

Reaction mechanism and spectroscopy of superheavy nuclei

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Summary

Superheavy nuclei

Nuclei synthesis

Fusion evaporation

Detection system

Gamma spectroscopy

Alpha spectroscopy

Nuclei synthesis

Neutron capture

U238 basis, and β^- decay

Limited to Fermium ($Z=100$) who doesn't decay by β^-

Fusion evaporation

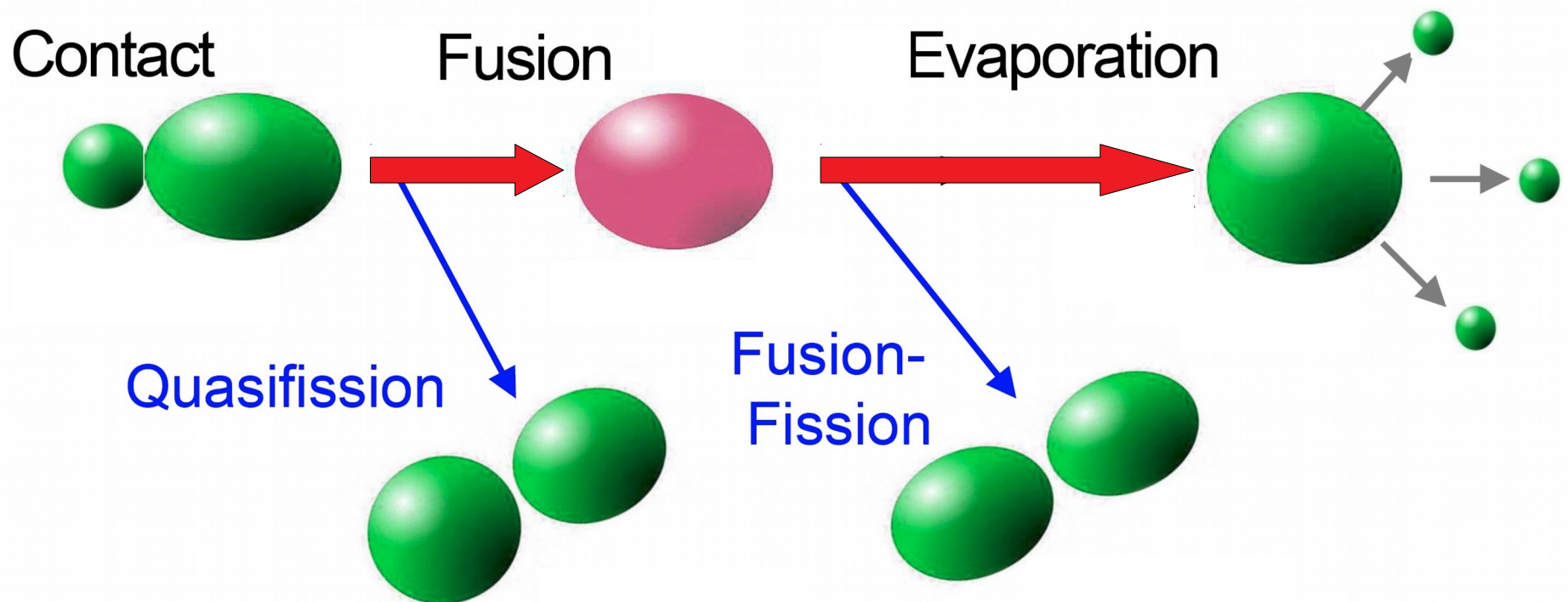
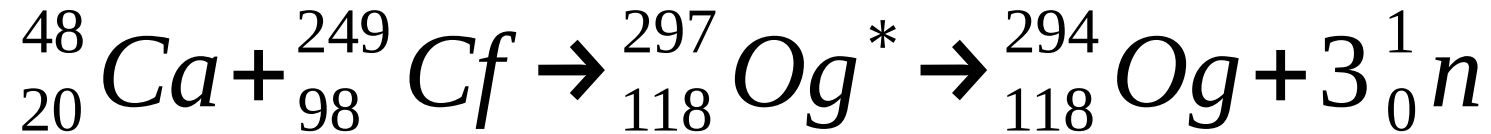
Total fusion by collision above Bass barrier

Multinucleon transfert

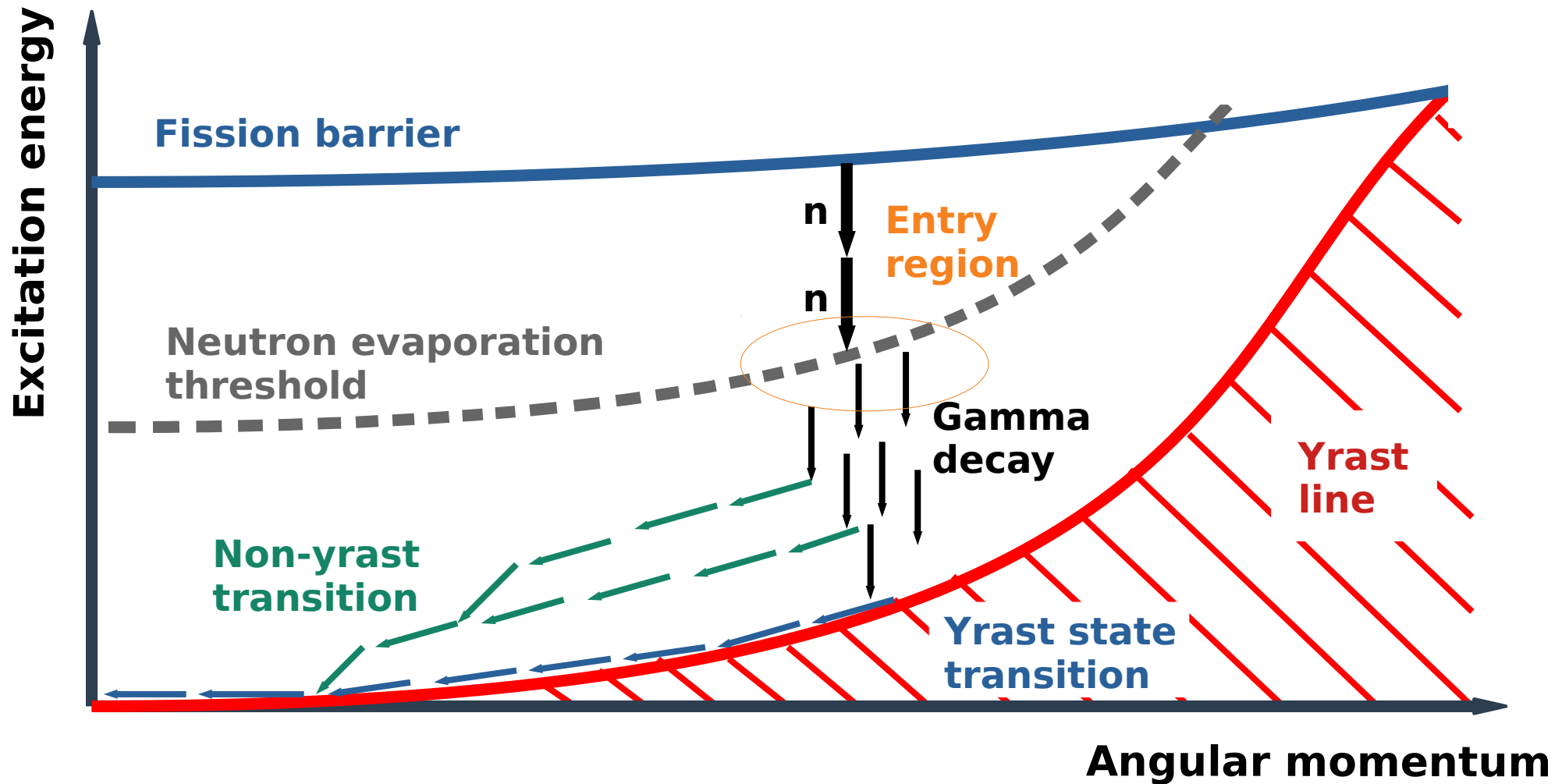
Collision below Bass barrier

Low cross section, difficulty to separate reaction products

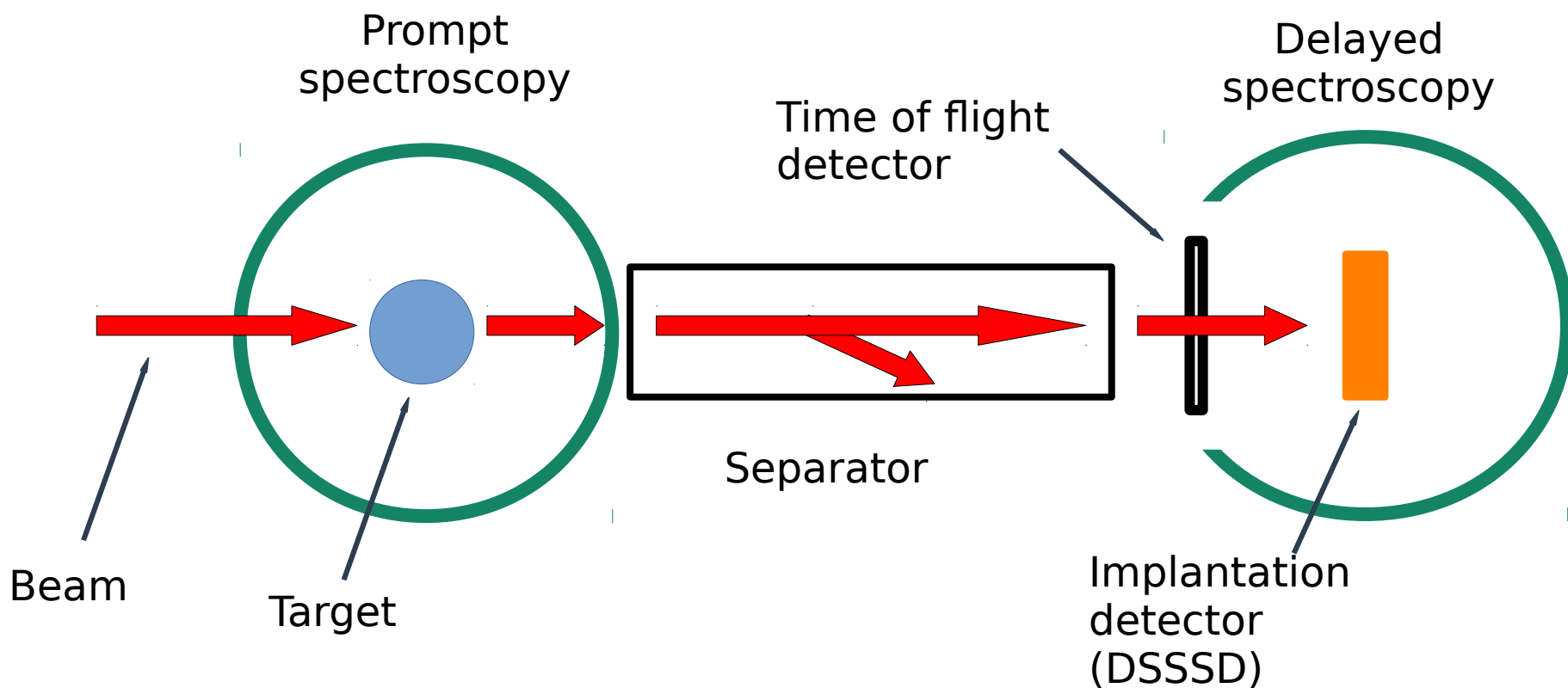
Fusion evaporation



Fusion evaporation



Detection system



Gamma spectroscopy

$$R = \frac{E(4^+)}{E(2^+)}$$

R ~ 1 : closed shell nucleus

Nuclear pairing lowering 0+ state and bring the others

R = 2 : purely vibrational nucleus

The nuclei oscillate between different forms

R = 10/3 : purely rotationnal even-even nucleus

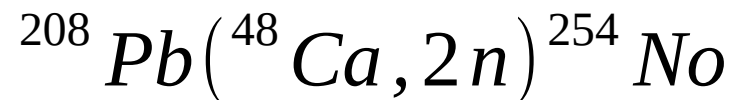
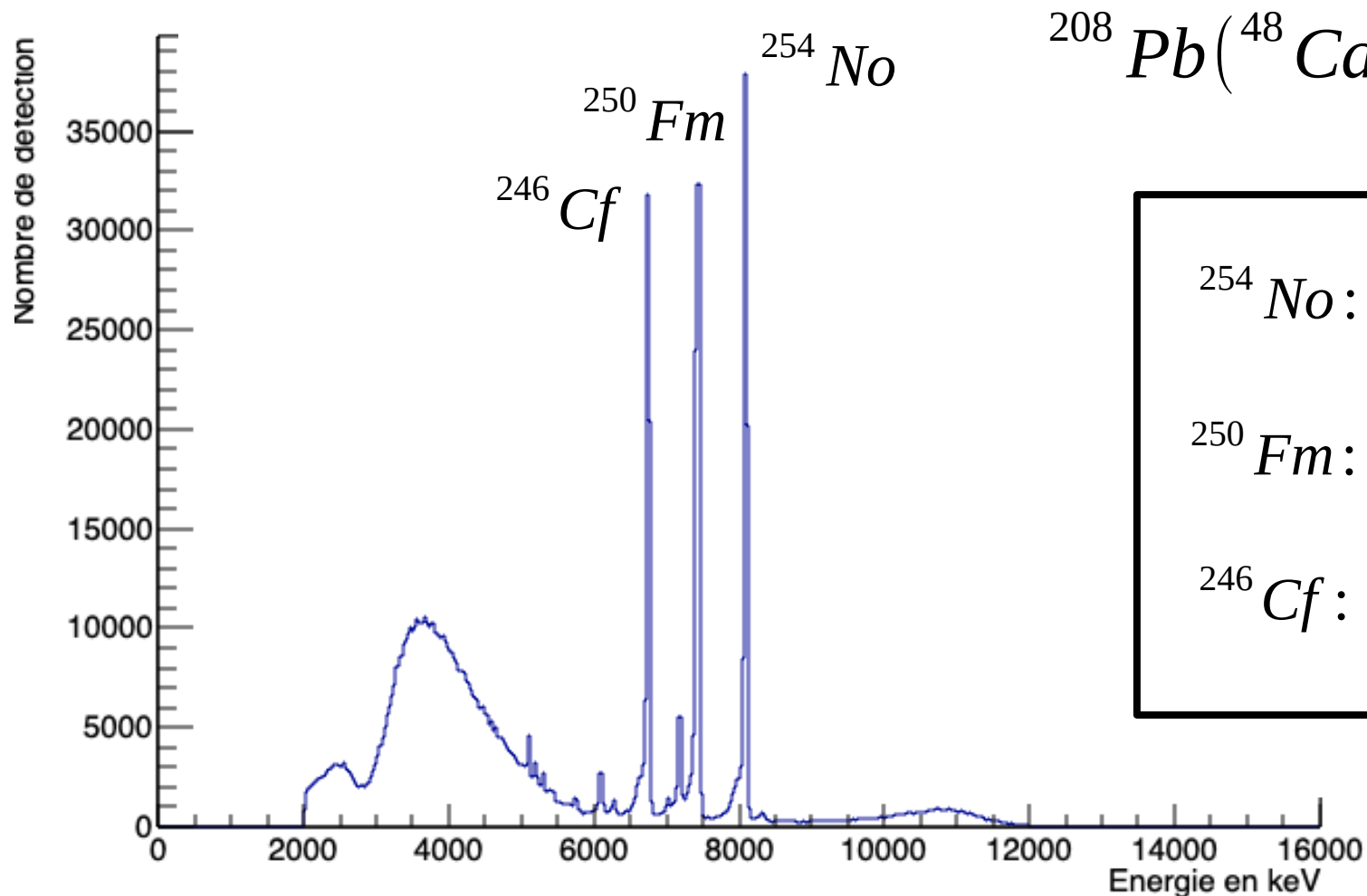
$$E_{rot} = \frac{\hbar^2}{2\zeta} (j(j+1))$$

j : azimuthal quantum number

ζ : inertial momentum

Ref : Noyaux et particules, modèles et symétries (Luc Valentin)

Alpha spectroscopy



^{254}No : T = 51s
E ~ 8091 keV

^{250}Fm : T = 30 min
E = 7435 keV

^{246}Cf : T = 35,7h
E = 6750 keV

Conclusion

Find island of stability

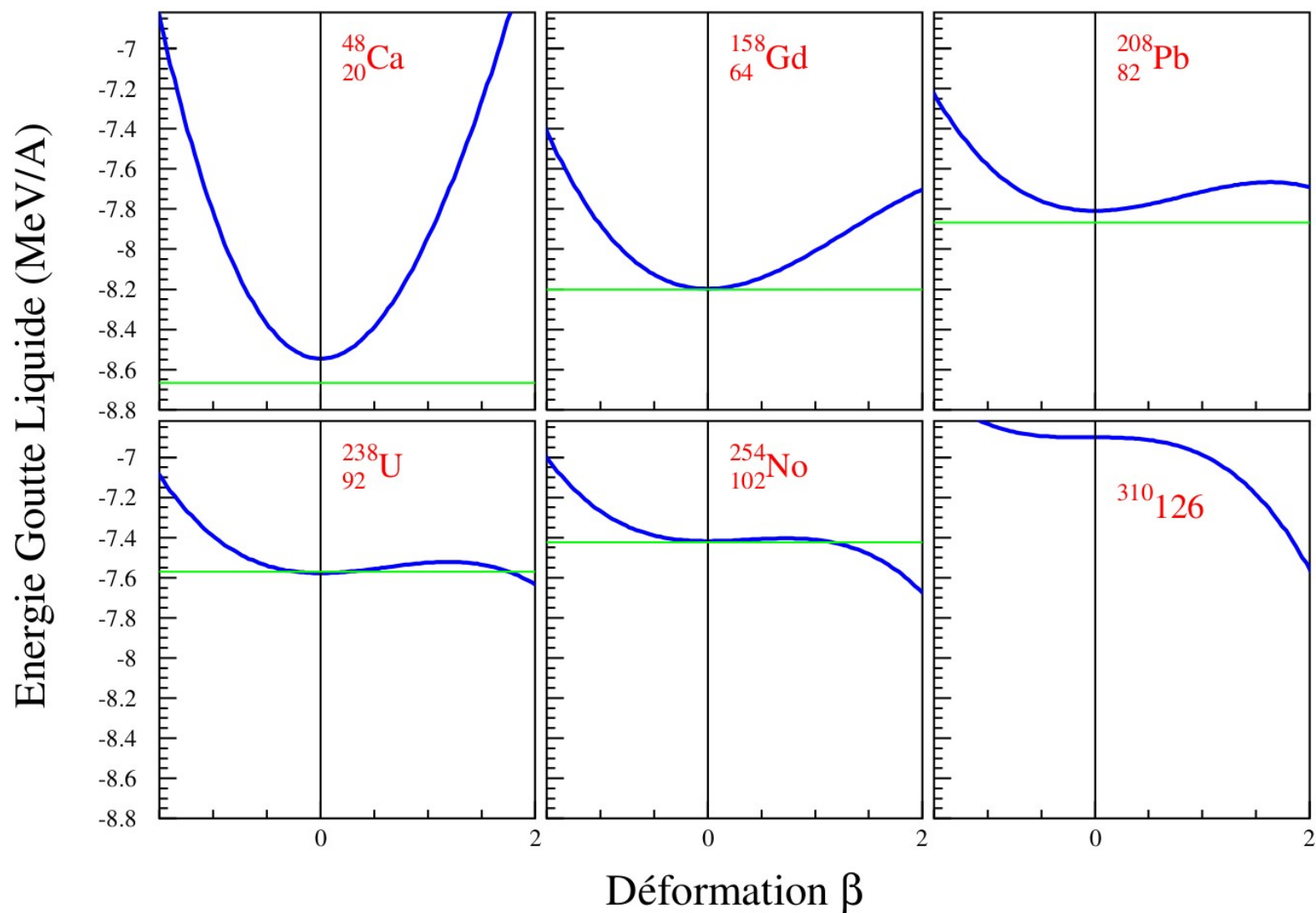
Study the nuclear structure

Constrain the models

Study of strong interaction

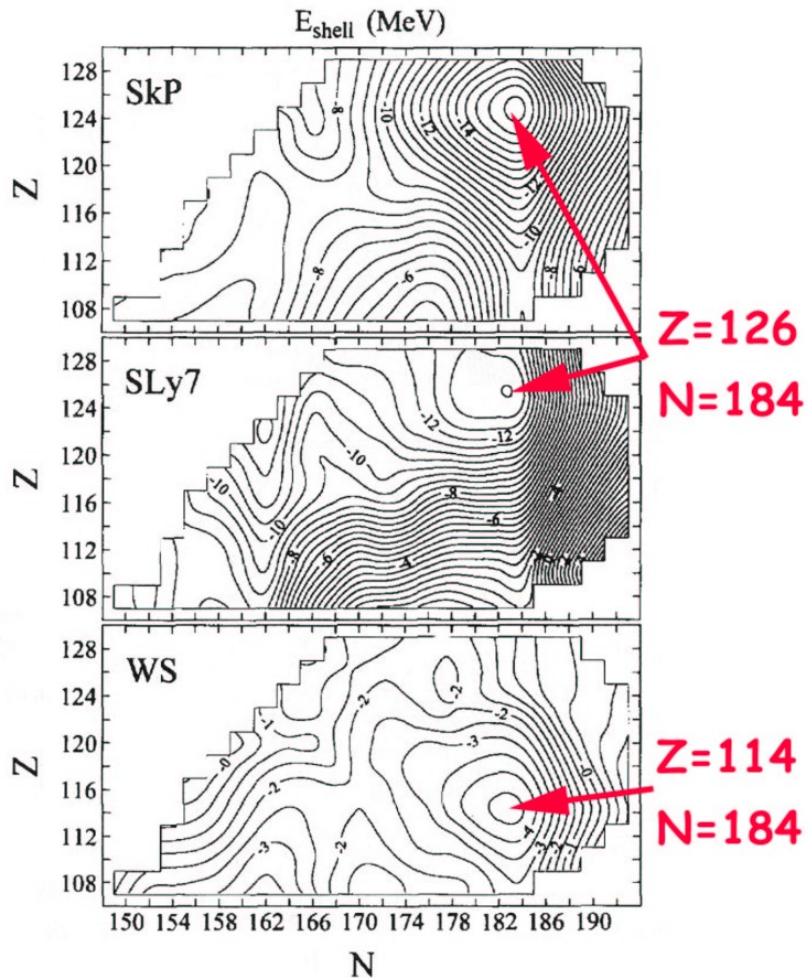
Chemical property

Liquid drop model

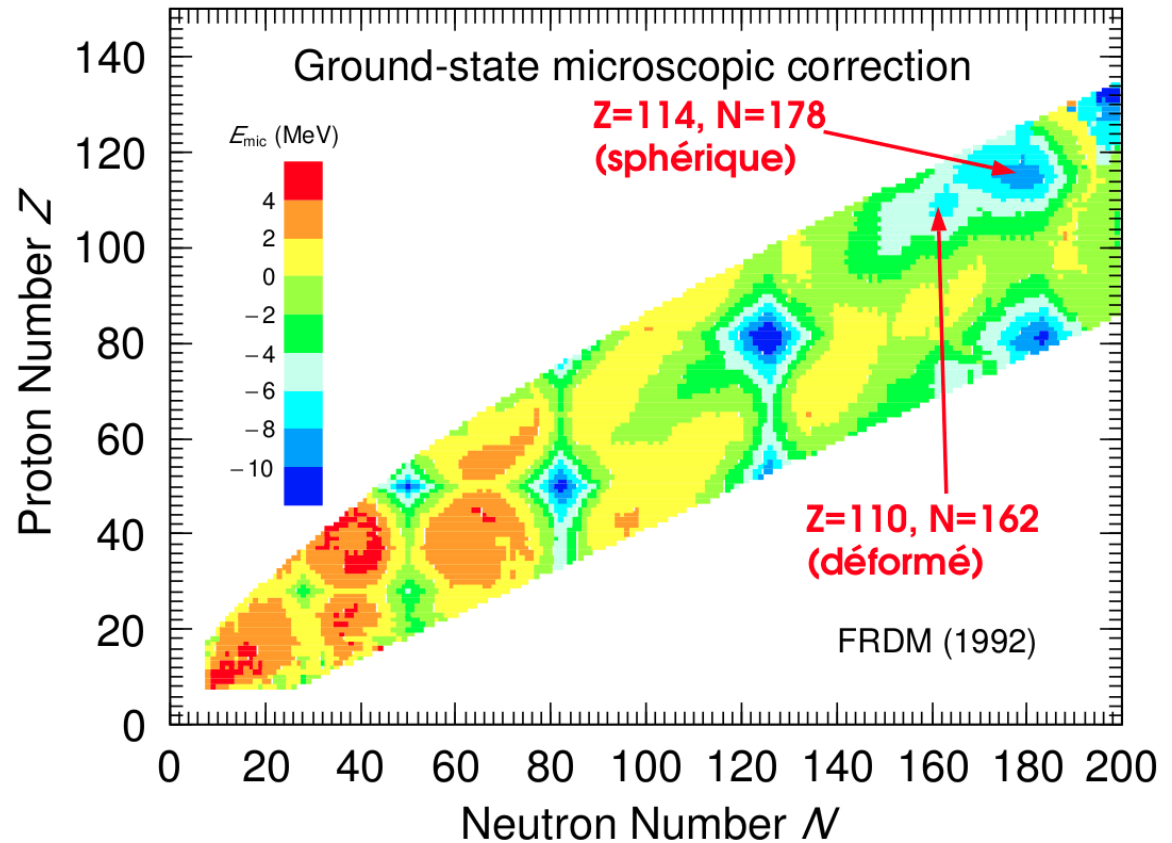


Paramétrisation : Myers - Swiatecki NPA 81 (1966)

Island of stability



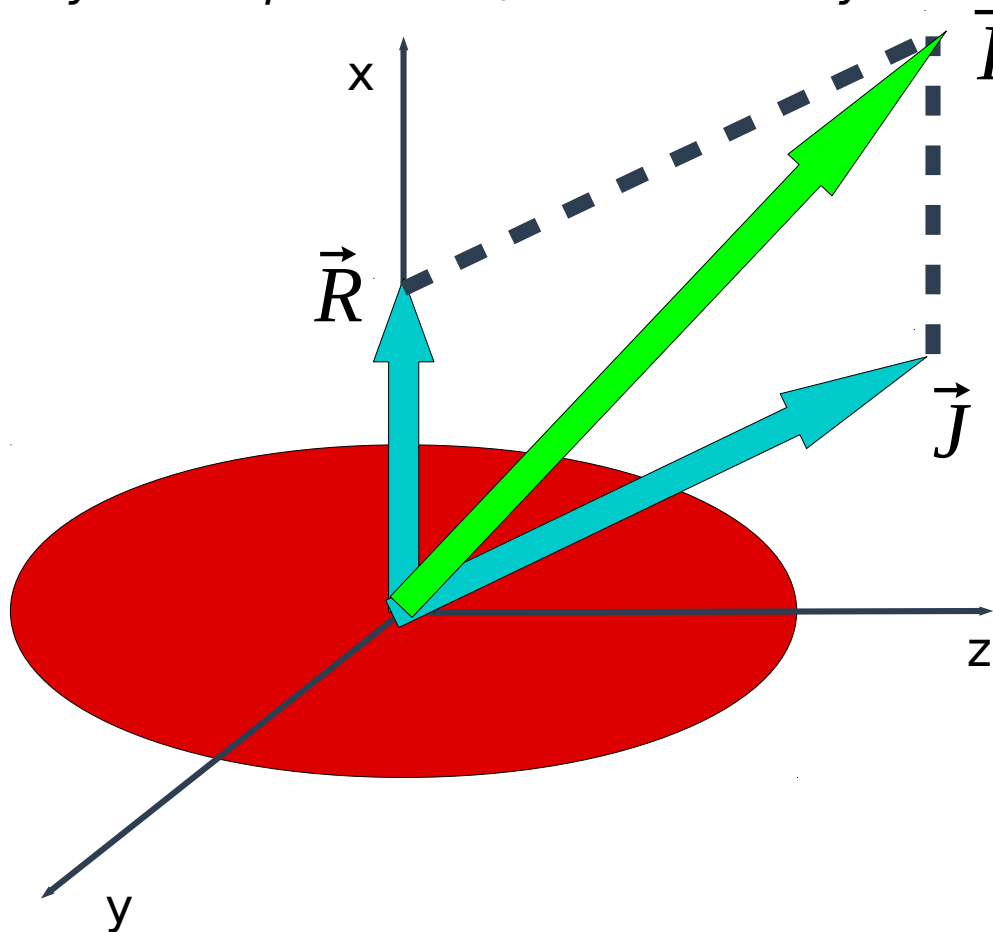
S. Cwiok et al. Nucl. Phys. A611 (1996) 246.



P.Möller et al. At. Data. Nucl. Data Tables 59 (1995) 185.

Collective rotation

Ref : Noyaux et particules, modèles et symétries (Luc Valentin)



\vec{R} Rotational angular momentum

\vec{J} Individual angular momentum

\vec{I} Total angular momentum

ζ Moment of inertia

$$K = \vec{I} \cdot \vec{z}$$

$$E_{rot} = \frac{\hbar^2}{2\zeta} (j(j+1) - K) + \frac{\hbar^2 K}{2\zeta_z}$$

Even-even nucleus $J^\pi = 0^+ \Leftrightarrow K = 0$