

# High Energy Particles from Supercooled Phase Transitions

Maximilian DICHTL

LPTHE Paris, Sorbonne

Work in progress with

Filippo SALA

IRN Terascale @ Bonn

29.03.2022



Heavy Dark Matter

~~High Energy Particles~~

from

# Supercooled Phase Transitions

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**LPTHE**

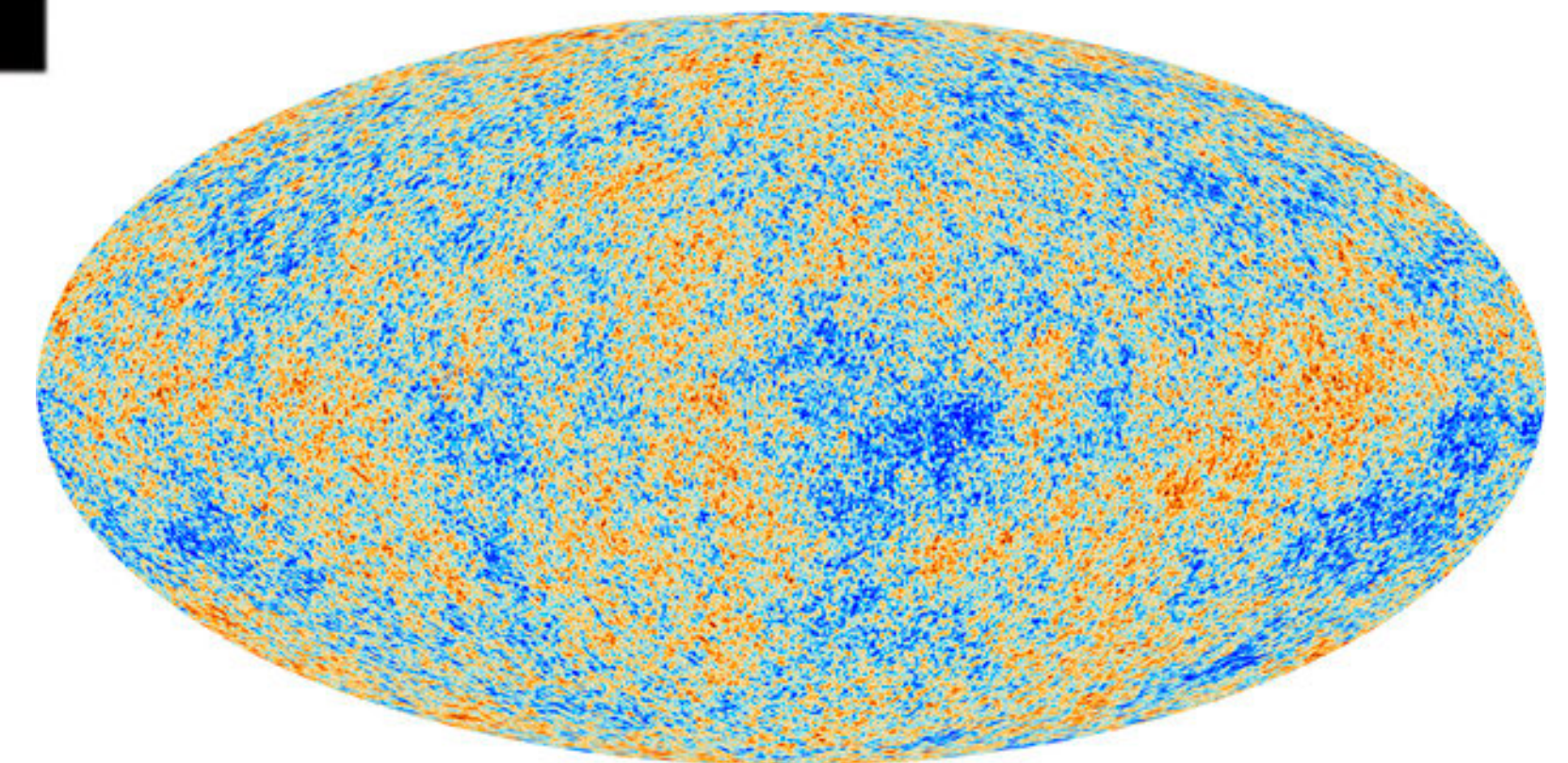
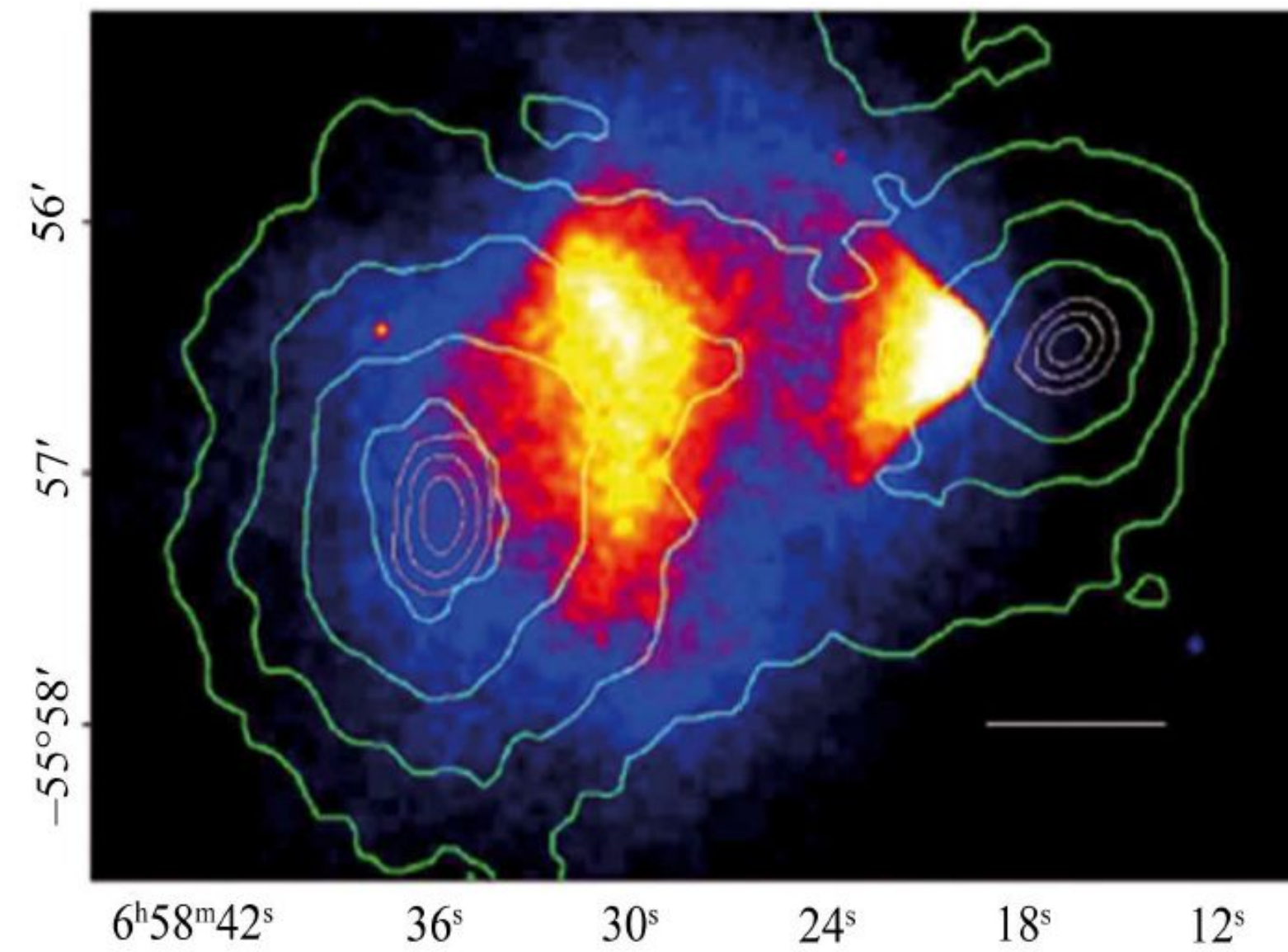
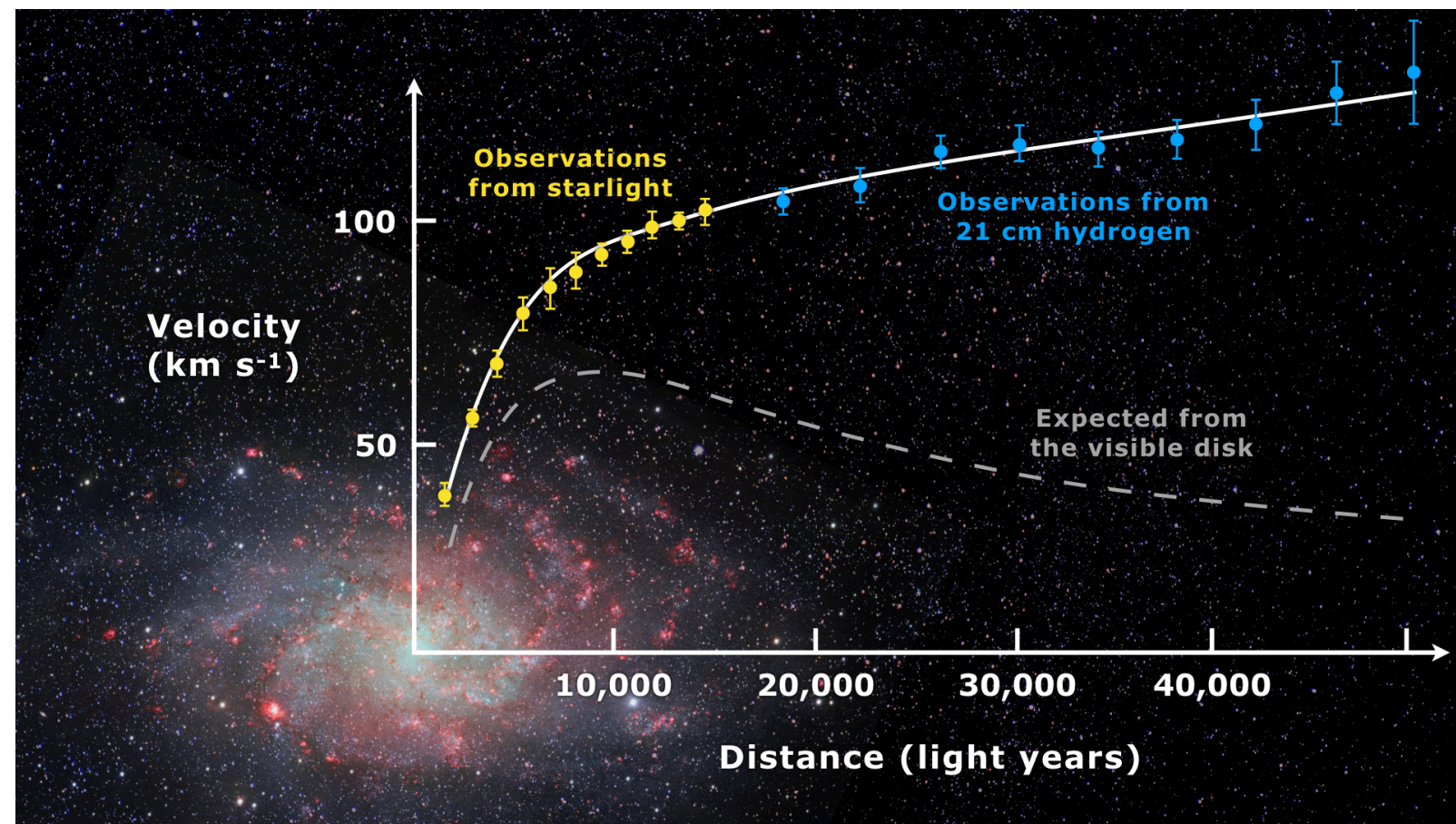
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# Experimental Evidence for Dark Matter



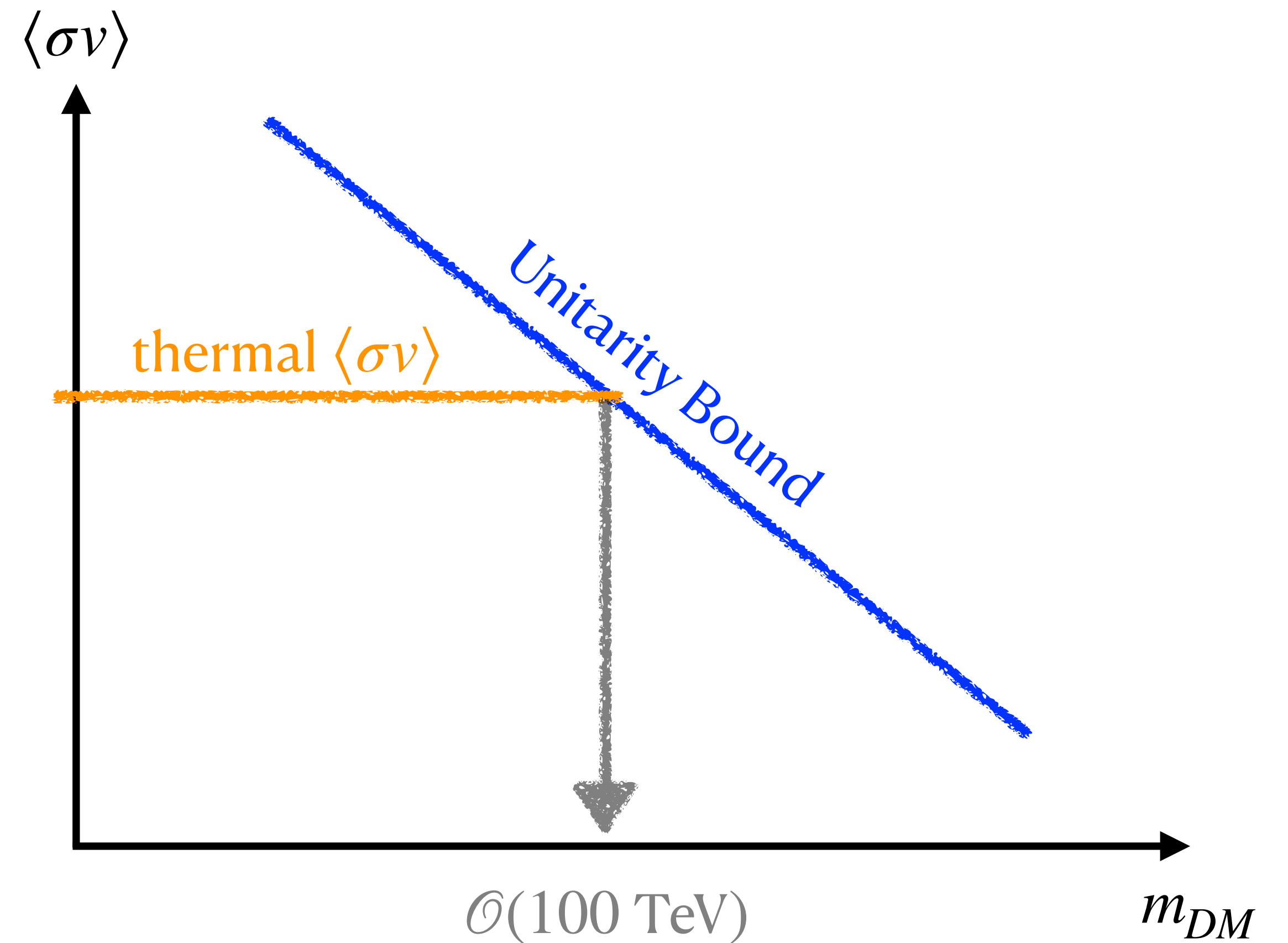


# Unitarity Bound

Implication for thermal relic

$$\sigma v \lesssim \frac{4\pi(2J+1)}{v} \frac{1}{m_{DM}^2}$$

$$\Omega_{DM} \propto \frac{1}{\sigma v}$$



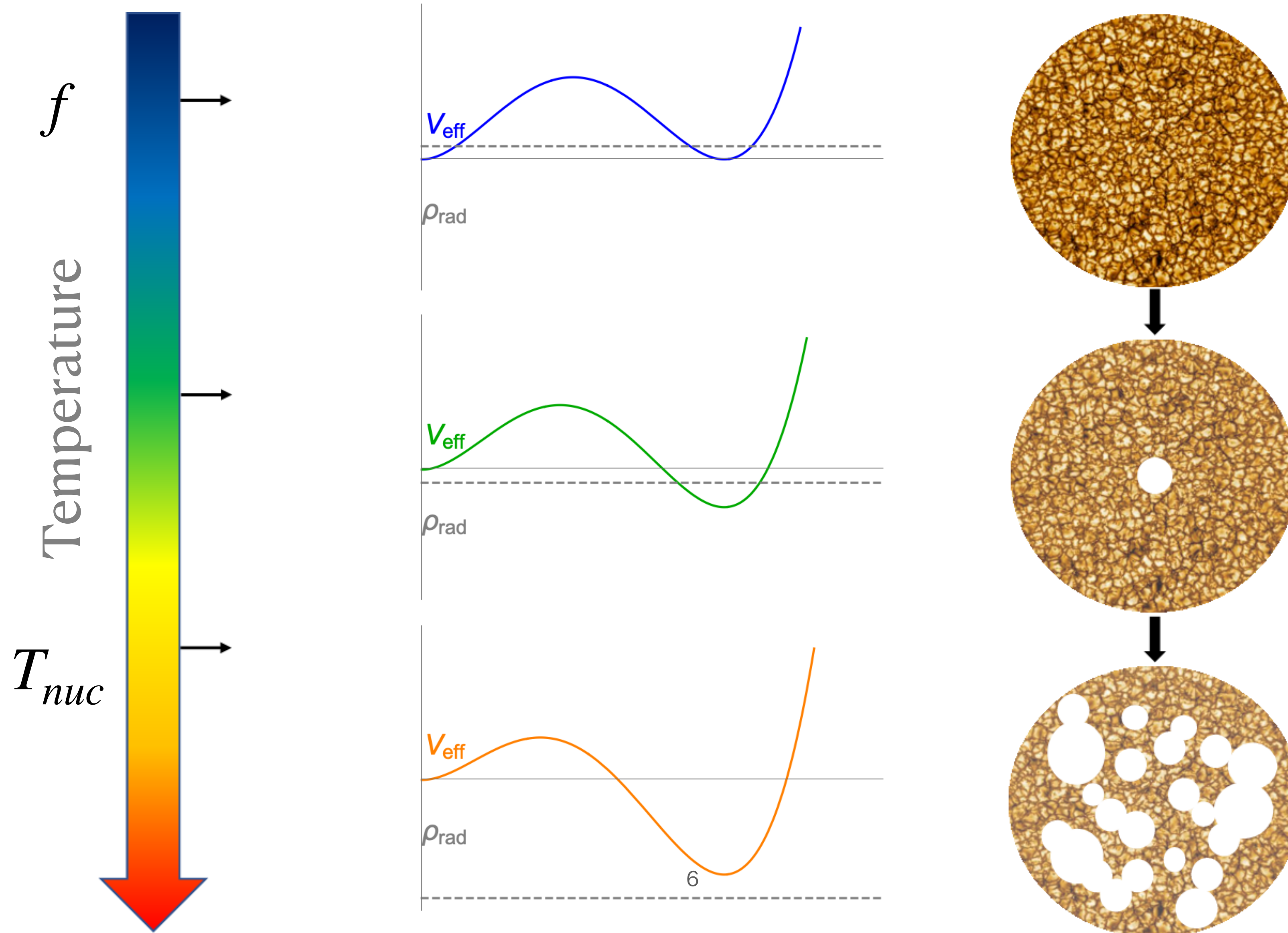
# Ways Out

- Non-standard cosmological history before BBN
  - Early phase of matter domination
  - Vacuum Energy Domination
- No thermal contact / Out-of-equilibrium production

# Outline

- Supercooled Phase Transitions
- High Energy Particles
- Example: Heavy Dark Matter

# Supercooled Phase Transitions



# Supercooled Phase Transitions

Main Parameters:

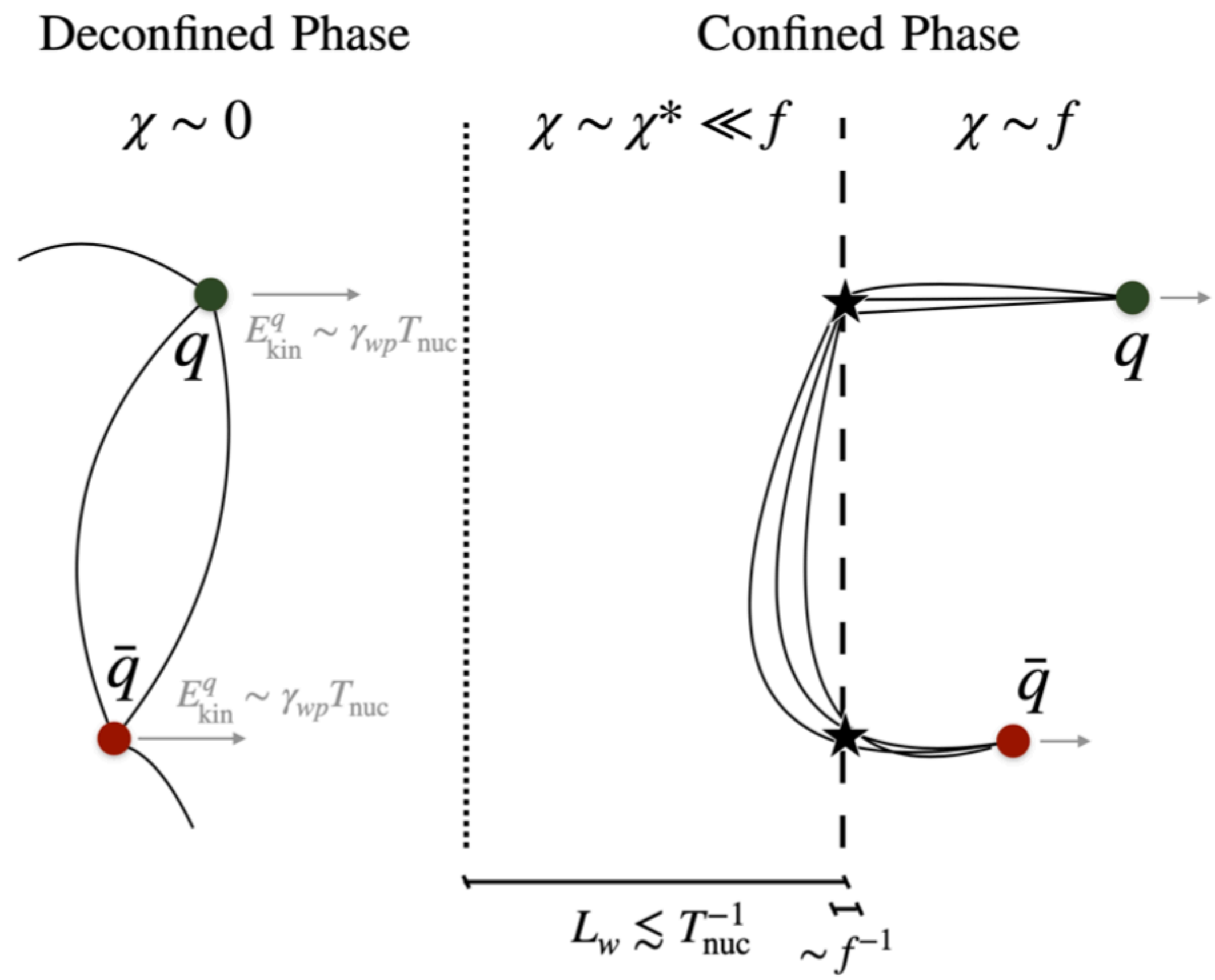
- Energy Scale of the Phase Transition  $f$
- Nucleation Temperature  $T_{nuc} \ll f$
- Wall Velocity  $\gamma_w(T_{nuc}, f)$



# Confining Sectors

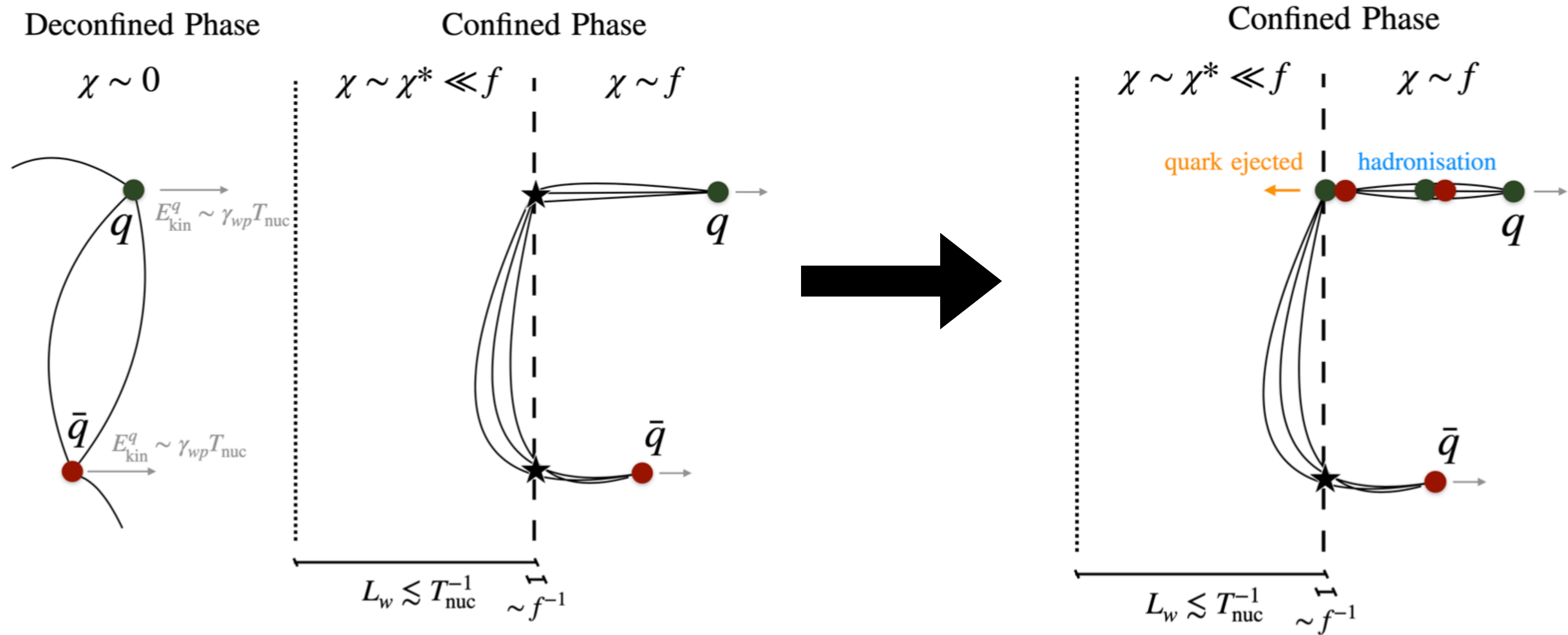
# String Fragmentation

I.Baldes, Y.Gouttenoire, F.Sala  
arXiv:2007.08440



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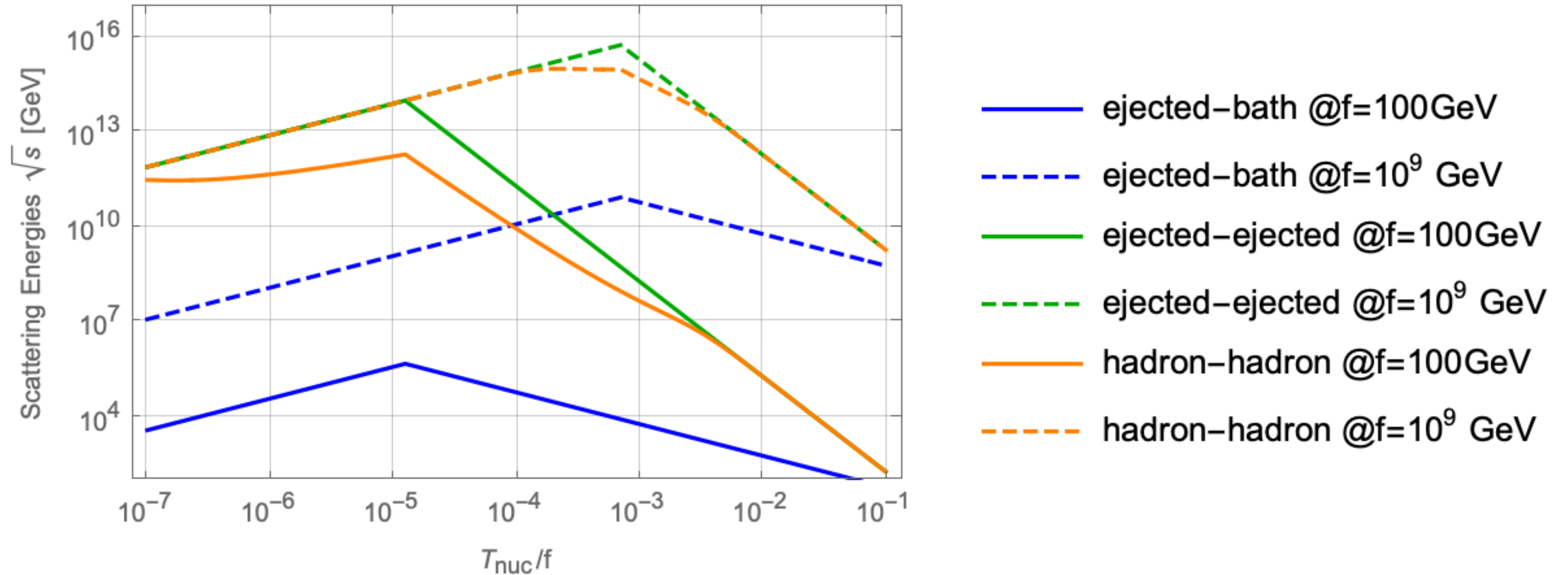




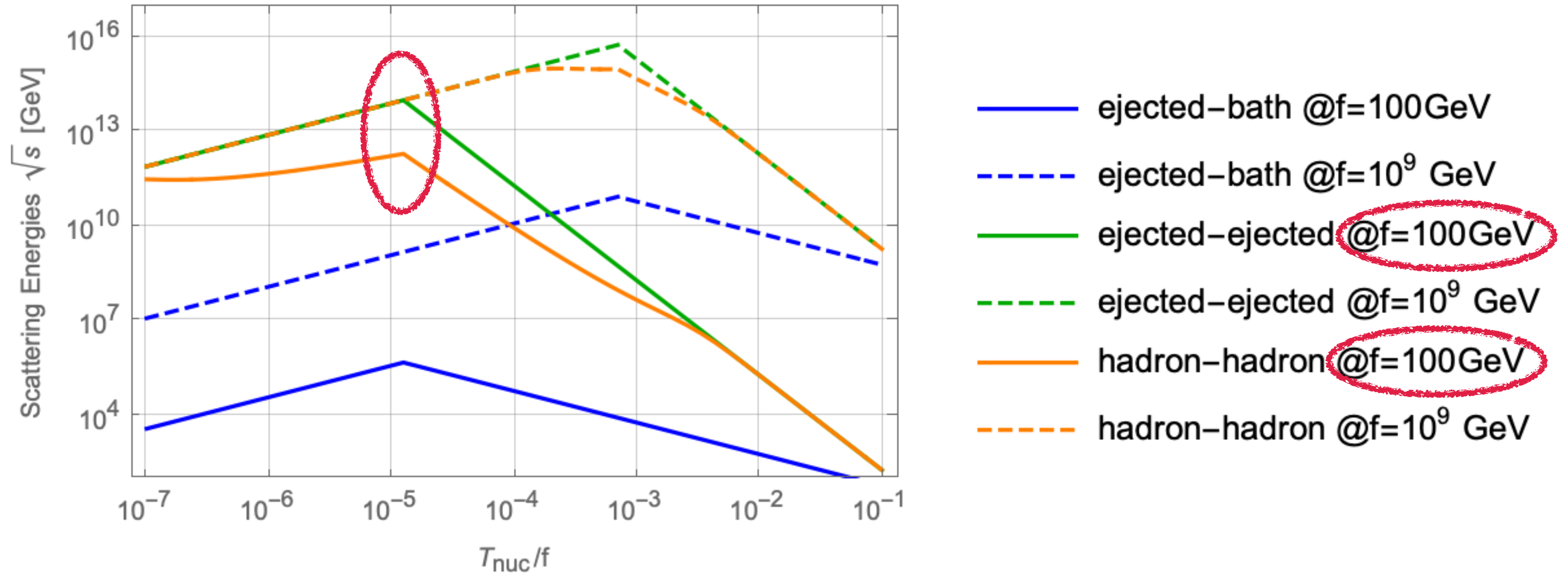
# Particle Content

- Bath Particles (typical energies  $T_{nuc}$ )
- Ejected Particles (typical energies  $\gamma_w f$ )
- Hadrons (typical energies  $\gamma_w f / N_{\text{hadrons}}$ )

# Typical Scattering Energies



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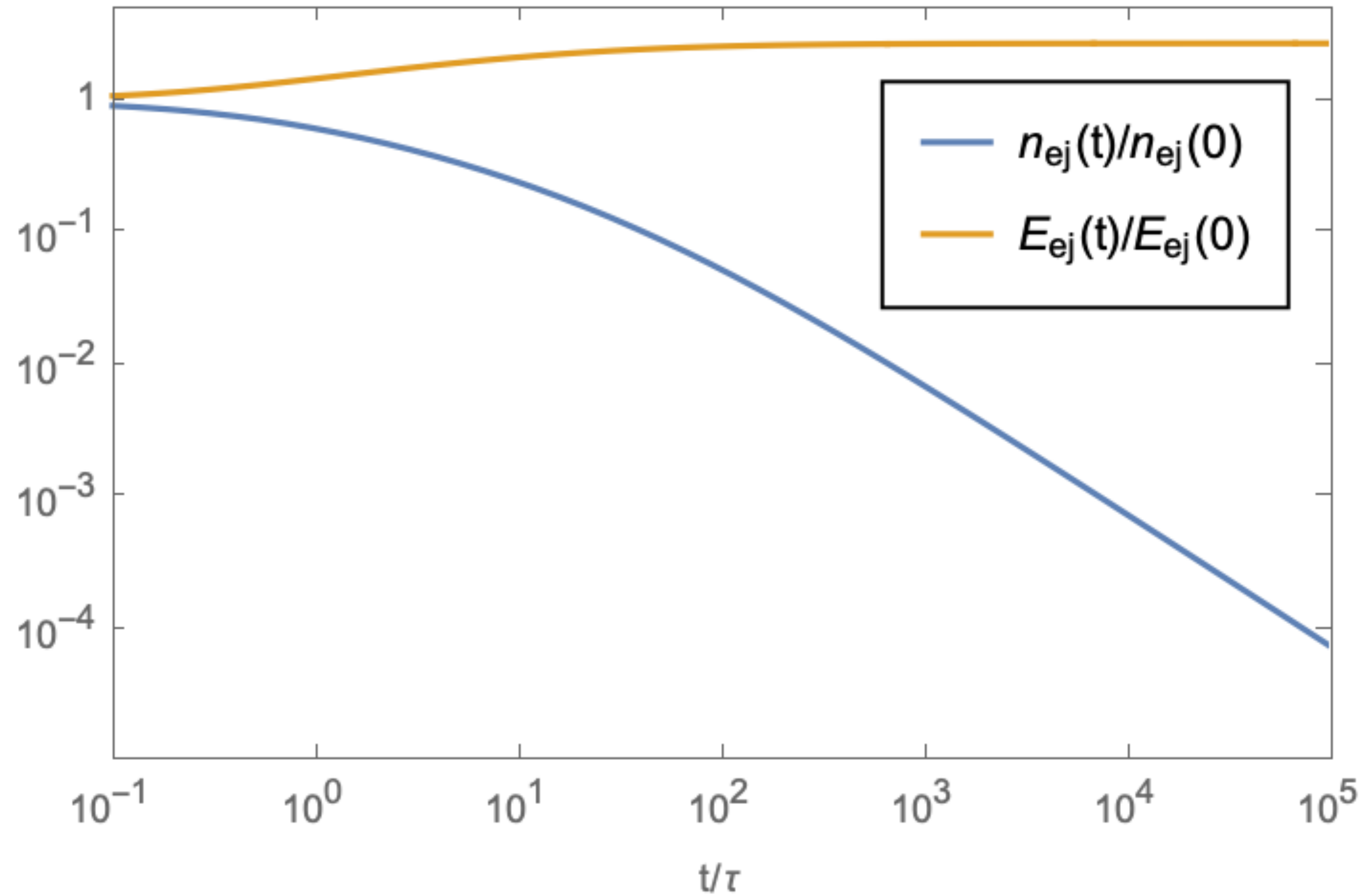




# Evolution of High Energy Particles

- Number changing interactions
- Reduce the number of highly energetic particles

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- Number changing interactions
- Reduce the number of highly energetic particles



Largest contribution to DM production: Last moment production before collision



# Heavy Dark Matter

# Dark Matter Production

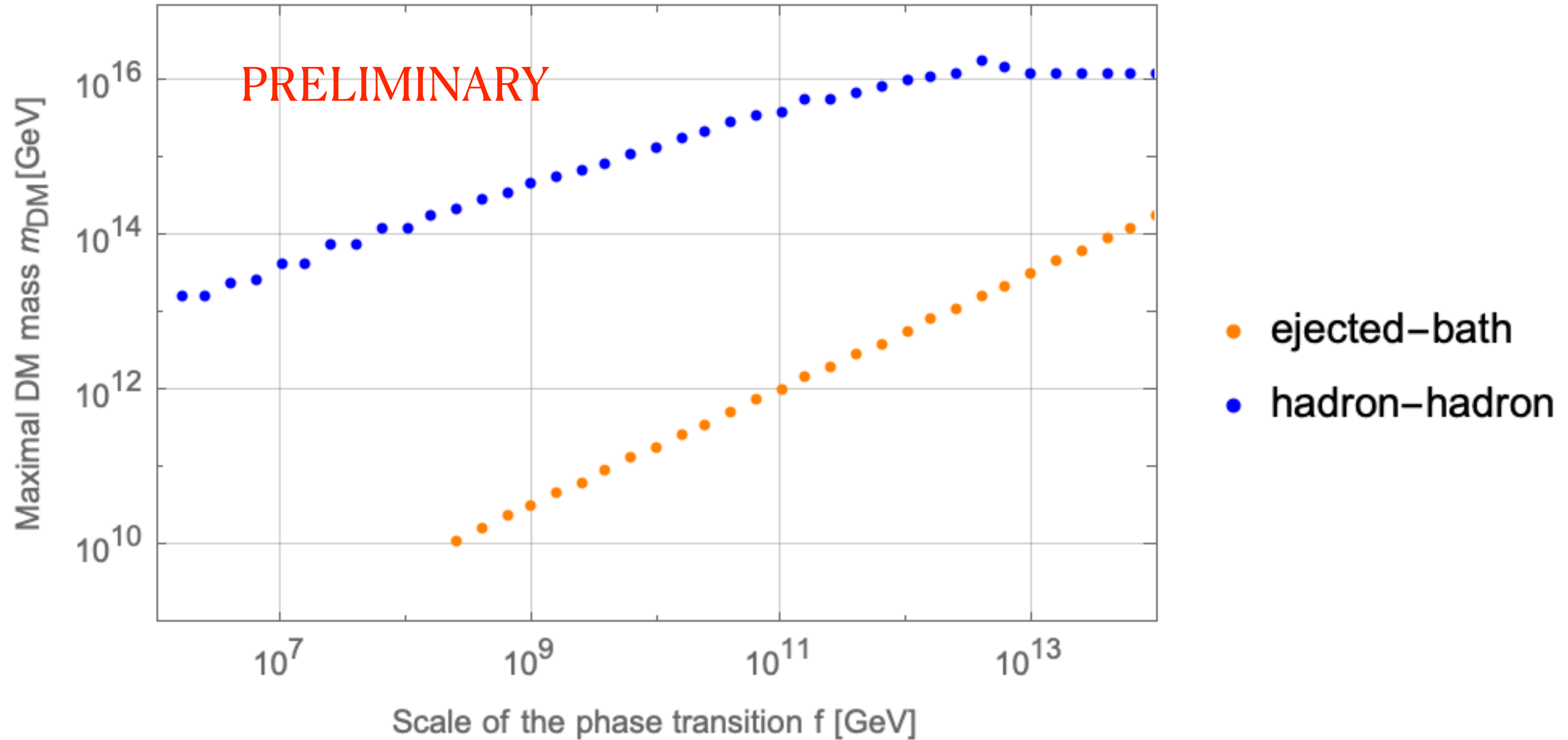
Effective Interacting Theory between

- BSM quarks, and
- Dark Matter

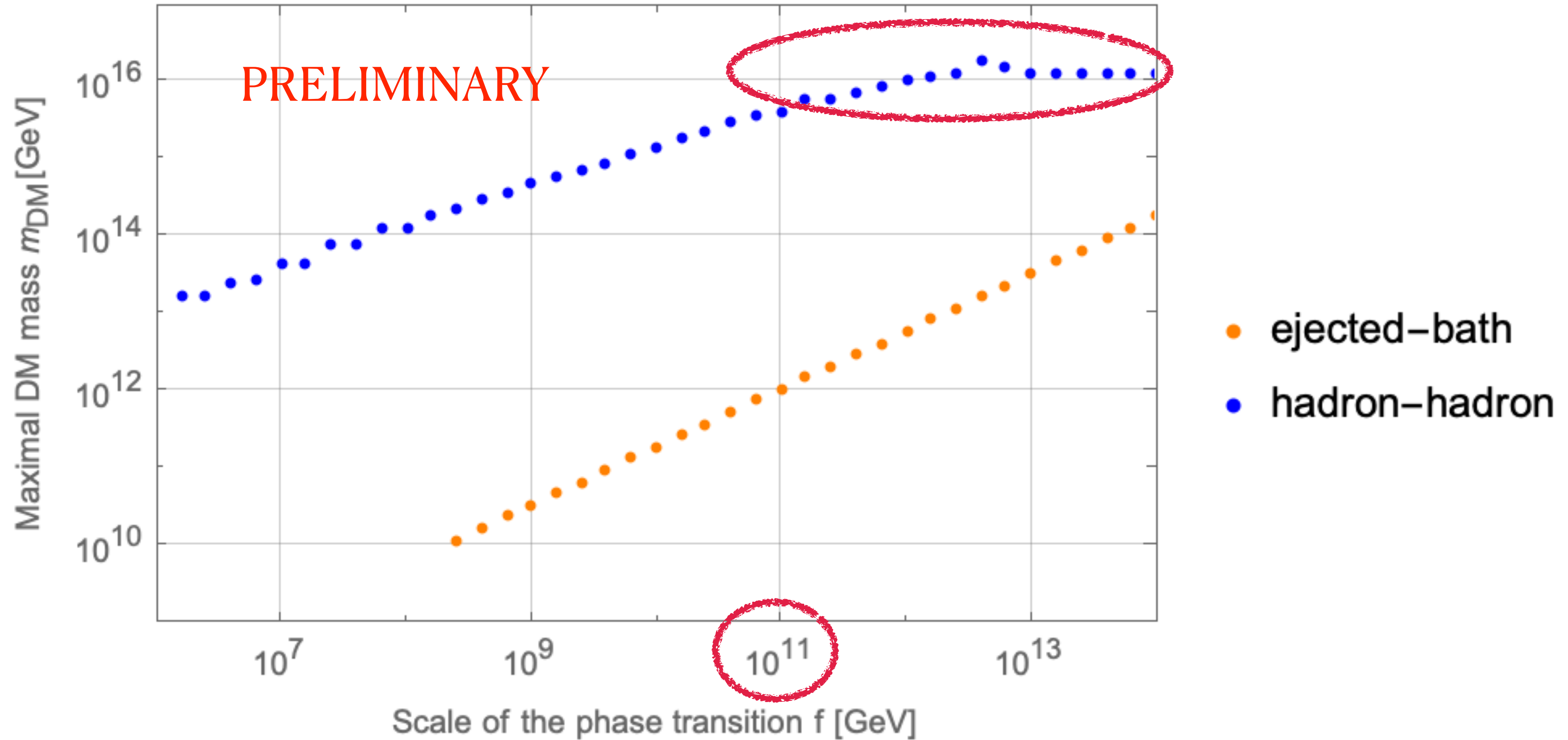
$$\mathcal{O} = \frac{1}{\Lambda^2}(\bar{q}q)(\bar{\Psi}\Psi) \quad , \quad \mathcal{O} = \frac{1}{\Lambda^2}(\bar{q}\gamma^\mu q)(\bar{\Psi}\gamma_{\mu\nu}\Psi)$$

$$\sigma(\bar{q}q \rightarrow \bar{\Psi}\Psi) \simeq \frac{1}{8\pi} \frac{s}{\Lambda^4}$$

# Maximal Dark Matter Mass

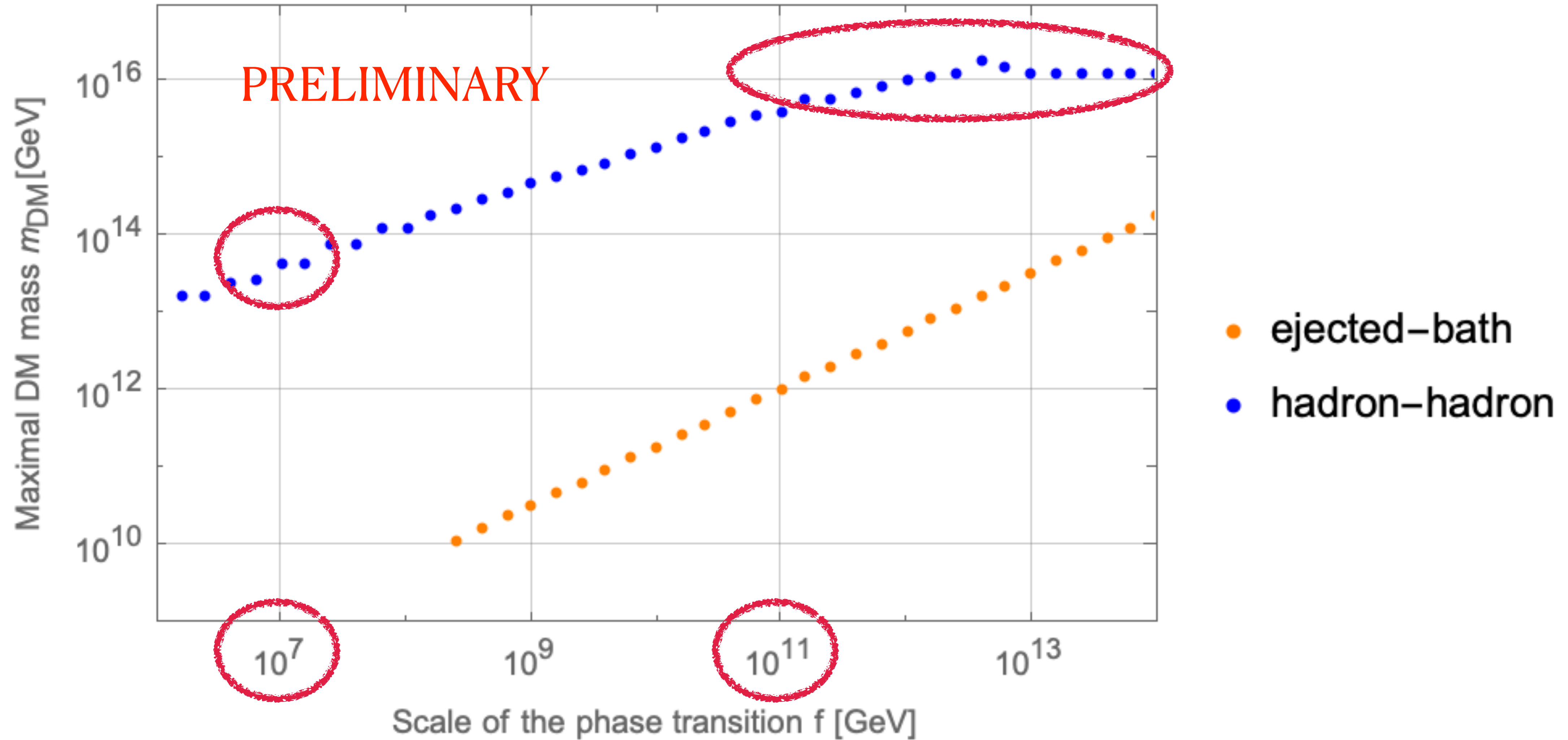


# Maximal Dark Matter Mass





# Maximal Dark Matter Mass

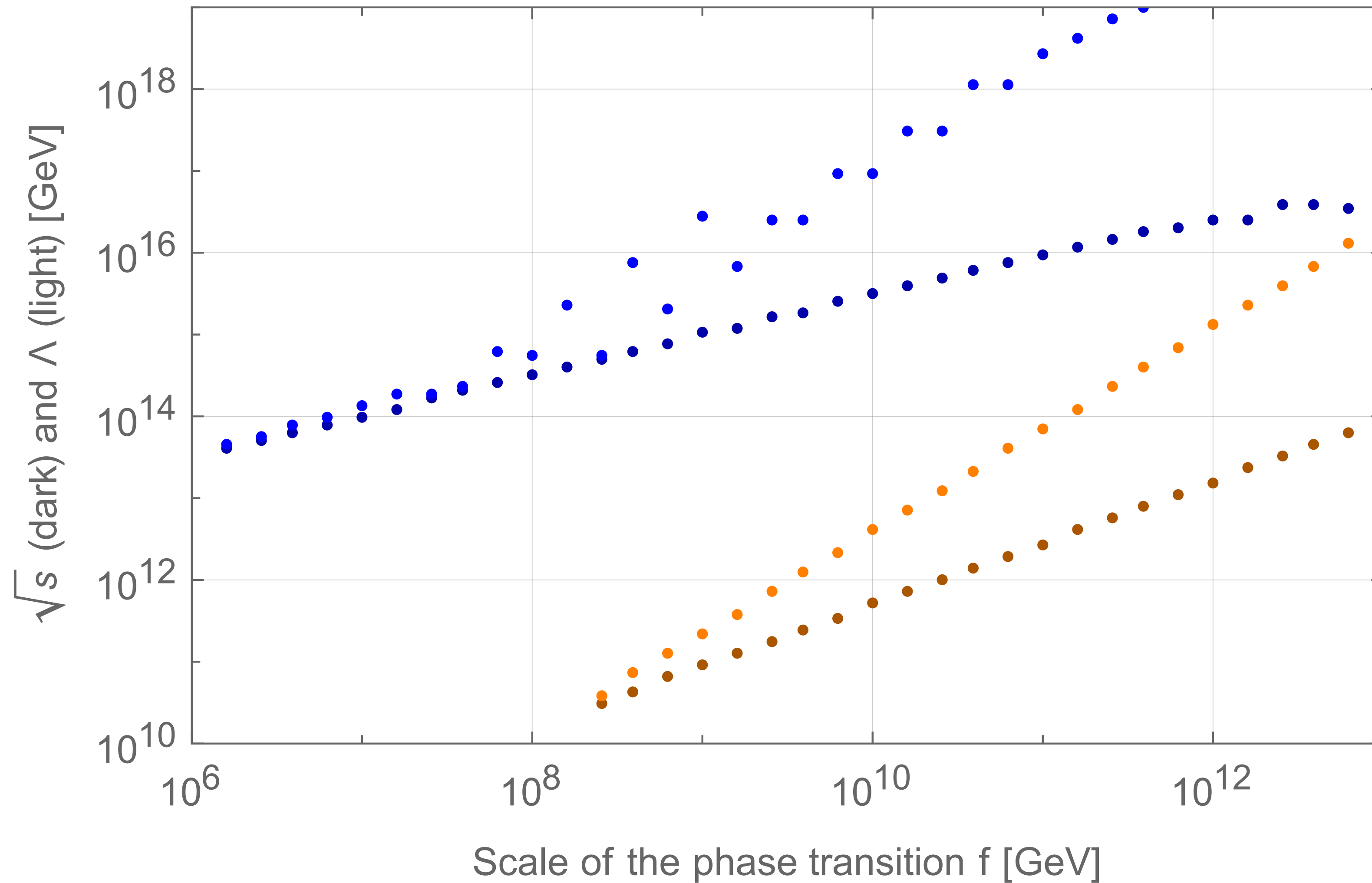


# Outlook

- Concrete Models
- Non-confining phase transitions
- Signals for GW detectors
- Baryogenesis

**Backup**

# Scattering / Interaction Scale





# Nucleation Temperature

