Comparison of Simulations for the NMSSM No-Lose Theorem

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Outline

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- 2. EGHM Analysis
- 3. EGHM Simulation versus ALS
- 4. Conclusion

Introduction

- MSSM: SM + Higgs doublet + SUSY particles
- NMSSM: extends MSSM by superfield
 - generates µ parameter naturally (Higgsino mass parameter)
- Extended Higgs sector:

MSSM	NMSSM
h ⁰ , H ⁰ , A ⁰ , H [±]	h _{1,2,3} , a _{1,2} , h [±]
h ⁰ → A ⁰ A ⁰ rare	h _i → a _j a _j possible

- Parameter sets where standard Higgs searches fail?
 Yes > new channel
- 10 different parameter sets (EGHM: Ellwanger, Gunion, Hugonie, Moretti, 2003)

1. Introduction

Detection Mode

- WW \rightarrow h \rightarrow aa
- Channel:



h ⁰		119.5 GeV
mass	a ^o	~ 30 GeV
	h ⁰ → a ⁰ a ⁰	0.9909
BR	a⁰ → bb	0.9899
	a ⁰ → τ+τ-	0.0069
	h ⁰ → bb τ+τ ⁻	0.0135

- Signature:
 - -2 fwd jets
 - $-2\tau \rightarrow \parallel + 4\nu$
 - min. 2 central jets

1. Introduction

The Status

	EGHM, 2003	Stephanie Baffioni (ATLAS)
Event Generator	Herwig	Pythia
Simulation	homemade for leptons, CALSIM, GETJET by	ALS
Analysis	F. Paige, analysis	similar analysis

- Aim: reproduce EGHM's results
- Observation: large differences in signal cut efficiencies
- Order of magnitude ~100

1. Introduction

This Study

Event Generator	Herwig	
Simulation	EGHM ALS	
Analysis	EGHM	

- Understand cut efficiencies on signal (ignore background)
- Event by event comparison
- Interface to ALS
- Translate analysis to ALS
- Identify differences
- Quantify influence of calorimeter simulation/reconstruction on result

2. EGHMs' Analysis

First Analysis: Cut Flow

EGHM	ALS	EGHMs' Analysis	
N _{events} =	2685393		
1562539	11331		reconstructed ≥ 2
47766	1803	Leptons	P _T > 10 GeV
31270	1250		opposite sign
24142	348		≥ 4
21761	306		forward: $\eta > 0$, backward: $\eta < 0$
15633	234		$\Delta \eta > 4$
14274	225	Jets	τ invariant mass reconstruction
10053	152		b-jets (central): P _T > 40 GeV
8380	114		forward: P _T > 25 GeV
6947	92		backward: P _T > 25 GeV

	No. of events	
Point	EGHM	ALS
	ratio	

Blind Application

• all points:



Acceptance Efficiencies

channel	generated	accepted		efficiency in %	
		EGHM	ALS	EGHM	ALS
bbbb	2593378	6684	51	0.258(3)	0.0020(3)
bb τ+τ-	45787	159	40	0.35(3)	0.087(14)
τ+τ-τ+τ-	188	1	0	0.5(5)	0.0
glu glu	21381	25	1	0.12(2)	0.005(5)
no aºaº	24659	78	0	0.32(4)	0.0
N _{events} =	N _{events} = 2685393				

- EGHM: bbbb and $bb\tau^+\tau^-$ efficiency same order of magnitude
- ALS: $bb\tau^+\tau^-$ well distinguished as it should be

First Check



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Lepton Reconstruction

- Compare lepton acceptance eventwise
 - identify $\Delta R_{I} < 0.2$
 - every accepted ALS lepton also accepted by EGHM's code
 - all further leptons found by EGHM within $\Delta R_{Ii} < 0.2$ to jet
- EGHM: any lepton
- ALS: only isolated leptons
- Conclusions
 - differences in lepton sector fully understood
 - EGHMs' results too optimistic

Accepted by EGHM	550000
Accepted by ALS	98000
EGHM, ALS leptons: $\Delta R_{I} < 0.2$	94738



Jets: P_T

EGHM	ALS	Cuts
70.4 %	67.6 %	b-jets: $P_T > 40 \text{ GeV}$
83.4 %	75.0 %	FWD: $P_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$
82.9 %	80.7 %	BWD: $P_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$

- Moved internal ALS cut to 15 GeV
- $\Delta\eta$ the same
- Smaller differences



Jet Reconstruction

EGHM	ALS	Cuts
77.2 %	27.8 %	Number \geq 4

 EGHMs' code: only two leptons with highest P_T marked
 → leptons incorrectly reconstructed as jets

	$h^0 \rightarrow a^0 a^0$	0.9909
BR	a⁰ → bb	0.9899
	a ⁰ → τ+τ-	0.0069



Conclusion

- Calorimeter simulations differ in
 - Lepton identification
 - Jet reconstruction
- EGHM: results too optimistic
 - Dominant bbbb signal for $bb\tau^+\tau^-$ analysis
 - Non-zero efficiency for non-isolated leptons
- Results confirmed by EGHM
 - No special treatment of bbbb final states