

TAU CONTAMINATION AT THE NEUTRINO FACTORY

Andrea Donini, IFT (UAM/CSIC) & IFIC (UV/CSIC)

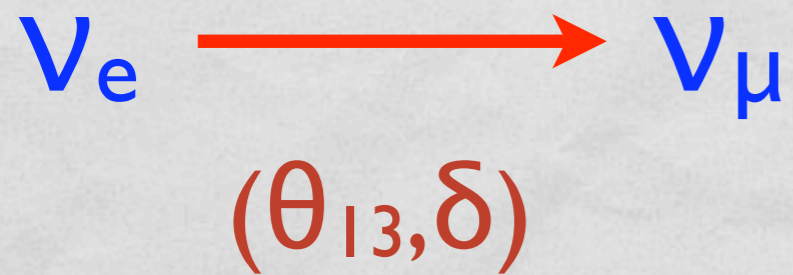
In collaboration with:

J.J. Gómez Cadenas

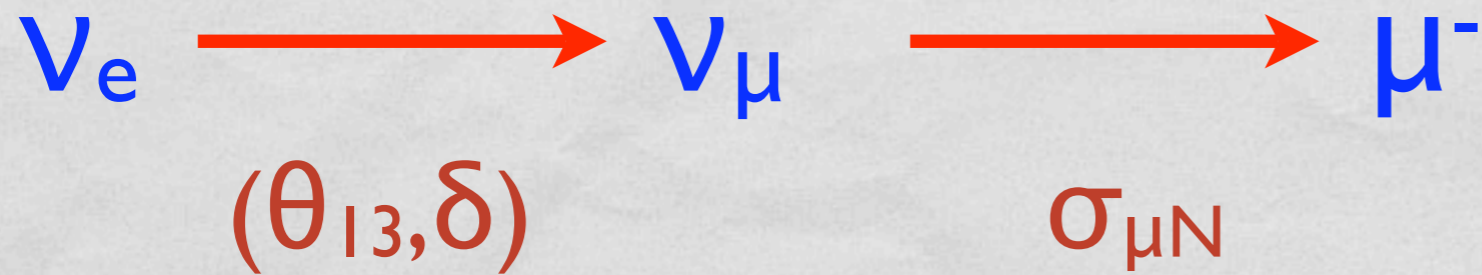
D. Meloni

arXiv: 1005.2275 [hep-ph]

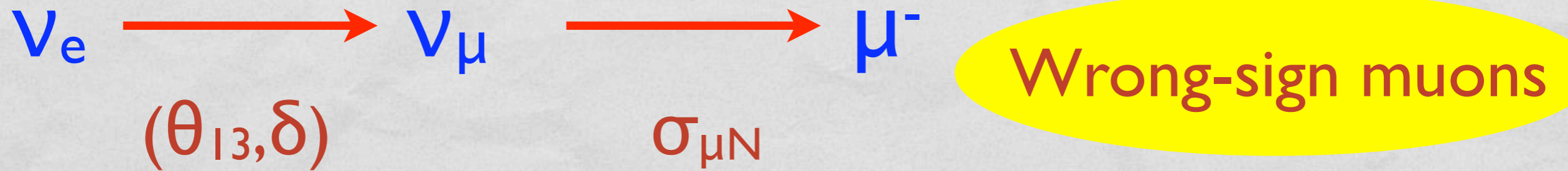
THE GOLDEN CHANNEL



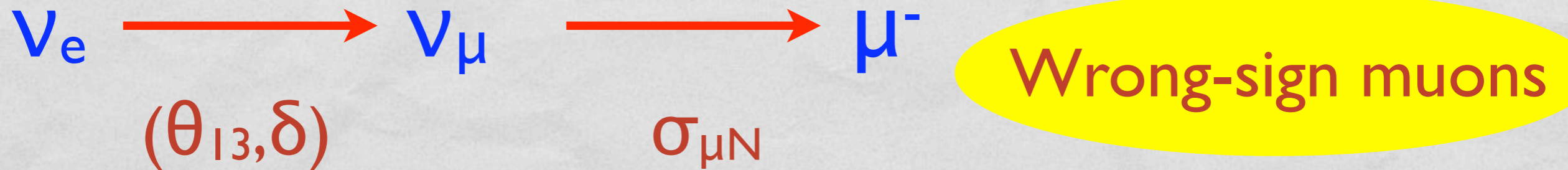
THE GOLDEN CHANNEL



THE GOLDEN CHANNEL



THE GOLDEN CHANNEL



Dominant backgrounds:

right-sign muons

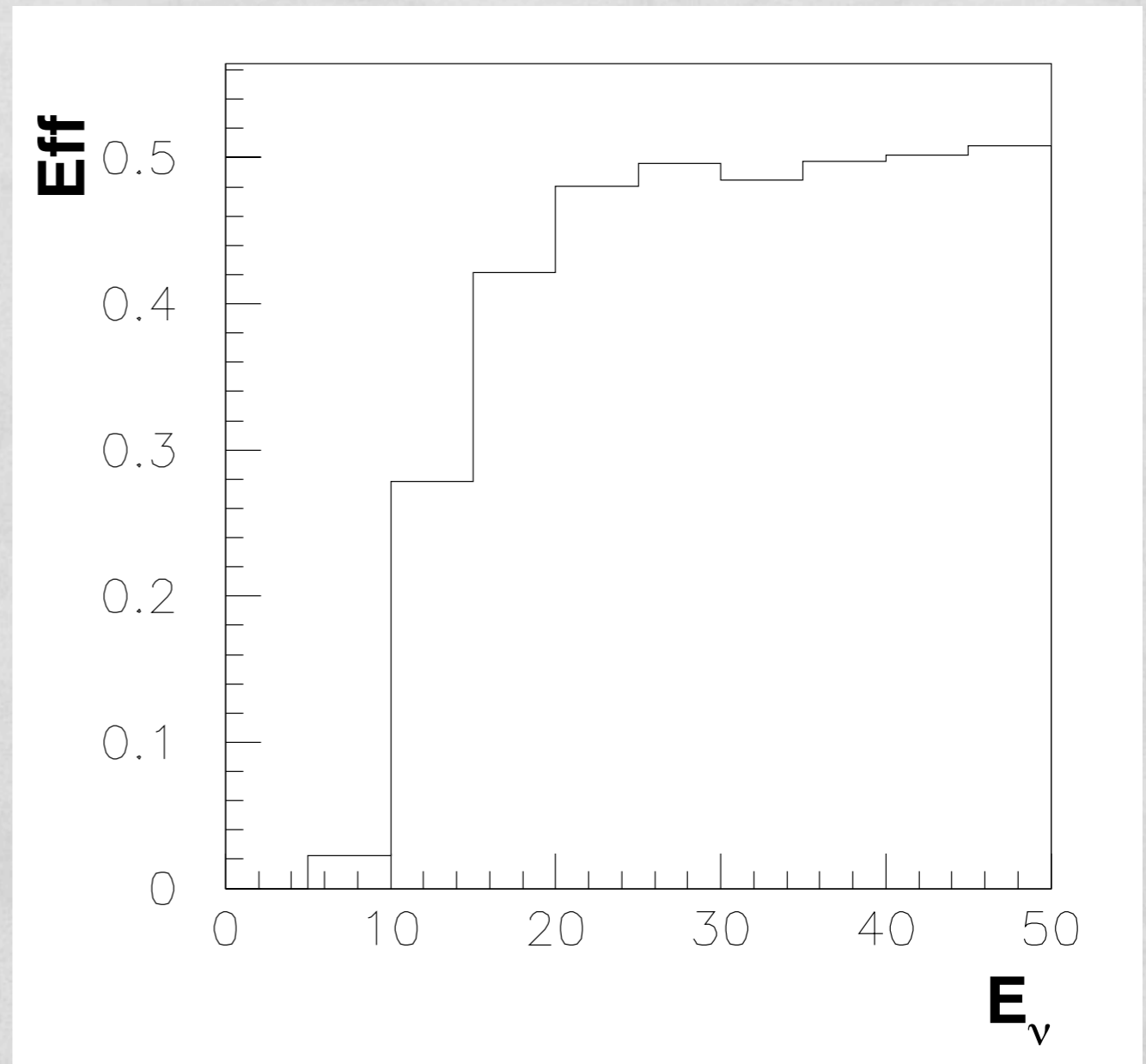
CC with missed lepton + fake muon from hadrons

NC + fake muon from hadrons

OLD MIND EFFICIENCY

Tight kinematical cuts give a very low efficiency below 10 GeV and a very low background fraction

Cervera et al, hep-ph/0002108

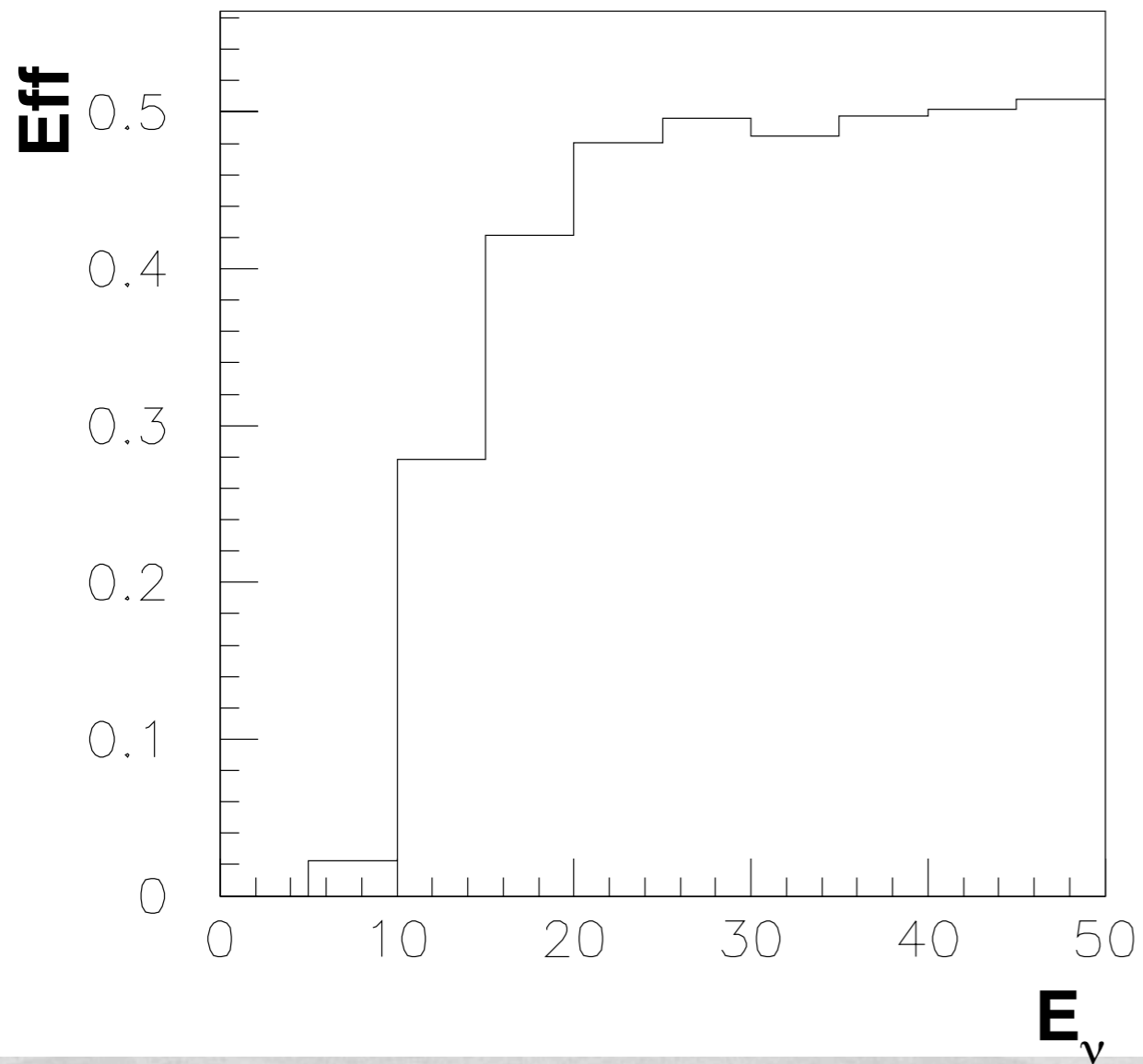


CORR'S AND DEGENERACIES

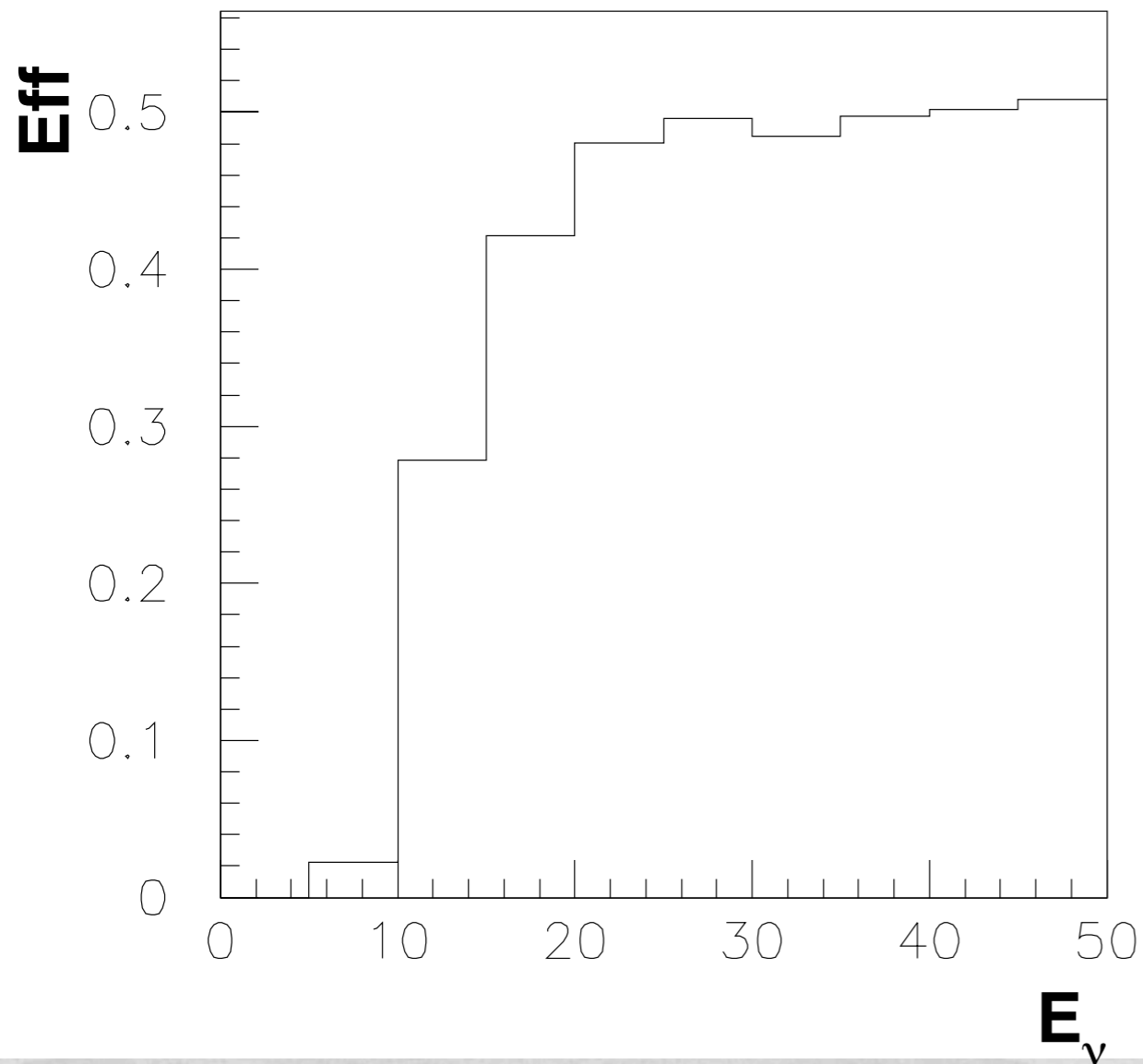
- **Correlations and Degeneracies** (CaD) are a serious problem for the High-Energy (> 10 GeV) Neutrino Factory
- The oscillation signal is **NOT on peak**, and data below and above peak are needed to solve the problem

ISS Physics Rep., Bandyopadhyay et al, arXiv:0710.4947

NEW MIND EFFICIENCY

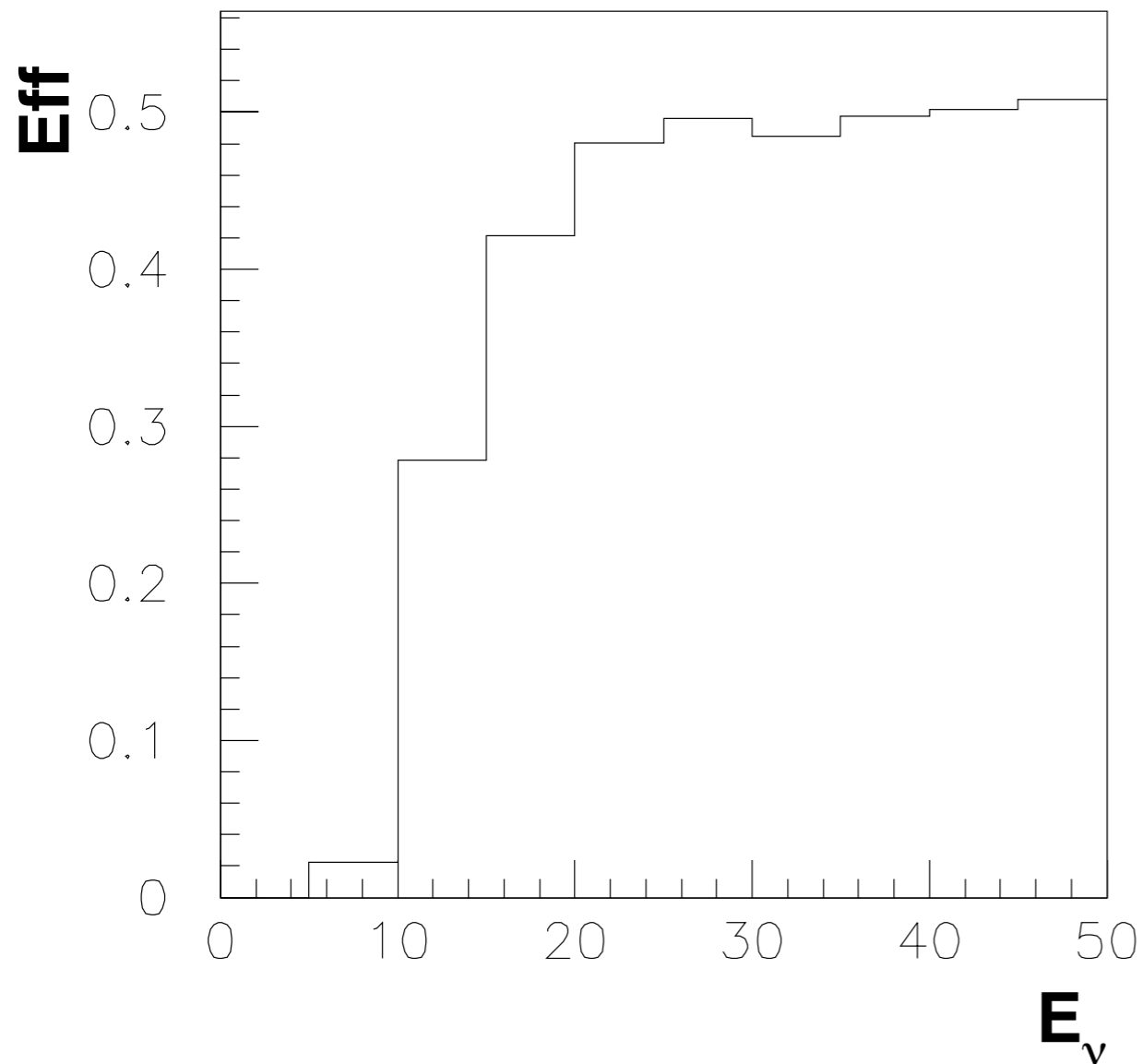


NEW MIND EFFICIENCY



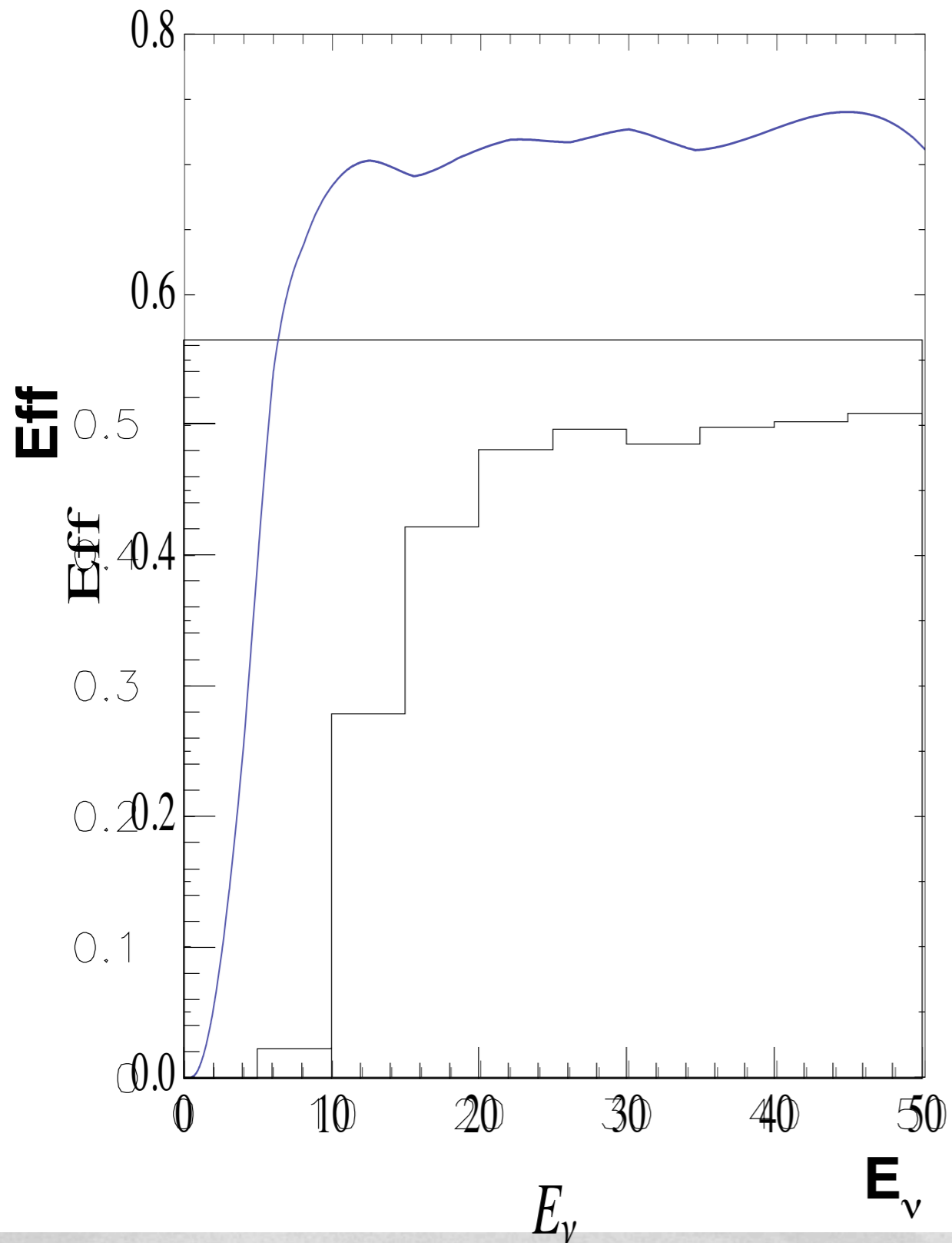
Cuts are relaxed to increase the efficiency at low energy

NEW MIND EFFICIENCY



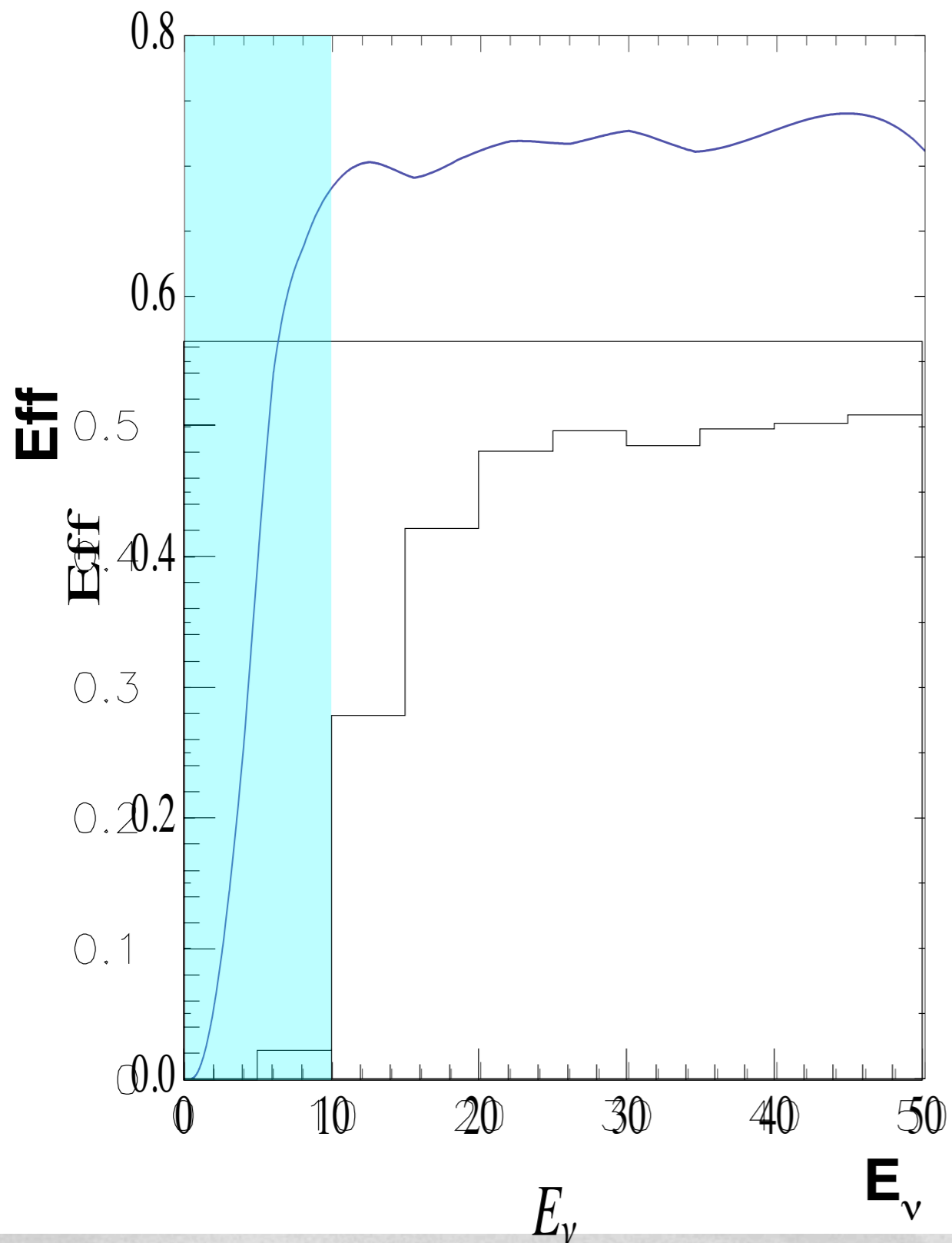
Cuts are relaxed to increase the efficiency at low energy

NEW MIND EFFICIENCY



Cuts are relaxed to increase the efficiency at low energy

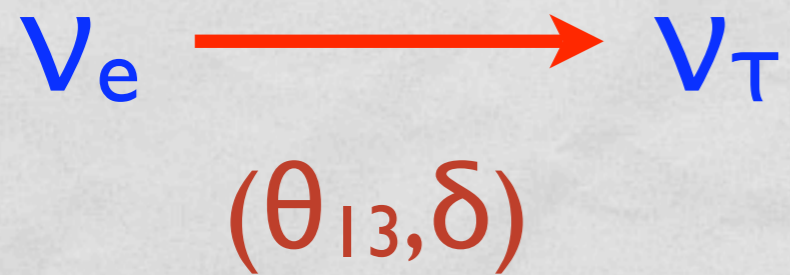
NEW MIND EFFICIENCY



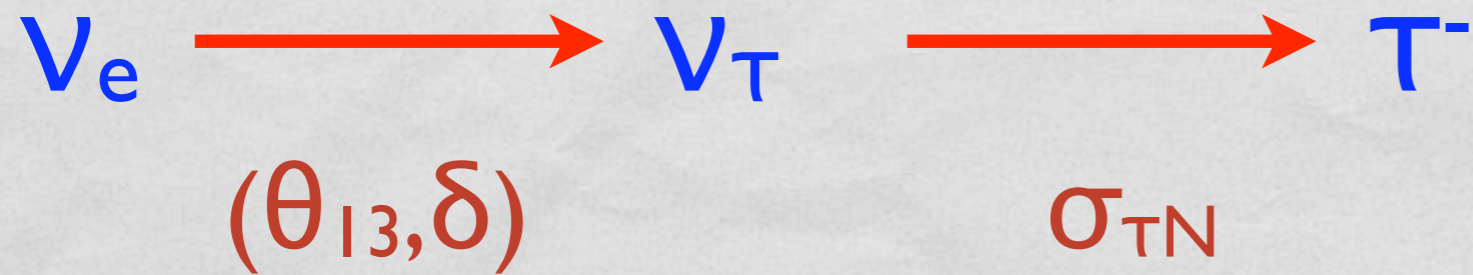
Cuts are relaxed to increase the efficiency at low energy

ISS Detector Rep., Abe et al,
JINST 4 (2009) T05001

SILVER CHANNEL AT MIND



SILVER CHANNEL AT MIND



SILVER CHANNEL AT MIND



SILVER CHANNEL AT MIND



Wrong-sign muons

SILVER CHANNEL AT MIND



Wrong-sign muons

In ECC or LAr detectors, this is a separate signal

SILVER CHANNEL AT MIND



Wrong-sign muons

In **ECC** or **LAr** detectors, this is a separate signal

In **MIND**, this signal adds to the golden muon sample

FINAL MUON ENERGY

- **Fitting in the Final Muon Energy:**
 - add the two samples: more signal
 - no hadronic calorimeter info: more background

Indumati and Sinha, arXiv:0910.2020 (right-sign muons)

RECONSTRUCTED NEUTRINO ENERGY

Fitting in the reconstructed neutrino energy:

RECONSTRUCTED NEUTRINO ENERGY

Fitting in the reconstructed neutrino energy:

- $E_{\nu\mu} = E_{\mu} + E_{\text{hadr}}$ (golden muons)

RECONSTRUCTED NEUTRINO ENERGY

Fitting in the reconstructed neutrino energy:

- $E_{\nu\mu} = E_{\mu} + E_{\text{hadr}}$ (golden muons)
- $E_{\nu\tau} = E_{\tau} + E_{\text{hadr}} = (E_{\mu} + E_{\text{miss}}) + E_{\text{hadr}}$ (silver muons)

RECONSTRUCTED NEUTRINO ENERGY

Fitting in the reconstructed neutrino energy:

- $E_{\nu\mu} = E_{\mu} + E_{\text{hadr}}$ (golden muons)
- $E_{\nu\tau} = E_{\tau} + E_{\text{hadr}} = (E_{\mu} + E_{\text{miss}}) + E_{\text{hadr}}$ (silver muons)



$$\text{“}E_{\nu\mu}\text{”} = E_{\mu} + E_{\text{hadr}} < E_{\nu\tau}$$

The neutrino energy is wrongly reconstructed!

RECONSTRUCTED NEUTRINO ENERGY

Fitting in the reconstructed neutrino energy:

- $E_{\nu\mu} = E_{\mu} + E_{\text{hadr}}$ (golden muons)
- $E_{\nu\tau} = E_{\tau} + E_{\text{hadr}} = (E_{\mu} + E_{\text{miss}}) + E_{\text{hadr}}$ (silver muons)

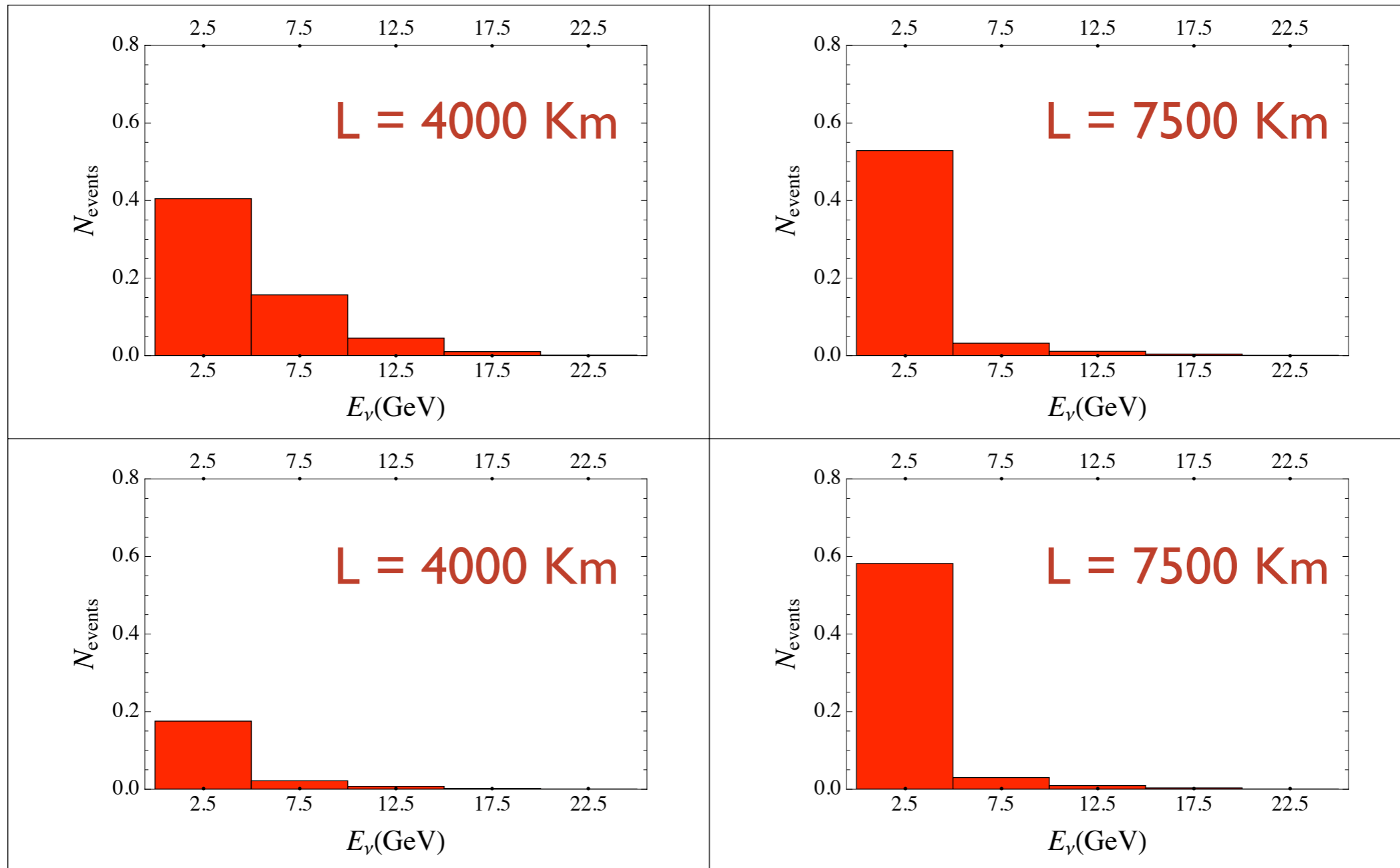


$$\text{“}E_{\nu\mu}\text{”} = E_{\mu} + E_{\text{hadr}} < E_{\nu\tau}$$

The neutrino energy is wrongly reconstructed!

This is what we call **τ -contamination!**

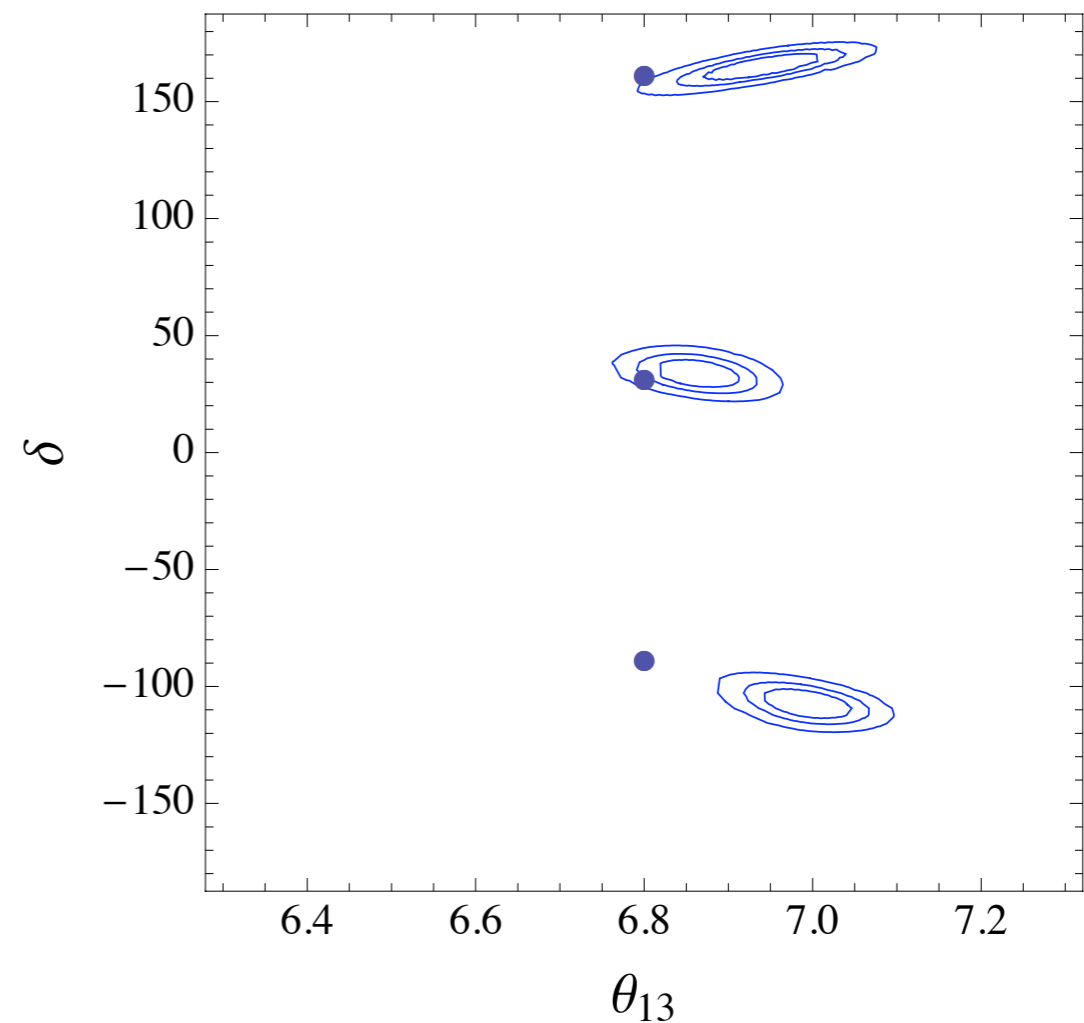
TAU CONTAMINATION



25 GeV NF

WRONG TREATMENT

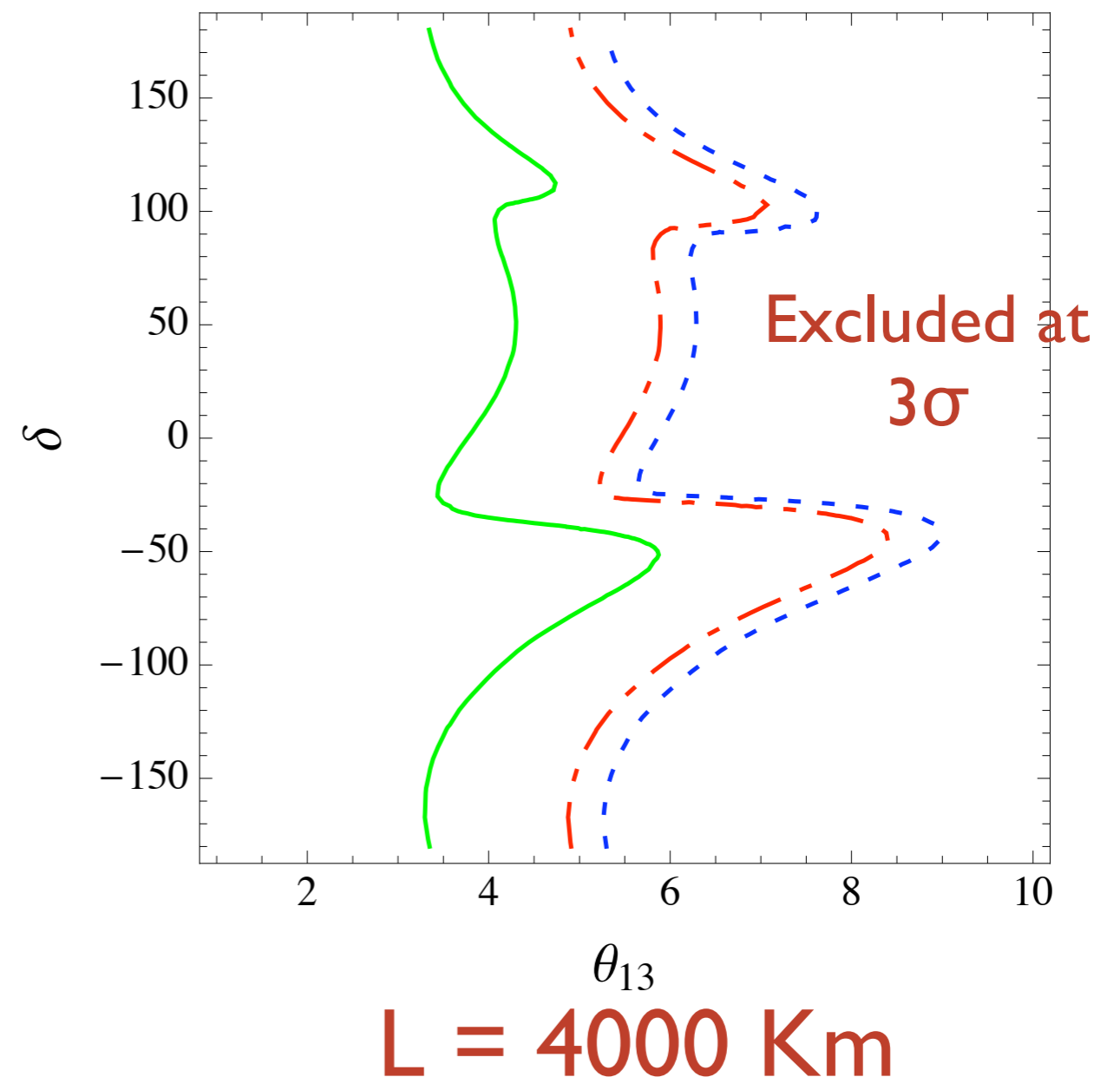
- Fitting tau-contaminated data with the golden muon distribution, only
- $\theta_{13} = 6.8^\circ$
 $\delta = 160^\circ, 30^\circ, -90^\circ$



Gonzalez-Garcia, Maltoni, Salvado, arXiv:1001.4524

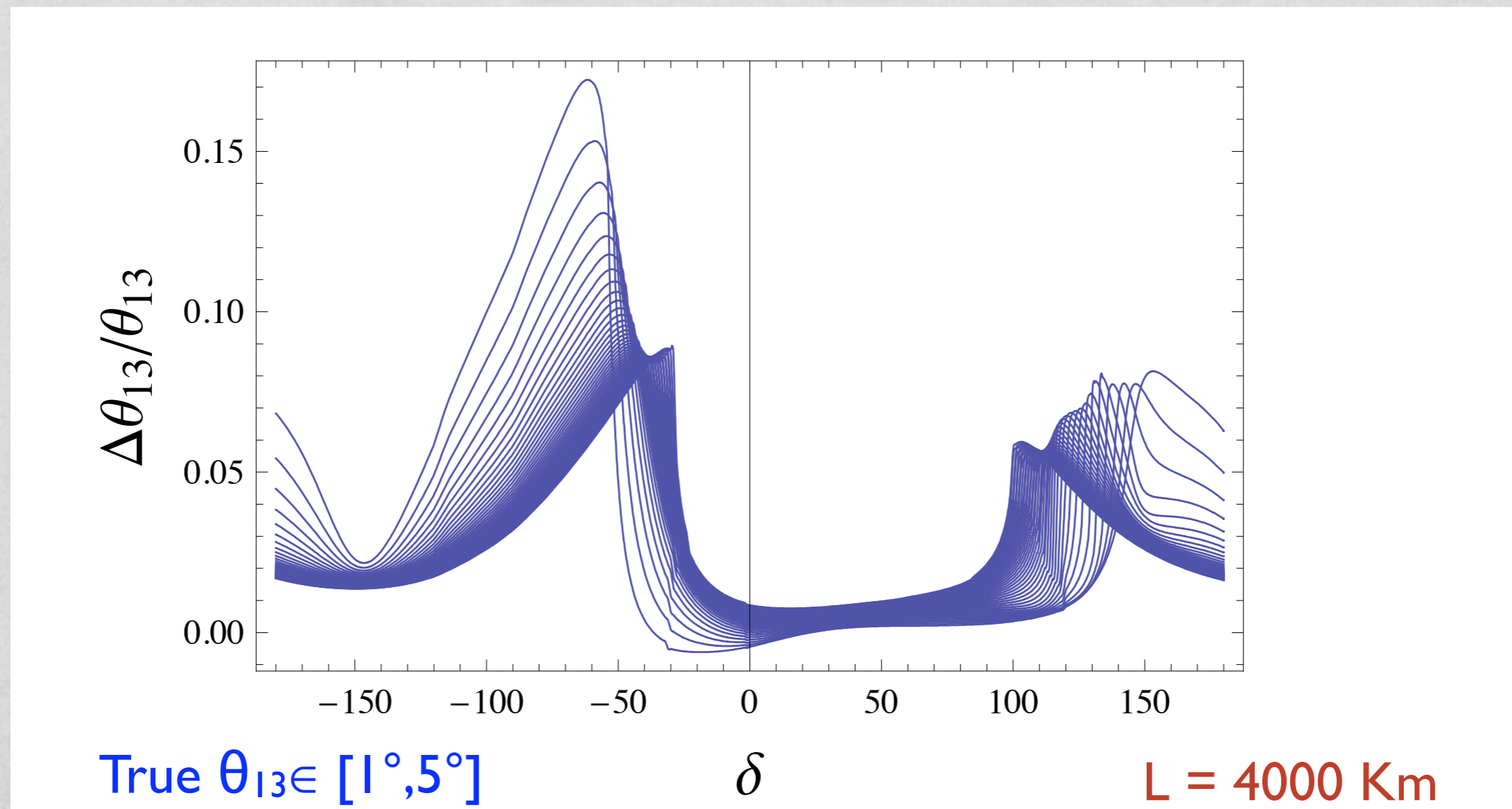
HYPOTHESIS TEST

- How good is the hypothesis that tau-contaminated data can be fitted with the golden muon distribution, only?
- The answer is: **VERY POOR!!!!!!**



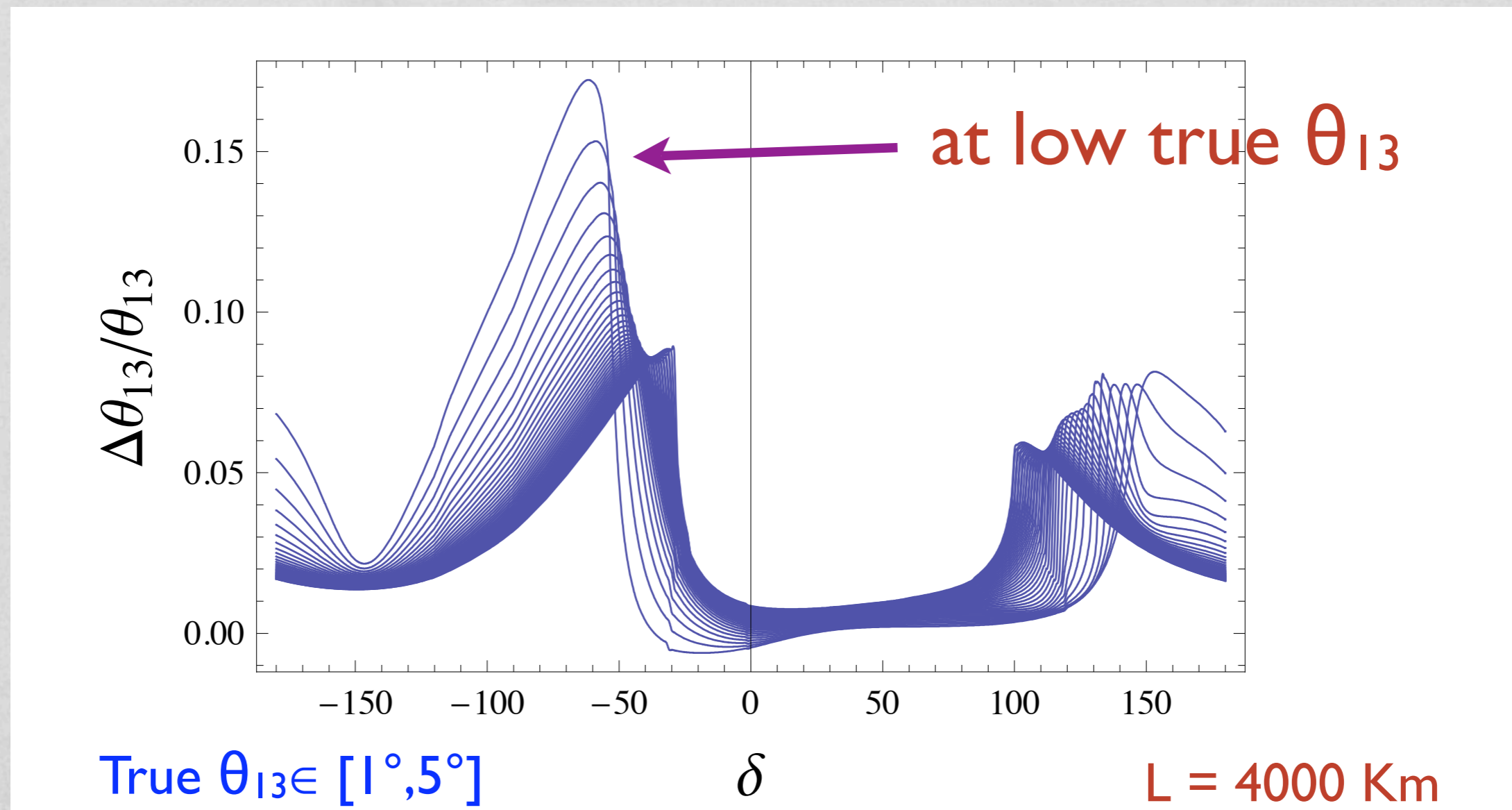
FITTED PARAMETERS, I

Relative error in the best-fit value for θ_{13}



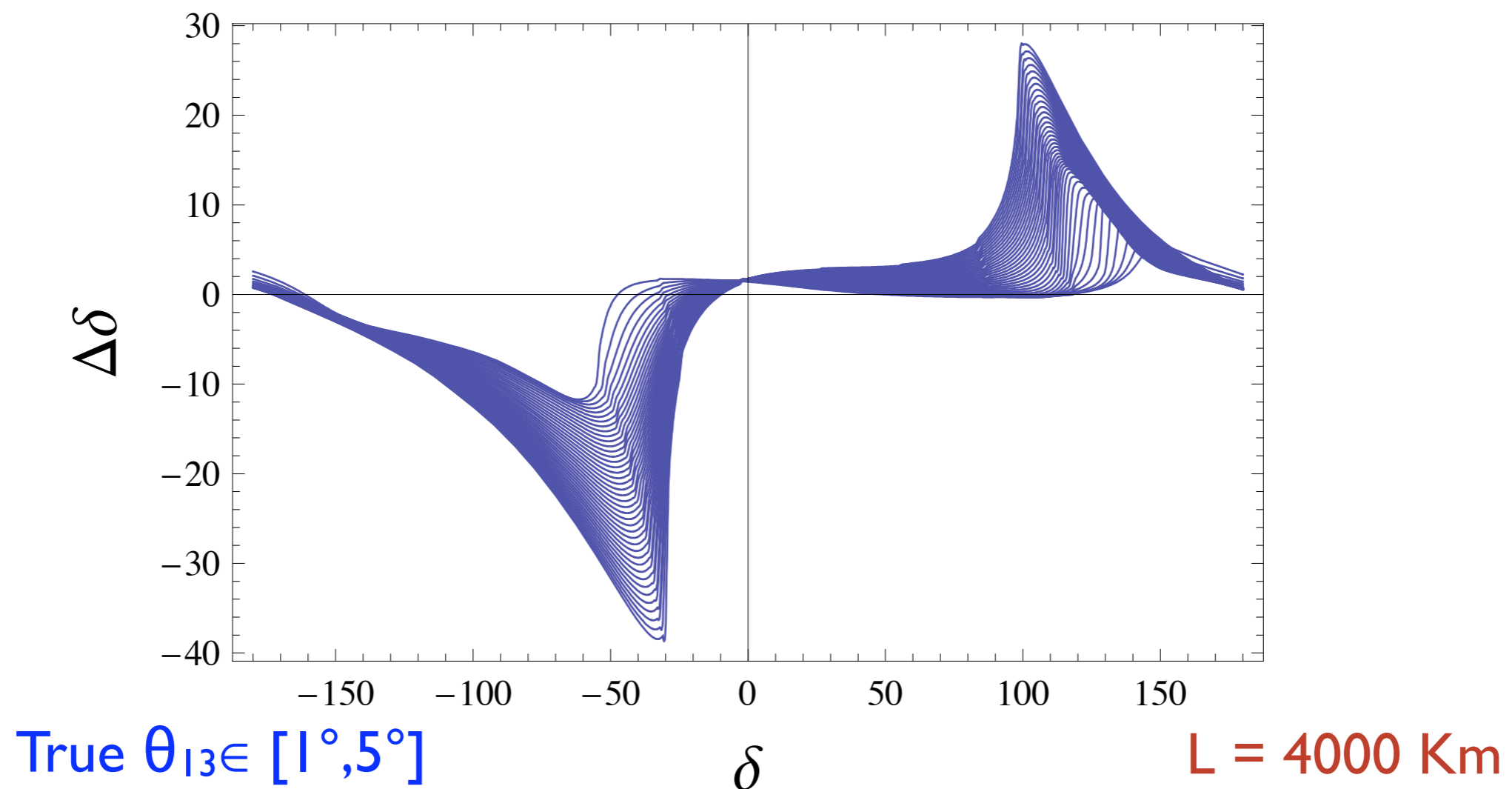
FITTED PARAMETERS, I

Relative error in the best-fit value for θ_{13}



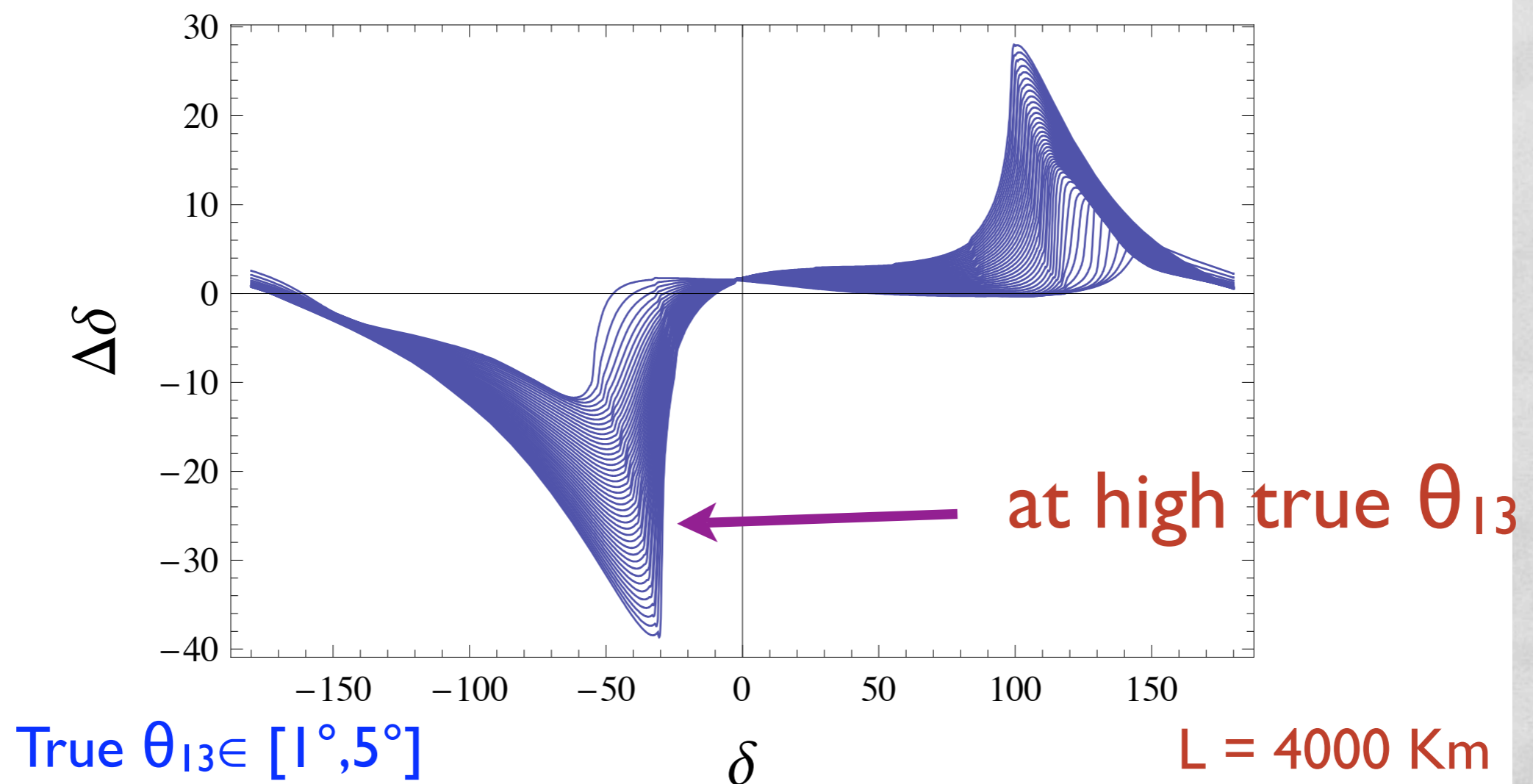
FITTED PARAMETERS, 2

Absolute error in the best-fit value for δ

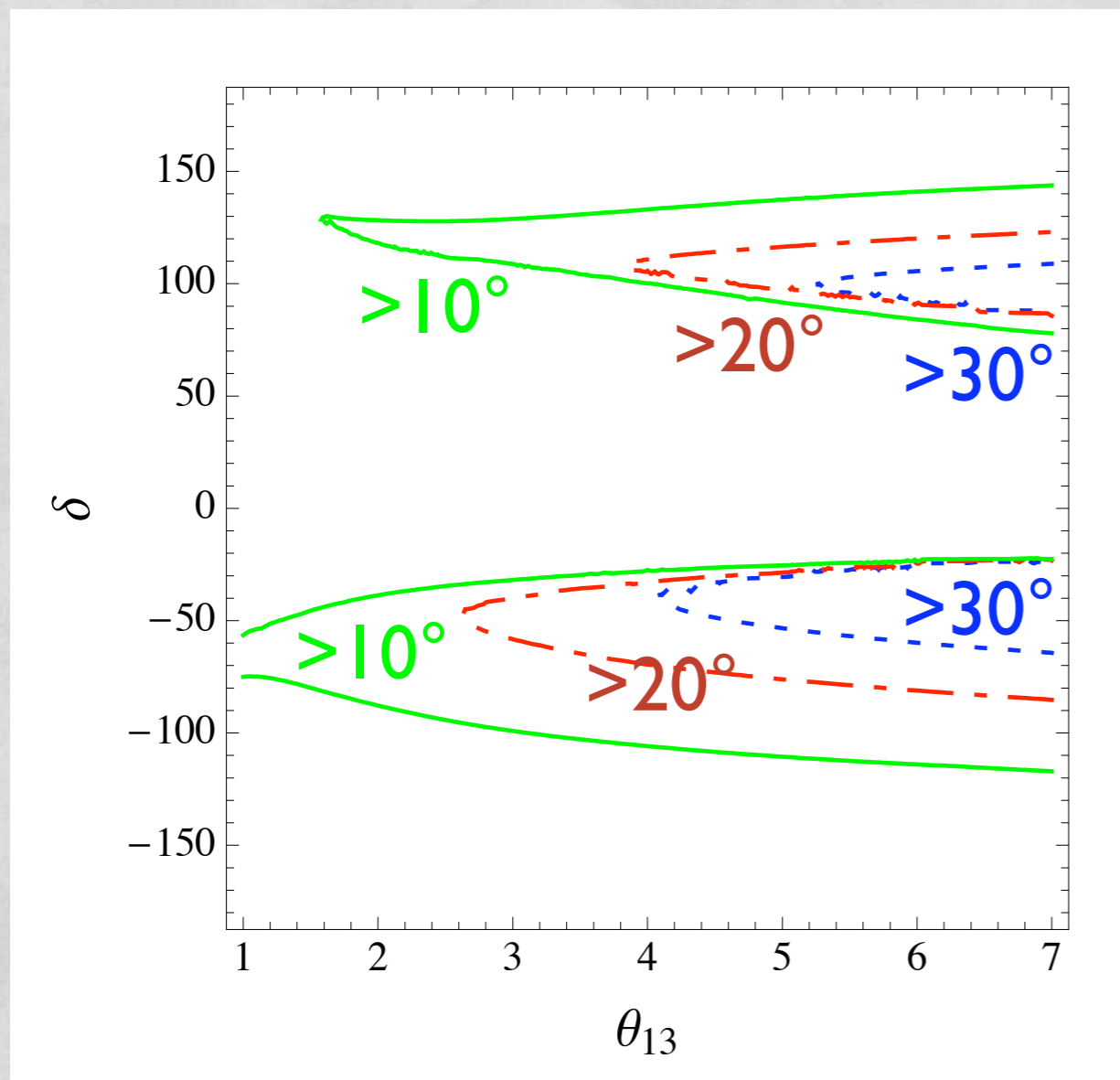


FITTED PARAMETERS, 2

Absolute error in the best-fit value for δ

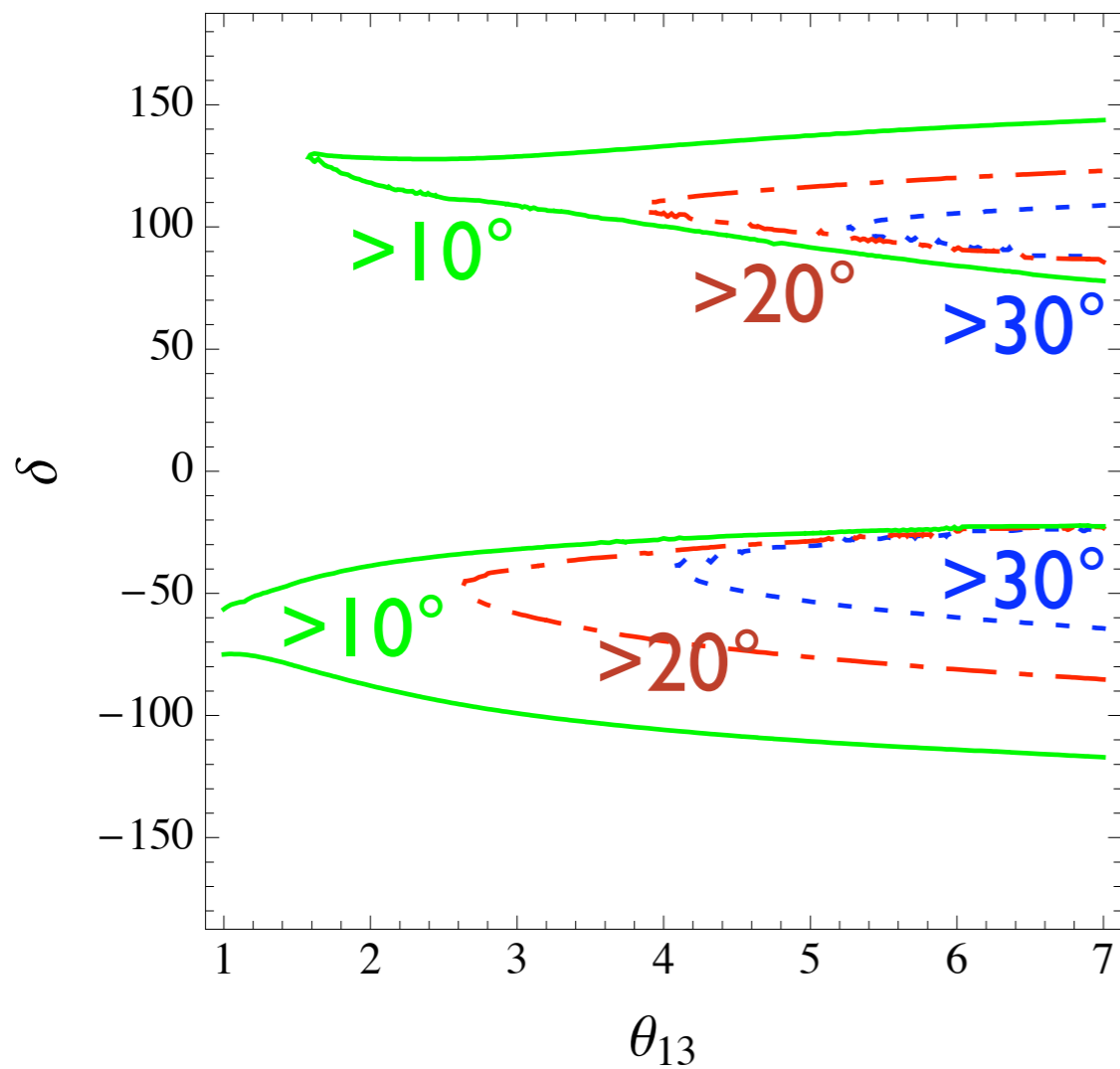


ABSOLUTE ERROR IN δ

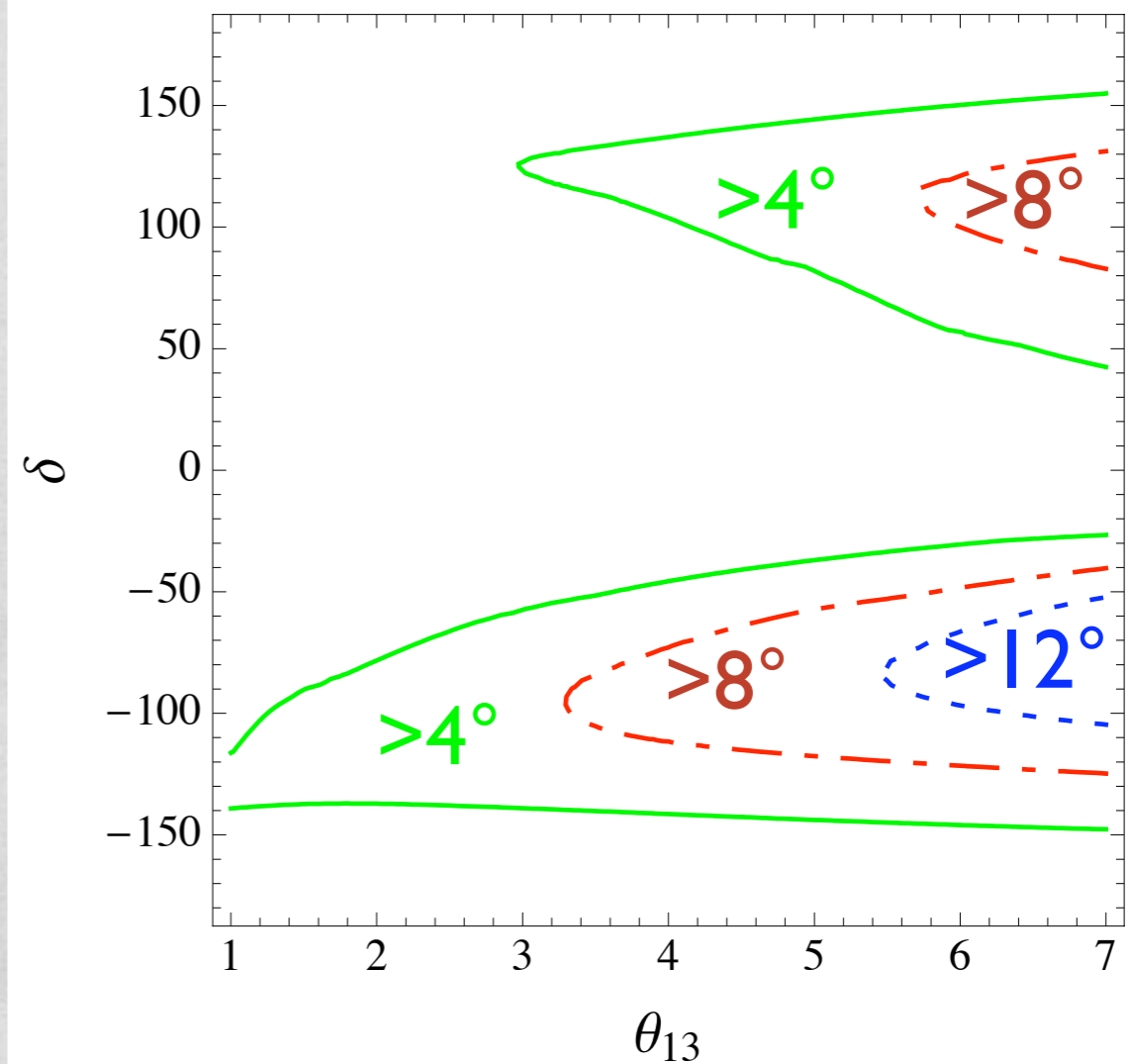


$L = 4000 \text{ Km}$

ABSOLUTE ERROR IN δ



$L = 4000 \text{ Km}$

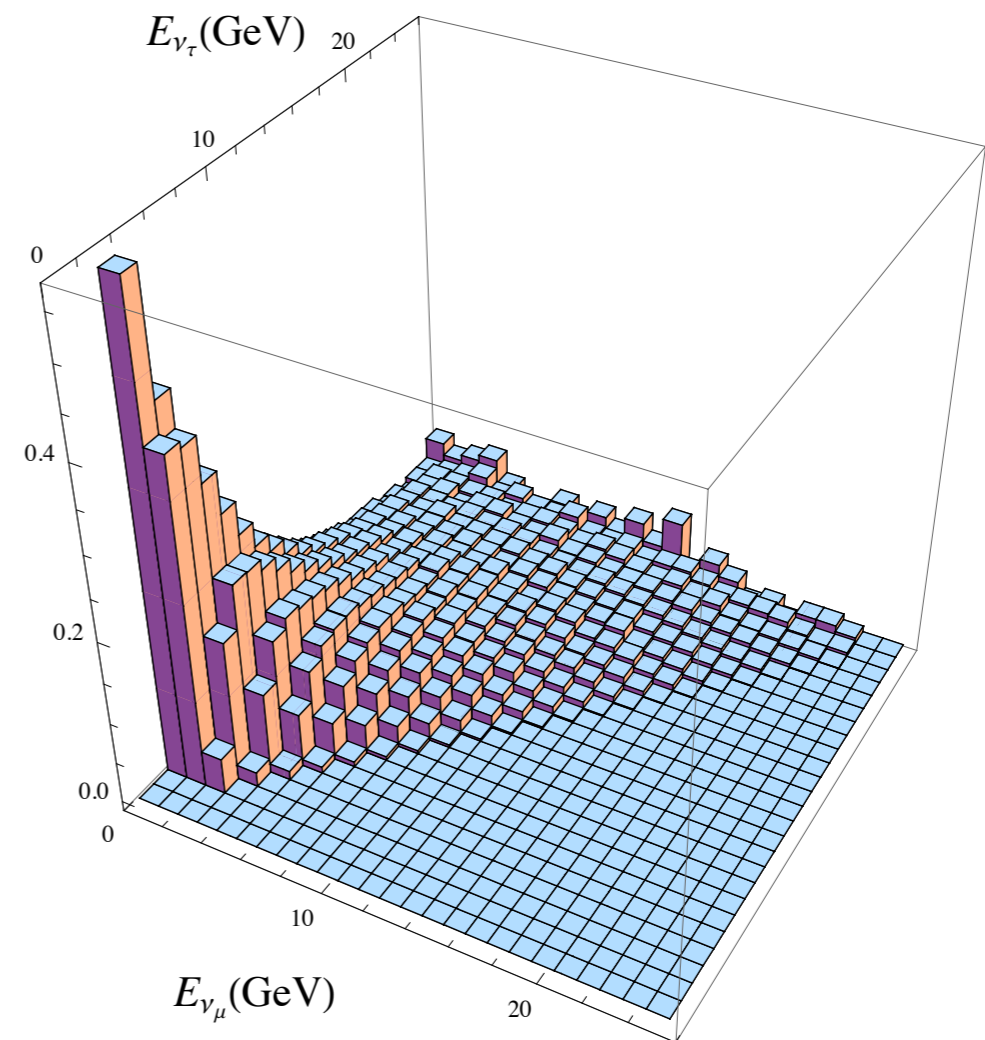


$L = 4000 + 7500 \text{ Km}$

THE MIGRATION MATRIX M_{ij}

- $10^6 \nu_\tau$ per energy bin
- Cross-section and differential decay width $\tau \rightarrow \mu \nu_\mu \nu_\tau$ with GENIE

Andreopoulos et al, arXiv:0905.2517

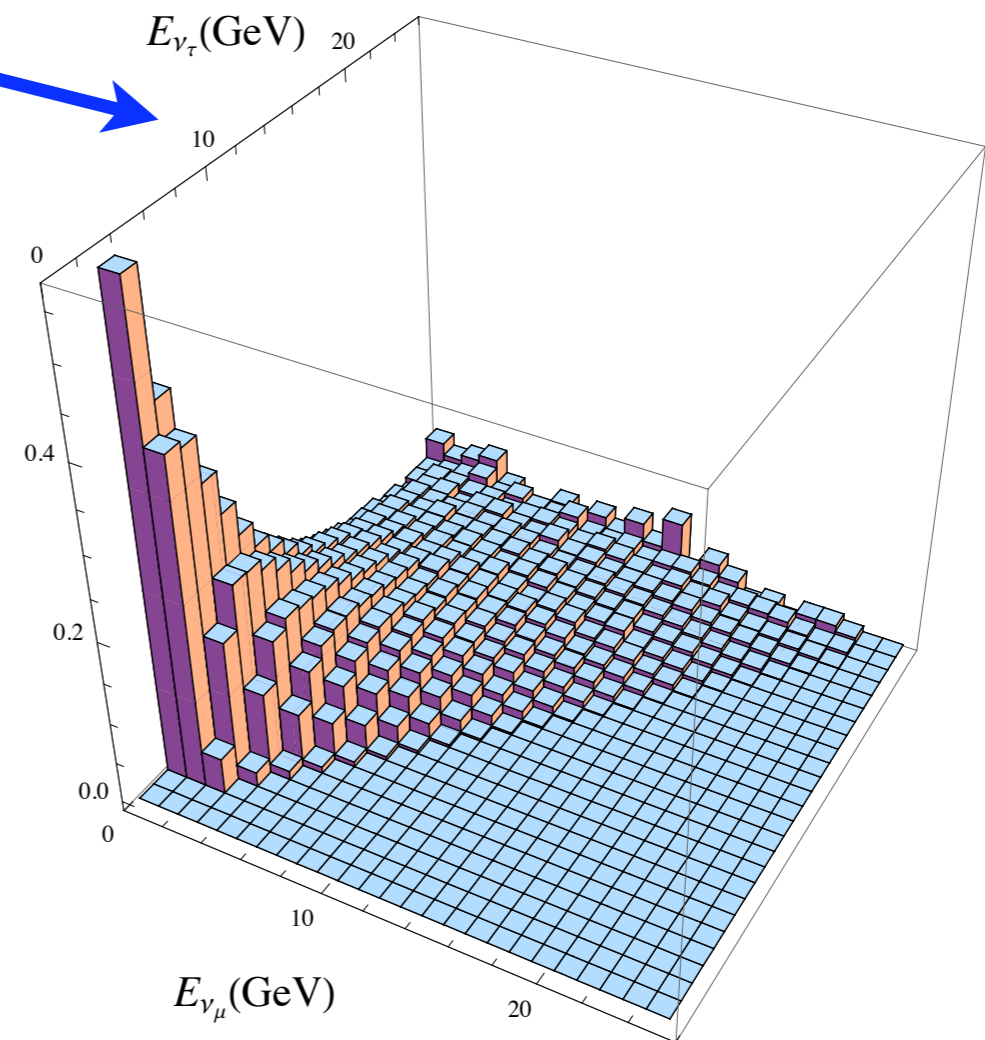


THE MIGRATION MATRIX M_{ij}

True $E_{\nu\tau}$

- $10^6 \nu_\tau$ per energy bin
- Cross-section and differential decay width $\tau \rightarrow \mu \nu_\mu \nu_\tau$ with GENIE

Andreopoulos et al, arXiv:0905.2517



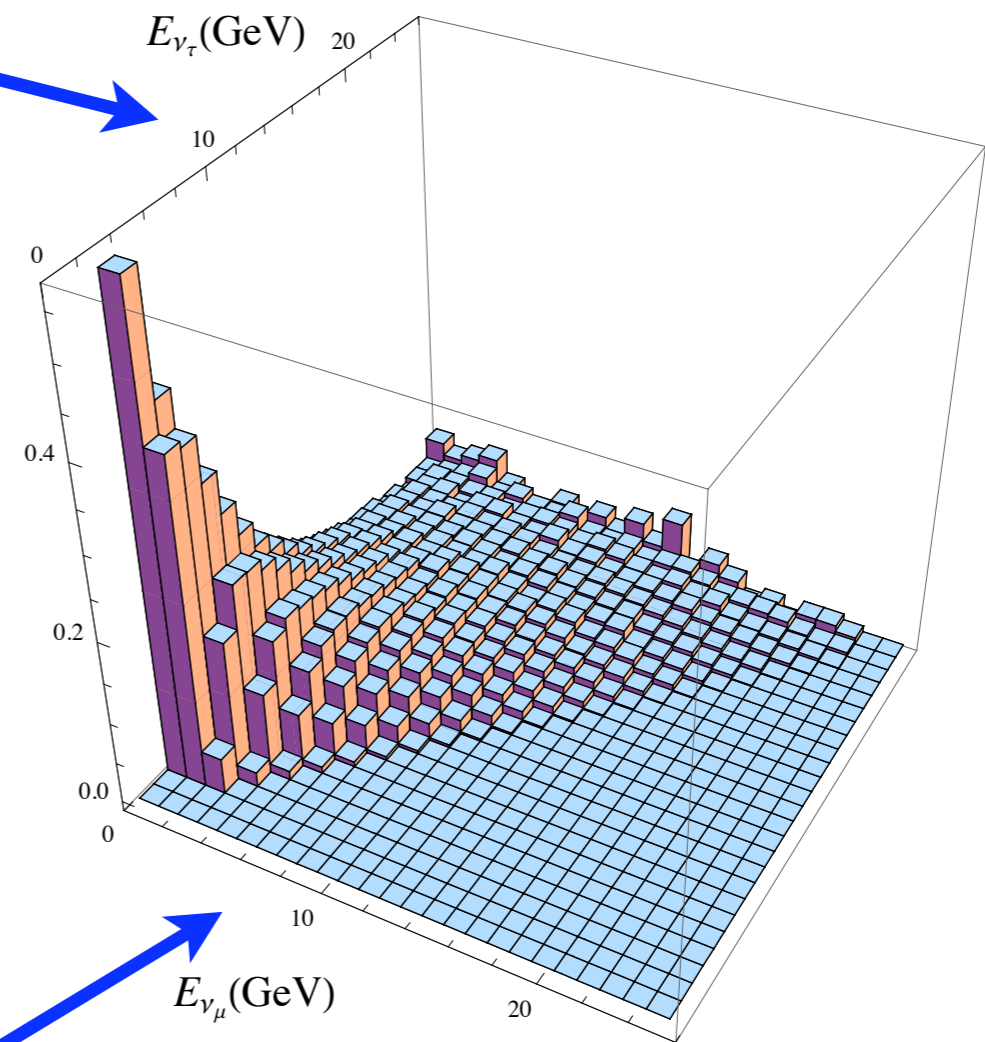
THE MIGRATION MATRIX M_{ij}

True $E_{\nu\tau}$

- $10^6 \nu_\tau$ per energy bin
- Cross-section and differential decay width $\tau \rightarrow \mu \nu_\mu \nu_\tau$ with GENIE

Andreopoulos et al, arXiv:0905.2517

Fake $E_{\nu\mu}$



THE COMPLETE SIGNAL

Once we have computed the migration matrix M_{ij} , we can compute theoretically the complete signal:

$$N^i_{\text{obs}} = N^i_{\mu} + \sum_j M_{ij} N^j_{\tau \rightarrow \mu}$$

THE COMPLETE SIGNAL

Once we have computed the migration matrix M_{ij} , we can compute theoretically the complete signal:

$$N^i_{\text{obs}} = N^i_{\mu} + \sum_j M_{ij} N^j_{\tau \rightarrow \mu}$$



Golden muons

THE COMPLETE SIGNAL

Once we have computed the migration matrix M_{ij} , we can compute theoretically the complete signal:

$$N^i_{\text{obs}} = N^i_{\mu} + \sum_j M_{ij} N^j_{\tau \rightarrow \mu}$$

Golden muons

Migration Matrix

THE COMPLETE SIGNAL

Once we have computed the migration matrix M_{ij} , we can compute theoretically the complete signal:

$$N^i_{\text{obs}} = N^i_{\mu} + \sum_j M_{ij} N^j_{\tau \rightarrow \mu}$$

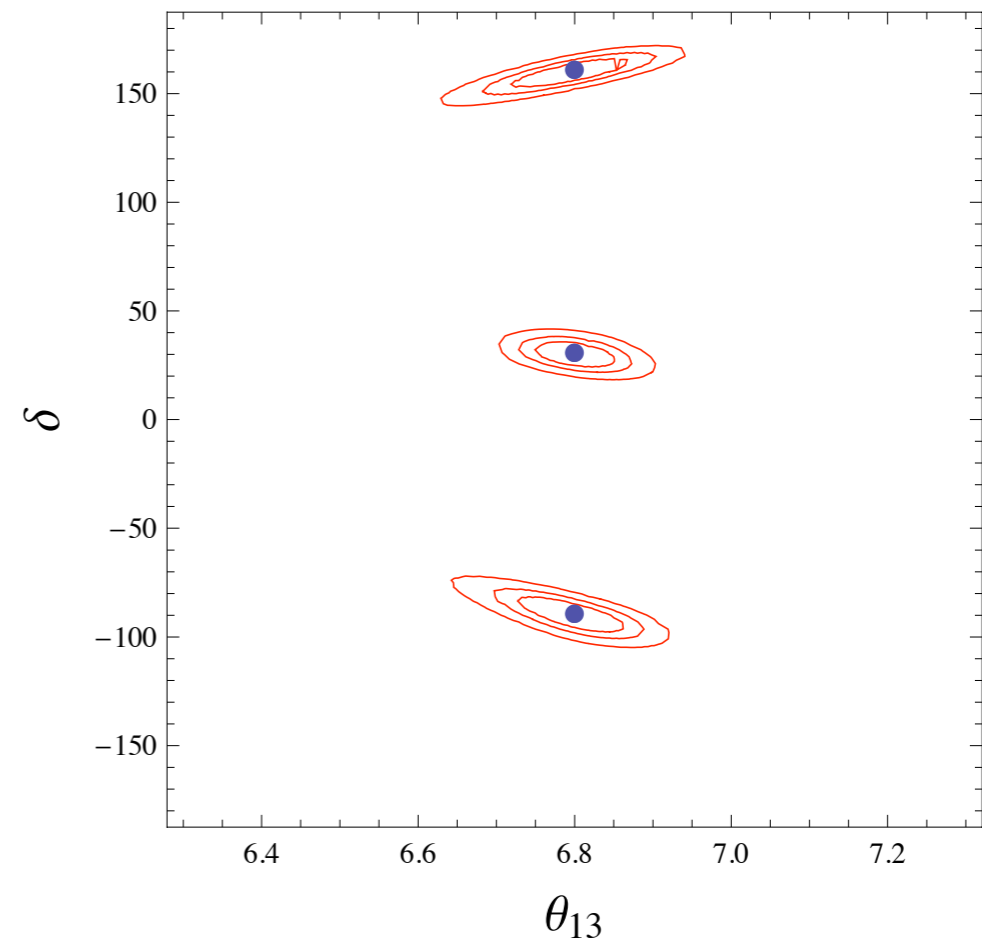
Golden muons

Silver muons

Migration Matrix

RIGHT TREATMENT

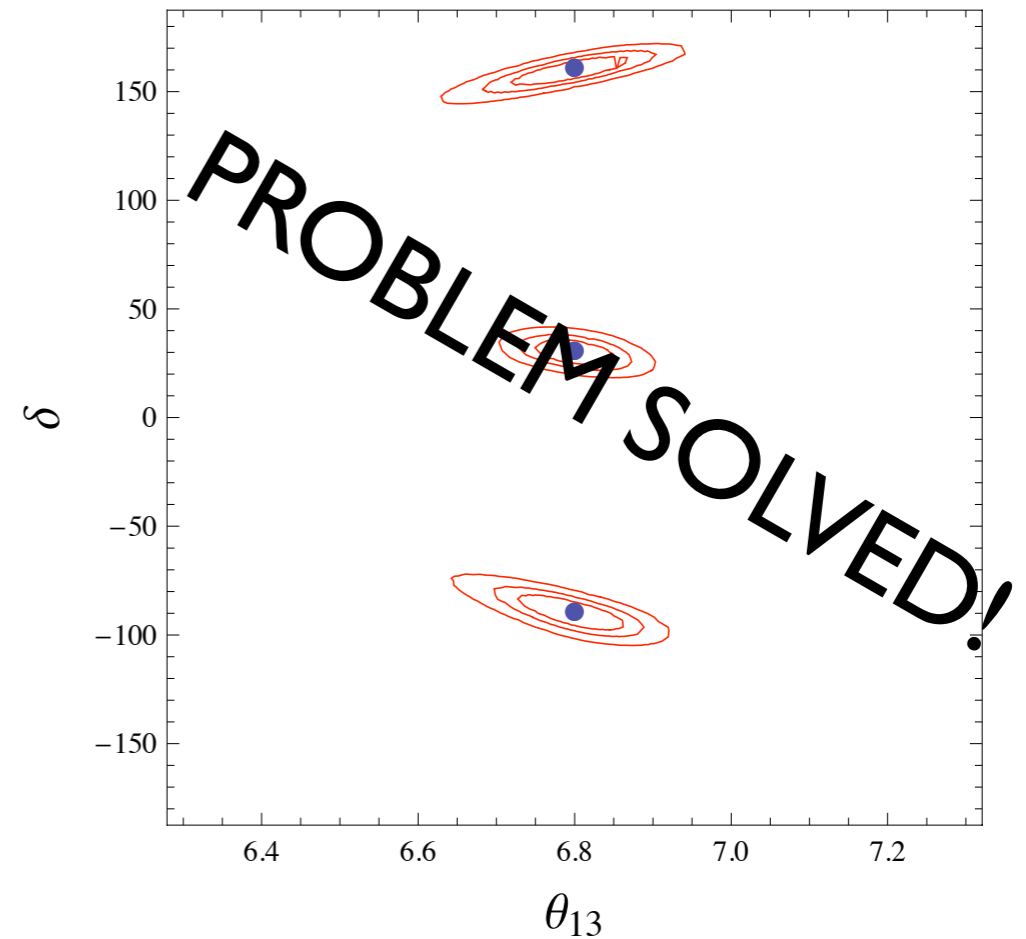
- Fitting tau-contaminated data with the complete theoretical distribution
- $\theta_{13} = 6.8^\circ$
 $\delta = 160^\circ, 30^\circ, -90^\circ$



Gonzalez-Garcia, Maltoni, Salvado, arXiv:1001.4524

RIGHT TREATMENT

- Fitting tau-contaminated data with the complete theoretical distribution
- $\theta_{13} = 6.8^\circ$
 $\delta = 160^\circ, 30^\circ, -90^\circ$



Gonzalez-Garcia, Maltoni, Salvado, arXiv:1001.4524

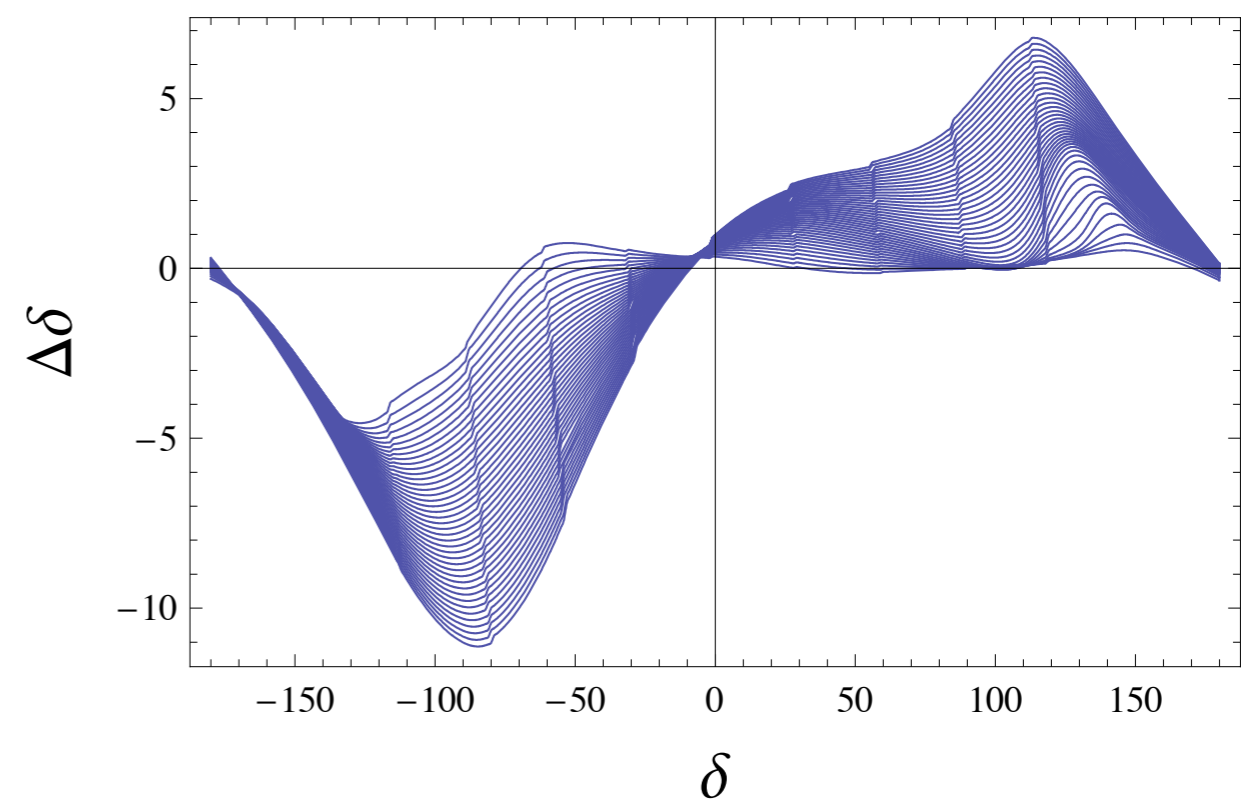
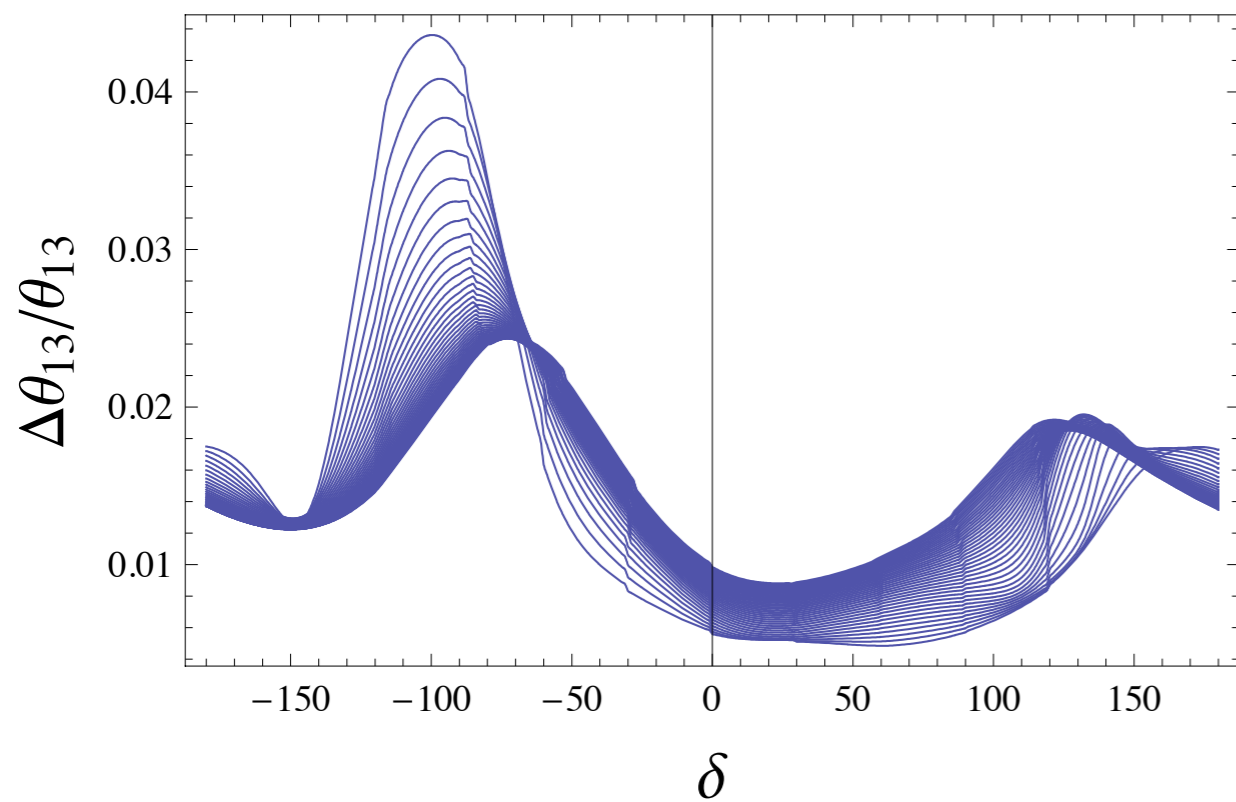
CONCLUSIONS, I

- Wrong-sign muons from wrong-sign taus represent an unavoidable component of the signal at MIND
- Using the final muon energy: larger backgrounds
- Using the reconstructed neutrino energy, but not including this component, gives either
 - an awful fit (for $\theta_{13} > 5^\circ$)
 - a wrong measurement of θ_{13} and δ (for $\theta_{13} \in [1^\circ, 5^\circ]$)

CONCLUSIONS,2

- We have statistically computed the migration matrix that assigns muon-from-tau events corresponding to a given $E_{\nu\tau}$ to bins in fake $E_{\nu\mu}$
- When the theoretical distribution of expected events take into account this component, the problem is solved
- We must include M_{ij} in Globes

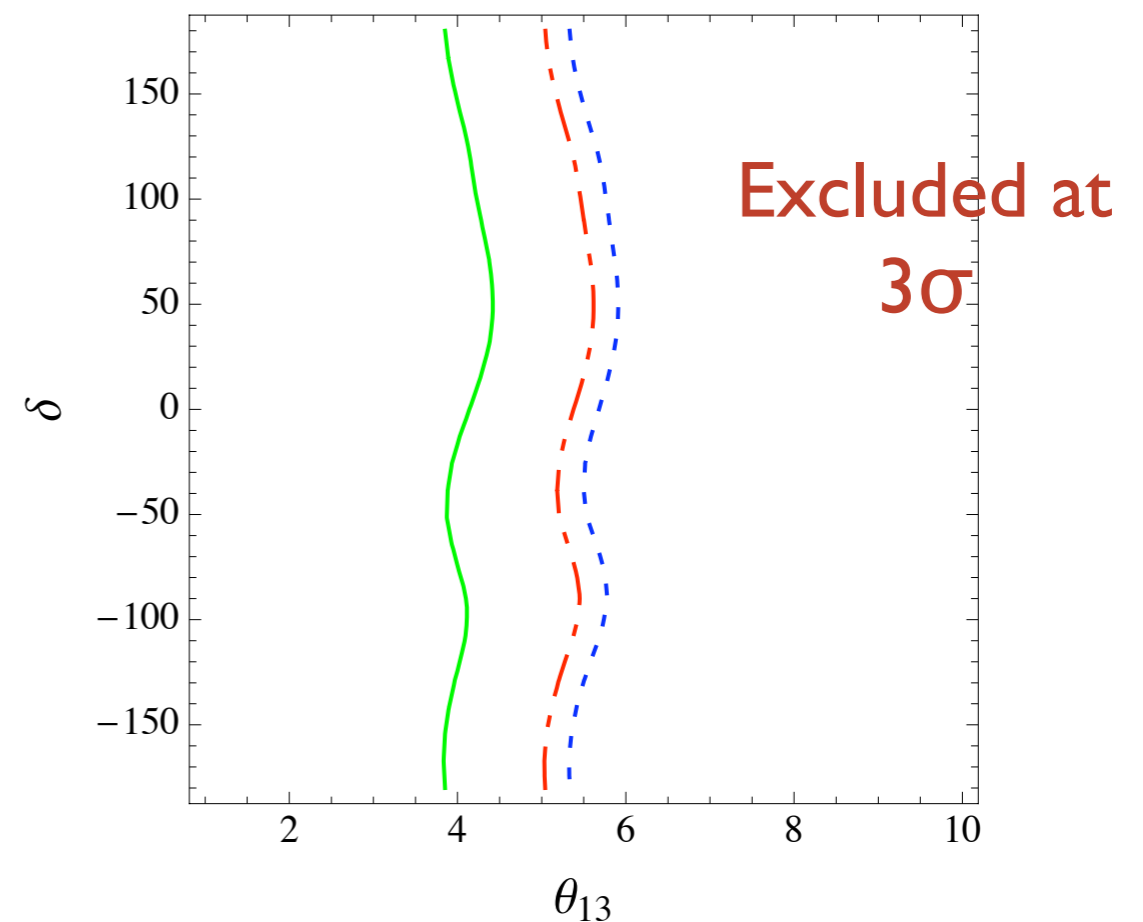
OTHER PLOTS, I



$L = 4000 \text{ Km} + 7500 \text{ Km}$

OTHER PLOTS, 2

- How good is the hypothesis that tau-contaminated data can be fitted with the golden muon distribution, only?
- The answer is: **VERY POOR!!!!!!**



$$L = 4000 \text{ Km} + 7500 \text{ Km}$$