

Dark matters in EOSC Future

Fellowship project: developing an online collaborative platform to serve astro-particle physics communities

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Horizon 2020





PROJECT OVERVIEW

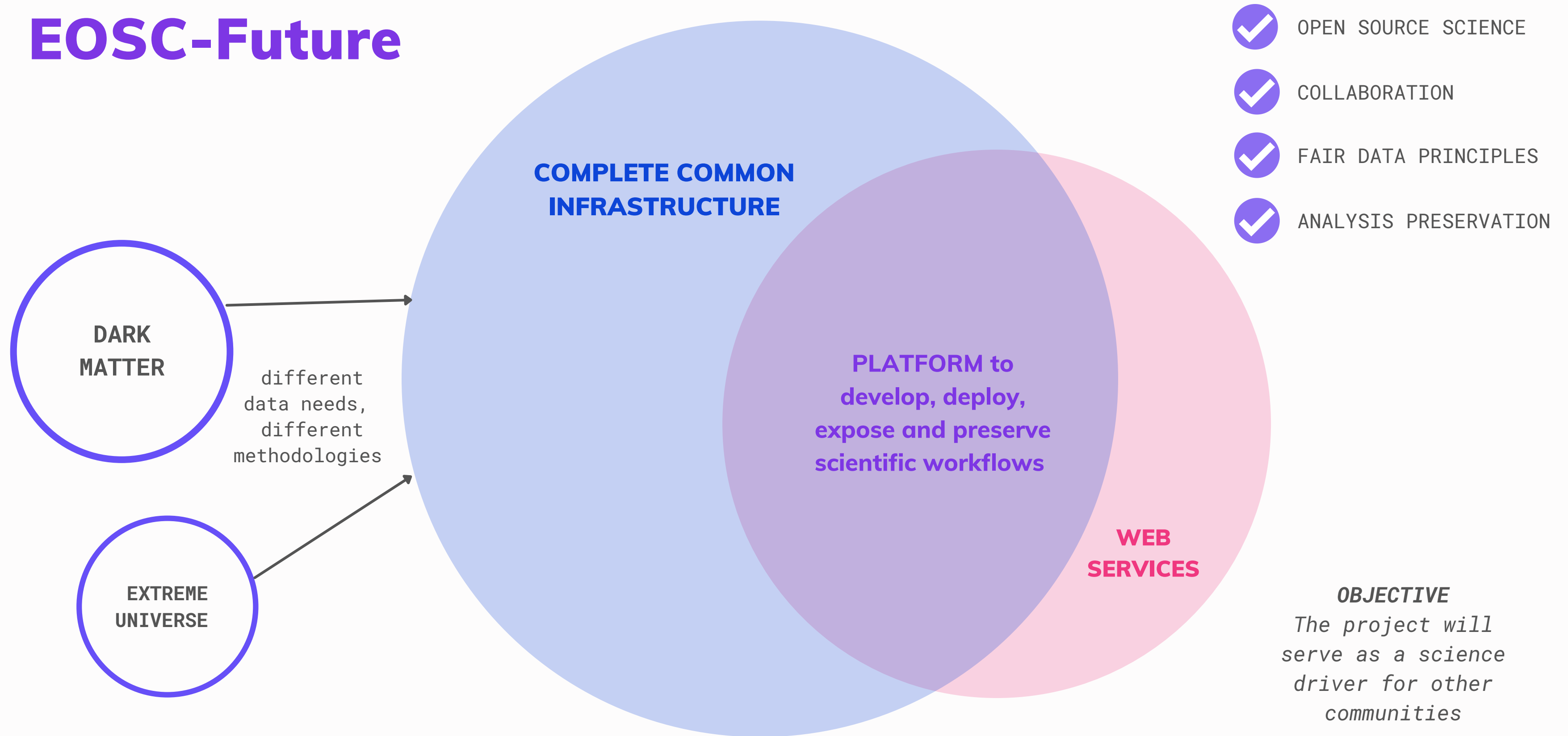
What is EOSC-Future's long - term goal?



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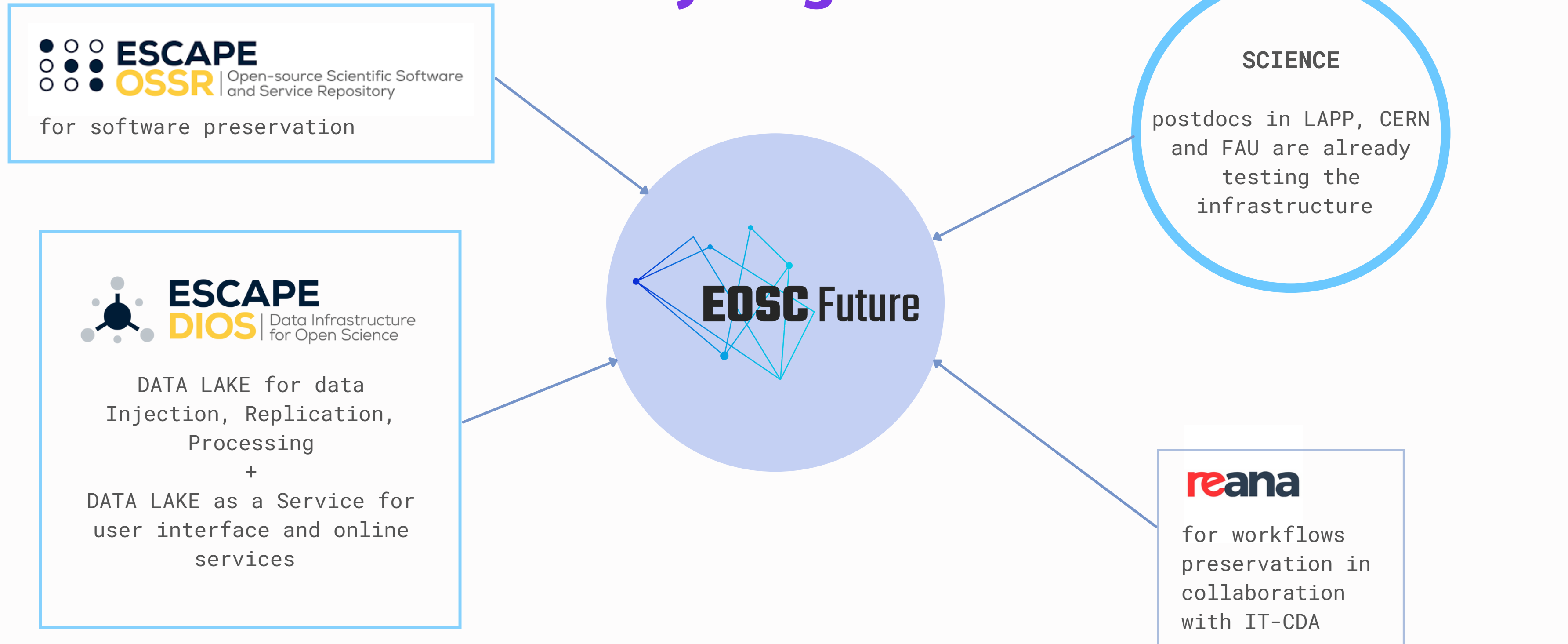
EOSC-Future



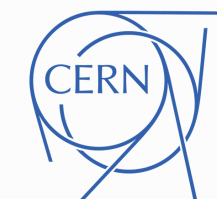
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Synergies



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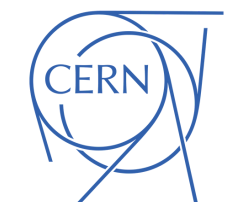


SCIENTIFIC MOTIVATION

Why is this useful to the astro-particle
physics community?

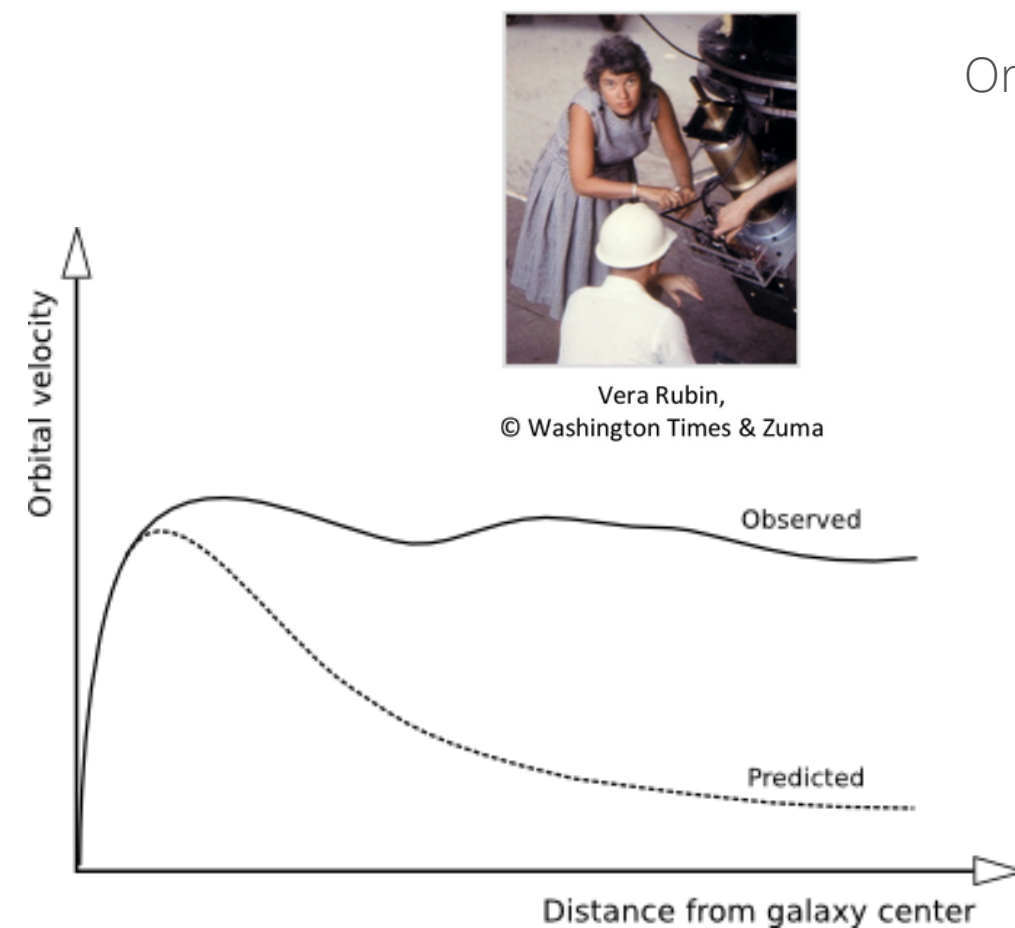


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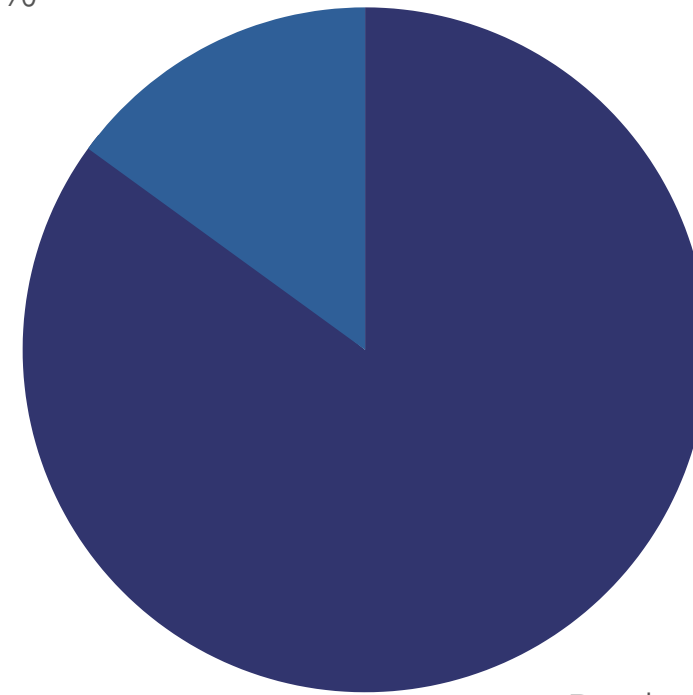
Science Project: Dark Matter

- *Galaxy rotation curves* --> a larger amount of gravitational mass is expected to exist in the universe
- It does not interact with the electromagnetic field and *cannot therefore be seen*
- Many DM candidates. Many experiments target the problem. Many different research approaches.

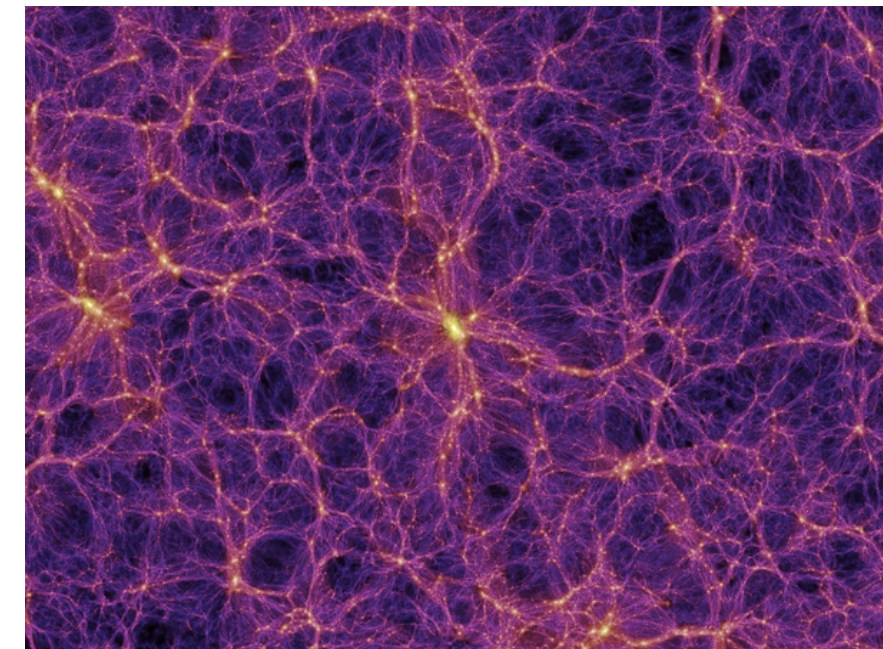


Vera Rubin,
© Washington Times & Zuma

Ordinary matter
15%



Dark matter
85%



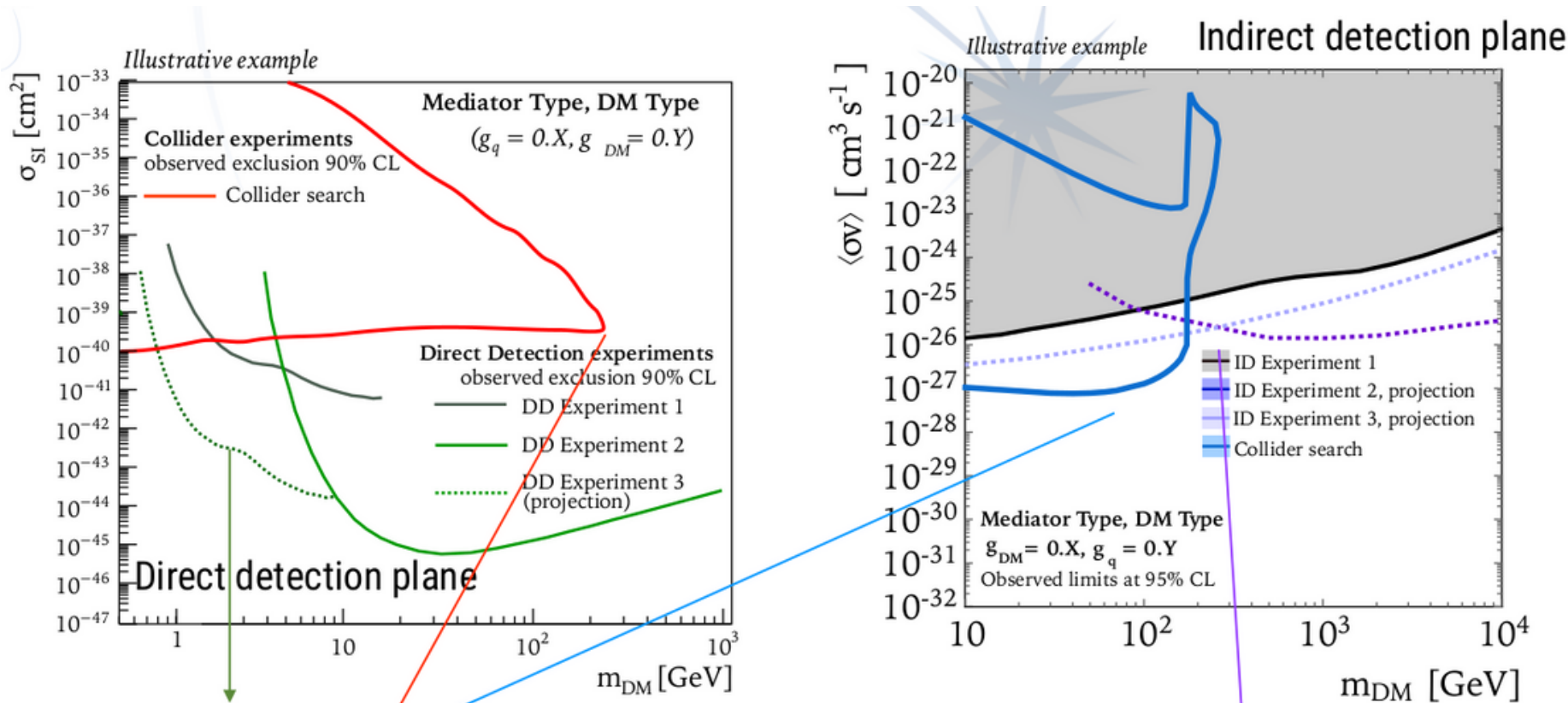
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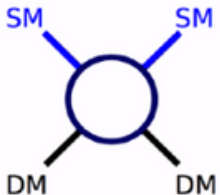
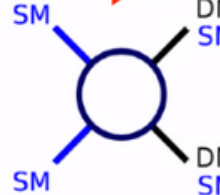
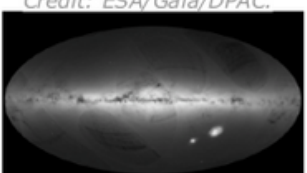
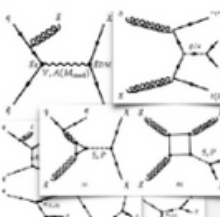
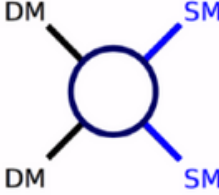


Expected outcomes

OBJECTIVE

- collect all the digital objects + workflows in a cohesive way
- output combined plots
- provide an interdisciplinary open science example from bottom-up effort



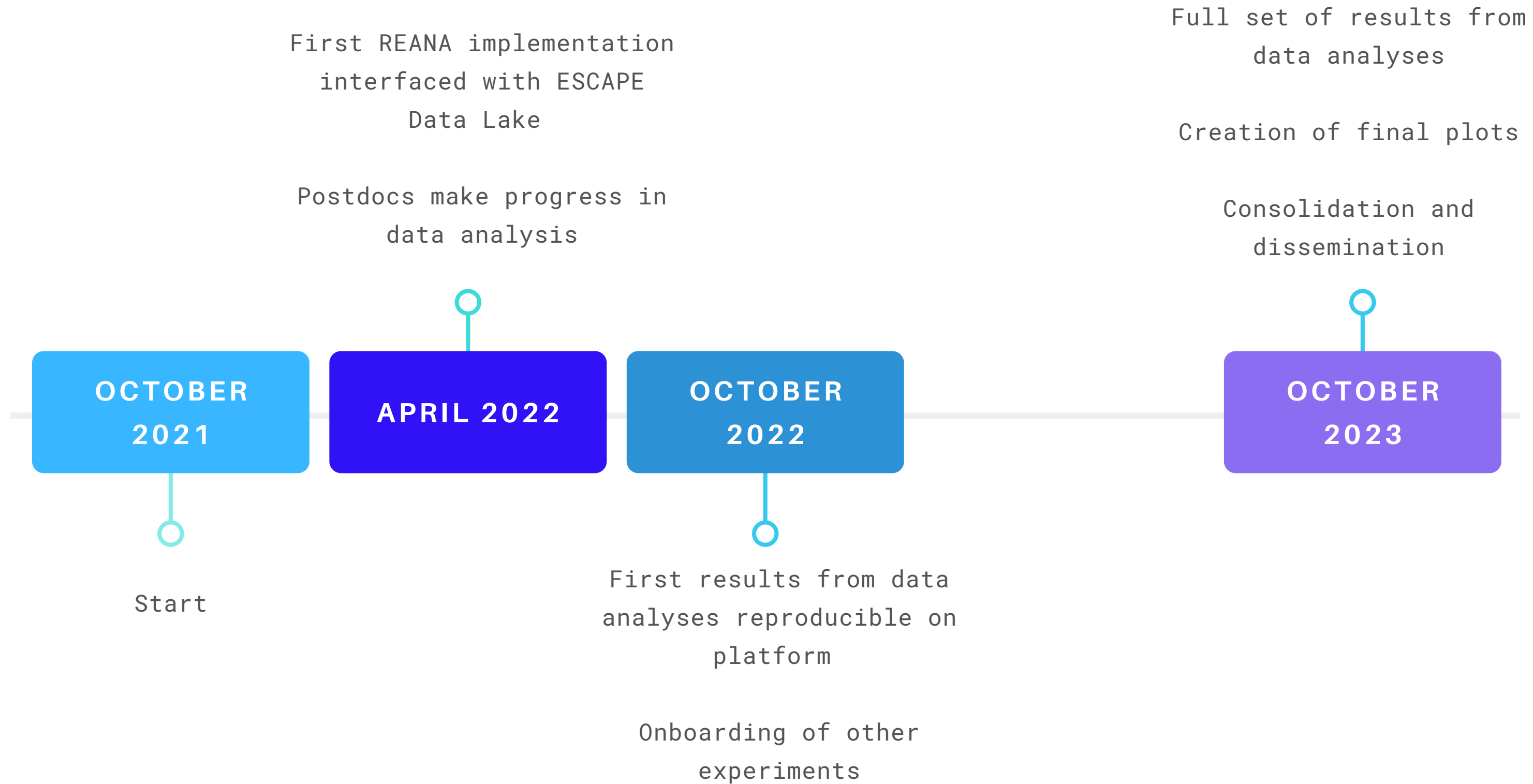
METHODS	 <p>Direct Detection</p>	 <p>Colliders</p>	 <p>Astrophysics</p>	 <p>Theory</p>	 <p>Indirect Detection</p>
RELEVANCE	DM that interacts inside the detector (WIMPs, axions)	produce DM and probe the dark interaction	necessary for all	necessary for all	detect annihilating/decaying DM through its decays (i.e. neutrino searches, gamma rays)
EXPERIMENTS INVOLVED	Darkside	ATLAS			KM3Net, CTA



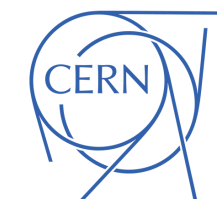
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TIMELINE



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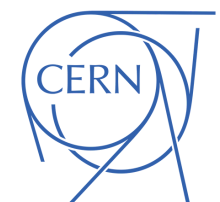


TECHNICAL IMPLEMENTATION

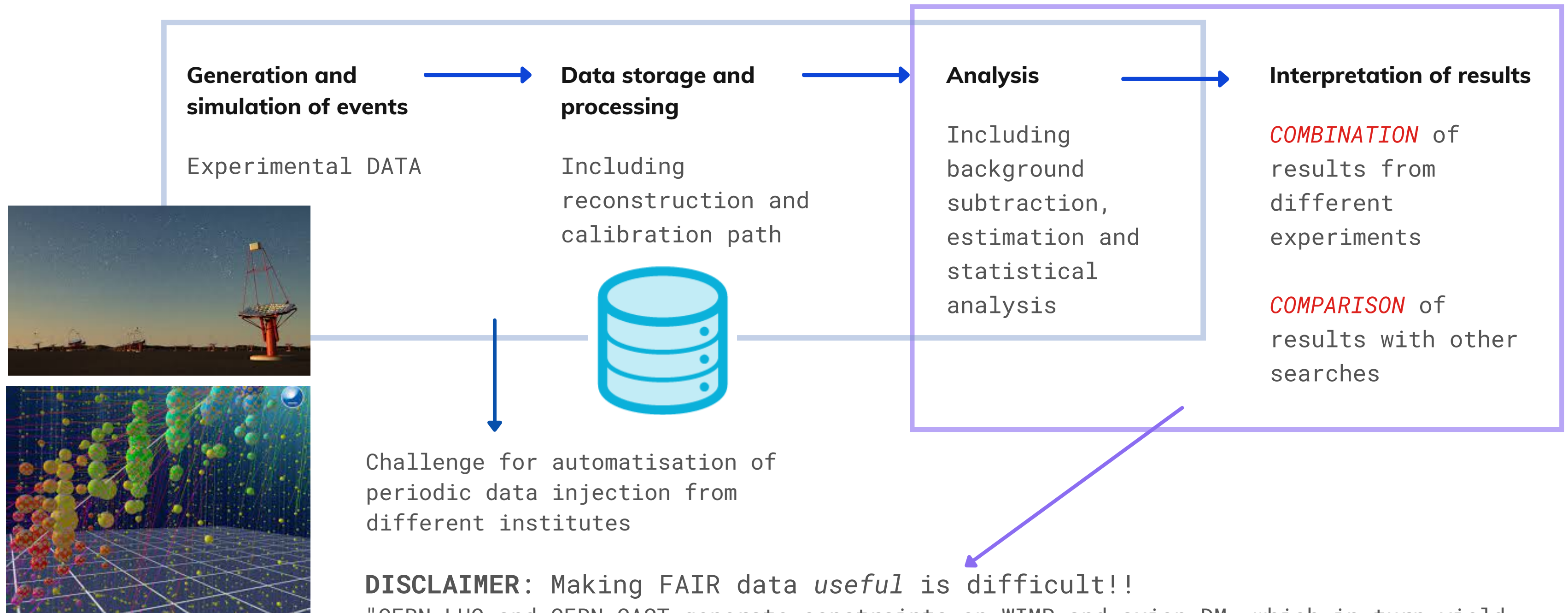
What exists already and what is being
implemented?



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Analysis workflow

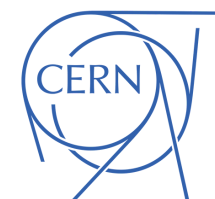


DISCLAIMER: Making FAIR data *useful* is difficult!!

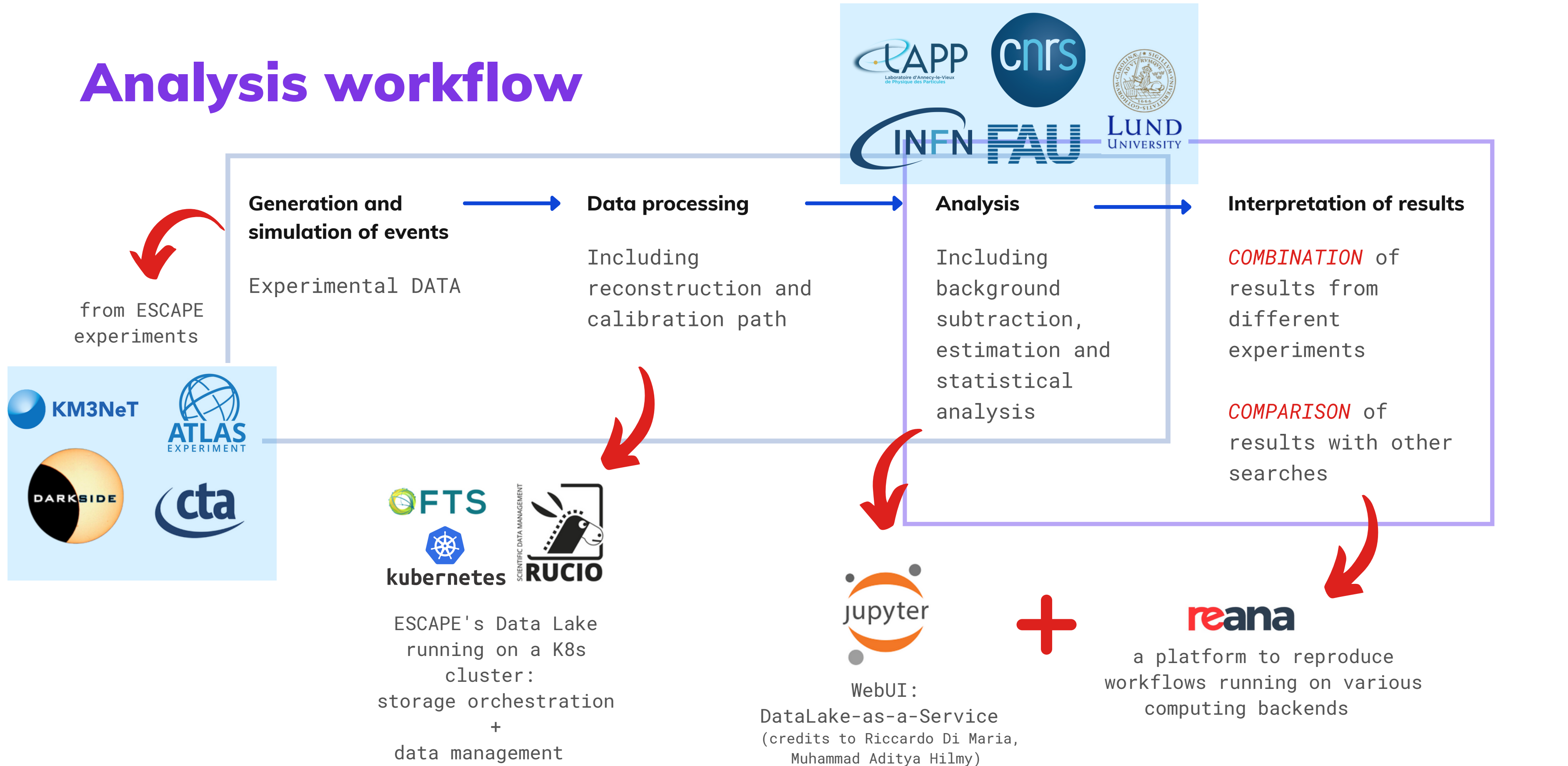
"CERN LHC and CERN CAST generate constraints on WIMP and axion DM, which in turn yield different predictions for observational astronomy (e.g. CMB polarisation), but it is difficult for an observational astronomer to engage with the original CERN constraints. And vice-versa". (S.Serjeant, astronomer at Open University, UK)



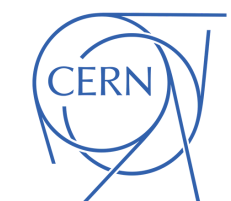
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Analysis workflow



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THE VIRTUAL RESEARCH ENVIRONEMNT (VRE)

An online collaborative interactive platform:
the way forward



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Virtual Research Enviroment

AN AGGREGATION PORTAL PROPOSAL

GET STARTED →

HOME

RESEARCH TOOLS

TEST SCIENCE PROJECT - HIGGS

TEST SCIENCE PROJECT - ASTRO

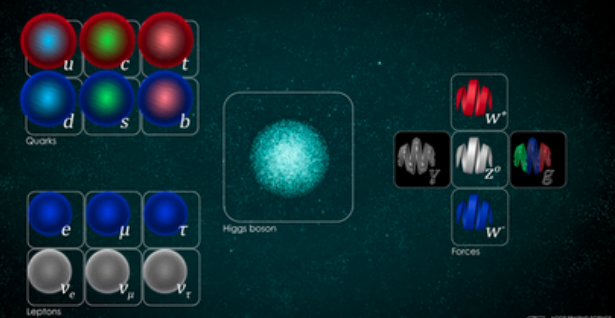
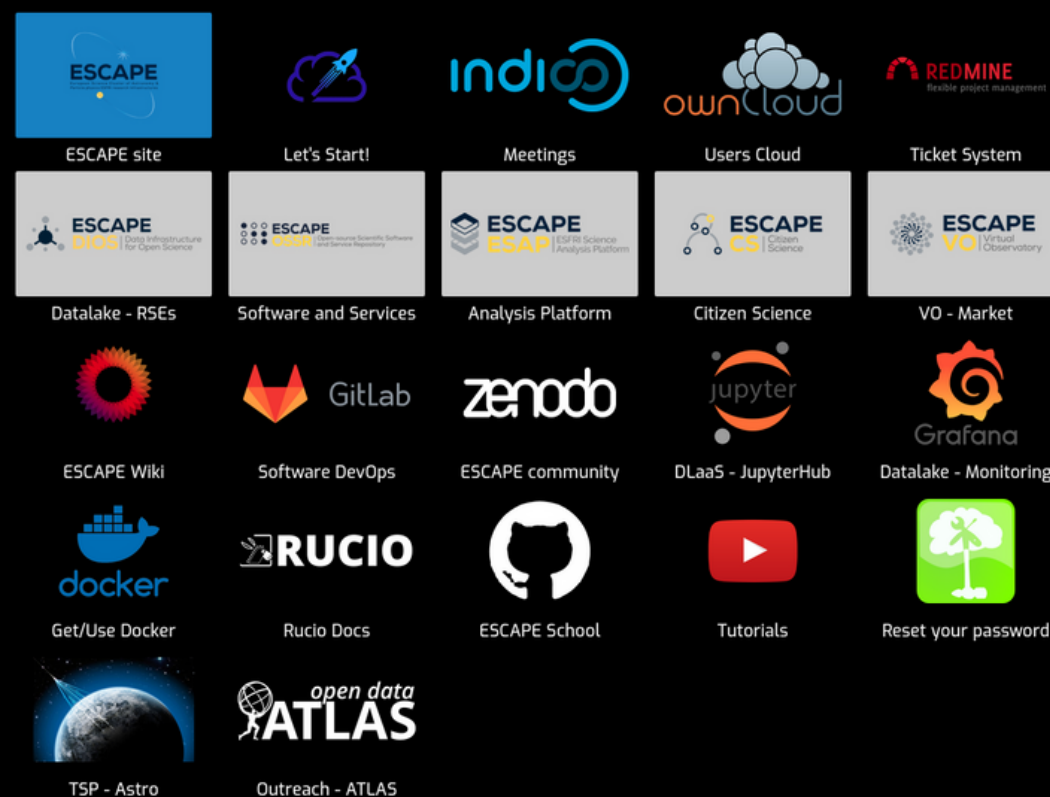
DOCS

ESCAPE RESEARCHER

EXTERNAL RESEARCHER

Test Science Project: the Higgs @ATLAS

AN EXERCISE OF HOW A PARTICLE PHYSICS TSP CAN LOOK LIKE



The Physics

Take a look at the fundamental physics that support and guide the experimental data analysis searches -and discoveries- relative to Higgs candidates, predicted by the Standard Model of Particle Physics.

[LEARN MORE](#)

The Experiments

The ATLAS experiment at the LHC is a many-layered instrument designed to detect some of the tiniest yet most energetic particles ever created on earth. It consists of six different detecting subsystems wrapped concentrically in layers around the collision point to record the trajectory, momentum, and energy of particles, allowing them to be identified and measured.



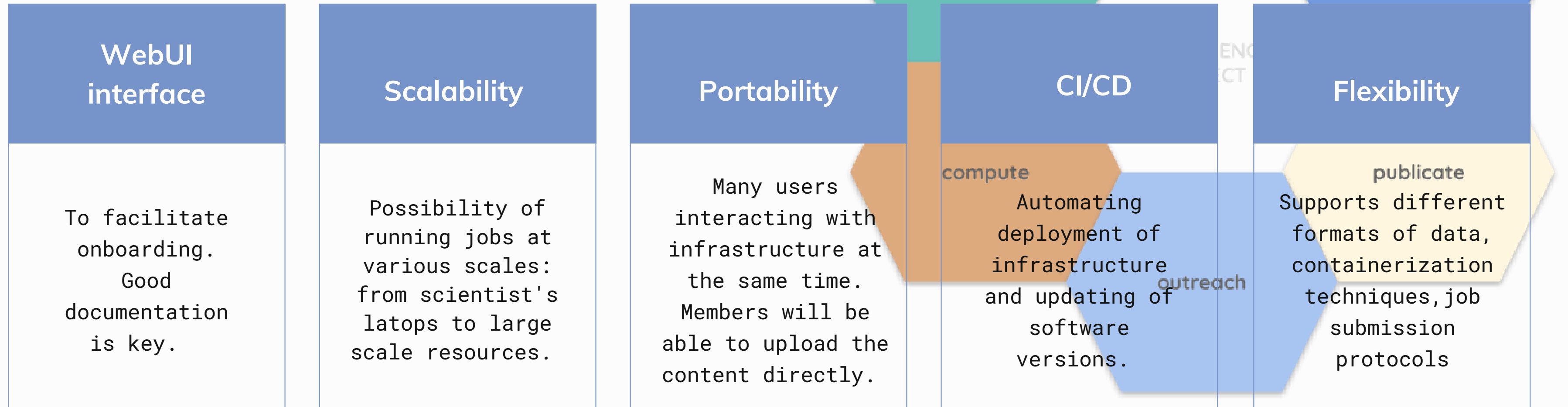
credits to Arturo Sanchez Pineda



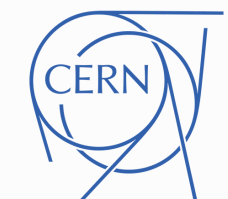
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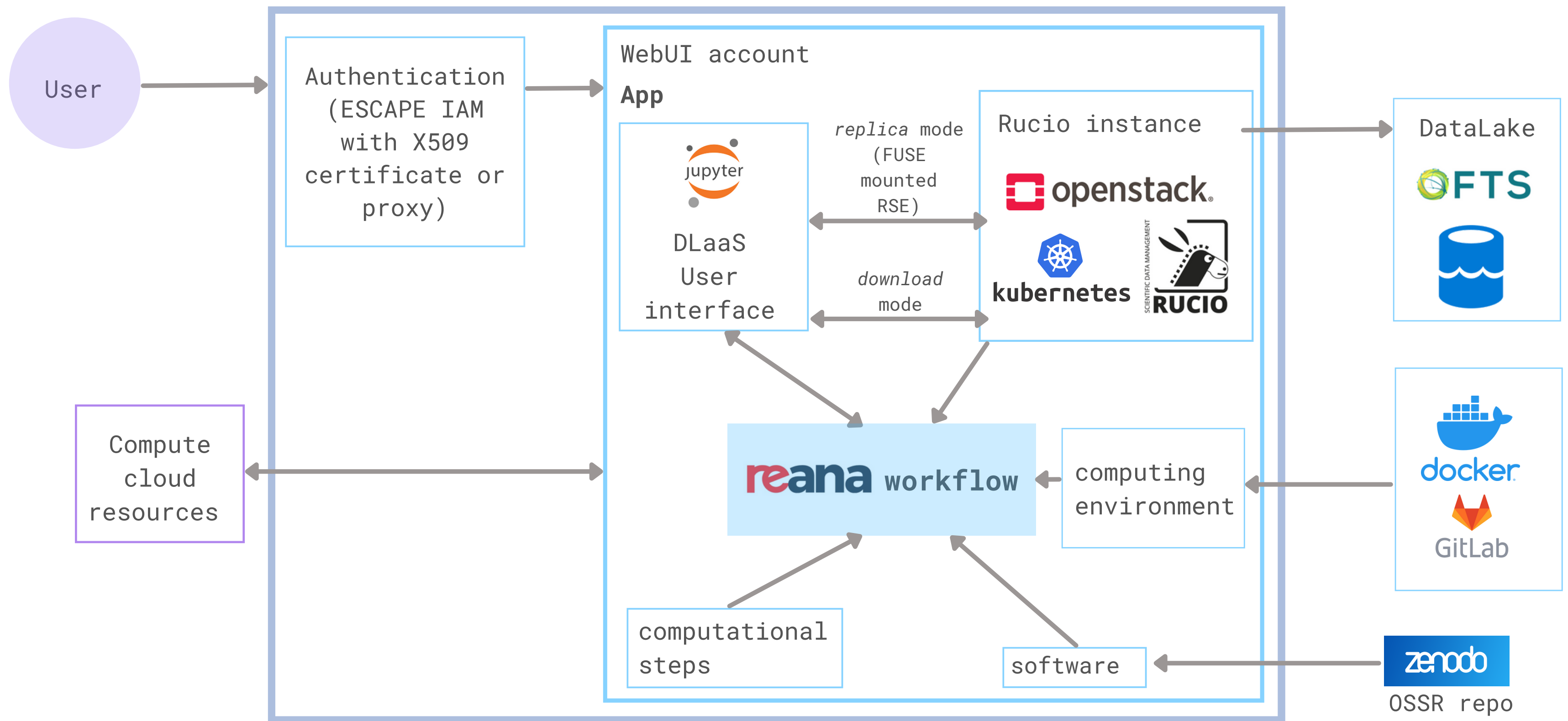
VRE PRINCIPLES



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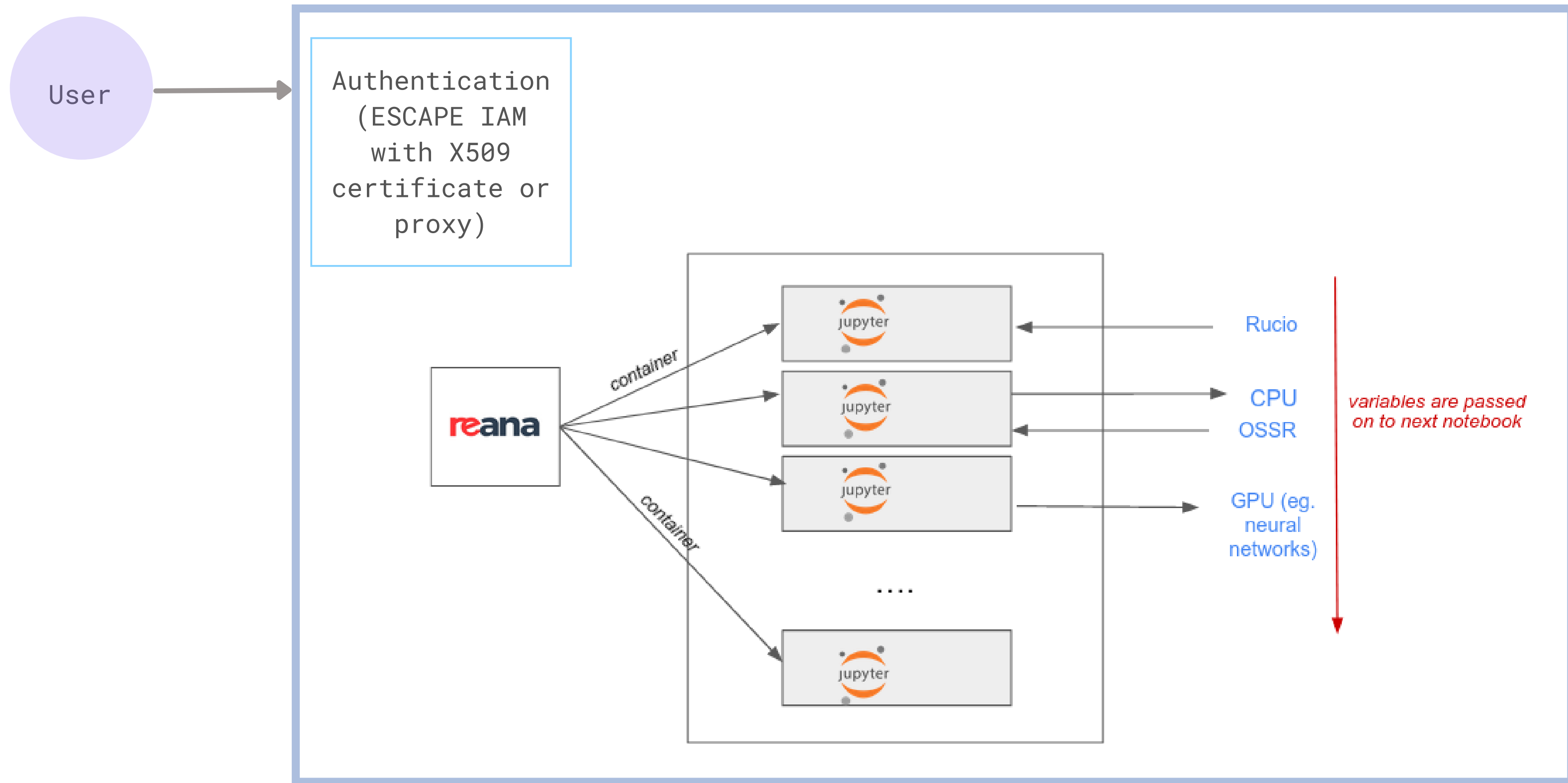
The VRE server



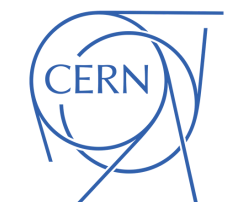
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The VRE server



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Thank you! Questions?

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VRE website

<https://escape2020.pages.in2p3.fr/virtual-environment/home/>

Where to find me

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