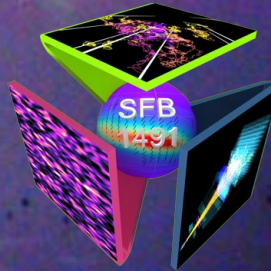


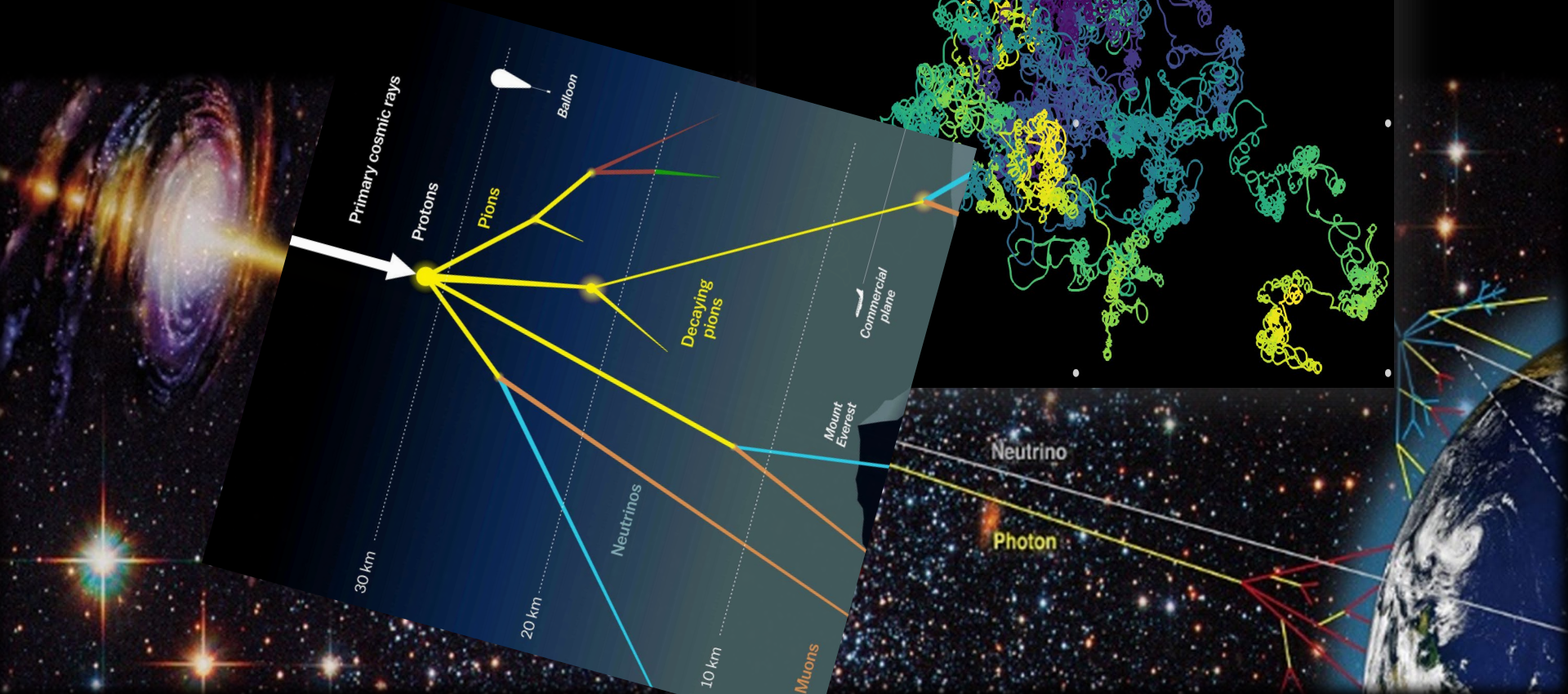
# Modeling transient source physics

Julia Tjus | 26.09.2022

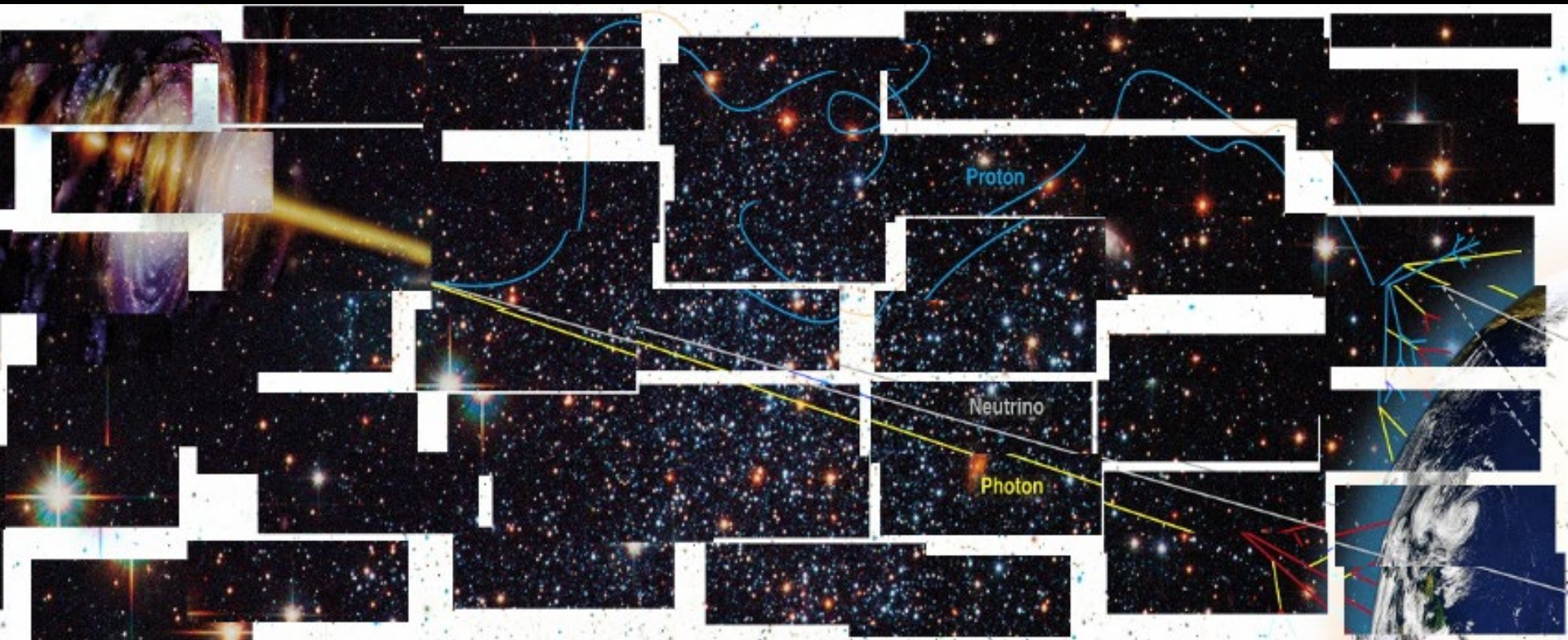


# Multimessenger astrophysics:

combination of astrophysics with fundamental aspects of matter



# Multimessenger astrophysics: a puzzle from low to high-energy and including $\gamma$ , $\nu$ , and GWs



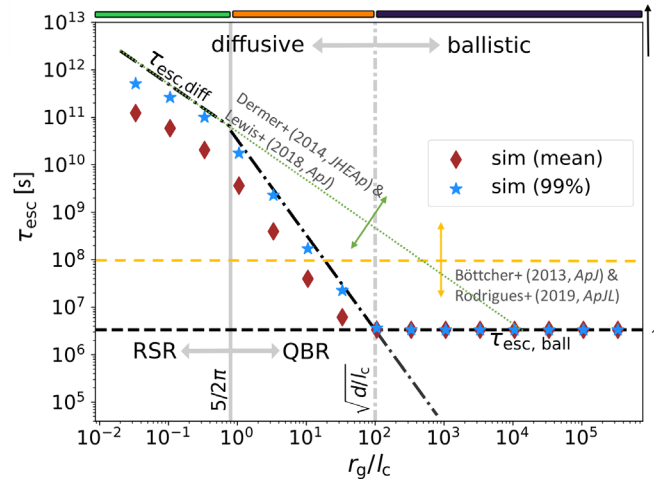
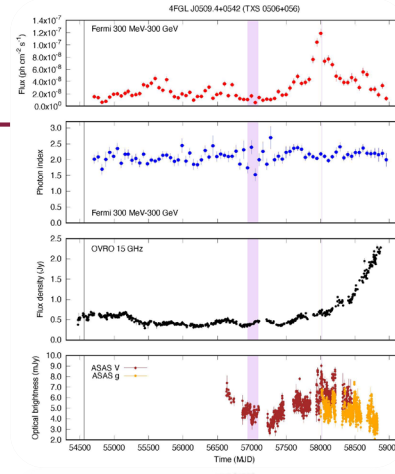
# Talk today



- Multimessenger Astronomy: connecting  $\gamma$ - and  $\nu$ -emission

- Multimessenger modeling: Theoretical concepts

- Outlook



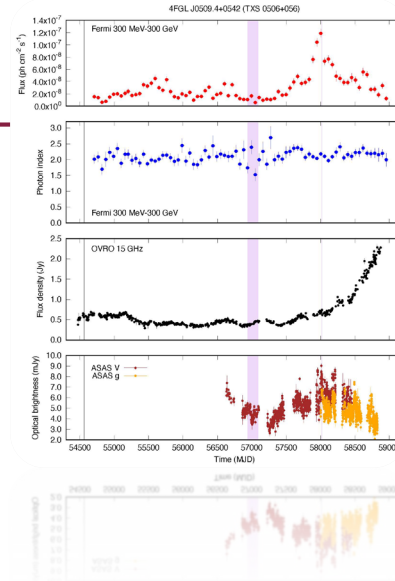
# Talk today



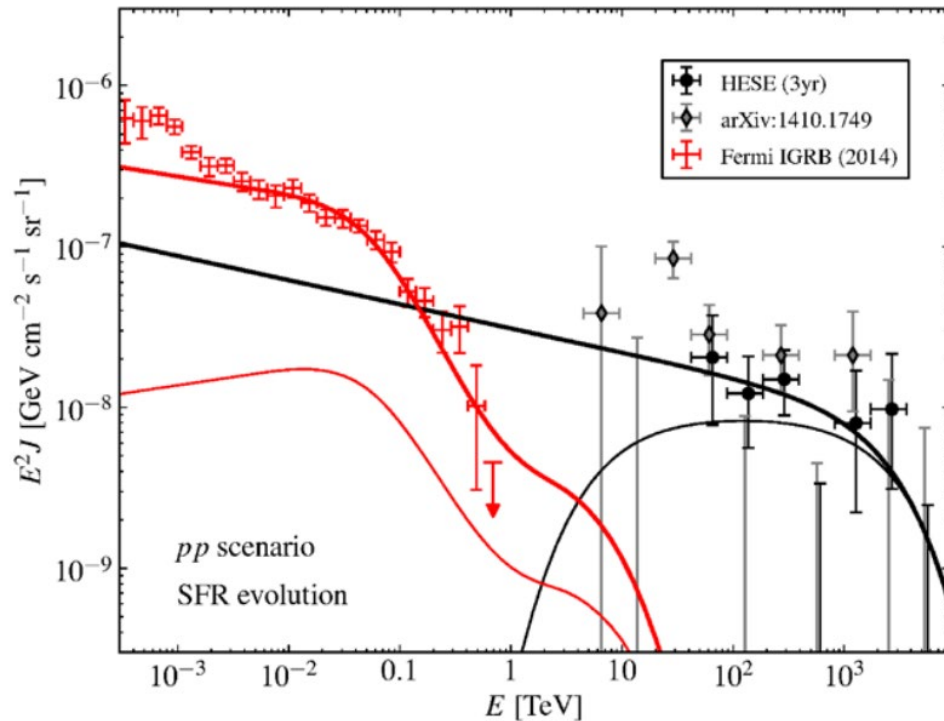
- Multimessenger Astronomy: connecting  $\gamma$ - and  $\nu$ -emission

- Multimessenger modeling: Theoretical concepts

- Outlook

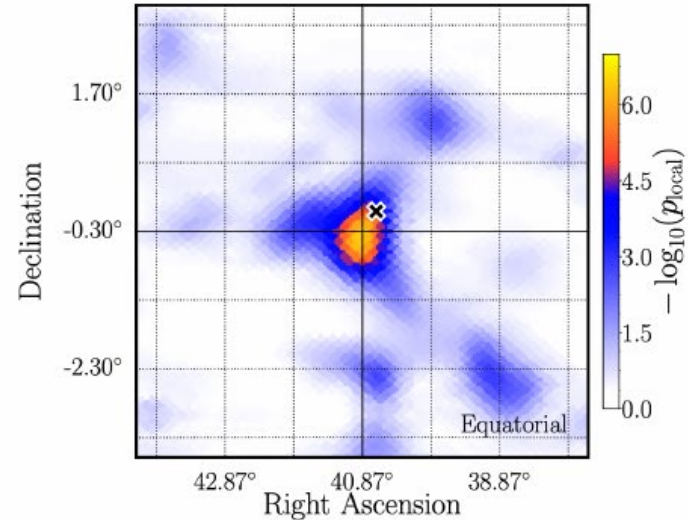
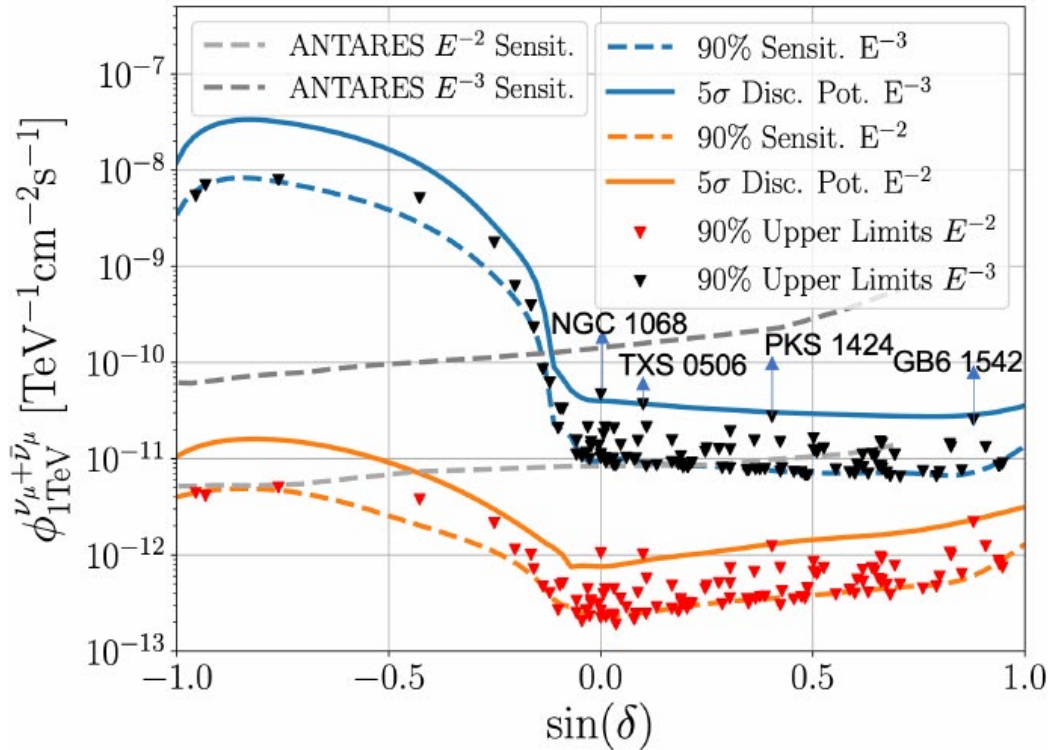


- Gamma-ray measurements as upper limits to neutrino production
- Spectra steeper than  $E^{-2.2}$  quickly overproduce gamma-ray measurements (Fermi) when only considering intergalactic  $\gamma\text{-}\gamma$
- Intrinsic  $\gamma\text{-}\gamma$  or  $\gamma\text{-gas}$  component needed?



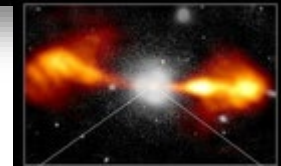
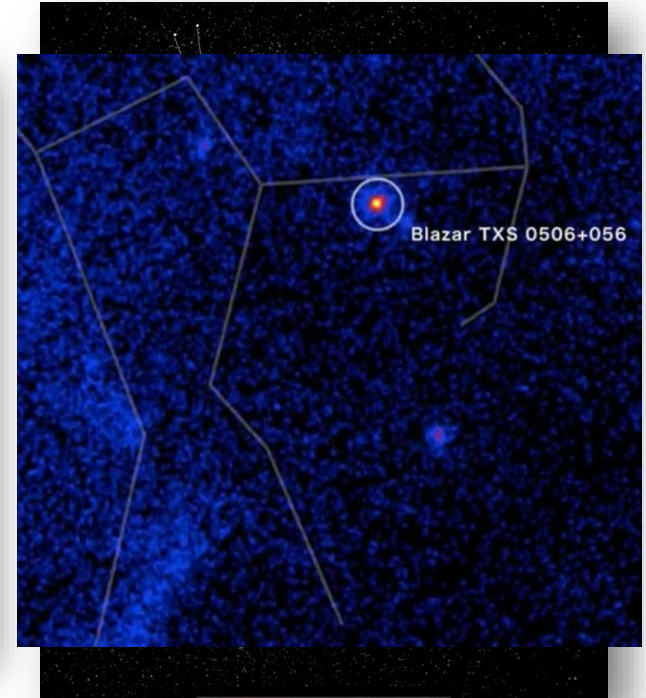
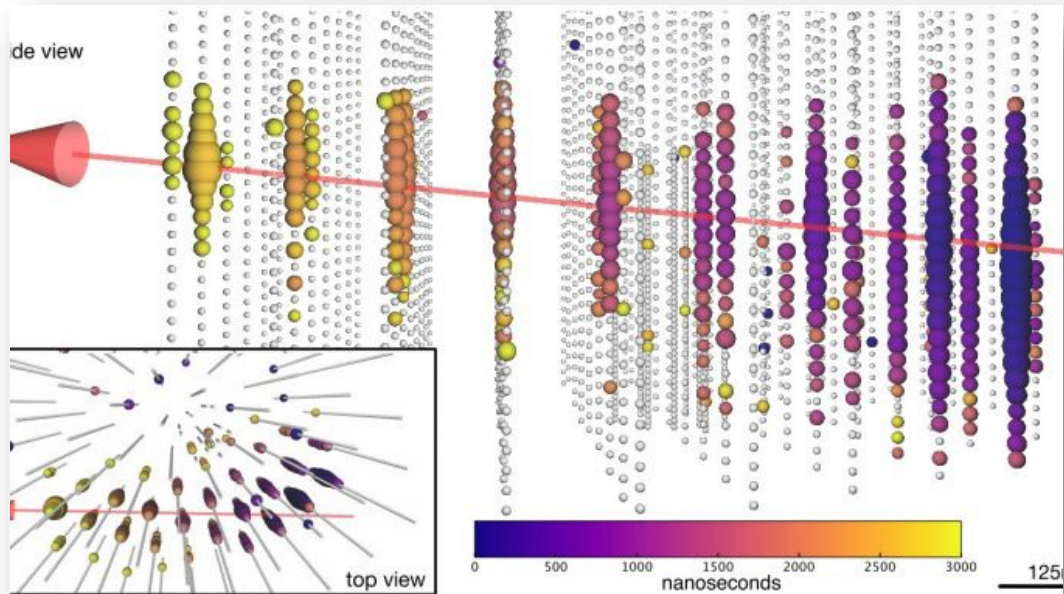
# 10 years of point source searches in IceCube

## First pieces of evidence for sources



**NGC1068 – evidence at 2.9 $\sigma$  level**

# A first possible neutrino source: TXS0506+056





# Multimessenger emission with TXS0506+056



## Neutrino excess @ $\sim 3\sigma$ in 2014/2015

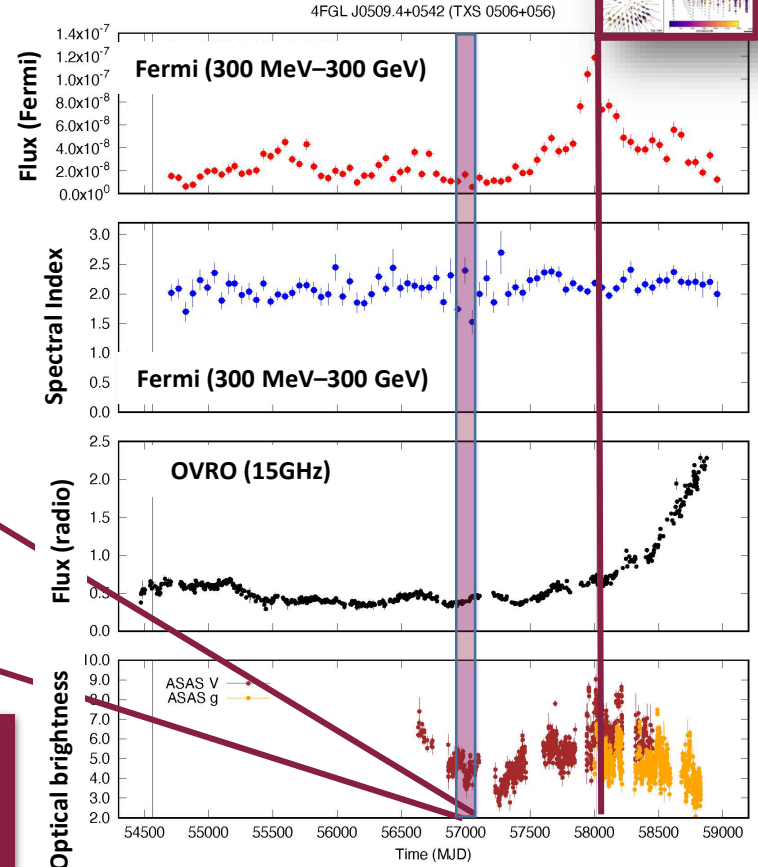
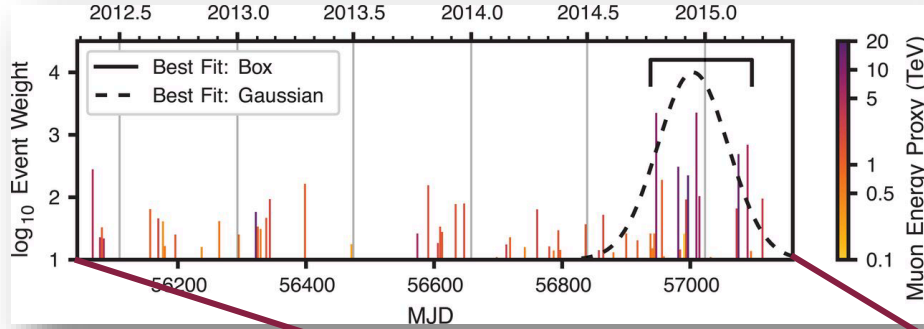


Fig: Emma Kun, Budapest

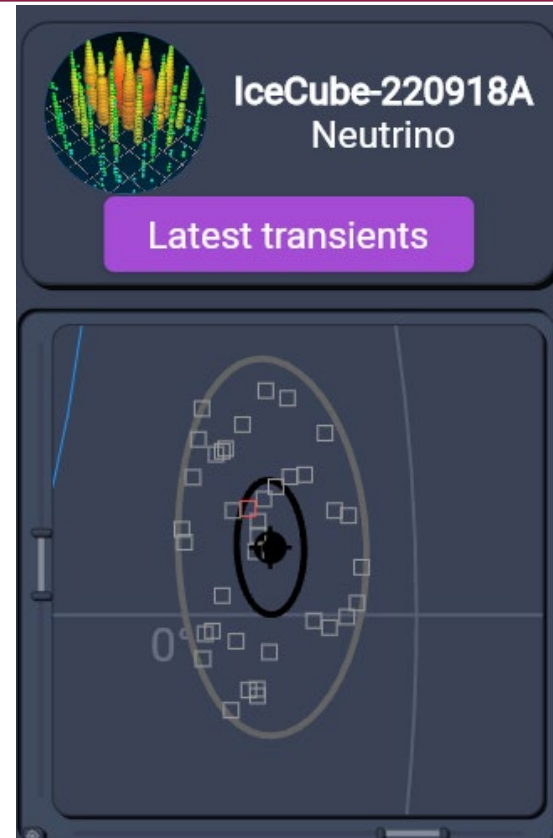
Aartsen et al (IceCube Coll), Science (2018)

- Two potential neutrino flares of very different nature:
  - 2014/2015:  $\sim 100$  days long,  $\sim 10$  TeV in energy, no MM activity
  - 2018: 1 neutrino with  $\sim 300$  TeV energy, coincident  $\gamma$ -ray flare

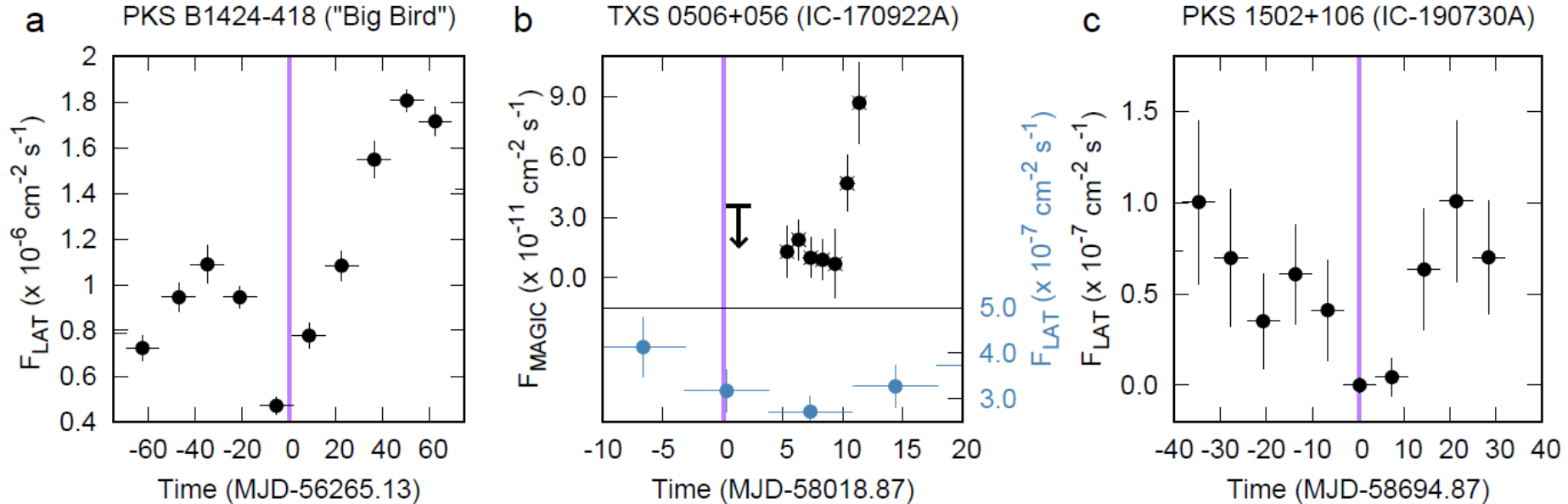
# A new event from the direction of TXS



- Uncertainty  $\sim 3.5^\circ$  (corner clipper)
- Energy  $\sim 160\text{TeV}$
- Signalness 42%
- Almost exactly 5 years after the bright  $290\text{TeV}$  event (IC170922A)



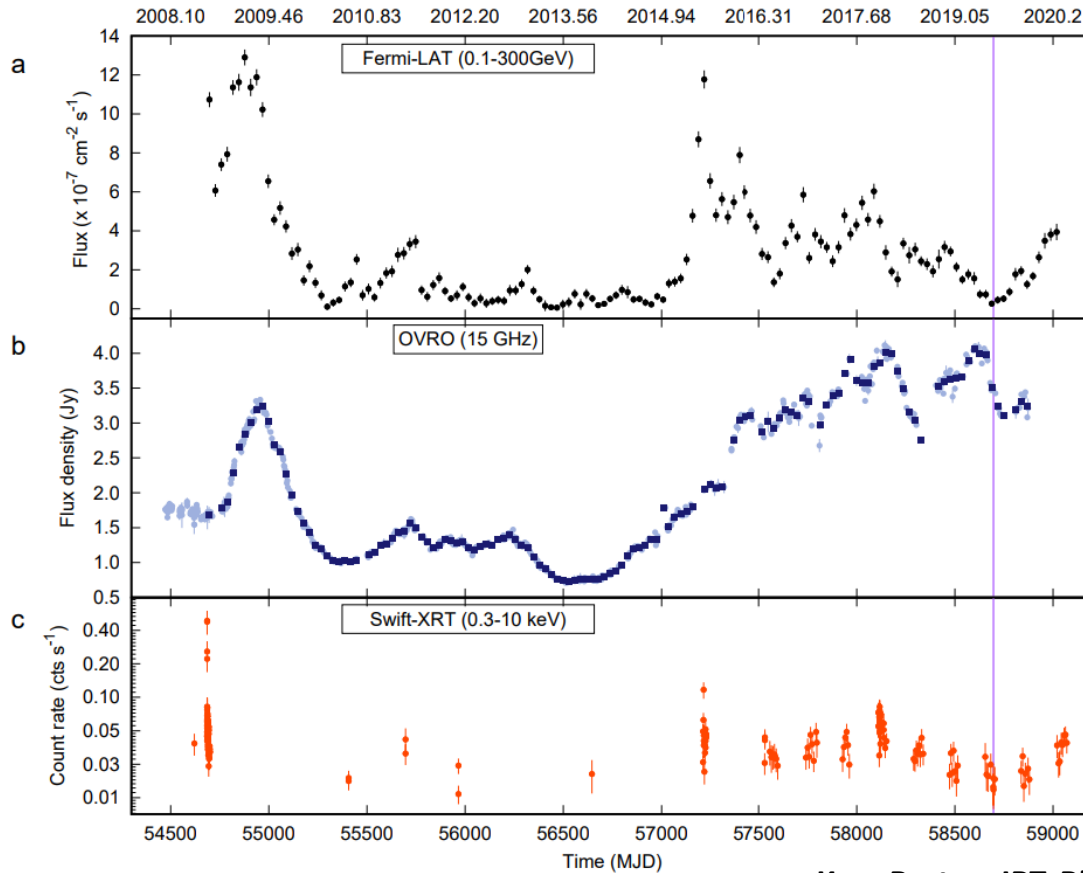
# Time-domain of AGN



Kun, Bartos, JBT, Biermann, Halzen, Mez'zo ApJL (2021)

Neutrinos arrive in  $\gamma$ -minima? Possible if gas density extreme: photon absorption

# PKS1502+106



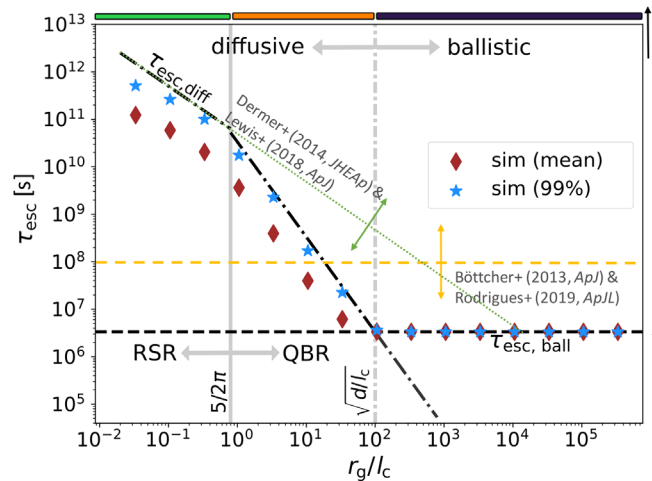
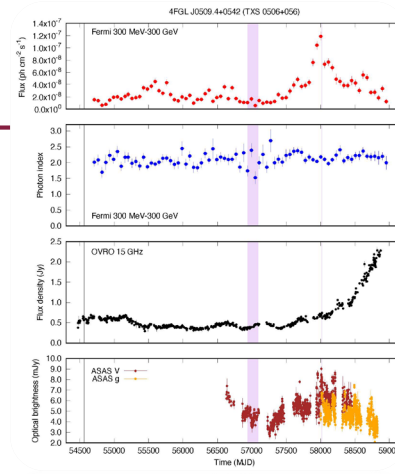
# Talk today



- Multimessenger Astronomy: connecting  $\gamma$ - and  $\nu$ -emission

- Multimessenger modeling: Theoretical concepts

- Outlook



# Cosmic-ray propagation regimes: physics

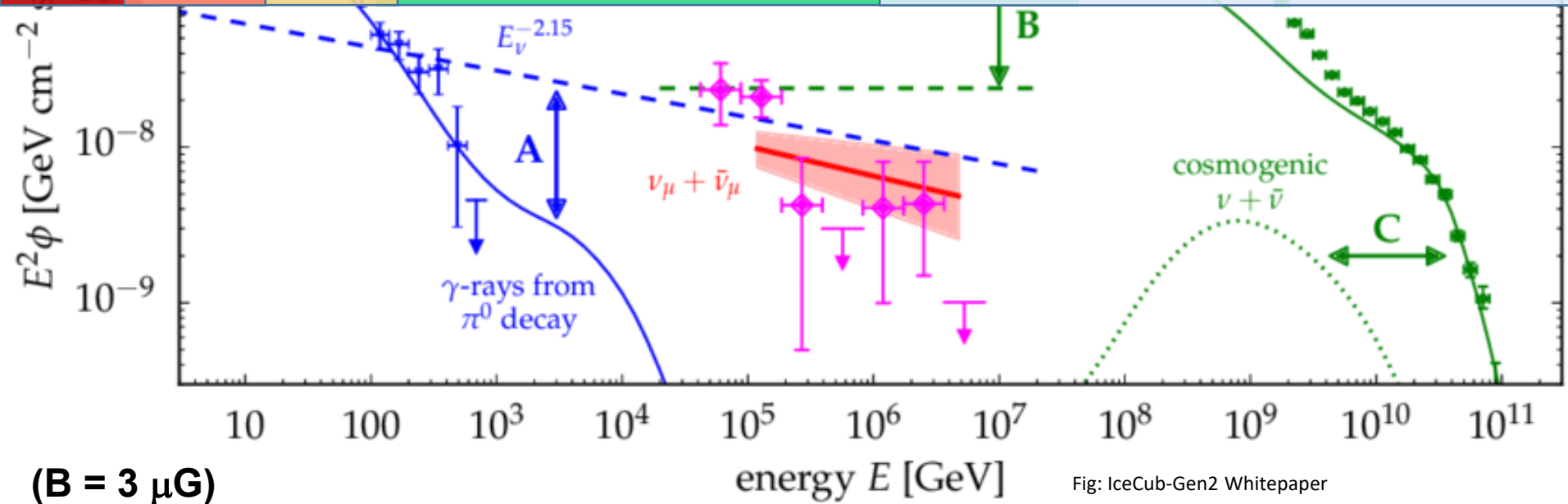
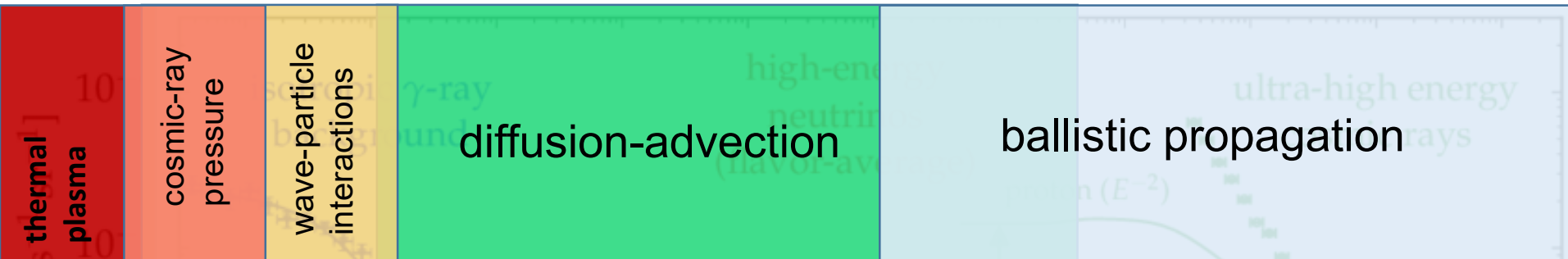
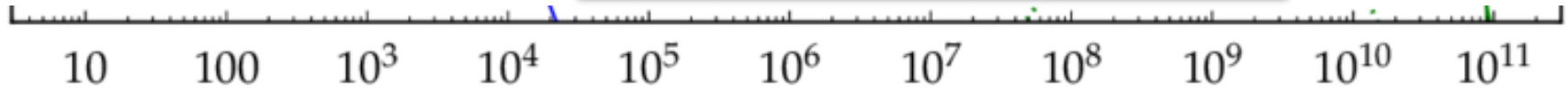
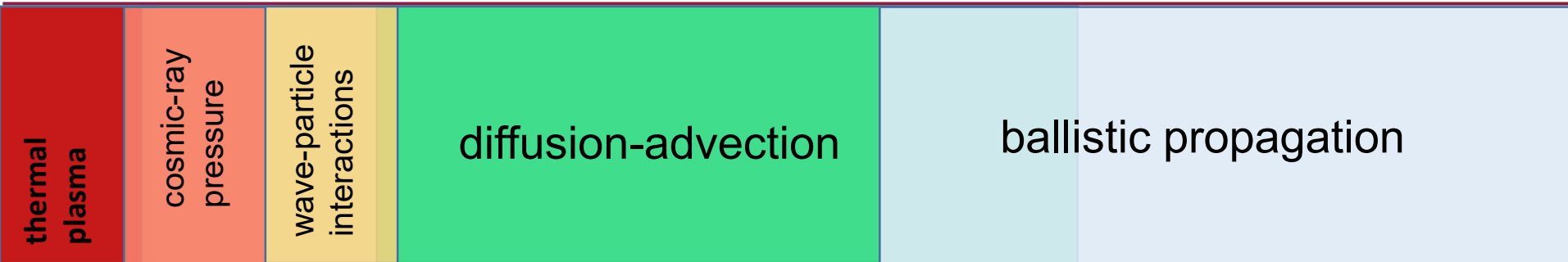


Fig: IceCub-Gen2 Whitepaper

# Cosmic-ray propagation regimes: methods



(Protons,  $B = 3 \mu\text{G}$ )

energy  $E$  [GeV]

# Test particle approach: transport modeling

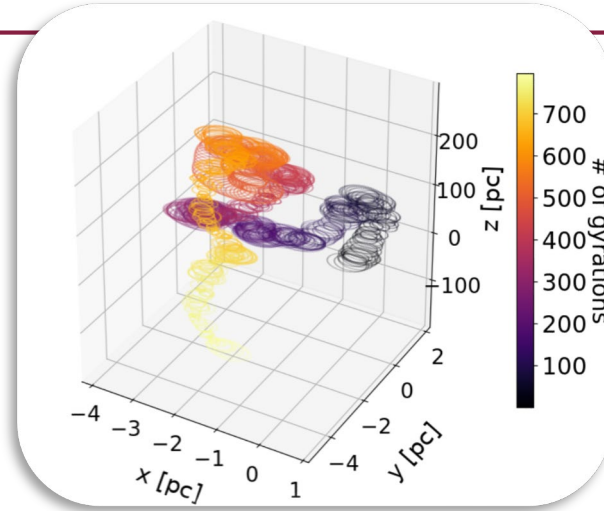
## Single Particle Picture:

Equation of motion

$$\frac{dp}{dt} = q(\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B})$$

## Multiple Particle Picture:

Transport equation



$$\frac{dn}{dt}(\vec{r}, t, E) = Q + \nabla(D_{xx}\nabla n) - \nabla(\vec{U} \cdot n) + \frac{\partial}{\partial p} \left[ p^2 D_{pp} \frac{\partial n}{\partial p} \frac{\partial n}{p^2} \right] - \frac{\partial}{\partial p} \left( \frac{dp}{dt} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial p} \left[ \left( -\frac{p}{3} \cdot \nabla \vec{U} \right) \cdot n \right]$$

Time dependence

Source term

Diffusion

Advection

Momentum diffusion

Energy loss/gain

Momentum advection



# Simplifying approach: using time scales in the transport equation



$$\frac{dn}{dt}(\vec{r}, t, E) = Q + \nabla(D_{xx}\nabla n) - \nabla(\vec{U} \cdot n) - \frac{\partial}{\partial \gamma} \left( \frac{d\gamma}{dt} \right)$$

Time dep.
Source term
Diffusion
Advection
Energy loss/gain

$$\frac{dn}{dt}(\vec{r}, t, E) = Q - \frac{n}{\tau_{esc}} - \frac{n}{\tau_{adv}} - \frac{n}{\tau_{loss}}$$

- Scale analysis

$$\tau_{esc} = \frac{H^2}{D} \qquad \tau_{adv} = \frac{H}{U} \qquad \tau_{loss} = \left( \frac{d\gamma}{dt} \right)^{-1} d\gamma$$

# Loss & escape timescales – example (blazars)

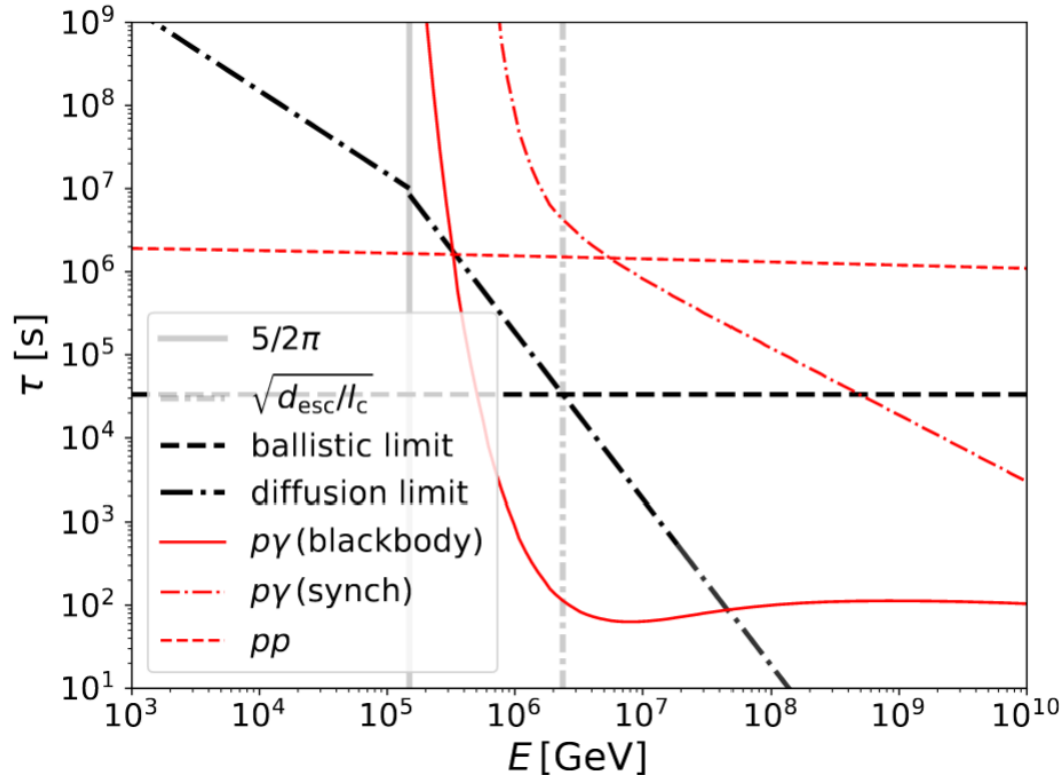
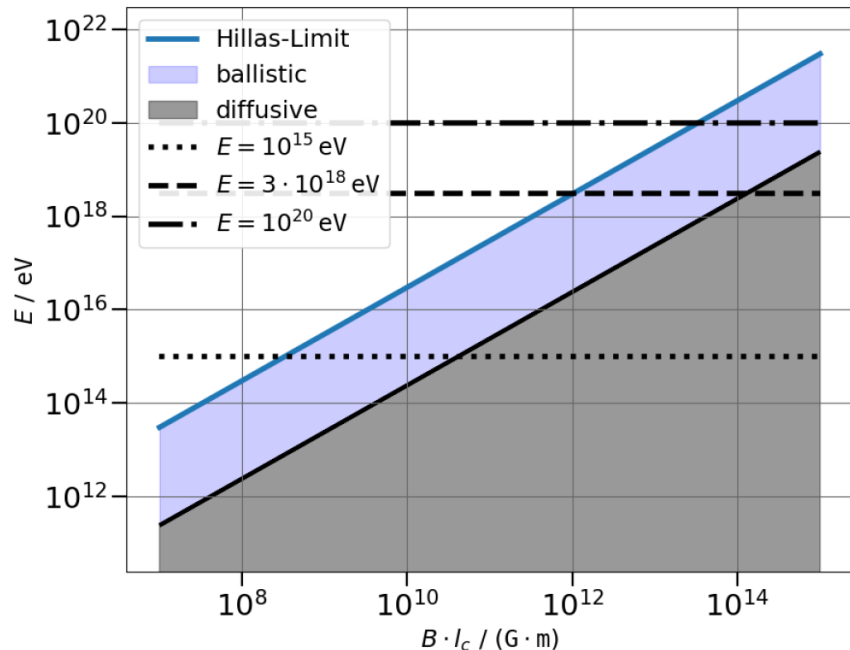


Fig: Vladimir Kiselev (RUB)

# Escape timescale: diffusive VS ballistic



→ Ballistic behavior at energies:

$$E \gtrsim Z \cdot \left( \frac{l_c}{10^{11} \text{ m}} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{B}{0.42 \text{ G}} \right) \cdot 10^{15} \text{ eV}$$

→ Consideration in transport equation: change from diffusive to ballistic timescale →

- State-of-the-art codes so far: solution of transport equation with escape timescale

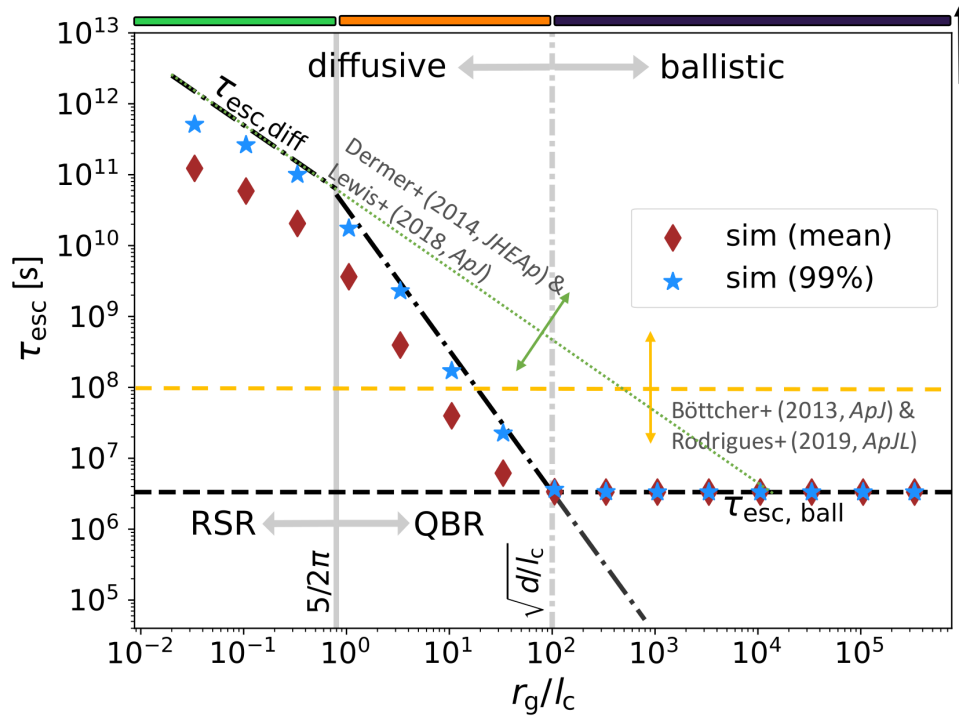
## New code development (Hörbe et al 2020)

### AGNPropa:

- 3-dim (B-field, gas & diffusion)
- Transport equation & EoM

Code	AM <sup>3</sup>	PARIS	ATHE <sub>ν</sub> A	Böttcher
Reference	Gao et al. (2017)	Cerruti et al. (2015)	Dimitrakoudis et al. (2012)	Böttcher et al. (2013)
Transport equation	yes	yes	yes	yes
<b>EoM</b>	no	no	no	no
steady state	yes	yes	yes	yes
time dependent	yes	no	yes	no
B-field	<b>1dim</b>	<b>1dim</b>	<b>1dim</b>	<b>1dim</b>
Diffusion	1-dim	1-dim	1-dim	1-dim
Photohadron	yes	yes	yes	yes
Hadron-hadron	no	no	no	no

# Timescales: diffusive VS ballistic



$$\tau_{esc} = \frac{R^2}{D} \sim E^{-\frac{1}{3}} \quad (E < qBl_c)$$

$$\tau_{esc} = \frac{R^2}{D} \sim E^{-2} \quad (E < qBl_c)$$

$$\tau_{esc} = \frac{R}{c} \sim \text{const} \quad (E > 100qBl_c)$$

# AGN Propa

## Combining the transport equation & the equation of motion

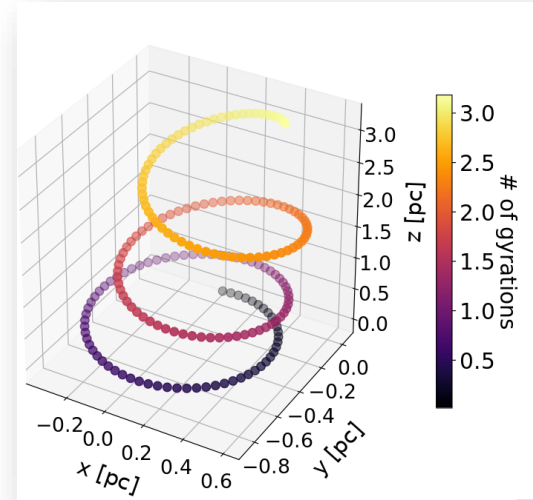
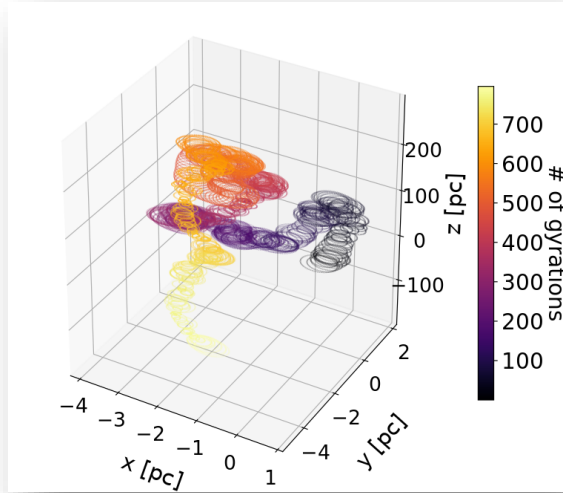


$$\frac{\delta n}{\delta t} = \nabla \cdot (\hat{D} \cdot \nabla n) - \vec{u} \cdot \nabla n + Q$$



$$\frac{d\mathbf{p}}{dt} = q(\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B})$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{B}_0 + \delta\mathbf{B}$$



conversion into Stochastic Differential Equation (SDE):

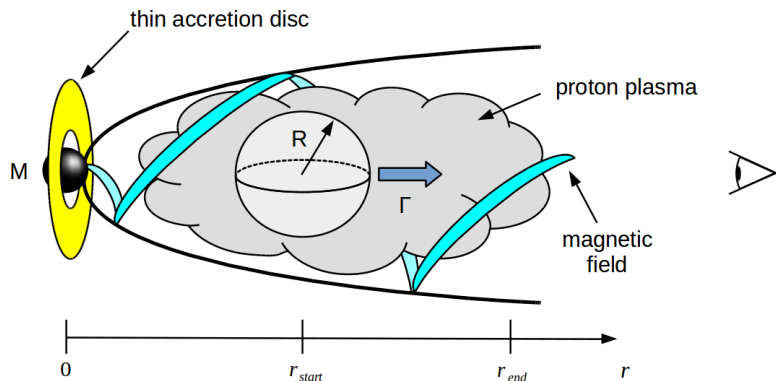
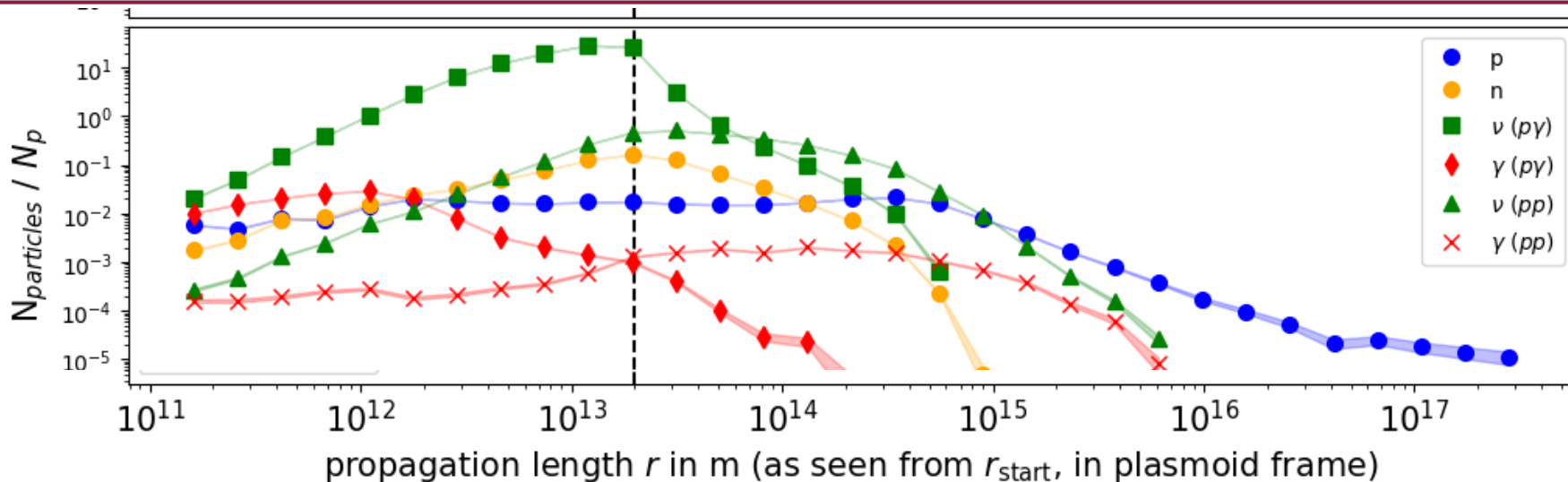
$$dr_\nu = A_\nu dt + D_{\nu\mu} d\omega^\mu$$

→ treatment as quasi-particles

Numerical solution via Cash-Karb or Boris-Push

**Treatment in one framework possible in this approach**

# First test results with AGNPropa



$\rightarrow$   $\gamma$ -absorption near disk with decreasing effect due to outward propagation

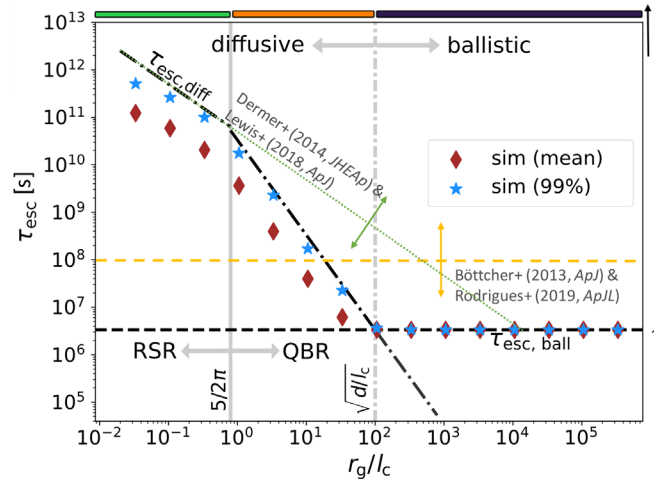
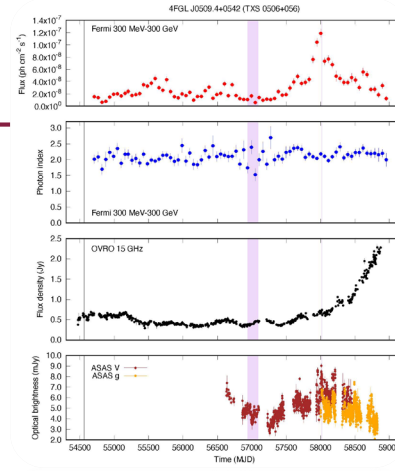
# Talk today



- Multimessenger Astronomy: connecting  $\gamma$ - and  $\nu$ -emission

- Multimessenger modeling: Theoretical concepts

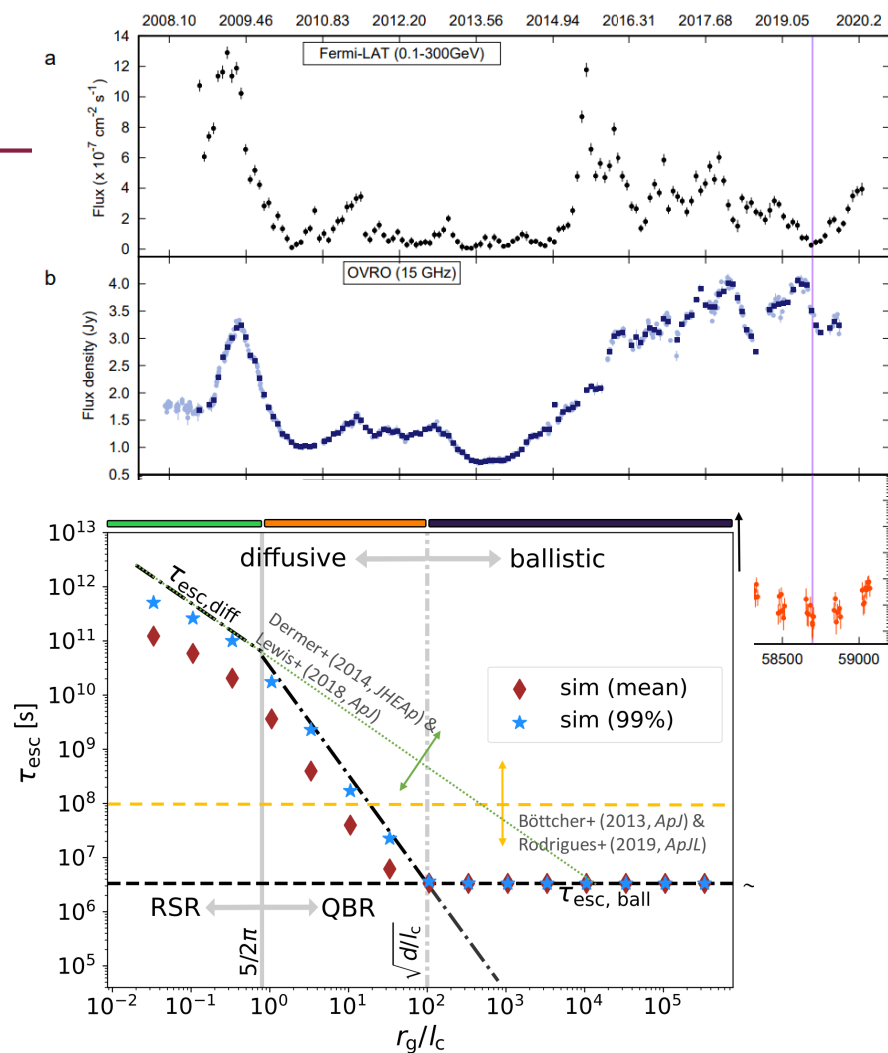
- Outlook



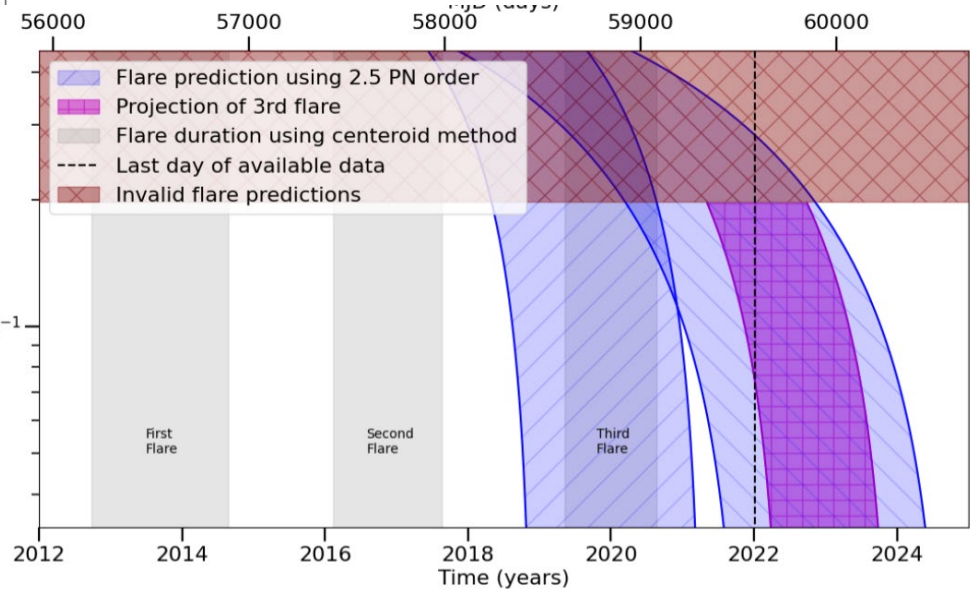
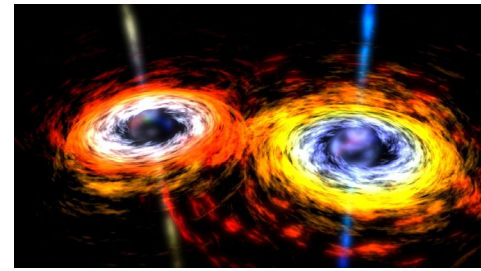
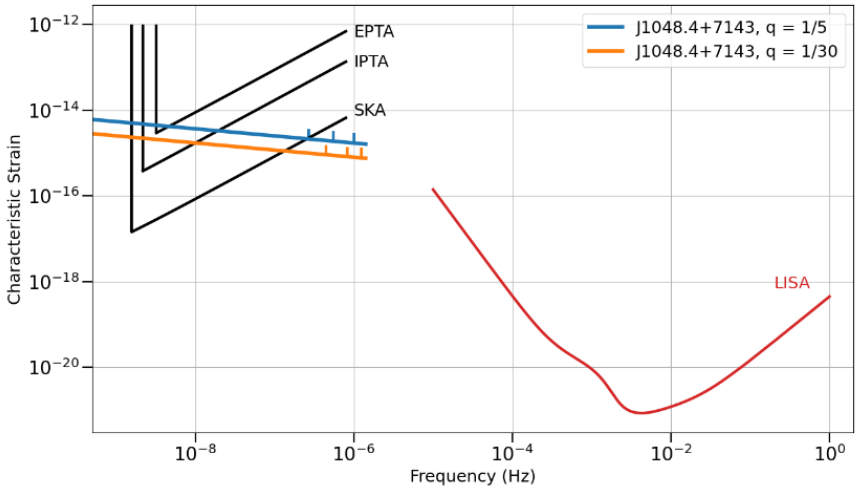
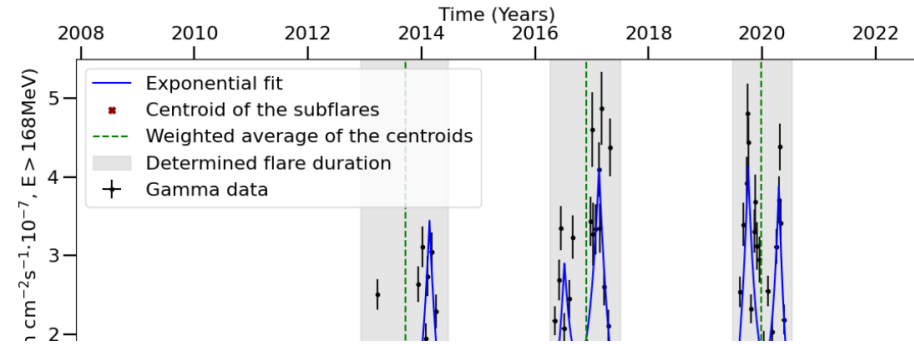


# Summary

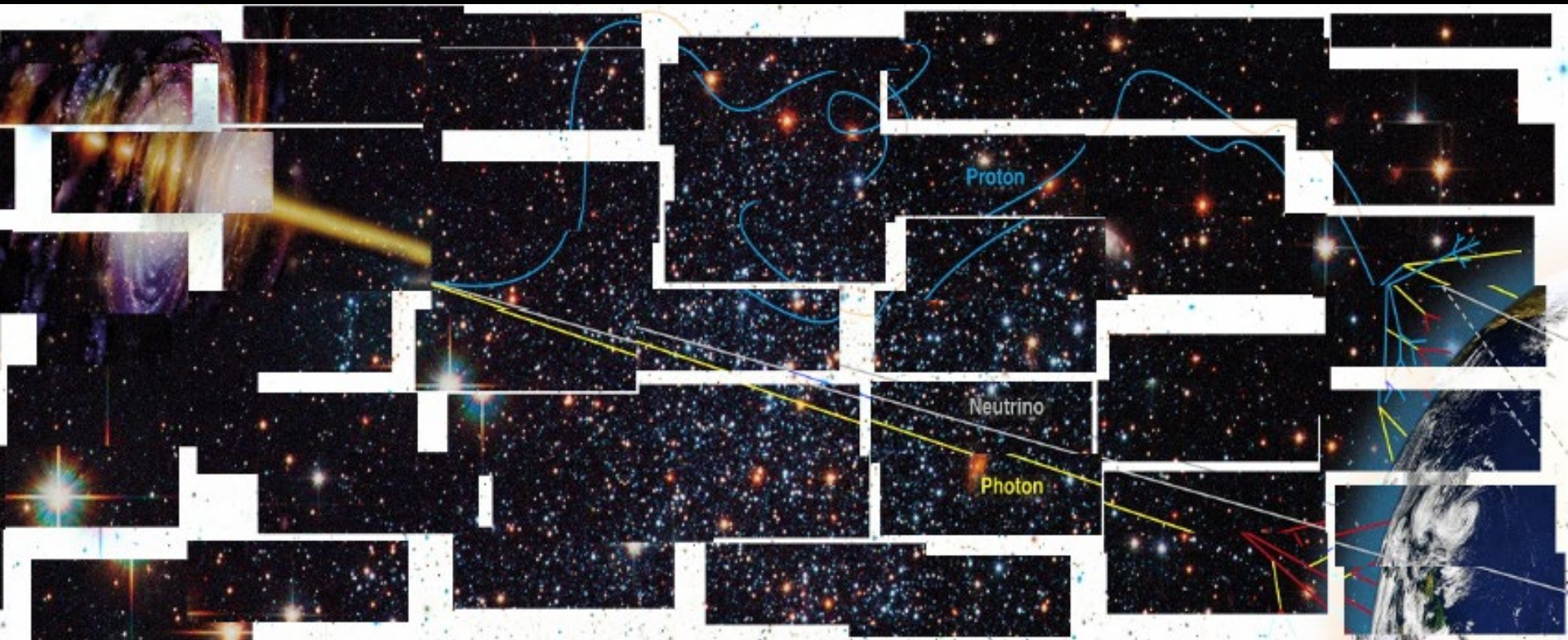
- Something is wrong with the  $\gamma$ - $\nu$  connection: are we looking at  $\gamma$ -absorbed sources?
- Modeling via transport equation requires consideration of escape timescale (diffusive VS ballistic)
- 3dim modeling of structures to match time and energy domains at the same time



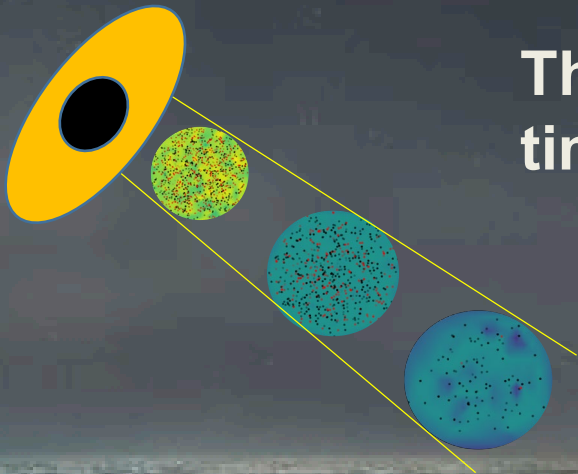
# Outlook: $\nu$ -GW-connection for SMBBHs



# Transient multimessenger astrophysics: a (time-dependent) puzzle for physicists



Thank you for listening –  
time for questions 😊



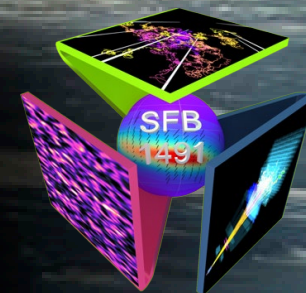
SPONSORED BY THE



Federal Ministry  
of Education  
and Research

**DFG**

Deutsche  
Forschungsgemeinschaft



Julia Tjus | 26.09.2022

