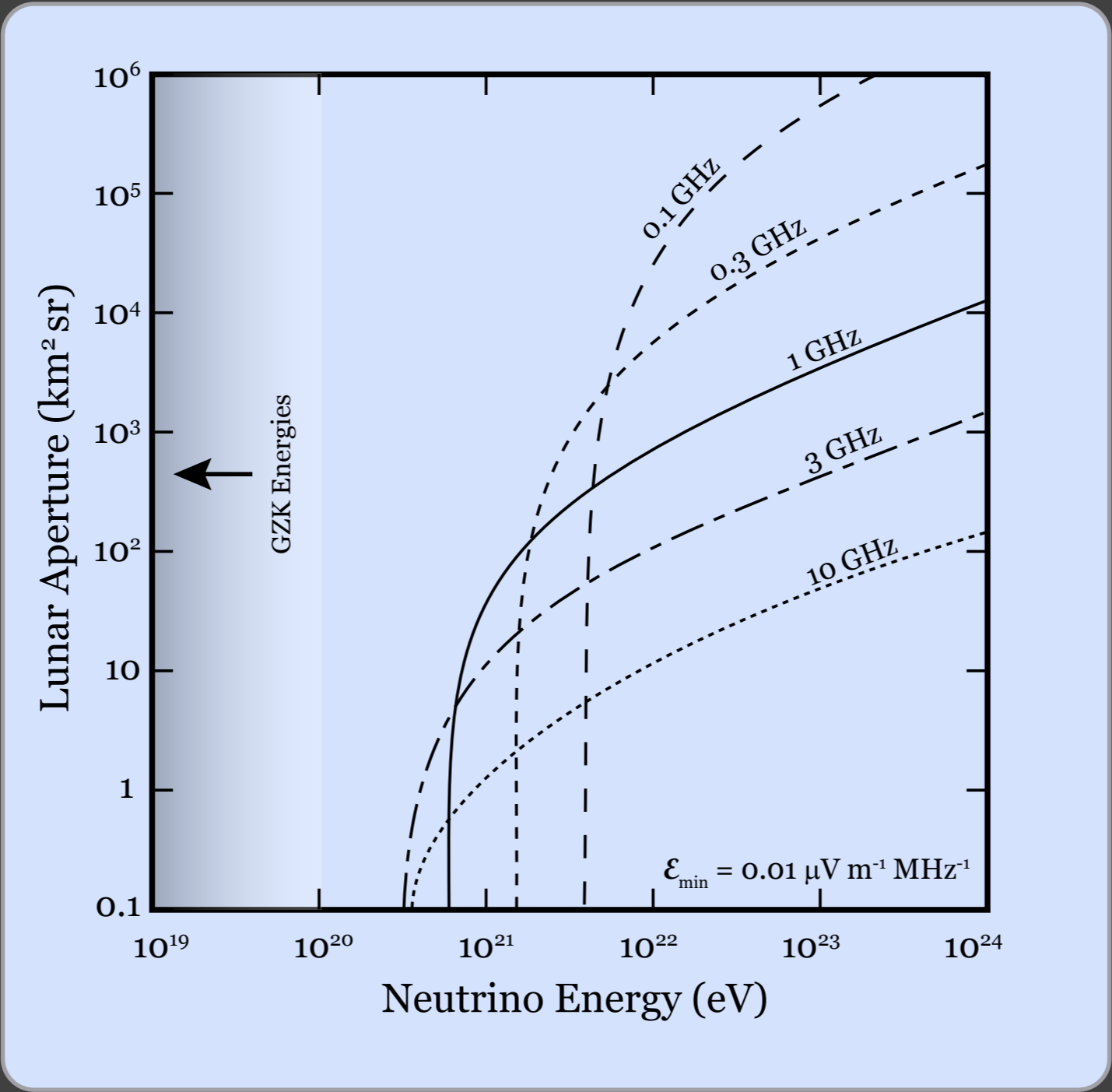
accounts for the detection of upward neutrinos.



DETAILS: GAYLEY, MUTEL, AND JAEGER APJ 2010

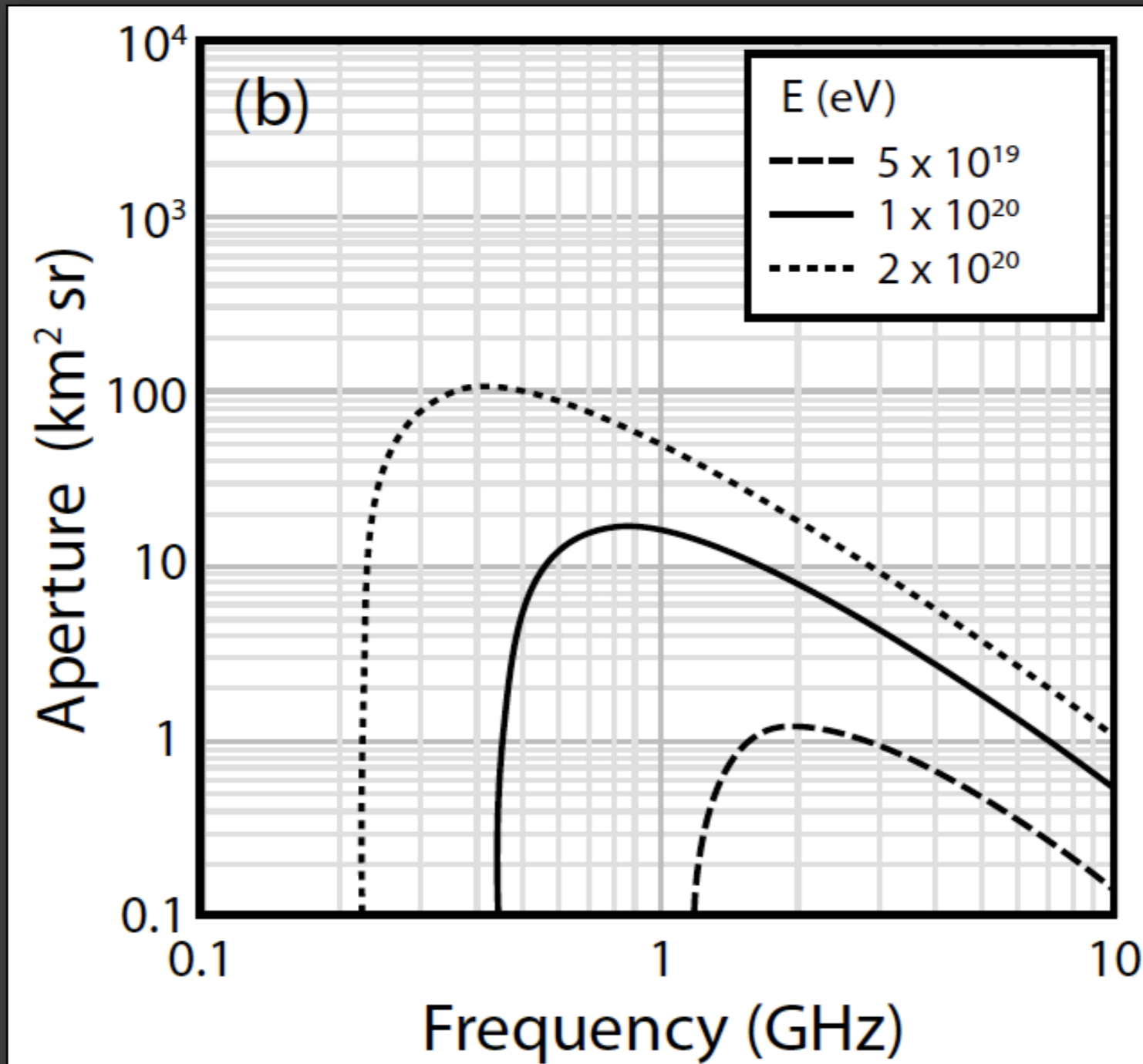
# APERTURE DEPENDENCE ON NEUTRINO ENERGY, FREQUENCY





# APERTURE VS ENERGY

FREQUENCIES NEAR 1 GHz MAXIMIZE ENERGY SENSITIVITY x APERTURE



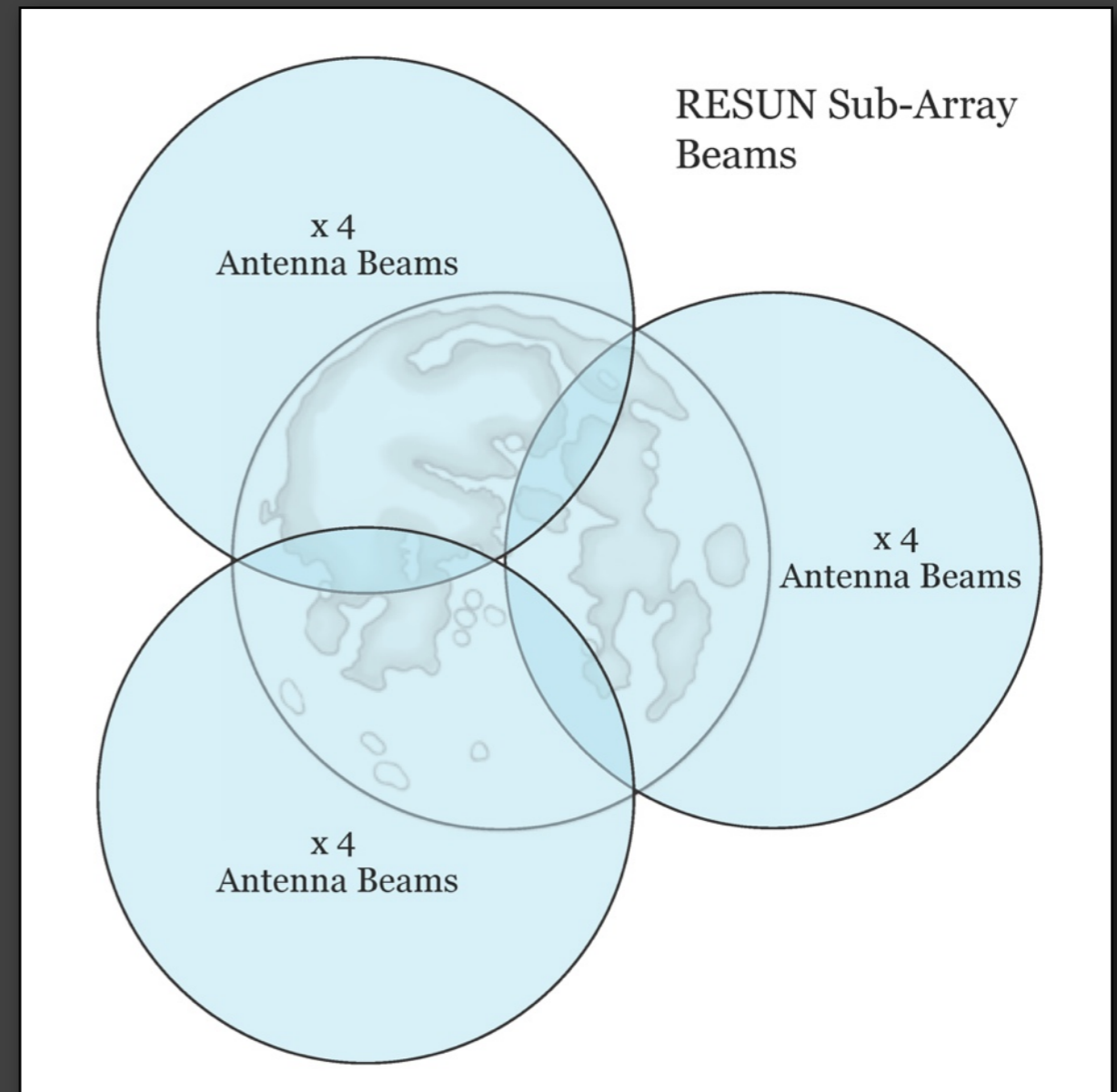
## APERTURE VS. FREQUENCY

FOR FIXED TARGET ENERGY, THERE IS AN OPTIMAL OBSERVING FREQUENCY

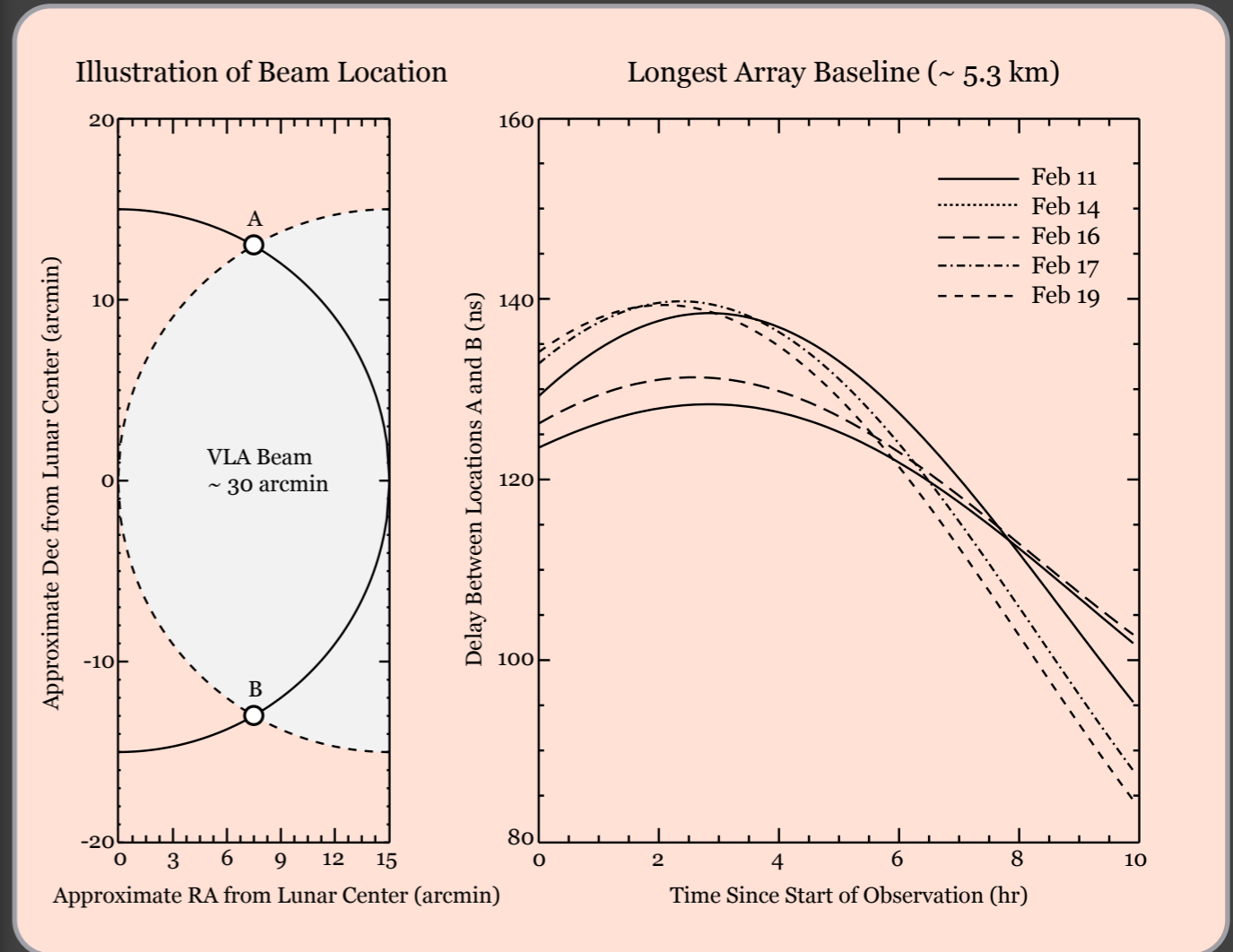
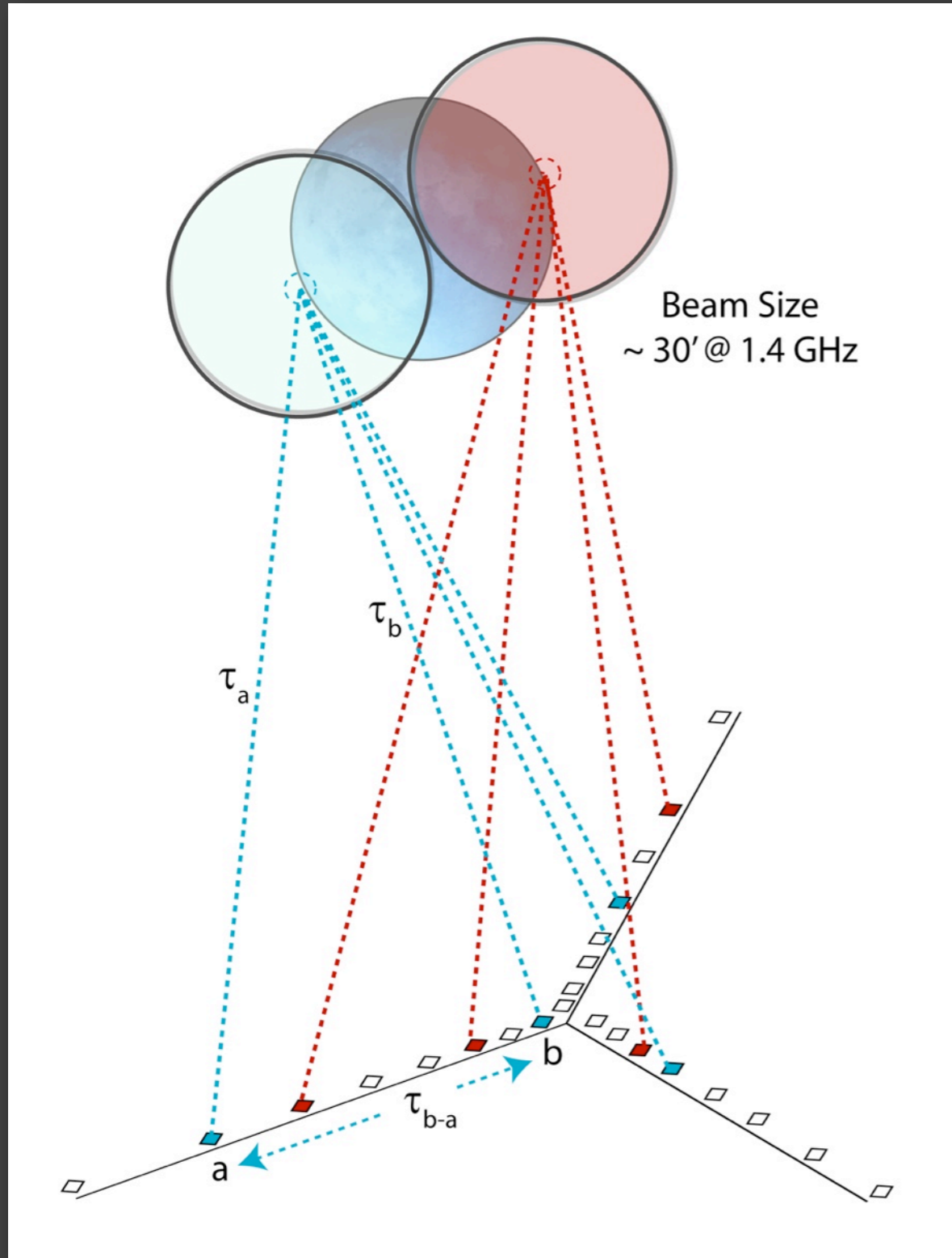


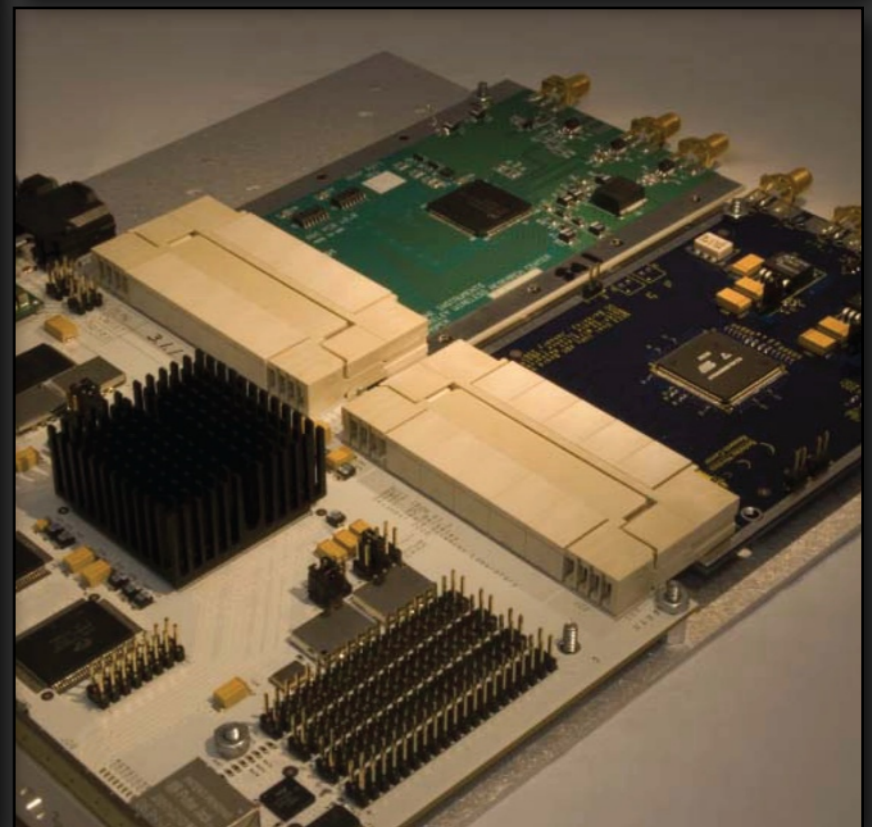
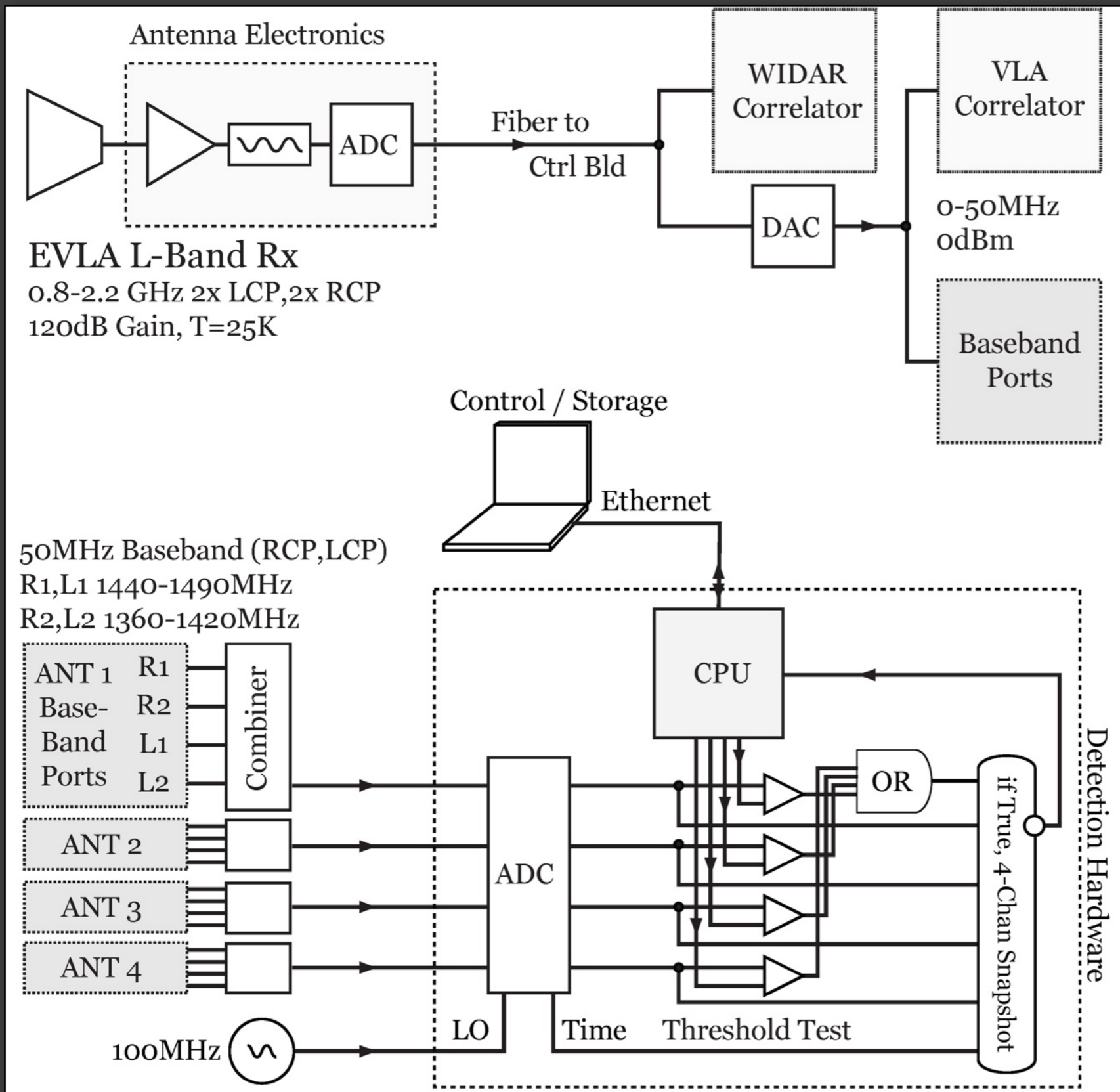
# RESUN Experiment Overview

- ✦ 250 hours, 1.4 GHz, 4x50 MHz bandwidth 9combine RCP, LCP)
- ✦ Use **three subarrays of 4 EVLA Antennas** spaced around lunar limb
- ✦ 10 ns sampling, real-time 4 sigma threshold pulse detection (FPGA)
- ✦ Post-processing: Check for coincident pulses (with correct geometric delay).



# RESUN BEAM GEOMETRY: DIFFERENTIAL DELAY WINDOW





# RESUN OBSERVATIONS

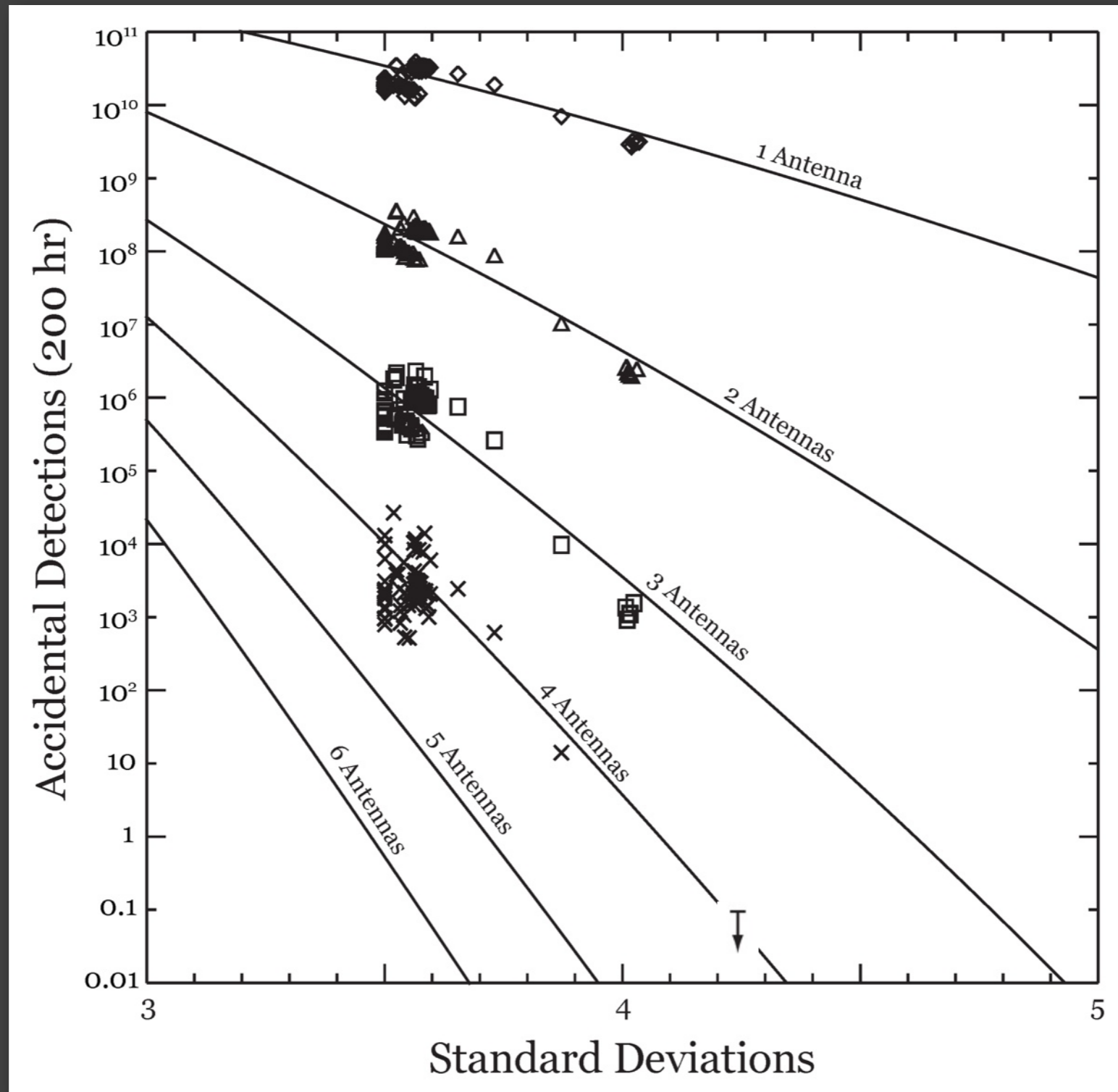
## DETECTION HARDWARE



# RESUN CALIBRATION

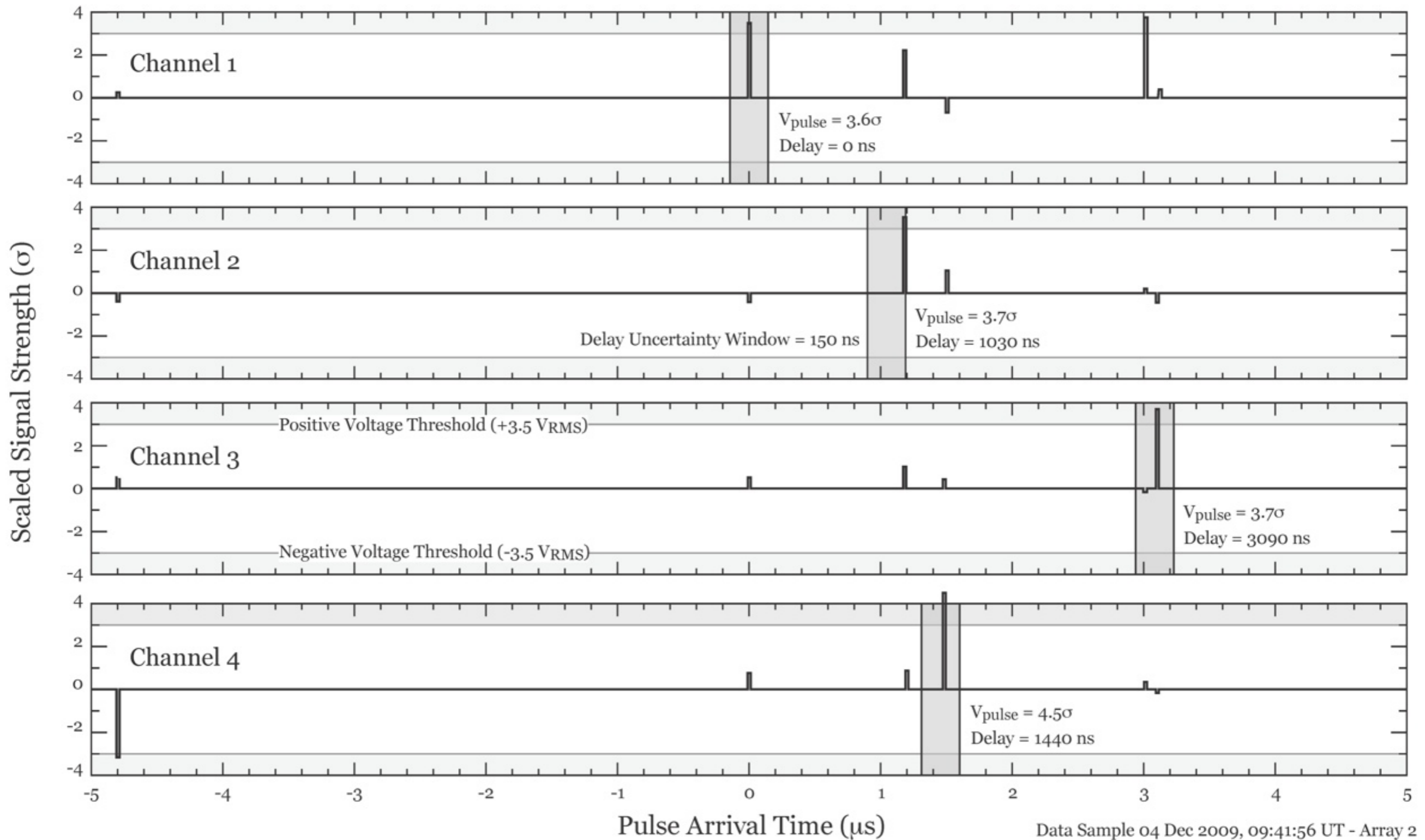
## BALLOON-BORNE TRANSMITTER: PULSE DETECTION VERIFICATION





# OBSERVED PULSE COINCIDENCES

CONFIRMS EXPECTED GAUSSIAN STATISTICS, NO 4-ANTENNA  
DETECTIONS ABOVE THRESHOLD

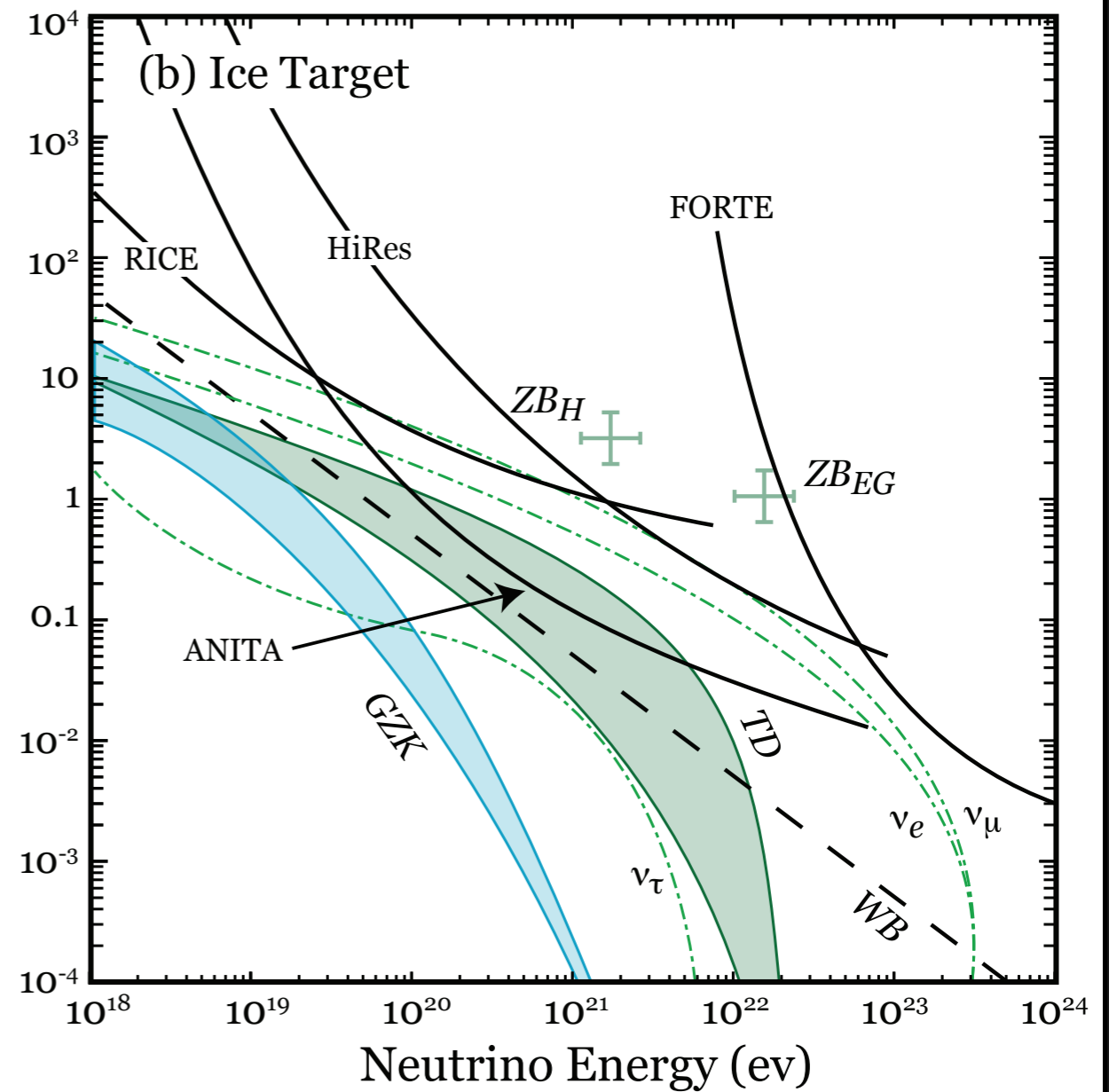
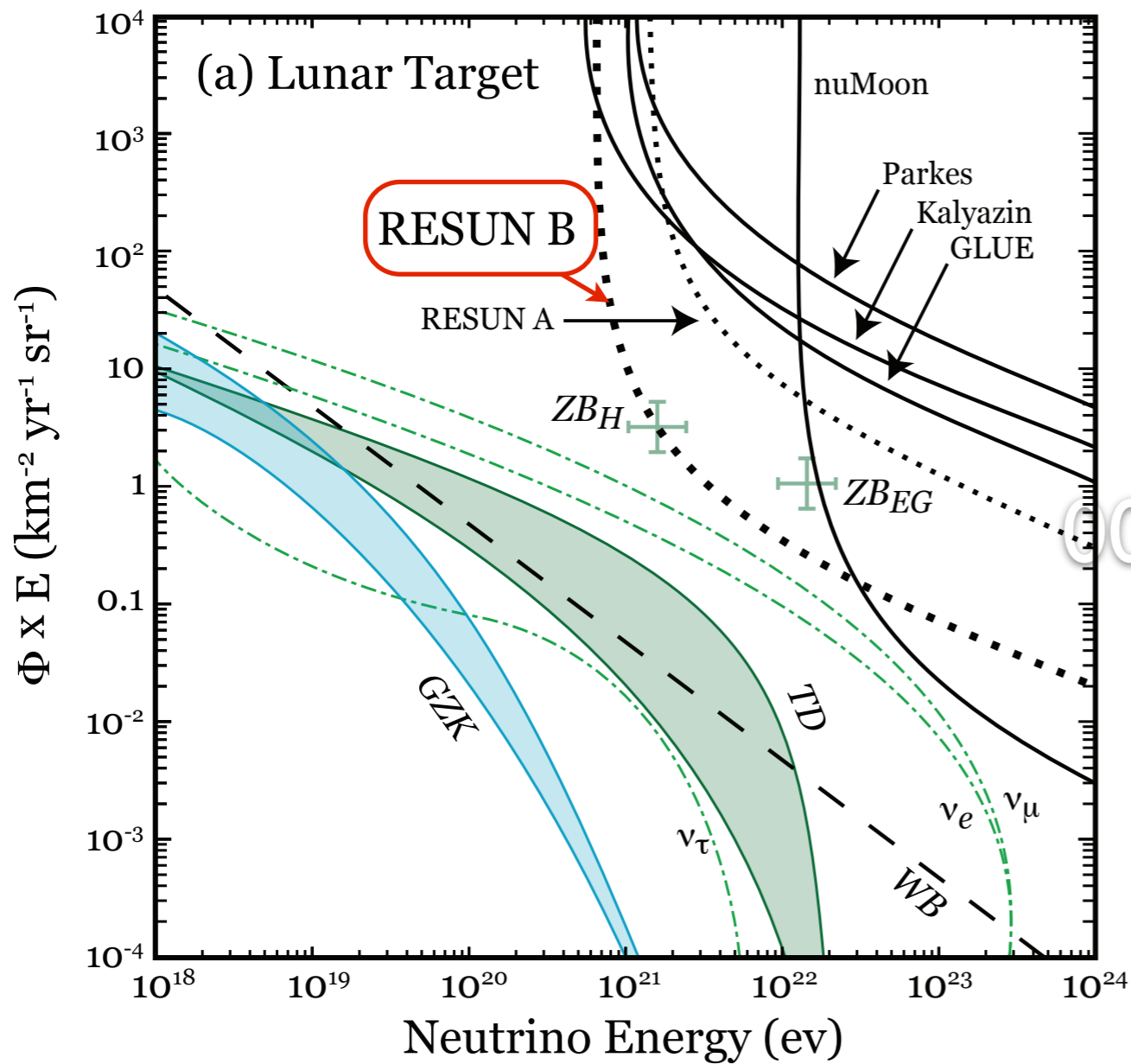


# RESUN OBSERVATIONS

EXAMPLE OF ACCIDENTAL COINCIDENT PULSE DETECTION WITH WIDE DELAY WINDOW

# RESUN RESULTS

- ◆ No Pulses of Lunar Origin (250 hr)
  - ◆ Lowest Upper Limit from Lunar-Target Observations
    - ◆  $E \, dN/dE < 1 \, \text{km}^{-2} \, \text{yr}^{-1} \, \text{sr}^{-1}$  for  $E > 10^{21.2} \, \text{eV}$
  - ◆ Point Source Upper Limits for 41 AGN within 50 Mpc

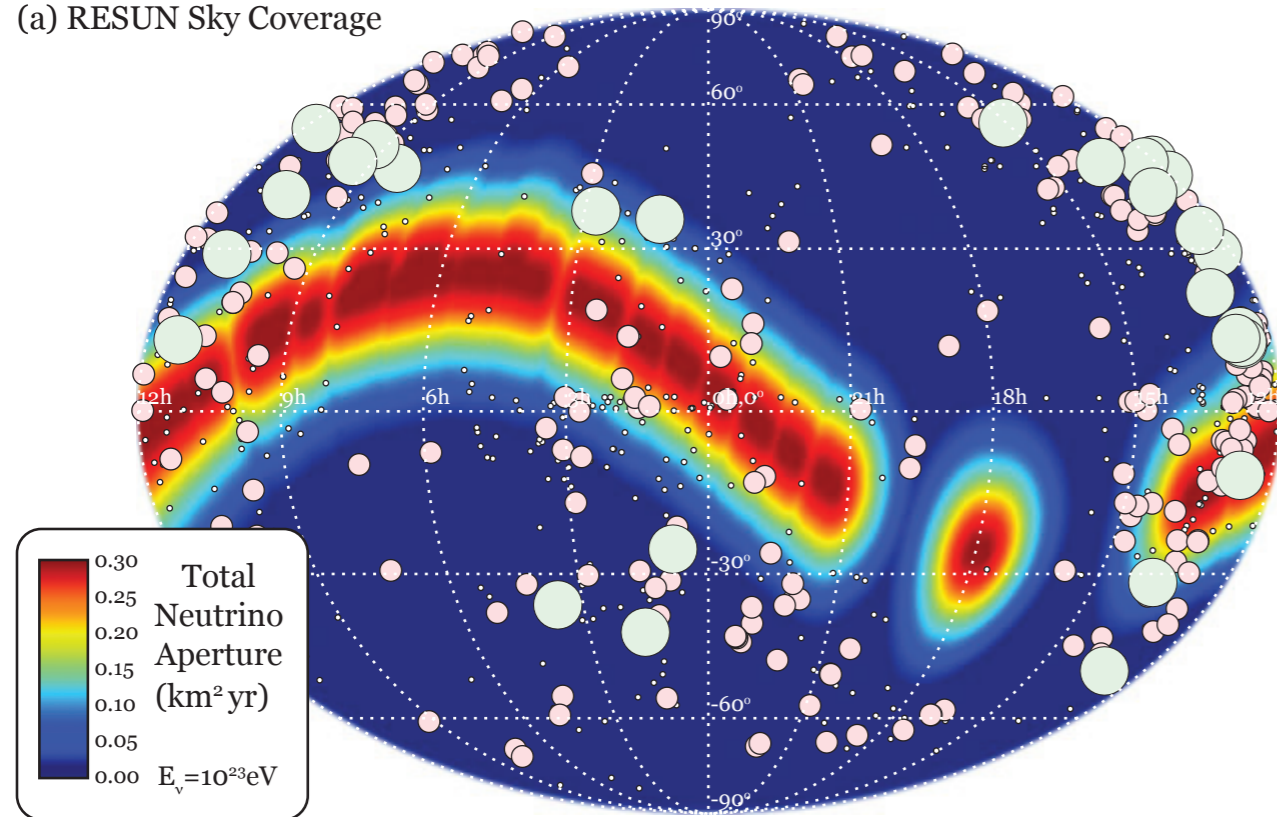


# RESUN RESULTS

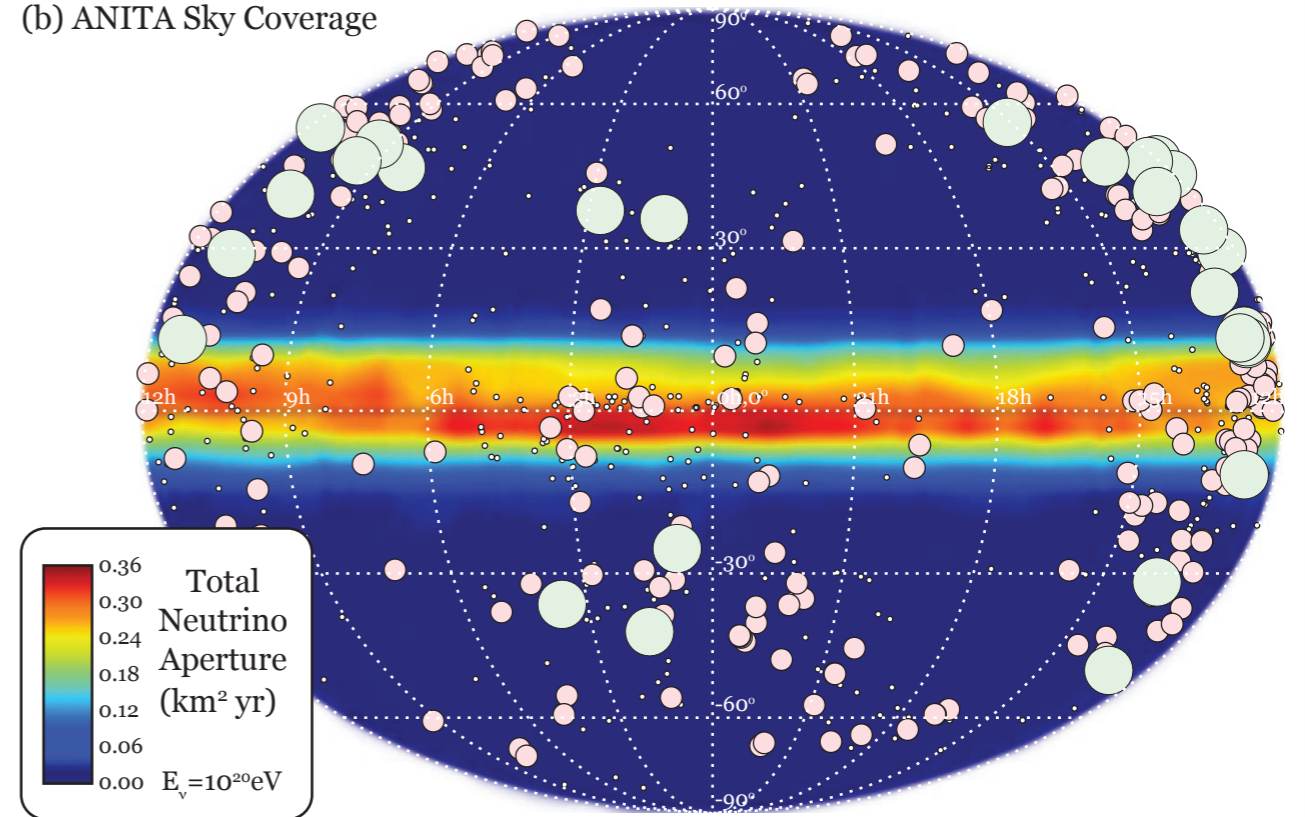
UHE NEUTRINO ISOTROPIC FLUX UPPER LIMITS



(a) RESUN Sky Coverage



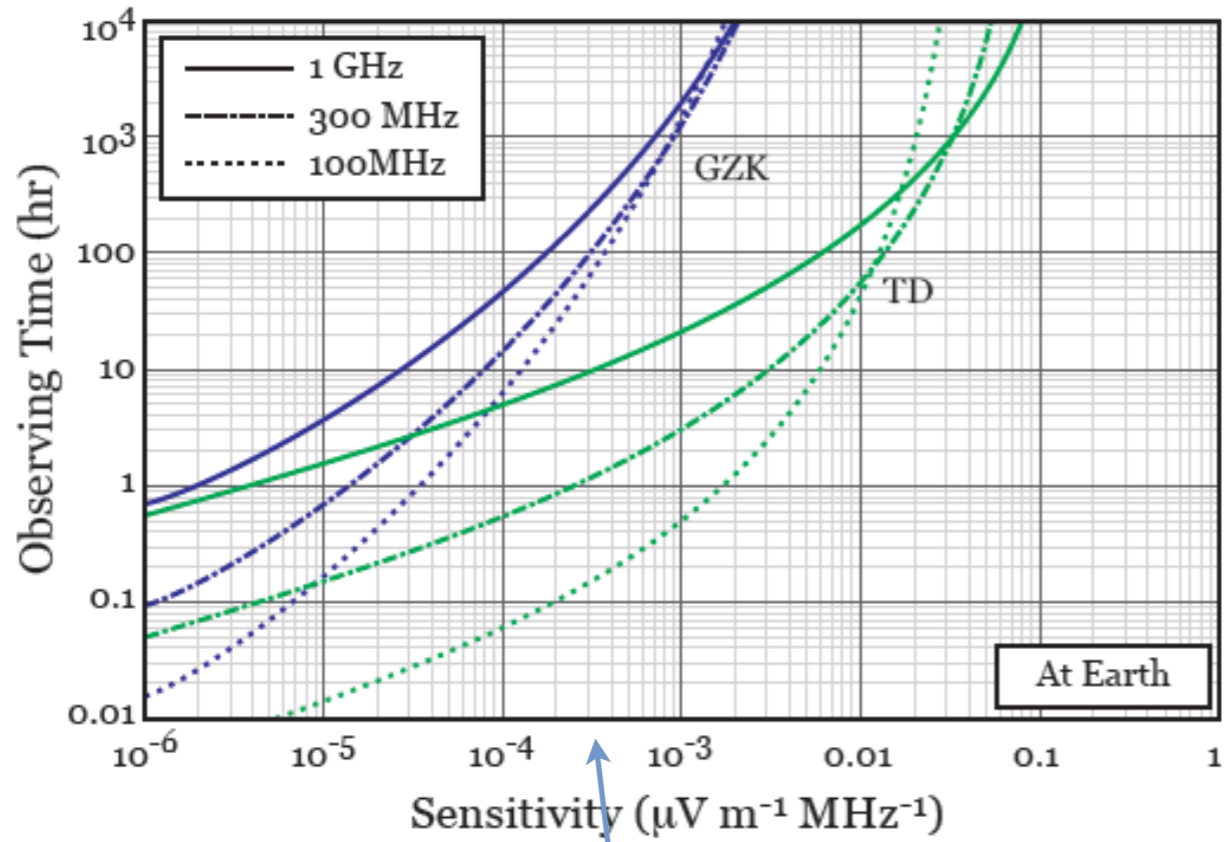
(b) ANITA Sky Coverage



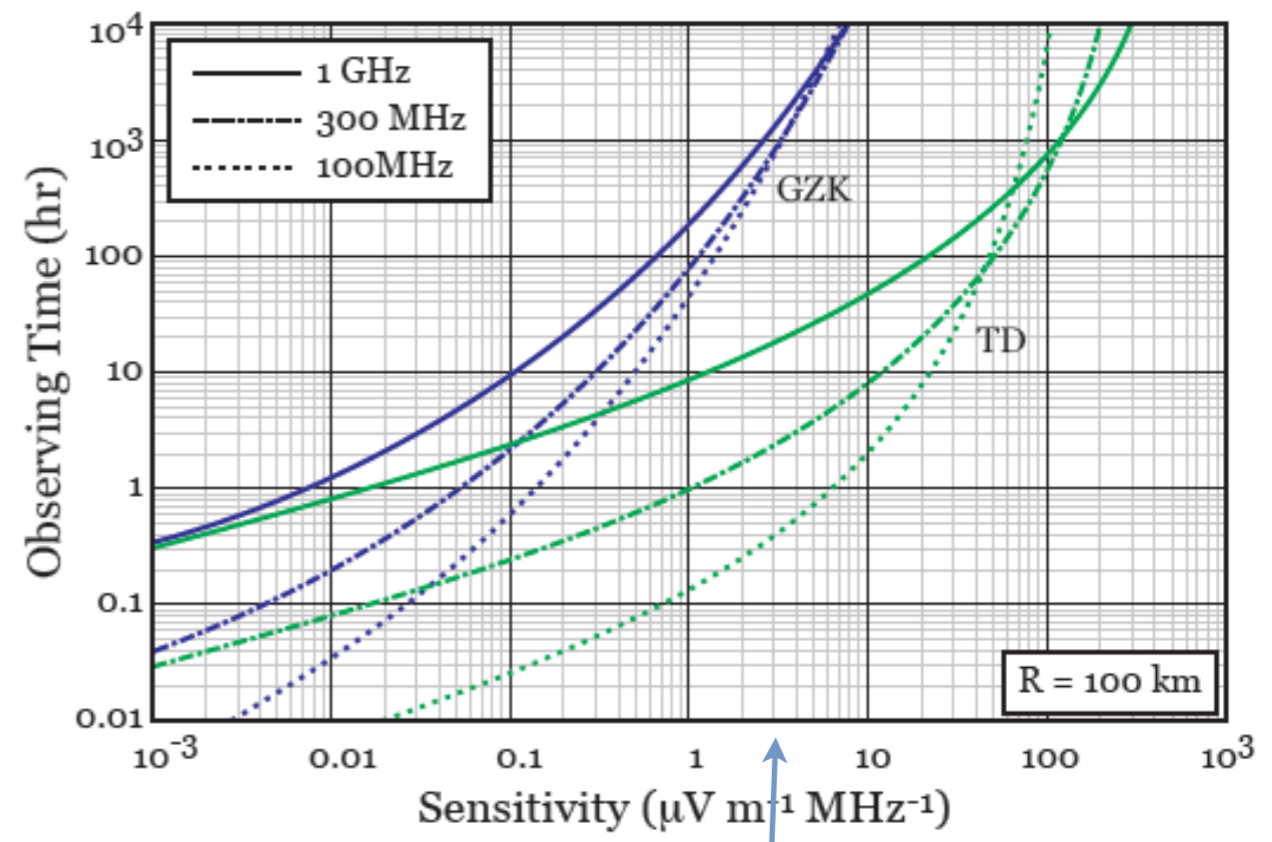
- < 10 Mpc
- < 25 Mpc
- < 50 Mpc

# RESUN RESULTS

## SKY COVERAGE OF DISCRETE AGN SOURCES - LOCAL AGN



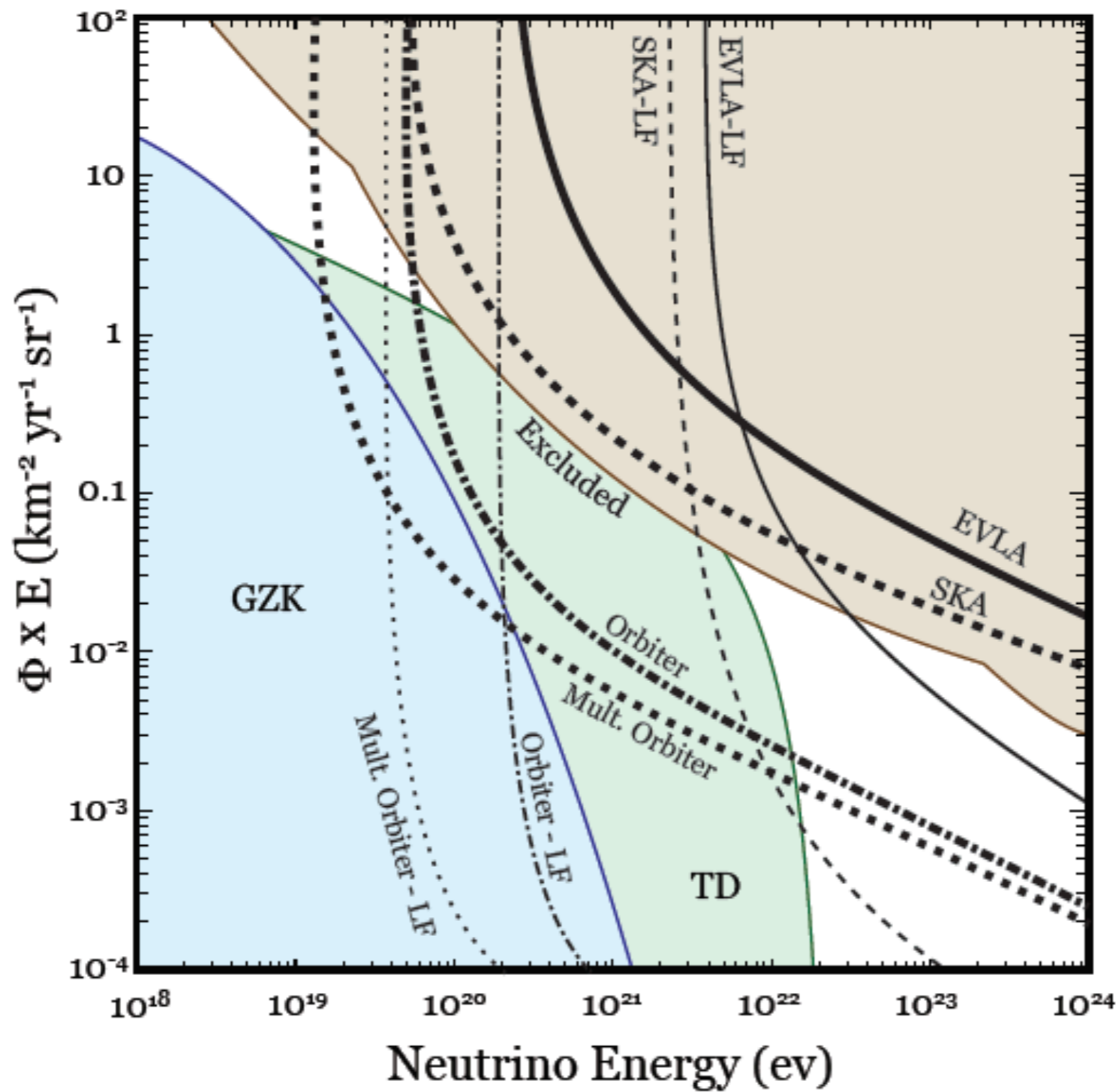
SKA



LUNAR ORBITER (E.G. LORD)

# FUTURE DETECTION EXPERIMENTS

ANTICIPATED DETECTION RATE



# FUTURE DETECTION EXPERIMENTS

ANTICIPATED UHE NEUTRINO FLUX UPPER LIMITS

