THE EXTENDED LSST ASTRONOMICAL TIME SERIES CLASSIFICATION CHALLENGE (ELASTICC)

"THE STRETCH GOALS OF PLASTICC"

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PLASTICC (Dec. 2018 - Feb 2019)

- Public \$25k Kaggle challenge for photometric classification of time-domain sky (15 models, 1 million new SEDs, unrepresentative training sample)
- Joint effort between LSST DESC and LSST TVS SC
- Data: 3M VRO-simulated *ugrizY* lightcurves
- Primary goal: setup massive time-domain simulation infrastructure, jump start **ML** photometric classification efforts





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PLAsTiCC has become a gold-standard time-domain dataset



| - | 2022an 18-258-23a | 2022/02 cited 4 | |
|---|--|--|----------------------------------|
| | Considerations for Optimizing the Photometric Classification of Supernovae from the Rubin Observatory | | |
| | Alves, Catarina S.; Peiris | Hiranya V.; Lochner, Michel | le and 4 more |
| 2 | 2021AJ162275B | 2021/12 cited: 3 | |
| | ParSNIP: Generative M Learning Boone, Kyle | lodels of Transient Light (| Curves with Physics-enabled Deep |
| 3 | 2021ApJS25524V | 2021/08 cited: 10 | |
| | A Deep-learning Approach for Live Anomaly Detection of Extragalactic Transients Villar, V. Ashley; Cranmer, Miles; Berger, Edo and 4 more | | |
| 4 | 2021AJ16267Q | 2021/08 cited: 5 | |
| | SCONE: Supernova Cl Qu, Helen; Sako, Masao; | assification with a Convol Möller, Anais <i>and 1 mor</i> e | lutional Neural Network |
| 5 | 2021AAS23820301N | 2021/06 | |
| | Deep Learning for Mul Narayan, G. | timessenger Astrophysics | 8 |
| 6 | 2021A&A650A.195I | 2021/06 cited: 20 | |
| | Active anomaly detection for time-domain discoveries | | |
| | Ishida, E. E. O.; Kornilov, | M. V.; Malanchev, K. L. and | d 7 more |
| 7 | 2021wems.confE10T | 2021/05 | |
| | Time Series Classificat Torki, Motahare | tion: From Astronomical T | ransients to Human Heart Sounds |
| 8 | 2021arXiv210506178A | 2021/05 cited: 4 | |
| | Paying Attention to Astronomical Transients: Photometric Classification with the Time- Series Transformer | | |
| | Allam, Tarek, Jr.; McEwen, Jason D. | | |



- Unrepresentative, imbalanced training sample enforces strong implicit prior
- You can guess SNIa ~70% of the time, and you'll get the right answer, but what's verall accuracy is a boring, single question
- You don't get light curves from LSST you get alerts, streamed in real-time, via 3rd party brokers
- No host galaxy information
- Models not diverse enough classifiers had it too easy

Surveys cannot afford to act independently



PLAsTiCC has problems











WHAT DOES A REALISTIC LSST TIME-DOMAIN AND COSMOLOGY WORKFLOW LOOK LIKE?





ELAsTiCC has a richer diversity of models

- New:
 - delta Scuti, Cepheids (K. Malanchev)
 - dwarf novae (Q. Cheng)
 - + others we've snuck into test data but not in training data
- Updated:
 - SNe Ib & c (M. Vincenzi)
 - M-dwarf flares (V. Shah)
 - KNe using Bulla et al. SEDs (D. Chatterjee)

+ synthetic LVK 04 alert skymaps















Alex Gagliano (UIUC, NSF Fellow) figures out correlations between transients and their hosts http://ghost.rubin.science/







16,228 SNe-host galaxy pairs: 78% of unique events reported on TNS/OSC. PS1,NED photometric & derived properties (color, redshift, radial moments)

Galaxies HOsting Supernovae and other Transients



Dark Energy Science Collaboratio

Populating Hosts in ELAsTiCC uses Normalizing Flows

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Hosts and Transients are correlated in ELAsTiCC





Host selection from *host library* weighted by class-specific *weight map*

Weight maps encode derived host correlations (SFR, M_*)

We used SGRBs as a proxy for KNe (L. Salo)



3.0









Hosts and Transients are correlated in ELAsTiCC

Need to roll this for a different survey - we made it possible to! The Simulated Catalog of Optical Transients and Correlated Hosts (SCOTCH) Lokken, Gagliano, Narayan et al. 2206.02815



Host selection from *host library* weighted by class-specific *weight map*

Weight maps encode derived host correlations (SFR, M_*)

SLSNe-I occur in *compact* blue galaxies, SNe II (core-collapse) in *active* galaxies; AGN in massive galaxies.





Hosts and Transients are correlated in ELAsTiCC

3.0

2.5

2.0

1.0

0.5

0.0

- We also use PZFlow to mock host-galaxy photometric redshift PDFs
- Each ELAsTiCC transients comes with up to two possible hosts (both of which might be \odot 1.5 wrong!)
- Each host comes with 10 quantiles and an interpolation scheme to restore the full PDF
- Future: Expect transients & hosts to live in non-LCDM cosmology + simulated postage stamps







Image Credit: Francisco Forster

LSST Surveys

WFD:
5 sigma point-source detection depths of
u g r i z y
23.9, 25.0, 24.7, 24.0, 23.3, 22.1 single image
26.1, 27.4, 27.5, 26.8, 26.1, 24.9 stacked



ELASTICC is Live

The DESC ELAsTiCC Challenge

The purpose of ELAsTiCC ("Extended LSST Astronomical Time-series Classification Challenge") is to spur the creation and testing of an end-toend real-time pipeline for time-domain science. The challenge starts with a simulation of ~5 million detected events that includes ~50 million alerts. These alerts will be streamed from LSST to brokers, who will classify the events and send new alerts with classifications back to DESC. A talk about ELAsTiCC given at the LSSTC Enabling Science Broker Workshop in 2021 can be found on YouTube.

For discussion or questions about the challenge, use the **#elasticc-comms** channel on the DESC Slack.

There is a new github repository for ELAsTiCC-related code and information: LSSTDESC/elasticc.

- Current Status
- <u>Timeline</u>
- Training Set
- <u>Classification codes and models</u>
- Participants

Current Status

#elasticc-comms

This channel on the LSST Slack is where you can contact the ELAsTiCC team and discuss the campaign. If you are not on the LSST Slack, you can join this one channel using <u>Slack Connect</u>. (That link expires every 14 days, and we need to renew it, so if you find the link expired, please email raknop@lbl.gov and me to update the link.)

10% Test Stream

Starting sometime between 20:00 and 21:00 UTC (1-2PM PDT) today (June 17), we will be streaming alerts to public.alerts.ztf.uw.edu in the topic elasticc-mid-june-test. The rate at which alerts will be added to this topic is similar to the rate of alerts that will come during the actual elastic campaign. However, there are only about 10% the total number of alerts, so the whole thing will be streamed over 8–10 days. The purpose of this test stream is for bulk testing, of the plumbing, and of the mechanics of the classifiers running on the brokers.

https://portal.nersc.gov/cfs/lsst/DESC_TD_PUBLIC/ELASTICC/









TAKEAWAYS

ELAsTiCC goes far beyond PLAsTiCC

5M light curves, over 50M alerts, with hosts streamed over 3 months through real LSST brokers with real LSST format, using real LSST infrastructure, with best available LSST properties

- designed to test your AI/ML mettle with richer questions, a more complex dataset,
- Beginning of an iterative process DL methods should respond to real-data and get better over LSST operations
- Next step: make this first step of a full DESC injection pipeline - i.e. Al/ML methods will play a key role in our cosmological constraints with LSST

University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign July 25-29, 2022

Fabio Ragosta (INAF)

Bruno Sanchez (Duke)

Daniel Scolnic (Duke)

https://boom.web.illinois.edu/

The Vera C. Rubin Observatory's Legacy Survey of Space and Time (LSST) will provide an unprecedented window into the transient and variable Universe. **Explosive Transients from LSST will probe stellar physics, trace feedback over** cosmic time, measure the expansion history of the Universe, uncover the secrets of gravitational wave sources and much else. This workshop will cover the road to time-domain science readiness, identify key pieces of shared infrastructure, and guide new users accessing LSST data products. We will foster collaborative efforts for obtaining follow-up observations, develop innovative extensions to our analyses, and improve communication with the LSST Team.











Federica Bianco (U. Delaware) Simon Birrer (Stanford) Rahul Biswas (Stockholm U.) Will Clarkson (U. Michigan) Tansu Daylan (Princeton) Suhail Dhawan (Cambridge) Alex Gagliano (UIUC)

SOC/LOC:

Yashar Hezaveh (Montreal) Renée Hložek (U. Toronto) Richard Kessler (U. Chicago) Aprajita Verma (Oxford)

Gautham Narayan (UIUC, Chair) An LSSTC Enabling Science Workshop

Center for AstroPhysical Surveys









Long Period Variables RR Lyrae







o t-SNE u



Double Periodic Variables Double-mode Cepheids

Ellipsoidal Binaries Supernovae



t-SNE with Imbalanced Dataset



t-SNE FEATURE VISUALIZATION

Type II Cepheids **Eclipsing Binaries**



t-SNE with Rebalanced Dataset

- dramatically improves classification accuracy

t-SNE: t-distributed Stochastic Neighbor Embedding SMOTE: Synthetic Minority Oversampling TEchnique