2022 Joint Workshop of FKPPL and TYL/FJPPL (Online) LS2N/University of Nantes, 16-18 May 2022

# **Status of FKPPL in FAZIA**

Byungsik Hong (Korea University) and Nicolas Le Neindre (LPC Caen) for FAZIA-FKC

## Korea in FAZIA: Brief history

#### • Before 2019:

- The Korean group (part of LAMPS Collaboration) was designing the Si-CsI telescope detector for the low-energy (a few tens MeV per nucleon) nuclear collision experiments at RAON, which is the new radioactive-ion beam facility being built in Korea.
- The International Advisory Committee of RAON reviewed the status of the detector development and suggested us to collaborate with FAZIA in Europe, because it had been operating the most advanced Si-CsI detector system for nuclear physics.
- Therefore, to join the Collaboration, we started the discussion with some FAZIA members in several Conferences & meetings.

#### • In 2019

- Even before officially joining the FAZIA Collaboration, a group of interested Korean researchers visited GANIL in May 2019 and participated in the E789 experiment.
- Three professors (B. Hong @ Korea Univ., M. Kweon @ Inha Univ., I. Hahn @ Ewha Womans Univ.) attended the FAZIA Workshop at GANIL in September and presented the application to join the Collaboration.

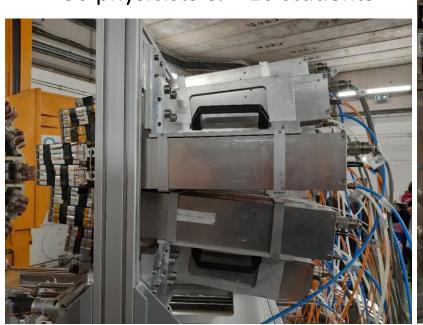
#### Korea in FAZIA: Brief history

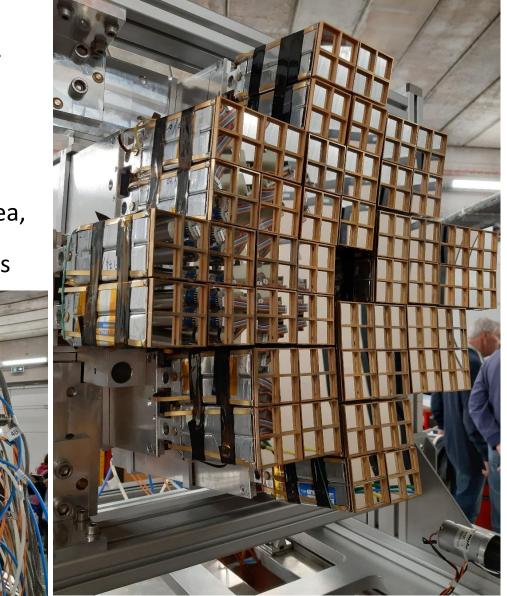
 Addendum of MOU for FAZIA, adding Korea with CENuM (Center for Extreme Nuclear Matters directed by B. Hong) the national representative, was signed by CENuM (Korea), INFN (Italy), CNRS/IN2P3 (France), GANIL (France), COPIN (Poland), UHU (Spain) on November 6, 2020.

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ADDENDUM n. 1	With the accession of the Korean Party, some capital and human resources are added to the Collaboration as detailed in the table attached herewith as Appendix 1.	For the CNRS-IN2P3:
to the Memorandum of Understanding for the 2018-2022 FAZIA Experimental phase	The acceding Party agrees and accepts the full openness and availability, within the Collaboration, in exchanging ideas, designs, drawings, software and hardware solutions that are now in use and those that will be developed and put in operation during the period of the	Revnatterative
The following Institutions:	MoU. ARTICLE 2	Director Date: 1022020
ISTITUTO NAZIONALE DI FISICA NUCLEARE (INFR), Italy     INSTITUT NATIONAL DE PHYSIQUE NUCLEAIRE ET DE PHYSIQUE DES     PARTICULES (CNRS-IN2P3), France     GRAND ACCELERATEUR NATIONAL D'IONS LOURDS (GANIL), France     CONSORTIUM OF POLISI INSTITUTUTIONS (COPIN), Poland	This Addendum n. 1 shall enter into force upon signature by the authorized representatives of the Institutions forming the FAZIA Collaboration and shall remain in effect for the period set out in the preamble and in the text of the MoU.	For the GANIL:
UNIVERSITY OF HUELVA (UHU), Spain	ARTICLE 3	Renter
hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Institutions" of the FAZIA Collaboration WHEREAS	The acceding Institution joining the FAZIA Collaboration under the present Addendum n. 1 and in accordance with the Collaboration rules, during the period of validity of the MOU, shall accept the terms in force.	Alahari NAVIN Director
<ul> <li>on October 2018, the Institutions forming the FAZIA Collaboration have concluded a Memorandum of Understanding of the duration of five years (2018-2022) for the purpose of operating, maintaining, developing the FAZIA detectors during the experimental phase</li> </ul>	For what not explicitly modified by the present Addendum n. 1, the terms and conditions of the MoU shall continue in full force and effect.	Date:
mostly carried out at GANIL in the fields of Heavy-Ion reactions at Fermi energies.	ARTICLE 4	For the COPIN:
<ul> <li>in accordance with the provisions foreseen in article 8 of the MoU other Institutions may join the Experiment upon execution of a written Addendum approved by the Management Board of the Collaboration.</li> </ul>	The present Addendum n. 1 and its Annexes shall form an integral part of the FAZIA MoU.	Tid
<ul> <li>On September 27 2019, following a plenary collaboration meeting held at GANIL, the Management Board has discussed and approved the accession of a new Institution in the FAZIA Collaboration.</li> </ul>	For the CENuM:	Maref IEZABEK Director Date: 12.03.2020
NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS AGREED AS FOLLOWS:	350g 고려에 고려하지 Byungsik HONG 高品 计 Director 대한 방문	For the UHU:
	Date: OG, Nov. 2020	IA
ARTICLE 1		42.01.2320
The purpose of the present Addendum n. 1 is to extend the participation in the FAZIA Collaboration to the following research Institution:	For the INFN:	Juan Alguacil Ojeda Vice Chancellor for Research and Transfer Date:
Center for Extreme Nuclear Matters (CENuM) Korea University, Seoul 02841, South Korea		mara:
It is specified that for what concerns the plans and the activity of the FAZIA MoU, the CENuM includes and coordinates members of three Korean Universities: the Korea University, the Exhect Wearney University and the late Universities.	Antonio ZOCCOLI	onsortium of Polish Governmenta

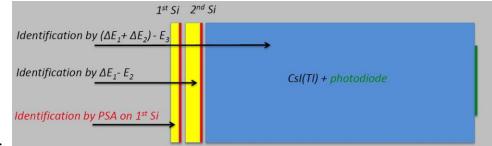
Public Institutions, Polish Academy of SciencesUHU: University of Huelva

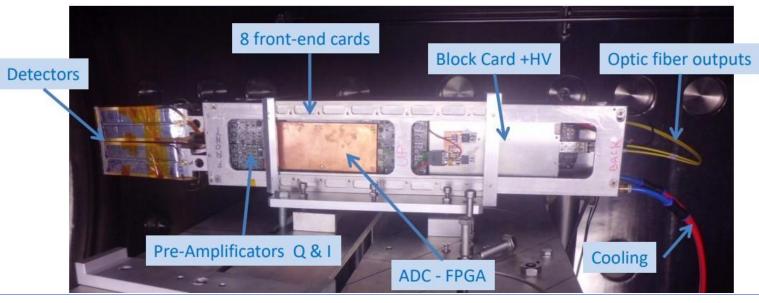
- A charged-particle detector for heavy-ion collision studies at intermediate beam energies
- Collaboration status
  - 5 countries (France, Italy, Korea, Poland, Spain)
  - ~30 physicists & ~10 students





- One FAZIA block consists of 16 Si<sub>1</sub>+Si<sub>2</sub>+CsI telescopes with a crosssectional area of 2X2 cm<sup>2</sup>.
  - Si $_1$  (nTD): 300  $\mu$ m thick
  - Si<sub>2</sub> (nTD): 500  $\mu$ m thick
  - Csl: 10 cm thick, photodiode readout
  - Dedicated digital electronics with optical fiber outputs
  - Units of 8 FEE cards are cooled under vacuum



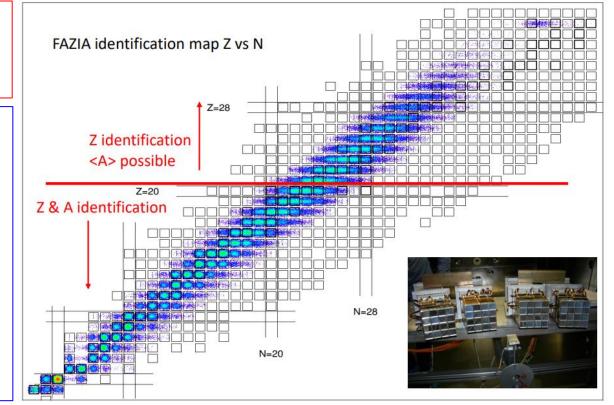


• FAZIA isotope identification map

<sup>80</sup>Kr+<sup>40-48</sup>Ca at 35 AMeV IsoFAZIA experiment @ LNS, Catania in June 2015

The FAZIA block is the result of > 10 years of R&D into pushing the limits of the  $\Delta E - E$  technique with

- highly uniform (in thickness and doping) Si detectors,
- refining Pulse-Shape Analysis (PSA) techniques for identification in a single detector,
- a dedicated on-board electronics comprising both analogue (preamplifier) and digital stages.



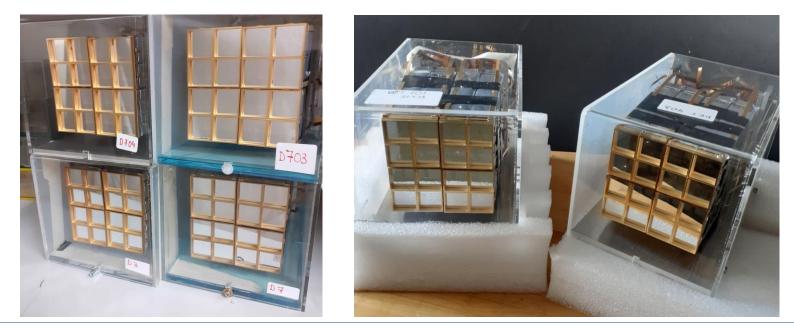
• FAZIA has a good isotopic resolution for charged particles produced in heavy-ion collisions at the beam-energy range from 15 to 100 AMeV, which is mandatory for the future radioactive ion beam experiments.

- Scientific goal
  - Detailed understanding of the nuclear Equation of State (EOS) and constraining the nuclear symmetry energy for both microscopic (nuclei) and macroscopic (neutron stars) objects
- Recent experiments
  - E789 (data taking was completed in 2019): Isospin transportation and the density dependence of the symmetry energy
  - E818 (data taking was finished at 6:00 this morning): Characteristics of the warm dense nuclear matter in low-density region
- Future
  - Extended identification capability
  - Flexible installation scheme in the limited space of vacuum chamber
  - Application of the modern technology to detectors and FEE
  - Larger acceptance: Plan to increase the number of FAZIA blocks manufactured in different locations in Europe and Korea for more comprehensive measurements, etc.

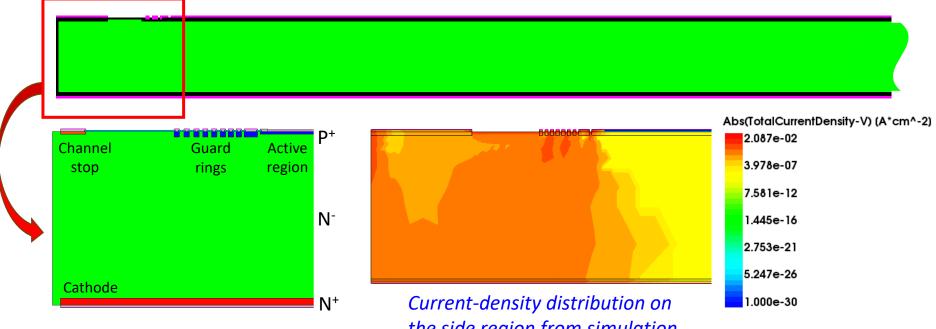
### FKPPL Collaboration in FAZIA focuses on (but not limited to) the future improvement.

French group			Korean group			
Name	Position	Lab./Institute	Name	Position	Institute	
<u>Leader:</u> Le Neindre, Nicolas	CR	LPC Caen CNRS IN2P3 & University	<u>Leader:</u> Hong, Byungsik	Professor	Korea University & CENuM	
Bonnet, Eric	CR	Subatech Nantes CNRS IN2P3	Kweon, Minjung	Professor	Inha University & CENuM	
Borderie, Bernard	Emeritus	IPNO Orsay CNRS IN2P3 & University	Park, Jonghan	PostDoc	Inha University, Korea University & CENuM	
Bougault, Rémi	DR	LPC Caen CNRS IN2P3 & University	Nam, Seon Ho	Student	Korea University & CENuM	
Chbihi, Abdou	DR	GANIL	Park, Jeonghyeok	Student	Korea University & CENuM	
Fable, Quentin	Postdoc	L2IT Toulouse CNRS IN2P3	Kim, Giyoung	Student	Inha University & CENuM	
Frankland, John	CR	GANIL	Hahn, Kevin Insik	Professor	IBS & Ewha Womans University	
Genard, Tom	Student	GANIL	Kim, Sunji	PostDoc	IBS	
Gruyer, Diego	CR	LPC Caen CNRS IN2P3 & University				
Lemarié, Julien	Student	GANIL				
Lopez, Olivier	DR	LPC Caen CNRS IN2P3 & University				
Rebillard, Alex	Student	LPC Caen CNRS IN2P3 & University				
Vient, Emmanuel	EC	LPC Caen CNRS IN2P3 & University				
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- Development of new Si detectors
  - Collaboration produced 750  $\mu$ m thick detectors
  - Wafers supplied by the Korean group
  - Processed by CiS, the private company in Germany (The cost was shared by France, Italy, and Korea.)
  - Assembled by the Italian (INFN @ Florence) group
  - Installed by French (GANIL) group in the inner most modules for the beam test during the E818 experiment



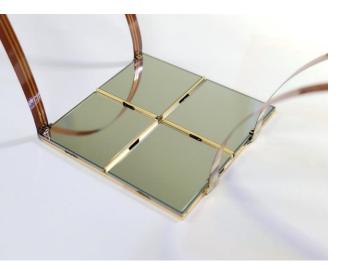
#### Design and construction of the new thick Si detectors



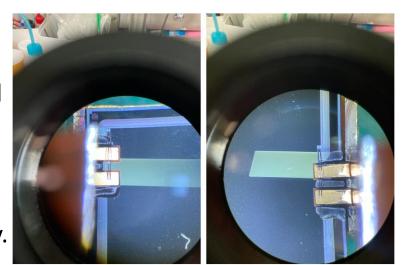
the side region from simulation

- The detailed structure, dimensions, and doping profiles are finalized by intense simulations with helps from the experts in the Dept. of Electrical Engineering.
- Low total current,  $\mathcal{O}(10 \text{ nA})$ , is expected in the working-voltage range.
- Si wafers will be processed at ETRI & NNFC in Korea (750  $\mu m \rightarrow 1 mm$  thickness).
- If successful, the next step is to design and produce the 150  $\mu$ m thick detectors.

- Detector assembly
  - Chip mounting & wire-bonding



- → Wire-bonding flexi-cables to the Si-chip pad
- ↓ Lab. testing system is in preparation at Inha University.

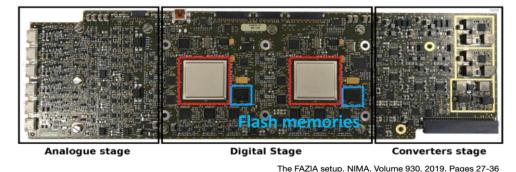


- $\Lambda$  First product of quartetto
  - Used 750  $\mu$ m chips previously processed by CiS
  - Chip mounting (gluing), wirebonding done by the Korean company (MEMSPACK)



- Development of the new FEE card
  - Two prototype FEE cards produced by the Korean company (NOTICE).
  - Original schematics were provided by the FAZIA Collaboration.
- Several changes were applied for more effective functioning.
- Some components are outdated.
  - FPGA: Virtex-5  $\rightarrow$  Kintex-7
  - Uploading method of the VHDL bit files to FPGAs : 2 flash memories → 1 flash memory & CPLD
  - + many other modifications
- Major modification of VHDL code to adopt the changes in the new prototype FEE card

FAZIA / FEE(Front-End Electronics) Old Card



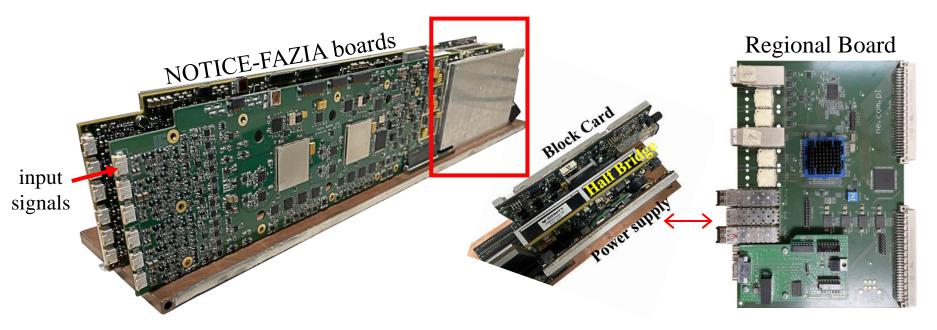




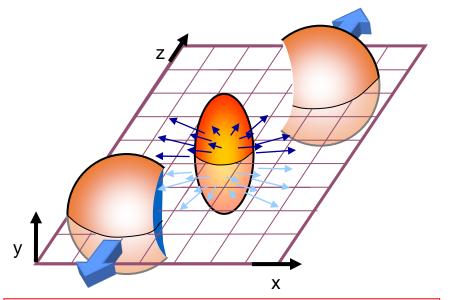
FAZIA / FEE(Front-End Electronics) new card



- Development of the new FEE card
  - Two prototype FEE boards were brought to GANIL on May 4 for further test.
  - New board installed on the electronics frame that contains block card, half-bridge and power supply.
    - Block card retrieves all the data from FEE and builds a partial event.
    - Block card communicates with the spare regional board, which takes care of event building.



- Data analysis
  - Collective flow using the INDRA data
  - <sup>129,124</sup>Xe + <sup>124,112</sup>Sn @ 100 AMeV
  - N/Z = 1.43, 1.39, 1.32, 1.27



 $d^3N$ 

 $\overline{p_t dp_t dy d\phi} \\ \propto 1 + 2v_1 \cos(\phi) + 2v_2 \cos(2\phi) + \dots$ with  $\phi \equiv \phi_{meas} - \Psi_R$ 



<image>

#### No approved results yet to show!

time

### Summary

- The specific goal of FKPPL for the FAZIA collaboration has been well defined.
- Active collaboration between Korea and Europe (France + Italy +...) is being performed on the developments of new Si detectors and new FEE cards and the data analysis on the collective flow of nuclear matter.
- The Korean group plans to duplicate some FAZIA blocks in Korea with Korean technologies. (FAZIA Collaboration will fully support this effort.)
- We will pursue the analysis of the INDRA-FAZIA data to understand the nuclear equation of state and symmetry energy at intermediate energies.
- FAZIA will use the detector blocks constructed in Korea in the commissioning phase of RAON. Later, FAZIA can also use the Korean blocks for the RIB experiments not only at RAON but also at GANIL & other accelerator facilities.
- Because of COVID19, travel to either country was not possible for the last ~2 years. But the Korean group, finally, visited GANIL in April and May this year and participated in the E818 experiment.
  - We will actively exchange the researchers for FAZIA for the detector developments, experiments, analyses, and meetings in the future.

#### The FKPPL Collaboration in FAZIA is extremely beneficial to both sides!

# Merci Beaucoup. どうもありがとうございます. 대단히 감사합니다. Thank you very much.