



Identifying Pair Instability SuperNovae (PISNe) inside Fink data

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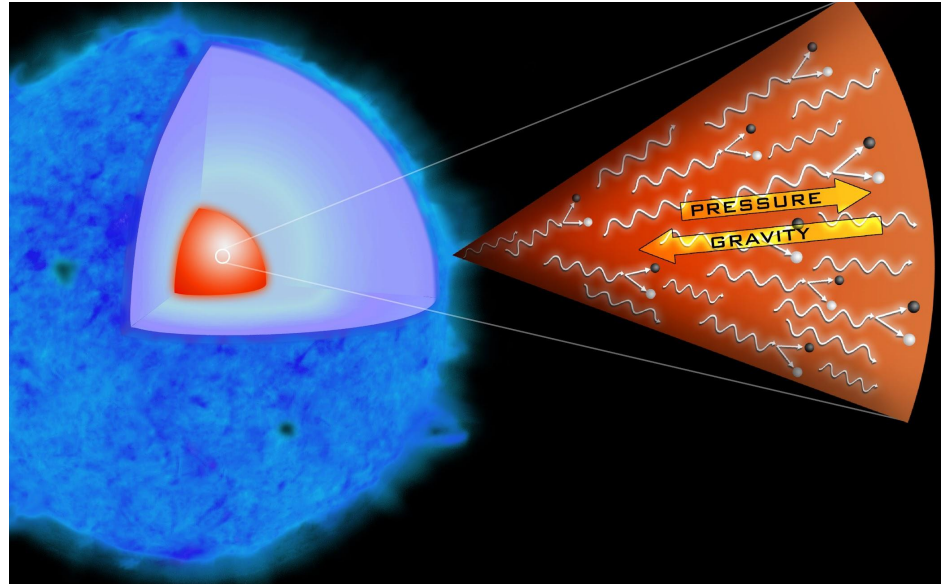
Super Luminous SuperNovae (SLSN)

Different causes [1]:

- Circumstellar interaction
- Magnetar driven supernovae
- Large ^{56}Ni production

Pair Instability SuperNova (PISN) [2]:

- From $130 M_{\odot}$ to $260 M_{\odot}$
- Low metallicity stars
- Population III
- Triggered by electron/positron pair production



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pair-instability_supernova

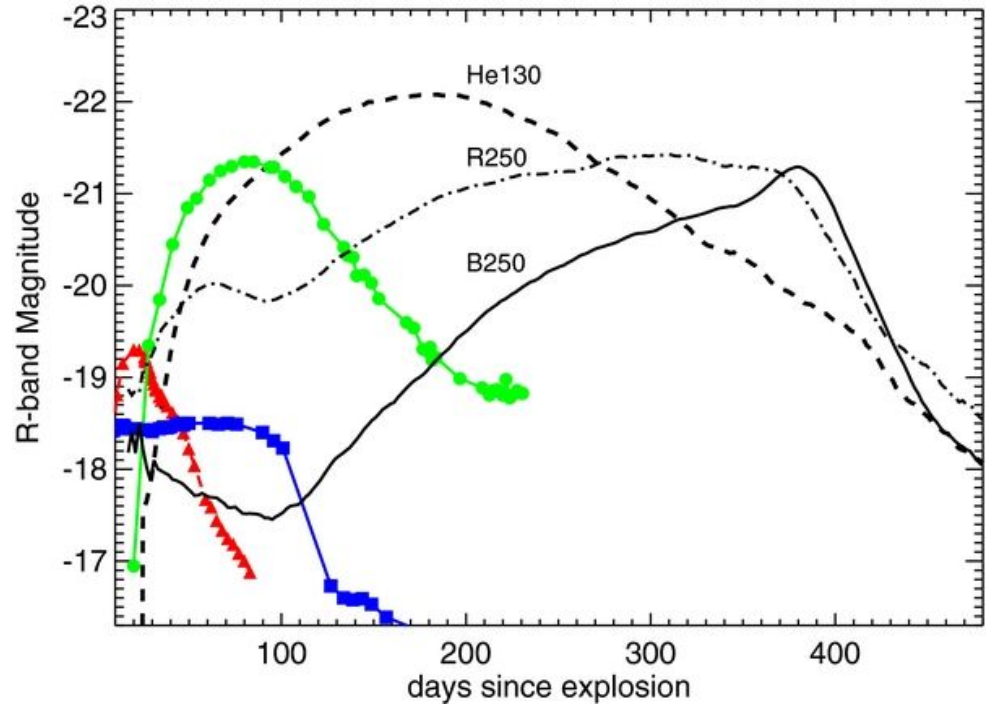
[1] The most luminous supernovae

[2] How Massive Single Stars End their Life

Properties of Pair Instability SuperNovae



- Still hypothetical
- Very bright : up to absolute $M \sim -22$
- Long events : > 1 year



— PISN models



Overluminous core-collapse
event SN 2006gy

■ Type IIP supernova SN 1999em

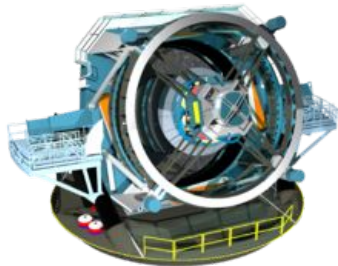


Type Ia supernova SN 2001el

Where to find them ?

In first generation of stars

- Almost exclusively hydrogen and helium
- Very high redshift
- Very faint objects
- Need $m > 23$ limiting observed magnitude [2]
- We need LSST



In low metallicity pockets

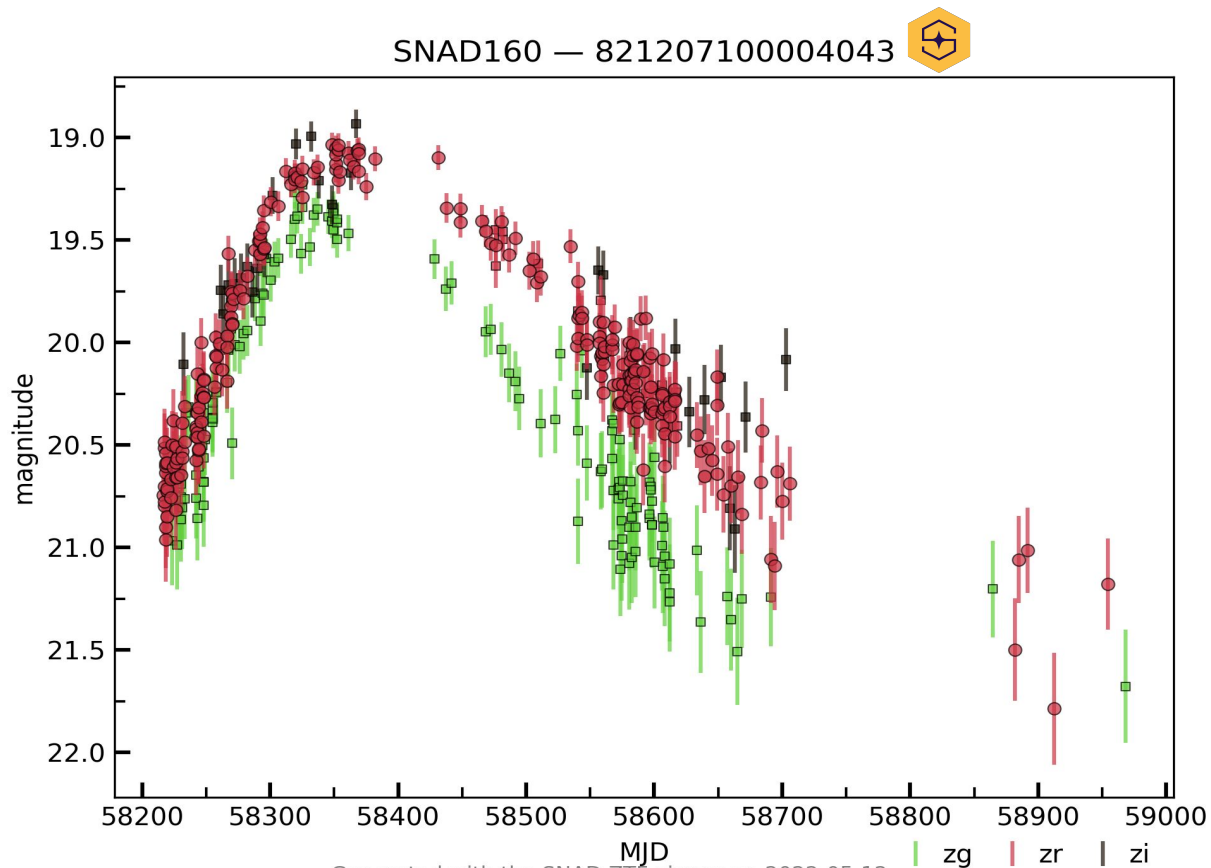
- Much closer/younger stars [1]
- Lower redshift
- Visible by ZTF (?)



[1] [Pair-Instability Supernovae in the Local Universe](#)

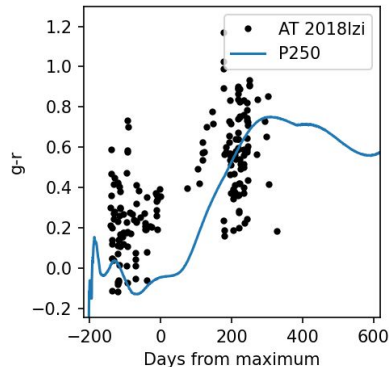
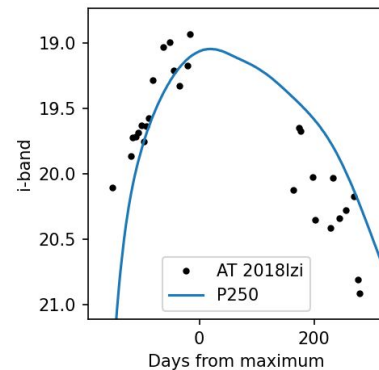
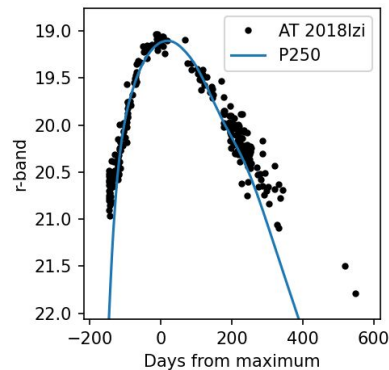
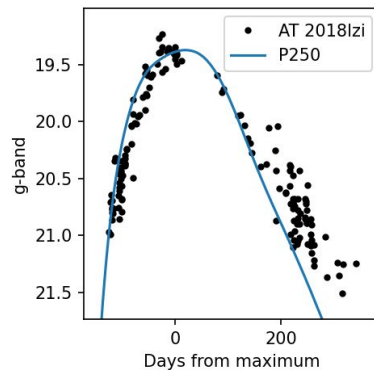
[2] [Euclid: Discovering pair-instability supernovae with the Deep Survey](#)*

For example :



Comparison to PISN models

- Done using STELLA [1]:
radiation hydrodynamics code
- Reasonable match : $250 M_{\odot}$
and ~ 0.25 redshift
- Already faded



$\text{MJDmax}(g) = 58349.79$
 $\text{obs mag}(g) = 19.371$
 $\text{model mag}(g) = -21.547$
 $\text{DistMod}(g) = 40.917$
 $z(g) = 0.288$

$\text{MJDmax}(r) = 58363.07$
 $\text{obs mag}(r) = 19.104$
 $\text{model mag}(r) = -21.505$
 $\text{DistMod}(r) = 40.609$
 $z(r) = 0.254$

$\text{MJDmax}(i) = 58383.38$
 $\text{obs mag}(i) = 19.045$
 $\text{model mag}(i) = -21.817$
 $\text{DistMod}(i) = 40.862$
 $z(i) = 0.281$

Model by Alexandra Kozyreva
 Fit by Stéphane Blondin

Find more using Fink



Apply filters

Remove known objects :

- Alerts with galactic objects from SIMBAD.
- Alerts with MPC counterparts
- Objects with spectroscopic classification in TNS

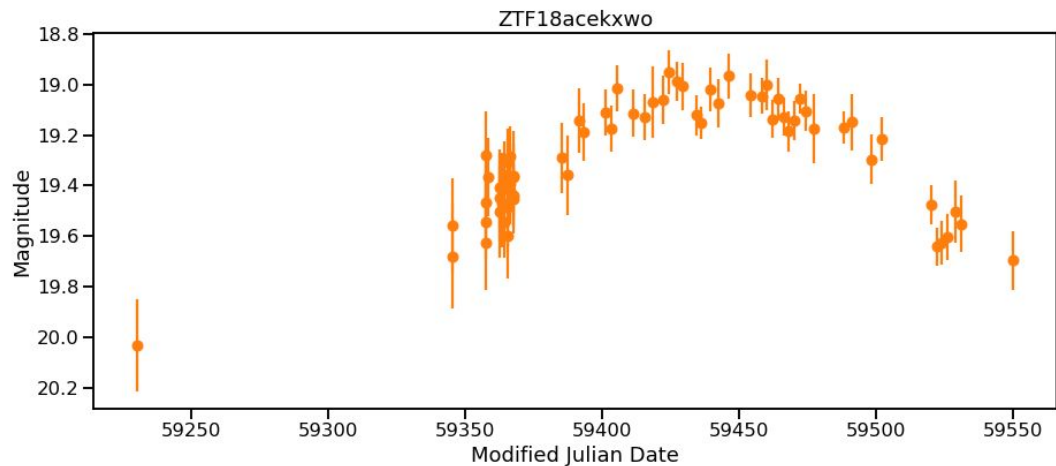
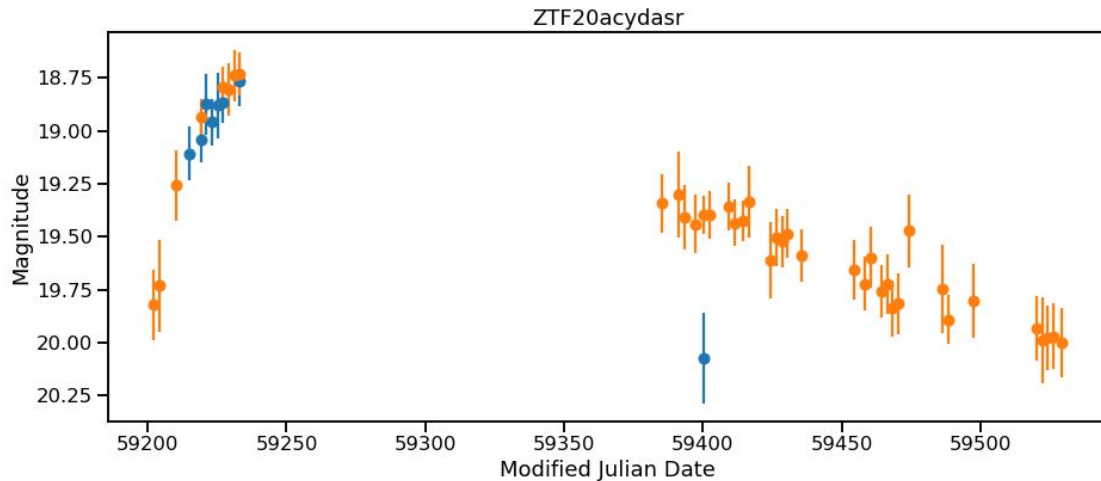
Smart cuts to remove :

- Alerts inside galactic plane ($|b| > 20$ degrees)
- Objects with less than 20 measurements
- Objects with less than 100d of variation

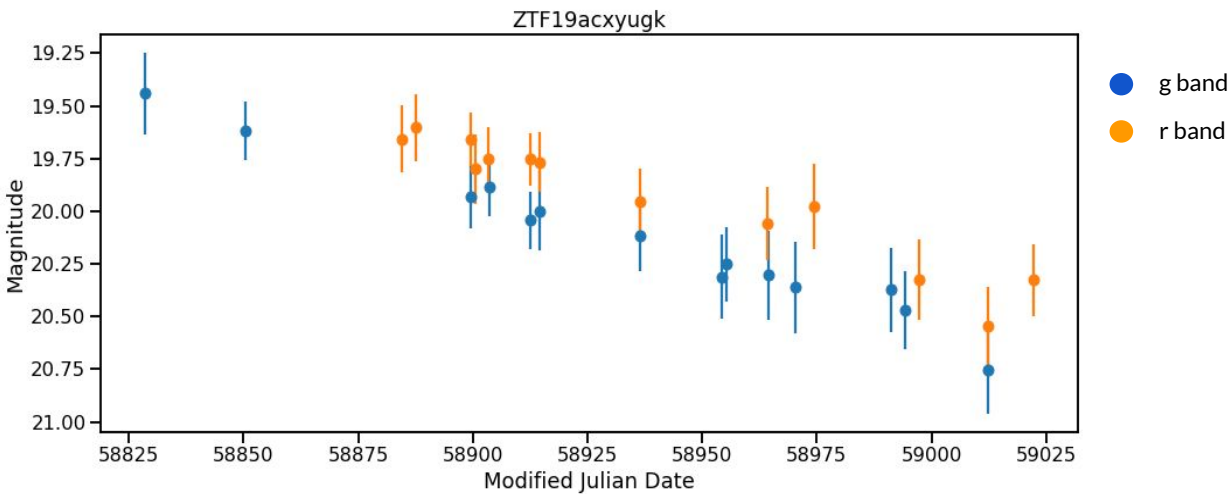
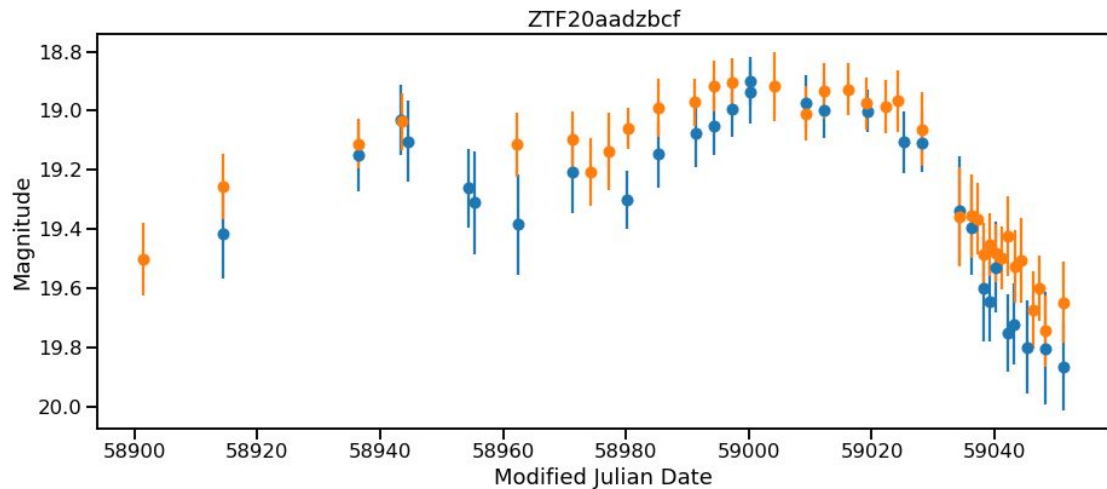
New candidates



From 76 million to ~ 200 objects



New candidates



Goal of the project



- **Best case :** Find a rising PISN candidate and take a spectrum
- **We can :** Build a catalog of realistic PISN candidates
- **In any case :** Be prepared for LSST with a robust method to isolate objects that look like PISN

Thank you for your attention

Find more using Fink



Apply cuts and remove :

- Alerts with galactic objects from SIMBAD.
- Alerts inside galactic plane ($|b| > 20$ degrees)
 - Alerts with MPC counterparts
- Alerts whose distance to nearest source in reference image PSF-catalog is below 2 arcseconds.
 - Objects with less than 20 measurements
 - Objects with less than 100d of variation
- Objects with spectroscopic classification in TNS